ACTS

OF THE

LEGISLATURE

OF

WEST VIRGINIA



Regular Session, 1992
First Extraordinary Session, 1992

COMPILED AND PUBLISHED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF DONALD L. KOPP

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FOREWORD

This volume contains the Acts of the Second Regular Session and the First Extraordinary Session of the 70th Legislature, 1992.

Second Regular Session, 1992

The Second Regular Session of the 70th Legislature convened on January 8, 1992. The Constitutional sixty-day limit on the duration of the Session was midnight, March 7. The Session was, however, extended by several Proclamations of the Governor for the sole consideration of the Budget Bill, and the Legislature adjourned sine die at 11:30 a.m., Saturday, March 14, 1992.

Bills totaling 1,676 were introduced in the two houses during the session (1,068 House and 608 Senate). Of the 1,068 House Bills introduced there were 304 which were carried over from the First Regular Session of 1991. The Legislature passed 218 bills, 133 House and 85 Senate. The Governor vetoed two bills (S. B. 353, Standards for dog kennels, and S. B. 108, Registry for adoption of children). One bill, S. B. 336, Providing Maximum Search fee for health care records, became law without the signature of the Governor, leaving a net total of 216 bills which became law.

One hundred eight concurrent resolutions were introduced during the session, 61 House and 47 Senate, of which 17 House and 12 Senate were adopted. Thirty Joint Resolutions, proposing amendments to the State Constitution, were introduced in the two houses (24 House and 6 Senate). Two House Joint Resolutions were adopted by the Legislature, H. J. R. 109, Veterans Bonus Amendment, and H. J. R. 113, Redemption and Sale of Delinquent Lands Amendment. The House had 19 House Resolutions and the Senate had 41 Senate Resolutions introduced, of which 12 House and 39 Senate were adopted.

The Senate failed to pass 55 House bills passed by the House and 33 Senate bills failed passage by the House. House Bill 2041, Relating to mud flaps on trucks, was rejected by the Senate and the House adopted the conference report but rejected on final passage S. B. 125, Providing for licensure of midwives. Two House bills and five Senate bills died in conference.

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First Extraordinary Session, 1992

The First Extraordinary Session convened at 11:30 A.M., Saturday, March 14, 1992, and adjourned *sine die* at 12:44 P.M., the same day.

The first Proclamation received, convening the Legislature in extraordinary session contained four items for consideration. The Governor issued a series of five proclamations, expanding the scope of the Session and increasing the number of items for consideration to five.

The Legislature passed four bills which were introduced, three House and one Senate. All four of the bills were approved by the Governor.

This volume will be distributed as provided by sections thirteen and nineteen, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia.

These Acts may be purchased with buckram binding from the Division of Purchasing, Department of Administration, State Capitol, Charleston, WV 25305.

> Donald L. Kopp, Clerk of the House of Delegates.

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MEMBERS OF THE SENATE

REGULAR SESSION, 1992

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President Pro Tem—William R. Sharpe, Jr., Weston
Clerk—Darrell E. Holmes, Charleston
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First	Thais Blatnik (D) John G. Chernenko (D)		
Second	Don Macnaughtan (D) Larry Wiedebusch (D)		(House 62nd-67th); 69th
Third			Appt. 5/14/85, 67th; 68th-69th (House 64th-65th); 66th-69th
Fourth	Oshel B. Craigo (D) Robert L. Dittmar (D)		
Fifth	Homer Heck (D) Ned Jones (D)		55th-66th; 69th Appt. 12/30/85, 67th; 68th-69th
Sixth	H. Truman Chafin (D) A. Keith Wagner (D)		
Seventh	Sammy D. Dalton (D) Earl Ray Tomblin (D)		House 62nd-67th; 69th) House 62nd-64th); 65th-69th
Eighth	James F. Humphreys (D). Mark Anthony Manchin (D		House 66th-68th); Appt. 9/13/89, 69th 69th
Ninth	Billy Wayne Bailey, Jr. (D) William R. Wooton (D)		
Tenth	Leonard W. Anderson (D). Tony E. Whitlow (D)		House 60th-61st; 63rd-66th); 67th-69th
Eleventh	J. D. Brackenrich (D) Robert Kelvin Holliday (D)		68th-69th (House 56th-58th); 59th-60th; 65th-69th
Twelfth			House 1 yr., 69th); Appt. 9/25/89; 69th House 62nd-64th); 65th-69th
Thirteenth	Joseph M. Minard (D) William R. Sharpe, Jr. (D)		House Appt. 1/10/83; 66th; 67th-69th 55th-64th; 67th-69th
Fourteenth	Eugene Claypole (D) Joe Manchin, III (D)	Granville	House 66th); 68th-69th
Fifteenth	Charles B. Felton, Jr. (D). J. M. Withers (D)		Appt. 5/21/87, 68th; 69th
Sixteenth	Thomas J. Hawse, III (D). Sondra Moore Lucht (D)	Moorefield	(House 67th-68th); 69th 66th-69th
Seventeenth.	Charlotte Jean Pritt (D) Martha G. Wehrle (D)	Charleston(House 67th-68th); 69th House 62nd-66th); Appt. 9/5/89, 69th
	(D) Democrats (R) Republicans		33
	TOTAL		34

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

REGULAR SESSION, 1992

OFFICERS

Speaker—Robert C. Chambers, Huntington Speaker Pro Tem—W. E. Anderson, Logan Clerk—Donald L. Kopp, Clarksburg Sergeant at Arms—Oce W. Smith, Jr., Fairmont Doorkeeper—E. Don Yoak, Spencer

District	Name	Address	Prior Service in House
First	Sam Love (D)		
Second	Paul R. Higgins (D) Robert G. Lindsey, Jr. (D).		
Third	Greg D. Martin (R) David B. McKinley, P.E. (R L. Gil White (R)	l)Wheeling6	65th-69th
Fourth	Donald A. Haskins (R) Joseph D. Parriott (R)		
Fifth	Dave Pethtel (D)	Hundred	69th
Sixth	James E. Willison (R)	Sistersville	69th
Seventh	Otis A. Leggett (R)	St. Marys	68th-69th
Eighth	J. D. Beane (D) Larry Border, R.Ph. (R) Brenda Brum (D) Robert W. Burk, Jr. (R)	Davisville Parkersburg	58th-59th (Appt. to Senate 2/23/69, 59th); Appt. to House 1/17/86, 67th; 68th-69th
	Barbara W. Sims (R)	Parkersburg	
Ninth	John Campbell (D) Randy Schoonover (D)	Sutton	69th
Tenth	Bob Ashley (R)	Spencer	67th-69th
Eleventh	Bill Carmichael (R)	Ripley	Appt. 7/8/69; 61st; 64th-67th
Twelfth	Charley Damron (D) Deborah F. Phillips (D) Ben Vest (D) Patricia Holmes White (D)	Scott Depot	.67th-69th
Thirteenth	Robert C. Chambers (D) Rick Houvouras (D) John C. Huntwork, M.D. (I James Hanly Morgan (D). Evelyn E. Richards (R) Stephen T. Williams (D).	Huntington D)Huntington Huntington Huntington	.68th-69th .69th .64th; 67th; 69th
Fourteenth	'Kenneth R. Adkins (D) *Kenny E. Partlow (D)	Huntington Kenova	· ·
Fifteenth	Grant Preece (D)	Ragland Williamson	.68th-69th
	W. E. Anderson (D) Tracy Dempsey (D) Joe C. Ferrell (D) Larry Hendricks (D)	Logan	
	Delores W. Cook (D)		
Eighteenth	Ernest C. Moore (D) Rick Murensky (D)	Thorpe Welch	60th-63rd; 65th-69th 65th-69th

House of Delegates

Nineteenth	Richard Browning (D) W. Richard Staton (D)	Oceana	.69th .69th
Twentieth	Gilbert E. Bailey (D) William G. Carper, Jr. (D)	Bluefield	•
	Richard D. Flanigan (D) Odell H. Huffman (D)	Princeton	.59th-60th; (Senate 61st-66th)
	. Mary Pearl Compton (D)		
Twenty-Second	Robert S. Kiss (D)	Hinton	
	Jack J. Roop (D)	Beckley	.66th-69th
Twenty-Third	Bonnie L. Brown (D)		
	Ann Calvert (R) Ramona Tate Cerra (D)		.69th
	Joseph H. Farris (D) Ruth Goldsmith (R)		
	David Grubb (D)	Charleston	.69th
	Nancy Kessel (D)		
	Margaret Miller (R)	South Charleston	69th
	Phyllis J. Rutledge (D)		
	Sharon Spencer (D)		
Twenty-Fourth			
I wenty-rourth	Tom Louisos (D)		
	Lucile S. Meadows (D)	Fayetteville	.Appt. 12/11/90
	James J. Rowe (D) Bill Wallace (R)	Clintonville	.69th
7.77	.C. Farrell Johnson (D) Eugene T. Wilson (D)	Cowen	.69th
	Bill Proudfoot (D)	Elkins	
	Dale F. Riggs (R)	.Philippi	.65th; 67th-69th
	Robert J. Conley (R)		
	Percy C. Ashcraft, II (D)		
	Ron Fragale (D)	.Nutter Fort .Bridgeport	.66th-68th
	Barbara Ann Warner (D)	.Bridgeport	.69th
Thirty-First	Roman W. Prezioso, Jr. (D) Paul E. Prunty (R)	.Fairmont	.69th
- 40	William Ellsworth Stewart (D) John R. Taylor (D)	Fairmont	.66th; 68th
Thirty-Second	Robert C. Beach (D)	.Core	Appt. 7/27/90, 69th
	Stephen L. Cook (D)		(Senate 66th-67th); 69th
	Brian Gallagher (D) Greg Sayre (D)		
	David Collins (D)		69th
	Allen V. Evans (R)		
Thirty-Fifth I	Harold K. Michael (D)	. Moorefield	69th
Thirty-Sixth	Jerry L. Mezzatesta (D)	Romney	68th-69th
	Vicki V. Douglas (D)		
	Larry V. Faircloth (R)		
Thirty-Ninth	John Overington (R)	Martinsburg	67th-69th
FortiethI	Dale Manuel (D)	Charles Town	69th
² Appointed to fill	the vacancy created by the deat the vacancy created by the deat	h of Walter Rollins.	
Appointed to this	(D) Democrats		
	(R) Republicans		26

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Regular Session, 1992

STANDING

Agriculture and Natural Resources

D. Miller (Chairman of Agriculture), Compton (Vice Chairman of Agriculture), Love (Chairman of Natural Resources), Johnson (Vice Chairman of Natural Resources), Bailey, Browning, Campbell, Fragale, Hendricks, Michael, Pethtel, Preece, Reed, Sayre, Schoonover, Stewart, Vest, Warner, Wilson, Border, Evans, Leggett, Riggs, Stemple and Willison.

Banking and Insurance

Rutledge (Chairman of Banking), Williams (Vice Chairman of Banking), Susman (Chairman of Insurance), Adkins (*Vice Chairman of Insurance), Beane, Carper, Collins, S. Cook, Damron, Dempsey, Farris, Ferrell, Flanigan, Gallagher, Grubb, Michael, Phillips, Staton, Vest, Ashley, Border, Carmichael, Goldsmith, McKinley, Riggs and L. White.

*Delegate Gallagher was appointed as Vice Chairman of Insurance following the death of Delegate Adkins.

Constitutional Revision

Brown (Chairman), Browning (Vice Chairman), Beach, Beane, Fullen, Houvouras, Huffman, Keenan, Kessel, Kiss, Lindsey, Louisos, Manuel, Meadows, Moore, Pethtel, Preece, Prezioso, Faircloth, McKinley, Overington, Parriott, Prunty, Stemple and Wallace.

Education

Ashcraft (Chairman), Prezioso (Vice Chairman), Beach, Compton, D. Cook, Hendricks, Keenan, Kessel, Lindsey, Mezzatesta, Phillips, Proudfoot, Schoonover, Spencer, Susman, Williams, Border, Goldsmith, Haskins, Leggett, G. Martin, Prunty and Richards.

Finance

Murensky (Chairman), Kiss (Vice Chairman), Adkins, Anderson, Bailey, Browning, Campbell, Collins, S. Cook, Farris, Flanigan, Johnson, Louisos, Mezzatesta, D. Miller, Morgan, Pettit, Rutledge, Warner, P. White, Burk, Conley, Faircloth, McKinley, M. Miller and Stemple.

Government Organization

J. Martin (Chairman), Cerra (Vice Chairman), Beane, Carper, Dempsey, Fragale, Fullen, Higgins, Love, Meadows, Michael, Preece, Reed, Sayre, Stewart, Taylor, Vest, Walker, Calvert, Evans, Overington, Parriott, Wallace, L. White and Willison.

Health and Human Resources

P. White (Chairman), S. Cook (Vice Chairman), Brown, Brum, D. Cook, Douglas, Flanigan, Gallagher, Grubb, Huffman, Kessel, Mann, Mezzatesta, Morgan, Pettit, Roop, Susman, Taylor, Walker, Conley, Haskins, Lane, M. Miller, Richards and Sims.

Industry and Labor

Spencer (Chairman), Schoonover (Vice Chairman), Adkins, Campbell, Compton, Farris, Hendricks, Lindsey, Louisos, D. Miller, Phillips, Proudfoot, Reed, Reid, Stewart, Walker, Wilson, Calvert, Carmichael, Haskins, M. Miller, Overington, Parriott. Prunty and Sims.

Judiciary

Rowe (Chairman), Staton (Vice Chairman), Brum, Brown, Damron, Douglas, Ferrell, Fullen, Gallagher, Grubb, Huffman, Huntwork, Mann, Manuel, Moore, Pethtel, Reid, Roop, Wilson, Ashley, Carmichael, Lane, Riggs, Schadler and Sims.

Pensions and Retirement

Browning (Chairman), Kiss (Vice Chairman), Morgan, Prezioso, Rollins, Ashley, Wallace.

Delegate Lindsey was appointed to fill the vacancy created by death of Delegate Walter Rollins.

Political Subdivisions

Roop (Chairman), Manuel (Vice Chairman), Bailey, Beach, Collins, Damron, Douglas, Higgins, Houvouras, Huntwork, Johnson, Kiss, Mann, Meadows, Pettit, Proudfoot, Sayre, Calvert, Goldsmith, Faircloth, G. Martin, Richards, Schadler and Willison.

Roads and Transportation

Reid (Chairman), Warner (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Brum, Carper, Cerra, D. Cook, Dempsey, Ferrell, Fragale, Fullen, Higgins, Huntwork, Keenan, Love, Morgan, Staton, Taylor, Conley, Evans, Leggett, G. Martin, Schadler, Wallace and L. White.

Rules

Chambers (Chairman), Ashcraft, Houvouras, J. Martin, Mezzatesta, Murensky, Rollins, Rowe, P. White, Burk, Faircloth and Stemple.

Delegate Anderson was appointed to the Committee on Rules to serve in place of Delegate Rollins.

JOINT

Enrolled Bills

Moore (Chairman), D. Cook (Vice Chairman), Overington and Willison.

Government and Finance

Chambers (Co-Chairman), Ashcraft, Murensky, Rollins, Rowe, Ashley and Burk.

Delegate Houvouras was appointed to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to serve in place of Delegate Rollins.

Government Operations

J. Martin (Co-Chairman), Cerra, Love, Wallace and L. White.

Legislative Rule-Making Review

Grubb (Co-Chairman), Roop (Vice Chairman), Gallagher, Love, Burk and Faircloth.

Rules

Chambers (Co-Chairman), and Burk.

STATUTORY LEGISLATIVE COMMISSIONS

Interstate Cooperation

Pethtel (Chairman), Brown, Ferrell, Fullen, Michael, Lane and Overington.

Juvenile Law

Brown (Co-Chairman), Douglas and Schadler.

Special Investigations

Chambers (Co-Chairman), J. Martin, Rowe, Faircloth and Lane.

Clerk's Note: Kenneth R. Adkins, 14th Delegate District, died while in office, on January 9, 1992.

Kenneth R. Adkins, Jr. was appointed in his stead.

Committees: Education, Industry and Labor and Political Subdivisions.

Walter Rollins, 14th Delegate District, died while in office, on February 9, 1992.

Kenny E. Partlow was appointed in his stead.

Committee: Education.

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1992

STANDING

Agriculture

Hawse (Chairman), Dalton (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Bailey, Dittmar, Helmick, Minard, Spears, Whitlow and Wiedebusch.

Banking and Insurance

Craigo (Chairman), Minard (Vice Chairman), Bailey, Dittmar, Hawse, Heck, Jones, J. Manchin, Pritt, Sharpe, Tomblin, Wagner and Wooton.

Confirmations

Whitlow (Chairman), Jones (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chafin, Claypole, Lucht, Tomblin, Wehrle and Wooton.

Education

Lucht (Chairman), Wagner (Vice Chairman), Bailey, Blatnik, Brackenrich, Dalton, Felton, Hawse, Humphreys, Jones, M. Manchin, Withers and Boley.

Energy, Industry and Mining

Sharpe (Chairman), Macnaughtan (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Chernenko, Dalton, Felton, Helmick, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Wagner, Wehrle, Withers and Boley.

Finance

Tomblin (Chairman), Craigo (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Brackenrich, Chernenko, Hawse, Jones, Lucht, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Sharpe, Spears, Wagner, Whitlow, Withers, Wooton and Boley.

Government Organization

Spears (Chairman), Wiedebusch (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Chernenko, Claypole, Craigo, Felton, Holliday, Jones, Lucht, J. Manchin, Tomblin, Wehrle and Boley.

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Health and Human Resources

Holliday (Chairman), Pritt (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chernenko, Craigo, Macnaughtan, J. Manchin, Sharpe, Spears, Wooton and Boley.

Interstate Cooperation

Wagner (Chairman), Claypole (Vice Chairman), Dalton, Heck, Holliday, Humphreys and M. Manchin.

Judiciary

Humphreys (Chairman), Felton (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Bailey, Chafin, Claypole, Dalton, Dittmar, Heck, Helmick, Holliday, Macnaughtan, Minard, Pritt, Wehrle and Wiedebusch.

Labor

Chernenko (Chairman), Withers (Vice Chairman), Chafin, Claypole, Helmick, Holliday, Humphreys, Macnaughtan, Wagner and Wiedebusch.

Military

Felton (Chairman), Helmick (Vice Chairman), Bailey, Blatnik, Chernenko, Heck, Minard, Spears and Wooton.

Natural Resources

Brackenrich (Chairman), Anderson (Vice Chairman), Chafin, Craigo, Dittmar, Hawse, Helmick, Humphreys, Macnaughtan, Minard, Spears, Whitlow, Wiedebusch and Withers.

Pensions

Wehrle (Chairman), J. Manchin (Vice Chairman), Dittmar, Lucht, Wagner, Withers and Wooton.

Rules

Burdette (Chairman), Blatnik, Brackenrich, Chafin, Craigo, Humphreys, Lucht, Pritt, Tomblin and Boley.

Small Business

Blatnik (Chairman), M. Manchin (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Craigo, Hawse, Jones, Macnaughtan, Minard, Pritt, Sharpe, Tomblin and Whitlow.

Transportation

Dittmar (Chairman), Heck (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Craigo, Dalton, Sharpe, Tomblin, Wagner and Wiedebusch.

SELECT

Select Committee on Ethical Standards and Practices

Wehrle (Chairman), Dittmar, Holliday, Lucht, Wagner, Whitlow and Biley.

JOINT

Commission on Special Investigations

Burdette (Co-Chairman), Blatnik, Craigo, Wooton and Boley.

Enrolled Bills

Heck (Chairman), Dittmar (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Claypole and M. Manchin.

Government and Finance

Burdette (Co-Chairman), Chafin, Craigo, Humphreys, Lucht, Tomblin and Boley.

Government Operations

Spears (Co-Chairman), Brackenrich, J. Manchin, Wiedebusch and Boley.

Legislative Commission on Juvenile Law

Lucht (Co-Chairman), Felton and Boley.

Legislative Rule-Making Review

Wooton (Co-Chairman), Chafin, J. Manchin, Tomblin, Wiedebusch and Boley.

Rules

Burdette (Co-Chairman), Chafin and Boley.

LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ACTS

SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 1992

CHAPTER 1

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 362—By Senators Wagner, Chafin, Spears, Wooton, Felton, Withers, Bailey, Sharpe, Pritt and J. Manchin)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article three, chapter twentytwo of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to abandoned mine land reclamation; setting forth a short title; providing legislative findings and intent and purpose of the article; specifying the jurisdiction and authority of the director; defining terms; objectives of abandoned land reclamation fund; specifying lands eligible for reclamation; creating certain special funds; powers and duties of the director regarding program, plans and reclamation projects; allowing the director to acquire and reclaim land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices; liens against reclaimed land: landowners petitions and appeals; priority of liens: filling voids and sealing tunnels; cooperative agreements; injunctive relief; water treatment plants: transfer of funds; interagency cooperation; and increasing from fifteen percent to thirty percent the maximum amount of state abandoned mine reclamation funds that may be used for water projects in the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. ABANDONED MINE LANDS AND RECLAMATION ACT.

- §22-3-1. Short title.
- §22-3-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article; jurisdiction and authority of director.
- §22-3-3. Definitions.
- §22-3-4. Abandoned land reclamation fund and objectives of fund; lands eligible for reclamation.
- §22-3-5. Powers and duties of director; program plans and reclamation projects.
- §22-3-6. Acquisition and reclamation of land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices.
- \$22-3-7. Liens against reclaimed land; petition by landowner; appeal; priority of liens.
- §22-3-8. Filling voids and sealing tunnels.
- §22-3-9. General and miscellaneous powers and duties of director; cooperative agreements; injunctive relief; water treatment plants and facilities; transfer of funds and interagency cooperation.

§22-3-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known and cited as the "Aban-1
- doned Mine Lands and Reclamation Act".

§22-3-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article; jurisdiction and authority of director.

- The Legislature finds that there are a substantial 1
- 2 number of acres of land throughout the state that were
- 3 disturbed by surface-mining operations prior to the time
- 4 of present day effective control and regulation. There
- 5 was little or no reclamation conducted and the impacts
- 6 from these unreclaimed lands impose social and eco-7
- nomic costs on residents in nearby and adjoining areas 8 as well as continue to impair environmental quality,
- 9 prevent or damage the beneficial use of land or water
- 10
- resources, or endanger the health and safety of the 11 public.
- 12 Further, the Legislature finds and declares that, due
- 13 to the passage of Public Law 95-87, certain areas within
- the boundaries of this state do not meet present day 14 15

standards for reclamation.

- 16 Further, the Legislature finds that Title IV of the 17 Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977. 18 Public Law 95-87, provides for the collection of thirty-19 five cents per ton of coal produced from surface-mine 20 operations and fifteen cents per ton of coal produced 21 from underground mine operations in West Virginia to 22 be collected by the secretary of the United States 23 department of the interior until the thirtieth day of 24 September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five. At 25 least fifty percent of the funds collected are to be 26 allocated directly to the state of West Virginia to 27 accomplish reclamation of abandoned coal mining 28 operations, as of the date the state of West Virginia obtained an approved abandoned mine reclamation plan 29 in accordance with Sections 405 and 503 of Public Law 30 31 95-87.
- Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature by this article to vest jurisdiction and authority in the director of the division of environmental protection to maintain program approval by, and receipt of funds from, the United States department of the interior to accomplish the desired restoration and reclamation of our land and water resources.

§22-3-3. Definitions.

- 1 (a) All definitions set forth in article three of chapter 2 twenty-two-a of this code apply to those defined terms 3 which also appear in this article, if applicable.
- 4 (b) For the purposes of this article the following words have the meanings ascribed to them in this subsection:
- 6 (1) "Director" means the director of the division of environmental protection;
- 8 (2) "Division" means the division of environmental protection; and
- 10 (3) "Secretary" means the secretary of the United States Department of Interior.

§22-3-4. Abandoned land reclamation fund and objectives of fund; lands eligible for reclamation.

1 (a) All abandoned land reclamation funds available

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- 2 under Title IV of Public Law 95-87, private donations 3 received, any state appropriated or transferred funds, or funds received from the sale of land by the director, 4 5 under this article shall be deposited with the treasurer 6 of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the 7 abandoned land reclamation fund heretofore created. and expended pursuant to the requirements of this 9 article.
- 10 (b) Moneys in the fund may be used by the director 11 for the following:
 - (1) Reclamation and restoration of land and water resources adversely affected by past coal surface-mining operations, including, but not limited to, reclamation and restoration of abandoned surface mine areas. abandoned coal processing areas and abandoned coal processing waste areas; sealing and filling abandoned deep mine entries and voids; planting of land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining operations to prevent erosion and sedimentation; prevention, abatement, treatment and control of water pollution created by coal mine drainage, including restoration of stream beds and construction and operation of water treatment plants; prevention, abatement and control of burning coal processing waste areas and burning coal in situ; prevention, abatement and control of coal mine subsidence; and payment of administrative expenses and all other necessary expenses incurred to accomplish the purpose of this article: Provided, That all expenditures from this fund shall reflect the following priorities in the order stated:
 - (A) The protection of public health, safety, general welfare and property from extreme danger of adverse effects of past surface-mining practices;
 - (B) The protection of public health, safety and general welfare from adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices:
- 38 (C) The restoration of land and water resources and 39 environment previously degraded by adverse effects of 40 past coal surface-mining practices, including measures for the conservation and development of soil, water

- 42 (excluding channelization), woodland, fish and wildlife, 43 recreation resources and agricultural productivity;
 - (D) Research and demonstration projects relating to the development of surface-mining reclamation and water quality control program methods and techniques;
- 47 (E) The protection, repair, replacement, construction 48 or enhancement of public facilities such as utilities, 49 roads, recreation and conservation facilities adversely 50 affected by past coal surface-mining practices; and
 - (F) The development of publicly owned land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices, including land acquired as provided in this article for recreation and historic purposes, conservation and reclamation purposes and open space benefits.
 - (2) (A) The director may expend up to thirty percent of the funds allocated to the state in any year through the grants made available under paragraphs (1) and (5), subsection (g) of Section 402 of Public Law 95-87 for the purpose of protecting, repairing, replacing, constructing or enhancing facilities relating to water supply, including water distribution facilities and treatment plants, to replace water supplies adversely affected by coal surface-mining practices.
 - (B) If the adverse effects on water supplies referred to in this subdivision occurred both prior to and after the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, subdivision (3) of this subsection shall not be construed to prohibit the state from using funds for the purposes of this subdivision if the director determines that the adverse effects occurred predominantly prior to the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven.
 - (3) The director may receive and retain up to ten percent of the total of the grants made annually to the state under paragraphs (1) and (5), subsection (g) of Section 404 of Public Law 95-87 if the amounts are deposited to the credit of either:
 - (A) A special account in the state treasury designated the "Reclamation and Restoration Fund" which is

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120 121 hereby created. Moneys in the fund may be expended by the director for administrative and personnel expenses and to achieve the priorities stated in subdivision (1) of this subsection after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five; or

(B) A special account in the state treasury designated the "Acid Mine Drainage Abatement and Treatment Fund" which is hereby created. Moneys in the fund may be expended by the director for administrative and personnel expenses and to implement, in consultation with the United States soil conservation service, acid mine drainage abatement and treatment plans approved by the secretary of the United States department of interior. The plans shall provide for the comprehensive abatement of the causes and treatment of the effects of acid mine drainage within qualified hydrologic units affected by coal surface-mining practices.

(c) Except as provided for in this subsection, lands and water eligible for reclamation or drainage abatement expenditures under this article are those which were mined for coal or which were affected by the mining, wastebanks, coal processing or other coal mining processes, and abandoned or left in an inadequate reclamation status prior to the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and for which there is no continuing reclamation responsibility: Provided. That moneys from the funds made available by the secretary of the United States department of interior pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (5), subsection (g), Section 402 of Public Law 95-87 may be expended for the reclamation or drainage abatement of a site that: (1) The surface-mining operation occurred during the period beginning on the fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and ending on or before the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, and that any funds for reclamation or abatement which are available pursuant to a bond or other financial guarantee or from any other source, and not sufficient to provide for adequate reclamation or abatement of the site: or (2) the surfacemining operation occurred during the period beginning

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- 122 on the fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 123 seventy-seven, and ending on or before the first day of 124 October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and that 125 the surety of the surface-mining operation became 126 insolvent during that period, and as of the first day of 127 October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, funds 128 immediately available from proceeding relating to the 129 insolvency or from any financial guarantees or other 130 sources are not sufficient to provide for adequate 131 reclamation of the site: Provided, however, That the 132 director, with the concurrence of the secretary, makes 133 either of the above-stated findings, and that the site is 134 eligible, or more urgent than the reclamation priorities 135 set forth in paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (1), 136 subsection (b) of this section.
- 137 (d) One purpose of this article is to provide additional 138 and cumulative remedies to abate the pollution of the waters of the state and nothing contained in this article 139 140 abridges or alters rights of action or remedies now or hereafter existing, nor shall any provisions in this 141 article or any act done by virtue of this article be 142 143 construed as estopping the state, municipalities, public health officers or persons as riparian owners or 144 otherwise in the exercise of their rights to suppress 145 146 nuisances or to abate any pollution now or hereafter existing or to recover damages. 147
- 148 (e) Where the governor certifies that the above objectives of the fund have been achieved and there is a need for construction of specific public facilities in communities impacted by coal development, and other sources of federal funds are inadequate and the secretary concurs, then the director may expend money from the fund for the construction.

§22-3-5. Powers and duties of director; program plans and reclamation projects.

- (a) The director shall submit to the secretary of the interior a state reclamation plan and annual projects to carry out the purposes of this article.
- 4 (b) That reclamation plan shall generally identify the areas to be reclaimed, the purposes for which the

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- reclamation is proposed, the relationship of the lands to be reclaimed and the proposed reclamation to surrounding areas, the specific criteria for ranking and identifying projects to be funded and the legal authority and programatic capability to perform the work in confor-
- mance with the provisions of this article.
- 12 (c) On an annual basis, the director shall submit to the 13 secretary of the interior an application for the support 14 of the state program and implementation of specific 15 reclamation projects. The annual requests shall include 16 information as may be requested by the secretary of the 17 interior including:
 - (1) A general description of each proposed project;
- 19 (2) A priority evaluation of each proposed project;
- 20 (3) A statement of the estimated benefits in such terms 21 as number of acres restored, miles of stream improved, 22 acres of surface lands protected from subsidence, 23 population protected from subsidence, air pollution and 24 hazards of mine and coal refuse disposal area fires;
- 25 (4) An estimate of the cost for each proposed project;
 - (5) In the case of proposed research and demonstration projects, a description of the specific techniques to be evaluated or objective to be attained;
 - (6) An identification of lands or interest therein to be acquired and the estimated cost; and
 - (7) In each year after the first in which a plan is filed under this article, an inventory of each project funded under the previous year's grant, which inventory shall include details of financial expenditures on the project together with a brief description of the project, including the project's location, the landowner's name, acreage and the type of reclamation performed.
 - (d) The costs for each proposed project under this section shall include actual construction costs, actual operation and maintenance costs of permanent facilities, planning and engineering costs, construction inspection costs and other necessary administrative expenses.

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§22-3-6. Acquisition and reclamation of land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices.

- 1 (a) If the director makes a finding of fact that:
- 2 (1) Land or water resources have been adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices;
- 4 (2) The adverse effects are at a stage where, in the public interest, action to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent should be taken;
 - (3) The owners of the land or water resources where entry must be made to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent the adverse effects of past coal surfacemining practices are not known or readily available; or
- 11 (4) The owners will not give permission for the 12 director, his or her agents, employees or contractors to enter upon the property to restore, reclaim, abate, 13 control or prevent the adverse effects of past coal 14 15 surface-mining practices, then, upon giving notice by 16 mail to the owners, if known, or if not known by posting notice upon the premises and advertising once in a 17 newspaper of general circulation in the county in which 18 the land lies, the director, his or her agents, employees 19 20 or contractors have the right to enter upon the property adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices 21 and any other property to have access to the property 22 to do all things necessary or expedient to restore, 23 reclaim, abate, control or prevent the adverse effects. 24 The entry shall be construed as an exercise of the police 25 power of the state for the protection of public health, 26 safety and general welfare and shall not be construed 27 as an act of condemnation of property nor of trespass 28 thereon. The moneys expended for the work and the 29 benefits accruing to any premises so entered upon is 30 chargeable against the land and mitigates or offsets any 31 claim in or any action brought by any owner of any 32 interest in the premises for any alleged damages by 33 virtue of the entry: Provided, That this provision is not 34 intended to create new rights of action or eliminate 35 existing immunities. 36

- (b) The director, his or her agents, employees or contractors have the right to enter upon any property for the purpose of conducting studies or exploratory work to determine the existence of adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices and to determine the feasibility of restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects. The entry shall be construed as an exercise of the police power of the state for the protection of public health, safety and general welfare and shall not be construed as an act of condemnation of property nor trespass thereon.
 - (c) The director may acquire any land by purchase, donation or condemnation, which is adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices, if the director determines that acquisition of the land is necessary to successful reclamation and that:
 - (1) The acquired land, after restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices will serve recreation, historic, conservation or reclamation purposes or provide open space benefits;
- (2) Permanent facilities such as a treatment plant or a relocated stream channel will be constructed on the land for the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal surfacemining practices; or
- (3) Acquisition of coal refuse disposal sites and all coal refuse thereon will serve the purposes of this article or that public ownership is desirable to meet emergency situations and prevent recurrences of the adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices.
- (d) Title to all lands acquired pursuant to this section shall be in the name of the state of West Virginia, by the West Virginia division of environmental protection. The price paid for land acquired under this section shall reflect the fair market value of the land as adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices.
- 74 (e) The director is hereby authorized to transfer land 75 obtained under subsection (c) of this section to the

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- secretary. The director may purchase the land from the secretary after reclamation at the fair market value less the state's original acquisition price.
 - (f) The director may accept and local political subdivisions may transfer to the director land belonging to them to carry out the purposes set out in this article and in that event they shall have a preferential right to purchase the land after reclamation at the fair market value less the political subdivision's cost of acquisition. but at no time shall the director sell the land to a political subdivision at a price less than the cost of the acquisition and reclamation of the land: Provided, That if any land sold to a political subdivision under this subsection is not used for a valid public purpose as specified by the director in the terms and conditions of the sales agreement, then all rights, title and interest in the land shall revert to the West Virginia division of environmental protection. Any moneys received from the sale shall be deposited in the abandoned land reclamation fund.
 - (g) Where land acquired pursuant to this section is considered to be suitable for industrial, commercial, residential or recreational development, the director may sell the land by public sale under a system of competitive bidding at not less than fair market value and pursuant to regulations promulgated to ensure that the lands are put to proper use consistent with state and local land use plans.
 - (h) The director, if requested and after appropriate public notice, shall hold a public hearing in the county in which land acquired pursuant to this section is located. The hearing shall be held at a time which shall afford local citizens and government the maximum opportunity to participate in the decision concerning the use and disposition of the land after restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices.
- (i) In addition to the authority to acquire land under other provisions of this section, the director is authorized to use money in the fund to acquire land from any

116 federal, state or local government or from a political 117 subdivision thereof, or from any person, firm, associa-118 tion or corporation, if he or she determines that such is 119 an integral and necessary element of an economically 120 feasible plan for the project to construct or rehabilitate 121 housing for persons disabled as the result of employment in the mines or work incidental thereto, persons 122 123 displaced by acquisition of land pursuant to this section. or persons dislocated as the result of adverse effects of 124 125 coal surface-mining practices which constitute an 126 emergency as provided in section 410 of Public Law 95-127 87, or persons dislocated as the result of natural 128 disasters or catastrophic failures from any cause. The 129 activities shall be accomplished under such terms and 130 conditions as the director shall require, which may 131 include transfers of land with or without monetary consideration: Provided. That to the extent that the 132 133 consideration is below the fair market value of the land 134 transferred, no portion of the difference between the fair 135 market value and the consideration shall accrue as a 136 profit to such persons, firm, association or corporation. 137 No part of the funds provided under this article may be 138 used to pay the actual construction costs of housing. The 139 director may carry out the purposes of this subsection 140 directly or he or she may make grants and commitments for grants, and may advance money under such terms 141 142 and conditions as he or she may require to any depart-143 ment, agency or political subdivision of this state, or any 144 public body or nonprofit organization designated by the 145 director.

§22-3-7. Liens against reclaimed land; petition by landowner; appeal; priority of liens.

1 (a) Within six months after the completion of a project 2 to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent adverse 3 effects of past coal surface-mining practices on a privately owned land, the director shall itemize the 4 5 moneys so expended and may file a statement thereof in the office of the clerk of the county commission in the 6 7 county in which the land lies, together with a notarized appraisal by an independent appraiser of the value of 8 the land before the restoration, reclamation, abatement, 9

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- 10 control or prevention of adverse effects of past coal 11 surface-mining practices, if the moneys so expended 12 result in a significant increase in property value. The 13 statement constitutes a lien upon the land. The lien shall 14 not exceed the amount determined by the appraisal to 15 be the increase in the market value of the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control 16 17 or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal surfacemining practices. No lien may be filed against the 18 19 property of any person in accordance with this subsec-20 tion, who owned the surface prior to the second day of 21 May, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and who 22 neither consented to, nor participated in, nor exercised 23 control over the mining operation which necessitated the 24 reclamation performed hereunder.
- 25 (b) The landowner may petition the director within sixty days of the filing of the lien to determine the 26 increase in the market value of the land as a result of 27 the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or 28 29 prevention of the adverse effects of past coal surfacemining practices. The amount reported to be the 30 increase in value of the premises constitutes the amount 31 of lien and shall be recorded with the statement herein 32 provided. Any party aggrieved by the decision may 33 appeal to the circuit court of the county in which the 34 land is located. 35
- 36 (c) The statement filed pursuant to subsection (a) of 37 this section constitutes a lien upon the land as of the date 38 of the expenditure of the moneys and has priority as a 39 lien second only to the lien of real estate taxes imposed 40 upon the land.

§22-3-8. Filling voids and sealing tunnels.

(a) The Legislature declares that voids, open and abandoned tunnels, shafts and entryways and subsidence resulting from any previous coal surface-mining operation constitute a hazard to the public welfare and safety and that surface impacts of any underground or surface-mining operation may degrade the environment. The director is authorized to fill the voids, seal the abandoned tunnels, shafts and entryways, and reclaim

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- 9 surface impacts of underground or surface mines and 10 remove water and other matter from mines which the 11 director determines could endanger life and property, 12 constitute a hazard to the public welfare and safety or 13 degrade the environment.
- 14 (b) In those instances where coal mine waste piles are
 15 being reworked for conservation purposes, the incre16 mental costs of disposing of the wastes from such
 17 operations by filling voids and sealing tunnels may be
 18 eligible for funding, if the disposal of those wastes meets
 19 the purposes of this article.
- 20 (c) The director may acquire by purchase, donation, 21 easement or otherwise such interest in land as he or she 22 determines necessary to carry out the provisions of this 23 section.
- §22-3-9. General and miscellaneous powers and duties of director; cooperative agreements; injunctive relief; water treatment plants and facilities; transfer of funds and interagency cooperation.
 - 1 (a) The director is authorized to engage in any work 2 and to do all things necessary and proper, including 3 promulgation of rules and regulations, to implement and 4 administer the provisions of this article.
 - (b) The director is authorized to engage in cooperative
 projects under this article with any other agency of the
 United States of America, any state, county or municipal agency or subdivision thereof.
- 9 (c) The director may request the attorney general, who
 10 is hereby authorized to initiate, in addition to any other
 11 remedies provided for in this article, in any court of
 12 competent jurisdiction, an action in equity for an
 13 injunction to restrain any interference with the exercise
 14 of the right to enter or to conduct any work provided
 15 in this article.
- 16 (d) The director has the authority to construct and 17 operate a plant or any facilities for the control and 18 treatment of water pollution resulting from mine 19 drainage. The extent of this control and treatment may

- 20 be dependent upon the ultimate use of the water:
- 21 Provided, That this subsection shall not repeal or
- 22 supersede any portion of the applicable federal or state
- 23 water pollution control laws and no control or treatment
- 24 under this section may be less than that required under
- 25 any applicable federal or state water pollution control
- 26 law. The construction of any facilities may include
- 27 major interceptors and other facilities appurtenant to
- 28 the plant.
- 29 (e) All departments, boards, commissions and agen-30 cies of the state shall cooperate with the director by 31 providing technical expertise, personnel, equipment,
- 32 materials and supplies to implement and administer the
- 33 provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 2

(H. B. 4755—By Delegates Murensky and Burk)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article eight, chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to redesignation of funds in the trust and expense funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article eight, chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§36-8-18. Deposits of funds.

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- 1 (a) All funds received under this article, including the 2 proceeds from the sale of abandoned property under 3 section seventeen of this article, shall forthwith be 4 deposited by the state treasurer in the general fund.
 - (b) All operating expenses and administrative expenses incurred by the treasurer in the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this article shall be paid from an appropriation from the general revenue

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- fund. The treasurer is further directed to make prompt
 payment of claims duly allowed as hereinafter provided
 from the general revenue fund.
 - (c) Before making any deposit to the general fund, the state treasurer shall record the name and last-known address of each person appearing from the holder's reports to be entitled to the abandoned property, and the name and last-known address of each insured person or annuitant, and with respect to each policy or contract listed in the report of a life insurance corporation, its number, the name of the corporation and the amount due. Such records shall be available for public inspection at all reasonable business hours.

CHAPTER 3

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4476-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Lane)

[Passed March 4, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty-two-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five, relating generally to abandoned wells; providing that the article may be cited as "The West Virginia Abandoned Well Act"; setting forth legislative findings and a declaration of policy and purpose; defining certain terms; requiring financial responsibility for all wells; establishing a priority system for plugging abandoned wells; defining the amount of financial responsibility for all wells; authorizing interested persons to plug an abandoned well; providing for arbitration; authorizing civil penalties; authorizing the promulgation of legislative rules; setting forth a hearing procedure; preserving existing rights and remedies; and providing for conflicting provisions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-two-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. THE WEST VIRGINIA ABANDONED WELL ACT.

- §22B-5-1. Short title.
- §22B-5-2. Legislative findings; legislative statement of policy and purpose.
- §22B-5-3. Definitions.
- §22B-5-4. Financial responsibility-Applicability.
- §22B-5-5. Financial responsibility-Amount.
- §22B-5-6. Establishment of priorities for plugging expenditures.
- §22B-5-7. Right of interested person to plug, replug and reclaim abandoned wells.
- §22B-5-8. Arbitration; fees and costs.
- §22B-5-9. Civil penalties.
- §22B-5-10. Rule making; procedure; judicial review.
- §22B-5-11. Existing rights and remedies preserved.
- §22B-5-12. Conflicting provisions.

§22B-5-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as "The West Virginia
- 2 Abandoned Well Act."

§22B-5-2. Legislative findings; legislative statement of policy and purpose.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds and declares that:
- 2 (1) Oil and gas have been continuously produced in
- 3 West Virginia for over one hundred years, during which
- 4 time operators of wells have been required by the laws
- 5 of this state to plug wells upon cessation of use;
- 6 (2) The plugging requirements for certain older oil
- 7 and gas and other wells may not have been sufficient
- 8 to protect underground water supplies, to prevent the
- 9 movement of fluids between geologic horizons, to allow
- 10 coal operators to mine through such wells safely, nor to
- 11 allow for enhanced recovery of oil, gas or other mineral
- 12 resources of this state;
- 13 (3) Many wells may exist in West Virginia which are
- 14 abandoned and either not plugged or not properly
- 15 plugged in a manner to protect underground water
- supplies, to prevent the movement of fluids between
- 17 geologic horizons, to allow coal operators to mine
- through such wells safely, to allow for enhanced recovery of oil, gas and other mineral resources.

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- 20 generally to protect the environment and mineral resources of this state, as aforesaid;
 - (4) Requirements for financial responsibility to assure plugging of abandoned wells have not been required in this state for older wells, and adequate financial responsibility should be established with respect to all wells;
 - (5) Programs and policies should be implemented to foster, encourage and promote through the fullest practical means the proper plugging of abandoned wells to protect the environment and mineral resources of this state:
 - (6) Criteria should be established with respect to priorities for the expenditure of moneys available for plugging abandoned wells and identifying those abandoned wells which, as a matter of public policy, should be plugged first; and
 - (7) The plugging of many abandoned wells may be accomplished through the establishment of rights and procedures allowing interested persons to apply for a permit to plug an abandoned well.
- 41 (b) The Legislature hereby declares that it is in the 42 public interest and it is the public policy of this state, 43 to foster, encourage and promote the proper plugging 44 of all wells at the time of their abandonment to protect 45 the environment and mineral resources of this state.

§22B-5-3. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which it is used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- (a) "Abandoned well" means any well which is required to be plugged under the provisions of section nineteen, article one of this chapter and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
 - (b) "Director" means for the purpose of this article, the director of the division of environmental protection as established in section two, article one, chapter twenty-two of this code or such other person as the director may delegate his duties pursuant to section

- 12 seven, article one, chapter twenty-two of this code.
- 13 (c) "Interested Party" means, for the purpose of this
- article, any owner, operator or lessee of the surface, oil, gas, water, coal or other mineral resource under, on.
- adjacent or in close proximity to any lands upon which
- an abandoned well exists, and whose lands, rights or
- 18 interests are or might be affected by such abandoned
- 19 well.

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§22B-5-4. Financial responsibility - Applicability.

- (a) Operators of all wells, not otherwise required to demonstrate financial responsibility through bonding or otherwise in accordance with the provisions of article one of this chapter, shall, no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, demonstrate financial responsibility in accordance with the methods and in the amounts prescribed by this article.
 - (b) If the operator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the director that an unjust hardship to an operator will occur as a result of the financial responsibility requirements of this article:
- 12 (1) The director may suspend such financial respon-13 sibility requirements to a date no later than the first day 14 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five; or
 - (2) The director may authorize an operator to demonstrate such financial responsibility by supplying twenty percent of any required amount by no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four; forty percent no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five; sixty percent no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; eighty percent by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred percent by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.
 - (c) The operator making a demonstration of financial responsibility pursuant to this section shall provide the director with information sufficient to establish the location and identification of the well, any well completion, recompletion and reworking records which may

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31 exist and such other information as the director may 32 reasonably require.

§22B-5-5. Financial responsibility — Amount.

The financial responsibility requirements applicable 1 2 to all wells shall be as set forth in section twenty-six. 3 article one of this chapter, except that the amount of 4 financial responsibility through bonding or otherwise, as 5 provided for in said section, for an individual well shall be in the amount of five thousand dollars. In lieu of 7 separate, single well bonds, an operator may either 8 furnish a blanket bond in the sum of fifty thousand 9 dollars in accordance with the provisions of subsection 10 (c), section twenty-six, article one of this chapter, or if 11 the operator has previously provided a blanket bond in 12 the sum of fifty thousand dollars which remains in 13 effect, the operator may cover wells subject to this

§22B-5-6. Establishment of priorities for plugging expenditures.

article by such existing blanket bond.

- 1 (a) Within one year of the effective date of this article, the director shall promulgate legislative rules establishing a priority system by which available funds from the oil and gas reclamation fund, established pursuant to section twenty-nine, article one of this chapter, will be expended to plug abandoned wells. The rules shall, at a minimum, establish three primary classifications to be as follows:
- 9 (1) Wells which are an immediate threat to the 10 environment or which may hinder or impede the 11 development of mineral resources of this state so as to 12 require immediate plugging;
 - (2) Wells which are not an immediate threat to the environment or which do not hinder or impede the development of mineral resources of this state but which should be plugged consistent with available resources; and
- 18 (3) Wells which are not a threat to the environment 19 and which do not hinder or impede the development of 20 mineral resources of this state and for which plugging

- 21 may be deferred for an indefinite period.
- 22 (b) Such classifications shall, among other things, take
- 23 into consideration the following factors, as appropriate:
- 24 (1) The age of the well;
- 25 (2) The length of time the well has been abandoned:
- 26 (3) The casing remaining in the well:
- 27 (4) The presence of any leaks either at the surface or 28 underground;
- 29 (5) The possibility or existence of groundwater 30 contamination;
- 31 (6) Whether the well is located in an area to be 32 developed for enhanced recovery;
- 33 (7) Whether the well hinders or impedes mineral development; and
- 35 (8) Whether the well is located in close proximity to 36 population.

§22B-5-7. Right of interested person to plug, replug and reclaim abandoned wells.

- 1 (a) Upon twenty days' advance written notice, it shall 2 be lawful for any interested person, the operator or the 3 director to enter upon the premises where any aban-
- 4 doned well is situated and properly plug or replug such
- 5 abandoned well, and to reclaim any area disturbed by
- 6 such plugging or replugging in the manner required by
- 7 article one of this chapter. Such notice shall be served
- article one of this chapter. Such notice shall be served
- 8 by certified mail, returned receipt requested, or such 9 other manner as is sufficient for service of process in
- other manner as is sufficient for service of process if
- a civil action, upon any owner of the surface of the land upon which such abandoned well exists, upon any oil
- 12 and gas lessee of record with the director and upon any
- 13 owner or operator of such abandoned well of record with
- the director, or in the event there is no such lessee,
- 14 the director, or in the event there is no such lessee
- owner or operator of record with the director, by posting
- such notice in a conspicuous place at or near such abandoned well. The notice given the surface owner
- 18 shall include a statement advising the surface owner of
- 19 the right to repairs or damages as provided in this

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section and the potential right to take any casing, equipment or other salvage. Such notice shall be on forms approved by the director.

- (b) Any interested person who plugs a well pursuant to the provisions of this section shall, to the extent damage or disturbance results from such plugging, either repair the damage or disturbance or compensate the surface owner for (i) the reasonable cost of repairing or replacing any water well, (ii) the reasonable value of any crops destroyed, damaged or prevented from reaching market, (iii) the reasonable cost of repair to personal property up to the value of the replacement value of personal property of like age, wear and quality, (iv) lost income or expense incurred, and (v) reasonable costs to reclaim or repair real property including roads.
- (c) The interested person who is plugging the well pursuant to the provisions of this section, may elect to take any casing, equipment or other salvage which may result from the plugging of such abandoned well by including notice of such election in the written notice mandated by subsection (a) of this section. Should such interested person who is plugging the well not give such notice of election, the surface owner may elect to take any casing, equipment or other salvage which may result from the plugging of such abandoned well by giving written notice of such election to the interested person who is plugging the well at least ten days in advance of such plugging. In the event such notice is given, such interested person who is plugging the well may leave such casing, equipment or salvage at a location which will not adversely affect any reclamation of a disturbed area. In the event the surface owner does not give notice of an election to take such casing, equipment or salvage as provided herein, such interested person who plugs the well shall properly dispose thereof. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require or create a duty upon such interested person who plugs the well to protect or pull casing or otherwise take any action or incur any expense to retrieve or protect any casing, equipment or salvageable material: Provided. That nothing contained in this section may be

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- construed to relieve the interested person from the responsibility to perform in accordance with the requirements of this article, article one of this chapter, or any condition of the permit.
 - (d) Prior to releasing any bond which is obtained in connection with plugging or replugging an abandoned well under the provisions of this section, the director shall obtain from the interested person who has obtained the bond a copy of a letter that such interested person has sent to the surface owner advising that reclamation has been completed.
 - (e) Where an interested person who intends to plug an abandoned well pursuant to this section is unable to obtain a bond in the full amount required by section twenty-six, article one of this chapter, the director may authorize a bond in a lesser amount; which lesser amount shall be equal or greater than the estimated cost of reclaiming the surface areas disturbed by the plugging operation: *Provided*, That an owner or operator of a well shall comply with the financial responsibility provisions of section five of this section and section twenty-six, article one of this chapter.
 - (f) In the event the owner or operator of a well fails or has failed to plug a well in accordance with laws and regulations in effect at the time the well is or was first subject to plugging requirements, any interested person who plugs or replugs such well pursuant to the provisions of this section may recover from the owner or operator of such well all reasonable costs incidental to such plugging or replugging, including any compensation provided for in this section. In the event funds from the oil and gas reclamation fund established pursuant to section twenty-nine, article one of this chapter are used to plug or replug such well, the director shall be entitled to recover from the owner or operator of such well any amounts so expended from the fund. Any amounts so recovered by the director shall be deposited in said fund.

§22B-5-8. Arbitration; fees and costs.

1 (a) If the interested person who plugs a well and the

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surface owner are unable to agree as to the adequacy of the repairs performed or the amount of compensation to which the surface owner may be entitled, either party upon written notice to the other may elect to have such issue finally determined by binding arbitration pursuant to article ten, chapter fifty-five of this code.

- (b) The adequacy of the repairs or compensation to which the surface owner may be entitled shall, if such election is made, be determined by a panel of three disinterested arbitrators. The first arbitrator shall be chosen by the party electing to arbitrate in his notice of election; the second arbitrator shall be chosen by the other party within ten days after receipt of the notice of election; and the third arbitrator shall be chosen jointly by the first two arbitrators within twenty days thereafter. If they are unable to agree upon the third arbitrator within twenty days, then the two arbitrators are hereby empowered to and shall forthwith submit the matter to the court under the provisions of section one. article ten, chapter fifty-five of this code, so that, among other things, the third arbitrator can be chosen by the judge of the circuit court of the county wherein the surface estate lies.
- (c) The following persons shall be deemed interested and not be appointed as arbitrators: Any person who is personally interested in the land on which the plugging is being performed or has been performed, or in any interest or right therein, or in the compensation and any damages to be awarded therefor, or who is related by blood or marriage to any person having such personal interest, or who stands in the relation of guardian and ward, master and servant, principal and agent, or partner, real estate broker, or surety to any person having such personal interest, or who has enmity against or bias in favor of any person who has such personal interest or who is the owner of, or interested in, such land or the oil and gas development thereof. No person shall be deemed interested or incompetent to act as arbitrator by reason of his being an inhabitant of the county, district or municipal corporation wherein the land is located, or holding an interest in any other land

- 43 therein.
- 44 (d) The panel of arbitrators shall hold hearings and
- 45 take such testimony and receive such exhibits as shall
- be necessary to determine the required repairs or the
- amount of compensation to be paid to the surface owner.
- 48 However, no award requiring repairs or compensation
- 49 shall be made to the surface owner unless the panel of
- 50 arbitrators has first viewed the surface estate in
- 51 question. A transcript of the evidence may be made but
- 52 shall not be required.
- 53 (e) Each party shall pay the compensation of his own
- 54 arbitrator and one half of the compensation of the third
- 55 arbitrator, and his own costs.

§22B-5-9. Civil penalties.

- 1 (a) Any person who fails to plug an abandoned well
- 2 within thirty days, or upon a showing of good cause,
- 3 within a longer period as determined by the director not
- 4 to exceed one hundred eighty days, from the date such
- 5 plugging is ordered by the director, shall be liable for
- 6 a civil penalty of twenty-five thousand dollars which
- 7 penalty shall be recovered in a civil action in the circuit
- 8 court wherein the abandoned well is located.
- 9 (b) The net proceeds of all civil penalties collected
- 10 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be
- 11 deposited into the oil and gas reclamation fund estab-
- 12 lished pursuant to section twenty-nine, article one of this
- 13 chapter.

§22B-5-10. Rule making; procedure; judicial review.

- 1 (a) The director shall have the power and authority
 - 2 to promulgate legislative rules, procedural rules and
 - 3 interpretive rules in accordance with the provisions of
- 4 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code in order to carry out
- 5 and implement the provisions of this article.
- 6 (b) Any hearings or proceedings before the director
- 7 on any matter other than rule making shall be con-
- 8 ducted and heard by the director or a representative
- 9 designated by him and shall be in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this

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- 12 (c) Any person having an interest which is or may be 13 adversely affected, who is aggrieved by an order of the 14 director issued pursuant to this article, or by the issuance or denial of a permit pursuant to this article 15 16 or by the permit's terms or conditions, is entitled to 17 judicial review thereof. All of the pertinent provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 18 19 code shall apply to and govern such judicial review with like effect as if the provisions of said section four were 20 21 set forth in extenso in this section.
- 22 (d) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final 23 unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the 24 supreme court of appeals in accordance with the 25 provisions of section one, article six, chapter twenty-26 nine-a of this code.

§22B-5-11. Existing rights and remedies preserved.

- (a) It is the purpose of this article to provide additional and cumulative remedies to address abandoned wells in this state and nothing herein contained shall abridge or alter rights of action or remedies now or hereafter existing, nor shall any provisions in this article, or any act done by virtue of this article, be construed as estopping the state, municipalities, public health officers or persons in the exercise of their rights to suppress nuisance or to abate any pollution now or hereafter existing, or to recover damages.
- (b) An order of the director, the effect of which is to find that an abandoned well exists, or in ordering an abandoned well to be plugged, or any other order, or any violation of any of the provisions of this article shall give rise to no presumptions of law or findings of fact inuring to or for the benefit of persons other than the state of West Virginia.
- (c) Nothing contained in this article shall be construed to place any duty or responsibility on the landowner, well owner or operator or lessee to plug a well in addition to those set forth in article one of this chapter.

§22B-5-12. Conflicting provisions.

1 The provisions of this article shall be in addition to 2 and supplement all other provisions of article one of this chapter and rights with respect to plugging or replug-3 4 ging wells. Nothing in this article shall be construed to 5 eliminate the permit requirement for plugging and replugging wells. In the event of any inconsistency or 6 7 conflict between any provision of this article and any 8 provision of this code, the provisions of this article shall control.

CHAPTER 4

(H. B. 4093—By Delegates Love and Wallace)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-a, article one, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to department of agriculture, marketing and development division: duties: and continuation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-a, article one, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

§19-1-3a. Marketing and development division; duties; continuation.

(a) In recognition that article ten, chapter four of this 1 code requires a performance audit of the rural resource 2 division of the department of agriculture and that 3 performance standards must be stated before such audit 4 can be performed, the rural resources division is hereby 5 formally established and renamed the marketing and 6 development division in the department of agriculture. 7 The duties of the division are to establish marketing. 8

9 promotional and development programs to advance

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- 10 West Virginia agriculture in the domestic and interna-
- 11 tional markets; to provide grading, inspection and
- 12 market news services to the various elements of the
- 13 West Virginia agricultural industry; and to regulate
- 14 and license individuals involved in the marketing of
- 15 agricultural products.
 - (b) After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and
- 20 declares the marketing and development division should
- be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten,
- 23 chapter four of this code, the marketing and develop-
- 24 ment division shall continue to exist until the first day
- 25 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five.

CHAPTER 5

(H. B. 4758—By Delegate Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section six, relating to legislative findings; payment of annual fee by owners of farm woodlands, farm woodlots, residential woodlands, timberland and managed timberland to benefit the division of forestry; amount of annual fees; issuance of stamps; forwarding of fees to state treasury; expenditures of fees; transfer and appropriation of excess funds; uses of the funds; reports by county assessors; and promulgation of rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. DIVISION OF FORESTRY.

- §19-1A-6. Payment of annual fee by owners of farm woodlands, farm woodlots, residential woodlands, timberland and managed timberland to benefit division of forestry.
 - (a) Legislative findings. The Legislature finds that the division of forestry provides vital services to private. nonindustrial owners of wooded land and hereby declares that it is the policy of this state to assist woodland owners in the protection, conservation and enhancement of their wooded lands by facilitating cooperative efforts to protect all of the wooded lands of the state from insect depredation, tree disease and forest fires and to provide technical forestry assistance to individual private owners in the management and protection of their wooded lands.
 - (b) Assessment of annual fee to benefit division of forestry. Any owner of real property assessed as farm woodlands, farm woodlots, residential woodlands, timberland or managed timberland shall pay an annual fee to be included on the property tax bill for the farm woodland, farm woodlot, residential woodland, timberland or managed timberland. The owner shall pay the fee to the sheriff when the ad valorem property taxes on the property for the first half of the then current year are paid to the sheriff.

The fee for each parcel of property assessed in whole or in part as farm woodland, farm woodlot or residential woodland, as those types of property are defined in accordance with regulations promulgated or to be promulgated by the department of tax and revenue, is two dollars per year: Provided, That no owner shall pay a fee on more than three parcels of the above-described property situate in the same county. The fee for each parcel of property assessed in whole or in part as timberland or managed timberland, as those types of property are defined in accordance with regulations promulgated by the department of tax and revenue, is ten dollars per year: Provided, however, That no owner shall pay a fee on more than twenty parcels of timber-

36 land and managed timberland situate in the same 37 county.

No owner shall pay more than one fee for any one parcel in any county. If an owner has property taxes assessed against any individual parcel in more than one of the classifications against which a fee is charged under this section, the owner shall pay the highest applicable fee for that parcel.

Upon payment of the fee, the sheriff shall affix a stamp to the appropriate property tax receipt. The stamp shall be designed by the director of the division of forestry and a sufficient number of stamps shall be provided to each county sheriff.

The sheriff shall forward the fees collected pursuant to this section to the state tax commissioner at the same time that the sheriff remits the revenues from the board of public works regular levies to the state, and the fees shall be deposited in a separate account in the state treasury. Expenditures for the purposes set forth in this section are not authorized from collections, but are to be made only through appropriation and in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and upon fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of this code.

Amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for the purposes set forth in this section may be transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of the Legislature.

The purposes of the funds in the account created for the deposit of the fees required by this section are to supplement normal funding for the division of forestry and include, but are not limited to, salaries for division of forestry employees, implementation of a fire protection plan, contributions toward costs incurred in fighting forest fires and training firefighters, other inservice training, forest resource surveys, purchases of equipment, insect and tree disease control, reforestation, silvicultural assistance to private landowners, preservation of water quality through fire control, erosion

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76 control, reclamation and replanting.

77 In order for the director of the division of forestry to 78 project the number of stamps to be required in each 79 county and the amount of revenue which may be realized by the fee imposed by this section, each county 80 81 assessor shall forward to the state tax commissioner the 82 number of landowners in the county that own parcels 83 assessed as (1) managed timberland or timberland and 84 (2) residential woodland, farm woodlot or farm wood-85 lands, and each county assessor shall attempt to estimate how many fees will be paid in each category. The tax 86 87 commissioner shall review each county's list, make any corrections and additions as may be necessary, notify the 88 appropriate county assessor of any correction or 89 addition, and forward each county's list, as well as 90 statewide totals, to the director of the division of 91 92 forestry.

The tax commissioner, on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and thereafter as necessary, shall promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

CHAPTER 6

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4669—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate J. Martin)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-b, relating to sediment control during timber operations generally; providing for a short title and legislative purpose of article; defining certain terms; requiring timber operations license; providing application requirements; imposing an application and annual fee; providing for suspension and revocation of license;

authorizing the imposition of compliance orders; authorizing the imposition of cease and desist orders; requiring notification of timbering operations and the contents and methods thereof; requiring certification for supervisors of timbering operations; providing for a certification program; imposing application and annual certification fees: providing for renewal of certification and requiring triennial completion of certification program; authorizing the creation of a committee on best management practices; creating the timbering operations enforcement fund; providing for a right of entry; permitting the director to issue orders; creating conference panels; providing for the powers and duties of the conference panels; establishing civil penalties; providing an appeal process; authorizing the promulgation of rules; requiring cooperation of state agencies; requiring an annual report; and providing for the effect on other laws.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1B. SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING COMMERCIAL TIMBER HARVESTING OPERATIONS.

- §19-1B-1. Short title.
- §19-1B-2. Legislative findings, intent and purpose of article.
- §19-1B-3. Definitions.
- §19-1B-4. Timbering license required; requirement for license; annual fee; rules and regulations.
- §19-1B-5. Compliance orders, suspension of timbering operating license.
- §19-1B-6. Notification of duration of timbering operations; requirements thereof.
- §19-1B-7. Certification of persons supervising timbering operations, timbering operations to be supervised, promulgation of rules and regulations.
- §19-1B-8. Timbering operations enforcement fund.
- §19-1B-9. Right of entry.
- §19-1B-10. Orders of the director.
- §19-1B-11. Creation of conference panels; authority.
- §19-1B-12. Civil penalties.
- §19-1B-13. Cooperation of other state agencies.
- §19-1B-14. Effect on other laws.

§19-1B-1. Short title.

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This article shall be known and cited as the "Logging Sediment Control Act."

§19-1B-2. Legislative findings, intent and purpose of article.

The Legislature hereby finds that some activities associated with the commercial harvesting of timber

3 results in the exposure of soil and that, if uncontrolled,

4 such exposed soil can erode resulting in gullying, soil

5 slippages and sediment deposition in streams.

It is the policy of this state to strengthen and extend the present sediment control activities of this state by implementing operator licensing, logger certification and logging operations notification programs through the division of forestry.

§19-1B-3. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Best management practices" means sediment 2 control measures, structural or nonstructural, used 3 singly or in combination, to reduce soil runoff from land 4 disturbances associated with commercial timber 5 harvesting.
- 6 (b) "Chief" means the chief of the section of water 7 resources of the division of natural resources, or his or 8 her designee.
- 9 (c) "Director" means the director of the division of 10 forestry of the department of commerce, labor and 11 environmental resources, or his or her authorized designee.
- (d) "Operator" means any person who conductstimbering operations.
 - (e) "Timbering operations" means activities directly related to the severing or removal of standing trees from the forest as a raw material for commercial processes or purposes. For the purpose of this article, timbering operations shall not include the severing of evergreens grown for and severed for the traditional Christmas holiday season, nor the severing of trees incidental to ground-disturbing construction activities, including well sites, access roads and gathering lines for oil and

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- 24 natural gas operations, nor the severing of trees for 25 maintaining existing, or during construction of, rights-26 of-way for public highways or public utilities or any 27 company subject to the jurisdiction of the federal energy 28 regulatory commission unless the trees so severed are 29 being sold or provided as raw material for commercial 30 wood product purposes, nor the severing of trees by an 31 individual on the individual's own property for his or 32 her individual use provided that the individual does not 33 have the severing done by a person whose business is 34 the severing or removal of trees.
- 35 (f) "Sediment" means solid particulate matter, usually 36 soil or minute rock fragments, moved by wind, rainfall 37 or snowmelt into the streams of the state.

§19-1B-4. Timbering license required; requirement for license; annual fee; rules and regulations.

- (a) After the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, no person may conduct timbering operations, purchase timber or buy logs for resale until he or she has obtained the license pursuant to this article from the division and met all other requirements pertaining to his or her timbering operation or other wood product business contained in this article.
- 9 (b) An applicant for a license shall submit an application on a form to be designed and provided by the director. A fee of fifty dollars shall be submitted with each application and with each annual renewal of the license. The application shall, at a minimum, contain the following information:
- 15 (1) Name, address and telephone number of the 16 applicant, and if the applicant is a business entity other 17 than a sole proprietor, the names and addresses of the 18 principals, officers and resident agent of the business 19 entity;
- 20 (2) The applicant's West Virginia business registra-21 tion number or a copy of the current West Virginia 22 business registration certificate. The division of forestry 23 shall submit such information and a list of all applicants

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- to the tax commissioner each quarter of the calendar year to ensure compliance with payment of severance, income withholding and all other applicable state taxes; and
- 28 (3) Any other information required by the director.
 - (c) The director shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code which provide procedures by which a license may be acquired, suspended or revoked under this article. The Legislature expressly finds that such legislative rules are the proper subject of emergency legislative rules which may be promulgated in accordance with the provision of section fifteen, article three, section twenty-nine-a of this code.
 - (d) The director shall prescribe a form providing the contents and manner of posting notice at the timbering operation. The notice shall include, at a minimum, the operator's name and license number.

§19-1B-5. Compliance orders, suspension of timbering operating license.

- (a) Upon a finding by the chief that failure to use a particular best management practice is causing or contributing, or has the potential to cause or contribute, to soil erosion or water pollution, the chief shall notify the director of the location of the site, the problem associated with the site, and any suggested corrective action. Upon the failure of the director to take appropriate action within three days of providing notice to the director, the chief may seek relief through the conference panel in accordance with section eleven of this article.
- (b) Upon notification of the chief or upon a finding by the director that failure to use a particular best management practice is causing or contributing, or has the potential to cause or contribute, to soil erosion or water pollution, the director shall issue a written compliance order requiring the person conducting the timber operation to take corrective action. The order shall mandate compliance within a reasonable and

practical time, not to exceed ten days. The person subject to the order may appeal the order within forty-eight hours of its issuance to the conference panel in accordance with section eleven of this article.

- (c) In any circumstance where observed damage or circumstances on a logging operation, in the opinion of the director, are sufficient to endanger life or result in uncorrectable soil erosion or water pollution, or if the operator is not licensed pursuant to this article, or if a certified logger is not supervising the operation, the director shall order the immediate suspension of the timber operation and the operation shall remain suspended until the corrective action mandated in the compliance order suspending the operation is instituted. The director shall not issue an order cancelling the suspension order until compliance is satisfactory or until overruled on appeal. Failure to comply with any compliance order shall be a violation of this article. The person subject to the order may appeal to the conference panel in accordance with the provisions of section eleven of this article.
- (d) The director may suspend the license of any person conducting a timbering operation or the certification of any certified logger supervising a timbering operation, for no less than thirty nor more than ninety days, if the person is found in violation of this article or article five-a, chapter twenty of this code, for a second time within any two-year period: *Provided*, That one or more violations for the same occurrence may constitute only one violation for purposes of this subsection.
- (e) The director may revoke the license of any person conducting timbering operations or the certification of any certified logger if the person is found in violation of this article or article five-a, chapter twenty of this code, for a third time within any two-year period: *Provided*, That one or more violations for the same occurrence may constitute only one violation for purposes of this subsection. A revoked license shall not be subject to reissue during the licensing period for which it was issued.

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- 60 (f) The director shall notify the chief of any order 61 issued or any suspension or revocation of a license 62 pursuant to this section within three days of the date of 63 the director's action.
- §19-1B-6. Notification of duration of timbering operations; requirements thereof.
 - 1 (a) After the first day of September, one thousand 2 nine hundred ninety-two, in addition to any other 3 requirement of this article, no person may conduct 4 timbering operations unless the person notifies the 5 director of the specific location on which the timbering 6 operations are to be conducted. The notification shall be 7 made in a manner designated by the director. The 8 notification shall include, at a minimum, the following:
 - 9 (1) The specific topographic location where the timbering operations are to be conducted;
 - 11 (2) The approximate dates that the timbering operation will begin and end;
 - 13 (3) The approximate acreage over which timbering operations are contemplated;
 - 15 (4) The names and addresses of the owner or owners 16 of the timber to be harvested and, if different, the names 17 and addresses of the owner or owners of the property 18 upon which the timber is located;
 - 19 (5) A sketch map of the proposed logging operation, 20 including haul roads, landings and stream crossings;
 - 21 (6) A description of the sediment control practices to 22 be used by the logger during the timber harvesting 23 operation;
 - (7) An acknowledgement that the operator will conduct the operations in compliance with the provisions of this article and any applicable rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this article;
 - (8) A certification satisfactory to the director that all permits required under state law have been obtained or applied for and that all pertinent requirements for obtaining any permit applied for, but not yet obtained.

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- 32 have been complied with; and
- 33 (9) The name or names of the person or persons who 34 will be supervising the timbering operations at the site 35 of the operations and his or her logger certification numbers: *Provided*, That no logger certification number 37 shall be required until after the certification program 38 has been developed.
- (b) The notification shall be made within at least threedays of the beginning of the operation.
- 41 (c) Further notice shall be given if the operation is to 42 be, for any reason, closed more than seven days before 43 the estimated date for closing provided under subdivi-44 sion (2), subsection (a) of this section.
- §19-1B-7. Certification of persons supervising timbering operations, timbering operations to be supervised, promulgation of rules and regulations.
 - 1 (a) After the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-three, any individual supervising any 3 timbering operation must be certified pursuant to this 4 article.
 - (b) The director is responsible for the development of standards and criteria for establishment of a regularly scheduled program of education, training and examination that all persons must successfully complete in order to be certified to supervise any timbering operation. The program for certified loggers shall provide, at a minimum, for education and training in the safe conduct of timbering operations, in first aid procedures, and in the use of best management practices to prevent, in-sofar as possible, soil erosion on timbering operations. The goals of this program will be to assure that timbering operations are conducted in accordance with applicable state and federal safety regulations in a manner that is safest for the individuals conducting the operations and that they are performed in an environmentally sound manner.
- 21 (c) The director shall provide for such programs by 22 using the resources of the division, other appropriate

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- state agencies, educational systems, and other qualified persons. Each inspector under the jurisdiction of the chief shall attend a certification program free of charge and complete the certification requirements of this section.
 - (d) The director shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a, of this code, which provide the procedure by which certification pursuant to this article may be obtained and shall require the payment of an application fee and an annual renewal fee of fifty dollars.
 - (e) Upon a person's successful completion of the certification requirements, the director shall provide that person with proof of the completion by issuing a numbered certificate and a wallet-sized card to that person. The division shall maintain a record of each certificate issued and the person to whom it was issued.
 - (f) A certification granted pursuant to this section shall be renewable only for two succeeding years. For the third renewal and every third renewal thereafter, the licensee shall first attend a program designed by the director to update the training.
 - (g) After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, every timbering operation must have at least one person certified pursuant to this section supervising the operation at any time the timbering operation is being conducted and all timbering operators shall be guided by the West Virginia forest practice standards and the West Virginia silvicultural best management practices in selecting practices appropriate and adequate for reducing sediment movement during a timber operation.
 - (h) The director shall, at no more than three year intervals after the effective date of this article, convene a committee to review the best management practices so as to ensure that they reflect and incorporate the most current technologies. The committee shall, at a minimum, include a person doing research in the field of silvicultural best management practices, a person doing research in the field of silviculture, two loggers certified

- 63 under this article, a representative of the water
- 64 resources section of the division of natural resources,
- 65 and a representative of an environmentally active
- 66 organization. The director shall chair the committee and
- 67 may adjust the then current best management practices
- 68 according to the suggestions of the committee in time
- 69 for the next certification cycle.

Timbering operations enforcement fund. §19-1B-8.

- 1 There is created in the state treasury a special
- revolving fund designated the "Timbering Operations 2
- 3 Enforcement Fund." All fees collected pursuant to this
- 4 article shall be deposited into the fund: Provided, That
- 5 amounts deposited in the fund which are found from
- time to time to exceed the amounts necessary to
- effectuate the purposes of this article may be redesig-
- nated for other purposes by appropriation by the
- 9
- Legislature.
- 10 This fund shall be appropriated to the division of
- 11 forestry to be used for the administration and enforce-
- 12 ment of the provisions of this article and for no other
- 13 purpose.

§19-1B-9. Right of entry.

- 1 The director or the chief has the right to enter upon
- any property for the purpose of making inspections to 2
- 3 ensure that the provisions of this article and any rules
 - promulgated pursuant thereto are being complied with.

Orders of the director. §19-1B-10.

- Notwithstanding the provisions of section five of this 1
- 2 article, whenever the director determines that any
- 3 person has violated a provision of this article or any
- 4 rules promulgated pursuant thereto, he or she may enter
- an order directing the person to cease the violation and, 5
- where appropriate, to take such action to remediate 6
- 7 damage created or to take action appropriate for the
- 8 specific site.
- Any person having an interest which is or may be 9
- adversely affected by any order of the director may file 10
- an appeal in accordance with the provisions of section 11

12 eleven of this article.

§19-1B-11. Creation of conference panels; authority.

- (a) Each forestry district in this state shall contain an 1 2 informal conference panel composed of three persons 3 which shall act on behalf of the state to decide appeals of orders of the director. One member of the panel shall 4 be selected by the director, one member shall be selected 5 by the chief and one member shall be selected by 6 agreement between the chief and the director. If a 7 8 vacancy exists on the panel, the vacancy shall be filled 9 by whomever made the initial selection. The members 10 of the panel shall serve without compensation.
- (b) Upon appeal of a decision under this section or 11 upon petition by the chief, pursuant to the provisions of 12 13 subsection (a), section five of this article, the panel shall 14 hold an informal conference affirming, modifying or 15 vacating an order of the director, or issuing an order 16 in the name of the director. The panel shall forthwith 17 notify the parties of its decision and as soon as practi-18 cable send written notice of its decision to the parties. 19 The decision of the panel shall be final unless reversed. 20 vacated or modified on appeal to the circuit court of the 21 county wherein the cause for the decision arose.
- (c) A party aggrieved by a decision of a panel may 22 appeal to the circuit court of the county wherein the 23 cause for the order arose. Such appeal must be filed 24 25 with the circuit court within twenty days of the date of decision of the panel and shall be heard de novo by the 26 27 court. The court may reverse, vacate or modify the 28 decision of the panel. The decision of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on 29 appeal to the supreme court of appeals. Any such appeal 30 shall be sought in the manner provided by law for 31 appeals from circuit courts in other civil cases. 32

§19-1B-12. Civil penalties.

The director may seek and recover a civil penalty for a violation of any provision of this article, any rule, regulation or order of the director in the circuit court of the county in which the violation occurred, in an

- 5 amount not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars
- 6 for the first offense and not exceeding five thousand
- 7 dollars for any subsequent offense.
- 8 Any penalty recovered pursuant to this section shall
- 9 be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the
- 10 timbering operations enforcement fund.
- 11 Any person aggrieved by a decision of the circuit
- 12 court pursuant to this section may appeal the circuit
- 13 court order to the supreme court of appeals.

§19-1B-13. Cooperation of other state agencies.

- 1 All state agencies shall cooperate with the director in
- 2 the director's efforts to ensure that persons conducting
- 3 timbering operations are doing so in compliance with all
- 4 applicable provisions of state law, and the director shall
- 5 cooperate with such other state agencies to enforce their
- 6 statutory and regulatory responsibilities and duties.
- 7 Cooperation shall include the sharing of information
- 8 necessary or helpful to the accomplishment of such
- 9 responsibilities and duties. The director shall notify the
- 10 chief of commencement of timbering operations. The
- 11 chief and the director each shall submit an annual
- 12 report on the progress and effectiveness of the programs
- 13 incorporated in this article to the governor, the speaker
- 14 of the House of Delegates and the president of the
- 15 Senate.

§19-1B-14. Effect on other laws.

- 1 Nothing in this article relieves any person conducting
- 2 timbering operations from complying with any other
- 3 provision of this code.

CHAPTER 7

(S. B. 65-By Senators Spears, Brackenrich and Boley)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eight, article seven, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred

thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section one, article two-b, chapter nineteen, relating to the artificial coloring of meat and meat products; and continuation of the meat inspection program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article seven, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that section one, article two-b, chapter nineteen be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2B. INSPECTION OF ANIMALS, MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS.

§19-2B-1. Purpose and construction; continuation of meat inspection program.

- 1 Subject to the provisions of subsection (a), section
- 2 seven of this article, the basic purpose of this article is
- 3 to provide for the inspection, labeling and disposition of
- 4 animals, carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat
- 5 byproducts which are to be sold or offered for sale
- 6 through commercial outlets for human consumption, the
- 7 licensing of commercial slaughterers, custom slaughter-
- 8 ers and processors, and the inspection of slaughter-
- 9 houses and processing plants located in the state of West
- 10 Virginia. This article, being intended to protect the
- 11 health of the citizens of West Virginia, shall be liberally
- 12 construed.

13 After having conducted a performance and fiscal

14 audit through its joint committee on government

15 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter

16 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and

declares that the meat inspection program should be

18 continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstand-

19 ing the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter

20 four of this code, the meat inspection program shall

21 continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand

22 nine hundred ninety-eight.

CHAPTER 8

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2816—By Delegates Mezzatesta and D. Miller)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-nine, relating to the production of nontraditional agriculture products; definitions; promulgation of rules; responsibility for damages; penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-nine, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29. PRODUCTION OF NONTRADITIONAL AGRICULTURE PRODUCTS.

§19-29-1. Nontraditional agriculture; authority.

§19-29-2. Definitions.

§19-29-3. Health requirements.

§19-29-4. Inspection of animals, meat and meat products.

§19-29-5. Owners' responsibilities.

§19-29-1. Nontraditional agriculture; authority.

- 1 The commissioner of agriculture is hereby empo-
- 2 wered and shall devise means of advancing the nontra-
- 3 ditional agricultural products in the state, and in the
- 4 performance of such duty, he or she shall have the
- 5 authority to call upon any department, division, or
- 6 officer of the state or county to cooperate with him or
- 7 her in promoting nontraditional agricultural products in
- 8 the state.
- 9 These nontraditional products are to be considered as agricultural activities.
- 11 Only after consultation with the division of natural
- 12 resources and the department of health and human
- 13 resources, the commissioner shall promulgate rules, in
- 14 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, for

- the promotion, marketing, and regulation of nontraditional agriculture.
- 17 The commissioner shall have the authority under this
- 18 article to restrict the importation and commercial
- 19 production of any species of nontraditional agriculture
- 20 which in his or her opinion is not in the best interest
- 21 of the industry or of the public.
- Nothing in this article shall affect the division of
- 23 natural resources' authority as provided in articles one.
- 24 two, three, and seven, chapter twenty of this code.

§19-29-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Aquaculture" means the commercial production 2 of fish and/or other aquatic life.
- 3 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of 4 agriculture or his or her designee.
- 5 (c) "Domestic purposes" means for the purposes of
- 6 food production, for resale as breeding stock or for the
- 7 sale of immature stock for the purposes of further
- 8 feeding.
- 9 (d) "Nontraditional agriculture" means the production
- 10 of animals domesticated from wild stock, either native
- 11 or nonnative, and are being confined, bred, and/or fed
- 12 for domestic purposes, except that white-tailed deer
- 13 (Odocoileus virginianus) and all its subspecies shall not
- 14 be included; aquaculture; or other agricultural products
- 15 as defined in this article.

§19-29-3. Health requirements.

- 1 Only after consultation with the division of natural
- 2 resources and the department of health and human
- 3 resources, the commissioner shall promulgate rules, in
- 4 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
- 5 dealing with the health standards for nontraditional
- 6 agriculture.

§19-29-4. Inspection of animals, meat and meat products.

- 1 The commissioner shall promulgate rules, in accor-
- 2 dance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to include
- 3 inspection of the meat from nontraditional agriculture

- 4 intended for sale in commercial outlets. All nontradi-
- 5 tional agriculture needing to be slaughtered shall be
- 6 slaughtered in an inspected slaughterhouse.

§19-29-5. Owners' responsibilities.

- 1 It is the responsibility of the owner to take all
- 2 reasonable action to maintain the nontraditional agricul-
- 3 ture on property owned or leased by the owner,
- 4 including the construction of fences or other barriers
- 5 and housing of a suitable design. Owners of nontradi-
- 6 tional agriculture shall be responsible for damages and
- 7 subject to fines as set out in article eighteen of this
- 8 chapter.

CHAPTER 9

(H. B. 4643—By Delegates Gallagher and Pethtel)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section thirteen, article twenty, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact sections two, four, five, six, seven and eight of said article: to redesignate section eleven-a as section twelve and to amend and reenact section twelve: to redesignate section eleven-b as section thirteen and to amend and reenact section thirteen; to redesignate section eleven-c as section eighteen and to amend and reenact section eighteen; to redesignate section twelve as section twenty; to further amend said article by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and nineteen, all relating to air pollution control generally; repealing the effective date of regulations; defining terms; providing for composition of the commission, terms, meetings, compensation; prescribing the powers and duties of the commission; amending the advisory councils' membership; authorizing the commission to promulgate rules; creating the air pollution education and environment fund; modifying the time requirements for filing notice with the secretary of state; authorizing the commission to establish an operating permit program; authorizing the commission to impose fees; authorizing the director to suspend, modify or revoke and reissue permits for violations; allowing conference and hearing on permit actions; authorizing the issuance of cease and desist orders; authorizing permit suspension, modification and revocation; providing for administrative and judicial appeals of permit actions; providing for appeals of orders generally, procedure; providing for the imposition of a stay upon motion for certain permit actions; providing for appeals to the circuit court of Kanawha County if the parties agree and to remove automatic stay provisions for other orders; authorizing the imposition of civil penalties; defining the crime of knowing misrepresentation and providing penalties therefor; defining the crime for violation of the article, permit or rule and providing penalties therefor; amending the civil and criminal penalties for violations of the article; allowing limited access to confidential records; providing for record and data maintenance generally; allowing inspection of certain records; requiring permits for construction, modification or relocation for stationary sources of air pollution; providing for a maximum time for the issuance or renewal of construction, modification or relocation permits; allowing for permit consolidation; providing for an inspection and maintenance program for motor vehicles; imposing an inspection fee; requiring operating permits for stationary sources of air pollution; and establishing a small business environmental compliance assistance program and advisory panel.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article twenty, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections two, four, five, six, seven and eight be amended and reenacted; that section eleven-a be redesignated as section twelve and be amended and reenacted; that section eleven-b be redesignated as section thirteen and be amended and reenacted; that section eleven-c be redesignated as section eighteen and be amended and reenacted; that section twelve be redesignated as section

twenty and be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and nineteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. AIR POLLUTION CONTROL.

§16-20-2.	Definitions.
§16-20-4.	Air pollution control commission—Composition; appointment and
	terms of members; vacancies; compensation and expenses of
	members; organization and personnel; appointment of director;

records; meetings.

Air pollution control commission-Powers and duties; legal §16-20-5. services; rules; public hearings.

Issuance of cease and desist orders by director; service; permit §16-20-6. suspension, modification and revocation; appeals to commission; hearings, subpoenas, etc.; orders and findings of commission.

Appeals from orders of commission. §16-20-7.

§16-20-8. Penalties; recovery and disposition; duties of prosecuting attorneys.

Records, reports, data or information; confidentiality; proceedings §16-20-12. upon request to inspect or copy.

§16-20-13. Construction modification or relocation permits required for stationary sources of air pollutants.

§16-20-14. Operating permits required for stationary sources of air pollution.

§16-20-15. Consolidation of permits.

§16-20-16. Administrative review of permit actions.

§16-20-17. Judicial review of permits and denials.

Motor vehicle pollution, inspection and maintenance. §16-20-18.

Small business environmental compliance assistance program, §16-20-19. compliance advisory panel.

§16-20-20. Severability.

§16-20-2. Definitions.

- The terms used in this article are defined as follows: 1
- (a) "Person" means any and all persons, natural or 2
- artificial, including the state of West Virginia or any 3 other state, the United States of America, any munic-4
- ipal, statutory, public or private corporation organized
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- or existing under the laws of this or any other state or 6
- country, and any firm, partnership or association of 7 8 whatever nature.
- (b) "Commission" means the air pollution control 9 commission created pursuant to the provisions of this 10 article. 11

- 12 (c) "Commissioner" means a member of the air pollution control commission.
- 14 (d) "Air pollutants" means solids, liquids or gases 15 which, if discharged into the air, may result in a 16 statutory air pollution.
- 17 (e) "Discharge" means any release, escape or emission of air pollutants into the air.
- (f) "Statutory air pollution" means and is limited to the discharge into the air by the act of man of substances (liquid, solid, gaseous, organic or inorganic) in a locality, manner and amount as to be injurious to human health or welfare, animal or plant life, or property, or which would interfere with the enjoyment of life or property.
- 26 (g) "Director" means the person appointed by the air 27 pollution control commission to act as the director or the 28 director's designated representative.
- §16-20-4. Air pollution control commission Composition; appointment and terms of members; vacancies; compensation and expenses of members; organization and personnel; appointment of director; records; meetings.

The "air pollution control commission," heretofore 1 2 created, shall continue in existence as an agency of the 3 state and shall consist of seven members, including the 4 commissioner of the bureau of public health and the commissioner of agriculture, or their designees, both of 5 whom shall be members ex officio, and five other 6 members to be appointed by the governor with the 7 advice and consent of the Senate, two of whom shall be 8 9 representative of industries engaged in business in this state, and three of whom shall be representative of the 10 public at large. The three appointed members of the 11 commission in office on the effective date of this article 12 shall, unless sooner removed, continue to serve until 13 their terms expire and until their successors have been 14 appointed and have qualified. On or before June fifteen, 15 one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, the governor 16 shall appoint one member to serve until June thirty, one 17

thousand nine hundred seventy, and one member to serve until June thirty, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, or until their successors have been ap-pointed and have qualified. As the terms of the three appointed members of the commission in office on the effective date of this article expire and as the terms of the two members to be appointed by the governor on or before June fifteen, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, expire, members shall be appointed for overlap-ping terms of five years, so that one term expires each year, or until their successors have been appointed and have qualified. Any vacancy in the office of an appointed member of the commission shall be filled by appoint-ment by the governor for the unexpired term of the appointed member whose office shall be vacant.

The ex officio members of the commission shall receive no salary or remuneration for their services as such but they shall be reimbursed, out of moneys appropriated for such purpose, for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the discharge of their duties as such.

As compensation for his services on the commission, each appointed member shall receive, out of moneys appropriated for such purpose, the sum of seventy-five dollars for each day or substantial portion thereof that he is actually engaged in the work of the commission. Each member shall also be entitled to be reimbursed, out of moneys appropriated for such purpose, for any reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the discharge of his duties as a member of the commission.

At its first meeting the commission shall elect from its membership a chairman, and at the first meeting in each fiscal year thereafter the commission shall elect from its membership a chairman to act during such fiscal year. At similar times the commission shall elect from its membership a vice chairman and appoint a secretary. The secretary need not be a member of the commission. The vice chairman shall preside over the meetings and hearings of the commission in the absence of the chairman. The commission shall appoint and

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employ a director and such personnel as may be required, whose duties shall be defined by the commission and whose compensation, to be fixed by the commission, shall be paid out of the state treasury, upon the requisition of the commission, from moneys appropriated for such purposes.

65 The commission may establish rules for the regulation 66 of its affairs and the conduct of all proceedings before 67 it. All proceedings of the commission shall be entered 68 in a permanently bound record book, properly indexed. 69 and the same shall be carefully preserved. Copies of 70 orders entered by the commission, as well as copies of 71 papers or documents filed with it, or the records of 72 proceedings before the commission, shall be attested by 73 the secretary of the commission. The commission shall 74 meet at such times and places as may be agreed upon 75 by the commissioners, or upon the call of the chairman 76 of the commission or any two commissioners, all of 77 which meetings shall be general meetings for the 78 consideration of any and all matters which may properly come before the commission. 79

§16-20-5. Air pollution control commission — Powers and duties; legal services; rules; public hearings.

- (a) The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:
- 3 (1) To develop ways and means for the regulation and control of pollution of the air of the state;
 - (2) To advise, consult and cooperate with other agencies of the state, political subdivisions of the state, other states, agencies of the federal government, industries, and with affected groups in furtherance of the declared purposes of this article;
 - (3) To encourage and conduct such studies and research relating to air pollution and its control and abatement as the commission may deem advisable and necessary;
- 14 (4) To promulgate legislative rules in accordance with 15 the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code not 16 inconsistent with the provisions of this article, relating

- to the control of air pollution: Provided. That no rule of the commission shall specify a particular manufacturer of equipment nor a single specific type of construction nor a particular method of compliance except as specifically required by the "Federal Clean Air Act." as amended, nor shall any such rule apply to any aspect of an employer-employee relationship: Provided, however, That no legislative rule or program of the commission hereafter adopted shall be any more stringent than any federal rule or program except to the limited extent that the commission first makes a specific written finding for any such departure that there exists scientifically supportable evidence for such rule or program reflecting factors unique to West Virginia or some area thereof:
 - (5) To enter orders requiring compliance with the provisions of this article and the rules lawfully promulgated hereunder;
 - (6) To consider complaints, subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, make investigations and hold hearings relevant to the promulgation of rules and the entry of compliance orders hereunder;
 - (7) To encourage voluntary cooperation by municipalities, counties, industries and others in preserving the purity of the air within the state;
 - (8) To employ personnel, including specialists and consultants, purchase materials and supplies, and enter into contracts necessary, incident or convenient to the accomplishment of the purpose of this article;
 - (9) To enter and inspect any property, premise or place on or at which a source of air pollutants is located or is being constructed, installed or established at any reasonable time for the purpose of ascertaining the state of compliance with this article and rules in force pursuant thereto. No person shall refuse entry or access to any authorized representative of the commission who requests entry for purposes of inspection, and who presents appropriate credentials; nor shall any person obstruct, hamper or interfere with any such inspection: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this article shall be

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- 57 construed to allow a search of a private dwelling, 58 including the curtilage thereof, without a proper 59 warrant;
 - (10) Upon reasonable evidence of a violation of this article, which presents an imminent and serious hazard to public health, to give notice to the public or to that portion of the public which is in danger by any and all appropriate means;
 - (11) To cooperate with, receive and expend money from the federal government and other sources; and the commission may cooperate with any public or private agency or person and receive therefrom and on behalf of the state gifts, donations, and contributions, which shall be deposited to the credit of the "Air Pollution Education and Environment Fund" which is hereby created in the state treasury. The moneys collected pursuant to this article which are directed to be deposited in the air pollution education and environment fund must be deposited in a separate account in the state treasury and expenditures for purposes set forth in this article are not authorized from collection but are to be made only in accordance with appropriation and in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and upon fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of this code. Amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for the purposes set forth in this article may be transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of the Legislature;
 - (12) To represent the state in any and all matters pertaining to plans, procedures and negotiations for interstate compacts in relation to the control of air pollution;
 - (13) To appoint advisory councils from such areas of the state as it may determine. The members shall possess some knowledge and interest in matters pertaining to the regulation, control and abatement of air pollution. The council may advise and consult with the commission about all matters pertaining to the regula-

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tion, control and abatement of air pollution within sucharea;

- (14) To require any and all persons who are directly or indirectly discharging air pollutants into the air to file with the commission such information as the director may require in a form or manner prescribed by him for such purpose, including, but not limited to, location, size and height of discharge outlets, processes employed, fuels used and the nature and time periods of duration of discharges. Such information shall be filed with the director, when and in such reasonable time, and in such manner as the director may prescribe;
- (15) To require the owner or operator of any stationary source discharging air pollutants to install such monitoring equipment or devices as the director may prescribe and to submit periodic reports on the nature and amount of such discharges to the commission;
- (16) To do all things necessary and convenient to prepare and submit a plan or plans for the implementation, maintenance and enforcement of the "Federal Clean Air Act," as amended: Provided, That in preparing and submitting each such plan the commission shall establish in such plan that such standard shall be first achieved, maintained and enforced by limiting and controlling emissions of pollutants from commercial and industrial sources and locations and shall only provide in such plans for limiting and controlling emissions of pollutants from private dwellings and the curtilage thereof as a last resort: Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect plans for achievement, maintenance and enforcement of motor vehicle emission standards and of standards for fuels used in dwellings:
- (17) Whenever the commission achieves informally, by letter, or otherwise, an agreement with any person that said person will cease and desist in any act resulting in the discharge of pollutants or do any act to reduce or eliminate such discharge, such agreement shall be embodied in a consent order and entered as, and shall have the same effect as, an order entered after a hearing

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- 137 as provided in section six of this article; and
- 138 (18) To promulgate legislative rules, in accordance
- 139 with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
- 140 providing for the following:
- (A) Procedures and requirements for permit applications and modifications and the review thereof:
- (B) Imposition of permit application fees;
- (C) Establishment of criteria for construction, modification, relocation and operating permits;
- 146 (D) Imposition of permit fees and of certificate fees: 147 Provided, That any person subject to operating permit 148 fees pursuant to section fourteen of this article shall be 149 exempt from imposition of the certificate fee; and
- 150 (E) Imposition of penalties and interest for the 151 nonpayment of fees.

The fees, penalties and interest shall be deposited in 152 153 a special account in the state treasury designated the "Air Pollution Control Commission Fund" which is 154 hereby continued to be appropriated for the sole purpose 155 156 of paying salaries and expenses of the commission and 157 its employees to carry out the provisions of this article: Provided, That the fees, penalties and interest collected 158 for operating permits required by section fourteen of 159 160 this article shall be expended solely to cover all reasonable direct and indirect costs required to admin-161 ister the operating permit program. The fees collected 162 pursuant to this subdivision must be deposited in a 163 separate account in the state treasury and expenditures 164 for purposes set forth in this article are not authorized 165 from collections but are to be made only in accordance 166 with appropriation and in accordance with the provi-167 sions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and 168 upon fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two. 169 chapter five-a of the code. Amounts collected which are 170 found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for 171 the purposes set forth in this article may be transferred 172 to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other 173

purposes by appropriation of the Legislature: Provided.

however. That for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred

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- ninety-three, expenditures are permitted from collections without appropriation by the Legislature.
 - (19) Receipt of any money by the commission as a result of the entry of any consent order shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the air pollution education and environment fund.
 - (b) The attorney general and his assistants and the prosecuting attorneys of the several counties shall render to the commission without additional compensation such legal services as the commission may require of them to enforce the provisions of this article.
 - (c) No rule of the commission pertaining to the control, reduction or abatement of air pollution shall become effective until after at least one public hearing thereon shall have been held by the commission within the state. Notice to the public of the time and place of any such hearing shall be given by the commission at least thirty days prior to the scheduled date of such hearing by advertisement published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be in at least one county in each affected air quality control region defined by the commission. A copy of any proposed rule of the commission shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state at least thirty days and not more than sixty days prior to the scheduled date of any such hearing. Full opportunity to be heard shall be accorded to all persons in attendance and any person, whether or not in attendance at such hearing, may submit in writing his views with respect to any such rule to the commission within thirty days after such hearing. After such thirty-day period, no views or comments shall be received in writing or otherwise, unless formally solicited by the commission. The proceedings at the hearing before the commission shall be recorded by mechanical means or otherwise as may be prescribed by the commission. Such record of proceedings need not be transcribed unless requested by an interested party in which event the prevailing rates for such transcripts will be required from such interested party.

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§16-20-6. Issuance of cease and desist orders by director; service; permit suspension, modification and revocation; appeals to commission; hearings, subpoenas, etc.; orders and findings of commission.

If, from any investigation made by him or from any complaint filed with him, the director shall be of the opinion that a person is violating the provisions of this article, or any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, he shall make and enter an order directing such person to cease and desist such activity. The director shall fix a reasonable time in such order by which such activity must stop or be prevented. The order shall contain the findings of fact upon which the director determined to make and enter such order.

If, after any investigation made by him, or his designated representative, or from any complaint filed with him, the director shall be of the opinion that a permit holder is violating the provisions of this article, or any rules or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any order of the director, or any provision of a permit, the director may issue notice of intent to suspend, modify or revoke and reissue such permit. Upon notice of the director's intent to suspend, modify or revoke a permit, the permit holder may request a conference with the director to show cause why the permit should not be suspended, modified or revoked. The request for conference must be received by the director within fifteen days following receipt of notice. After conference or fifteen days after issuance of notice of intent, if no conference is requested, the director may enter an order suspending, modifying or revoking the permit and send notice to the permit holder. Such order shall be considered a cease and desist order for purposes of administrative and judicial review and shall contain findings of fact upon which the director determined to make and enter such order. If an appeal of the director's order is filed, the order of the director shall be stayed from the date of issuance pending a final decision of the commission.

The director shall cause a copy of any such order to

be served upon such person by registered or certified mail or by any proper law-enforcement officer.

Any person upon whom a copy of such final order has been served may appeal such order to the air pollution control commission in the following manner except as otherwise provided in this section. The person so appealing shall be known as the appellant and the director shall be known as the appellee. Such appeal shall be perfected by filing a notice of appeal, on the form prescribed by the commission for such purpose, with the commission within fifteen days after the date upon which the appellant received a copy of the order. The notice of appeal shall set forth the order complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. Upon motion of the appellant, the commission may, by informal conference at which the appellant may be present and held no later than five business days after issuance of an order, stay the effect of the order complained of until final determination thereof is made by the commission. A copy of the notice of appeal shall be filed by the commission with the director within eight days after the notice of appeal is filed with the commission.

Within seven days after receipt of his copy of the notice of appeal, the director shall prepare and certify to the commission a complete record of the proceedings out of which the appeal arises, including all documents and correspondence in the director's file relating to the matter in question. The commission shall hear the appeal de novo, and evidence may be offered on behalf of the appellant and appellee.

All of the pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall apply to and govern the hearing on appeal authorized by the provisions of this section and the administrative procedures in connection with and following such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of said article five were set forth in extenso in this section, except that any such appeal hearing shall be held in the county wherein the alleged statutory air pollution complained of originated or as agreed to among the parties.

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Any such appeal hearing shall be conducted by a quorum of the commission. For the purpose of conducting any such appeal hearing, any member of the commission and the secretary thereof shall have the power and authority to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in the name of the commission, in accordance with the provisions of section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. All subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall be issued and served within the time and for the fees and shall be enforced, as specified in section one, article five of said chapter twenty-nine-a, and all of the said section one provisions dealing with subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall apply to subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued for the purpose of an appeal hearing hereunder.

Any such hearing shall be held within thirty days after the date upon which the commission received the timely notice of appeal, unless there is a postponement or continuance. The commission may postpone or continue any hearing on its own motion, or upon application of the appellant or the appellee for good cause shown. The director shall be represented at any such hearing by the attorney general or his assistants. At any such hearing the appellant may represent himself or be represented by an attorney at law admitted to practice before any circuit court of this state.

After such hearing and consideration of all of the testimony, evidence and record in the case, the commission shall make and enter an order affirming, modifying or vacating the order of the director, or shall make and enter such order as the director should have entered.

Such order shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and a copy of such order and accompanying findings and conclusions shall be served upon the appellant, and his attorney of record, if any, and upon the appellee in person or by registered or certified mail. The order of the commission shall be final unless vacated or modified upon judicial review thereof in accordance with the 119 provisions of section seven of this article.

§16-20-7. Appeals from orders of commission.

Any person whose interest shall have been substan-1 2 tially affected by an order of the commission may appeal 3 from such order or decision by filing with the commis-4 sion a written notice of appeal. Such notice shall be filed 5 within thirty days from the date notice of the order or 6 decision of the commission was given to such person, and 7 shall be signed by him or his attorney. Within thirty 8 days from the receipt of the notice of appeal, the 9 commission shall prepare and forward to the appellant 10 or his attorney a copy of a full transcript of the 11 proceedings, together with a copy of the order or 12 decision of the commission and a copy of the notice of 13 appeal, and at the same time shall file a transcript of 14 the proceedings before the commission and the other 15 documents mentioned above with the clerk of the circuit 16 court herein designated. All documents shall be duly 17 certified by the secretary of the commission. The court shall thereafter have complete jurisdiction of the matter. 18

19 The appeal shall be taken to the circuit court of the 20 county wherein the alleged statutory air pollution 21 complained of originated or in Kanawha County upon 22 agreement between the parties. The court shall fix a 23 time for the hearing of the appeal and shall, after such hearing, without a jury, by order entered of record, 24 25 affirm, modify or set aside in whole or in part the order of the commission. The said court shall make findings 26 27 of fact and conclusions of law based upon the transcript 28 of the proceedings before the commission and upon any 29 additional evidence adduced before said court, the right to adduce such additional evidence being hereby 30 31 reserved to the commission or to any person substan-32 tially affected by the order of the commission. In the event the circuit court shall affirm or modify the 33 34 commission's order that a statutory air pollution exists 35 under the provisions of this article, the order of the court shall specify that such pollution shall be corrected 36 within a reasonable period of time to be fixed therein. 37 The commission or any person whose interests shall have 38 been substantially affected by the final order of the 39

40 circuit court may appeal to the supreme court of appeals
41 in the manner prescribed by law.

Any order appealed to the commission, the circuit court or to the supreme court shall have full force and effect during the pendency of the appeal except the order may be stayed within the full discretion of the commission or the respective court based upon considerations as provided by general law.

§16-20-8. Penalties; recovery and disposition; duties of prosecuting attorneys.

1 (a) Any person who violates any provision of this 2 article, any permit or any rule or order issued pursuant 3 to this article shall be subject to a civil penalty not to 4 exceed ten thousand dollars for each day of such 5 violation, which penalty shall be recovered in a civil 6 action brought by the commission in the name of the 7 state of West Virginia in the circuit court of any county 8 wherein such person resides or is engaged in the activity 9 complained of or in the circuit court of Kanawha 10 County. The amount of the penalty shall be fixed by the 11 court without a jury: Provided, That any such person 12 shall not be subject to such civil penalties unless such 13 person shall have been given written notice thereof by the director: Provided, however, That for the first such 14 15 minor violation, if such person corrects the violation 16 within such time as was specified in the notice of 17 violation issued by the director, no such civil penalty 18 may be recovered: Provided further. That if such person 19 fails to correct such minor violation or for any serious 20 or subsequent serious or minor violation, such person shall be subject to civil penalties imposed pursuant to 21 22 this section from the first day of such violation notwith-23 standing the date of the issuance or receipt of the notice of violation. The commission shall, by rule and regula-24 tion subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a 25 of this code, determine the definitions of serious and 26 27 minor violations. The amount of any such penalty collected by the commission shall be deposited in the 28 general revenue of the state treasury according to law. 29

(b) (1) Any person who knowingly misrepresents any

- 31 material fact in an application, record, report, plan or 32 other document filed or required to be maintained under 33 the provisions of this article or any rules promulgated 34 by the commission thereunder is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 35 36 more than twenty-five thousand dollars or imprisoned in 37 the county jail not more than six months or both fined 38 and imprisoned.
- 39 (2) Any person who knowingly violates any provision 40 of this article, any permit or any rule or order issued 41 pursuant to this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, 42 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than 43 twenty-five thousand dollars for each day of such 44 violation or imprisoned in the county jail not more than 45 one year or both fined and imprisoned.
- (c) Upon a request in writing from the commission, it shall be the duty of the attorney general and the prosecuting attorney of the county in which any such action for penalties accruing under this section or section nine of this article may be brought to institute and prosecute all such actions on behalf of the commission.
- 53 (d) For the purpose of this section, violations on separate days shall be considered separate offenses.

§16-20-12. Records, reports, data or information; confidentiality; proceedings upon request to inspect or copy.

All air quality data, emission data, permits, com-1 pliance schedules, commission orders and any other 2 information required by a federal implementation 3 program (all for convenience hereinafter referred to in 4 this section as "records, reports, data or information") 5 obtained under this article shall be available to the 6 public, except that upon a showing satisfactory to the 7 director, by any person, that records, reports, data or 8 9 information or any particular part thereof, to which the director has access under this article if made public, 10 would divulge methods or processes entitled to protec-11 tion as trade secrets of such person, the director shall 12 consider such records, reports, data or information or 13

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such particular portion thereof confidential: Provided, That such confidentiality shall not apply to the types and amounts of air pollutants discharged and that such records, reports, data or information may be disclosed to other officers, employees or authorized representatives of the state or of the federal environment protection agency concerned with enforcing this article, the federal Clean Air Act, as amended, or the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended, when relevant to any official proceedings thereunder: Provided, however, That such officers, employees or authorized representatives of the state or federal environmental protection agency protect such records, reports, data or information to the same degree required of the director by this section. The commission shall promulgate legislative rules regarding the protection of records, reports, data or information, or trade secrets, as required by this section.

All requests to inspect or copy documents must state with reasonable specificity the documents or type of documents sought to be inspected or copied. Within five business days of the receipt of such a request, the director or his designate shall: (a) Advise the person making such request of the time and place at which he may inspect and copy the documents; or (b) deny the request, stating in writing the reasons for such denial. For purposes of judicial appeal, a written denial by the director or his designate shall be deemed an exhaustion of administrative remedies. Any person whose request for information is denied in whole or in part may appeal from such denial by filing with the director a notice of appeal. Such notice shall be filed within thirty days from the date the request for information was denied, and shall be signed by the person whose request was denied or his attorney. The appeal shall be taken to the circuit court of Kanawha County, where it shall be heard without a jury. The scope of review shall be limited to the question of whether the records, reports, data or other information, or any particular part thereof (other than emission data), sought to be inspected or copied, would, if made public, divulge methods or processes entitled to protection as trade secrets. The said

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56 court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law 57 based upon the evidence and testimony. The director, 58 the person whose request was denied, or any other 59 person whose interest shall have been substantially 60 affected by the final order of the circuit court may 61 appeal to the supreme court of appeals in the manner 62 prescribed by law.

§16-20-13. Construction, modification or relocation permits required for stationary sources of air pollutants.

No person shall construct, modify or relocate any stationary source of air pollutants without first obtaining a construction, modification or relocation permit as hereinafter provided.

The commission shall by rule and regulation specify the class or categories of stationary sources to which this section shall apply. Application for permits shall be made upon such form, in such manner, and within such time as the rule and regulation shall prescribe and shall include such information, as in the judgment of the director, will enable him to determine whether such source will be so designed as to operate in conformance with the provisions of this article or any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

The director shall, within a reasonable time not to exceed twelve months for major sources, as defined by the commission, and six months for all other sources after the receipt of a complete application, issue such permit unless he determines that the proposed construction, modification or relocation will not be in accordance with this article or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, in which case he shall issue an order for the prevention of such construction, modification or relocation.

For the purposes of this section, a modification is deemed to be any physical change in, or change in the method of operation of, a stationary source which increases the amount of any air pollutant discharged by such source above a de minimis level set by the commission.

§16-20-14. Operating permits required for stationary sources of air pollution.

1 No person may operate a stationary source of air 2 pollutants without first obtaining an operating permit 3 as hereinafter provided. The commission shall promul-4 gate legislative rules, in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, which specify classes or 5 6 categories of stationary sources which shall be required to obtain an operating permit. The legislative rule shall 7 8 provide for the form and content of the application 9 procedure including time limitations for obtaining the 10 required permits. Any person who has filed a timely and 11 complete application for a permit or renewal thereof required by this section, and who is abiding by the 12 13 requirements of this article and the rules promulgated 14 pursuant thereto, shall be deemed to be in compliance 15 with the requirements of this article and any regulation 16 promulgated thereunder until a permit is issued or 17 denied. Any legislative rule promulgated pursuant to 18 the authority granted by this section shall be equivalent 19 to and consistent with rules and regulations adopted by 20 the administrator of United States environmental protection agency pursuant to Title IV and Title V of 21 the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §7651 22 et seq. and 42 U.S.C. §7661 et seq., respectively: 23 24 Provided, That such legislative rule may deviate from 25 the federal rules and regulations where a deviation is appropriate to implement the policy and purpose of this 26 27 article taking into account such factors unique to West 28 Virginia.

§16-20-15. Consolidation of permits.

For permits required by sections thirteen and fourteen of this article, the commission may incorporate the required permits with an existing permit or consolidate the required permits into a single permit.

§16-20-16. Administrative review of permit actions.

Any person whose interest may be affected, including, but not necessarily limited to the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process,

4 by a permit issued, modified or denied by the director

- 5 may appeal such action of the director to the commission 6
 - pursuant to section six of this article.

§16-20-17. Judicial review of permits and denials.

- 1 Any person whose interest may be affected, including,
- 2 but not necessarily limited to, the applicant and any
- 3 person who participated in the public comment process
- or the administrative review process, by an order issued 4
- by the commission pursuant to section sixteen of this
- 6 article, may appeal such order to the circuit court of
 - Kanawha County pursuant to section seven of this
- 8 article.

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§16-20-18. Motor vehicle pollution, inspection and maintenance.

- (a) As the state of knowledge and technology relating 1 2 to the control of emissions from motor vehicles may 3 permit or make appropriate, and in furtherance of the purposes of this article, the commission may provide by 4 legislative rule for the control of emissions from motor 5 6 vehicles. Such legislative rule may prescribe require-7 ments for the installation and use of equipment designed 8 to reduce or eliminate emissions and for the proper 9 maintenance of such equipment and of vehicles. Any 10 legislative rule pursuant to this section shall be 11 consistent with provisions of federal law, if any, relating 12 to control of emissions from the vehicles concerned. The 13 commission shall not require, as a condition precedent 14 to the initial sale of a vehicle or vehicular equipment, 15 the inspection, certification or other approval of any 16 feature or equipment designed for the control of emissions from motor vehicles, if such feature or 17 18 equipment has been certified, approved, or otherwise 19 authorized pursuant to federal law.
 - (b) Except as permitted or authorized by law or legislative rule, no person shall fail to maintain in good working order or remove, dismantle, or otherwise cause to be inoperative any equipment or feature constituting an operational element of the air pollution control system or mechanism of a motor vehicle required by rules and regulations of the commission to be maintained in or on the vehicle. Any such failure to maintain

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- 28 in good working order or removal, dismantling, or 29 causing of inoperability shall subject the owner or 30 operator to suspension or cancellation of the registration for the vehicle by the department of transportation, 31 division of motor vehicles. The vehicle shall not thereaf-32 33 ter be eligible for registration until all parts and equipment constituting operational elements of the 34 35 motor vehicle have been restored, replaced or repaired 36 and are in good working order.
 - (c) The department of transportation, division of motor vehicles, department of administration, information and communication services division, and the department of public safety shall make available technical information and records to the commission to implement the legislative rule regarding motor vehicle pollution, inspection and maintenance. The commission shall promulgate a legislative rule establishing motor vehicle pollution, inspection and maintenance standards and imposing an inspection fee at a rate sufficient to implement the motor vehicle inspection program.
- (d) The commission shall promulgate a legislative rule 48 49 requiring maintenance of features of equipment in or on motor vehicles for the purpose of controlling emissions 50 therefrom, and no motor vehicle may be issued a 51 division of motor vehicles registration certificate, or the 52 existing registration certificate shall be revoked, unless 53 the motor vehicle has been found to be in compliance 54 55 with the commission's legislative rule.
- (e) The remedies and penalties provided in section eighteen of this article and section one, article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code, shall apply to violations hereof, and no provisions of sections eight or nine of this article shall apply thereto.
- 61 (f) As used in this section "motor vehicle" shall have 62 the same meaning as in chapter seventeen-c of this code.

§16-20-19. Small business environmental compliance assistance program, compliance advisory panel.

1 The secretary of the department of commerce, labor,

- 2 and environmental resources shall establish a small
- 3 business stationary source technical and environmental
- 4 compliance assistance program which meets the re-
- 5 quirements of Title V of the Clean Air Act Amendments
- 6 of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §7661 et seq. A compliance advisory
- 7 panel composed of seven members appointed as follows
- 8 shall be created to periodically review the effectiveness
- 9 and results of this assistance program:
- 10 (a) Two members who are not owners, nor represen-
- 11 tatives of owners, of small business stationary sources,
- 12 selected by the governor to represent the general public;
- 13 (b) One member selected by the speaker of the House
- 14 of Delegates who is an owner or who represents owners
- 15 of small business stationary sources;
- 16 (c) One member selected by the minority leader of the
- 17 House of Delegates who is an owner or who represents
- 18 owners of small business stationary sources;
- 19 (d) One member selected by the president of the
- 20 Senate who is an owner or who represents owners of
- 21 small business stationary sources;
- 22 (e) One member selected by the minority leader of the
- 23 Senate who is an owner or who represents owners of
- 24 small business stationary sources;
- 25 (f) One member selected by the commission to
- 26 represent the commission.

§16-20-20. Severability.

- 1 The provisions of this article are severable and if any
- 2 provision, section or part thereof shall be held invalid,
- 3 unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or
- 4 circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or
- 5 inapplicability shall not affect or impair any of the
- 6 remaining provisions, sections or parts of the article or
- 7 their application to him or to other persons and
- 8 circumstances. It is hereby declared to be the legislative
 9 intent that this article would have been adopted if such
- 10 invalid or unconstitutional provision, section or part had
- 10 invalid or unconstitutional provision, section or part is

CHAPTER 10

(H. B. 4494—By Delegates Cerra and Walker)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four and nine, article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend section twenty-three, article three, chapter seventeen-a of said code; and to amend and reenact sections two and three, article eight, chapter sixty of said code, relating to alcohol beverage control special investigators; registration plates for vehicles operated by inspectors of the office of the alcohol beverage control commissioner; and requiring caterers and party supply stores to obtain licenses for the sale of beer and wine.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four and nine, article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section twenty-three, article three, chapter seventeen-a of said code be amended and reenacted; and that sections two and three, article eight, chapter sixty of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 17A. Motor Vehicle Administration, Registration, Certificate of Title, and Antitheft Provisions.
- 60. Alcohol Beverage Control Act.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 16. NONINTOXICATING BEER.

- §11-16-4. Responsibility of alcohol beverage control commissioner; administrators, employees and agents; administration and enforcement expenses.
- §11-16-9. Amount of license tax: Class A and Class B retail dealers; purchase and sale of nonintoxicating beer permitted; distributors; brewers; brewpubs.

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§11-16-4. Responsibility of alcohol beverage control commissioner; administrators, employees and agents; administration and enforcement expenses.

(a) The alcohol beverage control commissioner described under the provisions of article two, chapter sixty of this code shall have sole responsibility for the administration of this article, except for those responsibilities expressly vested in the tax commissioner under sections thirteen, fourteen and fifteen of this article.

All acts heretofore performed by the nonintoxicating beer commissioner under previous proceedings of this article are hereby again ratified and confirmed, and the commissioner shall succeed to the same position previously maintained by the nonintoxicating beer commissioner in all proceedings and official acts instituted and perfected under the provisions of this article prior to the effective date of this section.

(b) The commissioner shall appoint an adequate number of competent persons to serve as administrators. employees and agents of the commissioner for the purpose of keeping all necessary accounts and records required under the provisions of this article; investigating the books, accounts, records and other papers of retailers, distributors and brewers; investigating applicants for license and the places of business of retailers, distributors and brewers; procuring evidence with respect to violations of the provisions of this article, and particularly for use at hearings held by the commissioner and on proceedings instituted in court for the purpose of revoking or suspending licenses hereunder; and such administrators, employees and agents shall perform such other duties as the commissioner may direct. Such administrators, employees and agents shall have the right to enter any licensed premises in the state in the performance of their duties at any hour of the day or night when beer is being sold or consumed on such licensed premises. Refusal by any licensee or by any employee of a licensee to permit such administrators, employees or agents to enter the licensed premises shall be an additional cause for revocation or suspension

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- of the license of such licensee by the commissioner. The compensation of such administrators, employees and agents shall be fixed by the commissioner: *Provided*, That the commissioner may employ up to eleven special investigators who shall be nonclassified exempt employees of the division.
 - (c) Services rendered the state by clerks, sheriffs, commissioners in chancery and special commissioners, designated by the court, and court reporters and stenographers performing services for said commissioner and fees of witnesses summoned on behalf of the state in proceedings to revoke or suspend retailer's licenses shall be treated as part of the expenses of administration and enforcement, and such officers and said other persons shall be paid the same fees and charges as would be chargeable for like services performed for an individual; and the compensation of such clerks, sheriffs and other persons shall be paid out of the amount allocated for the expense of administration enforcement, after the amount of such fees and other charges shall be certified by the court to the auditor.

§11-16-9. Amount of license tax; Class A and Class B retail dealers; purchase and sale of nonintoxicating beer permitted; distributors; brewers; brewpubs.

There is hereby levied and imposed an annual license 1 tax upon all dealers in and of nonintoxicating beer as 2 defined by this article, which license period shall begin 3 on the first day of July of each year and end on the 4 thirtieth day of June of the following year, and, if 5 granted for a less period, the same shall be computed 6 semiannually in proportion to the remainder of the fiscal 7 8 vear as follows:

9 (1) Retail dealers shall be divided into two classes, 10 Class A and Class B. In the case of a Class A retail 11 dealer the license fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars 12 for each place of business; the license fee for social, 13 fraternal or private clubs not operating for profit, and 14 having been in continuous operation for two years or

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more immediately preceding the date of application, shall be one hundred fifty dollars: *Provided*, That railroads operating in this state may dispense nonintoxicating beer upon payment of an annual license tax of ten dollars for each dining, club or buffet car in which the same is dispensed.

Class A licenses issued for railroad dining, club or buffet cars, as herein provided, shall authorize the licensee to sell nonintoxicating beer at retail for consumption only on the licensed premises where sold. All other Class A licenses shall authorize the licensee to sell nonintoxicating beer at retail for consumption on or off the licensed premises.

In the case of a Class B retailer, the fee for a Class B license authorizing the sale of both chilled and unchilled beer shall be one hundred fifty dollars for each place of business. A Class B license shall authorize the licensee to sell nonintoxicating beer at retail in bottles. cans or other sealed containers only, and only for consumption off the licensed premises. Sales under this license to any person at any one time must be in less quantities than five gallons: Provided, That a Class B retailer may sell to a consumer, for personal use and not for resale, draught beer in quantities of one-eighth, onefourth and one-half barrels in the original containers. Such license may be issued only to the proprietor or owner of a grocery store. For the purpose of this article the term "grocery store" means and includes any retail establishment commonly known as a grocery store or delicatessen and caterer or party supply store, where food or food products are sold for consumption off the premises, and shall include and mean a separate and segregated portion of any other retail store which is dedicated solely to the sale of food, food products and supplies for the table for consumption off the premises. The commissioner may promulgate legislative rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code necessary to carry this provision into effect. Caterers or party supply stores will be required to purchase the appropriate licenses from the alcohol beverage control administration.

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- 56 (2) In the case of distributors, the license fee shall be one thousand dollars for each place of business.
- 58 (3) In the case of a brewer with its principal place 59 of business located in this state, the license fee shall be 60 one thousand five hundred dollars for each place of 61 manufacture.
- 62 (4) In the case of a brewpub, the license fee shall be one thousand dollars for each place of manufacture.

CHAPTER 17A. MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATE OF TITLE, AND ANTITHEFT PROVISIONS.

ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION; ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.

§17A-3-23. Registration plates to state, county, municipal and other governmental vehicles.

1 Any motor vehicle designed to carry passengers, 2 owned or leased by the state of West Virginia, or any 3 of its departments, bureaus, commissions or institutions, except vehicles used by the governor, treasurer, vehicles 4 operated by the department of public safety, not to 5 6 exceed six vehicles operated by conservation officers of 7 the division of natural resources, not to exceed ten 8 vehicles operated by the arson investigators of the office of state fire marshal, and not to exceed sixteen vehicles 9 operated by inspectors of the office of the alcohol 10 11 beverage control commissioner, shall not be operated or driven by any person unless it shall have displayed and 12 attached to the front thereof, in the same manner as 13 14 regular motor vehicle registration plates are attached. 15 a plate of the same size as the regular registration plate. 16 with white lettering on a green background bearing the words "West Virginia" in one line and the words "State 17 Car" in another line, and the lettering for the words 18 "State Car" shall be of sufficient size to be plainly 19 20 readable from a distance of one hundred feet during 21 daylight.

Such vehicle shall also have attached to the rear a

plate bearing a number and such other words and

figures as the commissioner of motor vehicles shall

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62 63 prescribe. The rear plate shall also be green with the number in white.

On registration plates issued to vehicles owned by counties, the color shall be white on red with the word "County" on top of the plate and the words "West Virginia" on the bottom. On any registration plates issued to a city or municipality, the color shall be white on blue with the word "City" on top, and the words "West Virginia" on the bottom. The colors may not be reversed and shall be of reflectorized material. The commissioner is hereby authorized to designate the colors and design of any other registration plates that are issued without charge to any other agency in accordance with the motor vehicle laws. The registration plates issued to counties, municipalities and other governmental agencies authorized to receive colored plates hereunder shall be affixed to both the front and rear of such vehicles: Provided, That upon application and payment of fees, the commissioner is hereby authorized to issue a maximum of five Class A license plates per applicant to be used by county sheriffs and municipalities on law-enforcement vehicles while engaged in undercover investigations.

No other registration plate shall be issued for, or attached to, any such state-owned vehicle.

The commissioner of motor vehicles shall have a sufficient number of both front and rear plates produced to attach to all state-owned cars. The numbered registration plates for such vehicles shall start with the number "five hundred" and the commissioner shall issue consecutive numbers for all state-owned cars.

It shall be the duty of each office, department, bureau, commission or institution furnished any such vehicle to have such plates affixed thereto prior to the operation of such vehicle by any official or employee.

Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

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64 Magistrates shall have concurrent jurisdiction with

65 circuit and criminal courts for the enforcement of this

66 section.

CHAPTER 60. ALCOHOL BEVERAGE CONTROL ACT.

ARTICLE 8. SALE OF WINES.

§60-8-2. Definitions.

§60-8-3. Licenses; fees; general restrictions.

§60-8-2. Definitions.

Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:

3 "Commissioner" or "commission" means the West Virginia alcohol beverage control commissioner.

"Distributor" means any person whose principal place of business is within the state of West Virginia, and who is engaged in selling or distributing wine to retailers or private wine restaurants and selling or distributing port, sherry and Madeira wines to wine specialty shops under authority of this article and actually maintains a warehouse in this state for the distribution of wine.

"Fortified wine" shall mean any wine to which brandy or other alcohol has been added and shall include dessert wines which are not fortified.

"Grocery store" means any retail establishment, commonly known as a grocery store, supermarket, delicatessen, caterer or party supply store, where food, food products and supplies for the table are sold for consumption off the premises with average monthly sales (exclusive of sales of wine) of not less than five hundred dollars and an average monthly inventory (exclusive of inventory of wine) of not less than three thousand dollars. The term "grocery store" shall also include and mean a separate and segregated portion of any other retail store which is dedicated solely to the sale of food, food products and supplies for the table for consumption off the premises with average monthly sales with respect to such separate or segregated portion (exclusive of sales of wine) of not less than three thousand dollars and an average monthly inventory

31 (exclusive of inventory of wine) of not less than three 32 thousand dollars.

"Licensee" means the holder of a license granted under the provisions of this article.

"Private wine restaurant" means a restaurant which: (1) Is a partnership, limited partnership, corporation, unincorporated association or other business entity which has as its principal purpose the business of serving meals on its premises to its members and their guests; (2) is licensed under the provisions of this article as to all of its premises or as to a separate segregated portion of its premises to serve wine to its members and their guests when such sale accompanies the serving of food or meals; and (3) admits only duly elected and approved dues paying members and their guests while in the company of a member, and does not admit the general public.

"Retailer" means any person licensed to sell wine at retail to the public at his established place of business for off-premises consumption and who is licensed to do so under authority of this article.

"Supplier" means any manufacturer, producer, processor, distributor or supplier of wine who sells or offers to sell or solicits or negotiates the sale of wine to any licensed West Virginia distributor.

"Tax" includes within its meaning interest, additions to tax and penalties.

"Taxpayer" means any person liable for any tax, interest, additions to tax or penalty under the provisions of this article and any person claiming a refund of tax.

"Varietal wine" means any wine labeled according to the grape variety from which such wine is made.

"Vintage wine" or "vintage-dated wine" means wines from which the grapes used to produce such wine are harvested during a particular year or wines produced from the grapes of a particular harvest in a particular region of production.

"Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the natural fermentation of the natural content of grapes,

other fruits or honey or other agricultural products containing sugar and to which no alcohol has been added and shall include table wine, and shall exclude fortified wine and shall also exclude any product defined as or embraced within the definition of nonintoxicating beer under the provisions of article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code.

"Wine specialty shop" means a retailer who shall deal principally in the sale of table wine, certain fortified wines, wine accessories and food or foodstuffs normally associated with wine and (1) who shall maintain a representative number of such wines for sale in his inventory which are designated by label as varietal wine, vintage, generic and/or according to region of production and the inventory shall contain not less than fifteen percent vintage or vintage-dated wine by actual bottle count and (2) who, any other provisions of this code to the contrary notwithstanding, may maintain an inventory of port, sherry and Madiera wines having an alcoholic content of not more than twenty-two percent alcohol by volume and which have been matured in wooden barrels or casks.

§60-8-3. Licenses; fees; general restrictions.

- (a) Except as to farm wineries as defined by section five-a, article one of this chapter, no person may engage in business in the capacity of a distributor, retailer or private wine restaurant without first obtaining a license from the commissioner, nor shall a person continue to engage in any such activity after his license has expired, been suspended or revoked. No person may be licensed simultaneously as a distributor and a retailer, as a distributor and a private wine restaurant, or as a retailer and a private wine restaurant.
 - (b) The commissioner shall collect an annual fee for licenses issued under this article, as follows:
 - (1) Twenty-five hundred dollars per year for a distributor's license and each separate warehouse or other facility from which a distributor sells, transfers or delivers wine shall be separately licensed and there shall be collected with respect to each such location the

- 18 annual license fee of twenty-five hundred dollars as 19 herein provided.
- 20 (2) One hundred fifty dollars per year for a retailer's license.
 - (3) Fifty dollars per year for a wine tasting license.
 - (4) Fifty dollars for each sales representative of or employed by a licensed distributor.
 - (5) Two hundred fifty dollars per year for a private wine restaurant license, and each separate restaurant from which a licensee sells wine shall be separately licensed and there shall be collected with respect to each such location the annual license fee of two hundred fifty dollars as herein provided.
 - (6) Twenty-five dollars per year for a West Virginia wine retailer's license, and each separate retail outlet from which a West Virginia wine retailer sells West Virginia wine shall be separately licensed and there shall be collected with respect to each such location the annual license fee of twenty-five dollars as herein provided. The holder of such a license may sell no wines except those produced by West Virginia farm wineries as defined by section five-a, article one of this chapter. Except for the amount of the license fee and the restriction to sales of West Virginia wines, a West Virginia wine retailer is subject to all other provisions of this article which are applicable to a retailer as defined in section two of this article.
 - (c) The license period shall begin on the first day of July of each year and end on the thirtieth day of June of the following year, and if granted for a less period, the same shall be computed semiannually in proportion to the remainder of the fiscal year.
 - (d) No retailer may be licensed as a private club as provided by article seven of this chapter.
 - (e) No retailer may be licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer as provided by article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code: *Provided*, That a delicatessen, a caterer or party supply store which is a

grocery store as defined in section two of this article and which is licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer may be a retailer under this article: *Provided*, *however*, That any delicatessen, caterer or party supply store licensed in both such capacities must maintain average monthly sales exclusive of sales of wine and nonintoxicating beer which exceed the average monthly sales of nonintoxicating beer.

- (f) A retailer under this article may also hold a wine tasting license authorizing such retailer to serve complimentary samples of wine in moderate quantities for tasting. Such retailer shall organize a winetaster's club, which has at least fifty duly elected or approved dues paying members in good standing. Such club shall meet on the retailer's premises not more than one time per week and shall either meet at a time when the premises are closed to the general public, or shall meet in a separate segregated facility on the premises to which the general public is not admitted. Attendance at tastings shall be limited to duly elected or approved dues paying members and their guests.
- (g) A retailer who has more than one place of retail business shall obtain a license for each separate retail establishment. A retailer's license may be issued only to the proprietor or owner of a bona fide grocery store or wine specialty shop.
- (h) The commissioner may issue a special license for the retail sale of wine at any festival or fair which is endorsed or sponsored by the governing body of a municipality or a county commission. Such special license shall be issued for a term of no longer than ten consecutive days and the fee therefor shall be two hundred fifty dollars regardless of the term of the license unless the applicant is the manufacturer of said wine on a farm winery as defined in section five-a, article one of this chapter, in which event the fee shall be twenty-five dollars. The application for such license shall contain such information as the commissioner may reasonably require and shall be submitted to the commissioner at least thirty days prior to the first day when wine is to be sold at such festival or fair. A farm

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winery licensed under this subsection may exhibit, conduct tastings, not to exceed a reasonable serving, and may sell wine only for consumption off the premises of such festival or fair. A special license issued other than to a farm winery may be issued to a "wine club" as defined hereinbelow. The festival or fair committee or the governing body shall designate a person to organize a club under a name which includes the name of the festival or fair and the words "wine club". The license shall be issued in the name of the wine club. A licensee may not commence the sale of wine as provided for in this subsection until the wine club has at least fifty dues paying members who have been enrolled and to whom membership cards have been issued. Thereafter, new members may be enrolled and issued membership cards at any time during the period for which the license is issued. A wine club licensed under the provisions of this subsection may sell wine only to its members, and in portions not to exceed eight ounces per serving. Such sales shall take place on premises or in an area cordoned or segregated so as to be closed to the general public. and the general public shall not be admitted to such premises or area. A wine club licensee under the provisions of this subsection shall be authorized to serve complimentary samples of wine in moderate quantities for tasting.

A license issued under the provisions of this subsection and the licensee holding such license shall be subject to all other provisions of this article and the rules, regulations and orders of the commissioner relating to such special license: Provided. That the commissioner may by rule, regulation, or order provide for certain waivers or exceptions with respect to such provisions, rules, regulations, or orders as the circumstances of each such festival or fair may require, including, without limitation, the right to revoke or suspend any license issued pursuant to this section prior to any notice or hearing notwithstanding the provisions of section twelve of this article: Provided, however, That under no circumstances shall the provisions of subsection (c) or (d), section twenty of this article be waived nor shall any exception be granted with respect thereto.

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- A license issued under the provisions of this subsection and the licensee holding such license shall not be subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section.
 - (i) A license to sell wine granted to a private wine restaurant under the provisions of this article entitles the operator to sell and serve wine, for consumption on the premises of the licensee, when such sale accompanies the serving of food or a meal to its members and their guests in accordance with the provisions of this article. Such licensees are authorized to keep and maintain on their premises a supply of wine in such quantities as may be appropriate for the conduct of operations thereof. Any sale of wine so made shall be subject to all restrictions set forth in section twenty of this article. A private wine restaurant may also be licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer as provided by article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code.
 - (j) With respect to subsections (h) and (i) of this section, the commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with regard to the form of the applications, the suitability of both the applicant and location of the licensed premises and such other legislative rules deemed necessary to carry the provisions of such subsections into effect.
 - (k) The commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to allow restaurants to serve West Virginia wine with meals, but not to sell the wine by the bottle. Each restaurant so licensed shall be charged a fee less than that charged for a wine license to a retail outlet, such fees to be set forth in the aforementioned rules promulgated pursuant to this subsection.
- (1) The commissioner shall establish guidelines to permit West Virginia wines to be sold in state stores.
 - (m) Farm wineries as defined in section one-a of this article may advertise off premises as provided in section seven, article twenty-two, chapter seventeen and in any other media, including, but not limited to, newspaper, radio, television, magazines and direct mail solicitation.

CHAPTER 11

(H. B. 4558—By Delegates Reid and Lane)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six-a, article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to allowing county commissions to contract with or reimburse other counties, private associations or societies, or municipalities to provide care, maintenance, control and destruction of dogs and cats.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six-a, article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- §19-20-6a. Authority of county commission to contract with private society, other county or municipality for the care and control of dogs and cats.
 - In addition to the powers granted to county commissions by section six of this article, the county commission
 - 3 of each county may contract with or reimburse any
 - 4 private incorporated society or association, county
 - 5 commission or municipality for the care, maintenance,
 - 6 control or destruction of dogs and cats.

CHAPTER 12

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 20—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley)

[Passed March 14, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor with deletion.]

AN ACT making appropriations of public money out of the treasury in accordance with section fifty-one, article six of the constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Title

- I. General provisions.
- II. Appropriations.
- III. Administration.

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TITLE I-GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §1. General policy.
- **§**2. Definitions.
- §3. Classification of appropriations.
- §4. Method of expenditure.
- §5. Maximum expenditures.

TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- Section 1. General policy.—The purpose of this bill is to appropriate money necessary for the economical and efficient discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the state and its agencies during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.—For the purpose of this bill:
- "Governor" shall mean the governor of the state of 3 West Virginia.
 - "Code" shall mean the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
 - "Spending unit" shall mean the department, division, office, board, commission, agency or institution to which an appropriation is made.
- The "fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-9 three" shall mean the period from July first, one 10 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, through June 11 thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. 12
 - "General revenue fund" shall mean the general operating fund of the state and includes all moneys received or collected by the state except as provided in section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code or as otherwise provided.
 - "Special revenue funds" shall mean specific revenue sources which by legislative enactments are not required to be accounted for as general revenue, including federal funds.
 - "From collections" shall mean that part of the total appropriation which must be collected by the spending unit to be available for expenditure. If the authorized amount of collections is not collected, the total appropriation for the spending unit shall be reduced automat-

ically by the amount of the deficiency in the collections. If the amount collected exceeds the amount designated "from collections," the excess shall be set aside in a special surplus fund and may be expended for the purpose of the spending unit as provided by article two, chapter five-a of the code.

Sec. 3. Classification of appropriations.—An appropriation for:

"Personal services" shall mean salaries, wages and other compensation paid to full-time, part-time and temporary employees of the spending unit but shall not include fees or contractual payments paid to consultants or to independent contractors engaged by the spending unit.

From appropriations made to the spending units of state government, upon approval of the governor there may be transferred to a special account an amount sufficient to match federal funds under any federal act.

Unless otherwise specified, appropriations for personal services shall include salaries of heads of spending units.

"Annual increment" shall mean funds appropriated for "eligible employees" and shall be disbursed only in accordance with article five, chapter five of the code.

Funds appropriated for "annual increment" shall be transferred to "personal services" or other designated items only as required.

"Employee benefits" shall mean social security matching, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, pension and retirement contributions, public employees insurance matching, personnel fees or any other benefit normally paid by the employer as a direct cost of employment. Should the appropriation be insufficient to cover such costs, the remainder of such cost shall be transferred by each spending unit from its "personal services" line item or its "unclassified" line item to its employee benefits line item. If there is no appropriation for "employee benefits," such costs shall be transferred by each spending unit from its "personal

services" line item or its "unclassified" line item. Each spending unit is hereby authorized and required to make such payments in accordance with the provisions of article two, chapter five-a of the code.

Each spending unit shall be responsible for all contributions, payments or other costs related to coverage and claims of its employees for unemployment compensation. Such expenditures shall be considered an employee benefit.

"Current expenses" shall mean operating costs other than personal services and shall not include equipment, repairs and alterations, buildings or lands.

Each spending unit shall be responsible for and charged monthly for all postage meter service and shall reimburse the appropriate revolving fund monthly for all such amounts. Such expenditures shall be considered a current expense.

"Equipment" shall mean equipment items which have an appreciable and calculable period of usefulness in excess of one year.

"Repairs and alterations" shall mean routine maintenance and repairs to structures and minor improvements to property which do not increase the capital assets.

"Buildings" shall include new construction and major alteration of existing structures and the improvement of lands and shall include shelter, support, storage, protection or the improvement of a natural condition.

"Lands" shall mean the purchase of real property or interest in real property.

"Capital outlay" shall mean and include buildings, lands or buildings and lands, with such category or item of appropriation to remain in effect as provided by section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code.

Appropriations classified in any of the above categories shall be expended only for the purposes as defined above and only for the spending units herein designated: *Provided*, That the secretary of each department shall

have the authority to transfer within the department those funds appropriated to the various agencies of the department: Provided, however. That no more than ten percent of the funds appropriated to any one agency or board may be transferred to other agencies or boards within the department: Provided further, That if the Legislature by subsequent enactment consolidates agencies, boards or functions, the secretary may transfer the funds formerly appropriated to such agency, board or function in order to implement such consolidation. No funds may be transferred from a special revenue account, dedicated account, capital expenditure account or any other account or funds specifically exempted by the Legislature from transfer. except that the use of the appropriations from the state road fund transferred to the office of the secretary of the department of transportation is not a use other than the purpose for which such funds were dedicated and is permitted:

Appropriations otherwise classified shall be expended only where the distribution of expenditures for different purposes cannot well be determined in advance or it is necessary or desirable to permit the spending unit the freedom to spend an appropriation for more than one of the above classifications.

Sec. 4. Method of expenditure.—Money appropriated by this bill, unless otherwise specifically directed, shall be appropriated and expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code or according to any law detailing a procedure specifically limiting that article.

Funds of the state of West Virginia not heretofore classified as to purpose and existing within the funds of the treasury shall be determined by the governor and transferred to a special account for the purpose of expenditure as part of the general fund of the state.

Sec. 5. Maximum expenditures.—No authority or requirement of law shall be interpreted as requiring or permitting an expenditure in excess of the appropriations set out in this bill.

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Committee for the Purchase of Commodities and
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Department of Administration—Office of the
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Division of Finance—Acct. No. 2110.
Division of General Services—Acct. No. 2130
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Education and State Employees Grievance Board—Acct. No. 6015
Ethics Commission—Acct. No. 6180
Public Defender Services—Acct. No. 5900
Public Employees Insurance Agency—Acct. No. 6150
Public Employees Retirement System—Acct. No. 6140
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Air Pollution Control Commission—Acet. No. 4760
Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety—Acct. No. 4720.
Coal Mine Safety and Technical Review Committee—Acct. No. 4750
Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental
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Division of Environmental Protection—Acet. No. 4775.
Division of Forestry—Acct. No. 4650
Division of Labor—Acct. No. 4500.
Division of Miners' Health. Safety and Training—Acct. No. 4780
Division of Natural Resources—Acct. No. 5650.
Division of Tourism and Parks—Acct. No. 4625
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Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System—Acct. No. 2800
Board of Trustees of the University System of West
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§13.	Specific funds and collection accounts.
§14.	Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.
§15.	Sinking fund deficiencies.
§16.	Appropriations to pay costs of publication of delinquent corporations.
§17.	Appropriations for local governments.
§18.	Total appropriations.
§19.	General school fund.
310.	53.00.00
	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
1	Section 1 Appropriations from general revenue -

Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.—
From the state fund, general revenue, there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.—In accordance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, from federal funds there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in

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- 5 article two, chapter five-a of the code the following
- 6 amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal
- 7 year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

LEGISLATIVE

1—Senate Acct. No. 1010

		F	ederal 'unds 'iscal Year 992-93	I	General Revenue Fund Fiscal Year 1992-93
1	Compensation of Members	\$		\$	277,000
2	Compensation and Per Diem				
3	of Officers and Employees		-		1,232,000
4	Expenses of Members		-		258,000
5	Repairs and Alterations		_		33,000
6	Current Expenses and				
7	Contingent Fund				561,000
8	Computer Supplies		-		15,000
9	Computer Systems		_		85,000
10	Printing Blue Book		_		150,000
11	Employee Benefits				254,760
12	Total	\$	_	\$	2,865,760

The appropriations for the senate for the fiscal year 1991-92 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1993. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1992-93 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the senate, with the approval of the president, is authorized to draw his or her requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by

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the senate and not included in the appropriation bill, for supplies and services incurred in preparation for the opening, the conduct of the business and after adjournment of any regular or extraordinary session, and for the necessary operation of the senate offices, the requisitions for the same to be accompanied by bills to

be filed with the auditor.

The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during any session of the Legislature as shall be needed in addition to staff personnel authorized by the senate resolution adopted during any such session. The clerk of the senate. with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, the compensation of all staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legislature, notwithstanding any such senate resolution, to be fixed by the president of the senate. The clerk is hereby authorized to draw his or her requisitions upon the auditor for the payment of all such staff personnel for such services, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate.

For duties imposed by law and by the senate, the clerk of the senate shall be paid a monthly salary as provided by the senate resolution, unless increased between sessions under the authority of the president, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate.

The distribution of the blue book shall be by the office of the clerk of the senate and shall include seventy-five copies for each member of the Legislature and two copies for each classified and approved high school and junior high school and one copy for each elementary school within the state.

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2-House of Delegates

Acct. No. 1020

1	Compensation of Members \$	_	\$ 898,478
2	Compensation and Per Diem		
3	of Officers and Employees		583,531
4	Expenses of Members		633,825
5	Current Expenses and		
6	Contingent Fund		1,495,427
7	Total \$	_	\$ 3,611,261

The appropriations for the house of delegates for the fiscal year 1991-92 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1993. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1992-93 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the house of delegates, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of that total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval of the speaker, is authorized to draw his or her requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the house of delegates and not included in the appropriation bill, for bills for services and supplies incurred in preparation for the opening of the session and after adjournment, and for the necessary operation of the house of delegates' offices, the requisitions for the same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the auditor.

The speaker of the house of delegates, upon approval of the house committee on rules, shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, in addition to personnel designated in the house resolution, and the compensation of all personnel shall be as fixed in such house resolution for the session, or fixed by the speaker, with the approval of the house committee on rules, during and between sessions of the Legislature, notwith-

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standing such house resolution. The clerk of the house is hereby authorized to draw requisitions upon the auditor for such services, payable out of the appropriation for the Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees Fund or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates.

For duties imposed by law and by the house of delegates, including salary allowed by law as keeper of the rolls, the clerk of the house of delegates shall be paid a monthly salary as provided in the house resolution, unless increased between sessions under the authority of the speaker, with the approval of the house committee on rules, and payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates.

3—Joint Expenses

(WV Code Chapter 4)

Acct. No. 1030

1	Joint Committee on			
2	Government and Finance	\$ -	- \$	4,258,041
3	Legislative Printing	· -	-	891,000
4	Legislative Rule-Making			
5	Review Committee	_	_	178,800
6	Legislative Computer			
7	System	_	_	554,059
8	Joint Standing Committee			
9	on Education	-	-	44,360
10	Joint Commission on Voca-			
11	tional-Technical-Occupa-			
12	tional Education			50,000
13	Total	β -	- \$	5,976,260
14	The appropriation for Join			
15	year 1991-92 is to remain in			
16	is hereby reappropriated to Ju			
17	so reappropriated may be tra	ansferre	d and	credited to

Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate, with the approval of the president of the senate, and the

the 1992-93 accounts.

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- 21 clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval of the
- 22 speaker of the house of delegates, and a copy to the
- 23 legislative auditor, the auditor shall transfer amounts
- 24 between items of the total appropriation in order to
- 25 protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

JUDICIAL

4-Supreme Court-General Judicial

Acct. No. 1110

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 21,668,989
2	Annual Increment	· _	200,000
3	Other Expenses	_	2,980,000
4	Judges' Retirement System	_	1,751,093
5	Other Court Costs	_	2,175,000
6	Judicial Training Program		400,000
7	Mental Hygiene Fund	_	700,000
8	Social Security Matching		1,655,020
9	Public Employees'		
10	Retirement Matching	_	1,864,576
11	Public Employees' In-		
12	surance Matching		2,500,000
13	Total	\$	\$ 35,894,678

Any unexpended balances remaining in this appropriation at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1992-93 accounts.

The appropriation shall be administered by the administrative director of the supreme court of appeals, who shall draw his or her requisitions for warrants in payment in the form of payrolls, making deductions therefrom as required by law for taxes and other items.

The appropriation for Judges' Retirement System is to be transferred to the judges' retirement fund, in accordance with the law relating thereto, upon requisition of the administrative director of the supreme court of appeals.

EXECUTIVE

5—Governor's Office

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1200

1	Salary of Governor	\$ _	\$ 72,000
2	Unclassified	+	1,245,667
3	Total	\$	\$ 1,317,667

6-Governor's Office-Custodial Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1230

1	Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 361,651
2	To be used for current general expenses, including
3	T. P.
4	of official functions and additional household expenses
5	occasioned by such official functions.

7—Governor's Office— Civil Contingent Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1240

1	Civil Contingent Fund—
2	Total \$ - \$ 1,792,952
3	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-
4	ation (account no. 1240-06) at the close of the fiscal year
5	1991-92 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure
6	during the fiscal year 1992-93.
7	From this appropriation there may be expended, at
8	the discretion of the governor, an amount not to exceed
9	one thousand dollars as West Virginia's contribution to
10	the interstate oil compact commission.

8—Governor's Office— Center for Professional Development

(WV Code Chapter 18A)

\$ 3,110,796

	Nect. 110. 1249
${ \frac{1}{2} }$	Center for Professional Development—Total \$ - \$ 930,000
3 4 5 6 7	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Center for Professional Development (account no. 1245-10) at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Early Childhood Development (account no. 1245-09) at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93 and redesignated as Governor's Office—Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families (account no. 1255-09).
	9—Governor's Office— Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families
	(WV Code Chapter 5)
	Acct. No. 1255
$\begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$	Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families— Total \$ - \$ 430,000
	10—Auditor's Office— General Administration
	(WV Code Chapter 12)
	Acct. No. 1500
1 2 3 4 5 6	Salary of Auditor \$ - \$ 46,800 Personal Services - 1,494,038 Annual Increment - 29,916 Employee Benefits - 500,042 Office Automation - 500,000 Unclassified - 540,000

11—Treasurer's Office

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1600

1	Salary of Treasurer \$	_	\$ 50,400
2	Personal Services	'	457,610
3	Annual Increment	_	6,048
4	Employee Benefits		136,532
5	Abandoned Property		
6	Program	_	. 200,000
7	Unclassified		228,622
8	Total \$		\$ 1,079,212

12—Attorney General

(WV Code Chapters 5, 14, 46 and 47)

Acct. No. 2400

1	Salary of Attorney General	\$	_	\$	50,400
2	Personal Services				1,787,640
3	Annual Increment		_		12,384
4	Employee Benefits		_		507,342
5	Unclassified		_		648,882
6	Total	\$	_	\$	3,006,648
7	When legal counsel or secre	etari	al help i	s ap	pointed by
8	the attorney general for any	sta	te spend	ding	unit, this
9	account shall be reimbursed	fron	n such s	pend	ding unit's
10	specifically appropriated a	ccou	nt or f	rom	accounts
11	appropriated by general lang	uage	e contair	ned v	within this
12	bill.				

13—Secretary of State

(WV Code Chapters 3, 5 and 59)

1	Salary of Secretary of State	\$ -	\$	43,200
2	Personal Services	-	, .	456,391
3	Annual Increment	_		5,832
4	Employee Benefits	-		160,556
5	Unclassified	-		216,039
6	Total	\$ _	\$	882,018

14—State Elections Commission

(WV Code Chapter 3)

Acct. No. 2600

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 10,616

15—Department of Agriculture

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5100

1	Salary of Commissioner	\$ —	\$	46,800
2	Personal Services	_		1,936,382
3	Annual Increment	_		34,992
4	Employee Benefits	-		744,078
5	Gypsy Moth Program			750,000
6	Unclassified	1,801,656	_	552,434
7	Total	\$ 1,801,656	\$	4,064,686

16—Department of Agriculture— Soil Conservation Committee

(WV Code Chapter 19)

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 337,700
2	Annual Increment		5,364
3	Employee Benefits	_	107,808
4	Soil Conservation Projects	_	-0-
5	Unclassified	 -	304,758
6	Total	\$ _	\$ 755,630

- 7 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-
- 8 ations for Unclassified (account no. 5121-18) and Soil
- 9 Conservation Projects (account no. 5120-20) at the close
- 10 of the fiscal year 1991-92 are hereby reappropriated for
- 11 expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.

17—Department of Agriculture— Marketing and Development Division (Matching Fund)

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5130

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	377,477
2	Annual Increment		_		6,192
3	Employee Benefits		_		142,828
4	Unclassified	•	-	. <u> </u>	181,162
5	Total	\$	-	\$	707,659
6	Any part or all of this appr	opr	iation fro	m th	ne general
7	revenue fund may be transfe	erre	d to a sp	oecia	l revenue
8	fund for the purpose of matc	hing	g federal	fun	ds for the
9	above-named program.				

18—Department of Agriculture— Meat Inspection

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5140

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	290,579
2	Annual Increment	-		5,490
3	Employee Benefits	_		108,525
4	Unclassified	476,329		56,370
5	Total \$	476,329	\$	460,964
6	Any part or all of this approp	riation fro	m th	ne general
7	revenue fund may be transferr	ed to a sp	oecia	l revenue
8	fund for the purpose of matchin	ng federal	fun	ds for the
9	above-named program.			

19—Department of Agriculture— Agricultural Awards

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Ch. 1	2] Appropriati	ons		103
1 2	Agricultural Awards Fairs and Festivals	\$	_	\$ 60,066 175,598
3	Total	\$		\$ 235,664

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

20—Department of Administration— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 2105

1	Unclassified—Total	\$		\$	261,297
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21—Division of Finance

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2110

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$	518,526
2	Annual Increment	_		6,290
3	Employee Benefits	_		142,490
4	National Governors'			
5	Association			63,580
6	Southern States			
7	Energy Board	_		28,732
8	GAAP Project	_		1,750,000
9	Unclassified	_		534,886
10	Total	\$ —	\$	3,044,504
11	Any unexpended balances	remaining in	the	appropri-
12	ations for GAAP Project ((account no.	21	10-41 and
13	account no. 2111-41) at the cl	lose of the fis	cal	year 1991-

92 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during

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the fiscal year 1992-93.

22—Division of Purchasing

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2120

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	560,362
2	Annual Increment			7,059
3	Employee Benefits	_		155,283
4	Unclassified	-		98,483
5	Total	_	\$	821,187
6	The division of highways shall	ll reimbur	se a	ecount no.
7	8148-42 within the division of p	urchasing	for	all actual
8	expenses incurred pursuant to	the provis	ions	of section

23—Division of General Services

thirteen, article two-a, chapter seventeen of the code.

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2130

1	Personal Services \$	-	\$ 489,484
2	Annual Increment		11,160
3	Employee Benefits	_	204,401
4	Fire Service Fee	-	13,440
5		-	744,466
6	Total \$	_	\$ 1,462,951

24—Committee for the Purchase of Commodities and Services from the Handicapped

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2140

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$	4,800
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25—Board of Risk and Insurance Management

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 2250

1	Unclassified-Total	\$. \$	3,754,116
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The above appropriation includes funding for the purpose of paying premiums, self-insurance losses, loss

- 4 adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering fees for property, casualty and fidelity insurance for the 5 6 various state agencies, except those operating from special revenue funds, with such special revenue fund 7 agencies to be billed by the board of risk and insurance 8 management and with such costs to be a proper charge
- 9
- 10 against such spending units.
- 11 These funds may be transferred to a special account
- 12 for the payment of premiums, self-insurance losses, loss
- adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering 13
- fees and may be transferred to a special account for 14
- disbursement for payment of premiums and insurance 15
- 16 losses

26—Commission on Uniform State Laws

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 2450

1	Unclassified—Total	 \$	_	\$ 20,000

To pay expenses of members of the commission on 2 uniform state laws. 3

27—Public Defender Services

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5900

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 227,547
2	Annual Increment	_	2,520
3	Employee Benefits	_	69,283
4	Appointed Counsel Fees		
5	and Public Defender		
6	Corporations	_	12,015,969
7	Unclassified		73,171
8	Total \$		\$ 12,388,490

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-9 ations for Unclassified (account no. 5900-18) and 10 Appointed Counsel Fees and Public Defender Corpora-11

- 12 tions (account no. 5900-41) at the close of the fiscal year
- 13 1991-92 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure
- 14 during the fiscal year 1992-93.

28—Education and State Employees Grievance Board

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 6015

1	Personal Services	3		\$ 410,454
2	Annual Increment			4,068
3	Employee Benefits		_	112,548
4	Unclassified		_	111,445
5	Total \$	3		\$ 638,515

29-Public Employees Retirement System

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 6140

The division of highways, division of motor vehicle workers' compensation commissioner, public services commission and other departments or divisions opering from special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement costs for their respective divisions. When special appropriations are not made, such payments may made from the balances in the various special revenue.		
The division of highways, division of motor vehicle workers' compensation commissioner, public services commission and other departments or divisions operating from special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement costs for their respective divisions. When special appropriations are not made, such payments may made from the balances in the various special revenue.	1	pplemental Benefits for
workers' compensation commissioner, public services commission and other departments or divisions operating from special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement of their respective divisions. When special appropriations are not made, such payments may made from the balances in the various special revenue.	2	Annuitants—Total \$ - \$ 1,793,175
5 commission and other departments or divisions oper 6 ing from special revenue funds and/or federal fun 7 shall pay their proportionate share of the retireme 8 costs for their respective divisions. When species 9 appropriations are not made, such payments may 10 made from the balances in the various special reven	3	The division of highways, division of motor vehicles,
6 ing from special revenue funds and/or federal fun 7 shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement 8 costs for their respective divisions. When special 9 appropriations are not made, such payments may 10 made from the balances in the various special reven	4	rkers' compensation commissioner, public service
7 shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement 8 costs for their respective divisions. When specing 9 appropriations are not made, such payments may 10 made from the balances in the various special revenue.	5	nmission and other departments or divisions operat-
8 costs for their respective divisions. When specing appropriations are not made, such payments may made from the balances in the various special reven	6	from special revenue funds and/or federal funds
9 appropriations are not made, such payments may 10 made from the balances in the various special reven	7	all pay their proportionate share of the retirement
10 made from the balances in the various special reven	8	sts for their respective divisions. When specific
	9	propriations are not made, such payments may be
11 funds in excess of appointing appropriations	10	de from the balances in the various special revenue
11 lunus in excess of specific appropriations.	11	nds in excess of specific appropriations.

30-Public Employees Insurance Agency

(WV Code Chapter 5)

1	Supplemental for				
T					
2	Retirees' Premiums—				
3	Total	\$	_	\$	1,000,000
4	The division of highways,	div	ision of i	moto	r vehicles
5	workers' compensation com	mi	ssioner.	nubl	ic service

- 6 commission and other departments or divisions operating from special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the public 8
- employees health insurance cost for their respective 9 divisions. When specific appropriations are not made,
- 10
- such payments may be made from the balances in the 11
- various special revenue funds in excess of specific 12
- appropriations. 13

31—Ethics Commission

(WV Code Chapter 6B)

Acct. No. 6180

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 159,215
2	Employee Benefits		34,095
3	Unclassified	 	 172,332
4	Total	\$ 	\$ 365,642

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

32-Office of Community and Economic Development

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 1210

1	Personal Services	\$ -	\$	2,068,992
2	Annual Increment	_		22,005
3	Employee Benefits			595,656
4	Competitive Grants	_		250,000
5	Partnership Grants	_		236,200
6	National Youth			
7	Science Camp			200,000
8	Local Economic Develop-			
9	ment Partnerships	_		1,300,000
10	Unclassified	13,626,304		1,838,386
11	Total	\$13,626,304	\$	6,511,239
12	Any unexpended balances			
13	ations for Partnership Grant	s (account no.	12	(10-15) and

Guaranteed Work Force Grant (account no. 1210-21) at

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the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.

The above appropriation for Local Economic Development Partnerships shall be used by the West Virginia development office for the award of funding assistance to county and regional economic development corporations or authorities created under the plan developed by the council for community and economic development under the provisions of section three, article two, chapter five-b of the code. The West Virginia development office shall award the funding assistance through a matching grant program, based upon criteria developed under the provisions of section three, article two, chapter five-b of this code and based upon a formula whereby funding assistance may not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per county served by a regional economic development corporation or authority.

33—Division of Labor

(WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)

Acct. No. 4500

1	Personal Services \$	-	\$ 849,677
2		_	11,034
3	Employee Benefits		338,925
4	Unclassified	315,916	160,696
5	Total \$	315.916	\$ 1.360.332

34-Division of Tourism and Parks

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 4625

1	Unclassified—Total	\$ 	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services		4,239,031
3	Annual Increment		81,108
4	Employee Benefits	_	1,629,220
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 5,949,359

Any revenue derived from mineral extraction at any state park shall be deposited in a special revenue account of the division of tourism and parks, first for 9 bond debt payment purposes and with any remainder to be for park operation and improvement purposes.

35—Division of Forestry

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 4650

1	Personal Services \$		\$	2,014,731
2	Annual Increment	_		40,212
3	Employee Benefits	_		804,697
4	Unclassified	1,727,870		48,478
5	Total\$	1,727,870	\$	2,908,118
6	Out of the above appropriati	on from gei	nera	al revenue,
7	a sum may be used to match	federal fun	ds i	for cooper-
8	ative studies or other funds for	similar pur	pos	es.

36—Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety

(WV Code Chapter 22)

Acct. No. 4720

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 43,378
2	Annual Increment	_	324
3	Employee Benefits	_	13,695
4	Unclassified		847
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 58,244

37—Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 4730

1	West Virginia's		
2	Contribution to the		
3	Interstate Commission on		
4	Potomac River Basin—		
5	Total \$	 \$	36.045

38—Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission

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APPROPRIATIONS

[Ch. 12

(WV Code Chapter 29)

A ant Na 4740

	Acct. No.	. 4740		
1 2 3 4 5	West Virginia's Contribution to the Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission— Total	\$ —	\$	98,280
	39—Coal Mine Technical Revie			
	(WV Code Cl	napter 22)		
	Acct. No.	. 4750		
1 2 3	Personal Services Employee Benefits Unclassified	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$	6,536 3,734 54,756
4	Total	\$ -	\$	65,026
	40—Air Po Control Con (WV Code Ch Acct. No.	nmission napter 16)		
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services	\$ 	\$	428,574 6,480 138,125 140,040 713,219
	41—Division of Enviro	nmental Prot	tecti	ion
	(WV Code Ch	apter 22)		
	Acct. No.	4775		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	\$ — — 67,888,504	\$	2,269,012 32,384 778,165 585,212
			_	

Total \$67,888,504 \$ 3,664,773

42—Division of Miners' Health, Safety and Training

(WV Code Chapter 22)

Acct. No. 4780

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 3,103,691
2	Annual Increment			26,100
3	Employee Benefits		_	1,030,471
4	Unclassified	_	416,840	365,663
5	Total	\$	416,840	\$ 4.525,925

43—Geological and Economic Survey

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5200

1	Personal Services	_	\$	1,144,649
2	Annual Increment			20,726
3	Employee Benefits	_		360,259
4	Unclassified	461,937		80,246
5	Total \$	461,937	\$	1,605,880
6	The above Unclassified appr	opriation	fro	m general
7	revenue includes funding to se			
8	contracts and may be transferred			
9	fund (account no. 8590-43) for t	he purpos	e of	providing
10	advance funding for such contra	-4-		

44—Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 5321

	ARC Assessment	_	\$ 59,954
2	Unclassified	 	 441,157
3	Total	\$ 	\$ 501,111

45—Water Resources Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

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APPROPRIATIONS

[Ch. 12

Acct. No. 5640

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$	60,152
2	Annual Increment	_		900
3	Employee Benefits	_		18,690
4	Unclassified	_		35,487
5	Total	\$ _	<u></u>	115.229

46—Division of Natural Resources

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 5650

1 2 3	Personal Services	\$ — — —	\$	1,962,128 31,608 637,108
4	Black Fly Control			216,000
5	Unclassified	39,468,846		123,374
6	Total	\$39,468,846	\$	2,970,218
7	Any unexpended balance	remaining in	the	appropri-
8	ation for Waste Water Tr	eatment Rev	olv	ing Fund
9	(account no. 5650-20) at the c	lose of the fis	cal	year 1991-
10	92 is hereby reappropriated	for expenditu	re (during the
11	fiscal year 1992-93.			

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

47—State Department of Education

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 2,508,968
2	Annual Increment		36,419
3	Employee Benefits	_	704,970
4	WVA Education		
5	Information System		2,443,752
6	34/1000 Waiver	_	500,000
7	Increased Enrollment		1,359,780
8	Coordinator-Educational		
9	Medical Services		40,000
10	Faculty and Course Devel-		
11	opment Intern Study	_	35,000

	-				
12 13 14 15 16	Incentive for Administrative Efficiency Library/Media		\$ 1	25,779 50,000 3,500,000 6,526,260 7,730,928	
18 19	The above appropriation includes the state board of education and their executive office.				
20 21 22 23	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Computer Basic Skills (account no. 2860-41) at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.				
48—State Department of Education— School Lunch Program					
	(WV Code Chapte	rs 18 and 18A)		
	Acet. No.	2870			
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services	51,660,000	\$ 	147,850 1,916 42,112 1,685,731 1,877,609	
	49—State Board e Vocational	of Education—	-		
	(WV Code Chapte		S		
	Acct. No		,		
1 2 3	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Wood Products—Forestry	\$ — — —	\$	665,000 8,658 172,330	
4 5 6	Vocational Program Albert Yanni Voca-	_		71,000	
7	tional Program	_		153,600	
8	Vocational Aid	_		10,064,052	
9 10	Equipment Replacement			1,427,107 1,039,500	
11	Unclassified	11,375,403		695,009	
12	Total		\$	14,296,256	

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Wood Products—Forestry Vocational Program (account no. 2890-47 and account no. 2891-47) at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.

50—State Department of Education— State Aid to Schools

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

1	Professional Educators	\$ —	\$621,053,055
2	Service Personnel	_	190,432,754
3	Fixed Charges	_	70,436,969
4	Transportation		27,504,625
5	Administration	_	7,000,000
6	Other Current Expenses	-	91,948,731
7	Improve Instructional		
8	Programs	_	56,682,481
9	Basic Foundation		
10	Allowances	_	1,065,058,615
11	Less Local Share	_	(169,932,997)
12	Total Basic State Aid		895,125,618
13	Public Employees		,
14	Insurance Agency	_	112,027,065
15	Teachers' Retirement		
16	System		122,926,602
17	Incentive for Adminis-		
18	trative Efficiency	_	- 0-
19	Increased Enrollment		-0-
20	Rural Counties	_	- 0-
21	School Media Improve-		
22	ment Grant Program		-0 -
23	Unclassified	2,000,000	-0-
24	Total	\$2,000,000	\$1,130,079,285
25	The amount of one million	dollars is	included as an
26	additional appropriation to		
27	improvements fund created		

28 teen, article nine-d, section six of the code. Such amount 29 shall be used as debt service for revenue bonds to be issued by the school building authority pursuant to 30 31 chapter eighteen, article nine-d, section eight of the code 32 to finance needs projects to be selected by the school 33 building authority which were not previously funded by 34 the school building authority due to lack of money. Such 35 amount is in addition to any amounts deposited in such 36 fund pursuant to chapter eighteen, article nine-a, section ten of the code. The proceeds of the revenue bonds to 37 38 be issued by the school building authority for such 39 projects shall not be deemed to be available for distribution by the school building authority within the 40 41 meaning of chapter eighteen, article nine-d, section 42 fifteen and shall be earmarked solely for such needs 43 projects and necessary costs and reserves of the bond issue. Such bond proceeds shall be allocated and 44 expended solely on the basis of need and efficient use 45 of resources, such basis to be determined by the 46 47 authority in accordance with the provisions of chapter eighteen, article nine-d, section fifteen of the code. 48

51—State Department of Education— Aid for Exceptional Children

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 2960

1	Special Education—		
2	Counties	\$	\$ 7,410,668
3	Special Education—		
4	Institutions		2,269,202
5	Education of Institu-		
6	tionalized Juveniles	_	2,969,021
7	Unclassified	26,295,000	-0-
8	Total	\$26,295,000	\$ 12,648,891

52—West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acet. No. 3330

116	APPROPRIAT	IONS			[Ch. 12	
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified			\$	4,811,419 4,717 1,402,855 991,249	
Э	Total	\$		\$	7,210,285	
	53—State FFA-F Conference			d		
	(WV Code Chapte	ers 18 a	and 18A	A)		
	Acct. No	. 3360				
1 2 3 4	Personal Services	\$	_ _ _ _	\$	127,331 $3,011$ $44,970$ $163,000$	
5	Total	\$	_	\$	338,312	
54—State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services (WV Code Chapter 18) Acct. No. 4405						
1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services		 32,259 32,259	\$ 	3,807,307 91,628 1,244,961 1,700,000 2,845,117 51,321 9,740,334	
	DEPARTMENT O			ON	1	
	AND THE ARTS 55—Board of Directors of the State College System Control Account					
	(WV Code Ch	-	18B)			
	Acct. No					
1	Unclassified—Total	\$		\$	-0-	

APPROPRIATIONS

117

2	Personal Services	_	56,875,033
3	Annual Increment	_	418,949
4	Employee Benefits		13,961,192
5	Unclassified	_	2,118,291
6	Total		\$ 73,373,465

56—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 2795

1	Unclassified-Total	\$ _	\$ -0-
2	Personal Services		115,278,146
3	Annual Increment	_	850,000
4	Employee Benefits		17,157,955
5	Unclassified	 	2,151,241
6	Total	\$ _	\$135,437,342

57—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System

(WV Code Chapters 18B and 18C)

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 696,752
2	Annual Increment		8,000
3	Employee Benefits	_	162,000
4	Higher Education		
5	Grant Program	_	3,795,000
6	Tuition Contract Program		606,000
7	Minority Doctoral		·
8	Fellowship		100,000
9	Underwood-Smith		,
10	Scholarship Program—		
11	Student Awards	_	750,000
12	West Virginia		.00,000
13	Humanities Council	_	100,000
14	WVNET	_	2,000,000
15	Marshall University—		2,000,000
16	Southern West Virginia		

118	APPROPRIATIONS			[Ch. 12
17	Community College—			
18	2 + 2 Program	_		160,000
19	Micro Computer Labs for			
20	Teacher Education	-		750,000
21	Unclassified			109,850
22	Total \$	_	\$	9,237,602
23	Any unexpended balances rema	ining in	the	appropri-
24	ations for Higher Education Gra			
25	no. 2800-07) and Asbestos Litigat			
26	21) at the close of the fiscal year	r 1991-	92 a	re hereby
27	reappropriated for expenditures	during t	the :	fiscal year
28	1992-93.			-

58—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia University of West Virginia Health Sciences Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

1	School of Osteopathic		
2	Medicine \$	_	\$ 5,263,930
3	Marshall Medical School	-	9,403,523
4	WVU—School of Health		
5	Sciences	_	33,167,862
6	WVU—School of Health		
7	Sciences—Charleston		
8	Division		3,270,790
9	Health Sciences		
10	Scholarship Fund	_	150,000
11	WVNET	_	-0-
12	Primary Health Education		
13	Program Support	_	4,000,000
14	Rural Health Initiative		
15	Site Support		2,000,000
16	Total \$	_	\$ 57,256,105
17	Any unexpended balances re-	maining in	the appropri-
18	ations for Primary Health Edu	cation Prog	gram Support
19	(account no. 2855-56) and Rur	al Health	Initiative Site
20	Support (account no. 2855-58)	at the close	e of the fiscal

24

25

26 27

28

8

year 1991-92 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure 21 during the fiscal year 1992-93. 22

The Health Sciences Scholarship appropriation above shall be used to establish a revolving loan fund for medical students who are West Virginia residents committed to practicing medicine in an underserved area and in a specialty in which there is a shortage of practitioners.

59—Educational Broadcasting Authority

(WV Code Chapter 10)

Acct. No. 2910

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	2,999,090
2	Annual Increment	_		45,144
3	Employee Benefits	_		994,999
4	Unclassified	299,000	_	1,279,268
5	Total \$	299,000	\$	5,318,501
6	These funds may be transf	erred to sp	ecia	al revenue
7	accounts for matching college	, university	, ci	ty, county,

accounts for matching college, university, city, county, federal and/or other generated revenues.

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-9 ation for Unclassified (account no. 2910-25) for the 10 WNPB transmitter at the close of the fiscal year 1991-11 92 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the 12 fiscal year 1992-93. 13

60—Library Commission

(WV Code Chapter 10)

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 966,602
2	Annual Increment	_	22,860
3	Employee Benefits	_	339,707
4	Books and Films		150,000
5	Services to State		,
6	Institutions		156,310
7	Services to Blind		
8	and Handicapped		42,729
9	Grants to Public		-2,120

120	Appropriations		[Ch. 12
10 11 12	Libraries	<u> </u>	5,659,779 233,877 7,571,864
	61—Division of Culture and Histo	ry	
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Acct. No. 3510		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified 1,554,225	\$	1,342,045 20,826 446,492 2,471,151
5	Total \$ 1,554,225	\$	4,280,514
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	The Unclassified appropriation includes funding for the Arts Funds, Department Programming Funds, Grants, Fairs and Festivals and Camp Washington Carver and shall be expended only upon authorization of the division of culture and history and in accordance with the provisions of chapter five-a and article three, chapter twelve of the code.		
13 14 15 16 17 18	All federal moneys received as reimburs division of culture and history for mone from the general revenue fund for the Ar Historical Preservation are hereby reapprette purposes as originally made, includis services, current expenses and equipment.	ys ts cop	expended Fund and criated for
	62—Department of Education and the Office of the Secretary	Ar	rts—
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)		
	Acct. No. 5332		
1	Unclassified \$ —	\$	182,065
2 3 4 5	Any unexpended balance remaining in tation for Unclassified (account no. 5332-23 of the fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby reapprexpenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.) a	t the close

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

63—Division of Health— Central Office

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 4000

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 5,331,820
2	Personal Services		
3	Reclassification	_	57,660
4	Annual Increment	_	85,000
5	Employee Benefits	_	1,793,178
6	Corporate Nonprofit		
7	Community Health		
8	Centers—F.M.H.A.		
9	Mortgage Finance	_	150,269
10	Appalachian States Low		
11	Level Radioactive		
12	Waste Commission		55,968
13	Hemophilia Program	_	27,761
14	Safe Drinking Water		
15	Program	_	440,000
16	Unclassified		3,890,411
17	Total	B —	\$ 11,832,067
18	Notwithstanding the pro	visions of	section two,
19	amounts of the appropriation		
20	designated personal services		
21	transferred to the personal ser	vices line it	em or to other
22	line items to be used solely for	the purpose	s of providing
23	the necessary funding for the	personal se	ervices reclas-
24	sification.		

64-Division of Human Services

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 14,866,432
2	Personal Services		,,
3	Accidentification	_	275,607
4	Annual Increment	_	358,280

122	Appropriations	[Ch. 12
5	Employee Benefits —	5,772,370
6	OSCAR and FAMIS 15,061,621	3,483,820
7	Medical Services 850,000,000	131,421,871
8	Family Law Masters 320,000	971,488
9	Women's Commission	51,365
10	Commission on	•
11	Hearing Impaired —	41,280
12	Public Assistance 85,255,426	24,562,852
13	Emergency Assistance —	1,410,216
14	Social Services —	26,300,348
15	Family Preservation	
16	Program —	1,565,000
17	JOBS Program	4,030,896
18	Education Medical	
19	Services—Personnel 1,200,000	1,200,000
20	Office of Community	
21	JOBS Program —	125,000
22	Unclassified 51,746,488	11,988,345
23	Total	\$228,425,170
24	No funds from this account, or any other	er department
25	of health and human resources account, sl	nall be used to
26	pay family law master salaries or expense	
27	the Family Law Masters line item appro	
28	anticipated that the family law master	
29	generate sufficient revenue from fees and	
30	support funds to cover the remainder o	f its program
31	costs.	
32	None of the funds from this account sh	all be used to
33	perform abortions except where the life	
34	would be endangered if the fetus were ca	arried to term
35	or in the case of incest or rape.	
36	Notwithstanding the provisions of sec	ction two, the
37	secretary of the department of health	
38	resources shall have the authority to t	
39	within the above account: Provided, That	
		3.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section two, the secretary of the department of health and human resources shall have the authority to transfer funds within the above account: *Provided*, That no more than ten percent of the funds appropriated to one line may be transferred to other lines: *Provided*, however, That no funds from other lines shall be transferred to the personal services line item: *Provided further*, That funds in the personal services reclassification line item may be transferred to the personal services line item or other

- 46 line items to be used solely for the purpose of providing
- 47 the necessary funding for the personal services reclass-
- 48 ification.

65-Commission on Aging

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 4060

1 2 3 4	Personal Services	\$ - - -	\$ 110,795 1,533 52,190
5 6 7 8	Service Delivery Costs Senior Citizens Centers— Land Acquisition, Construction and		2,544,050
9	Repairs and Alterations	_	-0-
10	Silver Haired Legislature	_	14,400
11 12 13 14	Area Agencies Administration Ombudsman Unclassified	_ _ 10,942,000	87,429 251,325 175,868
15	Total	\$10,942,000	\$ 3,237,590
16 17 18 19 20 21	Any unexpended balance ration for Senior Citizens Construction and Repairs an 4060-10) at the close of the fireappropriated for expenditus 93.	remaining in enters—Land ad Alterations scal year 199	Acquisition, s (account no. 1-92 is hereby

66-Consolidated Medical Service Fund

1	Foster Grandparents		
2	Stipends/Travel \$	_	\$ 59,520
3	Institutional Facilities		,,
4	Operations	_	39,645,826
5	Personal Services		00,010,020
6	Reclassification		521,677
7	Employee Benefits		15,589,369
8	Poison Control Hotline		250,000

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[Ch. 12

9	Special Olympics	_	26,880
10	State Aid to Local Agencies	_	7,200,000
11	Women, Infants and		
12	Children	· <u> </u>	400,000
13	Maternal and Child Health		,
14	Clinics, Clinicians and		
15	Medical Contracts		
16	and Fees	_	4,823,043
17	Preventive Revaccination	_	192,000
18	Primary Care Uncompen-		
19	sated Care Fund		3,000,000
20	Primary Care Revolving		2,223,033
21	Loan Fund	_	500,000
22	Primary Care Support		300,000
23	Program	-	1,000,000
24	Epidemiology Research		240,000
25	Grants to Counties and		210,000
26	EMS Entities	_	1,656,000
27	Behavioral Health		1,000,000
28	Program—Total		
29	Personal Services		1,646,928
30	Behavioral Health		2,010,020
31	Program—Unclassified	_	496,128
32	Behavioral Health		100,120
33	Program—Community		
34	Centers		19,947,185
35	Family Support Act	_	523,000
36	Influenza Vaccine		-0-
37	Early Intervention	_	977,000
38	In-Home Services For		011,000
39	Senior Citizens	_	960,000
40	Cancer Registry		70,000
41	Behavioral Health Holding		10,000
42	Account	_	5,500,000
43	Unclassified	34,974,621	
44	Total		\$105,224,556
		, , ,	,
45	The Behavioral Health P		
46	grams line item within ac		
47	reduced from fiscal year 1		
48	medicaid provider tax will p		
49	federal funds formerly pro-		
50	match allocation to this lin	e. When all	ocating funds

from this line item through contracts with providers, the department shall contractually require such providers to maintain at least the current level of services to nonmedicaid patients. In addition, the department shall take into account the fact that certain providers will realize a greater increase in revenue from the provider tax than other providers and that not all providers and services are subject to the provider tax.

The secretary of the department of health and human resources, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which has been consolidated into the above account and which receives a portion of the above appropriation. The secretary shall also, within fifteen days after the close of the six-month period of said fiscal year, file with the legislative auditor an itemized report of expenditures made during the preceding six-month period.

The division of health shall not expend or encumber any funds from the above line "Behavioral Health Holding Account" until such time as the Legislature shall transfer said funds to other lines or accounts within the department of health and human services for expenditure.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section two, amounts of the appropriation in the above line item designated personal services reclassification may be transferred to the personal services line item or to other line items to be used solely for the purpose of providing the necessary funding for the personal services reclassification.

Additional funds have been appropriated in account no. 8500 for the operation of the institutional facilities.

67—Department of Health and Human Resources— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 5343

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 174,354

68-Human Rights Commission

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 5980

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 367,025
2	Annual Increment	_	6,567
3	Employee Benefits	_	132,192
4	Unclassified	111,280	124,493
5	Total \$	111,280	\$ 630,277

DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY

69—Office of Emergency Services

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 1300

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 163,974
2	Annual Increment		3,096
3	Employee Benefits	_	66,669
4	Unclassified	599,720	9,017
5	Total 8	\$ 599,720	\$ 242,756

70—Board of Probation and Parole

(WV Code Chapter 62)

Acct. No. 3650

1	Salaries of Members of		
2	Board of Probation		
3	and Parole\$		\$ 84,900
4	Personal Services	_	36,000
5	Annual Increment	 ·	684
6	Employee Benefits	-	35,460
7	Unclassified		18,931
8	Total \$		\$ 175,975

71—Division of Corrections— Central Office

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 and 62)

Acct. No. 3680

1	Personal Services	\$	\$ 331,044
2	Annual Increment	_	6,156
3	Employee Benefits	_	102,677
4	Unclassified		121,122
5	Total	\$ —	\$ 560.999

72—Division of Corrections— Correctional Units

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 and 62)

Acet. No. 3770

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 13,325,856
2	Annual Increment	_	224,640
3	Employee Benefits		4,672,816
4	Payment to Counties and/or		
5	Regional Jails		850,000
6	Unclassified		8,724,637
7	Total \$		\$ 27,797,949

The commissioner of corrections, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which has been consolidated into the above account and which receives a portion of the above appropriation. He shall also, within fifteen days after the close of each six-month period of said fiscal year, file with the legislative auditor an itemized report of expenditures made during the preceding six-month period. Such report shall include the total of expenditures made for personal services, annual increment, current expenses (inmate medical expenses and other), repairs and alterations and equipment.

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriations for Davis Center—Capital Outlay at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 shall expire to the state general revenue fund.*

^{*}Clerk's Note: The last sentence of the paragraph, beginning on line 24, was deleted by the Governor.)

128	Appropriations		[Ch. 12
25 26 27			
	73—Division of Veterans' Affairs— Veterans' Home		
	(WV Code Chapter 9A)		
	Acct. No. 4010		
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified 836,850 Total \$ 836,850	\$	290,904 5,508 128,007 -0- 424,419
	74—Division of Veterans' Affairs		
	(WV Code Chapter 9A)		
	Acct. No. 4040		
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Veteran's Field Offices — Unclassified —	\$	691,943 14,292 304,514 135,800 9,034
6	Total \$ —	\$	1,155,583
	75—Department of Military Affairs an Public Safety— Office of the Secretary	nd	
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)		
	Acet. No. 5354	•	104 405
1	Unclassified—Total \$ —	\$	164,435
	76—Division of Public Safety		
	(WV Code Chapter 15)		
	Acet. No. 5700		
1 2	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment	\$	14,360,411 87,084

3	Employee Benefits		4,565,654
4	Court Judgment	_	-0-
5	Trooper Class	_	1,000,000
6	Unclassified	953,067	3,451,297
7	Total\$	953,067	\$ 23,464,446

77—Adjutant General—State Militia

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 5800

1	Personal Services	\$	-	\$	249,021
2	Annual Increment		_		5,976
3	Employee Benefits		_		95,169
4	College Education Fund		_		720,000
5	Unclassified	_	4,509,522		3,098,884
6	Total	\$	4,509,522	\$	4,169,050
7	The College Education Fu	nd	line item a	abo	ve shall be
8	the total annual appropriat	ior	n for awar	din	g scholar-
9	ships. The secretary of the	e (departmen	t o	f military
10	affairs and public safety	sha	all devise	a :	method to
11	equitably reimburse all elig				
12	rata basis should the appro	pr	riation be i	inst	ifficient to
13	cover total annual eligible ex	pe	nses.		

78-Fire Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 6170

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 451,336
2	Annual Increment		7,740
3	Employee Benefits	_	152,207
4	Unclassified		115,394
5	Total	\$	\$ 726.677

DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

79—Tax Division

(WV Code Chapter 11)

130	Appropriations		[Ch. 12
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Total \$ —	\$ - -	8,975,863 150,300 2,945,164 5,686,065 17,757,392
	80—Division of Professional Occupational Licenses— State Athletic Commission		
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
1	Acct. No. 4790 Unclassified—Total \$ —	\$	4,865
	81—Racing Commission		
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Acct. No. 4950		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —	\$	-0- -0- -0- -0-
5	Total \$ —	\$	-0-
	82—Department of Tax and Rev Office of the Secretary (WV Code Chapter 5F) Acct. No. 5365	enue-	-
1	Unclassified—Total \$ —	\$	175,859
-	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPOR	RTAT	TION
	83—Department of Transporta Office of the Secretary	tion—	
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)		
	Acct. No. 5376		
$\frac{1}{2}$	Public Transportation \$ — Civil Air Patrol —	\$	-0- 79,152

3	Unclassified	-0-		156,996
4	Total\$	-0-	\$	236,148
5 6 7 8 9	Any unexpended balance remation for Public Transportation (the close of the fiscal year 1991-riated for expenditure during that and transferred to the division of	account r 92 is here the fiscal	io. 53 eby r year	376-41) at eapprop- 1992-93
	84—Division of Publ	ic Transi	t	
	(WV Code Chap	ter 17)		
	Acct. No. 53	80		
1	Unclassified—Total \$15	5,931,887	\$	384,206
	85—Railroad Maintena	ince Autho	rity	
(WV Code Chapter 29)				
Acet. No. 5690				
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	_ _ _ 584,000	\$	403,355 6,534 259,816 98,827
5	Total\$	584,000	\$	768,532
6 7 8 9	Any unexpended balance renation for Capital Outlay (accordose of the fiscal year 1991-92 if for expenditure during the fiscal	unt no. 5 s hereby	690-2 reap _l	23) at the propriated
	MISCELLANEOU	S BOAR	\mathbf{DS}	

MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

 $86-Board\ of\ Investments$

(WV Code Chapter 12)

1	Personal Services	\$		\$	1,176,013
2	Annual Increment	-		•	10.924
3	Employee Benefits		_		392,091
4	Unclassified				2,176,276
5	Total	\$		\$	3.755.304

87—Board of Investments— School Building Sinking Fund

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1905

1	Debt Service—Total \$ — \$ 12,012,500
2	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropri-
3	ation for Board of Investments-School Building
4	Sinking Fund (account no. 1905-06) at the close of the
5	fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby reappropriated for expen-
G	diture during the fiscal year 1992-93

88—Board of Investments— Pneumoconiosis Loan

(WV Code Chapter 23)

Acct. No. 1910

1 2	Debt Service—Total \$ - \$ 6,480,000 Total TITLE II, Section 1—
3	General Revenue
1	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.—From
2	the funds designated there are hereby appropriated
3	conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set
4	forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the
5	following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during
6	the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.
1	Sec 4 Appropriations of federal funds.—In

Sec. 4. Appropriations of federal funds.—In accordance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, from federal funds there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code, the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditures during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

LEGISLATIVE

89-Crime Victims Compensation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 14)

Acct. No. 8412

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1992-93		Other Funds Fiscal Year 1992-93	
1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	110,778
2	Annual Increment		_		900
3	Employee Benefits		_		36,105
4	Unclassified		250,000		25,000
5	Total	\$	250,000	\$	172,783
6	These funds are intended	to	be expen	dec	d for court
7	costs and administrative cos	sts	and feder	al	reimburse-
8	ment for compensation paid t	o ci	rime victir	ns.	

EXECUTIVE

90-Auditor's Office-Land Department Operating Fund

(WV Code Chapters 11A, 12 and 36)

Acct. No. 8120

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 44,087
2	Annual Increment	_	648
3	Employee Benefits		14,021
4	Unclassified	 	11,058
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 69,814

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of fees and collections 7 as provided by law.

91—Department of Agriculture

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8180

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 201,091
2	Annual Increment	_	1,800
3	Employee Benefits	_	65,524
4	Unclassified		482,417
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 750,832

92—Department of Agriculture— West Virginia Rural Rehabilitation Program

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8192

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Student and Farm		
2	Loans—Total	\$ _	\$ 375,000

93—General John McCausland Memorial Farm

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8194

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 8,793
2	Annual Increment	_	360
3	Employee Benefits	_	10,851
4	Unclassified	 _	54,144
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 74,148

The above appropriation shall be expended in accordance with article twenty-six, chapter nineteen of the code.

94—Attorney General— Anti-Trust Enforcement (WV Code Chapter 47)

Acct. No. 8419

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 207,450

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APPROPRIATIONS

-	0=
-1	25

2	Annual Increment	_		673
3	Employee Benefits	_		57,387
4	Unclassified	_		179,120
5	Total	\$	- <u>-</u>	444.630

95—West Virginia Health Care Planning Commission

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8429

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Unclassified-Total	\$ —	\$	570,000
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96—Governor's Office— Economic Development Authority Insurance Fund

(WV Code Chapter 17)

Acct. No. 8431

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Davis Center—		
2	Capital Outlay	\$ -	\$ 300,000
3	Senior Center-		
4	Land Acquisitions,		
5	Construction and Repairs		
6	and Alterations	_	125,000
7	Capitol Complex—		
8	Maintenance	_	500,000
9	Soil Conservation Projects	_	500,000
10	WSWP-TV—Capital Outlay	_	199,000
11	Armory Construction—		
12	Capital Outlay		750,000
13	Guaranteed Work Force	_	500,000
14	Partnership Grants	_	2,000,000
15	Port Authority for River		
16	Port Feasibility Study		150,000
17	ARC Assessment		476,000
18	Local School Boards'		
19	Technical Corrections		
20	Refund Account		500,000
21	Total	\$ _	\$ 6,000,000

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

97—Division of Purchasing— Revolving Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 8140

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	707,620
2	Annual Increment			19,400
3	Employee Benefits	_		270,814
4	Unclassified			571,527
5	Total \$		\$	1,569,361
6 7 8	The total amount of this approfrom a special revenue fund as prechapter five-a of the code.			
9 10	The above appropriation includating expenses.	ies sala	ries	and oper-
11 12 13	There is hereby appropriated addition to the above appropriamount for the purchase of supplies	ation,	the	necessary

98—Division of Information Systems and Communications

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 8151

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$		\$	3,540,340
2	Annual Increment	_		45,543
3	Employee Benefits	_		972,449
4	Unclassified			883,178
5	Total \$	_	\$	5,441,510
6	The total amount of this ap	propriation	sha	all be paid
7	from a special revenue fund o	ut of collec	tion	s made by
8	the division of information syst	tems and co	mm	unications
a	as provided by law			

- There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in 10 addition to the above appropriation, the necessary 11 12 amount for the expenditure of funds other than personal 13 services or employee benefits to enable the division to provide information processing services to user agen-14 cies. These services include, but are not limited to, data 15 processing equipment, office automation 16 telecommunications. 17
- Each spending unit operating from the general revenue fund, from special revenue funds or receiving reimbursement for postage from the federal government shall be charged monthly for all postage meter service and shall reimburse the revolving fund monthly for all such amounts.

99—Division of Personnel

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8402

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$		\$	1,955,406
2	Annual Increment	_		35,640
3	Employee Benefits			613,000
4	Unclassified			527,365
5	Total \$	-	\$	3,131,411
6	The total amount of this app	ropriation	sha	all be paid
7	from a special revenue fund out	t of fees co	llec	ted by the

8

division of personnel.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

100—Office of Community and Economic Development

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 8045

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Energy Assistance (account no. 8045-43) at the

3 close of the fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby reappropriated 4 for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.

101-Oil and Gas Conservation Commission

(WV Code Chapter 22)

Acct. No. 8097

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services\$		\$ 166,435
2	Annual Increment		576
3	Employee Benefits	_	38,645
4	Unclassified	_	65,274
5	Total \$	_	\$ 270.930

102—Division of Labor— Contractor Licensing Board Fund

(WV Code Chapter 21)

Acct. No. 8128

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 458,268
2		_	3,258
3	Employee Benefits		176,678
4	Unclassified	_	661,796
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 1.300.000

103—Division of Natural Resources

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8300

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 5,446,093
2	Annual Increment		91,980
3	Employee Benefits		1,959,651
4	Wonderful West		
5	Virginia Magazine	_	-0-
6	Capital Improvements and		
7	Land Purchase	_	1,000,000
8	Unclassified		 2,987,788
q	Total \$	_	\$ 11.485,512

- 10 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 11 from a special revenue fund out of fees collected by the 12 division of natural resources. 13 Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Land Purchases and Buildings (account no. 14 8300-09) and Renovation of Dams (account no. 8300-11) 15 at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 are hereby 16
- reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 17

18 1992-93.

104—Division of Natural Resources— Underground Storage Tanks Administrative Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8302

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 300,000
2	Annual Increment	_	2,448
3	Employee Benefits		105,248
4	Unclassified		134,030
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 541,726

105—Division of Natural Resources— Game, Fish and Aquatic Life Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8303

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Unclassified—Total \$ 50,000 1

> 106-Division of Natural Resources-Nongame Fund

> > (WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8304

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

140	Appropriations			[Ch. 12
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	_ 	\$	79,300 432 24,392 114,876
5	Total \$		\$	219,000
	107—Division of Natural Re Use and Development—I		es—	
	(WV Code Chapter 2	20)		
	Acct. No. 8306			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVE	NUE FU	JND	
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Land Purchase Independence Hall—	_ _ _	\$	116,000 2,340 42,292 -0-
6	Renovation	_		50,000
7 8	Unclassified	<u> </u>		$\frac{79,500}{290,132}$
9 10 11 12	Any unexpended balance remaini ation for land purchase (account no. 8 of fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby expenditure during fiscal year 1992-92.	8306-41 reappr 93.	the a 1) at copri	ppropri- the close
	Closure Cost Assistance		20—	
	(WV Code Chapter 2	20)		
	Acet. No. 8311-30			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVI	ENUE F	UND	
1	Unclassified—Total \$	-	\$	-0-
	109—Division of Natural R Groundwater Planns		e s -	
	(WV Code Chapter 2	20)		
	Acct No. 8312			

1	2] Appropriations			141
	Personal Services \$		\$	55,678
2	Annual Increment			252
3	Employee Benefits	_		16,207
4	Unclassified	_		246,842
5	Total \$	_	\$	318,979
	110—Division of Natura Recycling Assistand		ces—	
	(WV Code Chapt	er 20)		
	Acct. No. 8325	-52		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL F	EVENUE	FUND	
1	Personal Services \$		\$	30,000
2	Annual Increment	_		180
3	Employee Benefits	_		13,615
4	Unclassified	_		4,720,467
5	Total \$			4,764,262
	(WV Code Chapt Acct. No. 83			
	•		FUND	
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL F			
1	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL F		\$	272.54
1 2	Personal Services \$	-	\$	
2	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	 	\$	3,09
2 3	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits	 	\$	3,09 $112,05$
2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	 		3,09 112,05 399,10
2 3	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits	ation an	**************************************	3,09 112,05 399,10 786,80
2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	ation an onse Fu	**************************************	3,09 112,05 399,10 786,80
2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	ation and onse Fu	**************************************	3,09 112,05 399,10 786,80
2 3 4	Personal Services\$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total\$ 112—Division of Nature Solid Waste Reclaim Environmental Resp. (WV Code Chap.	ation an onse Fu ter 20) 326	\$ rces— id nd	

142	Appropriations			[Ch. 12
2 3 4	Employee Benefits Unclassified		\$	69,818 1,110,182 1,395,000
	113—Division of Natural Solid Waste Enforcem			-
	(WV Code Chapte	er 20)		
	Acct. No. 832	7		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL R	EVENUE F	UND	,
$\begin{matrix}1\\2\\3\\4\end{matrix}$	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	_ _ _	\$	2,249,483 23,304 760,659 590,175
5	Total \$		\$	3,623,621
114—Air Pollution Control Commission (WV Code Chapter 16) Acct. No. 8390				
	(WV Code Chapte Acct. No. 839	er 16) 0		
	(WV Code Chapte Acct. No. 839 to be paid from special ri	er 16) 0	FUND)
1 2 3	(WV Code Chapte Acct. No. 839 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL RE Personal Services \$ Employee Benefits	er 16) 0		489,000 178,600
2	(WV Code Chapte Acct. No. 839 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL RE Personal Services\$	er 16) 0	FUND	489,000
$\frac{2}{3}$	(WV Code Chapte Acct. No. 839 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL RE Personal Services \$ Employee Benefits Unclassified	er 16) 0 EVENUE F nking—	**************************************	489,000 178,600 800,524
$\frac{2}{3}$	(WV Code Chapte Acct. No. 839 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL RE Personal Services \$ Employee Benefits	er 16) 0 EVENUE F nking— ate Boan	**************************************	489,000 178,600 800,524
$\frac{2}{3}$	(WV Code Chapte Acct. No. 839 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL RE Personal Services \$ Employee Benefits Unclassified Total \$ 115—Division of Ba Lending and Credit R	er 16) 0 EVENUE H nking ate Boan r 47A)	**************************************	489,000 178,600 800,524
$\frac{2}{3}$	(WV Code Chapter Acct. No. 839 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REP Personal Services \$ Employee Benefits Unclassified Total \$ 115—Division of Ba Lending and Credit R (WV Code Chapter)	er 16) 0 EVENUE I nking ate Boan r 47A)	\$	489,000 178,600 800,524 1,468,124
$\frac{2}{3}$	(WV Code Chapter Acct. No. 839 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL RE Personal Services \$ Employee Benefits Unclassified Total \$ 115—Division of Ba Lending and Credit R (WV Code Chapter Acct. No. 839	er 16) 0 EVENUE I nking ate Boan r 47A)	\$	489,000 178,600 800,524 1,468,124

116—Division of Banking

(WV Code Chapter 31A)

Acct. No. 8395

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 854,419
2		_	5,436
3	Employee Benefits	_	264,954
4	Unclassified	_	440,548
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 1,565,357

117-Solid Waste Management Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8461

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 263,284
2	Annual Increment		_	2,340
3	Employee Benefits			81,082
4	Unclassified			2,060,590
5	Total	<u>*</u>		\$ 2.407.296

118—Division of Forestry— Timberland Enforcement Operations

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8475

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 60,000

119—Division of Forestry— Woodlands and Timberlands Stamp Fund

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8476

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 400,000

144	Appropriations		[Ch. 12		
2	Unclassified —		240,000		
3	Total	- \$	640,000		
	120—Division of Forestr	70.1			
	•	"Y			
	(WV Code Chapter 19)				
	Acet No. 8478				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENU	JE FUNI	D .		
1	Personal Services \$ -	\$	216,000		
2	Annual Increment —		1,692		
3 4	Employee Benefits — Unclassified —		54,042 406,348		
_	_ 	<u>_</u>	678,082		
5	Total	Ф	070,002		
	121—Division of Environmental F Special Reclamation Fur		ion—		
	(WV Code Chapter 22A	.)			
	Acct. No. 8537				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENU	JE FUNI	D		
1	Unclassified—Total \$	\$	8,243,119		
ı	122—Division of Environmental F Oil and Gas Reclamation T		ion—		
	(WV Code Chapter 22B)			
	Acct. No. 8538				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENU	JE FUN	D		
1	Unclassified—Total \$ —	\$	450,000		
	123—Division of Environmental Protection— Oil and Gas Operating Permits				
	(WV Code Chapter 22B	()			
	Acct. No. 8539				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENU	JE FUN	D		
1	Personal Services \$	\$	180,000		

h.	12]	Appropriati	O	NS			145
2 3 4 5	E U	nnual Increment	a		_ _ 	 \$	2,088 62,058 355,854 600,000
Э		Total	4	•	_	Ф	000,000
		124—Division of Enviro Mines and Minerals					
		(WV Code Cl	ha	apter :	22)		
		Acct. No	. :	8540			
		TO BE PAID FROM SPEC	ΙA	LREV	ENUE F	UND	
1 2 3 4	A E	ersonal Services	\$	<u></u>		\$	1,860,000 14,727 630,000 495,273
5		Total	4	3	_	\$	3,000,000
	125—Geological and Economic Survey (WV Code Chapter 29) Acct. No. 8589						
		TO BE PAID FROM SPEC	I.	LREV	ENUE F	UND	
1 2 3	F	Personal Services Employee Benefits Unclassified			<u> </u>	\$ 	30,000 2,865 167,135
4		Total		•	_	\$	200,000
5 6 7	v	The above appropriation s with section four, article two, ode.					
		126—Bureau of Empl Workers' Compe					-
		(WV Code C	h	apter	23)		
		Acct. No	о.	9000			
		TO BE PAID FROM WORKER	S	COMP	ENSATI	ON F	UND
1 2		Personal Services		\$		\$	10,992,542 155,214

146	Appropriations		[Ch. 12		
3 4 5	Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Total \$	10	4,177,805 0,843,576 3,169,137		
6 7 8 9 10	There is hereby authorized to be paid out of the above appropriation the amount necessary for the premiums on bonds given by the treasurer as bond custodian for the protection of the workers' compensation fund. This sum shall be transferred to the state board of insurance.				
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCAT	ION			
	127—State Board of Rehabilitation Division of Rehabilitation Service West Virginia Rehabilitation Center—Special Account				
	(WV Code Chapter 18)				
	Acct. No. 8137				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE F	UND			
1 2 3	Personal Services—Total \$ — Personal Services — Workshop Development —	\$	-0- 600,000 200,000		
4	Total \$ —	\$	800,000		
	128—State Department of Education— FFA-FHA Conference Center				
	(WV Code Chapter 18)				
	Acct. No. 8244				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE F	ממטי			
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —	\$	489,500 6,925 196,627 312,948		

129-State Department of Education-School Building Authority

Total \$

\$

1,006,000

5

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8245

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 340,374
2	Annual Increment	_	2,412
3	Employee Benefits	_	81,259
4	Unclassified		 196,013
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 620,058

The above appropriation for the administrative expenses of the school building authority shall be paid from the interest earnings on debt service reserve accounts maintained on behalf of said authority.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

130—State University System—
State System Registration Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8830

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 2	Debt Service	\$ —	\$	3,985,000
3	and Alterations	_		3,000,000
4	Miscellaneous Projects			500,000
5	Total	\$ —	\$	7,485,000
6	Any unexpended balances	remaining	in	the prior
7	years' and the 1991-92 ap	propriations	a	re hereby
8	reappropriated for expenditu	ire during tl	ne	fiscal year
9	1992-93.			

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created in section eight, article ten, chapter eighteen-b of the code.

Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from the date of passage.

131—State College System—
State System Registration Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8835 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Debt Service	\$ —	\$	2,150,000
2	Capital Repairs			
3	and Alterations	_		1,800,000
4	Miscellaneous Projects	_		-0-
5	Equipment—All Institutions	_		1,000,000
6	Capital Improvements—			
7	New Greenbrier			
8	Center Replacement	_		250,000
9	Fairmont State College-			
10	Clarksburg Center—			
11	Advanced Technology			
12	Center			750,000
13	Southern West Virginia			
14	Community College-			
15	Boone County Campus—			
16	Relocation Planning	_		25,000
17	Southern West Virginia			
18	Community College-			
19	McDowell County Center		_	125,000
20	Total	\$ -	\$	6,100,000
21	Any unexpended balances	remaining	in	the prior
22	years' and 1991-92 appropriat	ions are her	eby	reapprop-
23	riated for expenditure during	the fiscal ye	ar 1	992-93.
24	The total amount of this a			
25	from the special capital imp			
26	section eight, article ten, chap			
27	Projects are to be paid on		sis	and made
28	available from the date of pass	sage.		

132—State College and University Systems— State System Registration Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund

16

the date of passage.

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8845

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior years' and 1991-92 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued pursuant to section eight, article ten, chapter eighteen-b of the code. Projects are to be available from the date of passage.

133—State College System—
State System Tuition Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8855

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Debt Service\$		\$	3,375,000
2	Building and Campus			
3	Renewal			3,000,000
4	Capital Improvements			
5	(New)	_		1,520,000
6	Facilities Planning			
7	and Administration			175,000
8	Total\$	_	\$	8,070,000
9	Any unexpended balances re-	maining	in	the prior
10	years' and 1991-92 appropriations	are her	eby	reapprop-
11	riated for expenditure during the	fiscal ye	ar I	1992-93.
12	The total amount of this appro	priation	sh	all be paid
13	from the special capital improve	ement fr	and	created in
14	article twelve-b, chapter eightee	n of the	coc	de. Projects

are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from

3

4

5

6

134—State College and University Systems— State Systems Tuition Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8860

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior years' and 1991-92 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued pursuant to article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects are to be made available from the date of passage.

135—State University System—
State System Tuition Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 8865

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Debt Service	\$	_	\$	7,520,000			
2	Building and Campus							
3	Renewal		_		11,550,000			
4	Facilities Planning and							
5	Administration				745,000			
6	Total	\$		\$	19,815,000			
7	Any unexpended balance	s rema	ining	in	the prior			
8	years' and the 1991-92 appropriations are hereby							
9	reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year							
10	1992-93.							
11	The total amount of this a	ppropi	riation	sh	all be paid			
12	from the special capital improvement fund created in							
13	article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects							
14	are to be paid on a cash basi	is and 1	made a	va	ilable from			

15 the date of passage.

136—State University System— West Virginia University Health Sciences Center Spending Authority

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Acct. No. 9280

TO BE PAID FROM THE MEDICAL SCHOOL FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$	3,000,000
2	Annual Increment	_		10,000
3	Employee Benefits	_		5,375,000
4	Unclassified			6,615,000
5	Total	\$ —	\$	15,000,000
6	Any unexpended balances	remaining	in	the fiscal
7	year 1990-91 and fiscal year 1			
8	the West Virginia university	health scie	nce	s center at
9	the close of the fiscal year 199	1-92 are her	eby	y reapprop-
10	riated for expenditure during	the fiscal ye	ar :	1992-93.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

137—Board of Barbers and Cosmetologists

(WV Code Chapters 16 and 30)

Acct. No. 8220

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$	156,120
2	Annual Increment	_	·	2,456
3	Employee Benefits	_		49,226
4	Unclassified			101,050
5	Total	\$ —	\$	308,852
6	The total amount of this a	ppropriati	on shal	l be paid

from a special revenue fund out of collections made by the board of barbers and cosmetologists as provided by

9 law.

the code.

138—Division of Health— Vital Statistics

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8236

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 195,000
2	Annual Increment	_	4,896
3	Employee Benefits	_	81,900
4	Unclassified	 	82,504
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 364.300

139—Hospital Finance Authority

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8330

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	· —	\$	47,619
2	Employee Benefits	_		14,774
3	Unclassified			63,870
4	Total \$	- -	\$	126,263
5	The total amount of this ap	propriation	shall	l be paid
6	from the special revenue fund	out of fees a	nd co	ollections
7	as provided by article twenty-	nine-a, chap	ter s	ixteen of

140—Division of Health— Hospital Services Revenue Account (Special Fund)

(Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operations)

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8500

1	Debt Service	\$ _	\$ 2,740,000
2 3			3,400,000
4 5	Institutional Facilities Operations	 	 25,000,000
6	Total	\$ _	\$ 31,140,000

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for hospital services revenue account at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93, except for account number 8500-18 (fiscal years 1987-88 and 1988-89) and account no. 8500-52 (fiscal year 1989-90) which shall expire on June 30, 1992.

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the hospital services revenue account special fund created by section fifteen-a, article one, chapter sixteen of the code, and shall be used only for operating expenses and for improvements in connection with existing facilities and bond payments, and community based mental health services needed for patients at Weston State Hospital.

Necessary funds from the above appropriation may be used for medical facilities operations, either in connection with this account or in connection with the item designated Institutional Facilities Operations in the consolidated medical services fund (account no. 4190).

Funds from the "Community Based Mental Health Service" line includes revenues from sales of group homes and shall be used for community based development of mental health services needed for patients at Weston State Hospital's Mountaineer Care Unit and Substance Abuse Unit with priority given to private acute care psychiatric providers of such services and the development of interstate agreements with existing providers of such services: *Provided*, That no such funds shall be used for capital expenditures or major renovations.

141—Division of Health— Laboratory Services

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8509

	Personal Services \$	 \$	402,768
	Annual Increment		4,788
3	Employee Benefits		123,000

154	Appropriations			[Ch. 12	
4	Unclassified	_		466,378	
5	Total \$		\$	996,934	
	142—Division of H Health Facility Lie				
	(WV Code Chapter 16)				
	Acct. No. 852	29			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL R	EVENUE I	סמטי		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	_ _ _	\$	157,152 612 37,000 85,200	
5	Total \$		\$	279,964	
143—Health Care Cost Review Authority (WV Code Chapter 16) Acct. No. 8564 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND					
1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Health Care Planning Commission—Transfer Unclassified	 	\$	944,477 5,472 305,638 220,000 1,053,400	
7	Total		\$	2,528,987	
8 9 10	The appropriation for Health C sion—Transfer shall be transfer planning commission (account	red to t	he h	ealth care	

The above appropriation is to be expended in accordance with and pursuant to the provisions of article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code and from the special revolving fund designated health care cost review fund.

written request of the chairperson of said commission.

144—Division of Human Services— Health Care Provider Medicaid Enhancement Tax (Special Fund)

(WV Code Chapters 9 and 11)

Acct. No. 9170

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Physician Provider
2	Medicaid Enhancement \$ - \$ 32,700,000
3	General Medicaid
4	Enhancement — 20,100,000
5	Outpatient Medicaid
6	Enhancement — 41,000,000
7	Dentist Provider Medicaid
8	Enhancement — 11,800,000
9	Ambulance Service
10	Provider Medicaid
11	Enhancement 2,200,000
12	Total \$ - \$107,800,000
	2000 TO 1000 T
13	From the above appropriation, an amount not to
13	From the above appropriation, an amount not to
13 14	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the
13 14 15	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the several medicaid enhancement funds shall be used for
13 14 15 16	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the several medicaid enhancement funds shall be used for administrative purposes, of which an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury
13 14 15 16 17 18	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the several medicaid enhancement funds shall be used for administrative purposes, of which an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of tax and revenue and an
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the several medicaid enhancement funds shall be used for administrative purposes, of which an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of tax and revenue and an amount not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars
13 14 15 16 17 18	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the several medicaid enhancement funds shall be used for administrative purposes, of which an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of tax and revenue and an amount not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the several medicaid enhancement funds shall be used for administrative purposes, of which an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of tax and revenue and an amount not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of health and human
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the several medicaid enhancement funds shall be used for administrative purposes, of which an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of tax and revenue and an amount not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of health and human resources. The remainder of all moneys deposited in the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	From the above appropriation, an amount not to exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars from the several medicaid enhancement funds shall be used for administrative purposes, of which an amount not to exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of tax and revenue and an amount not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars shall be transferred to a special revenue account in the treasury for use by the department of health and human

DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY

145—Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority

(WV Code Chapter 31)

Acct. No. 8051

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 412,113
2	Annual Increment	Ψ	_	3.132
3	Employee Benefits		_	143,329
4	Debt Service		_	10,000,000
5	Unclassified		_	200,423
6	Total	\$		\$ 10.758.997

146—Division of Veterans' Affairs— Veterans' Home

(WV Code Chapter 19A)

Acct. No. 8261

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	_	\$ 544,400	
2		_	8,964	
3	Employee Benefits			 207,566
4	Total	\$	_	\$ 760,930

147—Division of Public Safety— Motor Vehicle Inspection Fund

(WV Code Chapter 17C)

Acct. No. 8350

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$		\$	532,104
2	Annual Increment	_		2,052
3	Employee Benefits			146,240
4	Unclassified			149,138
5	Total \$		\$	829,534
6	The total amount of this appr	ropriation	shal	l be paid
7	from the special revenue fund		coll	ected for
8	inspection stickers as provided b	y law.		

148—Division of Public Safety— Barracks Construction

(WV Code Chapter 17C)

Acct. No. 8352

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 58,632
2	Annual Increment	·	_	1,044
3	Employee Benefits		_	23,624
4	Unclassified			390,426
5	Total	\$	_	\$ 473,726

149—Division of Public Safety— Drunk Driving Prevention Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 8355

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 584,000 2 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 3 from the special revenue fund out of receipts collected 4 pursuant to sections nine-a and sixteen, article fifteen, 5 chapter eleven of the code and paid into a revolving fund 6 account in the state treasury.

150—State Armory Board— General Armory Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 8446

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 240,000

151—Fire Commission— Fire Marshal Fees

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8465

	Personal Services	\$ 	\$	287,660
2	Annual Increment	_	•	2,556

158	Appropriations			[Ch. 12	
3 4 5	Employee Benefits Unclassified			118,900 216,900 626,016	
6 7 8 9	Any unexpended cash balance remaining in account no. 8465-99 at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby available for expenditure as part of the fiscal				
	DEPARTMENT OF TAX A	ND RE	VEN	NUE	
152—Insurance Commission— Examination Revolving Fund					
	(WV Code Chapter 33)				
Acct. No. 8014					
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL R	EVENUE I	DNU		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	 	\$	251,000 1,008 70,565 177,427	
5	Total \$	_	\$	500,000	
	153—Insurance Com Consumer Advo		_		
	(WV Code Chapte	er 33)			
	Acct. No. 801	5			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL R	EVENUE I	FUND		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	_ _ 	\$	72,500 180 29,046 121,029	
5	Total \$	_	\$	222,755	

154—Insurance Commission

(WV Code Chapter 33)

Acct. No. 8016

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	1,256,088
2	Annual Increment		_		13,618
3	Employee Benefits				451,746
4	Health Care Planning				•
5	Commission—Transfer				350,000
6	Unclassified		. —		522,832
7	Total	\$	_	\$	2,594,284
8	The appropriation for Heal	lth (Care Plan	nin	g Commis-
9	sion-Transfer shall be tran				-
10	planning commission (accou	nt	no. 8429	-99)	upon the
11	written request of the chairpe				-
12	The total amount of this a	ppr	opriation	sha	ill be paid
13	from a special revenue fund of				
14	charges as provided by law.				

155—Racing Commission

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8080

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
2 3 4	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of collections of license fees and fines as provided by law.
5 6 7	No expenditures shall be made from this account except for hospitalization, medical care and/or funeral expenses for persons contributing to this fund.

156-Racing Commission General Administration

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8081

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 962,700
2	Annual Increment	_	9,252
3	Employee Benefits		250,300
4	Unclassified		62,798
5	Total \$	3 —	\$ 1,285,050

157—Racing Commission— Administration and Promotion

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8082

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ -	- \$	51,200
2	Annual Increment	-	_	288
3	Employee Benefits	_	_	12,498
4	Unclassified			47,408
5	Total	\$ -	- \$	111,394

158—Tax Division— Office of Chief Inspector

(WV Code Chapter 6)

Acct. No. 8091

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 1,303,310
2	Annual Increment		15,012
3	Employee Benefits		396,500
4	Unclassified	 _	 346,950
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 2,061,772

159-Municipal Bond Commission

(WV Code Chapter 13)

Acct. No. 8340

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 102,270
2	Annual Increment		1,512
3	Employee Benefits		34,200
4	Unclassified		 36,750
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 174,732

160—Alcohol Beverage Control Administration— Wine License Special Fund

(WV Code Chapter 60)

Acct. No. 8592

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 60,000
2	Annual Increment	_	756
3	Employee Benefits	_	19,470
4	Unclassified		326,379
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 406,605

161—Alcohol Beverage Control Administration

(WV Code Chapter 60)

Acct. No. 9270

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	5 —	\$	2,541,656
2	Annual Increment	_		47,592
3	Employee Benefits	_		1,132,524
4	Unclassified			2,699,113
5	Total	\$ —	\$	6,420,885
6	The total amount of this a	ppropriation	sha	ll be paid

7 from a special revenue fund out of liquor revenues.

The above appropriation includes the salary of the 8 commissioner and salaries, expenses and equipment of 9 administrative offices, warehouses and inspectors. 10

There is hereby appropriated from liquor revenues, in 11 12 addition to the appropriation, the necessary amount for

the purchase of liquor as provided by law. 13

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

162—Division of Highways

(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)

Acct. No. 6700

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Maintenance, Expressway,		
2	Trunkline and Feeder	\$ —	\$ 67,980,000
3	Maintenance, State		
4	Local Services		96,511,000
5	Maintenance, Contract		
6	Paving and		
7	Secondary Road		
8	Maintenance		32,402,000
9	Bridge Repair and		
10	Replacement		34,000,000
11	Industrial Access Roads	_	2,750,000
12	Inventory Revolving	_	1,250,000
13	Equipment Revolving	_	6,575,000
14	General Operations	_	29,750,000
15	Debt Service	_	57,100,000
16	Interstate Construction	_	72,000,000
17	Other Federal Aid		
18	Programs		155,000,000
19	Appalachian Programs	-	120,000,000
20	Nonfederal Aid		
21	Construction	_	40,000,000
22	Highway Litter Control		1,500,000
2 3	Total	\$ —	\$716,818,000

The above appropriations are to be expended in accordance with the provisions of chapters seventeen and seventeen-c of the code.

The commissioner of highways shall have the authority to operate revolving funds within the state road fund for the operation and purchase of various types of equipment used directly and indirectly in the construction and maintenance of roads and for the purchase of inventories and materials and supplies.

There is hereby appropriated within the above items sufficient money for the payment of claims, accrued or arising during this budgetary period, to be paid in accordance with sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter fourteen of the code.

It is the intent of the Legislature to capture and match all federal funds available for expenditure on the Appalachian highway system at the earliest possible

- time. Therefore, should amounts in excess of those appropriated be required for the purposes of Appalachian programs, funds in excess of the amount appropriated may be made available upon recommendation of
- 45 the commissioner and approval of the governor.
- 46 Further, for the purpose of Appalachian programs,
- 47 funds appropriated to line items may be transferred to
- 48 other line items upon recommendation of the commis-
- 49 sioner and approval of the governor.

163-Division of Motor Vehicles

(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 20 and 24)

Acct. No. 6710

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 2,597,198
2	Annual Increment		41,904
3	Employee Benefits	_	924,194
4	Optic Scan System	_	2,010,000
5	Electronic Photo Operator		
6	and License System	_	350,000
7	Unclassified		10,254,901
8	Total \$	_	\$ 16,178,197

164—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver's License Reinstatement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 17B)

Acct. No. 8422

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$		\$ 148,844
2	Annual Increment			2,124
3	Employee Benefits		_	48,379
4	Unclassified	•		89,907
5	Total	\$		\$ 289,254

165—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver Rehabilitation

(WV Code Chapter 17C)

Acct. No. 8423

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 54,766
2	Annual Increment		_	648
3	Employee Benefits		_	21,413
4	Unclassified		_	 497,810
5	Total	<u>«</u>		\$ 574 637

166—Division of Motor Vehicles— Insurance Certificate Fees

(WV Code Chapter 17A)

Acct. No. 8424

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 464,704
2	Annual Increment	_	7,840
3	Employee Benefits		194,879
4	Unclassified		 109,214
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 776,637

167—Division of Motor Vehicles— Motorboat Licenses

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8425

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 62,238
	Annual Increment		1,800
3	Employee Benefits		21,882
4	Unclassified	_	44,120
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 130,040

168—Division of Motor Vehicles— Returned Check Fees

(WV Code Chapter 17)

Acct. No. 8426

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 13,625
2	Annual Increment	_	144
3	Employee Benefits		4,756
4	Unclassified	_	9,485
5	Total	\$	\$ 28,010

MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

169—Real Estate Commission

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Acct. No. 8010

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	169,332
2	Annual Increment				1,872
3	Employee Benefits		_		54,711
4	Unclassified				121,294
5	Total	\$		\$	347,209
6	The total amount of this a	pprop	oriation	shal	l be paid
7	out of collections of license fee	es as r	provided	bv l	aw.

170—West Virginia Board of Examiners for Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology

(WV Code Chapter 30)

Acct. No. 8113

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Unclassified	. \$	_	\$ 205,250
	The total amount of this out of collections of license			
4	by law.			

171—West Virginia Cable Television— Advisory Board

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 8173

166	A ppropriati	ons			[Ch. 12
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total	\$ _ \$	- - - - -	\$ 	167,200 2,160 42,810 61,000 273,170
	172—Public Servi	ce (Commissio	n	
	(WV Code Cl				
	Acct. No	_			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPEC	AL	REVENUE F	UND	•
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Total	\$ _ \$	 	\$ 	4,976,338 42,523 1,553,241 1,495,238 8,067,340
6 7 8 9	The total amount of this a from a special revenue fund of license fees from public service by law.	ut	of collection	ons	for special
	173—Public Servic Gas Pipeline			ı—	
	(WV Code Ch	apt	er 24B)		
	Acct. No	. 82	85		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPEC	AL:	REVENUE F	UND)
1 2 3 4	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified	\$		\$	124,323 1,200 32,613 70,369
5	Total	\$	372,817	\$	228,505
6 7 8 9 10	The total amount of this a from a special revenue fund or by the public service com- the exercise of regulatory companies as provided by law	out mis aı	of receipt sion pursi	s co iant	llected for to and in

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174—Public Service Commission— Motor Carrier Division

(WV Code Chapter 24A)

Acct. No. 8290

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$		\$	1,120,110
2	Annual Increment	_		18,000
3	Employee Benefits			366,016
4	Unclassified	658,258		320,678
5	Total\$	658,258	\$	1,824,804
6	The total amount of this app	ropriation	sha	ıll be paid
7	from a special revenue fund out	of receipt	s co	llected for
8	or by the public service commis	ssion pursi	ian	t to and in
9	the exercise of regulatory autho	rity over 1	not	or carriers
10	as provided by law.			

175—Public Service Commission—

Consumer Advocate

(WV Code Chapter 24)

Acct. No. 8295

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$	308,195
2	Annual Increment	_		1,836
3	Employee Benefits			99,152
4	Unclassified			299,349
5	Total	\$	- \$	708,532
6	The total amount of this a	ppropria	tion shal	l he naid

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from a special revenue fund out of collections made by the public service commission.

Sec. 5. Appropriations from lottery net profits.— Net profits of the lottery, not to exceed twenty-eight million dollars, are to be deposited by the lottery director to the following accounts in the amounts indicated. The auditor shall prorate each deposit of net profits by the lottery director among account nos. 8243, 8525, 8825, 8546 and 9132 in the proportion the

8	appropriation for each account bears to the total of the
9	appropriations for the five accounts.

176—State Department of Education

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

	Acct. No. 8243		
	TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS		
1 2	Elementary Computer Education—Total \$ 3,520,000		
3 4 5 6 7	ation Elementary Computer Education (account no. 8243-06) at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year		
	177—Commission on Aging		
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Acct. No. 8525		
	TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS		
1 2 3 4	In-Home Services For \$ -0.00 Senior Citizens \$ 600,000 Total \$ 600,000		
	178—Division of Tourism and Parks		
	(WV Code Chapter 5B)		
	Acct. No. 8546		
	TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS		
1 2	Capital Outlay—Parks \$ 1,340,000 Unclassified 11,020,000		
3	Total \$ 12,360,000		
4 5 6 7 8	Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified (account no. 8546-06) and Capital Outlay—Parks (account no. 8546-26) at the close of the fiscal year 1991-92 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93.		

179—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 8825

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 3,520,000

180—Division of Human Services

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

Acct. No. 9132

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS

-	TT 1		\sim	-
1	Heal	lth ·	Care	and

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- 2 Title XIX Waiver for
 - Senior Citizens—Total \$ 8,000,000
- Funds from this account shall be used to expand the
- 5 title XIX waiver program statewide but not to increase 6 the rates of reimbursement for services provided by title
- 7 XIX providers.
- 1 Sec. 6. Awards for claims against the state.—
- 2 There are hereby appropriated, for the remainder of the
- 3 fiscal year 1991-92 and to remain in effect until June
- 4 30, 1993, from the fund as designated, in the amounts
- 5 as specified and for the claimants named in enrolled
- 6 house bill no. 4594, regular session 1992—crime victims
- 7 compensation funds of \$477,500.00 for payment of
- 8 claims against the state.
- 9 There are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year
- 10 1992-93 from the funds as designated, in the amounts
- 11 as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled
- 12 house bill no. 4595, regular session 1992, and enrolled
- 13 senate bill no. 594, regular session 1992—general
- 14 revenue funds of \$1,419,015.46.
- 15 The total of general revenue funds above does not

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- 16 include payment for claims in the amount of \$10.117.46
- from the supreme court-general judicial, account no. 17
- 1110, specifically made payable from the appropriation 18
- 19 for the current fiscal year 1991-92.

20 There are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 21 1992-93 from the funds as designated, in the amounts 22 as specified and for claimants as named in enrolled 23 senate bill no. 594, regular session 1992-special revenue funds of \$52,737.34, state road funds of 24 25 \$2.016.984.93, workers' compensation funds of \$2.001.76

and federal funds of \$713.44. 26

Sec. 7. Supplemental and deficiency appropriation.—From the state fund, general revenue, except as otherwise provided, there are hereby appropriated the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year 1991-92 to supplement the appropriations for such fiscal year and to be available for expenditure upon date of passage.

181—Division of Culture and History

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 3510

- WV History Film Project— 1 2 150,000
- 1 Sec. 8. Appropriations and reappropriations— 2 revenue sharing trust fund.—Any unexpended balan-3 ces remaining in the appropriations for Chief Mingo Recreation Park-Capital Outlay (account no. 9705-30), 4 Building Repairs and Alterations (account no. 9740-10) 5 and Unclassified (account no. 9719-06) at the close of the 6 fiscal year 1991-92 are hereby reappropriated for 7 expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93. 8
- Sec. 9. Appropriations from surplus accrued.— The following item is hereby appropriated from the state fund, general revenue, and is to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93 out of 4 surplus funds only, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.

7 8 9 10	It is the intent and mandate of the Legislature that the following appropriation be payable only from surplus accrued as of the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.
11 12 13 14 15 16	In the event that surplus revenues available on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, are not sufficient to meet all of the appropriation made pursuant to this section, then the appropriation shall be made to the extent that surplus funds are available as of the date mandated.
17 18 19 20	Any surplus balance remaining, after the allocation to meet the appropriation set forth in this section, shall be transferred and made available to the state fund, general revenue, during the fiscal year 1992-93.
	182—Department of Transportation— Office of the Secretary (WV Code Chapter 5F) Acct., No. 5376
1 2	Public Transportation— Total \$ -0-
	183—Division of Public Transit (WV Code Chapter 17)

- . . .

1 Public Transportation— 2 Total \$ 1,000,000

Acct. No. 5380

Sec. 10. Appropriations from federal block grants.—The following items are hereby appropriated from federal block grants to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1992-93:

> 184—Office of Community and Economic Development— Community Development

> > Acct. No. 8029

172	Appropriations [Ch. 12
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 16,099,000
	185—Office of Community and Economic Development— Community Service
	Acct. No. 8031
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 6,996,154
	186—State Department of Education— Education Grant
	Acct. No. 8242
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 69,722,000
	187—Bureau of Employment Programs— Job Training Partnership Act
	Acct. No. 8255
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 40,560,764
	188—Division of Health— Maternal and Child Health
	Acct. No. 8502
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 7,000,000
	189—Division of Health— Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health
	Acct. No. 8503
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 6,500,000

190—Division of Health— Community Youth Activity Program

Acct. No. 8504

TO	BE	PAID	FROM	FEDER	AL FU	NDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 95,000

191—Division of Health— Preventive Health

Acct. No. 8506

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 972,117

192—Division of Health— Mental Health Services for the Homeless

Acct. No. 8508

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 400,000

193—Division of Human Services— Energy Assistance

Acct. No. 9147

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 10,500,000

194—Division of Human Services— Child Care and Development

Acct. No. 9149

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 6,500,000

195—Division of Human Services— Social Services

Acct. No. 9161

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1 Unclassified—Total \$ 22,000,000

- Sec. 11. Special revenue appropriations.—There are hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three appropriations made by general law from special revenue which are not paid into the state fund as general revenue under the provisions of section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code: Provided. That none of the money so appropriated by this section shall be available for expenditure except in compliance with and in conformity to the provisions of articles two and three, chapter twelve and article two, chapter five-a of the code, with due consideration to the digest of legislative intent of the budget bill prepared pursuant to article one, chapter four, unless the spending unit has filed with the director of the budget, the auditor and the legislative auditor prior to the beginning of each fiscal vear:
- 18 (a) An estimate of the amount and sources of all revenues accruing to such fund;
- 20 (b) A detailed expenditure schedule showing for what 21 purposes the fund is to be expended.
 - Sec. 12. State improvement fund appropriations.—Bequests or donations of nonpublic funds, received by the governor on behalf of the state during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, for the purpose of making studies and recommendations relative to improvements of the administration and management of spending units in the executive branch of state government, shall be deposited in the state treasury in a separate account therein designated state improvement fund.

There are hereby appropriated all moneys so deposited during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three to be expended as authorized by the governor, for such studies and recommendations which may encompass any problems of organization, procedures, systems, functions, powers or duties of a state spending unit in the executive branch, or the betterment of the economic, social, educational, health and general welfare of the state or its citizens.

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- Sec. 13. Specific funds and collection accounts.—

 A fund or collection account which by law is dedicated

 to a specific use is hereby appropriated in sufficient

 amount to meet all lawful demands upon the fund or

 collection account and shall be expended according to

 the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the

 code.
 - Sec. 14. Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.— Money that has been erroneously paid into the state treasury is hereby appropriated out of the fund into which it was paid, for refund to the proper person.

When the officer authorized by law to collect money for the state finds that a sum has been erroneously paid, he shall issue his or her requisition upon the auditor for the refunding of the proper amount. The auditor shall issue his warrant to the treasurer and the treasurer shall pay the warrant out of the fund into which the amount was originally paid.

Sinking fund deficiencies.—There is Sec. 15. hereby appropriated to the governor a sufficient amount to meet any deficiencies that may arise in the mortgage finance bond insurance fund of the West Virginia housing development fund which is under the supervision and control of the municipal bond commission as provided by section twenty-b, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code, or in the funds of the municipal bond commission because of the failure of any state agency for either general obligation or revenue bonds or any local taxing district for general obligation bonds to remit funds necessary for the payment of interest and sinking fund requirements. The governor is authorized to transfer from time to time such amounts to the municipal bond commission as may be necessary for these purposes.

The municipal bond commission shall reimburse the state of West Virginia through the governor from the first remittance collected from the West Virginia housing development fund or from any state agency or local taxing district for which the governor advanced

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- 22 funds, with interest at the rate carried by the bonds for 23 security or payment of which the advance was made.
 - Sec. 16. Appropriations to pay costs of publication of delinquent corporations.—There is hereby appropriated out of the state fund, general revenue, out of funds not otherwise appropriated, to be paid upon requisition of the auditor and/or the governor, as the case may be, a sum sufficient to pay the cost of publication of delinquent corporations as provided by sections eighty-four and eighty-six, article twelve, chapter eleven of the code.
 - Sec. 17. Appropriations for local governments.— There are hereby appropriated for payment to counties, 2 districts and municipal corporations such amounts as 3 will be necessary to pay taxes due counties, districts and 4 municipal corporations and which have been paid into 5 6 the treasury:
 - (a) For redemption of lands;
 - (b) By public service corporations;
 - 9 (c) For tax forfeitures.
 - Sec. 18. Total appropriations.—Where only a total sum is appropriated to a spending unit, the total sum shall include personal services, annual increment, employee benefits, current expenses, repairs and alterations, equipment and capital outlay, where not otherwise specifically provided and except as otherwise provided in TITLE I-GENERAL PROVISIONS, Sec. 3.
 - General school fund.—The balance of the 1 Sec. 19. 2 proceeds of the general school fund remaining after the payment of the appropriations made by this act is 3 appropriated for expenditure in accordance with section 4 sixteen, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code. 5

TITLE III-ADMINISTRATION.

- §1. Appropriations conditional.
- Constitutionality.

TITLE III—ADMINISTRATION.

Section 1. Appropriations conditional.—The ex-

- 2 penditure of the appropriations made by this act, except
- 3 those appropriations made to the legislative and judicial
- 4 branches of the state government, are conditioned upon
- 5 the compliance by the spending unit with the require-
- 6 ments of article two, chapter five-a of the code.
- Where spending units or parts of spending units have
- 8 been absorbed by or combined with other spending
- 9 units, it is the intent of this act that reappropriations
- 10 shall be to the succeeding or later spending unit created,
- 11 unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1 Sec. 2. Constitutionality.—If any part of this act is
 - 2 declared unconstitutional by a court of competent
 - 3 jurisdiction, its decision shall not affect any portion of
 - 4 this act which remains, but the remaining portion shall
 - 5 be in full force and effect as if the portion declared
 - 6 unconstitutional had never been a part of the act.

CHAPTER 13

(S. B. 595—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the department of tax and revenue, tax division, Acct. No. 1800, as appropriated by chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of Acct. No. 1800, chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

- TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
- 3 DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

178	Appropriations	[Ch. 14
4	79—Tax Division	
5	(WV Code Chapter 11)	
6	Acct. No. 1800	
7 8 9 10 11 12	Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1991-92	Fund Fiscal Year
13 14 15 16 17	1 Total Personal Services \$ — 2 Personal Services	\$ -0- 8,875,863 146,124 2,780,250 5,648,010
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	The purpose of this supplementary a is to supplement, amend and transfer between items of the existing approdesignated spending unit. The amount expenditure during the fiscal year or hundred ninety-two shall be made availature upon the effective date of this bill.	r certain moneys opriation for the s as itemized for ne thousand nine lable for expend-

CHAPTER 14

(S. B. 599—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 2, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of all federal funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to the department of health and human resources, division of human services, Acct. No. 4050, supplementing chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the receipt and availability of federal funds for the extension of continuing programs, now available for expenditure in the current fiscal year of 1991-1992, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Acct. No. 4050, chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following sum to the designated line item:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
5	64—Division of Human Services
6	(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)
7	Acct. No. 4050
8	6 Medical Services
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget bill for fiscal year 1991-1992 by adding to this existing line item an amount to be used to match revenues from the medicaid enhancement program. Such increased amount shall be available for such use and expenditure upon passage of the bill.

CHAPTER 15

(S. B. 597—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the department of

health and human resources, consolidated medical service fund, Acct. No. 4190, as appropriated by chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of Acct. No. 4190, chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.	
2	Sec	ction 1. Appropriations from general r	evenue.
3	Sec	c. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.	
4 5		DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES	
6		66—Consolidated Medical Service Fu	nd
7		Acct. No. 4190	
8	1	Foster Grandparents	
9	2	Stipends/Travel \$ - \$	62,000
10	3	Institutional Facilities	
11	4	Operations —	42,010,316
12	5	Employee Benefits —	15,589,369
13	6	Poison Control Hotline —	250,000
14	7	Special Olympics —	28,000
15	8	State Aid to Local Agencies . —	7,200,000
16	9	Women, Infants	
17	10	and Children	400,000
18	11	Maternal and Child	
19	12	Health Clinics, Clinicians	
20	13	and Medical Contracts	
21	14	and Fees —	4,815,670
22	15	Preventive Re-Vaccination —	200,000
23		Primary Care Contracts to	
24	17	Community Health	
25	18	Centers	2,800,000
26	19	Epidemiology Research —	250,000
27		Grants to Counties and	
28	21	EMS Entities	1,725,000

29 22 Behavioral Health Program

30	23 Behavioral Health					
31	24 Program—Personal					
32	25 Services	_	1,644,192			
33	26 Behavioral Health					
34	27 Program—Unclassified	_	516,800			
35	28 Behavioral Health					
36	29 Program—Community					
37	30 Programs		33,057,210			
38	31 Family Support Act	_	200,000			
39	32 Unclassified	28,230,761				
4 0	33 Total	\$28,230,761	\$110,748,557			
41	The purpose of this suppler	mentary appi	ropriation bill			
42	is to supplement, amend and	d transfer ce	ertain moneys			
43	43 between items of the existing appropriation for the					
44	4 designated spending unit. The amounts as itemized for					
45	expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine					
46	6 hundred ninety-two shall be made available for expendi-					

CHAPTER 16

47 ture upon the effective date of this bill.

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 357—By Senators Hawse, Brackenrich, Helmick Anderson, Spears and Whitlow)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of all federal funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources, division of forestry, Acct. No. 4650, supplementing chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the receipt and

availability of federal funds for the extension of continuing programs, now available for expenditure in the current fiscal year of 1991-1992, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Acct. No. 4650, chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following sum to the designated line item:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES
5	36—Division of Forestry
6	(WV Code Chapter 19)
7	Acct. No. 4650
8	5 Unclassified \$ 805,271
17	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget bill for fiscal year 1991-1992 by adding to this existing line item an amount to be used for the southern West Virginia forest fire suppression and mobilization pilot project, for basic background studies under the economic stability through forestry program and for the America the beautiful tree-planting program. Such increased amount shall be available for such use and expenditure upon passage of the bill.

CHAPTER 17

(S. B. 596—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring between items of the existing appropriations of the department of administration, ethics commission, Acct. No. 6180, as appropriated by chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriation of Acct. No. 6180, chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

TITLE II ADDDODDIATIONS

14 2 Personal Services — 159,2 15 3 Employee Benefits — 34,0 16 4 Unclassified — 187,6	1		TITLE II—APPR	UPK	IATION	5.	
4 32—Ethics Commission 5 (WV Code Chapter 6B) 6 Acct. No. 6180 7 General Revenue 8 Federal Revenue 9 Funds Funds Fund 10 Fiscal Fiscal Fiscal 11 Year Year 12 1991-92 13 1 Total Personal Services . \$ - 14 2 Personal Services	2	Se	ection 1. Appropriations	fror	n genera	al rev	enue.
5 (WV Code Chapter 6B) 6 Acct. No. 6180 7 General Revenue 8 Federal Revenue 9 Funds Fund 10 Fiscal Fiscal Fiscal 11 Year Year 12 1991-92 13 1 Total Personal Services - 14 2 Personal Services - 15 3 Employee Benefits - 16 4 Unclassified - 17 5 Total \$ 380,8	3		DEPARTMENT OF A	DM1	NISTRA	ATIOI	N.
Acct. No. 6180 7 General Revenue 8 Federal Funds Fund 9 Funds Fiscal Fiscal 10 Fiscal Year Year 12 1991-92 13 1 Total Personal Services . \$ - 14 2 Personal Services 15 3 Employee Benefits 16 4 Unclassified	4		32—Ethics Co	omm	ission		
7 General Revenue 9 Funds Funds Fund 10 Fiscal Fiscal Fiscal 11 Year Year 12 1991-92 13 1 Total Personal Services . - 14 2 Personal Services . - 15 3 Employee Benefits . - 16 4 Unclassified . - 17 5 Total . \$ 17 5 Total . \$	5		(WV Code Ch	apte	er 6B)		
8 Federal Funds Revenue Fund 10 Fiscal Fiscal Fiscal Fiscal Fiscal Fiscal 11 Year 1991-92 1991-92 13 1 Total Personal Services	6		Acct. No	. 618	0		
Fiscal Fiscal Year Year Year 1991-92 13 1 Total Personal Services \$ - \$ - 159,25 14 2 Personal Services - 159,25 15 3 Employee Benefits - 34,0 16 4 Unclassified - 187,6 17 5 Total \$ - \$ 380,8	8					Re	evenue
14 2 Personal Services — 159,2 15 3 Employee Benefits — 34,0 16 4 Unclassified — 187,6 17 5 Total \$ 380,8	10 11			Y	ear	I	Fiscal Year
Ψ 000,0	14 15	2 3	Personal Services Employee Benefits Unclassified		_ _ _ 	\$	-0- 159,220 34,057 187,600
18 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation b	17	5	Total	\$		\$	380,877
	18		The purpose of this supple	men	tary app	ropr	iation bill

- 19 is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys
- 20 between items of the existing appropriation for the
- 21 designated spending unit. The amounts as itemized for
- 22 expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine
- 23 hundred ninety-two shall be made available for expen-
- 24 diture upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 18

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 384—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 27, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all state road funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to the West Virginia department of transportation, division of highways, Acct. No. 6700, supplementing chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The governor submitted to the Legislature the executive budget document dated January 8, 1992, wherein on page X are set forth the revenues and expenditures of the state road fund, including fiscal year 1991-1992; and

Whereas, It appears from such budget that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state road fund available for further appropriation during the fiscal year 1991-1992, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriations from the state road fund to the West Virginia department of transportation, division of highways, Acct. No. 6700, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, as appropriated by chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature,

regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and thereafter read as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.				
2	Sec	ec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.				
3	Sec	c. 4. Appropriations of	federal fund	s.		
4		DEPARTMENT OF T	RANSPORTA	ATION		
5		150—Division	of Highways			
6		(WV Code Chapte	ers 17 and 170	;)		
7		Acct. No	. 6700			
8		TO BE PAID FROM ST	ATE ROAD FUNI	D		
9 10 11 12 13			Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1991-92	Other Funds Fiscal Year 1991-92		
14 15	1 2	Maintenance, Expressway, Trunkline and Feeder	\$ -	\$ 66,000,000		
16	3	Maintenance, State	*	, , ,		
17 18 19	_	Local Services	_	93,700,000		
20 21	7	Road Maintenance Bridge Repair and	_	36,711,000		
22	9	Replacement		32,000,000		
23	10	Industrial Access Roads	_	2,000,000		
24	11	Inventory Revolving		1,250,000		
25		Equipment Revolving		11,950,000		
26		General Operations		30,675,000		
27		Debt Service		119,300,000		
28		Interstate Construction	_	72,000,000		
29		Other Federal Aid				
30		Programs	-	155,000,000		
31		Appalachian Programs	_	95,000,000		
32		Nonfederal Aid				
33	20	Construction		33,716,000		

186	Appropriations	[Ch. 19
35	21 Highway Litter Control —	1,500,000
36	22 Railroad Highway Grade	
37	23 Crossing Improvements —	200,000
38	24 Total \$	\$751,002,000
39	The purpose of this supplementary appr	ropriation bill
40	is to supplement and amend the existing	_
41	aforesaid account for expenditure in the	fiscal year of
42	1991-1992 and to reflect the new total spe	nding author-
43	ity of the spending unit for such fisca	l year. Such
44	increased amounts shall be available for	rexpenditure
45	upon the effective date of this bill.	

CHAPTER 19

(H. B. 4735—By Delegates Collins and Kiss)

[Passed February 29, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire immediately on the effective date of this bill to a special account herein created, and to be expired with any interest accrued thereon on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, into the state fund, general revenue, specified amounts of the balances in Acct. No. 8004-12, board of investments, loss expenses account, to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds the amounts collected in Acct. No. 8004-12, board of investments, loss expenses account, exceed the amounts needed to effectuate the purposes of the fund; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- That four million seven hundred thousand dollars of the balances in Acct. No. 8004-12, board of investments,
- 3 loss expenses account, be supplemented, amended,
- 4 reduced and caused to expire immediately on the
- 5 effective date of this bill to a special account herein

- 6 created and to be expired with any interest accrued
- 7 thereon into the state fund, general revenue of this state
- 8 on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 9 ninety-two, and be made available for expenditure
- 10 during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June,
- 11 one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

CHAPTER 20

(S. B. 598—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal block grant moneys out of the treasury from the balance of available federal block grant moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to the division of human services, Acct. No. 9149, supplementing chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal block grant moneys, receivable for new programs and available for expenditure in fiscal year 1991-1992, a portion of the same is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the budget bill, chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, be supplemented by adding to title two, section nine thereof, as follows:

- 1 TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 Sec. 9. Appropriations from federal block grants.
- 3 181a—Division of Human Services— 4 Child Care and Development

5	Acct. No. 9149
6	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS
7	1 Unclassified—Total \$ 6,065,173
8 9	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement the budget act for the fiscal year 1991-
10	1992 by providing for a new account to be established
11	therein to appropriate federal block grant moneys
12	received for expenditure in the fiscal year 1991-1992.
13	Such amount shall be available for expenditure upon
14	passage of the bill.

CHAPTER 21

(H. B. 4069—By Delegates Love and Wallace)

[Passed February 24, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article three, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 3. BOARD OF BANKING AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.
- §31A-3-1. Board created; appointment, qualifications, terms, oath, etc., of members; quorum; meetings; when members disqualified from participation; compensation; records; office space; personnel; continuation.
 - 1 (a) There is hereby created the West Virginia board 2 of banking and financial institutions which shall consist
 - 3 of six members and the commissioner, who shall be
 - 4 chairman. The six members shall be appointed by the
 - 5 governor by and with the advice and consent of the

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Senate. Three of the members shall be executive officers of state banking institutions, of whom one shall be truly representative of such state banking institutions having assets not greater than seventy-five million dollars, one shall be truly representative of such state banking institutions having total assets greater than seventy-five million dollars but not greater than two hundred million dollars, and one shall be truly representative of such banking institutions having total assets greater than two hundred million dollars. One member shall be an executive officer of a financial institution other than a banking institution. Two members shall represent the public, neither of whom shall be an employee, officer, trustee, director or stockholder of any financial institution. No member shall hold any other office, employment or position with the United States, any state, county, municipality or other governmental entity, any instrumentality or agency of any of the foregoing or with any political party.

(b) The members of the board shall be appointed for overlapping terms of six years, except that of the original appointments, two members shall be appointed for a term of two years, two members shall be appointed for a term of four years and two members shall be appointed for a term of six years, and in every instance until their respective successors have been appointed and qualified. Any member appointed for a full six-year term may not be reappointed until two years after the expiration of such term. Any member appointed for less than a full six-year term shall be eligible for reappointment for a full term. Before entering upon the performance of his duties, each member shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section 5, article IV of the constitution of the state of West Virginia. The governor shall, within sixty days following the occurrence of a vacancy on the board, fill the same by appointing a person for the unexpired term of, and meeting the same requirements for membership as, the person vacating said office. Any member may be removed by the governor in case of incompetency. neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office.

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- (c) A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum. The board shall meet at least once in each calendar quarter on a date fixed by the board. The commissioner may, upon his own motion, or shall upon the written request of three members of the board. call additional meetings of the board upon at least twenty-four hours' notice. No member shall participate in a proceeding before the board to which a corporation. partnership or unincorporated association is a party, and of which he is, or was at any time in the preceding twelve months, a director, officer, owner, partner, employee, member or stockholder. A member may disqualify himself from participation in a proceeding for any other cause deemed by him to be sufficient. Each member shall receive fifty dollars for each day or portion thereof spent in attending meetings of the board and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred incident to his duties as a member of the board.
 - (d) The board shall keep an accurate record of all its proceedings and make certificates thereupon as may be required by law. The commissioner shall make available necessary office space and secretarial and other assistance as the board may reasonably require.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 22

(S. B. 492—By Senator Minard)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the chartering of banking institutions in this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.
- §31A-4-1. General corporation laws applicable; charter applications to be approved by West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions.
 - 1 (a) The general corporation laws of the state, includ-
 - 2 ing the provisions of chapter thirty-one of the code of
 - 3 West Virginia, shall govern banking institutions and the
 - 4 chartering thereof, except as otherwise provided in or
 - 5 where inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.
 - 6 (b) No charter shall issue in this state for any banking
 - 7 institution unless the application therefor shall have
 - 8 been submitted to and approved by the West Virginia
 - 9 board of banking and financial institutions: Provided,
 - 10 That the board may not approve the application to
 - 11 charter any banking institution unless the proposed
 - 12 banking institution does business within this state and
 - 13 is subject to the supervision of the commissioner of
 - 14 banking.

CHAPTER 23

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4613—By Delegates Rutledge and Williams)

[Passed March 7; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the issuance of bank stock and organizational expenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section four, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

- §31A-4-4. Stock to be paid in full before engaging in business; exception as to unissued stock; organizational expense fund; affidavit of incorporators; penalties; stockholders' preemptive rights.
 - (a) All of the capital stock of every banking institu-1 2 tion, chartered under the laws of this state, shall be paid 3 in full in cash and issued to the ultimate subscribers, 4 not an agent or broker acting on behalf of the organ-5 izers, before it shall be authorized to engage in business, except such business as is incidental and necessarily 6 preliminary to its organization: Provided, That with the 7 approval of the commissioner of banking, the charter of 8 any state bank, now or hereafter organized, may provide 9 that not to exceed five percent of the bank's authorized 10 11 capital stock may be unissued stock. Such authorized but unissued stock may be issued from time to time to 12 employees of the bank pursuant to a stock option or 13 stock purchase plan approved by the commissioner or 14 may be issued for such other purposes and consideration 15 as may be approved by the board of directors of said 16 17 bank.
 - (b) Each subscriber at the time he or she subscribes to the stock of a proposed banking institution shall pay in cash a sum at least equal to five percent of the par value of such stock into a fund to be used to defray the expenses of organization of said institution. No organizational expenses shall be paid out of any other funds of the bank. The amount of any organizational expenses which are accumulated and recorded on the newly organized bank's accounting records as an asset to be amortized over a period of time according to generally accepted accounting principles shall be added to the capital requirement for incorporation of the bank as determined by the West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions pursuant to subsection (a), section

three, article four of this chapter. Upon the grant of a charter to the institution any unexpended balance in the organizational expense fund shall be transferred to undivided profits of the institution. If the charter application is finally denied, any unexpended balance in said fund shall be distributed among the contributors in proportion to their respective payments.

- (c) A majority of the incorporators shall file with the West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions at the time of filing of the charter application an affidavit: (1) Setting forth all expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with the organization of the institution, subscriptions for its shares and sale of its shares, and (2) stating that no fee, compensation or commission prohibited by this section has been or will be paid or incurred. The board may disapprove the charter application on account of any violation of this section and order the incorporators to restore any sum expended for other than proper organizational expense. In addition, violations hereof shall constitute a misdemeanor offense punishable as prescribed in section fifteen, article eight of this chapter.
- (d) Unless otherwise provided in the charter, whenever additional stock is offered for sale, stockholders of record on the date of the offer shall have the right to subscribe to such proportion of the shares as the stock held by them bears to the total of the outstanding stock. This right shall be transferable but shall terminate if not exercised within sixty days of the offer. If the right be not exercised, the stock shall not be offered for sale to others at a lower price without the stockholders again being accorded a preemptive right to subscribe. No banking institution shall sell its shares of stock at less than par, but may sell its shares at such price above par as may be set by the board of directors. The preemptive rights of the stockholders, as provided in this paragraph, shall not apply to any stock issued by a banking institution, to another bank or financial institution or the stockholders thereof, pursuant to a merger or consolidation with such other bank or financial institution, or to authorized but unissued stock authorized by the charter of the banking institution.

CHAPTER 24

(H. B. 4624—By Delegates Rutledge and Williams)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to fidelity bonds and insurance for state-chartered banking institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

§31A-4-9. Fidelity bonds and insurance.

- 1 (a) The directors of a state bank shall direct and
 - 2 require good and sufficient fidelity bonds on all active
 - 3 officers and employees, whether or not they draw salary
 - 4 or compensation, which bonds shall provide for indem-
 - 5 nity to such bank on account of any losses sustained by
 - 6 it as the result of any dishonest, fraudulent or criminal
 - 7 act or omission committed or omitted by them acting
 - 8 independently or in collusion or combination with any 9 person or persons. Such bonds may be in individual,
- schedule or blanket form, and the premiums therefor
- 11 shall be paid by the bank.
- 12 (b) The directors shall also direct and require 13 suitable insurance protection to the bank against 14 burglary, robbery, theft and other similar insurable
- 15 hazards to which the bank may be exposed in the
- operations of its business on the premises or elsewhere.
- 17 (c) The directors shall be responsible for prescribing at least once in each year the amount or penal sum of
- 19 such bonds or policies and the sureties or underwriters
- 20 thereon, after giving due and careful consideration to all

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- known elements and factors constituting such risk or hazard. Such action shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors.
 - (d) A state bank which is a subsidiary of a bank holding company as defined in section three, article eight-a of this chapter may fulfill the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this section if such fidelity bonds and insurance protection are obtained on its behalf by the bank holding company: *Provided*, That the evidence of the existence of such bonds and insurance protection for the state bank must be maintained at the main office of the state bank and the directors of the state bank shall be responsible for reviewing the adequacy of such bonds and insurance protection annually and for recording such review in the minutes of the board.

CHAPTER 25

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4023—By Delegates Rutledge and Carper)

[Passed February 25, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-three-a, relating to the establishment of bank accounts payable to one or more named beneficiaries upon the death of the account owner; outlining the rights of account owners and beneficiaries; requiring all changes to be in writing; and outlining the obligations of banking institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-three-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

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- §31A-4-33a. Establishment of payable on death accounts; rights of account owners; change of beneficiary to be in writing; rights of beneficiaries; limitation on liability of institutions making payments from such accounts.
 - 1 (a) Any person may enter into a written contract with 2 any banking institution located in this state to establish 3 a payable on death bank account, which may be abbreviated as a "p.o.d." account. A payable on death 4 account contract shall provide that upon the death of the 5 account owner the balance of any such account shall be 6 7 paid to the beneficiary or beneficiaries specifically 8 designated by the owner of the account who are 9 surviving at the time of the owner's death. Two or more 10 persons may own such an account as joint tenants with 11 right of survivorship, in which case the interest of any 12 designated beneficiary shall vest only upon the death of the last surviving joint owner. Upon the death of the 13 14 owner, or last surviving owner, the balance of the 15 account shall be paid only to the designated surviving 16 beneficiaries. The terms of the pavable on death 17 contract take precedence over contrary provisions of any 18 other testamentary document.
 - 19 (b) The owner of a payable on death account shall 20 maintain all right, title and interest in the banking 21 account, including principal and interest, during his or 22 her lifetime; may freely withdraw and use the moneys 23 on deposit in the payable on death account, in whole or 24 in part; and may terminate or close the account at will.
 - (c) The account owner may change the designated beneficiary at any time. Such change must be in writing and executed in the form and manner prescribed by the bank. Any such change of beneficiary must be delivered to the bank prior to the death of the payable on death account owner in order to be valid.
 - (d) Designated beneficiaries have no rights or claims to a payable on death account until the death of the last surviving owner of such account. Unless otherwise provided in the written contract, where two or more

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- beneficiaries are designated, upon the death of the account owner, each surviving beneficiary shall be paid a per capita share of the account balance. If no designated beneficiary survives the last account owner, any account balance shall become a part of the last surviving account owner's estate.
 - (e) If a designated beneficiary is a minor at the time he or she becomes vested with any part of a payable on death account, that portion of the account shall be paid to the minor beneficiary in accordance with the provisions of section thirty-four, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.
 - (f) Upon the death of the last surviving account owner, delivery of moneys in a payable on death account to the designated beneficiary or beneficiaries pursuant to the terms of the written contract shall fully and completely discharge the banking institution of all obligations under said contract.

CHAPTER 26

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 554—By Senators Chernenko and Dittmar)

(Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.)

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article fourteen, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section one, article twenty-seven, chapter thirty of said code, relating to barbers and beauticians; increasing the monthly salaries of beauty and barber shop inspectors; renaming the board of barbers and beauticians as the board of barbers and cosmetologists; and increasing the salary of the director of such board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article fourteen, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section one, article twenty-seven, chapter thirty of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 16. Public Health.
- 30. Professions and Occupations.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 14. BARBERS AND COSMETOLOGISTS.

§16-14-1. Jurisdiction over barbers and cosmetologists; powers and duties of director of health.

- 1 (a) There is hereby vested in the state department of 2 health jurisdiction over barbers and cosmetologists, 3 except as otherwise specifically provided in this code.
- 4 (b) The director of health or a designee shall be 5 responsible for the enforcement of all laws and rules 6 pertaining to sanitary conditions of barbering and 7 beauty shops.
- 8 (c) The director or a designee shall provide adminis-9 trative support to the board of barbers and cosmetolo-10 gists as may be appropriate and reasonable.
- 11 (d) The director of health shall appoint not more than 12 six inspectors, who shall be licensed barbers and 13 cosmetologists of this state, as herein provided, and it
- 14 shall be their duty to make frequent inspections of all
- 15 barber and beauty shops and all schools of barbering
- and beauty culture in this state and to report all violations to the director of health. The salary of each
- 18 inspector shall range from twelve hundred eighty-three
- 19 dollars per month to fifteen hundred dollars per month,
- 20 depending upon the qualifications of the inspector.
- 21 Allowances for expenses of such inspectors shall be that
- 22 fixed and allowed by the director of health.

CHAPTER 30. PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.

ARTICLE 27. BOARD OF BARBERS AND COSMETOLOGISTS.

§30-27-1. Board of barbers and cosmetologists; salary of board director; appointment, qualifications and terms of board members; compensation and expenses of members; powers and duties of board.

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- 1 (a) The board of barbers and beauticians heretofore 2 established is continued and shall be known henceforth 3 as the board of barbers and cosmetologists. The annual 4 salary of the director of such board shall be thirty-one 5 thousand seven hundred ninety-six dollars. All members of the board, serving for a term which has not expired 6 7 on the effective date of this article, shall continue to 8 serve the terms for which they were appointed. The board shall promulgate rules pertaining to the licensure 9 10 and qualifications of barbers, cosmetologists and 11 manicurists, and curricula and standards of instruction 12 for schools of barbering and beauty culture. The board 13 shall aid and assist in the enforcement of all rules in 14 accordance with the provisions of article fourteen. chapter sixteen of this code. The board shall consist of 15 four professional members to be appointed by the 16 17 governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and one lay member to be appointed in accor-18 dance with the provisions of section four-a, article one 19 of this chapter. Of the four professional members, one 20 shall be an employing barber, one an employee barber, 21 one an employing cosmetologist and one an employee 22 cosmetologist. Each professional member of the board 23 24 shall have been engaged within this state in the practice of barbering or beauty culture, as the case may be, for 25 a period of five years prior to his or her appointment 26 27 and no more than two of the four professional members 28 may belong to the same political party. No member of 29 the board shall own or have a pecuniary interest in a barber or beauty culture school licensed by or doing 30 31 business within this state or shall be employed by such an institution. 32
 - (b) On or before the thirtieth day of June of each year, the governor shall appoint one member of the board to serve for a term of four years, to begin on the first day of July. No professional member of the board may serve for more than two complete terms.
 - (c) The board shall designate one of its members as chairperson.

- (d) Each member of the board shall receive as compensation a per diem of fifty dollars for each day of attendance at board sessions, but such compensation for each member shall not exceed the sum of three thousand dollars in any calendar year. Each member shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties, upon presentation of an itemized sworn statement thereof.
 - (e) The board shall examine all applicants for licensure and shall issue licenses to those entitled thereto and collect examination and licensure fees, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the board of health pursuant to article fourteen, chapter sixteen of this code or the board of barbers and cosmetologists.
 - (f) It is unlawful for any person to practice or offer to practice barbering, beauty culture or manicuring in this state without first obtaining a license for such purposes from the board of barbers and cosmetologists.
 - (g) The board shall have the power to promulgate rules generally regarding the practice and conduct of barbering and beauty culture, including, but not limited to, the procedures, criteria and curricula for examination and qualifications of applicants for licensure, and for the licensing of instructional personnel for schools of barbering and beauty culture.

The power of the board to promulgate such rules shall be concurrent with that of the board of health as authorized in article fourteen, chapter sixteen of this code: *Provided*, That in the case of conflicting provisions regarding requirements for health and sanitation, the rule or regulation of the board of health shall be deemed to apply. The board of health and the board of barbers and cosmetologists shall for a reasonable fee make available upon request to any licensee a copy of such rules.

CHAPTER 27

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4135—By Delegates L. White and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections ten and sixteen, article twenty, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, relating to providing for the issuance of a super bingo license and the fee therefor; limiting super bingo licenses; increasing the limits on bingo prizes; maintenance of records by licensees; and requiring the tax commissioner to perform audits in certain instances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections ten and sixteen, article twenty, chapter fortyseven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. CHARITABLE BINGO.

\$47-20-6a. Super bingo license.

Limits on prizes awarded—General provisions. §47-20-10.

§47-20-16. Records; commissioner audit.

§47-20-6a. Super bingo license.

Any charitable or public service organization may, 1 upon payment of a five thousand dollar license fee, apply 2 to the tax commissioner for issuance of an annual super 3 bingo license. The tax commissioner shall promulgate 4 5 rules in accordance with article three, chapter twentynine-a of this code specifying those organizations which 6 7 qualify as charitable or public service organizations.

A holder of a super bingo license may conduct one 8 super bingo occasion each calendar quarter during the 9 period of the license at which up to thirty-five thousand 10 11

- dollars in prizes may be awarded, notwithstanding the
- seven thousand five hundred dollar limitation on prizes 12

13 specified in section ten of this article.

- 14 A charitable or public service organization that has
- 15 a regular or limited occasion bingo license may apply
- 16 for a super bingo license.

§47-20-10. Limits on prizes awarded—General provisions.

1 Except as otherwise provided in section twenty-two of 2 this article, the total value of all prizes awarded by a 3 licensee during the period of a license, may not exceed 4 in value seventy-five percent of the gross proceeds collected during that period or the sum of four hundred 5 6 thousand dollars, whichever amount is less: Provided. 7 That notwithstanding the foregoing limitation, the total

8 prizes awarded by a licensee, or in the aggregate by two

9 or more limited occasion licensees holding a joint bingo

10 occasion, for any bingo occasion held pursuant to an 11

annual or limited occasion license, may not exceed seven

12 thousand five hundred dollars in value.

13 Prizes may be money or merchandise other than beer. 14 nonintoxicating beer, wine, spirits or alcoholic liquor as 15 defined in section five, article one, chapter sixty of this 16 code. If the prizes are merchandise, the value assigned 17 to them is their fair market value at the time of 18 purchase.

§47-20-16. Records; commissioner audit.

1 Any licensee which holds a bingo occasion as provided by this article shall maintain a separate account and 2 3 separate bookkeeping procedure for its bingo operations. 4 A licensee shall maintain all records required by this 5 article for at least three years and the records shall be 6 open to the commissioner for reasonable inspection. 7 Whenever the tax commissioner has reasonable cause to believe a licensee has violated any of the provisions of 8 9 this article, he or she may perform or cause to be performed an audit of the licensee's books and records: 10 Provided, That the tax commissioner shall perform or 11 12 cause to be performed an audit of the books and records 13 of any licensee that has awarded total prizes in excess 14 of one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars. The tax commissioner shall file a copy of the completed audit 15 with the county commission of the county wherein the 16 licensee holds bingo occasions. 17

CHAPTER 28

(S. B. 480—By Senator Burdette, Mr. President)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article twelve, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section one, article five, chapter five-a of said code; to amend and reenact section five, article four-c, chapter sixteen of said code; to amend and reenact section five, article two, chapter seventeen of said code; to amend and reenact section three, article eleven-c, chapter eighteen of said code; and to amend and reenact section six, article thirteen, chapter eighteen-b of said code, all relating to membership of certain boards, institutes, councils and commissions; making necessary changes required by congressional redistricting; and adding member to governor's mansion advisory committee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article twelve, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section one, article five, chapter five-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that section five, article four-c, chapter sixteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that section five, article two, chapter seventeen of said code be amended and reenacted; that section three, article eleven-c, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section six, article thirteen, chapter eighteen-b of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 4. The Legislature.
- 5A. Department of Administration.
- 16. Public Health.
- 17. Roads and Highways.
- 18. Education.
- 18B. Higher Education.

CHAPTER 4. THE LEGISLATURE.

ARTICLE 12. ESTABLISHMENT OF A WEST VIRGINIA LAW INSTITUTE.

§4-12-3. Governing council and members.

- (a) The institute shall have such members and 1
- committees as the governing body of the West Virginia 2
- law institute may direct. The governing body shall also 3
- elect a president, secretary and any other officers as it 4
- 5 determines necessary.
- 6 (b) The governing body of the institute shall be a 7 council composed of ex officio members and elected
- members as follows: 8
- 9 (1) One justice of the West Virginia supreme court of appeals to be selected by the justices thereof; 10
- 11 (2) One circuit court judge, selected by the West 12 Virginia judicial association;
- 13 (3) One federal judge residing in West Virginia, 14 selected by the federal judges residing in West Virginia;
- 15 (4) The attorney general of the state of West Virginia;
- 16 (5) One legal counsel to the governor of the state of 17 West Virginia;
- 18 (6) The chairperson of the judiciary committees of the Senate and the House of Delegates of the West Virginia 19 20 Legislature or an attorney member of the respective committees appointed by the chairperson of the 21
- 22 committee:
- 23 (7) One member each from the majority and minority 24 parties of the Senate and the House of Delegates of the
- West Virginia Legislature to be selected by the presi-25
- dent of the Senate and the speaker of the House of 26
- 27 Delegates, respectively:
- (8) The director of West Virginia legislative services; 28
- 29 (9) The chairperson of the West Virginia commission 30 on uniform state laws:
- (10) The president and first vice president of the West 31 Virginia state bar; 32

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- 33 (11) The chairperson of the young lawyers section of the West Virginia state bar;
- 35 (12) The dean of the West Virginia university college 36 of law;
- 37 (13) Two attorneys appointed by the governor of the 38 state of West Virginia for terms to run concurrently 39 with the term of the governor;
- 40 (14) The director of the continuing legal education 41 program sponsored by the West Virginia state bar and 42 the West Virginia university college of law; and
- 43 (15) The editor-in-chief of the West Virginia law review.
 - (c) The elected membership shall consist of two faculty members who shall be elected from the members of the faculty of the West Virginia university college of law and four practicing attorneys from each of the congressional districts in the state who shall be selected by the board of governors of the West Virginia state bar.
 - (d) All ex officio members of the council shall hold their positions during their respective terms of office. The term of office of the elected members of the council shall be four years. The terms of office of the first elected practicing attorney members shall be appointed by the board of governors of the West Virginia state bar such that four shall be appointed for two years, four for three years and four for four years. Thereafter, appointments shall be for four years. Elected members of the council shall be eligible for reelection.
- 61 (e) Vacancies in the elected membership created by 62 death, resignation or otherwise than by the expiration 63 of the terms of office shall be filled by the council under 64 such rules as it may adopt.

CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

ARTICLE 5. GOVERNOR'S MANSION ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

§5A-5-1. Committee continued; appointment, terms, etc., of members; meetings and responsibilities; annual report.

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There is hereby continued the governor's mansion advisory committee within the department of administration. The secretary of administration or his designated representative, the commissioner of culture and history or his designated representative, and the spouse of any governor during the term of office of that governor, or the designated representative of such governor, shall be ex officio members of the committee. In addition, the governor shall appoint four additional members of the committee, one to be a curator in the field of fine arts, one to be an interior decorator who is a member of the American institute of decorators, one to be a building contractor, and one member to represent the interest of the general public. The appointive members of the committee shall serve for a term of four years. The members of the committee shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties; except that in the event the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party. the member shall not be reimbursed by the state. The governor shall designate from the committee a chairman to serve for a term of one year. The secretary of administration shall serve as secretary. The committee shall meet upon the call of the chairman annually and may meet at such other times as may be necessary for the performance of its functions.

The committee shall be charged with the following responsibilities:

- (1) To make recommendations to the governor for the maintaining, preserving and replenishing of all articles of furniture, fixtures, decorative objects, linens, silver, china, crystal and objects of art used or displayed in the state rooms of the governor's mansion, which state rooms shall consist of the front hall, the reception room, the ballroom and its sitting room, the state dining room, the front upstairs hall and the music room;
- (2) To make recommendations to the governor as to the decor and arrangements best suited to enhance the historic and artistic values of the mansion in keeping with the architecture thereof and of such articles of

- 42 furniture, fixtures, decorative objects, linens, silver,
- 43 china, crystal and objects of art, which recommenda-
- 44 tions shall be considered by the governor in decorating
- 45 said mansion; and
- 46 (3) To invite interested persons to attend its meetings or otherwise to assist in carrying out its functions.
- All departments, boards, agencies, commissions, officials and employees of the state are hereby autho-
- rized to cooperate with and assist the committee in the performance of its functions and duties whenever
- of performance of its functions and duties whenever
- 52 possible. As soon after the close of each fiscal year as
- 53 possible, the committee shall make an annual report to
- 54 the governor and the Legislature with respect to its
- 55 activities and responsibilities.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 4C. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ACT.

§16-4C-5. Emergency medical services advisory council; duties, composition, appointment, meetings, compensation and expenses.

- The emergency medical service advisory council. 1 heretofore created and established by former section 2 seven of this article, shall be continued for the purpose 3 of developing, with the director, standards for emer-4 gency medical service personnel and for the purpose of 5 6 providing advice to the office of emergency medical services and the director thereof, as established by 7 section four of this article with respect to reviewing and 8 making recommendations for and providing assistance 9 to the establishment and maintenance of adequate 10 emergency medical services for all portions of this state. 11
- The council shall have the duty to advise the director in all matters pertaining to his duties and functions in relation to carrying out the purposes of this article.
- The council shall be composed of thirteen members appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The mountain state emergency medical services association shall submit to the governor a list of six names of representatives from their

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association and a list of three names shall be submitted to the governor of representatives of their respective organizations by the West Virginia association of county officials. West Virginia state firemen's association. West Virginia hospital association. West Virginia state medical association. West Virginia chapter of the American college of emergency physicians, West Virginia emergency medical services administrators association and the state department of education. The governor shall appoint from the respective lists submitted two persons who represent the mountain state emergency medical services association, one of whom shall be a paramedic and one of whom shall be an emergency medical technician, and one person from the West Virginia association of county officials, West Virginia state firemen's association. West Virginia hospital association, West Virginia state medical association, West Virginia chapter of the American college of emergency physicians. West Virginia emergency medical services administrators association and the state department of education. The governor shall in addition appoint one person to represent emergency medical service providers operating within the state, one person to represent small emergency medical service providers operating within this state and two persons to represent the general public. Not more than five of the members shall be appointed from any one congressional district. No member shall serve more than four consecutive terms.

The council shall choose its own chairman and meet at the call of the director at least twice a year.

The members of such council may be reimbursed for any and all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the emergency medical services advisory council should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four,

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- 61 article ten, chapter four of this code, the emergency
- 62 medical services advisory council shall continue to exist
- 63 until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 64 ninety-five.

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

ARTICLE 2. STATE ROAD COMMISSION.

§17-2-5. When first members appointed; qualifications; removal for cause.

On or before the first day of July next after the 1 2 effective date of this article, the governor shall appoint 3 the members of the commission. Not more than four of 4 the members shall be of the same political party. Two 5 members shall be appointed from each of the congres-6 sional districts and one member shall be appointed from 7 the state at large. Each member shall be a citizen and resident of the state. Each member appointed from a 8 9 congressional district shall be a citizen and resident of 10 such congressional district. Removal of a member from 11 the state or from the particular congressional district 12 from which he was appointed shall immediately vacate his office. In making appointments to the commission, 13 14 the governor shall consider each appointee's age, ability, 15 experience and general qualifications. Members of the commission shall be eligible for reappointment to fill an 16 17 unexpired term or a new term of seven years.

Any members of the commission, who have been duly appointed and qualified and approved by the Senate and are in office when this article becomes effective, shall continue in office until their respective terms expire or until their death, resignation or removal from office. In making his initial appointments to the commission pursuant to the provisions hereof, the governor shall ascertain the names, residence addresses and political party affiliation of any such members of the commission then in office and shall select his first appointees with reference thereto and due consideration thereof so as to comply with the residence and political party affiliation qualifications as herein prescribed.

As terms expire or positions on the commission otherwise become vacant, the governor shall appoint

- persons to fill all such vacancies on the commission as provided in this article.
- No member of the commission may be removed from office by the governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross immorality, and
- then only in the manner prescribed by law for the removal by the governor of state elective officers.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 11C. LEASE AND AGREEMENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF TRUSTEES RELATING TO WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL.

§18-11C-3. Board authorized to contract with corporation; description to be met by corporation.

The board is hereby authorized to enter into the agreement and any other contractual relationships authorized by this article with the corporation, but only

4 if the corporation meets the following description:

5 (a) The directors of the corporation, all of whom shall 6 be voting, shall consist of the president of the university. 7 who shall serve ex officio as chairman of the directors. 8 the president of the board or his designee, the vice 9 chancellor for health affairs of the board, the vice 10 president for health sciences of the university, the vice 11 president for administration and finance of the univer-12 sity, the chief of the medical staff of the hospital, the 13 dean of the school of medicine of the university, the dean 14 of the school of nursing of the university and the chief 15 executive officer of the corporation, as ex officio 16 members of the directors, a representative elected at 17 large by the corporation employees and seven directors 18 to be appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation 19 by the Senate of the state Legislature, which seven 20 appointed directors shall be selected in conformance with the provisions of section six-a, article five-b, 21 22 chapter sixteen of this code: Provided. That said seven directors shall be appointed to six-year terms, but no 23 24 more than three such members shall be from the same congressional district: Provided, however, That of the 25 seven directors so appointed by the governor for terms 26

- 27 beginning the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 28 four, three such appointments shall be for a term of two
- 29 years, two shall be for a term of four years and two shall
- 30 be for a term of six years.
- 31 (b) The audited records of the corporation shall be 32 reported publicly and to the joint committee on govern-
- 33 ment and finance at least annually.
- 34 (c) Upon liquidation of the corporation, the assets of
- 35 the corporation shall be transferred to the board for the
- 36 benefit of the university.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 13. HIGHER EDUCATION-INDUSTRY PARTNER-SHIPS.

§18B-13-6. High-tech 2000 board; grants; authority.

- 1 There is hereby created a high-tech 2000 board
 - 2 consisting of the governor or a designee, the president
 - 3 of West Virginia university or a designee, the president
 - 4 of Marshall university or a designee, the president of
 - 5 West Virginia institute of technology or a designee, the
 - 6 president of Shepherd college or a designee, the director
 - 7 of the governor's office of economic and community
 - 8 development or a designee, and four persons from the
 - 9 private sector who are representative of different
- 10 geographic areas of the state, and which such private
- sector members shall be appointed to staggered four-
- 12 year terms by the governor with the advice and consent
- 13 of the Senate.
- The high-tech 2000 board shall have the authority to review and approve all applications for grants or funds
- 16 from the special high-tech 2000 fund established
- 17 pursuant to section five of this article and to establish
- 18 rules for the administration of the fund.
- Board members representing the private sector shall be reimbursed for all necessary expanses incurred in
- 20 be reimbursed for all necessary expenses incurred in 21 connection with the performance of their duties as
- 22 members.

CHAPTER 29

(H. B. 4691—By Delegates P. White and Stemple)

[Passed March 2, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-one, article one, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by deleting the provision requiring the governing body of a political subdivision to offer its bonds to the secretary of state for purchase by any of the governmental agencies of the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-one, article one, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§13-1-21. Advertisement and sale of bonds.

1 The governing body of the political division issuing 2 such bonds shall sell the same and collect the proceeds. 3 which proceeds shall be deposited with its treasurer. The governing body of the political division shall 4 advertise such bonds for sale, on sealed bids, which 5 6 advertisement shall be published as a Class II legal 7 advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 8 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the 9 publication area for such publication shall be the political division. The first publication shall be made at 10 11 least fourteen days before the date fixed for the reception of bids. Such advertisement shall also be 12 13 published in a financial paper published either in the city of New York or the city of Chicago, or in a 14 newspaper published in a city of this state having a 15 population of not less than twenty thousand inhabitants. 16 according to the last federal census. The governing body 17 may reject any and all bids. If the bonds be not sold 18 pursuant to such advertisement, they may within one 19 hundred twenty days after the date advertised for the 20 reception of bids, be sold by the governing body at 21 private sale, but no private sale shall be made at a price 22

- 23 less than the highest bid which shall have been received.
- 24 If not sold, such bonds shall be readvertised in the
- 25 manner herein provided. In no event shall bonds be sold
- 26 for less than their par value.

CHAPTER 30

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4447—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-g, relating to providing for the issuance of refunding bonds; subjecting determinations to issue refunding bonds to the provisions of the debt management act; providing security for refunding bonds; determining the principal amount of refunding bonds to be issued: prescribing the use of sinking and reserve funds: providing for the terms of refunding bonds; providing for the sale of refunding bonds at, above or below par value; providing for authority of state agencies to enter into swap agreements; providing for the terms of such swap agreements; providing for the application of certain provisions of the code of West Virginia and acts of the Legislature to refunding bonds; providing for the repayment of bonds to be refunded; providing for bonds previously issued by the university of West Virginia board of trustees and the board of directors of the state college system; providing authority for the issuance of refunding bonds; providing for the issuance of refunding bonds without the election or creation of a new debt; and providing for the exemption from taxation of refunding bonds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-g, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2G. STATE REFUNDING BOND ACT.

- §13-2G-1. Short title.
- §13-2G-2. Definitions.
- §13-2G-3. Issuance of refunding bonds.
- §13-2G-4. Security for refunding bonds.
- §13-2G-5. Principal amount, use of sinking and reserve funds.
- §13-2G-6. Terms of refunding bonds; time, place and amount of payments.
- §13-2G-7. Sale of refunding bonds at above or below par value.
- §13-2G-8. Swap agreements.
- §13-2G-9. Certain provisions of the code or act of Legislature to apply to refunding bonds.
- §13-2G-10. Provision for payment of the bonds to be refunded.
- §13-2G-11. Bonds previously issued by the board of regents.
- §13-2G-12. Article sufficient authority for issuing refunding bonds.
- §13-2G-13. Issuance without election or creation of a new debt.
- §13-2G-14. Bonds exempt from taxation.

§13-2G-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "State Refunding Bond Act."

§13-2G-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 3 (a) "Bonds" means general obligation bonds, review 4 bonds, notes or other debt instruments issued by the
- 5 state, a state agency or a state authority.
- 6 (b) "Code" means the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
- 8 (c) "Legislature" means the Legislature of this state.
- 9 (d) "Refunding bonds" means bonds, notes or other
- 10 debt instruments issued to refund all or any part of
- general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, notes or other
- 12 debt instruments heretofore or hereafter issued or
- 13 lawfully assumed by the state, a state agency or a state
- 14 authority pursuant to the provisions of this code.
- 15 (e) "State" means the state of West Virginia, a state agency or a state authority.
- 17 (f) "State agency" means any office, department,
- 18 cabinet, board, commission, entity, bureau, division,
- 19 public corporation, agency, or instrumentality of the
- 20 state authorized to issue bonds.

- 21 (g) "State authority" means any authority authorized 22 to issue bonds, including, but without limitations, the 23 university of West Virginia board of trustees and the 24 board of directors of the state college system.
- 25 (h) "Swap agreement" means an agreement which is 26 a rate swap agreement, basis swap, forward rate 27 agreement, commodity swap, interest rate opinion, 28 forward foreign exchange agreement, rate cap agree-29 ment, rate floor agreement, rate collar agreement, 30 currency swap agreement, cross-currency rate swap 31 agreement, currency option, any similar agreement or 32 any combination of the foregoing.

§13-2G-3. Issuance of refunding bonds.

The state may, in the manner and subject to the 1 2 limitations and conditions contained in this article, issue 3 its refunding bonds, at a public or private sale, for the 4 purpose of refunding the bonds of the state then 5 outstanding, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon and any interest accrued or to accrue 6 7 to the date of redemption of such bonds. A determination by the state that any refunding is advantageous or 8 9 necessary, or that any of the outstanding obligations 10 should be called for redemption on the first or any subsequent available redemption date or permitted to 11 remain outstanding until their respective dates of 12 13 maturity, shall be conclusive: Provided. That a determination by the state to issue its refunding bonds as 14 15 provided in this article is subject to the provisions of the 16 debt management act set forth in article six-a, chapter 17 twelve of this code.

§13-2G-4. Security for refunding bonds.

- Refunding bonds may be secured by a pledge of: (a)
 The same source of security as the bonds to be refunded;
 or (b) such other security as the state may lawfully
- 3 or (b) such other security as the state may lawfully 4 pledge, or both.

§13-2G-5. Principal amount, use of sinking and reserve funds.

1 (a) The total amount of refunding bonds to be issued 2 under this chapter shall be an amount sufficient to effect

- 3 the refunding and may include an amount sufficient to
- 4 pay (1) the principal amount outstanding of the bonds
- 5 to be refunded, (2) interest accrued or to accrue to the
- 6 date of maturity or the date of redemption of the bonds
- 7 to be refunded (which need not necessarily be on the
- 8 first available redemption date), (3) any redemption
- 9 premiums to be paid thereon, (4) any reasonable
- 10 expenses incurred in connection with such refunding
- 11 and (5) any other reasonable costs deemed appropriate
- 12 by the state, including without limitation, the expenses
- 13 of preparing and delivering the refunding bonds, legal
- 14 fees, financial advisor fees, consultant fees, and other
- 15 expenses incurred in connection with the issuance, sale
- 16 and delivery of the refunding bonds.
- 17 (b) Any money in a sinking fund or reserve fund or
- 18 other fund for the bonds to be refunded may be used
- 19 to pay the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on
- 20 the outstanding bonds to be refunded or may be
- 21 deposited in a sinking fund or reserve fund or other fund
- 22 for the refunding bonds.

§13-2G-6. Terms of refunding bonds; time, place and amount of payments.

- 1 Upon determining the issue of such refunding bonds,
- 2 the state shall, by resolution, authorize the issuance of
- 3 such bonds in an amount not exceeding the amount
- 4 permitted by this article, fix the date thereof, the rate
- 5 or rates of interest which such bonds shall bear and
- 6 when and where they are payable.

§13-2G-7. Sale of refunding bonds at above or below par value.

- 1 All refunding bonds issued by the state may be sold
- 2 at a price equal to, above or below par value and
- 3 accrued interest as the state may direct. Refunding
- 4 bonds may also be sold at a zero (0) rate of interest or
- 5 at an original issue discount.

§13-2G-8. Swap agreements.

- 1 The state may from time to time enter into one or
- 2 more swap agreements that it determines to be neces-
- 3 sary or desirable in connection with, or incidental to, or

- in lieu of the issuance of its refunding bonds. Swap
- 5 agreements entered into by the state shall contain such
- 6 provisions, including payment, term, security, default
- 7 and remedy provisions, and shall be with such parties.
- as the state shall determine to be necessary or desirable 8
- 9 after due consideration to the creditworthiness of such
- parties. 10

§13-2G-9. Certain provisions of the code or act of Legislature to apply to refunding bonds.

1 All the provisions of this code or any act of the

2 Legislature, relating to bonds issued for original 3

indebtedness and insofar as such provisions may be

4 applicable, shall apply to the same extent and with 5

equal force and effect to refunding bonds issued under

the provisions of this article.

§13-2G-10. Provision for payment of the bonds to be refunded.

- (a) It is the intention of this article to authorize the 1 2 state to issue bonds for the purpose of refunding outstanding bonds without thereby contracting any 3
- additional indebtedness, and it shall be conditional upon 4
- 5 the delivery of any refunding bonds that sufficient funds
- 6 are held in trust to provide for the payment of the
- principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the bonds 7
- 8 to be refunded. It is the further intention of this article
- 9 that any amounts received by the issuance of any
- 10 refunding bonds pursuant to this article be used solely
- 11 for the purposes set forth in subsection (a), section five
- of this article and not be used for incurrance of 12
- 13 additional debt.
- 14 (b) For all purposes of this section, bonds shall be considered to have been canceled and paid in advance 15 16 of their due date or date of redemption if there shall have been deposited in trust for the benefit of holders 17
- of the bonds to be refunded: 18
- (1) Moneys sufficient to pay when and as due all 19 amounts of principal and interest payable on such 20 bonds: or 21
- (2) Direct obligations of the United States of America 22

- 23 or the state, or obligations fully and irrevocably secured
- 24 as to the payment of both principal and interest by such
- 25 direct obligations the payment on which when due will
- provide moneys, sufficient to pay when and as due all 26
- amounts of principal and interest payable on such 27
- 28 bonds.
- 29 (c) All such amounts shall be set aside and held in 30 trust and irrevocably dedicated solely to the payment of
- 31 such bonds, except that amounts in excess of the
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- amounts required for the payment of the bonds so 33 refunded may be applied to the payment of costs related
- to the issuance, carrying, insuring or servicing the 34
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- refunding bonds, including costs of credit or market
- enhancement services, such as letters of credit, remar-36 keting arrangements and similar services. Any amount 37
- 38 deposited pursuant to this section may include amounts
- 39 already held on deposit in trust for the payment of the
- bonds to be refunded. 40

§13-2G-11. Bonds previously issued by the board of regents.

- 1 In connection with or incident to the refunding of any
- 2 bonds previously issued by the board of regents pursu-
- ant to any prior enactment of chapter eighteen of the 3
- code, or the board of regents predecessor in interest, the 4 university of West Virginia board of trustees and the 5
- 6 board of directors of the state college system, as the
- transferees of all powers, duties and authorities of the 7
- board of regents pursuant to chapter eighteen-b of the 8
- code, are authorized to make one or more written 9
- agreements with regard to which entity is obligated to 10
- 11 provide for the payment of such bonds previously issued
- by the board of regents and with regard to the allocation 12
- of revenues to be dedicated to the payment of refunding 13
- 14 bonds.

Article sufficient authority for issuing re-813-2G-12. funding bonds.

- This article shall without reference to any other act 1
- of the Legislature, be full authority for the issuance, sale 2
- and exchange of bonds in this article authorized. No 3
- order, ordinance, resolution or proceeding in respect to 4

- 5 the issuance of any bonds hereunder shall be necessary
- 6 except such as are required by this article. No publi-
- 7 cation of any notice, order, ordinance or proceeding
- 8 relating to the issuance of such bonds shall be necessary.

§13-2G-13. Issuance without election or creation of a new debt.

- 1 The issuance, sale or exchange of bonds authorized in
- 2 this article may be had without an election and shall not
- 3 be deemed to create a new debt as long as provision has
- 4 been made to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and
- 5 interest on the bonds to be refunded as provided in
- 6 section seven of this article.

§13-2G-14. Bonds exempt from taxation.

- 1 All bonds of the state, a state agency or state authority
- 2 issued hereunder shall be exempt from all state, county,
- 3 and municipal taxes, and the exception shall include
- 4 income, inheritance and property taxes.

CHAPTER 31

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4176—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article two, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section six, article six-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact section five-a, article nine of said chapter; and to further amend said article nine by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a, all relating to providing a program of continuing instruction for personnel of the bureau of employment programs; permitting the governor to elect to pay certain unemployment benefits pursuant to the provisions of a certain federal act rather than through certain provisions of the state code; increasing the amount of a certain fund of money which may be expended by the commissioner of said bureau; and extending the period

of time during which money appropriated out of funds made available to the state by a certain federal act may be obligated by said bureau.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article two, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section six, article six-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section five-a, article nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article nine of said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 2. The Commissioner of the Bureau of Employment Programs.
- 6A. Extended Benefits Program.
- 9. Employment Security Administration Fund.

ARTICLE 2. THE COMMISSIONER OF THE BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.

§21A-2-6. Powers and duties generally.

- 1 The commissioner shall be the executive and adminis-
- 2 trative head of the bureau and shall have the power and
- 3 duty to:
- 4 (1) Exercise general supervision of and make regula-
- 5 tions for the government of the bureau;
- 6 (2) Prescribe uniform rules pertaining to investiga-
- 7 tions, departmental hearings, and promulgate rules and
- 8 regulations;
- 9 (3) Supervise fiscal affairs and responsibilities of the 10 bureau:
- 11 (4) Prescribe the qualifications of, appoint, remove,
- 12 and fix the compensation of the officers and employees
- 13 of the bureau, subject to the provisions of section ten,
- 14 article four of this chapter, relating to the board of
- 15 review;
- 16 (5) Organize and administer the bureau so as to
- 17 comply with the requirements of this chapter and
- 18 chapter twenty-three of this code and to satisfy any
- 19 conditions established in applicable federal legislation;

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- 20 (6) Make reports in such form and containing such information as the United States department of labor may from time to time require, and comply with such provisions as the United States department of labor may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports;
 - (7) Make available to any agency of the United States charged with the administration of public works or assistance through public employment, upon its request, the name, address, ordinary occupation and employment status of each recipient of unemployment compensation, and a statement of the recipient's rights to further compensation under this chapter;
- 33 (8) Keep an accurate and complete record of all 34 bureau proceedings; record and file all bonds and 35 contracts and assume responsibility for the custody and 36 preservation of all papers and documents of the bureau;
 - (9) Sign and execute in the name of the state, by "The Bureau of Employment Programs", any contract or agreement with the federal government, its agencies, other states, their subdivisions, or private persons;
- 41 (10) Prescribe a salary scale to govern compensation 42 of appointees and employees of the bureau;
- 43 (11) Make the original determination of right in determination of right in claims for benefits;
- 45 (12) Make recommendations and an annual report to 46 the governor concerning the condition, operation, and 47 functioning of the bureau;
- 48 (13) Invoke any legal or special remedy for the 49 enforcement of orders or the provisions of this chapter 50 and chapter twenty-three of this code:
 - (14) Exercise any other power necessary to standardize administration, expedite bureau business, assure the establishment of fair rules and regulations and promote the efficiency of the service;
- 55 (15) Keep an accurate and complete record and 56 prepare a monthly report of the number of persons 57 employed and unemployed in the state, which report

- 58 shall be made available upon request to members of the
- 59 public and press; and
- 60 (16) Provide at bureau expense a program of contin-
- 61 uing professional, technical and specialized instruction
- 62 for the personnel of the bureau.

ARTICLE 6A. EXTENDED BENEFITS PROGRAM.

§21A-6A-6. Beginning and termination of extended benefit period.

- 1 (1) Whenever an extended benefit period is to become
- 2 effective in this state, or in all states, as a result of a
- 3 state or a national "on" indicator, or an extended benefit
- 4 period is to be terminated in this state as a result of a
- 5 state "off" indicator or state and national "off" indica-
- 6 tors, the commissioner shall make an appropriate public
- 7 announcement.
- 8 (2) Computations required by the provisions of subdivision (6), section one of this article shall be made
- 10 by the commissioner, in accordance with regulations
- 11 prescribed by the United States secretary of labor.
- 12 (3) Whenever, during a period when emergency
- 13 unemployment compensation benefits are being paid
- 14 under the provisions of the Emergency Unemployment
- 15 Compensation Act of 1991, as amended, or under any
 - subsequent extension or reenactment thereof, the state
 - 17 "on" indicator as defined in subsection (3) of section one
 - 18 of this article triggers on a period of extended benefits,
 - the governor of this state may elect to not implement the state statutory provision and continue the payment
 - 21 of benefits under the Emergency Unemployment
 - 22 Compensation Act of 1991, as amended, to those
 - 23 individuals who have exhausted their entitlement to
 - 24 regular unemployment compensation under state law.

ARTICLE 9. EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ADMINISTRATION FUND.

- §21A-9-5a. Special administation fund.
- §21A-9-9a. Reed Act appropriations—Extension of period within which to obligate money.

§21A-9-5a. Special administration fund.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund 1 2 to be known as the employment security special 3 administration fund, which shall consist of interest collected on delinquent payments pursuant to section 4 seventeen, article five of this chapter. The moneys 5 6 deposited with this fund are hereby appropriated and 7 made available to the order of the commissioner for the 8 purpose of (a) replacements in the employment security administration fund as provided in section eight of this 9 article, (b) to meet special, extraordinary, and conting-10 ent expenses not provided for in the employment 11 12 security administration fund. (c) refunds pursuant to 13 section nineteen of article five, of interest erroneously collected, and (d) cover expenditures for which federal 14 15 funds have been authorized but not vet received, subject 16 to repayment to the fund. This fund shall be adminis-17 tered and disbursed in the same manner and under the same conditions as other special funds of the state 18 19 treasury. Balances to the credit of the special adminis-20 tration fund shall not lapse at any time but shall be continuously available to the commissioner for expendi-21 22 tures consistent with this chapter: Provided. That (1) not 23 more than seven hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be expended from said fund in any fiscal year; (2) that at 24 25 the beginning of each calendar quarter the commissioner shall estimate the amount that may be required 26 27 in that quarter for refunds of interest erroneously collected; (3) that thereupon the excess, if any, over the 28 29 amounts provided to be expended under this section 30 shall be paid into the unemployment compensation trust 31 fund.

Reed Act appropriations-Extension of pe-§21A-9-9a. riod within which to obligate money.

Notwithstanding the provision of subsection (2), 1 section nine of this article to the contrary, the period 2 during which money referred to therein may be 3 obligated for the purposes specified in said section shall 4 be extended hereby to three years from the effective 5

6 date of said section

CHAPTER 32

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 569-Senator Chafin)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four, fifteen, twenty and twenty-five, article eighteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend chapter sixty-one of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-d, all relating to cable television system regulation; concerning the ability of counties to become the cable franchising authorities; waiving certain fees and costs: designating the location of cable company business offices; providing civil penalties for violations of the cable act; requiring prior notice of price increases or retiering of services; defining terms; defining the crime of theft of cable services and providing criminal penalties therefor; defining the crime of selling or transferring products used to acquire unauthorized cable service; and stating the evidentiary requirements of the theft of cable service.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, fifteen, twenty and twenty-five, article eighteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that chapter sixty-one of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-d, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

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ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA CABLE TELEVISION SYSTEMS ACT.

- §5-18-4. Cable franchise required; franchising authority.
- §5-18-15. Transfer of cable franchise.
- §5-18-20. Office operating requirements; office hours.
- §5-18-25. Complaints; violations; penalties.

§5-18-4. Cable franchise required; franchising authority.

- 1 (a) No person may construct, operate or acquire a 2 cable system, or extend an existing cable system outside 3 its designated service area, without first obtaining a 4 cable franchise from a franchising authority as provided 5 in this article.
 - (b) Any person operating a cable system on the effective date of this article without a franchise shall, within sixty days of the effective date of this article. notify the board in writing setting forth: (1) The name. business address and telephone number of the cable operator; (2) the principals and ultimate beneficial owners of the cable system or systems; (3) the geographic location and service area of any cable system operated by such person; and (4) the number of subscribers within the cable system or systems. If the board shall not have been appointed and organized within sixty days of the effective date of this article, then such filing shall be made with the public service commission where such documents shall be retained for delivery to the board following the appointment and organization of its members.
 - (c) The board shall, upon receipt of such information, determine the appropriate franchising authority or authorities for the purposes of the consideration of the issuance of a franchise to such cable operator or operators and shall notify the appropriate franchising authority or authorities and any such cable system operator of the franchise application procedures to be followed by the respective parties. Any such cable operator shall, within sixty days of receipt of such notice from the board, make formal application to the appropriate franchise authority or authorities for a franchise in accordance with the provisions of this article.
- 35 (d) The franchising authority shall be the 36 municipality in which a cable system is to be

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37 constructed, operated, acquired or extended, or if there 38 be no such municipality or if the municipality so elects 39 not to act as a franchising authority, then the 40 franchising authority shall be the county commission of the county in which such cable system is to be 41 42 constructed, operated, acquired or extended: *Provided*, 43 That nothing herein shall prohibit any county commission of a county in which a municipality acting 44 45 as a franchising authority is located from also acting as a franchising authority for any cable system to be 46 constructed, operated, acquired or extended within the 47 48 jurisdiction of such county commission, nor prohibit any 49 county commission of a county acquiring the franchise 50 authority from a municipality from electing to transfer 51 such authority to the board.

(e) Any municipality or county commission may elect not to act as a franchising authority, in which event the franchising authority for any cable system to be constructed, operated, acquired or extended within the jurisdiction of such municipality or within the jurisdiction of such county commission shall be the board. A county commission acting as a franchise authority for unincorporated areas of the county may elect separately to transfer to the board any franchise authority acquired from a municipality. If any municipality or county commission so elects, the mayor or president of the county commission shall certify such delegation in writing to the presiding officer of the board. Such election shall be promptly made upon written request of the board or the cable operator.

Transfer of cable franchise. **§5-18-15.**

(a) No cable system and no cable franchise, including 1 2 any system without a franchise and any franchise in 3 existence on the effective date of this article, and 4 including the rights, privileges and obligations thereof, may be assigned, sold, leased or otherwise transferred, 5 voluntarily or involuntarily, directly or indirectly, 6 7 including a transfer of control of any cable system, whether by change in ownership or otherwise, except 8 9 upon written application to and approval of the appropriate franchising authority or authorities. The 10 form of the application for transfer shall be prescribed 11

by the board.

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- 13 (b) Notice provisions may be prescribed by the board for encumbrances creating potential transfers.
- 15 (c) The procedure for consideration of any transfer 16 under the provisions of this section shall conform, as 17 nearly as possible, to the procedures prescribed in 18 sections nine and ten of this article for the consideration 19 of issuing cable franchises, including the application fee 20 therefor.

§5-18-20. Office operating requirements; office hours.

Each cable operator shall operate a business office in or near its area of operation as approved by the franchise authority or the board that shall be open during normal business hours, and each cable operator shall operate sufficient telephone lines, including a toll-free number or any other free calling option, as approved by the board, staffed by a company customer service representative during normal business hours.

§5-18-25. Complaints; violations; penalties.

- (a) Subscriber complaints regarding the operation of a cable system must be made in writing and filed with the board. The board shall take up such complaints with the cable operator complained against in an endeavor to bring about satisfaction of the complaint without formal hearing.
- (b) The board shall resolve all complaints, if possible, informally. No form of informal complaint is prescribed, but the writing must contain the essential elements of a complaint, including the name and address of the complainant, the correct name of the cable operator against which the complaint is made, a clear and concise statement of the facts involved and a request for affirmative relief.
- (c) In the event that the board cannot resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of all parties, the complainant may file a formal request to the board and he or she is entitled to a hearing before the board, which hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of the code, and the complainant and cable operator shall be afforded all rights including the

- 22 right of appeal as set forth in said chapter.
- 23 (d) A cable operator may be subject to a fine or civil
- 24 penalty in accordance with subsection (e) hereof, upon
- 25 a determination by the board or court that the cable
- 26 operator has violated any of the following:
- 27 (1) The material terms of its cable franchise; or
- 28 (2) Substantial compliance with this article or rules or orders prescribed by the board.
- 30 (e) The board may fine or obtain civil penalties
- 31 against a cable operator for each violation of subsection
- 32 (d) of this section in an amount not less than fifty dollars
- 33 nor more than five hundred dollars for each violation.
- 34 Any penalty assessed under this section is in addition
- 35 to any other costs, expenses or payments for which the
- 36 cable operator is responsible under other provisions of
- 37 this section.
- 38 (f) The board may permit, in lieu of a full hearing
- 39 before the board, one of its hearing examiners to
- 40 conduct hearings and report its findings to the board.
- 41 (g) No cable operator shall charge for more than one
- 42 outlet per household.
- 43 (h) No cable operator may raise rates or retier and
- 44 charge subscribers without providing to his or her
- 45 subscribers sufficient advance written notice and
- 46 opportunity to discontinue service.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 3D. THEFT OF CABLE TELEVISION SERVICES.

- §61-3D-1. Definitions.
- §61-3D-2. Acquisition of cable television services.
- §61-3D-3. Sale or transfer of the device or plan intended for acquisition or diversion.
- §61-3D-4. Evidence.

§61-3D-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Cable system" means any facility within this state
- 3 consisting of a set of closed transmission paths and
- 4 associated signal generation, reception and control

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- 5 equipment that is designed to provide cable television 6 service which includes video programming and which is provided to multiple subscribers within a community. 7 8 and does not include: (A) A facility that serves only to retransmit the television signals of one or more 9 10 television broadcast stations: (B) a facility that serves 11 only subscribers in one or more multiple unit dwellings 12 under common ownership, control or management, unless that facility or facilities uses any public right-of-13 14 way; or (C) a facility of a public utility subject, in whole or in part, to the provisions of chapter twenty-four of 15 this code, except to the extent that those facilities 16 17 provide video programming directly to subscribers.
- (2) "Cable operator" means any person or group of persons: (A) Who provides cable service over a cable system and directly or through one or more affiliates owns a significant interest in the cable system; or (B) who otherwise controls or is responsible for, through any arrangement, the management and operation of a cable system.
 - (3) "Cable service" means: (A) The one-way transmission to subscribers of video programming or other programming service; and (B) subscriber interaction, if any, which is required for the selection of video programming or other programming service.
- 30 (4) "Subscriber" means any person who receives cable 31 television services.
- 32 (5) "Unauthorized" means that payment of full 33 compensation for cable television services has been 34 avoided, or has been sought to be avoided, without the 35 consent of the supplier of the service.

§61-3D-2. Acquisition of cable television services.

- 1 (a) A person who acquires cable television services for 2 himself or another, whether through his own efforts or 3 with the assistance of another, or both, by:
- 4 (1) Making or maintaining any unauthorized
 5 connection, whether physically, electrically or
 6 inductively, to a distribution or transmission line;

- 7 (2) Attaching or maintaining the attachment of any 8 unauthorized device to any cable, wire or other 9 component of a cable system or to a television receiving set connected to a cable system;
- 11 (3) Making or maintaining any unauthorized 12 modification or alteration to any device installed by a 13 cable system operator; or
 - (4) Knowingly permits another person to enter upon his or her property for the purpose of securing cable service in an unauthorized manner as described in subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be punished in accordance with subsection (c) of this section.
 - (b) A person who subscribes to and receives cable television services through an authorized connection of a television receiving set at his dwelling and, within his dwelling, makes an authorized or an unauthorized connection of an additional television receiving set or sets or audio system which receives cable television service through such authorized connection, shall not be guilty of a misdemeanor under subsection (a) of this section.
 - (c) Any person convicted of a misdemeanor under subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - (1) Upon a first conviction under this section, the defendant shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than two hundred fifty dollars.
 - (2) Upon a second conviction under this section, the defendant shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (3) Upon any subsequent conviction in excess of a second conviction under this section, the defendant shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than sixty days, or both fined and imprisoned.

- 47 Notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article 48 eleven-a of this chapter or section two-a, article three.
- chapter fifty of this code, the magistrate or court may 49
- order restitution not to exceed the value of unauthorized 50
- 51 cable services received

Sale or transfer of the device or plan intended 861-3D-3. for acquisition or diversion.

- (a) A person who sells, gives or otherwise transfers to 1 another or offers, advertises or exposes for sale to 2
- 3 another any device, mechanism, tool or printed circuit,
- 4 or any kit, plan or instructional procedure for the
- making of such device, mechanism, tool or printed 5
- circuit, with the knowledge that another will acquire 6
- cable television services in violation of this article, shall 7
- be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punishable in 8
- 9
 - accordance with subsection (b) of this section.
- 10 (b) A person convicted of a misdemeanor under this 11 section shall be punished as follows:
- 12 (1) Upon a first conviction under this section, the 13 defendant shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars. 14
- (2) Upon a second conviction under this section. the 15 16 defendant shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or 17 18 imprisoned in the county jail not more than thirty days, 19 or both fined and imprisoned.
- 20 (3) Upon a third conviction under this section, the defendant shall be fined not less than five hundred 21 dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or 22 23 imprisoned in the county jail not less than sixty days, 24 nor more than one year.

§61-3D-4. Evidence.

- 1 Evidence that (1) the defendant had possession of or
- 2 access to the location of distribution or transmission
- 3 lines or other facilities of a cable system which have
- been tapped, altered or tampered with or to which any 4
- unauthorized connection has been made or to which any 5
- unauthorized device has been attached or (2) the 6

- 7 defendant had possession of or access to any device
- 8 installed by a cable system operator to which an
- 9 unauthorized modification or alteration has been made,
- 10 may be used, but shall not be required, to establish that
- 11 a person violated this article.

CHAPTER 33

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 94—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article one. chapter five-e of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend chapter twelve of said code by adding thereto a new article. designated article seven; to amend and reenact sections six and twenty-a, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of said code: and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-c, all relating generally to economic development and the creation of new jobs; reducing the amount of credits authorized under the West Virginia capital company act for three fiscal years: providing for the creation and establishment of the jobs investment trust; purposes and objectives: legislative findings; definitions; jobs investment trust board; composition of board appointments; terms of private members; election of chairman; quorum; management and control of jobs investment trust vested in board: officers: liability; payment of reasonable expenses of West Virginia housing development fund; board powers; limitation on investments: funding; applications for investment priority; providing of information to West Virginia housing development fund; acceptance or rejection of investment package: documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial, financial or personal information; confidentiality: reports of board; report of housing development fund; earnings; exemptions and audits; severability: conflicts of interest; credit of state not pledged: eliminating the restriction on the housing development fund's authority to finance nonresidential projects: allowing the housing development fund to form nonprofit corporations with the same board of directors; land development fund; and creation of jobs development fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article one, chapter five-e of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that chapter twelve of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article seven; that sections six and twenty-a, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-c, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5E. Venture Capital Company.
- Public Moneys and Securities. 12.
- Corporations. 31.

CHAPTER 5E. VENTURE CAPITAL COMPANY.

ARTICLE 1. WEST VIRGINIA CAPITAL COMPANY ACT.

85E-1-8. Tax credits.

- (a) The total amount of tax credits authorized for a 1 single qualified company may not exceed two million 2 dollars. Capitalization of the company may be increased 3 4
 - pursuant to rule of the authority.
- (b) The total credits authorized by the authority for 5 all companies may not exceed a total of ten million 6 dollars each fiscal year: Provided, That for the fiscal 7
- year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine 8
- hundred ninety-two, the fiscal year beginning on the 9
- first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-10
- three, and the fiscal year beginning on the first day of 11
- July one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the total 12
- credits authorized by the authority for all companies 13
- under this section or this article may not exceed a total 14
- of eight million dollars each fiscal year. The authority 15

shall allocate these credits to qualified companies in the order that said companies are qualified.

- (c) Any investor, including an individual, partnership or corporation who makes a capital investment in a qualified West Virginia capital company, is entitled to a tax credit equal to fifty percent of the investment, except as otherwise provided in this section or in this article. The credit allowed by this article shall be taken after all other credits allowed by chapter eleven of this code. It shall be taken against the same taxes and in the same order as set forth in subsections (c) through (i), section five, article thirteen-c, chapter eleven of this code. The credit for investments by a partnership or by a corporation electing to be treated as a Subchapter S corporation may be divided pursuant to election of partners or shareholders.
- (d) The tax credit allowed under this section is to be credited against the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year in which the investment in a qualified West Virginia capital company is made. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year, the amount of the credit which exceeds the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried to succeeding taxable years until used in full, or until forfeited: *Provided*, That: (i) Tax credits may not be carried forward beyond fifteen years; and (ii) tax credits may not be carried back to prior taxable years. Any tax credit remaining after the fifteenth taxable year is forfeited.
- (e) The tax credit provided for in this section is available only to those taxpayers whose investment in a qualified West Virginia capital company occurs after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.
- (f) The tax credit allowed under this section may not be used against any liability the taxpayer may have for interest, penalties or additions to tax.
- (g) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the contrary, the tax commissioner shall publish in the state register the name and address of every taxpayer, and

- 56 the amount, by category, of any credit asserted under
- 57 this article for any tax year beginning on or after the
- 58 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 59 one. The categories by dollar amount of credit received
- 60 shall be as follows:
- 61 (1) More than \$1.00, but not more than \$50,000;
- 62 (2) More than \$50,000, but not more than \$100,000;
- 63 (3) More than \$100,000, but not more than \$250,000;
- 64 (4) More than \$250,000, but not more than \$500,000;
- 65 (5) More than \$500,000, but not more than \$1,000,000;
- 66 (6) More than \$1,000,000.

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

ARTICLE 7. JOBS INVESTMENT TRUST FUND.

- §12-7-1. Purposes and objectives; how article cited.
- §12-7-2. Legislative findings.
- §12-7-3. Definitions.
- §12-7-4. Jobs investment trust board; composition; appointment, term of private members; chairman; quorum.
- §12-7-5. Management and control of jobs investment trust vested in board; officers; liability; relationship to higher education institutions.
- §12-7-6. Corporate powers.
- §12-7-7. Limitation on investments.
- §12-7-8. Funding.
- §12-7-9. Applications for investment priority; investment package.
- §12-7-10. Acceptance or rejection of investment package.
- §12-7-11. Documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial, financial, or personal information; confidentiality.
- §12-7-12. Reports of boards; report of housing development fund.
- §12-7-13. Earnings.
- §12-7-14. Exemption from certain requirements; audit.
- §12-7-15. Conflicts of interest.
- §12-7-16. Credit of state not pledged.

§12-7-1. Purposes and objectives; how article cited.

- 1 This article, which may be cited as the "Jobs Invest-
- 2 ment Trust Act", is enacted to create a jobs investment
- 3 trust to be used for the development, promotion and
- 4 expansion of West Virginia's economy and to provide
- 5 opportunities to businesses and college and university
- 6 students to develop and implement plans for innovative
- 7 projects and investment opportunity.

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§12-7-2. Legislative findings.

- (a) The Legislature finds that the creation of a public body corporate to make investment funds available to eligible businesses would stimulate economic growth and provide or retain jobs within the state. Accordingly, it is declared to be the public policy of the state to create an availability of funds through an investment program to inject needed capital into the business community, sustain or improve business profitability, and provide jobs to the citizens of the state.
- 10 (b) The Legislature further finds: (1) That the 11 availability of financial assistance through the creation 12 of the jobs investment trust will promote economic 13 development in the state and will serve the public 14 purposes of the state; (2) that a variety of means and 15 measures for the financing of projects, including the 16 insuring of loans or other forms of financing or credit 17 to be made available for working capital, innovative 18 investment plans and options, equity financing or the 19 refinancing of existing debt of an enterprise, will, as a 20 matter of public policy, serve the public purposes of the state; and (3) that it is in the public interest, in order 21 22 to address the needs of the business community and the 23 citizens of the state, that a public body corporate be 24 created with full power to accept grants, gifts and 25 appropriations, to generate revenues to the end that 26 funds obtained thereby may be used to furnish money 27 and credit to approved businesses or enterprises or to promote the establishment of new and incovative 28 projects or to upgrade, expand and retain existing 29 30 projects.
 - (c) The Legislature further finds: (1) That due to the creation of the jobs investment trust, moneys will be available for venture capital in this state; (2) that the implementation of this innovative program may supplant the need for the state to otherwise assist private venture capital concerns through tax credits; (3) that due to the availability of venture capital funds through this program the granting of venture capital company credits under the capital company act should be reduced for three fiscal years pending the full implementation

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41 of the jobs investment trust program; (4) that due to this reduction in the certification of tax credits, additional 42 general revenue may become available for new economic 43 development programs; (5) these economic development 44 45 programs may be funded from general revenue in an 46 amount appropriate to effectuate the purposes of these 47 programs; and (6) due to the foregoing findings there shall be an annual line item appropriation, in an amount 48 determined by the Legislature, to the West Virginia 49 development office for a matching grant program for 50 regional economic development corporations or author-51 52 ities.

§12-7-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article, the following words have the meanings herein ascribed to them, unless the context in which they are used clearly implies a different meaning:
- 4 (a) "Board" means the jobs investment trust board established pursuant to section four of this article.
- 6 (b) "Eligible business" means any business which is 7 qualified to do business in West Virginia and is in good 8 standing with all applicable laws affecting the conduct 9 of such business.
- 10 (c) "Securities" means all bonds, notes, stocks, 11 debentures or other forms of negotiable and nonnegot-12 iable evidences of indebtedness or ownership.

§12-7-4. Jobs investment trust board; composition; appointment, term of private members; chairman; quorum.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created the jobs investment trust 2 board. The board is created as a public body corporate 3 and established to improve and otherwise promote 4 economic development in this state.
 - (b) The board shall consist of thirteen members, five of whom shall serve by virtue of their respective positions. These five are the president of West Virginia university or his or her designee; the president of Marshall university or his or her designee; the chancellor of the board of directors of the state college system

or his or her designee; the executive director of the West Virginia housing development fund and the secretary of commerce, labor and environmental resources. Two members shall be appointed by the governor from a list of four names submitted by the board of directors of the housing development fund. The other six members shall be appointed from the general public by the governor. Of the members of the general public appointed by the governor, one shall be an attorney with experience in finance and investment matters, one shall be a certified public accountant, one shall be a representative of labor. one shall be experienced or involved in innovative business development, two shall be present or past executive officers of companies listed on a major stock exchange or large privately held companies.

- (c) In case of any vacancy on the board, such vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term.
- (d) The governor may remove any appointed member in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, moral turpitude or malfeasance in office, and the governor may declare the office vacant and fill the vacancy as provided in other cases of vacancy.
- (e) The chairman of the board shall be elected by the board from among the members of the board.
- (f) Seven members of the board shall constitute a quorum. No action may be taken by the board except upon the affirmative vote of at least a majority of those members present, but in no event fewer than six of the members serving on the board.
- (g) The members of the board, including the chairman, shall receive no compensation for their services as members of the board but shall be entitled to their reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in discharging their duties under this article.
- (h) The board shall meet on a quarterly basis beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine

50 hundred ninety-two, or more often if necessary.

51 (i) The terms of the board members appointed by the 52 governor first taking office on or after the effective date 53 of this legislation shall expire as designated by the 54 governor at the time of the nomination, two at the end 55 of the first year, two at the end of the second year, two 56 at the end of the third year and two at the end of the 57 fourth year, after the first day of July, one thousand nine 58 hundred ninety-two. As these original appointments 59 expire, each subsequent appointment shall be for a full four-year term. Any member whose term has expired 60 61 shall serve until his successor has been duly appointed 62 and qualified. Any member shall be eligible for 63 reappointment.

§12-7-5. Management and control of jobs investment trust vested in board; officers; liability; relationship to higher education institutions.

- (a) It shall be the duty of the board to manage and 1 2 control the jobs investment trust. In order to carry out 3 the day-to-day management and control of the trust and effectuate the purposes of this article, the board shall 4 5 appoint an executive director who is or has been a senior 6 executive of a major financial institution, brokerage firm, investment firm, or similar institution, with 7 8 extensive experience in capital market development. 9 The board shall fix the executive director's duties. The 10 board shall fix the compensation of the executive 11 director and the compensation shall, at least in part, be incentive based. The executive director shall serve at the 12 will and pleasure of the board. 13
- 14 (b) The board shall elect a secretary annually, who 15 need not be a member of the board, to keep a record 16 of the proceedings of the board.
- 17 (c) The members and officers of the board shall not 18 be liable personally, either jointly or severally, for any 19 debt or obligation created by the board.
- 20 (d) The acts of the board shall be solely the acts of 21 its corporation and shall not be deemed to be those of 22 an agent of the state, nor shall any debt or obligation

of the board be deemed to be a debt or obligation of the state.

- (e) The West Virginia housing development fund shall provide office space and staff support services for the director and the board, shall act as fiscal agent for the board and, as such, shall provide accounting services for the board, invest all funds as directed by the board, service all investment activities of the board, and shall make the disbursements of all funds as directed by the board, for which the West Virginia housing development fund shall be reasonably compensated, as determined by the board.
- (f) The board and the executive director shall involve students and faculty members of state institutions of higher education in the board's activities, in order to enhance the opportunities at such institutions for learning, and for participation in the board's investment activities and in the economic development of the state, whether in research, financial analysis, management participation, or in such other ways as the board and the executive director may, in their discretion, find appropriate.

§12-7-6. Corporate powers.

1 The board shall have the power:

- (1) To make loans, with or without interest, but with such security for repayment as the jobs investment trust board determines reasonably necessary and practicable, from the board's fund, for investment in eligible businesses that stimulate economic growth and provide or retain jobs in this state; such loans shall be made only upon determination by the board that the loans are prudent and meet the criteria established by the board;
- (2) To accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests and devises and to utilize or dispose of the same to carry out its corporate purposes;
- (3) To make and execute contracts, releases, compromises, agreements and other instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers or to carry out its corporate purposes;

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- 17 (4) To collect reasonable fees and charges in connec-18 tion with making and servicing loans, notes, bonds, 19 obligations, commitments and other evidences of 20 indebtedness, and in connection with providing techni-21 cal, consultative and project assistance services:
- 22 (5) To sue and be sued;
- 23 (6) To have a seal and alter the same at will;
- 24 (7) To make, and from time to time, amend and repeal 25 bylaws and rules and regulations not inconsistent with 26 the provisions of this article;
 - (8) To hire its own employees and appoint such officers and consultants as it deems advisable, and to fix their compensation and prescribe their duties;
 - (9) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property for its corporate purposes;
 - (10) To enter into agreements or other transactions with any federal or state agency, college or university, any person and any domestic or foreign partnership, corporation, association or organization;
- (11) To acquire real property, or an interest therein. 36 in its own name, by purchase or foreclosure, where 37 acquisition is necessary or appropriate to protect any 38 39 loan in which the board has an interest and to sell, transfer and convey any property to a buyer and, in the 40 event a sale, transfer or conveyance cannot be effected 41 with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable price, to 42 43 lease property to a tenant;
 - (12) To purchase or sell, at public or private sale, any mortgage or other negotiable instrument or obligation securing a loan;
 - (13) To procure insurance against any loss in connection with its property in such amounts, and from such insurers, as may be necessary or desirable;
- 50 (14) To consent, whenever it considers it necessary or 51 desirable in the fulfillment of its corporate purpose, to 52 the modification of the rate of interest, time of payment 53 or any installment of principal or interest, or any other

- terms, of investment, loan, contract or agreement of any kind to which the board is a party;
- 56 (15) To establish training and educational programs to further the purposes of this article;
 - (16) To file its own travel rules and regulations;
 - (17) To borrow money to carry out its corporate purpose in such principal amounts and upon such terms as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving its corporate purpose;
 - (18) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and to hold, transfer, sell, assign, pool or syndicate or participate in the syndication of, any loans, notes, mortgages, securities or debt instruments or other instruments evidencing loans or equity interests in or for the fostering of economic growth, jobs preservation and creation in the state of West Virginia, and all other acts which carry out the board's purpose;
- 71 (19) To contract with either Marshall university or 72 West Virginia university, or both, for the purpose of 73 retaining the services of, and paying the reasonable cost 74 of services performed by the institution for the board in 75 order to effectuate the purposes of this article;
 - (20) To enter into collaborative arrangements or contracts with private venture capital companies when deemed advisable by the board;
 - (21) To provide equity financing for any eligible business that will stimulate economic growth and provide or retain jobs in this state, and to hold, transfer, sell, assign, pool or syndicate, or participate in the syndication of, any loans, notes, mortgages, securities or debt instruments or other instruments evidencing loans or equity interest if in furtherance of the board's corporate purposes;
 - (22) To form partnerships, create subsidiaries or take all other actions necessary to qualify as a small business investment company under the United States Public Law (85-699) Small Business Investment Act, as amended; and

92 (23) To provide for staff payroll and make purchases 93 in the same manner as the housing development fund.

§12-7-7. Limitation on investments.

- 1 Subject to the provisions of section nine of this article,
- 2 the board may invest in any eligible business: Provided,
- 3 That at the time of the placement of the investment not
- 4 more than twenty percent of the board's total investment
- 5 portfolio is so invested in one eligible business within
- 6 any two-year period.

§12-7-8. Funding.

- 1 Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred ninety-two, the West Virginia housing develop-
- 3 ment fund shall make available for the use of the board
- 4 ten million dollars as and when requested in accordance
- 5 with the provisions of section twenty-c, article eighteen,
- 6 chapter thirty-one of this code. The funds shall be
- 7 transferred to and held in a separate account at the
- 8 housing development fund for the trust until a disbur-
- 9 sement of such funds is directed by the board. No more
- than eight million dollars may be invested in qualified
- 11 investments in the fiscal year one thousand nine
- 12 hundred ninety-three.

§12-7-9. Applications for investment priority; investment package.

- 1 (a) The board shall accept and review applications
 2 from eligible businesses and shall determine the
 3 investment worthiness and jobs creation potential of
 4 each proposal, and the economic circumstances of the
 5 region or regions of the state which would benefit from
 6 each proposal. The board shall attempt to balance its
- 7 investments, as nearly as is practicable, among the geographic regions of the state.
- 9 (b) Any public or private institution of higher 10 education in the state, or faculty or students of the 11 institution, may present for the board's consideration 12 proposals relating to innovative projects or investment
- 13 opportunities.
- 14 (c) There shall also be an annual audit conducted by

- 15 an independent firm of certified public accountants
- 16 which shall be made available to the Legislature
- 17 annually.
- 18 (d) The board shall forward to the West Virginia
- 19 housing development fund for its review and informa-
- 20 tion approved investment packages containing such
- 21 information as is necessary to permit the West Virginia
- 22 housing development fund to carry out its duties under
- 23 this article. The board shall determine whether each
- 24 applicant is an eligible business.

§12-7-10. Acceptance or rejection of investment package.

- 1 (a) The board may approve or disapprove an invest-
- 2 ment package or any portion thereof: *Provided*, That 3 notwithstanding any provision of this article to the
- 3 notwithstanding any provision of this article to the 4 contrary, the board may not accent any investment
- 4 contrary, the board may not accept any investment
- 5 package or any portion thereof unless the same has been
- 6 reviewed and approved by the board's executive director
- 7 in his or her sole discretion.
- 8 (b) The board shall disapprove any investment 9 package if the business requesting such investment is
- 10 not in good standing with all applicable laws affecting
- 11 the conduct of such business. Upon request of the board,
- 12 each affected state agency shall provide the board with
- 13 such information as to the standing of each applicant,
- 14 notwithstanding any provision of this code to the
- 15 contrary.

§12-7-11. Documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial, financial, or personal information; confidentiality.

- 1 Any documentary material or data made or received
- 2 by the board for the purpose of furnishing assistance,
- 3 to the extent that such material or data consists of trade
- 4 secrets, commercial, financial or personal information
- 5 regarding the financial position or activities of such
- 6 business or person, shall not be considered public
- 7 records and shall be exempt from disclosure pursuant
- 8 to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.
- 9 Any discussion or consideration of such trade secrets,
- 10 commercial, financial or personal information may be

11 held by the board in executive session closed to the 12 public, notwithstanding the provisions of article nine-a. chapter six of this code: Provided. That the board shall 13 make public the following information regarding 14 executed investments: (1) The names and addresses of 15 16 the principals of the business and its board of directors: (2) the location or locations of the projects; (3) the 17 amount of the investment or financial assistance 18 provided by the board; (4) the purpose of the investment 19 or financial assistance; (5) the maturity, interest rate 20 21 and other pertinent terms of the investment; (6) the 22 fixed assets which serve as security for the investment: and (7) names and addresses of all persons holding 23 twenty-five percent or more of the equity of the entity 24 25 receiving investment assistance.

§12-7-12. Reports of board; report of housing development fund.

- 1 (a) The board shall prepare annually, or more frequently if deemed necessary by the board, a report 2 of its operations and the performance of the various 3 investments administered by it. A copy thereof shall be 4 furnished to the governor, the president of the Senate, 5 the speaker of the House of Delegates, the legislative 6 auditor and, upon request, to any legislative committee. 7 Such report shall be kept available for inspection by any 8 citizen of this state. 9
- 10 (b) The West Virginia housing development fund shall 11 prepare annually and submit to the president of the 12 Senate, the speaker of the House of Delegates, the 13 legislative auditor and, upon request, any legislative 14 committee, a report on the performance of the board and 15 the quality of its investments for the preceding year.

§12-7-13. Earnings.

All earnings, interest and fees collected by the board on or in respect of funds provided by the West Virginia housing development fund shall go back into the jobs development fund created pursuant to section twenty-c, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of this code, for reinvestment and no such earnings, interest or fees shall be considered part of the general revenue of the state.

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§12-7-14. Exemption from certain requirements; audit.

In order to provide excellent investment opportuni-2 ties, the investment activity provided by this article 3 shall be exempt from the bidding and public sale 4 requirements, from the approval of contractual agree-5 ments by the department of finance and administration 6 or the attorney general and from the requirements of 7 chapter five-a of this code. The transactions provided by this article shall be subject to an annual audit by an 8 9 independent firm of certified public accountants.

§12-7-15. Conflicts of interest.

(a) No member of the board or officer, agent or employee thereof shall, in his or her own name or in the name of a nominee, hold an ownership interest of more than seven and one-half percent in any association, trust, corporation, partnership or other entity which is, in its own name or in the name of a nominee, a party to a contract or agreement upon which the member or officer, agent or employee may be called upon to act or vote.

10 (b) With respect to any direct or any indirect interest, 11 other than an interest prohibited in subsection (a) of this 12 section, in a contract or agreement upon which the member or officer, agent or employee may be called 13 14 upon to act or vote, the member of the board or officer. agent or employee thereof holding such interest shall 15 16 disclose the same to the board secretary prior to the taking of final action by the board concerning such 17 contract or agreement and shall disclose the nature and 18 19 extent of such interest and the date of his or her 20 acquisition thereof, which disclosure shall be publicly 21 acknowledged by the board and entered upon the 22 minutes of the board. If a member of the board or officer, agent or employee thereof holds such an interest. 23 he or she shall refrain from any further involvement on 24 behalf of the board in regard to such contract or 25 agreement, from voting on any matter pertaining to 26 such contract or agreement, and from communicating 27 with other members of the board or its officers, agents 28 and employees concerning said contract or agreement. 29

- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any 30
- 31 contract or agreement entered into in conformity with
- this subsection shall not be void or invalid by reason of 32
- 33 the interest described in this subsection, nor shall any
- 34 person so disclosing the interest and refraining from
- 35 further official involvement as provided in this subsec-
- 36 tion be guilty of an offense, be removed from office or
- be subject to any other penalty or legal disability on 37
- 38 account of such interest.
- 39 (c) Any contract or agreement made in violation of
- 40 subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall be null and void
- 41 and shall give rise to no civil or criminal action against
- 42 the board or any member thereof.

§12-7-16. Credit of state not pledged.

- No provisions of this article shall be construed to 1
- 2 authorize the jobs investment trust board at any time
- 3 or in any manner to pledge the credit or taxing power
- 4 of the state, nor shall any of the obligations or debts
- created by the jobs investment trust board under the 5
- authority herein granted be deemed to be obligations of 6
- the state.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND.

§31-18-6. Corporate powers.

§31-18-20a. Land development fund.

§31-18-20c. Jobs development fund.

§31-18-6. Corporate powers.

- 1 The housing development fund is hereby granted, has 2
- and may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate
- to carry out and effectuate its corporate purpose. 3
- 4 including, but not limited to, the following:
- 5 (1) To make or participate in the making of federally insured construction loans to sponsors of land develop-6
- ment, residential housing or nonresidential projects. 7
- Such loans shall be made only upon determination by 8 the housing development fund that construction loans 9
- are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from 10
- private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and 11

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12 conditions:

- (2) To make temporary loans, with or without interest, but with such security for repayment as the housing development fund determines reasonably necessary and practicable, from the operating loan fund, if created, established, organized and operated in accordance with 18 the provisions of section nineteen of this article, to 19 defray development costs to sponsors of land develop-20 ment, residential housing or nonresidential projects which are eligible or potentially eligible for federally 21 22 insured construction loans, federally insured mortgages, 23 federal mortgages or uninsured construction loans or 24 uninsured mortgage loans;
 - (3) To make or participate in the making of long-term federally insured mortgage loans to sponsors of land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that long-term mortgage loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions:
- 33 (4) To establish residential housing and nonresidential and land development projects for counties declared to 34 35 be in a disaster area by the Federal Emergency 36 Management Agency or other agency or instrumentality 37 of the United States or this state:
 - (5) To accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests and devises and to utilize or dispose of the same to carry out its corporate purpose:
 - (6) To make and execute contracts, releases, compromises, compositions and other instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers, or to carry out its corporate purpose:
 - (7) To collect reasonable fees and charges in connection with making and servicing loans, notes, bonds, obligations, commitments and other evidences of indebtedness, and in connection with providing technical, consultative and project assistance services;
 - (8) To invest any funds not required for immediate

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51 disbursement in any of the following securities:

- (i) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America or for the payment of the principal and interest on which the full faith and credit of the United States of America is pledged;
- (ii) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued by any of the following agencies: Banks for cooperatives: federal intermediate credit banks: federal home loan bank system; export-import bank of the United States; federal land banks; Tennessee valley authority: United States postal service; inter-American development bank; international bank for reconstruction and development; small business administration: Washington metropolitan area transit authority; general services administration; federal financing bank: federal home loan mortgage corporation; student loan marketing association; farmer's home administration: the federal national mortgage association or the government national mortgage association; or any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation to the extent such obligations are guaranteed by the government national mortgage association or federal national mortgage association or are issued by any other federal agency and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America:
- (iii) Public housing bonds issued by public agencies or municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions under an annual contributions contract or contracts with the United States of America; or temporary notes, preliminary loan notes, or project notes issued by public agencies or municipalities, in each case, fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the United States of America;
- (iv) Certificates of deposit, time deposits, investment agreements, repurchase agreements or similar banking arrangements with a member bank or banks of the federal reserve system or a bank the deposits of which are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation.



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91 or its successor, or a savings and loan association or 92 savings bank the deposits of which are insured by the federal savings and loan insurance corporation, or its 93 94 successor, or government bond dealers reporting to, 95 trading with and recognized as primary dealers by a federal reserve bank: Provided. That such investments 96 97 shall only be made to the extent insured by the federal 98 deposit insurance corporation or the federal savings and 99 loan insurance corporation or to the extent that the 100 principal amount thereof shall be fully collateralized by 101 obligations which are authorized investments for the 102 housing development fund pursuant to this section;

- (v) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the state of West Virginia;
- (vi) Direct and general obligations of any other state, municipality or other political subdivision within the territorial United States: *Provided*, That at the time of their purchase, such obligations are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond-rating agency;
- (vii) Any bond, note, debenture or annuity issued by any corporation organized and operating within the United States: Provided, That such corporation shall have a minimum net worth of fifteen million dollars and its securities or its parent corporation's securities are listed on one or more of the national stock exchanges: Provided, however, That: (1) Such corporation has earned a profit in eight of the preceding ten fiscal years as reflected in its statements; and (2) such corporation has not defaulted in the payment of principal or interest on any of its outstanding funded indebtedness during its preceding ten fiscal years; and (3) the bonds, notes or debentures of such corporation to be purchased are rated "AA" or the equivalent thereof or better than "AA" or the equivalent thereof by at least two or more nationally recognized rating services such as Standard and Poor's, Dunn & Bradstreet, Best's or Moody's;
 - (viii) If entered into solely for the purpose of reducing investment, interest rate, liquidity or other market risks in relation to obligations issued or to be issued or owned or to be owned by the housing development fund,

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- options, futures contracts (including index futures but exclusive of commodities futures, options or other contracts), standby purchase agreements or similar hedging arrangements listed by a nationally recognized securities exchange or a corporation described in paragraph (vii) above:
- 138 (ix) Certificates, shares or other interests in mutual 139 funds, unit trusts or other entities registered under 140 section eight of the United States Investment Company 141 Act of 1940, but only to the extent that the terms on 142 which the underlying investments are to be made 143 prevent any more than a minor portion of the pool which 144 is being invested in to consist of obligations other than 145 investments permitted pursuant to this section; and
- 146 (x) To the extent not inconsistent with the express 147 provisions of this section, obligations of the West 148 Virginia state board of investments or any other 149 obligation authorized as an investment for the West 150 Virginia state board of investments under article six, 151 chapter twelve of this code or for a public housing 152 authority under article fifteen, chapter sixteen of this 153 code:
 - (9) To sue and be sued:
- 155 (10) To have a seal and alter the same at will;
- 156 (11) To make, and from time to time, amend and 157 repeal bylaws and rules and regulations not inconsistent 158 with the provisions of this article;
- 159 (12) To appoint such officers, employees and consul-160 tants as it deems advisable and to fix their compensation 161 and prescribe their duties;
- 162 (13) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property for its corporate purposes;
 - (14) To enter into agreements or other transactions with any federal or state agency, any person and any domestic or foreign partnership, corporation, association or organization:
- 168 (15) To acquire real property, or an interest therein, 169 in its own name, by purchase or foreclosure, where such 170 acquisition is necessary or appropriate to protect any

- loan in which the housing development fund has an interest and to sell, transfer and convey any such property to a buyer and, in the event of such sale, transfer or conveyance cannot be effected with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable price, to lease such property to a tenant:
- 177 (16) To purchase or sell, at public or private sale, any 178 mortgage or other negotiable instrument or obligation 179 securing a construction, rehabilitation, improvement, 180 land development, mortgage or temporary loan;
- 181 (17) To procure insurance against any loss in connection with its property in such amounts, and from such insurers, as may be necessary or desirable;
 - (18) To consent, whenever it deems it necessary or desirable in the fulfillment of its corporate purpose, to the modification of the rate of interest, time of payment or any installment of principal or interest, or any other terms, of mortgage loan, mortgage loan commitment, construction loan, rehabilitation loan, improvement loan, temporary loan, contract or agreement of any kind to which the housing development fund is a party;
 - (19) To make and publish rules and regulations respecting its federally insured mortgage lending, uninsured mortgage lending, construction lending, rehabilitation lending, improvement lending and lending to defray development costs and any such other rules and regulations as are necessary to effectuate its corporate purpose;
 - (20) To borrow money to carry out and effectuate its corporate purpose and to issue its bonds or notes as evidence of any such borrowing in such principal amounts and upon such terms as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving its corporate purpose, except that no notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of issuance and no bonds shall be issued to mature more than fifty years from date of issuance;
 - (21) To issue renewal notes, to issue bonds to pay notes and, whenever it deems refunding expedient, to refund any bonds by the issuance of new bonds, whether the

- bonds to be refunded have or have not matured except that no such renewal notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of issuance of the notes renewed and no such refunding bonds shall be issued to mature more than fifty years from the date of issuance;
 - (22) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes or refunding bonds to the purchase, redemption or payment of the notes or bonds to be refunded;
 - (23) To make grants and provide technical services to assist in the purchase or other acquisition, planning, processing, design, construction, or rehabilitation, improvement or operation of residential housing, nonresidential projects or land development: *Provided*, That no such grant or other financial assistance shall be provided except upon a finding by the housing development fund that such assistance and the manner in which it will be provided will preserve and promote residential housing in this state or the interests of this state in maintaining or increasing employment or the tax base;
 - (24) To provide project assistance services for residential housing, nonresidential projects and land development, including, but not limited to, management, training and social and other services;
 - (25) To promote research and development in scientific methods of constructing low cost land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects of high durability including grants, loans or equity contributions for research and development purposes: *Provided*, That no such grant or other financial assistance shall be provided except upon a finding by the housing development fund that such assistance and the manner in which it will be provided will preserve and promote residential housing in this state or the interests of this state in maintaining and increasing employment and the tax base;
 - (26) With the proceeds from the issuance of notes or bonds of the housing development fund, including, but not limited to, mortgage finance bonds, or with other funds available to the housing development fund for such purpose, to participate in the making of or to make

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251 loans to mortgagees approved by the housing develop-252 ment fund and take such collateral security therefor as 253 is approved by the housing development fund and to 254 invest in, purchase, acquire, sell or participate in the 255 sale of, or take assignments of, notes and mortgages. 256 evidencing loans for the construction, rehabilitation. 257 improvement, purchase or refinancing of land develop-258 ment, residential housing or nonresidential projects in 259 this state: Provided. That the housing development fund 260 shall obtain such written assurances as shall be 261 satisfactory to it that the proceeds of such loans, 262 investments or purchases will be used, as nearly as practicable, for the making of or investment in long-263 264 term federally insured mortgage loans or federally insured construction loans, uninsured mortgage loans or 265 266 uninsured construction loans, for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects or that 267 other moneys in an amount approximately equal to such 268 proceeds shall be committed and used for such purpose: 269

(27) To make or participate in the making of uninsured construction loans for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that construction loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions:

(28) To make or participate in the making of longterm uninsured mortgage loans for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that long-term mortgage loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions:

(29) To obtain options to acquire real property, or any interest therein, in its own name, by purchase, or lease or otherwise, which is found by the housing development fund to be suitable, or potentially suitable, as a site, or as part of a site, for land development or the construction of residential housing or nonresidential projects; to

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hold such real property or to acquire by purchase or otherwise and to transfer by sale or otherwise any ownership or equity interests in any other legal entity which holds such real property; to finance the perfor-mance of land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects on or in connection with any such real property or to perform land development, residen-tial housing or nonresidential projects on or in connection with any such real property; to own, operate and sponsor or participate in the sponsorship of land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects; or to sell, transfer and convey, lease or otherwise dispose of such real property, or lots, tracts or parcels of such real property, for such prices, upon such terms, conditions and limitations, and at such time or times as the housing development fund shall determine:

- (30) To make loans, with or without interest, but with such security for repayment as the housing development fund determines reasonably necessary and practicable from the land development fund, if created, established, organized and operated in accordance with the provisions of section twenty-a of this article, to sponsors of land development, to defray development costs and other costs of land development;
- (31) To exercise all of the rights, powers and authorities of a public housing authority as set forth and provided in article fifteen, chapter sixteen of this code, in any area or areas of the state which the housing development fund shall determine by resolution to be necessary or appropriate;
- (32) To provide assistance to urban renewal projects in accordance with the provisions of section twenty-eight, article eighteen, chapter sixteen of this code and in so doing to exercise all of the rights, powers and authorities granted in this article or in said article, in and for any communities of the state which the housing development fund shall determine by resolution to be necessary or appropriate;
 - (33) To make or participate in the making of loans for

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the purpose of rehabilitating or improving existing residential and temporary housing or nonresidential projects, or to owners of existing residential or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families for the purpose of rehabilitating or improving such residential or temporary housing or nonresidential projects and, in connection therewith, to refinance existing loans involving the same property. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that rehabilitation or improvement loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions:

(34) Whenever the housing development fund deems it necessary in order to exercise any of its powers set forth in subdivision (29) of this section, and upon being unable to agree with the owner or owners of real property or interest therein sought to be acquired by the fund upon a price for acquisition of private property not being used or operated by the owner in the production of agricultural products, to exercise the powers of eminent domain in the acquisition of such real property or interest therein in the manner provided under chapter fifty-four of this code, and the purposes set forth in said subdivision are hereby declared to be public purposes for which private property may be taken. For the purposes of this section, the determination of "use or operation by the owner in the production of agricultural products" means that the principal use of such real estate is for the production of food and fiber by agricultural production other than forestry, and the fund shall not initiate or exercise any powers of eminent domain without first receiving an opinion in writing from both the governor and the commissioner of agriculture of this state that at the time the fund had first attempted to acquire such real estate or interest therein, such real estate or interest therein was not in fact being used or operated by the owner in the production of agricultural products:

(35) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and to hold, transfer, sell, assign, pool or syndicate, or participate in

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- the syndication of, any loans, notes, mortgages, securities or debt instruments collateralized by mortgages or interests in mortgages or other instruments evidencing loans or equity interests in or for the construction, rehabilitation, improvement, renovation, purchase or refinancing of land development, residential housing and nonresidential projects in this state; and
- 380 (36) To form one or more nonprofit corporations, 381 whose board of directors shall be the same as the board 382 of directors of the housing development fund, which 383 shall be authorized and empowered to carry out any or all of the corporate powers or purposes of the housing 384 development fund, including, without limitation, acquir-385 386 ing limited or general partnership interests and other forms of equity ownership. 387

§31-18-20a. Land development fund.

- (a) The board of directors of the housing development fund may create and establish a special revolving fund of moneys made available by appropriation, grant, contribution or loan, to be known as the land development fund and to be governed, administered and accounted for by the directors, officers and managerial staff of the housing development fund as a special purpose account separate and distinct from any other moneys, fund or funds owned and managed by the housing development fund.
- (b) The purpose of the land development fund shall be to provide a source from which the housing development fund may finance development costs and land development in this state by making loans or grants therefrom, such loans to be with or without interest and with such security for repayment as the housing development fund deems reasonably necessary and practicable, or by expending moneys therefrom, for development costs and land development in this state.
- (c) The housing development fund may invest and reinvest all moneys in the land development fund in any investments authorized under section six of this article, pending the disbursement thereof in connection with the financing of development costs and land development in

25 this state.

- (d) No loans shall be made by the housing development fund from the land development fund except in accordance with a written loan agreement which shall include, but not be limited to, the following terms and conditions:
- 31 (1) The proceeds of all such loans shall be used only 32 for development costs and land development;
- 33 (2) All such loans shall be repaid in full, with or 34 without interest, as provided in the agreement;
 - (3) All repayments shall be made concurrent with receipt by the borrower of the proceeds of a construction loan or mortgage, as the case may be, or at such other times as the housing development fund deems reasonably necessary or practicable; and
 - (4) Specification of such security for repayments upon such terms and conditions as the housing development fund deems reasonably necessary or practicable.
 - (e) No grants shall be made by the housing development fund from the land development fund except in accordance with a written grant agreement which shall require that the proceeds of all such grants shall be used only for development costs or land development and containing such other terms and provisions as the housing development fund may require to ensure that the public purposes of this article are furthered by such grant.
 - (f) The housing development fund may expend any income from the financing of development costs and land development with moneys in the land development fund, and from investment of such moneys, in payment, or reimbursement, of all expenses of the housing development fund which, as determined in accordance with procedures approved by the board of directors of the housing development fund, are fairly allocable to such financing or its land-development activities: *Provided*, That no funds from the land development fund shall be used to carry on propaganda, or otherwise attempt to influence legislation.

64 (g) The housing development fund shall create and 65 establish a special account within the land development fund to be designated as the "special project account" 66 67 into which the housing development fund shall, effective 68 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-69 two, deposit the sum of ten million dollars. Such funds shall be governed, administered and accounted for by 70 71 the housing development fund as a special purpose 72 account separate and distinct from any other moneys. 73 fund or funds owned or managed by the housing 74 development fund. The sole and exclusive purpose of 75 such account shall be to provide a source of funds for 76 the financing of infrastructure projects including 77 distribution from time to time to the West Virginia 78 water pollution control revolving fund created pursuant 79 to section three, article five-i, chapter twenty of this code: Provided. That such distribution shall not exceed 80 five million four hundred fifty thousand dollars; and 81 82 distribution from time to time to fund soil conservation projects: Provided, however. That such distribution shall 83 not exceed four million five hundred fifty thousand 84 dollars. Until so disbursed, the moneys initially depos-85 86 ited or thereafter from time to time deposited in such 87 special project account, may be invested and reinvested by the housing development fund as permitted under 88 subdivision (8), section six of this article. Any funds 89 90 remaining in the special project account on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, shall 91 automatically revert to the general fund of the housing 92 93 development fund free of any limitations provided in 94 this section. The provisions of subsections (c), (d), (e) and (f) of this section shall not apply to the special project 95 account created in this section. 96

§31-18-20c. Jobs development fund.

There is hereby created and established a special fund to be designated as the "jobs development fund" into which the housing development fund shall, effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, deposit the sum of ten million dollars. Thereafter, the housing development fund shall have no further duty or obligation to, but may in its sole discretion, deposit

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additional funds. Such funds shall be governed, administered and accounted for by the housing development fund as a special purpose account separate and distinct from any other moneys, fund or funds owned or managed by the housing development fund. The sole and exclusive purpose of such fund shall be to provide a source for distribution from time to time to the jobs investment trust as provided for in article seven. chapter twelve of this code. Upon receipt by the housing development fund from time to time of a written requisition from the trust together with a certificate that the funds so requisitioned will be used in accordance with the provisions of article seven, chapter twelve of this code and are expected to be expended within thirty days after such disbursement to fund a loan or other investment or to pay the operating expenses of the trust, the housing development fund shall disburse the amount so requisitioned. Until so disbursed, the moneys initially deposited or thereafter from time to time deposited in such fund may be invested and reinvested by the housing development fund as permitted under subdivision (8), section six of this article. Upon the dissolution or the termination of the jobs investment trust board, any funds remaining in the jobs development fund shall automatically revert to the general fund of the housing development fund free of any limitations provided in this section.

CHAPTER 34

(S. B. 17—By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, five, six, seven, eight, eleven, twelve and thirteen, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fifteen-a and fifteen-b; and to amend chapter forty-six-a of said

code by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-d, all relating to the solicitation by profit business entities and nonprofit charitable organizations generally: revising provisions governing the solicitation of charitable funds; redefining the term charitable organization: changing the membership requirements of the commission; requiring charitable organizations to file final reports to reflect activities not shown in their last report before withdrawing from the state; removing the requirement that the percentage of funds remaining in the state be included in the registration application: changing the financial disclosure requirements in applications: requiring the filing of support documentation provided to the charitable organization by its fundraising contractor; redefining the exemption for churches: limiting the exemption for youth athletic organizations; revising disclosure requirements; removing and restating the notice on printed solicitations requirement; requiring the filing of final settlement reports on contracts between charitable organizations and fund-raising contractors; removing the percentage of solicitations requirement at the point of solicitation; clarifying the definition of reasonable donor expectation; defining independent governing boards and conflicts of interest for those boards; deleting the reciprocal law provision: defining prohibited solicitations; removing the requirement that solicitors carry authorizations; providing for private and class actions for violations of this article; providing for civil penalties for intentional violations of the article: creating a special revenue fund for the deposit of proceeds of penalties and other funds; creating the "Prizes and Gifts Act"; requiring that prizes, gifts or items of value be delivered to a consumer within ten days of the representation, without obligation; requiring disclosure of the sponsor and eligibility conditions: mandating the disclosure of costs and expenses; prohibiting certain methods of notification: and establishing a penalty for fraudulent acts or practices.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, five, six, seven, eight, eleven,

twelve and thirteen, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fifteen-a and fifteen-b; and that chapter forty-six-a of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.
- 46A. West Virginia Consumer Credit and Protection Act.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 19. SOLICITATION OF CHARITABLE FUNDS ACT.

- §29-19-2. Definitions.
- §29-19-3. Commission on charitable organizations; powers and duties.
- §29-19-5. Registration of charitable organizations; fee.
- §29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.
- §29-19-7. Filing of solicitation contracts.
- §29-19-8. Limitations on activities of charitable organizations.
- §29-19-11. Records to be kept by charitable organizations, professional fundraising counsel and professional solicitors.
- §29-19-12. Reciprocal agreements.
- §29-19-13. Prohibited acts.
- §29-19-15a. Private actions and class actions.
- §29-19-15b. Civil penalty for intentional violations.

§29-19-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

- 2 (1) "Charitable organization" means a person who is
- 3 or holds itself out to be a benevolent, educational,
- 4 philanthropic, humane, patriotic, religious or eleemosy-
- 5 nary organization, or any person who solicits or obtains
- 6 contributions solicited from the public for charitable
- 7 purposes, or any person who in any manner employs any
- 8 appeal for contributions which may be reasonably
- 9 interpreted to suggest that any part of such contribu-
- tions will be used for charitable purposes. A chapter,
- 11 branch, area, office or similar affiliate or any person
- 12 soliciting contributions within the state for a charitable
- 13 organization which has its principal place of business
- 14 outside the state is a charitable organization for the
- 15 purposes of this article.

- 16 (2) "Contribution" means the promise or grant of any money or property of any kind or value.
 - (3) "Solicit" and "solicitation" means the request or appeal, directly or indirectly, for any contribution on the plea or representation that such contribution will be used for a charitable purpose, including, without limitation, the following methods of requesting such contribution:
- 24 (a) Any oral or written request;
 - (b) Any announcement to the press, over the radio or television, or by telephone or telegraph, concerning an appeal or campaign to which the public is requested to make a contribution for any charitable purpose connected therewith;
 - (c) The distribution, circulation, posting or publishing of any handbill, written advertisement or other publication which directly or by implication seeks to obtain public support; or
 - (d) The sale of, offer or attempt to sell, any advertisement, advertising space, subscription, ticket or any service or tangible item in connection with which any appeal is made for any charitable purpose or where the name of any charitable or civic organization is used or referred to in any such appeal as an inducement or reason for making any such sale, or when or where in connection with any such sale, any statement is made that the whole or any part of the proceeds from any such sale will be donated to any charitable purpose.

"Solicitation", as defined herein, shall be deemed to occur when the request is made, at the place the request is received, whether or not the person making the same actually receives any contribution.

(4) "Federated fund-raising organization" means a federation of independent charitable organizations which have voluntarily joined together, including, but not limited to, a united fund or community chest, for purposes of raising and distributing money for and among themselves and where membership does not confer operating authority and control of the individual

55 agencies upon the federated group organization.

- (5) "Parent organization" is that part of a charitable organization which coordinates, supervises or exercises control over policy, fund raising and expenditures, or assists, receives funds from or advises one or more chapters, branches or affiliates in the state.
- (6) "Person" means any individual, organization, trust, foundation, group, association, partnership, corporation, society or any combination of them.
- (7) "Professional fund-raising counsel" means any person who for a flat fixed fee under a written agreement plans, conducts, manages, carries on, advises or acts as a consultant, whether directly or indirectly, in connection with soliciting contributions for, or on behalf of any charitable organization but who actually solicits no contributions as a part of such services. A bona fide salaried officer or employee of a charitable organization maintaining a permanent establishment within the state shall not be deemed to be a professional fund-raising counsel.
- (8) "Professional solicitor" means any person who, for a financial or other consideration, solicits contributions for, or on behalf of a charitable organization, whether such solicitation is performed personally or through said person's agents, servants or employees specially employed by, or for a charitable organization, who are engaged in the solicitation of contributions under the direction of such person, or a person who plans. conducts, manages, carries on, advises or acts as a consultant to a charitable organization in connection with the solicitation of contributions but does not qualify as "professional fund-raising counsel" within the meaning of this article. A bona fide salaried officer or employee of a charitable organization maintaining a permanent establishment within the state is not a professional solicitor.

No attorney, investment counselor or banker, who advises any person to make a contribution to a charitable organization, shall be considered, as the result of

- 94 such advice, a professional fund-raising counsel or a 95 professional solicitor.
- 96 (9) "Commission" means the commission on charitable 97 organizations herein created.

§29-19-3. Commission on charitable organizations; powers and duties.

- 1 (a) The commission on charitable organizations. 2 herein referred to as the "commission", consists of seven 3 members, including the secretary of state or his or her 4 designate, who shall be the chairman, the attorney 5 general or his or her designate, two members from the 6 staff of the department of health and human resources 7 to be designated by the secretary of health and human 8 resources and three members to be appointed by the 9 governor who shall serve at his will and pleasure.
- 10 (b) The commission shall serve as body advisory to the 11 secretary of state and, as such, shall have the following 12 powers and duties:
- 13 (1) To hold investigations as provided in section fifteen of this article: 14
- (2) To advise and make recommendations to the 16 secretary of state on policies and practices to effect the 17 purposes of this article;
- 18 (3) To request that the attorney general, and, when appropriate, the prosecuting attorney of any county, 19 take action to enforce this article or protect the public 20 from any fraudulent scheme or criminal act;
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- 22 (4) To meet at the request of the secretary of state or pursuant to regulations promulgated by him. Minutes of 23 24 each meeting shall be public records and filed with the secretary of state. 25
- (c) The secretary of state shall administer this article, 26 prescribe forms for registration or other purposes, and 27 promulgate rules in furtherance of this article in 28 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-29 a of this code. 30

Registration of charitable organizations; fee.

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- 1 (a) Every charitable organization, except as provided 2 in section six of this article, which intends to solicit 3 contributions within this state or to have funds solicited on its behalf shall, prior to any solicitation, file a 4 5 registration statement with the secretary of state upon 6 forms prescribed by him or her, which shall be good for 7 one full year and which shall be refiled in the next and each following year in which such charitable organiza-8 9 tion is engaged in solicitation activities. If an organiza-10 tion discontinues solicitation at any time after its last 11 registration filing, then it must file a registration 12 statement reflecting its activities during its last fiscal 13 year in which solicitation in West Virginia took place. It shall be the duty of the president, chairman or 14 15 principal officer of such charitable organization to file 16 the statements required under this article. Such 17 statements shall be sworn to and shall contain the following information: 18
- 19 (1) The name of the organization and the purpose for 20 which it was organized;
 - (2) The principal address of the organization and the address of any offices in this state. If the organization does not maintain an office, the name and address of the person having custody of its financial records;
- 25 (3) The names and addresses of any chapters, 26 branches or affiliates in this state;
 - (4) The place where and the date when the organization was legally established, the form of its organization;
 - (5) The names and addresses of the officers, directors, trustees and the principal salaried executive staff officer;
 - (6) A copy of a balance sheet and a statement or report of income and expenses for the organization's immediately preceding fiscal year, or a financial statement reporting information showing the kind and amount of funds raised during the preceding fiscal year, the costs and expenses incidental thereto and showing how the funds were disbursed or allocated for the same fiscal year: *Provided*, That for organizations raising more than

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- 40 fifty thousand dollars per year in contributions, the
- 41 balance sheet and income and expense statement, or
- 42 financial statement provided, shall be audited by an
- 43 independent public accountant. Organizations are
- 44 required to report the amount of money raised in the
- 45 state and the amount spent in the state for charitable
- 46 purposes;
- 47 (7) A copy of any determination of the organization's 48 tax exempt status under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. 49 §501(c)(3) and a copy of the last filed Internal Revenue 50 Service form 990 and Schedule A for every charitable
- 51 organization and any parent organization:
- 52 (8) Whether the organization intends to solicit 53 contributions from the public directly or have such done 54 on its behalf by others;
- 55 (9) Whether the organization is authorized by any 56 other governmental authority to solicit contributions 57 and whether it is or has ever been enjoined by any court 58 from soliciting contributions;
- 59 (10) The general purpose or purposes for which the contributions to be solicited shall be used;
- 61 (11) The name or names under which it intends to 62 solicit contributions;
- 63 (12) The names of the individuals or officers of the 64 organization who will have final responsibility for the 65 custody of the contributions;
- 66 (13) The names of the individuals or officers of the 67 organization responsible for the final distribution of the 68 contributions; and
- 69 (14) Copies of all contract documentation from 70 professional fund-raising counsels and professional 71 solicitors as provided for in subsection (d), section seven 72 of this article.
 - (b) Each chapter, branch or affiliate, except an independent member agency of a federated fund-raising organization, may separately report the information required by this subsection, or report the information to its parent organization which shall then furnish such

- information as to its West Virginia affiliates, chapters and branches in a consolidated form to the secretary of state. An independent member agency of a federated fund-raising organization, as hereinbefore defined, shall comply with the provisions of this article independently. Each organization shall file a separate registration form for each name under which funds will be solicited.
 - (c) The registration forms and any other documents prescribed by the secretary of state shall be signed by an authorized officer or by an independent public accountant and by the chief fiscal officer of the charitable organization and shall be verified under oath.
 - (d) Every charitable organization collecting less than one million dollars during any year which submits an independent registration to the secretary of state shall pay an annual registration fee of fifteen dollars; every charitable organization collecting more than one million dollars during one year which submits an independent registration to the secretary of state shall pay an annual registration fee of fifty dollars; a parent organization filing on behalf of one or more chapters, branches or affiliates or a single organization filing under different names shall pay a single annual registration fee of fifty dollars for itself and such chapters, branches or affiliates included in the registration statement.

§29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.

- 1 (a) The following charitable organizations shall not be 2 required to file an annual registration statement with 3 the secretary of state:
 - (1) Educational institutions, the curriculums of which in whole or in part are registered or approved by the state board of education, either directly or by acceptance of accreditation by an accrediting body recognized by the state board of education; and any auxiliary associations, foundations and support groups which are directly responsible to any such educational institutions;
- 11 (2) Persons requesting contributions for the relief of 12 any individual specified by name at the time of the

- solicitation when all of the contributions collected without any deductions whatsoever are turned over to the named beneficiary for his or her use;
 - (3) Hospitals which are nonprofit and charitable;
 - (4) Organizations which solicit only within the membership of the organization by the members thereof: *Provided*, That the term "membership" shall not include those persons who are granted a membership upon making a contribution as the result of solicitation. For the purpose of this section, "member" means a person having membership in a nonprofit corporation, or other organization, in accordance with the provisions of its articles of incorporation, bylaws or other instruments creating its form and organization; and having bona fide rights and privileges in the organization, such as the right to vote, to elect officers, directors and issues, to hold office or otherwise as ordinarily conferred on members of such organizations;
 - (5) Churches, synagogues, associations or conventions of churches, religious orders or religious organizations that are an integral part of a church which qualifies as tax exempt under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. §501(c)(3) as the same is in effect on the effective date of this section:
 - (6) Any person, firm, corporation or organization that sponsors a single fund-raising event for the benefit of a named charitable organization where all or part of the funds collected are donated to the named charitable organization: *Provided*, That the named charitable organization receiving the funds is registered pursuant to this article, reports each of these donations individually, and certifies that no funds were withheld by the organization that solicited the funds.
 - (b) The following charitable organizations are exempt from filing an annual registration statement with the secretary of state if they do not employ a professional solicitor or fundraiser or do not intend to solicit and receive and do not actually raise or receive contributions from the public in excess of ten thousand dollars during a calendar year:

- 53 (1) Local youth athletic organizations;
- 54 (2) Community civic clubs;
- 55 (3) Community service clubs;
- 56 (4) Fraternal organizations;
- 57 (5) Labor unions;
- 58 (6) Local posts, camps, chapters or similarly desig-59 nated elements or county units of such elements of bona 60 fide veterans organizations or auxiliaries which issue 61 charters to such local elements throughout the state:
- 62 (7) Bona fide organizations of volunteer firemen or auxiliaries;
- 64 (8) Bona fide ambulance associations or auxiliaries;
- 65 (9) Bona fide rescue squad associations or auxiliaries.

66 Charitable organizations which do not intend to solicit 67 and receive in excess of ten thousand dollars, but do 68 receive in excess of that amount from the public, shall 69 file the annual registration statement within thirty days 70 after contributions are in excess of ten thousand dollars.

§29-19-7. Filing of solicitation contracts.

- 1 (a) Every written contract or agreement between 2 professional fund-raising counsel and a charitable 3 organization shall be filed by the professional fund-4 raising counsel with the secretary of state within ten 5 days after said parties have entered into such contract 6 or agreement.
- 7 (b) Every written contract or agreement between a 8 professional solicitor and a charitable organization shall be filed by the professional solicitor with the secretary 9 of state within ten days after said parties have entered 10 11 into such agreement or contract. In the absence of a written contract or agreement between a professional 12 solicitor and a charitable organization, a written 13 statement of the nature of the arrangement to prevail 14 in lieu thereof shall be filed. 15
- 16 (c) Each statement must clearly provide the amount,
- 16 (c) Each statement must clearly provide the amount, 17 percentage or other method of compensation to be

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- received by the professional solicitor or professional fund-raising counsel as a result of the contract or arrangement.
- 21 (d) Each charitable organization, as part of its 22 registration as required in section five of this article. 23 shall file with the secretary of state copies of all documents reflecting the final settlement amounts for a 24 25 solicitation contract or, in the case of multiple year 26 contracts, documents reflecting the total amount of 27 money, funds or other property raised and expenses 28 incurred by the professional fund-raising counsel or 29 professional solicitor in a fiscal year.
- 30 (e) For purposes of this section, the total moneys, 31 funds, pledges or other property raised or received shall 32 not include the actual cost to the charitable organization 33 or professional solicitor of goods sold or service provided 34 to the public in connection with the soliciting of 35 contributions.

§29-19-8. Limitations on activities of charitable organizations.

No charitable organizations subject to this article may solicit funds from the public except for charitable purposes or expend funds raised for charitable purposes not stated in its solicitation materials.

All registered charitable organizations and their professional fund raisers and solicitors are required to disclose in writing: (1) The name of a representative of the charitable organization to whom inquiries can be made; (2) the name of the charitable organization; (3) the purpose of the solicitation; (4) upon request of the person solicited, the estimated percentage of the money collected which will be applied to the cost of solicitation and administration or how much of the money collected will be applied directly for the charitable purpose; and (5) the number of the raffle, bingo or other such state permit used for fund raising.

Every printed solicitation shall include the following statement: "West Virginia residents may obtain a summary of the registration and financial documents

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- from the Secretary of State, State Capitol, Charleston,
 West Virginia 25305. Registration does not imply
- 22 endorsement."
- The disclosure statement shall be conspicuously displayed on any written or printed solicitation. Where the solicitation consists of more than one piece, the disclosure statement shall be displayed on a prominent part of the solicitation materials.

Organizations applying for registration shall be reviewed according to the following standards:

- 30 (a) Charitable organizations shall include in each solicitation a clear description of programs for which 31 funds are requested and source from which written 32 33 information is available pursuant to section thirteen of 34 this article. Expenditures shall be related in a primary 35 degree to stated purpose (programs and activities) 36 described in solicitations and in accordance with reasonable donor expectations. For purposes of this 37 38 section, reasonable donor expectation requires that a 39 charitable organization shall not expend funds in ways 40 that are not apparent to a donor from the text of the 41 presentation as being obvious or potential uses for his contribution. The reasonable donor expectation standard 42 43 shall apply to all expenditures made by the charitable 44 organization when compared to the solicitation mate-45 rials used.
 - (b) Charitable organizations shall establish and exercise controls over fund-raising activities conducted for the organizations' benefit, including written contracts and agreements and assurance of fund-raising activities without excessive pressure.
 - (c) Each charitable organization shall establish an independent governing board which shall oversee the expenditures, policies, programs and purposes of the charity's activities. The independent governing board shall not delegate its oversight control or authority to any other person(s) or organization.
 - (d) Members of the independent governing board and

- 58 officers of the organization shall avoid transactions 59 involving conflict of interest on their part. A charitable 60 organization may enter into transactions involving 61 parties related by blood, marriage or business associa-62 tion only if: (1) Where a majority of the independent 63 governing board has survived disqualification over 64 conflicts of interest to approve the action; and (2) where 65 the related parties or potential conflict is fully disclosed in the application for registration; and (3) where the 66 67 transaction is fair and reasonable for the organization.
- (e) No charitable organization, professional fund raiser or other person soliciting contributions for or on behalf of a charitable organization may use a name, symbol or statement so closely related or similar to that used by another charitable organization or governmental agency that the use thereof would tend to confuse or mislead the public.

§29-19-11. Records to be kept by charitable organizations, professional fund-raising counsel and professional solicitors.

1 Every charitable organization, professional fundraising counsel and professional solicitor subject to the 2 provisions of this article shall, in accordance with the 3 rules prescribed by the secretary of state, keep true 4 5 fiscal records as to its activities in this state as may be covered by this article in such form as will enable it 6 7 accurately to provide the information required by this article. Upon demand, such records shall be made 8 available to the secretary of state, the commission or the 9 attorney general for inspection. Such records shall be 10 retained for a period of at least three years after the end 11 of the period of registration to which they relate. 12

§29-19-12. Reciprocal agreements.

The secretary of state may enter into reciprocal agreements with the appropriate authority of any other state for the purpose of exchanging information with respect to charitable organizations, professional fundraising counsel and professional solicitors. Pursuant to such agreements the secretary of state may accept information filed by a charitable organization, profes-

- 8 sional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor with
- 9 the appropriate authority of another state in lieu of the
- 10 information required to be filed in accordance with the
- 11 provisions of this article, if such information is substan-
- 12 tially similar to the information required under this
- 13 article.

§29-19-13. Prohibited acts.

- (a) No charitable organization, professional fundraising counsel or professional solicitor subject to the provisions of this article may use or exploit the fact of registration so as to lead the public to believe that such registration in any manner constitutes an endorsement or approval by the state.
- (b) No person may, in connection with the solicitation of contributions for or the sale of goods or services of a person other than a charitable organization, misrepresent to or mislead anyone by any manner, means, practice or device whatsoever, to believe that the person on whose behalf such solicitation or sale is being conducted is a charitable organization or that the proceeds of such solicitation or sale will be used for charitable purposes, if such is not the fact.
 - (c) No person may, in connection with the solicitation of contributions for charitable purposes, misrepresent, mislead, or omit information concerning how the proceeds will be used. Proceeds gathered from any given solicitation must be used for the charitable purposes represented in the materials sent or the presentation given by the solicitor. Violations of this section will be considered to be both a violation of the reasonable donor expectation standard of section eight and may be subject to prosecution for fraud pursuant to section fifteen of this article.
 - (d) No person may in connection with the solicitation of contributions or the sale of goods or services for charitable purposes represent to or lead anyone by any manner, means, practice or device whatsoever, to believe that any other person sponsors or endorses such solicitation of contributions, sale of goods or services for charitable purposes or approves of such charitable

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- 34 purposes of a charitable organization connected therewith when such other person has not given consent to 35 36 the use of his or her name for these purposes: Provided. 37 That any member of the board of directors or trustees 38 of a charitable organization or any other person who has 39 agreed either to serve or to participate in any voluntary 40 capacity in the campaign shall be deemed thereby to 41 have given his or her consent to the use of his or her 42 name in said campaign.
 - (e) No person may make any representation that he or she is soliciting contributions for or on behalf of a charitable organization or shall use or display any emblem, device or printed matter belonging to or associated with a charitable organization for the purpose of soliciting or inducing contributions from the public without first being authorized to do so by the charitable organization.
 - (f) No professional solicitor may solicit in the name of or on behalf of any charitable organization unless such solicitor:

Has obtained the written authorization of two officers of such organization, a copy of which shall be filed with the secretary of state. Such written authorization shall bear the signature of the solicitor and shall expressly state on its face the period for which it is valid, which shall not exceed one year from the date issued.

§29-19-15a. Private actions and class actions.

- (a) Any person who suffers injury or damages as a result of acts or practices in violation of the provisions of this article may bring a civil action against the charitable organization, professional fund raiser, or professional solicitor engaged in such acts or practices. The person may recover such damages sustained as a result of such acts and practices, costs incurred, and reasonable attorneys' fees. Punitive damages may be awarded in cases of intentional violations of this article.
- 10 (b) The attorney general, or secretary of state, in a 11 representative capacity on behalf of any person entitled 12 to bring an action under this article, or any person

- 13 entitled to bring an action under this article, may
- 14 institute a class action, pursuant to the applicable rules
- 15 of civil procedure governing class actions, for the
- 16 recovery of damages.

§29-19-15b. Civil penalty for intentional violations.

- In any action brought pursuant to the provisions of
- 2 this article, if the court finds that intentional violations
- 3 have occurred, the state, upon petition to the court and
- 4 in addition to any damages awarded any party or
- 5 parties, may recover attorney fees and a civil penalty not
- 6 exceeding three times the amount collected in such civil
- 7 action. Any funds recovered as provided for in this
- 8 section and any other funds recovered by the state as
- 9 the result of an award for damages, penalties or
- 10 settlements in enforcing this article, shall be paid into
- the state treasury to the credit of a special revenue fund
- 12 to be known as the "charitable organization fund" which
- 13 is hereby created. The moneys so credited to such fund
- 14 may be used solely for the purposes of administering
- 15 and enforcing the provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 46A. WEST VIRGINIA CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION ACT.

ARTICLE 6D. PRIZES AND GIFTS.

- §46A-6D-1. Short title.
- §46A-6D-2. Definitions.
- §46A-6D-3. Representation of having won a prize, gift or any item of value.
- §46A-6D-4. Representation of eligibility to win or to receive a prize, gift or item of value.
- §46A-6D-5. Representation of being specially selected.
- §46A-6D-6. Simulation of checks and invoices.
- §46A-6D-7. Conditions for handling charges and shipping charges.
- §46A-6D-8. Action to enforce the provisions of article.
- §46A-6D-9. Enforcement; penalties.
- §46A-6D-10. Exemptions.

§46A-6D-1. Short title.

1 This article may be cited as the "Prizes and Gifts Act".

§46A-6D-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Anything of value", "item of value" or "item"

- 3 means any item or service with monetary value.
- 4 (b) "Handling charge" means any charge, fee or sum 5 of money which is paid by a consumer to receive a prize,
- 6 gift or any item of value, including, but not limited to,
- 7 promotional fees, redemption fees, registration fees or 8 delivery costs.
- 9 (c) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, 10 trust, partnership, association and any other legal entity.

§46A-6D-3. Representation of having won a prize, gift or any item of value.

- 1 (a) Unless otherwise provided by article six of this 2 chapter, a person may not, in connection with the sale 3 or lease or solicitation for the sale or lease of goods, 4 property or service, represent that another person has 5 won anything of value or is the winner of a contest, 6 unless all of the following conditions are met:
- 7 (1) The recipient of the prize, gift or item of value is 8 given the prize, gift or item of value without obligation; 9 and
- 10 (2) The prize, gift or item of value is delivered to the 11 recipient at no expense to him or her, within ten days 12 of the representation.
- 13 (b) The use of language that may lead a reasonable
 14 person to believe he or she has won a contest or anything
 15 of value, including, but not limited to, "Congratula16 tions", or "You have won", or "You are the winner of",
 17 is a representation of the type governed by this section.

§46A-6D-4. Representation of eligibility to win or to receive a prize, gift or item of value.

1 (a) A person may not represent that another person is eligible or has a chance to win or to receive a prize, gift or item of value without clearly and conspicuously disclosing on whose behalf the contest or promotion is conducted, as well as all material conditions which a participant must satisfy. In an oral solicitation all material conditions shall be disclosed prior to requesting the consumer to enter into the sale or lease. Addition-

- 9 ally, in any written material covered by this section, 10 each of the following shall be clearly and prominently 11 disclosed:
- 12 (1) Immediately adjacent to the first identification of the prize, gift or item of value to which it relates; or
 - (2) In a separate section entitled "Consumer Disclosure" which title shall be printed in no less than tenpoint bold-face type and which section shall contain only a description of the prize, gift or item of value and the disclosures outlined in paragraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) of this subdivision:
 - (i) The true retail value of each item or prize;
 - (ii) The actual number of each item, gift or prize to be awarded; and
 - (iii) The odds of receiving each item, gift or prize.
 - (b) All disclosures required by this article to be in writing shall comply with the following:
 - (1) All dollar values shall be stated in arabic numerals and be preceded by a dollar sign (\$); and
 - (2) The number of each item, gift or prize to be awarded and the odds of receiving each item, gift or prize shall be stated in arabic numerals and shall be written in a manner which is clear and understandable.
 - (c) It is unlawful to notify a person that upon acceptance or response he or she will receive a gift, prize or item of value in connection with a promotion or otherwise that has as a condition of receiving the gift, prize or item of value the requirement that he or she pay any money, or purchase, lease or rent any goods or services, unless there has been clearly and conspicuously disclosed the nature of the charges to be incurred, including, but not limited to, any shipping charge and handling charges. Such disclosure shall be given:
 - (1) On the face of any written materials; or
 - (2) Prior to requesting or inviting the person to enter into the sale or lease in any oral notification.

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- 45 (d) The provisions of this section do not apply where 46 to be eligible:
- (1) Participants are asked only to complete and mail. or deposit at a local retail commercial establishment, an 48 49 entry blank obtainable locally or by mail, or to call in 50 their entry toll free by telephone or other free or local calling option; or
 - (2) Participants are never required to listen to a sales presentation and never requested or required to pay any sum of money for any merchandise, service or item of value.
- 56 (e) Nothing in this section creates any liability for acts by the publisher, owner, agent or employee of a 57 newspaper, periodical, radio station, telecommunica-58 59 tions company, television station, cable-television system or other advertising medium arising out of the publica-60 61 tion or dissemination of any advertisement or promotion 62 governed by this section, when the publisher, owner, agent or employee did not know that the advertisement 63 or promotion violated the requirements of this section. 64

Representation of being specially selected. §46A-6D-5.

- (a) A person may not represent that another person 1 2 has been specially selected in connection with the sale or lease or solicitation for sale or lease of goods, property 3 or service, unless the selection process is designed to 4 5 reach a particular type or types of persons.
- 6 (b) The use of any language that may lead a reasonable person to believe he has been specially selected. 7 including, but not limited to, "Carefully Selected", or 8 "You have been selected to receive", or "You have been 9 chosen", is a representation of the type governed by this 10 section. 11

Simulation of checks and invoices. **§46A-6D-6**.

- In connection with a consumer transaction, no person 1 may issue any writing which simulates or resembles: 2
- (a) A check unless the writing clearly and conspicu-3 ously disclosed its true value and purpose, and the 4 writing would not mislead a reasonable person; or

- 6 (b) An invoice unless the intended recipient of the
- 7 invoice has actually contracted for goods, property or
- 8 services for which the issuer seeks proper payment.

§46A-6D-7. Conditions for handling charges and shipping charges.

- 1 (a) It is unlawful to notify a person that he or she may
- 2 or will receive a gift, prize or item of value and that
- 3 as a condition of receiving the gift, prize or item of value
- 4 he or she will be required to pay any money, or purchase
- 5 or lease, including rent, any goods or services, if any one
- 6 or more of the following conditions exist:
- 7 (1) The shipping charges exceeds:
- 8 (i) The cost of postage or the charge of a shipping
- 9 service in the business of delivering goods of like size,
- 10 weight and kind for shipping the gift, prize or item of
- 11 value from the geographic area in which the gift, prize
- 12 or item of value is being distributed; or
- 13 (ii) The exact amount for shipping paid to an
- 14 independent fulfillment house or an independent
- 15 supplier, either of which is in the business of shipping
- 16 goods for shippers other than the offeror of the gift,
- 17 prize or item of value.
- 18 (2) The handling charge exceeds the lesser of five
- 19 dollars or the actual cost of handling.
- 20 (b) This section applies to all offers of prizes, gifts or
- 21 items of value covered by this article where such
- 22 charges are permitted.

§46A-6D-8. Action to enforce the provisions of article.

- 1 Any consumer who suffers loss by reason of a violation
- 2 of any provision of this article may bring a civil action
- 3 to enforce such provisions. Any consumer who is
- 4 successful in an action shall recover reasonable attor-
- 5 ney's fees and court costs incurred by bringing the action.

§46A-6D-9. Enforcement; penalties.

- 1 Any violation of this article constitutes an unlawful
- 2 act or practice under the provisions of article six of this

- chapter, regarding fraudulent acts or practices commit-3
- ted by a supplier in connection with a consumer 4
- transaction and shall be subject to the enforcement 5
- provisions of article seven of this chapter.

§46A-6D-10. Exemptions.

- 1 The provisions of sections four through seven of this
- article do not apply to the sale or purchase, or solicita-2
- tion or representation in connection therewith, of goods 3
- from a catalog or of books, recordings, videocassettes, 4
- periodicals and similar goods through a membership 5
- group or club which is regulated by the federal trade 6
- commission trade regulation rule concerning use of 7
- negative option plans by sellers in commerce or through 8
- a contractual plan or arrangement such as a continuity 9
- plan, subscription arrangement or a single sale or 10
- purchase series arrangement under which the seller 11
- ships goods to a consumer who has consented in advance 12 to receive such goods and the recipient of such goods is 13
- given the opportunity, after examination of the goods, 14
- to receive a full refund of charges for the goods, or
- 15 unused portion thereof, upon return of the goods, or 16
- unused portion thereof, undamaged. 17

CHAPTER 35

(H. B. 4593—By Delegates Douglas and Brown)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article five-c. chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to clarifying membership of and adding new members to the legislative commission on juvenile law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article five-c, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5C. LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION ON JUVENILE LAW.

§49-5C-3. Appointment of members: terms.

1 The commission shall consist of:

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- 2 (1) Three members of the Senate to be appointed by 3 the president of the Senate and three members of the 4 House of Delegates to be appointed by the speaker of the 5 House of Delegates: Provided, That at least one person appointed from each house shall be an attorney licensed 6 7 to practice law in this state. No more than two of the 8 three members appointed by the president of the Senate 9 and the speaker of the House of Delegates, respectively. 10 shall be members of the same political party.
- 11 (2) A representative of the department of education designated by the state superintendent of schools.
- 13 (3) The commissioner of corrections and two admin-14 istrators of the department of health and human 15 resources designated by the secretary of that depart-16 ment who shall serve as ex officio members.
- 17 (4) Two persons trained and employed as school 18 guidance counselors, one to be appointed by the presi-19 dent of the Senate and one to be appointed by the 20 speaker of the House of Delegates.
 - (5) One citizen member to represent the interests of the general public, to be appointed jointly by the president of the Senate and by the speaker of the House of Delegates.

The first appointed members of the commission shall serve for a term expiring on the thirtieth day of June in the year of the next succeeding regular session of the Legislature. At the commencement of such next succeeding regular session and at the commencement of regular sessions every two years thereafter, members of the commission shall be appointed for two-year terms beginning the first day of July in the year of each such regular session. Vacancies on the commission shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as appointments to the commission.

CHAPTER 36

(H. B. 4595—By Delegates Farris and Stemple)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the department of education; department of health and human resources; and division of corrections, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payments thereof.

The Legislature has heretofore made findings of fact 1 that the state has received the benefit of the commod-2 3 ities received and/or services rendered by certain claimants herein and has considered these claims 4 against the state and agencies thereof, which have 5 arisen due to over-expenditures of the departmental 6 appropriations by officers of such state spending units, 7 such claims having been previously considered by the 8 court of claims which also found that the state has 9 received the benefit of the commodities received and/or 10 11 services rendered by the claimants, but were denied by 12 the court of claims on the purely statutory grounds that to allow such claims would be condoning illegal acts 13 14 contrary to the laws of the state. The Legislature pursuant to its findings of fact and also by the adoption 15 of the findings of fact by the court of claims as its own, 16 and, while not condoning such illegal acts, hereby 17 declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay 18 these claims in the amounts specified below, and directs 19 the auditor to issue warrants upon receipt of properly 20 executed requisitions supported by itemized invoices, 21 statements or other satisfactory documents as required 22 by section ten, article three, chapter twelve of the code 23

24 25 26	of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, for the payments thereof out of any fund appropriated and available for the purpose.				
27	(a) Claims against the Department of Education:				
28	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	IND)		
29 30	(1) Donna Brunetti(2) Gary F. Dent		248.00 203.00		
31 32	(3) Marlene R. Mehall (4) Patrick Fenimore		265.00 203.00		
33 34	(b) Claims against the Department of Health and Human Reso	our	ces:		
35	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	IND))		
36	(1) Bartlett Funeral Home	\$	400.00		
37	(2) Beard Mortuary, Inc.	\$	400.00		
38	(3) Cooke Funeral Home	\$	650.00		
39	(4) Domico Funeral Home, Inc.	\$	400.00		
40	(5) Fred L. Jenkins Funeral Home, Inc.	\$	400.00		
41	(6) Morris Funeral Home, Inc	\$	400.00		
42	(7) Richard M. Roach Funeral Home	\$	300.00		
43	(8) Robert Tomblyn & Sons Funeral				
44	Chapel, Inc.	\$	400.00		
45	(9) Stephen M. Brady Funeral Home	\$	325.00		
46	(10) Tomblyn Bros. Funeral Home, Inc	\$	800.00		
47	(11) Wm. McCulla Funeral Home	\$	800.00		
48	(12) Wrisley Funeral Home	\$	400.00		
49	(c) Claims against the Division of Correction	ıs:			
5 0	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE F	JNI))		
51	(1) Associated Radiologists, Inc.	\$	28.00		
52	(2) American Telephone and				
5 3	Telegraph Company		318.92		
54	(3) Paul A. Blair, M.D.	\$	380.00		
55	(4) Camden-Clark Memorial Hospital	\$	9,091.95		
56	(5) City of Grafton	\$	1,073.60		
57	(6) North Central WV MRI Services, Inc.	\$	694.25		
58	(7) Odilon S. Olivas, M.D.	\$	55.00		
59	(8) Princeton Community Hospital	\$	11,012.56		
60	(9) Radiology, Inc.	\$	1,309.00		
61	(10) Reynolds Memorial Hospital	\$	39,913.50		

62	(11) St. Joseph's Hospital	\$	823.37
63	(12) United Hospital Center	\$	2,853.35
64	(13) Christopher Z. Villaraza, M.D	\$	70.00
65	(14) West Virginia University		
66	Hospitals, Inc.	\$2	38,740.86

CHAPTER 37

(H. B. 4594—By Delegates Kiss and Conley)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims for compensation of innocent victims of crimes occurring in West Virginia to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

§1. Finding and declaring certain crime victims claims for compensation to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

The Legislature has duly considered the findings of 1 fact and recommendations for awards reported to it by the court of claims in respect to the following named 3 claimants who were innocent victims of crime within 4 this state and entitled to compensation; and in respect 5 6 to each of such named claimants the Legislature adopts those findings of fact as its own, hereby declares it to 7 be the moral obligation of the state to pay each such 8 claimant in the amount specified below, and directs the 9 auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof out 10 of any fund appropriated and available for the purpose. 11

- 12 Claims for Crime Victims Compensation Awards:
- 13 (TO BE PAID FROM CRIME VICTIMS COMPENSATION FUND)
- 14 (1) Adams, Elizabeth M. and Robert C., as 15 guardians of Timothy Dean Adams \$ 5,000.00

16	(2)	Adams, Elizabeth M. and Robert C.,
17		as guardians of Lorie Ann Miller\$ 5,000.00
18	(3)	Allen, Fred L \$ 5,000.00
19	(4)	Baldwin, Arminta T \$ 15,000.00
20	(5)	Barker, Linda L
21	(6)	Barker, Paul E\$ 2,500.00
22	(7)	Cornwell, Edward P., Sr
23	(8)	Cyfers, Melvin, Jr., as guardian of
24	` '	Cassandra Faith Vance \$ 5,000.00
25	(9)	Cyfers, Melvin, Jr., as guardian of
26	. ,	Gideon Lee Vance, II \$ 5,000.00
27	(10)	Cyfers, Melvin, Jr., as guardian of
28	. ,	Joseph Louis Vance
29	(11)	Cyfers, Melvin, Jr., and Myrtle Cyfers,
30	. ,	as guardians of Joseph L. Vance\$ 15,000.00
31	(12)	Darby, Billie J
32	(13)	Edens, Mildred K 2,500.00
33	(14)	Fleming, Vernon & Jeannette,
34	, ,	guardians of Shayna K. Rinker\$ 5,000.00
35	(15)	Fleming, Vernon & Jeannette,
36	()	guardians of Timber J. Rinker\$ 5,000.00
37	(16)	Fraker, Michael A \$ 15,000.00
38	(17)	Haddix, Helen, as guardian of
39	()	Ryan Zirkle \$ 5,000.00
40	(18)	Hager, Dottie
41	(19)	Hager, Dottie, as guardian of
42	` ,	Lanny Hager \$ 5,000.00
43	(20)	Hager, Dottie, as guardian of
44		Orla Ray Hager \$ 5,000.00
45	(21)	Hager, Dottie, as guardian of
46		Walter Lee Hager \$ 5,000.00
47	(22)	Helms, Darren L
48	(23)	Hornsby, Tex A
49	(24)	Hornsby, Tex A., as guardian of
5 0		Aaron James Hornsby \$ 5,000.00
51	(25)	Hornsby, Tex A., as guardian of
52		Amanda Dawn Hornsby\$ 5,000.00
53	(26)	Hornsby, Tex A., as guardian of
54		Christopher Allen Hornsby\$ 5,000.00
55	(27)	Kimble, Tessie A., as guardian of
56		Christine April Day\$ 5,000.00

57	(28)	Kimble, Tessie A., as guardian of
58		Paul Michael Day \$ 5,000.00
59	(29)	King, John B\$ 15,000.00
60	(30)	Lewis, Thomas G\$ 15,000.00
61	(31)	Lucas, John L\$ 10,000.00
62	(32)	McCoy, Yvonne \$ 15,000.00
63	(33)	McGuire, Ronald C\$ 5,000.00
64	(34)	Messenger, Wilson N
65	(35)	Mooney, Ann M \$ 5,000.00
66	(36)	Mooney, Ann M., as guardian of
67		Erin Denise Mooney \$ 5,000.00
68	(37)	Mooney, Ann M., as guardian of
69		Jeremy Richard Mooney\$ 5,000.00
70	(38)	Nalley, Amanda I \$ 10,000.00
71	(39)	Neace, Melvin\$ 15,000.00
72	(40)	Patrick, Larry S., Jr \$ 10,000.00
73	(41)	Pauley, Cynthia White Sanson, as
74		guardian of Billy Lee Sanson, III\$ 2,500.00
7 5	(42)	Pauley, Kevin, guardian of
76		Victoria K. Pauley \$ 5,000.00
77	(43)	Perry, Judith A \$ 5,000.00
78	(44)	Powell, Harry C \$ 5,000.00
79	(45)	Prunty, Kevin W
80	(46)	Roberts, Dennis R \$ 15,000.00
81	(47)	Rose, Jesse J
82	(48)	Sovine, Connie J \$ 5,000.00
83	(49)	Sovine, Connie J., as guardian of
84		Robert S. Sovine \$ 5,000.00
85	(50)	Steele, Boyd, Jr \$ 5,000.00
86	(51)	Steele, Boyd, Jr., as parent for and on
87		behalf of Angela Pearl Meadows \$ 5,000.00
88	(52)	Stout, Timothy E\$ 10,000.00
89	(53)	Swanson, Debra J., as guardian of
90	` /	Theodore Honaker, Jr \$ 5,000.00
91	(54)	Swanson, Debra J., as guardian of
92	(- /	Walter Lee Honaker \$ 5,000.00
93	(55)	Thompson, Betty A \$ 5,000.00
94	(56)	Watkins, Ronald C
95	(57)	White, Brenda
96	(58)	White, Brenda, as guardian of
97	(00)	Frances Renee White\$ 2,500.00
٠,		2,300.00

98	(59)	White, Brenda, as guardian of	
99		Louis White\$	2,500.00
100	(60)	Wilson, Kimberly R. Beavers\$	5,000.00
101	(61)	Wilson, William C\$	15,000.00
102	(62)	Wiseman, Linda C\$	15,000.00
103	(63)	Wolford, Mark L\$	10,000.00
104	TOT	AL\$	477,500.00
105	Т	he Legislature finds that the above mora	l obligations
106	and	the appropriations made in satisfaction	thereof shall

CHAPTER 38

be the full compensation for all claimants herein.

(S. B. 594—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

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Finding and declaring certain claims against the **§1**. alcohol beverage control administration; attorney general; board of education; board of directors of the state college system; board of trustees of the university of West Virginia; department of administration; department of education; department of health and human resources: department of public safety; department of tax and revenue; division of banking; division of corrections; division of culture and history: division of environmental protection; division of highways; division of motor vehicles; division of personnel; educational broadcasting authority; governor's office of community and industrial development; regional jail and correctional facility authority; secretary of state; state auditor's office; state fire marshal; state treasurer; supreme court of appeals; West Virginia education employees grievance board; workers' compensation fund; and railroad maintenance authority, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

The Legislature has considered the findings of fact and recommendations reported to it by the court of claims concerning various claims against the state and agencies thereof, and in respect to each of the following claims the Legislature adopts those findings of fact as its own, and in respect of certain claims herein, the Legislature has independently made findings of fact and determinations of award and hereby declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay each such claim in the amount specified below, and directs the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof out of any fund appropriated and available for the purpose.

(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)

(a) Claims against the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration:

10	(10 BE FAID FROM SI ECIAL REVENCE I	0112)	
16	(1) Q.D. Wood	\$	96.80
17	(2) American Telephone and		
18	Telegraph Company	\$	116.80
19	(3) Mark Sellaro	\$	112.98
20	(4) Ferrellgas, Inc	\$	162.52
21	(b) Claims against the Attorney General:		
22	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUND))
23	(1) American Telephone and		
24	Telegraph Company	\$	16.48
25	(2) The Michie Company	\$	27.15
26	(3) West Publishing Company	\$	446.00
27	(4) Xerox Corporation	\$	1,616.06
28	(5) National Business Institute	\$	196.00

(c) Claim against the Board of Directors of the

(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)

State College System:

290	Claims [Ch. 38
32	(1) Casto Technical Services \$ 16,401.00
33	(d) Claim against the Board of Education:
34	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
35 36	(1) The Board of Education of the County of McDowell, et al \$ 461,163.32
37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	That \$461,163.32 shall be paid during the time period beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and ending the last day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three; that \$461,163.32 shall be paid during the time period beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and ending the last day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four; that \$461,163.32 shall be paid during the time period beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four: <i>Provided</i> , That the Board of Education of the County of McDowell shall be paid the full amount provided for in this bill no later than the last day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five.
51 52	(e) Claims against the Board of Trustees of the University of West Virginia:
53	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
54 55 56 57 58 59	(1) Ann Marie Altizer \$ 1,144.00 (2) Xerox Corporation \$ 2,489.29 (3) Gayle Maurantonio \$ 52.75 (4) Miranda Reed \$ 50.00 (5) Emily Ann Shelton \$ 65.00 (6) Sylvia Torning \$ 35.00
60	(f) Claims against the Department of Administration:
61	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
62 63 64 65	(1) Carolyn Sue McCoy
66	(g) Claim against the Department of Education:

67	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUN	D)
68	(1) Terry Ashworth	\$	165.00
69	(h) Claims against the Department of Head	lth a	nd
70	Human Resources:		
71	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUN	D)
72	(1) Allen Funeral Home	\$	400.00
73	(2) Altmeyer Funeral		
74	Homes, Inc	\$	400.00
75	(3) Braley & Thompson, Inc	\$	12,475.20
76	(4) Community Council of Kanawha		
77	Valley, Inc	\$	1,282.66
78	(5) Davis-Weaver Funeral		
79	Home, Inc	\$	400.00
80	(6) Hastings Funeral Home, Inc	\$	325.00
81	(7) Kepner Funeral Homes, Inc	\$	325.00
82	(8) Franklin W. Quillin, Jr.,		
83	DDS PC	\$	2,004.00
84	(9) Raleigh Speech &		
85	Hearing Center, Inc	\$	723.00
86	(10) Schaeffer Funeral Home	\$	400.00
87	(11) Cheryl S. Vineyard	\$	418.66
88	(12) We Care Ambulance		
89	Service, Inc.	\$	21,609.50
90	(13) Xerox Corporation	\$	851.73
91	(14) Viking Way Limited		
92	Partnership	\$	99.50
93	(i) Claims against the Department of Hea	lth a	and
94	Human Resources - Office of the Ch	ief	
95	Medical Examiner:		
96	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	e fu	ND)
97	(1) Nicolet Instrument Corporation	\$	1,239.00
98	(2) Lifeteam EMS Ambulance, Inc.	\$	27.00
99	(j) Claims against the Department of Pub	lic S	Safety:
100	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENU	E FU	ND)
101 102	(1) American Telephone and Telegraph Company	\$	5,046.34

292	CLAIMS		[Ch. 38
103	(2) Frank R. Lavender, Jr	\$	1,876.00
104 105	(k) Claims against the Department of Tax Revenue:	and	!
106	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUN	ID)
107	(1) The Chesapeake and Potomac		
108	Telephone Company of	Ф	10 007 50
109	West Virginia	\$	13,037.52
$\begin{array}{c} 110 \\ 111 \end{array}$	(2) Division of Corrections/ Prison Industries	\$	50,000.00
112	(l) Claims against the Division of Banking	r:	
113	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE	FUN	D)
114	(from Account No. 8395)		
115	(1) Federal Deposit Insurance		
116	Corporation	\$	2,494.28
117	(2) Department of	ф	510.00
118	Administration	\$	510.00
119	(m) Claims against the Division of Correct	tion	s:
120	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUN	ID)
121	(1) American Telephone and		
122	Telegraph Company	\$	695.55
123	(2) Cabell County Commission	\$	25,635.00
124	(3) Calhoun County	•	15 050 00
125	Commission	\$	17,050.00
126	(4) Allen J. Cody	\$	144.00
127	(5) Harrison County Commission	\$	24,930.00
128		Ф \$	4,073.79
$\frac{129}{130}$	(6) Highlawn Pharmacy, Inc(7) Jackson County Commission	φ \$	7,380.00
131	(8) John Marshall Medical	φ	1,000.00
132	Services, d/b/a University		
133	Surgeons	\$	1,400.00
134	(9) Lewis County Commission	\$	14,250.00
135	(10) Marion County Commission	\$	20,554.00
136	(11) Mason County Commission	\$	16,641.00
137	(12) Mercer County Commission	\$	39,050.00
138	(13) The Michie Company	\$	36.06
100	(,		

Ch. 38] Claims		293
139 140	(14) Mingo County Commission(15) Monongalia County	\$	2,101.51
141	Commission	\$	16,512.84
142	(16) Ohio County Commission	\$	37,309.00
143	(17) Pendleton County		
144	Commission	\$	2,200.00
145	(18) Putnam County		
146	Commission	\$	2,775.00
147	(19) Radiology, Inc	\$	447.00
148	(20) Roane County Commission	\$	2,872.35
149	(21) Valley Comprehensive		
150	Community Mental Health		
151	Center, Inc	\$	213.75
152	(22) Wayne County Commission	\$	17,225.00
153	(23) West Virginia Regional Jail		
154	and Correctional Facility		
155	Authority	\$	37,000.00
156	(24) Wood County Commission	\$	229,523.00
157 158	(n) Claims against the Division of Culture History:	an	d
159	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FU	ND)
160	(1) Scott Lumber Company	\$	1,545.00
161	(2) Xerox Corporation	\$	1,021.19
162	(3) E & M Products, Inc	\$	36.00
163	(o) Claims against the Division of Environ	ıme	ental
164	Protection:		
165	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE	FU	ND)
166	(from Account No. 8539)		
167	(1) American Office		
168	Systems, Inc	\$	237.00
169	(from Account No. 8538)		
170	(1) R.L. Wharton, LTD	q	3 13,770.00
171	(2) Gene Stalnaker, Inc.	9	
172	(p) Claims against the Division of Highw	ays	s:
173	(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FU	JND)

294	Claims		[Ch. 38
174	(1) Lora Barker	\$	1,516.12
175	(2) Norman Bonner	\$	5,900.00
176	(3) Calven F. Comer, Sr., and	Ψ	3,000.00
177	Josephine Comer	\$	250.00
178	(4) Wade Davis	\$	500.00
179	(5) Wallace D. Dempsey	\$	450.00
180	(6) Avanell R. Hinkle	\$	58,701.00
181	(7) Holloway Construction		
182	Company	\$1	,941,506.38
183	(8) Nicholas Ramirez	\$	500.00
184	(9) Ruby Redman	\$	1,505.00
185	(10) Paul R. Wilson	\$	215.28
186	(11) Carol Lewis Bosley	\$	72.74
187	(12) Elden Gene Davidson	\$	48.76
188	(13) Domonick Delgrande	\$	102.82
189	(14) Robert W. Fisher	\$	97.99
190	(15) Jack Gregory and Shirley		
191	Gregory	\$	50.13
192	(16) Lora G. Porter	\$	123.83
193	(17) Shirley A. Rinker	\$	56.13
194	(q) Claim against the Division of Motor Ve	ehic	les:
195	(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUN	(D)	
196	(1) American Decal & Mfg. Co	\$	5,388.75
197	(r) Claim against the Division of Personne	l:	
198	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUN	ID)
199	(1) Xerox Corporation	\$	288.45
$\begin{array}{c} 200 \\ 201 \end{array}$	(s) Claims against the Educational Broads Authority:	cast	ing
202	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUN	ID)
$\begin{array}{c} 203 \\ 204 \end{array}$	(1) Walter C. Blower(2) Karl F. Hill	\$ \$	2,633.85 2,019.15
205 206	(t) Claim against the Governor's Office of Community and Industrial Develop	mer	ıt:
207	(TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUND	S)	

Ch. 8	38]	CLAIMS		295
208		(from Account No. 9290-15)		
209		(1) The Michie Company	\$	713.44
210 211	(u)	Claims against the Regional Jail and C Facility Authority:	'orrect	cional
212		(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE F	UND)	
213 214 215		(1) McKinley Engineering Company	\$ \$	1,675.60 140.95
216	(v)	Claim against the Secretary of State:		
217		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE I	FUND)	
218		(1) Xerox Corporation	\$	645.00
219	(w)	Claim against the State Auditor's Offic	e:	
220		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUND)	
221 222		(1) American Telephone and Telegraph Company	\$	29.03
223	(x)	${\it Claim\ against\ the\ State\ Fire\ Marshal:}$		
224		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUND)	
225 226		(1) American Telephone and Telegraph Company	\$	40.19
227	(y)	Claims against the State Treasurer:		
228		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUND)
229 230		(1) Moore Business Forms, Inc(2) Exxon Company, U.S.A	\$ \$	$379.00 \\ 132.70$
231	(z)	${\it Claim}$ against the Supreme Court of ${\it A}$	ppeal	s:
232		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	E FUND))
233 234		(1) University of West Virginia College of Graduate Studies	\$	10,117.46
235 236	(aa) Claim against the West Virginia Em Grievance Board:	ploye	es

296	Claims		[Ch. 38		
237	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FUND)			
238 239 240	(1) The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of West Virginia	\$	246.29		
241 242	(bb) Claims against the Workers' Compens Fund:	sation			
243	(TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND)				
244 245 246	(1) American Telephone and Telegraph Company(2) Phyllis Haynes Edens,	\$	97.91		
247 248 249	CCR, Inc	\$ \$ \$	399.57 877.57 626.71		
250 251	(cc) Claim against the Railroad Maintena Authority:	nce			
252	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE I	FUND)			
253	(from Account No. 8344-06)				
254	(1) Charles Herriott	\$	113.37		
255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266	The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations and the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall be the full compensation for all claimants, and that prior to the payments to any claimant provided for in this bill, the court of claims shall receive a release from said claimant releasing any and all claims for moral obligations arising from the matters considered by the Legislature in the finding of the moral obligations and the making of the appropriations for said claimant. The court of claims shall deliver all releases obtained from claimants to the department against which the claim was allowed.				

CHAPTER 39

(H. B. 4751-By Delegate Love)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to powers and duties of conservation officers; authorizing conservation officers to arrest persons illegally cutting or damaging timber or plants; penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, MOTORBOATING, LITTER.

§20-7-4. Powers and duties of conservation officers.

- 1 Conservation officers and all other persons authorized
- 2 to enforce the provisions of this chapter shall be under
- 3 the supervision and direction of the director in the
- 4 performance of their duties as herein provided. The
- 5 authority, powers and duties of the conservation officers
- 6 shall be statewide and they shall have authority to:
- 7 (1) Arrest on sight, without warrant or other court 8 process, any person or persons committing a criminal
- 9 offense in violation of any of the laws of this state, in
- 10 the presence of such officer, but no such arrest shall be
- 11 made where any form of administrative procedure is
- 12 prescribed by this chapter for the enforcement of any
- 13 of the particular provisions contained herein;
- 14 (2) Carry such arms and weapons as may be pres-
- 15 cribed by the director in the course and performance of
- 16 their duties, upon giving the bond required by the
- 17 provisions of section five, article seven, chapter sixty-one
- 18 of this code, but no license or other authorization shall

- 19 be required of such officers for this privilege;
 - (3) Search and examine, in the manner provided by law, any boat, vehicle, automobile, conveyance, express or railroad car, fish box, fish bucket or creel, game bag or game coat, or any other place in which hunting and fishing paraphernalia, wild animals, wild birds, fish, amphibians or other forms of aquatic life could be concealed, packed or conveyed whenever they have reason to believe that they would thereby secure or discover evidence of the violation of any provisions of this chapter;
 - (4) Execute and serve any search warrant, notice or any process of law issued under the authority of this chapter or any law relating to wildlife, forests, and all other natural resources, by a magistrate or any court having jurisdiction thereof, or copies of orders made and entered by the chief of the division of water resources, or, without fee, any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued in accordance with the provisions of article five-a of this chapter, in the same manner, with the same authority, and with the same legal effect, as any constable or sheriff can serve or execute such warrant, notice or process;
 - (5) Require the operator of any motor vehicle or other conveyance on or about the public highways or roadways, or in or near the fields and streams of this state, to stop for the purpose of allowing such officers to conduct game-kill surveys;
 - (6) Summon aid in making arrests or seizures or in executing any warrants, notices or processes, and they shall have the same rights and powers as sheriffs have in their respective counties in so doing;
 - (7) Enter private lands or waters within the state while engaged in the performance of their official duties hereunder: *Provided*, That in connection with all surveys, examinations, inspections, inquiries, investigations and studies needed in the gathering of facts concerning water resources and their use or the

pollution thereof under article five or article five-a of this chapter, such conservation officers and all other persons authorized to enforce the provisions of this chapter, shall act pursuant to and under the direction of the chief of the division of water resources or the state water resources board, and such officers and other persons shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (c), section five, article five, and subsection (d), section three, article five-a of this chapter:

- (8) Arrest on sight, without warrant or other court process, subject to the limitations set forth in subdivision (1) of this section, any person or persons committing a criminal offense in violation of any law of this state in the presence of any such officer on any state-owned lands and waters and lands and waters under lease by the division of natural resources and all national forest lands, waters and parks, and U.S. Corps of Army Engineers' properties within the boundaries of the state of West Virginia, and, in addition to any authority conferred in the other subdivisions of this section, execute all warrants of arrest on such state and national lands, waters and parks, and U.S. Corps of Army Engineers' properties, consistent with the provisions of article one, chapter sixty-two of this code;
- (9) Arrest any person who enters upon the land or premises of another without written permission from the owner of the land or premises in order to cut, damage, or carry away, or cause to be cut, damaged, or carried away any timber, trees, logs, posts, fruit, nuts, growing plants, or products of any growing plant. Any person convicted of the foregoing shall be liable to the owner in the amount of three times the value of the timber, trees, logs, posts, fruit, nuts, growing plants, or products of any growing plant, which shall be in addition to and notwithstanding any other penalties by law provided by section thirteen, article three, chapter sixty-one of this code; and
- (10) Do all things necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this chapter.

CHAPTER 40

(H. B. 4584--By Delegates Gallagher and Susman)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one hundred nine, article three, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to additional charges permitted for consumer credit sales or loans; credit life or health insurance; terms, conditions and premiums for the same; refunds of unearned premiums; notice of cancellation; obligations of insurer; civil penalties; and insurance regulations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one hundred nine, article three, chapter fortysix-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FINANCE CHARGES AND RELATED PROVISIONS.

- §46A-3-109. Additional charges; credit life or health insurance; notice of cancellation; when refund required; obligations of creditor and insurer; civil penalty; rules relating to insurance.
 - 1 (a) In addition to the sales finance charge or loan
 - 2 finance charge permitted by this chapter, a creditor
 - 3 may contract for and receive the following additional
 - 4 charges in connection with a consumer credit sale or a
 - 5 consumer loan:
 - 6 (1) Official fees and taxes;
 - 7 (2) Charges for insurance as described in subsection
 - 8 (b): Provided, That nothing contained in this section
 - 9 with respect to insurance shall be construed as in any
- 10 way limiting the power and jurisdiction of the insurance

- 11 commissioner of this state in the premises;
- (3) Annual charges, payable in advance, for the privilege of using a lender credit card or similar arrangement which entitles the user to purchase goods or services from at least one hundred persons not related to the issuer of the lender credit card or similar arrangement, under an arrangement pursuant to which the debts resulting from the purchases are payable to the issuer:
 - (4) Charges for other benefits, including insurance, conferred on the consumer, if the benefits are of value to him or her and if the charges are reasonable in relation to the benefits, are of a type which is not for credit, and are excluded as permissible additional charges from the sales finance charge or loan finance charge by rule adopted by the commissioner: *Provided*, That as to insurance, the policy as distinguished from a certificate of coverage thereunder must be issued by an individual licensed under the laws of this state to sell such insurance and the determination of whether the charges therefor are reasonable in relation to the benefits shall be determined by the insurance commissioner of this state:
 - (5) Reasonable closing costs with respect to a debt secured by an interest in land; and
 - (6) Documentary charge or any other similar charge for documentary services in relation to securing a title, so long as said charge is applied equally to cash customers and credit customers alike and so long as such documentary charge does not exceed fifty dollars.
 - (b) A creditor may take, obtain or provide reasonable insurance on the life and earning capacity of any consumer obligated on the consumer credit sale or consumer loan, reasonable insurance on any real or personal property offered as security subject to the provisions of this subsection, and vendor's or creditor's single interest insurance with respect to which the insurer has no right of subrogation. Only one policy of

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life insurance and/or one policy of health and accident insurance and/or one policy of accident insurance and/or one policy of loss of income insurance on any one consumer may be in force with respect to any one contract or agreement at any one time, but one policy may cover both a consumer and his or her spouse:

- (1) The amount, terms and conditions of property insurance shall have a reasonable relation to the existing hazards or risk of loss, damage or destruction and be reasonable in relation to the character and value of the property insured or to be insured; and the term of such insurance shall be reasonable in relation to the terms of credit: *Provided*, That nothing shall be deemed to prohibit the consumer from obtaining, at his or her option, greater coverages for longer periods of time if he or she so desires;
- (2) Life insurance shall be in an initial amount not to exceed the total amount repayable under the consumer credit agreement, and where a consumer credit sale or consumer loan is repayable in installments, such insurance shall at no time exceed the scheduled or actual amount of unpaid indebtedness, whichever is greater. Life insurance authorized by this subdivision shall provide that the benefits shall be paid to the creditor to reduce or extinguish the unpaid indebtedness: Provided, That if a separate charge is made for such insurance and the amount of insurance exceeds the unpaid indebtedness, where not prohibited, then such excess shall be payable to the estate of the consumer. The initial term of such life insurance in connection with a consumer credit sale, other than a sale pursuant to a revolving charge account, or in connection with a consumer loan, other than a loan pursuant to a revolving loan account, shall not exceed the scheduled term of the consumer credit agreement by more than fifteen days. The aggregate amount of periodic benefits payable by credit accident and health insurance in the event of disability, as defined in the policy, and loss of income insurance in the event of involuntary loss of employment, as defined in the policy, shall not exceed the

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- unpaid amount of such indebtedness; periodic benefits payable in connection with a consumer credit sale pursuant to a revolving charge account or of a consumer loan pursuant to a revolving loan account may be based upon the authorized credit limit:
 - (3) When the insurance is obtained or provided by or through a creditor, the creditor may collect from the consumer or include as part of the cash price of a consumer credit sale or as part of the principal of a consumer loan, or deduct from the proceeds of any consumer loan the premium, or in the case of group insurance, the identifiable charge. The premium or identifiable charge for such insurance required or obtained by a creditor may equal, but shall not exceed the premium rate filed by the insurer with the insurance commissioner. In any case, when the creditor collects the entire premium for such insurance in advance, such premium shall be remitted by such creditor to the insurer or the insurance agent, as specified by the insurer, within ten days from or after the end of the month in which such collection was made:
 - (4) With respect to insurance against loss of or damage to property, or against liability, the creditor shall furnish a clear and specific statement in writing to the debtor, setting forth the cost of the insurance if obtained from or through the creditor, and stating that the debtor may choose the person through whom the insurance is to be obtained:
 - (5) With respect to consumer credit insurance providing life, accident, health or loss of income coverage, no creditor shall require a consumer to purchase such insurance or to purchase such insurance from such creditor or any particular agent, broker or insurance company as a condition precedent to extending credit to or on behalf of such consumer;
 - (6) When a consumer credit sale or consumer loan, refinancing or consolidation is paid in full, the creditor receiving such payment shall inform the debtor of the cancellation of any consumer credit insurance providing life, accident, health or loss of income coverage; advise

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the debtor of the application of any unearned premiums to the loan balance if such insurance was provided by the creditor; notify the debtor that he or she may have the right to receive a refund of unearned premiums from any other seller or provider of such insurance; and advise the debtor of his or her obligation to notify any other insurer of the payment of the loan balance and the cancellation of the consumer credit insurance, and request a refund or credit of unearned premiums, if applicable. Such notice shall be sent on a form as prescribed by the insurance commissioner as provided in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and shall contain the name and address of the seller and the insurer. If the creditor was the seller of the consumer credit insurance, the creditor shall notify or shall cause the insurer to be notified of the cancellation of such insurance:

- (7) Upon receipt by the insurer of notification of the cancellation of consumer credit insurance, the insurer shall cancel such insurance effective no later than thirty days from the date of receipt of such notice. Within forty-five days following the date of notification of cancellation of such insurance, the insurer shall pay any refund of unearned premiums to the debtor-insurer or such other person as directed by the debtor-insurer; and
- (8) An insurer, seller or creditor who fails to refund any unused insurance premium or provide the proper notification of payoff shall be liable for civil damages up to three times the amount of the unused premium as well as other remedies as provided for by section one hundred nine, article seven of this chapter.
- (c) The insurance commissioner of this state shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this article relating to insurance, and the authority of the insurance commissioner to promulgate the same shall be exclusive notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary.

CHAPTER 41

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 10-By Senator Wooton)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, relating to limited liability companies: authorizing and specifying method of formation of limited liability companies; specifying fines for failure to record certificate of organization; regulating internal management of limited liability companies; specifying and limiting member and manager liabilities; providing methods for dissolution and merger of limited liability companies and conversion of partnerships to limited liability companies: providing for registration of foreign limited liability companies; and providing liability of foreign limited liability companies to state for fees, taxes and penalties for failure to obtain certificate of authority.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES.

§31-1A-1.	Short title.
§31-1A-2.	Definitions.
§31-1A-3.	Purpose.
§31-1A-4.	Powers.
§31-1A-5.	Name.
§31-1A-6.	Reservation of name.
§31-1A-7.	Formation.
§31-1A-8.	Articles of organization.
\$31-1A-9.	Filing of articles of organization.

§31-1A-10. Effect of issuance of certificate of organization.

§31-1A-11. Amendments to articles of organization.

§31-1A-12. Filing of articles of amendment; recordation; admission in evidence.

§31-1A-13. Filing requirements.

§31-1A-14. Registered office and registered agent to be maintained.

- §31-1A-15. Change of registered office or registered agent.
- §31-1A-16. Secretary of state constituted attorney in fact for all limited liability companies; manner of acceptance or service of notices and process upon secretary of state; what constitutes conducting affairs or doing or transacting business in this state for purposes of this section; venue.
- §31-1A-17. Fees and charges to be collected by secretary of state.
- §31-1A-18. Management.
- §31-1A-19. Operating agreement.
- §31-1A-20. Management of a limited liability company by a manager or managers.
- §31-1A-21. Contracting debts.
- §31-1A-22. Business transactions of members or managers with the limited liability company.
- §31-1A-23. Contributions.
- §31-1A-24. Sharing of profits and losses.
- §31-1A-25. Sharing of distributions.
- §31-1A-26. Interim distributions.
- §31-1A-27. Withdrawal or resignation of member.
- §31-1A-28. Distributions in kind.
- §31-1A-29. Restrictions on making distribution.
- §31-1A-30. Liability upon wrongful distribution.
- §31-1A-31. Right to distribution.
- §31-1A-32. Liability of member to company.
- §31-1A-33. Liability of members and managers.
- §31-1A-34. Interest in company; transferability of interest.
- §31-1A-35. Dissolution.
- §31-1A-36. Judicial dissolution.
- §31-1A-37. Winding up.
- §31-1A-38. Distribution of assets upon dissolution.
- §31-1A-39. Certificate of cancellation.
- §31-1A-40. Filing of certificate of cancellation; recordation; issuance of certificate of dissolution.
- §31-1A-41. Procedure for merger.
- §31-1A-42. Merger; approval by members.
- §31-1A-43. Articles of merger; filing; issuance of certificate; recordation; admission in evidence.
- §31-1A-44. Effect of merger; conveyance of title to real estate in state to surviving limited liability company.
- §31-1A-45. Merger of domestic and foreign limited liability companies; effect; abandonment; confirmation of title to real estate required.
- §31-1A-46. Right of members to dissent.
- §31-1A-47. Conversion of partnerships to limited liability companies; effect of conversion.
- §31-1A-48. Law governing foreign limited liability companies.
- §31-1A-49. Admission of foreign limited liability company; acts permitted to be done without certificate of authority.
- §31-1A-50. Powers of foreign limited liability company.
- §31-1A-51. Name of foreign limited liability company; when certificate of authority shall not be issued; change of name by foreign limited liability company.

- §31-1A-52. Application for certificate of authority by foreign limited liability company; contents.
- §31-1A-53. Application for certificate of authority; filing; issuance of certificate; recordation; penalty for failure to record.
- §31-1A-54. Effect of certificate of authority.
- §31-1A-55. Appointment of person to whom notice of process may be sent by the secretary of state; change of principal office or name and address of person to receive notice or process.
- §31-1A-56. Amendment to articles of organization of foreign limited liability company; filing; recordation; penalty for failure to record.
- §31-1A-57. Merger of foreign limited liability company authorized to conduct affairs or do or transact business in this state; filing of articles of merger; recordation; penalty for failure to record.
- §31-1A-58. Amended certificate of authority; requirements; recordation; penalty for failure to record.
- §31-1A-59. Procedure for withdrawal of foreign limited liability company; publication required; application for certificate of withdrawal; contents; filing; issuance of certificate; recordation.
- §31-1A-60. Conditions for revocation of certificate of authority.
- §31-1A-61. Application to limited liability company heretofore authorized to conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state.
- §31-1A-62. Conducting affairs or doing or transacting business without certificate of authority.
- §31-1A-63. Requirement for registered agent and certain reports.
- §31-1A-64. Parties to actions.
- §31-1A-65. Title to limited liability company property.
- §31-1A-66. Waiver of notice.
- §31-1A-67. Applicability of provisions to foreign and interstate commerce.
- §31-1A-68. Definition of "person" to indicate limited liability company.
- §31-1A-69. Conflicting laws; existing rights and liabilities.

§31-1A-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "West Virginia Limited Liability Company Act".

§31-1A-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 3 (1) "Article" means this article of the West Virginia code;
- 5 (2) "Articles of organization" means the articles of organization filed with the secretary of state for the
- 7 purpose of forming a limited liability company as
- 8 specified in sections eight and nine of this article and
- 9 all amendments thereto:

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- 10 (3) "Bankruptcy" means a case under the federal 11 Bankruptcy Code of 1978. Title 11 of the United States 12 Code, as amended:
 - (4) "Contribution" means any cash, property or services rendered, or a promissory note or other binding obligations to contribute cash or property or to perform services that a member contributes to a limited liability company in his capacity as a member;
- (5) "Court" includes every court and judge having 18 19 iurisdiction in any case:
 - (6) "Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer of money or other property, or incurrence of indebtedness by a limited liability company, to or for the benefit of its members in respect of their interests in such company;
- 25 (7) "Foreign limited liability company" means a limited liability company organized under laws other 26 27 than the laws of this state:
- 28 (8) "Limited liability company" or "domestic limited 29 liability company" means an entity that is an unincor-30 porated association having two or more members that 31 is organized and existing under this article:
- (9) "Manager" means a person or persons designated by the members of a limited liability company to manage the company pursuant to this article or a 35 limited liability company's articles of organization or 36 operating agreement:
- (10) "Member" means a person with an ownership 37 interest in a limited liability company with the rights 38 39 and obligations specified under this article;
- (11) "Membership interest" means a member's share 40 41 of the capital and profits and losses of a limited liability company, the right to receive distributions of such 42 company's assets and any rights of management under 43 44 this article:
- (12) "Operating agreement" means any agreement of 45 the members as to the affairs and management of a 46 limited liability company and the conduct of its 47

- 48 business:
- 49 (13) "Person" includes individuals, general partner-50 ships, limited partnerships, limited liability companies,
- 51 corporations, trusts, business trusts, real estate invest-
- 52 ment trusts, estates and other associations:
- 53 (14) "Principal office" means the office, in or out of
- 54 this state, where the principal executive offices of a
- 55 limited liability company are located; and
- 56 (15) "Real property" or "real estate" includes land, any
- 57 interest, leasehold or estate in land and other improve-
- 58 ments on it.

§31-1A-3. Purpose.

- 1 Limited liability companies may be organized under
- 2 this article for any lawful purpose.

§31-1A-4. Powers.

- (a) Each limited liability company organized and 1 2 existing under this article shall have the power to:
- (1) Sue and be sued, complain and defend, in its name; 3
- (2) Purchase, take, receive, lease, take by gift, devise 4
- or bequest, or otherwise acquire, own, hold, improve, use 5
- 6 and otherwise deal in and with real or personal property
- 7 or any legal or equitable interest therein, wherever
- 8 situated:
- (3) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, create a security 9
- interest in, lease, exchange, transfer or otherwise 10
- 11 dispose of all or any part of its property and assets;
- 12 (4) Lend money to or otherwise assist its members:
- 13 (5) Purchase, take, receive, subscribe for or otherwise
- acquire, own, hold, vote, use, employ, sell, mortgage, 14
- 15 lend, pledge or otherwise dispose of, and otherwise use
- and deal in and with, shares or other interests in, or 16
- obligations of, other limited liability companies, domes-17
- tic or foreign corporations, associations, general part-18
- nerships, limited partnerships, joint ventures or persons, 19
- 20 or direct or indirect obligations of the United States or
- of any government, state, territory, governmental 21

22 district or municipality or any instrumentality thereof;

- (6) Make contracts and guarantees, incur liabilities, borrow money at such rates of interest as the limited liability company may determine, issue its notes, bonds and other obligations and secure any of its obligations by mortgage, deed of trust or pledge of all or any part of its property, franchises and income;
- (7) Lend money for its proper purposes, invest and reinvest its funds and take and hold real and personal property as security for the payment of funds so loaned or invested;
- (8) Conduct its business and affairs, carry on its operations and have and exercise the powers granted by this article in any state, territory, district or possession of the United States or in any foreign country;
- (9) Elect or appoint managers, employees and agents of the limited liability company and define their duties and fix their compensation;
- (10) Pay compensation, or pay additional compensation, to any or all managers, members, employees and agents on account of services previously rendered, or to be rendered, to the limited liability company, whether or not an agreement to pay such compensation was made before such services were rendered;
- (11) Make and alter operating agreements for the administration and regulation of the business and affairs of the limited liability company;
- (12) Indemnify a member, manager, employee or agent, or former member, manager, employee or agent, of the limited liability company to the same extent as a corporation organized under the laws of this state may indemnify any of the directors, officers, employees or agents of the corporation against expenses actually and reasonably incurred by him or it in connection with the defense of any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, in which he or it is made a party and to make any other indemnification that is authorized by the articles of organization or by the operating agreement or resolution adopted by the members after notice;

- 61 (13) Cease its activities and surrender its certificate 62 of organization;
- 63 (14) Have and exercise all powers necessary or 64 convenient to effect any or all of the purposes for which 65 the limited liability company is organized;
- 66 (15) Become a member of a corporation, general 67 partnership, limited partnership, limited liability 68 company, joint venture or similar association; and
- 69 (16) Transact any lawful business that a corporation, 70 general partnership, limited partnership or other 71 business entity may conduct under the laws of this state.
- (b) In addition to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a limited liability company shall have and exercise all powers granted to corporations under the laws of this state.

§31-1A-5. Name.

- 1 (a) The words "limited liability company" shall be 2 included in the name of every limited liability company 3 formed under the provisions of this article.
- 4 (b) Such name shall not contain any word or phrase 5 which indicates or implies that it is organized for any 6 purpose other than those permitted by this article and 7 as may be limited by its articles of organization.
- 8 (c) Such name shall not contain the words "Corpora-9 tion", "Incorporated", "Limited Partnership" or the 10 abbreviations "Corp." or "Inc."
- 11 (d) Such name shall not be the same as, or deceptively similar to, any of the following:
- 13 (1) The name of any domestic corporation, limited partnership or limited liability company;
- 15 (2) The name of any foreign corporation, limited 16 partnership, or limited liability company authorized to 17 transact business in this state that has in effect a 18 registration of its name as provided under the laws of 19 this state:
- 20 (3) Any name for which an exclusive right has been

21 reserved in the office of the secretary of state;

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- (4) Any trade or assumed name registered with the secretary of state or for which application for registration is pending; or
- (5) Any name registered in the office of the secretary of state.
- 27 (e) The provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall not apply if the organizer files with the secretary of state either:
 - (1) The written consent of such other limited liability company, corporation or limited partnership or holder of a reserved or registered name to use the same or a deceptively similar name if one or more words are added, altered or deleted to make the name distinguishable from the reserved or registered name; or
- 36 (2) A certified copy of a final decree of a court of 37 competent jurisdiction establishing the prior right of the 38 applicant to the use of such name in this state.
- 39 (f) A limited liability company that acquires, upon a 40 sale, lease or other disposition to or exchange with a domestic limited liability company, all or substantially 41 all the assets of another domestic or foreign limited 42 43 liability company, including its name, may have a 44 deceptively similar name if one or more words are added, altered or deleted to make such name distingui-45 shable from such other name as that used in this state 46 by any of such limited liability companies if such other 47 48 limited liability company was organized under the laws of, or is authorized to transact business in, this state. 49

§31-1A-6. Reservation of name.

- 1 (a) The exclusive right to the use of a name may be 2 reserved by:
- 3 (1) Any person intending to organize a limited 4 liability company under this article and to adopt that 5 name;
- 6 (2) Any domestic or foreign limited liability company registered in this state that, in either case, intends to

- 8 adopt that name;
- 9 (3) Any domestic or foreign limited liability company 10 registered in this state intending to change its name; or
- 11 (4) Any foreign limited liability company or any 12 person intending to organize a foreign limited liability 13 company and intending to register in this state and 14 adopt that name.
- 15 (b) To reserve a specified name, a person shall submit 16 an application to the secretary of state in the form and 17 manner the secretary of state shall designate. If the 18 secretary of state finds that the name is available for 19 use by a domestic or foreign limited liability company, 20 he shall reserve the name for the exclusive use of the 21 applicant for a period of one hundred twenty days. Such reservation may be renewed for additional periods not 22 23 to exceed one hundred twenty days from the date of such 24 renewal. The right to the exclusive use of a reserved 25 name may be transferred to any other person by delivering to the office of the secretary of state a notice 26 27 of the transfer executed by the applicant for whom the 28 name was reserved and specifying the name and address of the transferee. 29

§31-1A-7. Formation.

- 1 Any two or more persons may form a limited liability
- 2 company by causing to be signed and filed with the
- 3 secretary of state articles of organization for such
- 4 limited liability company. Such persons need not be
- 5 members of the limited liability company after forma-
- 6 tion has occurred.

§31-1A-8. Articles of organization.

- 1 (a) The articles of organization of a limited liability 2 company shall set forth:
- 3 (1) The name of the limited liability company;
- 4 (2) The period of its duration, which shall not be 5 perpetual;
- 6 (3) The purpose for which the limited liability company is organized; and

- 8 (4) The address of its principal place of business in 9 the state and the name and address of its initial 10 registered agent in the state, which may be the same 11 as its initial registered office but need not be located in 12 this state.
- 13 (b) The articles of organization may set forth any 14 other matter that is permitted under this article to be 15 set forth in its operating agreement.
- 16 (c) It is not necessary to set out in the articles of organization any of the powers enumerated in this article.
- (d) Whenever a provision of the articles of organization is inconsistent with the operating agreement for the limited liability company, the provisions of the articles of organization shall be controlling.
- 23 (e) The articles of organization shall contain a 24 statement of the name and address of the person who, 25 or the firm that, prepared such articles of organization.
- 26 (f) The articles of organization shall be acknowledged 27 by one or more of the persons forming the limited 28 liability company before a notary public and transmit-29 ted with the proper fees to, and shall be filed with, the 30 secretary of state.

§31-1A-9. Filing of articles of organization.

- 1 (a) Duplicate originals, which as used in this article
 2 shall mean two copies, however reproduced, both of
 3 which are executed in the original, of the articles of
 4 organization shall be delivered to the secretary of state.
 5 If the secretary of state finds that the articles of
 6 organization conform to law, he shall, when all fees have
 7 been paid as prescribed by law:
- 8 (1) Endorse on each of the duplicate originals the 9 word "Filed" and the month, day and year of the filing
- 10 thereof;
- 11 (2) File one of the duplicate originals in his office; and
- 12 (3) Issue a certificate of organization to which he shall affix the other duplicate original.

- 14 (b) The certificate of organization, together with a 15 duplicate original of the articles of organization affixed 16 thereto by the secretary of state, shall be returned to the 17 limited liability company or to its representative.
- 18 (c) If the limited liability company has its principal 19 office in this state, it shall cause such certificate, or a 20 duly certified copy thereof, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county in 21 22 which such principal office is located; if its principal 23 office is not within this state but it conducts affairs or 24 does or transacts business therein, then in the county or 25 one of the counties in which it conducts its affairs or does or transacts its principal business. If its principal 26 office is without the state and it does not conduct affairs 27 28 or do or transact business within the state, such 29 certificate need not be recorded in the county clerk's 30 office. A failure to comply with the foregoing recordation provision within six months from the date of such 31 certificate shall subject the limited liability company to 32 a fine of not more than one thousand dollars. 33

§31-1A-10. Effect of issuance of certificate of organization.

- (a) Upon the issuance of the certificate of organiza-1 2 tion, or upon any future date stated in the certificate of 3 organization, the limited liability company shall be considered organized and in existence and such certif-4 5 icate of organization shall be conclusive evidence that all conditions precedent required to be performed by the 6 members have been complied with and that the limited 7 8 liability company has been legally organized under this article, except as against this state in a proceeding to 9 10 cancel or revoke the certificate of organization or for 11 involuntary dissolution of the limited liability company.
- 12 (b) A limited liability company shall not transact 13 business or incur indebtedness, except that which is 14 incidental to its organization or to obtaining subscrip-15 tions for or payment of contributions, until the secretary 16 of state has issued a certificate of organization.

§31-1A-11. Amendments to articles of organization.

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- (a) The articles of organization shall be amended within thirty days from the occurrence of any of the following:
- (1) There is a change in the name of the limited liability company;
 - (2) There is a false or erroneous statement in the articles of organization;
- (3) There is a change in the duration of the limited liability company as stated in the articles of organization: *Provided*, That such duration shall not be perpetual;
- 12 (4) A time is fixed for the dissolution of the limited 13 liability company if no time is specified in the articles 14 of organization; or
 - (5) The members desire to make a change in any other statement in the articles of organization in order for it to accurately represent the agreement between them.
 - (b) The articles of organization as amended shall contain only such provisions as might be lawfully contained in original articles of organization at the time of making such amendment.
 - (c) The articles of amendment shall be adopted upon approval by a majority vote of the members entitled to vote thereon, unless the articles of organization or the operating agreement of the limited liability company require a greater or lesser vote.
- 27 (d) The articles of amendment shall be executed in 28 duplicate and verified by a member or manager so 29 authorized and shall set forth:
- 30 (1) The name of the limited liability company;
- 31 (2) The amendment as adopted;
- 32 (3) The date of the adoption of the amendment by the 33 members;
- 34 (4) A statement that the amendment was adopted by 35 a vote of the members in accordance with this article; 36 and

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37 (5) The name and address of the person or firm that prepared such amendment.

§31-1A-12. Filing of articles of amendment; recordation; admission in evidence.

- 1 (a) Upon adoption of the articles of amendment, 2 duplicate originals of such articles of amendment shall 3 be delivered to the secretary of state. If the secretary
- 4 of state finds that the articles of amendment conform
- 5 to law, he shall, when all fees have been paid as 6 prescribed by law:
- 7 (1) Endorse on each of the duplicate originals the 8 word "Filed" and the month, day and year of the filing 9 thereof;
- 10 (2) File one of the duplicate originals in his office; and
- 11 (3) Issue a certificate of amendment to which he shall affix the other duplicate original.
 - (b) The certificate of amendment, together with a duplicate original of the articles of amendment affixed thereto by the secretary of state, shall be returned to the persons forming the limited liability company, the principal office of the limited liability company or to its representative.
- (c) The certificate of amendment issued by the 19 secretary of state pursuant to this section, or a certified 20 21 copy thereof, shall be recorded in the office of the appropriate county clerk in the same manner as original 22 certificates of organization are required to be recorded 23 in accordance with subsection (c), section nine of this 24 article and received in evidence to the same extent as 25 an original certificate of organization or a certified copy 26 27 of such original.

§31-1A-13. Filing requirements.

- 1 (a) A document which satisfies the requirements of 2 this section and of any other section that adds to or
- varies these requirements shall be entitled to be filed
 with the secretary of state.
- 4 with the secretary of state.
- 5 (b) The document to be filed shall be one that this

- 6 article requires or permits to be filed with the secretary of state.
- 8 (c) The document to be filed shall contain the 9 information required by this article and may contain other information as well.
- 11 (d) The document to be filed shall be typewritten or 12 printed and shall be executed in the name of the limited 13 liability company:
- 14 (1) By any member or manager of the limited liability 15 company;
- 16 (2) If the limited liability company has not been 17 formed, by one or more of the persons forming the 18 limited liability company; or
- 19 (3) If the limited liability company is in the hands of a receiver, trustee or other court-appointed fiduciary, by that fiduciary.
- 22 (e) The person executing the document shall sign it 23 and state beneath or opposite his signature his name and 24 the capacity in which he signs.
- 25 (f) If, pursuant to any provision of this article, the 26 secretary of state has prescribed a mandatory form for 27 the document, the document shall be in or on the 28 prescribed form.
- (g) The document to be filed shall be delivered to the
 secretary of state for filing and shall be accompanied by
 the required filing fee and any registration fee required.

§31-1A-14. Registered office and registered agent to be maintained.

- Each domestic limited liability company and each foreign limited liability company which has been issued a certificate of authority pursuant to this article shall have and continuously maintain in this state:
- 5 (1) A registered office which may, but need not, be 6 the same as its place of business; and
- 7 (2) A registered agent, which agent may be either an 8 individual resident in this state whose business office is

- 9 identical with such registered office, or a domestic
- 10 corporation or a foreign corporation authorized to
- 11 transact business in this state, having a business office
- 12 identical with such registered office.

§31-1A-15. Change of registered office or registered agent.

- 1 (a) Within thirty days of any change in registered
- 2 office or agent, or both, a limited liability company shall
- 3 file in the office of the secretary of state a statement 4 setting forth:
- 5 (1) The name of the limited liability company;
- 6 (2) The address of its then registered office;
- 7 (3) If the address of its registered office is to be
- 8 changed, the address to which the registered office is to
- 9 be changed;
- 10 (4) The name of its then registered agent; and
- 11 (5) If its registered agent is to be changed, the name of its successor registered agent.
- 13 (b) If the secretary of state finds that the statement
- 14 conforms to the provisions of this article, he shall file
- 15 the statement in his office, and upon filing the state-
- 16 ment, the change of address of the registered office or
- 17 the appointment of a new registered agent, or both as
- 18 the case may be, will be in effect.
- 19 (c) Any registered agent of a limited liability company
- 20 may resign as agent upon filing a written notice thereof,
- 21 executed in duplicate, with the limited liability company
- 22 and the secretary of state. The appointment of the agent
- 23 terminates upon the expiration of thirty days after
- 24 receipt of notice by the secretary of state.
- §31-1A-16. Secretary of state constituted attorney-in-fact for all limited liability companies; manner of acceptance or service of notices and process upon secretary of state; what constitutes conducting affairs or doing or transacting business in this state for purposes of this section; venue.

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(a) The secretary of state is hereby constituted the attorney-in-fact for and on behalf of every limited liability company created by virtue of the laws of this state and every foreign limited liability company authorized to conduct affairs or do or transact business herein pursuant to the provisions of this article, with authority to accept service of notice and process on behalf of every such limited liability company and upon whom service of notice and process may be made in this state for and upon every such limited liability company. No act of such limited liability company appointing the secretary of state attorney-in-fact shall be necessary. Immediately after being served with or accepting any such process or notice, of which process or notice two copies for each defendant shall be furnished the secretary of state with the original notice or process. together with a fee of five dollars, the secretary of state shall file in his office a copy of such process or notice, with a note thereon endorsed of the time of service or acceptance, as the case may be, and transmit one copy of such process or notice by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the person to whom notice and process shall be sent, whose name and address were last furnished to the state officer at the time authorized by statute to accept service of notice and process and upon whom notice and process may be served; and if no such person has been named, to the principal office of the limited liability company at the address last furnished to the state officer at the time authorized by statute to accept service or process and upon whom process may be served, as required by law. No process or notice shall be served on the secretary of state or accepted by him less than ten days before the return day thereof. Such limited liability company shall pay the annual fee prescribed by article twelve, chapter eleven of this code for the services of the secretary of state as its attorney-in-fact.

Any foreign limited liability company which shall conduct affairs or do or transact business in this state without having been authorized so to do pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be conclusively presumed to have appointed the secretary of state as its attorney-

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in-fact with authority to accept service of notice and process on behalf of such limited liability company and upon whom service of notice and process may be made in this state for and upon every such limited liability company in any action or proceeding described in the next following paragraph of this section. No act of such limited liability company appointing the secretary of state as such attorney-in-fact shall be necessary. Immediately after being served with or accepting any such process or notice, of which process or notice two copies for each defendant shall be furnished the secretary of state with the original notice or process. together with a fee of five dollars, the secretary of state shall file in his office a copy of such process or notice. with a note thereon endorsed of the time of service or acceptance, as the case may be, and transmit one copy of such process or notice by registered or certified mail. return receipt requested, to such limited liability company at the address of its principal office, which address shall be stated in such process or notice. Such service or acceptance of such process or notice shall be sufficient if such return receipt shall be signed by an agent or employee of such limited liability company, or the registered or certified mail so sent by the secretary of state is refused by the addressee and the registered or certified mail is returned to the secretary of state or to his office showing thereon the stamp of the United States postal service that delivery thereof has been refused, and such return receipt of registered or certified mail is appended to the original process or notice and filed therewith in the clerk's office of the court from which such process or notice was issued. No process or notice shall be served on the secretary of state or accepted by him less than ten days before the return date thereof. The court may order such continuances as may be reasonable to afford each defendant opportunity to defend the action or proceedings.

For the purpose of this section, a foreign limited liability company not authorized to conduct affairs or do or transact business in this state pursuant to the provisions of this article shall nevertheless be deemed to be conducting affairs or doing or transacting business

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herein: (1) If such limited liability company makes a contract to be performed, in whole or in part, by any party thereto, in this state; (2) if such limited liability company commits a tort in whole or in part in this state; or (3) if such limited liability company manufactures, sells, offers for sale or supplies any product in a defective condition and such product causes injury to any person or property within this state notwithstanding the fact that such limited liability company had no agents, servants or employees or contracts within this state at the time of said injury. The making of such contract, the committing of such tort or the manufacture or sale, offer of sale or supply of such defective product as hereinabove described shall be deemed to be the agreement of such limited liability company that any notice or process served upon, or accepted by, the secretary of state pursuant to the next preceding paragraph of this section in any action or proceeding against such limited liability company arising from, or growing out of, such contract, tort or manufacture or sale, offer of sale or supply of such defective product shall be of the same legal force and validity as process duly served on such limited liability company in this state.

(b) In all cases arising under this article wherein the limited liability companies seeking to exercise the rights conferred by this article, or against which any proceeding is instituted thereunder, do not have or maintain any office, own any property or conduct affairs or do or transact business in this state, the circuit court of the county in which the seat of government is located shall have original jurisdiction, except in cases in which jurisdiction is expressly conferred upon some other court by this article.

§31-1A-17. Fees and charges to be collected by secretary of state.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in this article, all fees required to be charged and collected by the secretary of state by the provisions of this article shall be charged and collected in accordance with the provisions of section two, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code as applicable to corporations.

§31-1A-18. Management.

- 1 (a) Except to the extent that the articles of organiza-2 tion or an operating agreement provides for manage-
- ment of a limited liability company by a manager or 3
- managers, management of a limited liability company 4
- 5 shall be vested in its members.
- 6 (b) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 7 organization or an operating agreement, the members
- 8 of a limited liability company shall vote in proportion
- 9 to their contributions to the limited liability company.
- 10 as adjusted from time to time to reflect any additional
- 11 contributions or withdrawals, and a majority vote of the
- members of a limited liability company shall consist of 12
- 13 the vote or other approval of members having a majority
- 14 share of the voting power of all members.
- 15 (c) Unless otherwise provided in this article or in the 16 articles of organization or an operating agreement, any
- action required or permitted to be taken by the 17
- 18 members of a limited liability company may be taken
- upon a majority vote of the members. 19

§31-1A-19. Operating agreement.

- (a) The members of a limited liability company may 1
- 2 enter into any operating agreement to regulate or
- 3 establish the affairs of the limited liability company, the
- 4 conduct of its business and the relations of its members.
- An operating agreement may contain any provisions 5
- regarding the affairs of a limited liability company and 6 7 the conduct of its business to the extent that such
- 8 provisions are not inconsistent with the laws of this state 9
 - or the articles of organization.
- 10 (b) (1) An operating agreement must initially be agreed to by all of the members. Unless the articles of 11 organization specifically require otherwise, an operating 12
- 13 agreement need not be in writing.
- 14 (2) If an operating agreement does not provide for the 15 method by which it may be amended, then all of the
- members must agree to any amendment of an operating 16

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- 17 agreement.
- 18 (c) (1) A court of equity may enforce an operating 19 agreement by injunction or by such other relief that the 20 court in its discretion determines to be fair and 21 appropriate in the circumstances.
- 22 (2) As an alternative to injunctive or other equitable 23 relief, when the provisions of section thirty-six of this 24 article are applicable, the court may order dissolution 25 of the limited liability company.

§31-1A-20. Management of a limited liability company by a manager or managers.

- 1 (a) The articles of organization or an operating 2 agreement of a limited liability company may delegate 3 full or partial responsibility for managing a limited 4 liability company to or among one or more managers.
 - (b) Managers need not be residents of this state or members of the limited liability company unless the articles of organization or an operating agreement so require. The articles of organization or an operating agreement may prescribe other qualifications for managers.
- 11 (c) The number of managers shall be fixed by or in 12 the manner provided in the articles of organization or 13 an operating agreement. The number of managers may 14 be increased or decreased by amendment to, or in the 15 manner provided in, the articles of organization or an 16 operating agreement.
- 17 (d) Managers shall be elected by the members 18 pursuant to the articles of organization or an operating 19 agreement, or, if none, pursuant to section eighteen of 20 this article.
- 21 (e) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 22 organization or an operating agreement, any vacancy 23 occurring in the position of manager shall be filled by 24 a majority vote in interests of the members.
- 25 (f) All managers or any lesser number may be 26 removed in the manner provided in the articles of 27 organization or an operating agreement. Unless the

- 28 articles of organization or an operating agreement
- 29 provide otherwise for the removal of managers, then all
- 30 managers or any lesser number may be removed with
- 31 or without cause by a majority vote in interests of the
- 32 members.
- 33 (g) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 34 organization or an operating agreement, any action 35 required or permitted to be taken by the managers of 36 a limited liability company may be taken upon a 37 majority vote of the managers.
- 38 (h) (1) A manager shall discharge his duties as a 39 manager in accordance with his good faith business 40 judgment of the best interests of the limited liability 41 company.
- 42 (2) Unless he has knowledge or information concern-43 ing the matter in question that makes reliance unwar-44 ranted, a manager is entitled to rely on information, 45 opinions, reports or statements, including financial 46 statements and other financial data, if prepared or 47 presented by:
- 48 (A) One or more managers or employees of the limited 49 liability company whom the manager believes, in good 50 faith, to be reliable and competent in the matters 51 presented;
- 52 (B) Legal counsel, public accountants or other persons 53 as to matters the manager believes in good faith are 54 within the person's professional or expert competence; 55 or
- 56 (C) A committee of the managers of which he is not 57 a member if the manager believes in good faith that the 58 committee merits confidence.
- 59 (3) A person alleging a violation of this subsection has 60 the burden of proving the violation.

§31-1A-21. Contracting debts.

- 1 Except as otherwise provided in this article, no debt
- 2 shall be contracted or liability incurred by or on behalf
- 3 of a limited liability company, except by one or more
- 4 of its managers if management of the limited liability

- 5 company has been vested by the members in a manager
- 6 or managers or, if management of the limited liability
- 7 company is retained by the members, then by any member.

§31-1A-22. Business transactions of members or managers with the limited liability company.

- 1 Except as provided in the articles of organization or
- 2 an operating agreement, a member or manager may
- 3 lend money to and transact other business with the
- 4 limited liability company and, subject to other applica-
- ble law, has the same rights and obligations with respect
- 6 thereto as a person who is not a member or manager.

§31-1A-23. Contributions.

- 1 (a) The contributions of a member to a limited
- 2 liability company may be in cash, property, services
- 3 rendered or a promissory note or other binding obliga-
- 4 tion which has been accepted by the limited liability
- 5 company to contribute cash or property or to perform
- 6 services.
- 7 (b) Except as provided in the articles of organization
- 8 or an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the
- 9 limited liability company to perform any enforceable
- 10 promise to contribute cash or property or to perform
- 11 services even if he is unable to perform because of death,
- 12 disability or any other reason. If a member does not
- 13 make the required contribution of property or services,
- 14 he is obligated at the option of the limited liability
- 15 company to contribute cash equal to that portion of the
- 16 value, as stated in the limited liability company records,
- 17 of such contribution that has not been made.
- (c) No promise by a member to contribute to a limited
- 19 liability company is enforceable unless set out in a
- 20 writing signed by the member.

§31-1A-24. Sharing of profits and losses.

- 1 The profits and losses of a limited liability company
- 2 shall be allocated among the members, and among
- 3 classes of members, in the manner provided in writing
- 4 in the articles of organization or an operating agree-

- 5 ment. If the articles of organization or an operating
- 6 agreement do not otherwise provide, profits and losses
- 7 shall be allocated on the basis of the value, as stated in
- the limited liability company records of the contribu-
- tions made by each member as adjusted from time to 9
- time to reflect any additional contributions or 10 withdrawals.

§31-1A-25. Sharing of distributions.

Distributions of cash or other assets of a limited 1

liability company shall be allocated among the 2

members, and among classes of members, in the manner

provided in writing in the articles of organization or an 4

operating agreement. If the articles of organization or 5

an operating agreement do not so provide in writing, 6

distributions shall be made on the basis of the value, as 7

stated in the limited liability company records, of the 8

contributions made by each member as adjusted from 9

time to time to reflect any additional contributions or 10

withdrawals. 11

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§31-1A-26. Interim distributions.

Except as provided in this article, a member is 1

entitled to receive distributions from a limited liability 2

3 company before his or its resignation from the limited

liability company and before the dissolution and 4

winding up thereof to the extent and at the times or 5

upon the happening of the events specified in the articles

of organization or an operating agreement.

Withdrawal or resignation of member. §31-1A-27.

Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organiza-1 2 tion or in any operating agreement, a member may withdraw or resign from a limited liability company at 3 the time or upon the happening of events specified in 4 writing in the articles of organization or an operating 5 agreement. If the articles of organization or an operat-6 7 ing agreement do not specify the time or the events upon the happening of which a member may withdraw or 8 resign, a member may withdraw or resign upon not less 9

than six months prior written notice to each member at 10 11

his or its address on the books of the limited liability

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§31-1A-28. Distributions in kind.

1 Except as provided in writing in the articles of 2 organization or an operating agreement, a member, 3 regardless of the nature of such member's contribution. 4 has no right to demand and receive any distribution 5 from a limited liability company in any form other than 6 cash. Except as provided in writing in the articles of 7 organization or an operating agreement, a member may not be compelled to accept a distribution of any asset 8 9 in kind from a limited liability company to the extent that the percentage of the asset distributed to such 10 member exceeds a percentage of that asset which such 11 12 member's membership interest constitutes of all mem-13 bership interests in the limited liability company.

Corporations

§31-1A-29. Restrictions on making distribution.

- (a) No distribution may be made by a limited liability company, if, after giving effect to the distribution:
- (1) The limited liability company would not be able to pay its debts as they became due to the usual course of business; or
- 6 (2) The reasonable value of the limited liability 7 company's total assets would be less than the sum of its total liabilities plus, unless the articles of organization 8 9 or an operating agreement permit otherwise, the 10 amount that would be needed if the limited liability company were to be dissolved at the time of the 11 distribution to satisfy the preferential rights upon 12 13 dissolution of members whose preferential rights are 14 superior to the rights of members receiving the distribution. 15
- 16 (b) The limited liability company may base a deter-17 mination that a distribution is not prohibited under this 18 section either on:
- 19 (1) Financial statements prepared on the basis of 20 accounting practices and principles that are reasonable 21 in the circumstances; or
- 22 (2) A fair valuation or other method that is reasonable

- 23 in the circumstances.
- 24 (c) The effect of a distribution under subsection (a) of 25 this section is measured as of: (i) The date the distribu-
- 26 tion is authorized if the payment occurs within one
- 27 hundred twenty days after the date of authorization; or
- 28 (ii) the date the payment is made if it occurs more than
- 29 one hundred twenty days after the date of authorization.
- 30 (d) A limited liability company's indebtedness to a
- 31 member incurred by reason of the declaration of a
- 32 distribution made in accordance with this section is at
- 33 parity with the limited liability company's indebtedness
- 34 to its general unsecured creditors, except to the extent
- 35 subordinated by agreement.

§31-1A-30. Liability upon wrongful distribution.

- 1 If a member has received a distribution in violation
- 2 of the articles of organization or an operating agreement
- 3 or in violation of section twenty-nine of this article, then
- 4 such member is liable to the limited liability company
- 5 for a period of four years thereafter for the amount of
- 6 the distribution wrongfully made.

§31-1A-31. Right to distribution.

- 1 At the time a member becomes entitled to receive a
- 2 distribution, such member has the status of, and is
- 3 entitled to all remedies available to, a creditor of the
- 4 limited liability company with respect to the distribution.

§31-1A-32. Liability of member to company.

- 1 (a) A member is liable to the limited liability company
- 2 for any unpaid contribution to capital which such
- 3 member agreed in the articles of organization or an
- 4 operating agreement to make at the time and on the
- 5 conditions stated in the articles of organization or an 6 operating agreement.
- 7 (b) A member holds as trustee for the limited liability 8 company:
- 9 (1) Specific property which is stated in the articles of organization as having been contributed by such

- 11 member, but which was not contributed or which has
- 12 been wrongfully or erroneously returned; and
- 13 (2) Money or other property wrongfully paid or 14 conveyed to such member on account of his or its contribution.
- 16 (c) The liabilities of a member as set out in this section
 17 can be waived or compromised only by the consent of
 18 all members, but a waiver or compromise shall not
 19 affect the right of a creditor of the limited liability
 20 company who extended credit or whose claim arose after
 21 the filing and before a cancellation or amendment of the
 22 articles of organization to enforce the liabilities.
- (d) When a contributor has rightfully received the 23 24 return, in whole or in part, of his or its capital 25 contribution, such contributor is nevertheless liable to the limited liability company for any sum, not in excess 26 27 of the returned capital, necessary to discharge its 28 liability to all creditors of the limited liability company 29 who expended credit or whose claims arose before the 30 return.

§31-1A-33. Liability of members and managers.

- 1 The members of a limited liability company shall
- 2 have the same rights and liabilities as shareholders of
- 3 corporations organized or registered under article one
- 4 of this chapter, and such managers shall have the same
- 5 rights and liabilities as directors of corporations so
- 6 organized or registered.

§31-1A-34. Interest in company; transferability of interest.

- 1 (a) The interest of a member in a limited liability 2 company constitutes personal property.
- 3 (b) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 4 organization or an operating agreement, a membership 5 interest in a limited liability company is assignable, in 6 whole or in part. An assignment of an interest in a 7 limited liability company does not of itself dissolve the
- 8 limited liability company. An assignment does not
- 9 entitle the assignee to participate in the management

- and affairs of the limited liability company or to become
- 11 or to exercise any rights of a member. Such an
- 12 assignment entitles the assignee to receive, to the extent
- 13 assigned, only any share of profits and losses and
- distributions to which the assignor would be entitled.
- 15 Except as provided in the articles of organization or an
- 16 operating agreement, a member ceases to be a member
- 17 upon assignment of his or its entire membership
- 18 interest.

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- 19 (c) (1) An assignee of an interest in a limited liability 20 company may become a member only if the other 21 members unanimously consent.
 - (2) An assignee who has become a member has, to the extent assigned, the rights and powers, and is subject to the restrictions and liabilities, of a member under the articles of organization or any operating agreement and this article. An assignee who becomes a member also is liable for any obligations of his or its assignor to make and return contributions as provided in this article. However, an assignee who becomes a member is not obligated for liabilities of the assignor unknown to him
- 32 (3) If an assignee of an interest in a limited liability 33 company becomes a member, the assignor is not 34 released from any liability to the limited liability

at the time he or it became a member.

- 35 company under sections twenty-three and thirty of this
- 36 article.

§31-1A-35. Dissolution.

- A limited liability company organized under this article shall be dissolved upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
- 4 (1) When the period fixed for the duration of the 5 limited liability company shall expire;
- 6 (2) By the unanimous written agreement of all members;
- 8 (3) Upon the death, retirement, resignation, expulsion, 9 bankruptcy or dissolution of a member or occurrence of 10 any other event which terminates the continued mem-

- 11 bership of a member in the limited liability company,
- 12 unless the business of the limited liability company is
- 13 continued by the consent of all the remaining members
- 14 under a right to do so stated in the articles of organ-
- 15 ization of the limited liability company; or
- 16 (4) The entry of a decree of judicial dissolution pursuant to section thirty-six of this article.

§31-1A-36. Judicial dissolution.

- 1 On application by or for a member, the circuit court
- 2 of the county in which the registered office of the limited
- 3 liability company is located may decree dissolution of a
- 4 limited liability company if it is not reasonably practi-
- 5 cable to carry on the business in conformity with the
- 6 articles of organization and any operating agreement.

§31-1A-37. Winding up.

- 1 Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organiza-
- 2 tion or an operating agreement, the members who have
- 3 not wrongfully dissolved a limited liability company
- 4 may wind up the limited liability company's affairs:
- 5 Provided, That the circuit court of the county in which
- 6 the registered office of the limited liability company is
- 7 located, on cause shown, may wind up the limited
- 8 liability company's affairs on application of any
- 9 member, his legal representative or assignee.

§31-1A-38. Distribution of assets upon dissolution.

- 1 Upon the winding up of a limited liability company, 2 the assets of the limited liability company shall be
- 3 distributed as follows:
- 4 (1) To secured creditors to the extent of their security,
- 5 including members who are secured creditors for
- 6 reasons other than unpaid distributions;
- 7 (2) To general unsecured creditors, including 8 members who are creditors for reasons other than 9 unpaid distributions, to the extent permitted by law, in
- unpaid distributions, to the extent permitted by law, in
 satisfaction of liabilities of the limited liability company;
- 11 (3) To members who are creditors as a result of an unpaid distribution: *Provided*, That if such distribution

- 13 was made within one year of the dissolution then the
- 14 member will be at parity with other general unsecured
- 15 creditors; and
- 16 (4) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of
- 17 organization or an operating agreement, to members
- 18 first for the return of their contributions and second
- 19 with respect to their interests in the limited liability
- 20 company, in the proportions in which the members
- 21 share in distributions.

§31-1A-39. Certificate of cancellation.

- 1 (a) Upon the completion of winding up of the limited
- 2 liability company, a certificate of cancellation shall be
- 3 filed with the secretary of state. The winding up of a
- 4 limited liability company shall be completed when all
- 5 debts, liabilities, and obligations of the limited liability
- 6 company have been paid and discharged or reasonably
- 7 adequate provision therefor has been made and all of the
- 8 remaining property and assets of the limited liability
- 9 company have been distributed to the members. A
- 10 certificate of cancellation shall set forth:
- 11 (1) The name of the limited liability company;
- 12 (2) The date of filing of the articles of organization
- 13 and each amendment thereto;
- 14 (3) The reason for filing the certificate of cancellation;
- 15 (4) The effective date (which shall be a date certain)
- 16 of cancellation, provided that any effective date other
- 17 than the date of filing the certificate of cancellation
- 18 must be a date subsequent to the filing; and
- 19 (5) Any other information the members determine to 20 include therein.
- 21 (b) Unless otherwise provided in this article or in the
- 22 certificate, a certificate of cancellation (or judicial
- 23 dissolution) is effective when accepted for filing by the
- 24 secretary of state.

§31-1A-40. Filing of certificate of cancellation; recordation; issuance of certificate of dissolution.

1 (a) Duplicate originals of such certificate of cancella-

tion shall be delivered to the secretary of state. If the secretary of state finds that such certificate of cancellation conforms to law, he shall, when all fees and license taxes have been paid as prescribed by law:

- (1) Endorse on each of such duplicate originals the word "Filed" and the month, day and year of the filing thereof;
 - (2) File one of the duplicate originals in his office; and
- (3) Issue a certificate of dissolution to which he shall affix the other duplicate original.
- (b) The certificate of dissolution, together with the duplicate original of the certificate of cancellation affixed thereto by the secretary of state, shall be returned to the representative of the dissolved limited liability company. Upon the issuance of such certificate of dissolution the existence of the company shall cease, except for the purpose of suits, other proceedings and appropriate action as provided in this article. The manager or managers in office at the time of dissolution. or the survivors of them or, if none, the members, shall thereafter be trustees for the members and creditors of the dissolved limited liability company and as such shall have authority to distribute any company property discovered after dissolution, convey real estate and take such other action as may be necessary on behalf of and in the name of such dissolved limited liability company.
- (c) If the certificate of organization for the dissolved limited liability company shall have been recorded in the office of the clerk of the county commission of any county in this state, the representative of the dissolved limited liability company shall record the certificate of dissolution in the office of the clerk of the county commission in which the certificate of organization is recorded, and upon such recordation the existence of the corporation shall cease, except for the purpose of actions, other proceedings and appropriate action as provided in this article.
- (d) The certificate of organization shall be cancelled by the secretary of state upon issuance of the certificate

41 of dissolution.

§31-1A-41. Procedure for merger.

- 1 Any two or more domestic limited liability companies
- 2 may merge into one limited liability company pursuant
- 3 to a plan of merger approved in the manner provided
- 4 in this article. The plan of merger shall set forth:
- 5 (a) The names of the limited liability companies 6 proposing to merge and the name of the limited liability 7 company into which they propose to merge;
- 8 (b) The terms and conditions of the proposed merger;
- 9 (c) The manner and basis of converting the member-
- 10 ship interests of each limited liability company or of any
- 11 membership interests, obligations or other securities of
- 12 the surviving limited liability company or of any other
- 13 limited liability company or, in whole or in part, into
- 14 cash or other property;
- 15 (d) A statement of any changes in the articles of
- 16 organization of the surviving limited liability company
- 17 to be effected by such merger; and
- 18 (e) Such other provisions with respect to the proposed
- 19 merger as are deemed necessary or desirable.

§31-1A-42. Merger; approval by members.

- 1 Except to the extent otherwise provided in the articles
- 2 of organization or an operating agreement, the plan of
- 3 merger shall be approved upon receiving the affirma-
- 4 tive vote of the holders of a majority of the membership
- 5 interests entitled to vote thereon of each such limited
- 6 liability company, unless any class of membership
- 7 interests of any such limited liability company is
- 8 entitled to vote thereon as a class, in which event, as to
- 9 such limited liability company, the plan of merger shall
- 10 be approved upon receiving the affirmative vote of the
- 11 holders of a majority of the membership interests of
- 12 each class of membership interests entitled to vote
- 13 thereon as a class and the total membership interests
- 14 entitled to vote thereon. Any class of membership
- 15 interests of any such limited liability company shall be
- 16 entitled to vote as a class if the plan of merger contains

- 17 any provisions which, if contained in a proposed
- 18 amendment to articles of organization, would entitle
- 19 such a class of membership interests to vote as a class.
- 20 After such approval by a vote of the members of each
- 21 limited liability company, and at any time prior to the
- 22 filing of the articles of merger, the merger may be
- 23 abandoned pursuant to provisions therefor, if any, set
- 24 forth in the plan of merger.

§31-1A-43. Articles of merger; filing; issuance of certificate; recordation; admission in evidence.

- 1 (a) Upon approval by the members in accordance with 2 the provisions of section forty-two of this article, articles
- 3 of merger shall be executed in duplicate by each limited
- of merger shall be executed in duplicate by each limited
- 4 liability company by a member or manager, and
- 5 verified by such person signing such articles.
- 6 (b) Articles of merger shall, in addition to any other 7 matters deemed appropriate, set forth:
- 8 (1) The plan of merger;
- 9 (2) As to each limited liability company, the number 10 of membership interests outstanding and, if the membership interests of any class are entitled to vote as a 12 class, the designation and number of outstanding
- 13 membership interests of each such class; and
- 14 (3) As to each limited liability company, the number 15 of membership interests voted for and against such plan,
- respectively, and, if the membership interests of any
- 17 class are entitled to vote as a class, the number of
- 18 membership interests of each class voted for and against
- 19 such plan, respectively.
- 20 (c) Duplicate originals of the articles of merger shall be delivered to the secretary of state. If the secretary 21 of state finds that such articles conform to law, he shall, 22 when all fees have been paid as prescribed by law: (i) 23 Endorse on each of such duplicate originals the word 24 "Filed" and the month, day and year of the filing 25 thereof: (ii) file one of such duplicate originals in his 26 office: and (iii) issue a certificate of merger to which he 27
- 28 shall affix the other duplicate original.

- The certificate of merger, together with the duplicate original of the articles of merger affixed thereto by the secretary of state, shall be returned to the surviving limited liability company, as the case may be, or its representative.
- 34 (d) The certificate of merger or certified copy thereof 35 shall be recorded in the office of the appropriate county 36 clerk in the same manner as original certificates of 37 organization are required to be recorded.

§31-1A-44. Effect of merger; conveyance of title to real estate in state to surviving limited liability company.

- 1 (a) Upon the issuance of the certificate of merger by 2 the secretary of state, the merger shall be effected. 3 When such a merger has been effected:
- 4 (1) The limited liability companies that are parties to 5 the plan of merger shall be a single limited liability 6 company, which shall be that limited liability company 7 designated in the plan of merger as the surviving 8 limited liability company;
- 9 (2) The separate existence of all limited liability 10 companies that are parties to the plan of merger, except 11 the surviving limited liability company, shall cease;
- 12 (3) Such surviving limited liability company shall 13 have all the rights, privileges, immunities and powers 14 and shall be subject to all the duties and liabilities of 15 a limited liability company under this article;
- (4) Such surviving limited liability company shall 16 17 thereupon and thereafter possess all the rights, privileges, immunities and franchises of a public as well as 18 a private nature of each of the merging limited liability 19 companies; and all property, real, personal and mixed, 20 and all debts due on whatever account, including 21 subscriptions for membership interests, if any, and all 22 other choses in action, and all and every other interest 23 of or belonging to or due to each of the limited liability 24 25 companies so merged, shall be taken and deemed to be transferred to and vested in such single limited liability 26 company without further act or deed; and the title to any 27

- real estate, or any interest therein, vested in any of such limited liability company by operation of law shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of such merger;
 - (5) The surviving limited liability company shall henceforth be responsible and liable for all the liabilities and obligations of each of the limited liability companies so merged; and any claim existing or action or proceeding pending by or against any such limited liability companies may be prosecuted as if such merger had not taken place, or such surviving limited liability company may be substituted in its place. Neither the rights of creditors nor any liens upon the property of any such limited liability company shall be impaired by such merger; and
 - (6) The articles of organization of the surviving limited liability company shall be deemed to be amended to the extent, if any, that changes in its articles of organization are stated in the plan of merger.
 - (b) In any merger of limited liability companies, any constituent limited liability company thereof owning or holding real estate in this state shall further evidence title thereto in the surviving limited liability company by executing and acknowledging for record a confirmatory deed or deeds to the respective parcels of real estate, which deed or deeds shall be recorded in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the respective counties in which such real estate is situate; and such deed or deeds shall recite as the consideration therefor the said merger and shall be deemed confirmatory of the title of such real estate in the surviving limited liability company.

§31-1A-45. Merger of domestic and foreign limited liability companies; effect; abandonment; confirmation of title to real estate required.

(a) One or more domestic limited liability companies and one or more foreign limited liability companies may merge into one limited liability company if such merger is permitted by the laws of the state under which each

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- such foreign limited liability company is organized. Any
 such merger shall be completed in the following
 manner:
 - (1) Each domestic limited liability company shall comply with the provisions of this article with respect to the merger of domestic limited liability companies and each foreign limited liability company shall comply with the applicable provisions of the laws of the state under which it is organized; and
 - (2) If the surviving limited liability company is to be governed by the laws of any state other than this state, it shall comply with the provisions of this article with respect to foreign limited liability companies if it is to conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state, and in every case it shall file with the secretary of state of this state: (i) An agreement that it may be served with process in this state in any proceeding for the enforcement of any obligation of any domestic limited liability company which is a party to such merger and in any proceeding for the enforcement of the rights of a dissenting member of any such domestic limited liability company against the surviving limited liability company; (ii) an irrevocable appointment of the secretary of state of this state as its agent to accept service of process in any such proceeding; and (iii) an agreement that it will promptly pay to the dissenting members of any such domestic limited liability company the amount, if any, to which they shall be entitled under the provisions of this article with respect to the rights of dissenting members.
 - (b) The effect of such merger shall be the same as in the case of the merger of domestic limited liability companies if the surviving limited liability company is to be governed by the laws of this state. If the surviving limited liability company is to be governed by the laws of any state other than this state, the effect of such merger on any domestic limited liability company shall be the same as in the case of the merger of domestic limited liability companies, except insofar as the laws of such other state provide otherwise.

- 340 (c) At any time prior to the filing of the articles of 341 merger, the merger may be abandoned pursuant to the 342 provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the plan of 343 merger.
- 344 (d) Irrespective of whether such surviving limited 345 liability company is to be governed by the laws of this 346 state or by the laws of any other state, any constituent 347 limited liability company thereof owning or holding real 348 estate in West Virginia shall further evidence title 349 thereto in the surviving limited liability company by 350 executing and acknowledging for record a confirmatory 351 deed or deeds to the respective parcels of real estate, which deed or deeds shall be recorded in the office of 352 353 the clerk of the county commission of the respective counties in which such real estate is situate: and such 354 355 deed or deeds shall recite as the consideration therefor 356 the said merger and shall be deemed confirmatory of the 357 title of such real estate in the surviving limited liability 358 company.

Right of members to dissent. §31-1A-46.

- Any member of a limited liability company shall have 1 2 the right to dissent from any of the following actions:
- 3 (1) Any plan of merger to which the limited liability 4 company is a party; or
- (2) Any sale or exchange of all or substantially all of 5 the property and assets of the limited liability company 6 not made in the usual and regular course of its business, 7 including a sale in dissolution. The rights of members 8 of limited liability companies shall be similar to, and 9 10 shall be governed by, the procedures set forth in sections one hundred twenty-two and one hundred twenty-three. 11 article one of this chapter, except to the extent otherwise 12 inconsistent with this article.

§31-1A-47. Conversion of partnerships to limited liability companies; effect of conversion.

(a) Any domestic or foreign general partnership or 1 limited partnership may convert to a limited liability 2 company by filing articles of organization as provided 3 in this article, which include, in addition to any other 4

- 5 information required by this article, the name of the 6 former general partnership or limited partnership.
- 7 (b) The conversion of a general partnership or limited 8 partnership to a limited liability company shall cause all 9 assets of such partnership to transfer to the limited liability company by operation of law without further 10 11 act or deed and without reversion or impairment: 12 Provided. That if such partnership owned or held title to real estate in West Virginia, it shall further evidence 13 14 title thereto in the limited liability company by executing, acknowledging and recording a confirmatory deed 15 or deeds pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b), 16 17 section forty-four of this article.
- 18 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 19 require, cause or be deemed to constitute a dissolution 20 of the general partnership or limited partnership prior 21 to or upon its conversion to a limited liability company 22 pursuant to this section.

§31-1A-48. Law governing foreign limited liability companies.

Subject to the constitution of this state: (1) The laws of the jurisdiction under which a foreign limited liability company is organized govern its organization and internal affairs and the liability of its members; and (2) a foreign limited liability company may not be denied a certificate of authority to transact business in this state by reason of any difference between those laws and the laws of this state.

§31-1A-49. Admission of foreign limited liability company; acts permitted to be done without certificate of authority.

1 (a) No foreign limited liability company shall have the right to conduct affairs or do or transact business in this 2 state until it shall have procured a certificate of 3 authority so to do from the secretary of state. No foreign 4 limited liability company shall be entitled to procure a 5 certificate of authority under this article to conduct 6 affairs or do or transact any business in this state which 7 would not be permitted to be conducted, done or 8

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- 9 transacted by a limited liability company organized 10 under this article.
- 11 (b) Without excluding other activities which may not 12 constitute conducting affairs or doing or transacting 13 business in this state, a foreign limited liability company 14 shall not be considered to be conducting affairs or doing 15 or transacting business in this state, for the purposes of 16 this article, by reason of carrying on in this state any 17 one or more of the following activities:
 - (1) Maintaining or defending any legal action or proceeding or any administrative or arbitration proceeding, or affecting the settlement thereof or the settlement of claims or disputes;
- 22 (2) Holding meetings of its members or managers or 23 carrying on other activities concerning its internal 24 affairs;
- 25 (3) Maintaining bank accounts;
- (4) Creating evidences of debt, mortgages or liens on
 real or personal property;
- 28 (5) Securing or collecting debts or enforcing any 29 rights in property securing the same;
- 30 (6) Conducting its affairs or doing or transacting 31 business in interstate commerce;
- 32 (7) Granting funds or other gifts;
- 33 (8) Distributing information to its members;
 - (9) Conducting an isolated transaction completed within a period of thirty days and not in the course of a number of repeated transactions of like nature;
- 37 (10) Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, 38 exchange or registration of its securities, or appointing 39 and maintaining trustees or depositories with relation to 40 its securities;
- 41 (11) Affecting sales through independent contractors;
- 42 (12) Soliciting or procuring orders, whether by mail 43 or through employees or agents or otherwise, where 44 such orders required acceptance without this state

- 45 before becoming binding contracts;
- 46 (13) The acquisition by purchase of loans secured by
 47 mortgages or deeds of trust, drawn and executed in
 48 compliance with section two, article one, chapter thirty49 eight of this code on real or personal property situated
 50 in West Virginia pursuant to commitment agreements
 51 or arrangements made prior to or following the origi52 nation or creation of said loans;
 - (14) The ownership, modification, renewal, extension, transfer or foreclosure of such loans or the acceptance of substitute or additional obligors thereon;
 - (15) The maintaining or defending of any actions or suits relative to such loans, mortgages or deeds of trust;
 - (16) The maintenance of bank accounts in West Virginia banks in connection with the collection or servicing of such loans;
 - (17) The making, collection and servicing of such loans through a resident person, firm, limited liability company or corporation, or a foreign person, firm, limited liability company or corporation qualified to do business in West Virginia engaged in the business of servicing loans for investors;
 - (18) The taking of deeds to the mortgaged property either in lieu of foreclosure or for the purpose of transferring title either to the federal housing administration or to the veterans administration as the insurer or guarantor;
 - (19) The acquisition of title to property under foreclosure sale or from the owner in lieu of foreclosure;
 - (20) The management, rental, maintenance and sale, or the operating, maintaining, renting or otherwise dealing with, selling or disposing of property acquired under foreclosure sale or by agreement in lieu thereof;
 - (21) Physical inspection and appraisal of property in West Virginia as security for deeds of trust or mortgages and negotiations for the purchase of such loans; or

82 (22) Any other transaction directly related to the 83 activities above described: *Provided*, That if property 84 acquired in or by reason of any of the activities defined 85 in the provisions of subdivisions (18), (19) and (20) of this 86 subsection shall be held longer than a period of five 87 years, the provisions of this section shall thereafter be 88 inapplicable.

§31-1A-50. Powers of foreign limited liability company.

1 A foreign limited liability company which shall have received a certificate of authority under this article shall 2 3 enjoy the same, but no greater, rights and privileges as a domestic limited liability company organized for the 4 purposes set forth in the application pursuant to which 5 6 such certificate of authority is issued, until a certificate of revocation or of withdrawal shall have been issued as 7 provided in this article; and except as in this article 8 otherwise provided, shall be subject to the same duties, 9 restrictions, penalties and liabilities now or hereafter 10 imposed upon a domestic limited liability company of 11 12 like character.

§31-1A-51. Name of foreign limited liability company; when certificate of authority shall not be issued; change of name by foreign limited liability company.

- 1 (a) No certificate of authority shall be issued to a 2 foreign limited liability company unless the name of 3 such limited liability company:
- 4 (1) Satisfied the requirements of section five of this article as applicable to domestic limited liability companies;
- 7 (2) Does not contain any word or phrase which 8 indicates or implies that it is organized for any purpose 9 other than one or more of the purposes in its articles of 10 organization; or
- 11 (3) Is not the same as, or deceptively similar to, the
 12 name of any limited liability company existing under
 13 the laws of this state or any foreign limited liability
 14 company authorized to conduct affairs or do or transact
 15 business in this state or a name reserved or registered

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- 16 as permitted by the laws of this state.
 - (b) The provisions of subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section shall not apply if the foreign limited liability company applying for a certificate of authority files with the secretary of state any one of the following:
 - (1) A resolution of its members or managers adopting a fictitious name for use in conducting affairs or doing or transacting business in this state, which fictitious name is not deceptively similar to the name of any domestic limited liability company or of any foreign limited liability company authorized to conduct affairs or do or transact business in this state or to any name reserved or registered as provided in this article; or
 - (2) The written consent of such other limited liability company or holder of a reserved or registered name to use the same or deceptively similar name and one or more words are added to make such name distinguishable from such other name; or
 - (3) A certified copy of a final order of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the prior right of such foreign limited liability company to the use of such name in this state.
- 38 (c) Whenever a foreign limited liability company that is authorized to conduct affairs or do or transact 39 40 business in this state shall change its name to one under which a certificate of authority would not be granted to 41 it on application therefor, the certificate of authority of 42 43 such limited liability company shall be suspended and it shall not thereafter conduct any affairs or do or 44 45 transact any business in this state until it has changed 46 its name to a name that is available to it under the laws 47 of this state or has otherwise complied with the 48 provisions of this article.

§31-1A-52. Application for certificate of authority by foreign limited liability company; contents.

1 (a) A foreign limited liability company, in order to 2 procure a certificate of authority to conduct affairs or 3 do or transact business in this state, shall make

- 4 application therefor to the secretary of state, which application shall set forth:
- 6 (1) The name of the limited liability company and the state or country under the laws of which it is organized;

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- (2) If the name of the limited liability company does not contain the words "limited liability company", then a name for the limited liability company which it adopts and complies with the requirements of this article:
- 12 (3) The date of formation and the period of duration of the limited liability company;
- 14 (4) The address of the principal office of the limited liability company;
- 16 (5) The name and address of the person to whom shall 17 be sent notice or process served upon, or service of which 18 is accepted by, the secretary of state, if one has been 19 designated;
- 20 (6) The purpose or purposes of the limited liability 21 company which it proposes to pursue in conducting its 22 affairs or doing or transacting business in this state; and
- 23 (7) Such additional information as may be necessary 24 or appropriate in order to enable the secretary of state 25 to determine whether such limited liability company is 26 entitled to a certificate of authority to conduct its affairs 27 or do or transact business in this state and to determine 28 and assess the fees payable as prescribed by law.
- 29 (b) Such application shall be made on forms pres-30 cribed and furnished by the secretary of state and shall 31 be executed in duplicate by the limited liability 32 company by a member or manager, and verified by one 33 of the persons signing such application.

§31-1A-53. Application for certificate of authority; filing; issuance of certificate; recordation; penalty for failure to record.

1 (a) Duplicate originals of the application of a foreign 2 limited liability company for a certificate of authority 3 shall be delivered to the secretary of state, together with 4 a copy of its articles of organization and all amendments

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- 5 thereto, or a proper restatement thereof, duly certified 6 by the proper officer of the state or country under the 7 laws of which it is formed, and a statement or certificate 8 from such officer that the limited liability company is 9 in good standing with the state or country under the laws of which it is formed. If the secretary of state finds 10 that such application conforms to law, he shall, when all 11 12 fees have been paid as prescribed by law: (i) Endorse 13 on each of such originals the word "Filed" and the 14 month, day and year of the filing thereof; (ii) file one of such duplicate originals of the application and the 15 copy of the articles of organization and amendments 16 thereto; and (iii) issue a certificate of authority to 17 conduct affairs or to do or transact business in this state. 18 19 to which he shall affix the other duplicate original 20 application.
 - (b) The certificate of authority, together with the duplicate original of the application affixed thereto by the secretary of state, shall be returned to the limited liability company or its representative.
- (c) The certificate of authority, together with a copy 25 of the articles of organization and all amendments 26 thereto, or a proper restatement thereof, shall be 27 recorded in the office of the clerk of the county 28 commission of the county in which the principal office 29 30 of the limited liability company in this state is located. If such limited liability company does not maintain a 31 principal office in this state, such recordation may be 32 completed in any county in which it is conducting its 33 34 affairs or doing or transacting business. A failure to comply with the provisions of this subsection within six 35 months from the date of issuance of a certificate of 36 authority shall subject such limited liability company to 37 a fine of not more than one thousand dollars. 38

§31-1A-54. Effect of certificate of authority.

Upon the issuance of a certificate of authority by the secretary of state, the limited liability company shall be authorized to conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state for those purposes set forth in its application, subject, however, to the right of this state

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- 6 to suspend or to revoke such authority as provided in 7 this article.
- §31-1A-55. Appointment of person to whom notice or process may be sent by the secretary of state; change of principal office or name and address of person to receive notice or process.
 - 1 (a) A foreign limited liability company may at any
 2 time appoint a person other than the limited liability
 3 company to whom notice or process served upon the
 4 secretary of state or service of which is accepted by the
 5 secretary of state may be sent, as required by section
 6 sixteen of this article, by filing with the secretary of
 7 state a statement setting forth:
 - (1) The name of the limited liability company and the state or country of its organization;
 - 10 (2) The present address of its principal office;
 - 11 (3) Express appointment of and the name and address 12 of the person to whom notice or process shall be sent by 13 the secretary of state under section sixteen of this 14 article;
 - (4) Express authority to the secretary of state to send to such person at the address given, all notices and process served upon the secretary of state or service of which is accepted by the secretary of state; and
 - 19 (5) That such appointment was duly authorized by the 20 members or managers.
 - Such statement shall be signed by a member or manager, verified by the signer and delivered to the secretary of state, and upon receipt thereof shall be filed by the secretary of state in his office.
 - (b) A limited liability company may at any time change the address of its principal office or the name and address or the address of the person to whom shall be sent notice or process served upon, or service of which is accepted by, the secretary of state. Such change shall become effective as the name and address or address last furnished to the secretary of state for the purposes

- 32 of section sixteen of this article only when such limited
- 33 liability company has filed in the office of the secretary
- 34 of state a statement setting forth:
- 35 (1) The name of the limited liability company;
- 36 (2) The state or country under whose laws it was 37 organized:
- 38 (3) If the address of the principal office is changed, 39 then the address of the former or present principal office and the address to which it is changed or to be 40 41 changed:
- 42 (4) If the name and address only of the person to whom notice or process is to be sent is to be changed. 43 then the name and address of such person to be used 44 from and after the filing of the statement required by 45 this section: and 46
- (5) That such change was duly authorized by the 47 members. 48
- 49 Such statement shall be signed by a member or manager and verified by him. 50

§31-1A-56. Amendment to articles of organization of foreign limited liability company; filing; recordation: penalty for failure to record.

(a) Whenever the articles of organization of a foreign 1 limited liability company authorized to conduct affairs 2 3 or do or transact business in this state are amended. 4 such foreign limited liability company shall, within thirty days after such amendment becomes effective, file 5 in the office of the secretary of state a copy of such 6 amendment duly authenticated by the proper officer of 7 the state or country under the laws of which it is 8 organized; but the filing thereof shall not of itself 9 enlarge or alter the purpose or purposes which such 10 limited liability company is authorized to pursue in 11 conducting its affairs or in doing or transacting business 12 in this state, nor authorize such limited liability 13 company to conduct affairs or do or transact business 14 in this state under any other name than the name set 15 forth in its certificate of authority.

17 (b) The secretary of state shall issue to such limited 18 liability company a certificate showing the filing of such 19 amendment and collect a fee of five dollars for such 20 certificate. The certificate so issued by the secretary of 21 state, together with a true copy of the amendment, shall 22 be recorded in the office of the clerk of the county 23 commission of the county in which its original certificate 24 of authority was recorded, pursuant to the provisions of 25 subsection (c), section fifty-three of this article. A failure 26 to comply with the provisions of this subsection within 27 six months from the date of such amendment shall 28 subject such limited liability company to a fine of not 29 more than one thousand dollars.

§31-1A-57. Merger of foreign limited liability company authorized to conduct affairs or do or transact business in this state; filing of articles of merger; recordation; penalty for failure to record.

- (a) Whenever a foreign limited liability company 1 2 authorized to conduct affairs or do or transact business 3 in this state shall be a party to a merger permitted by 4 the laws of the state or country under the laws of which 5 it is organized, and such limited liability company shall 6 be the surviving limited liability company, it shall, 7 within thirty days after such merger becomes effective, file with the secretary of state a copy of the articles of 8 merger duly authenticated by the proper officer of the 9 state or country under the laws of which such merger 10 was effected; and it shall not be necessary for such 11 12 limited liability company to procure either a new or amended certificate of authority to conduct affairs or do 13 or transact business in this state unless the name of such 14 limited liability company be changed thereby or unless 15 the limited liability company desires to pursue in this 16 state other or additional purposes than those which it 17 18 is then authorized to pursue in this state.
 - (b) The secretary of state shall issue to such surviving limited liability company a certificate showing the filing of a copy of the articles of merger and collect a fee of five dollars for such certificate. The certificate so issued by the secretary of state, together with a true copy of

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- 24 the articles of merger, shall be recorded in the office of
- 25 the clerk of the county commission of the county in
- 26 which its original certificate of authority was recorded,
- 27 pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c), section fifty-
- 28 three of this article. A failure to comply with the
- 29 provisions of this subsection within six months from the
- 30 date of such merger shall subject such limited liability
- 31 company to a fine of not more than one thousand dollars.

§31-1A-58. Amended certificate of authority; requirements; recordation; penalty for failure to record.

A foreign limited liability company authorized to 1 2 conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state 3 shall procure an amended certificate of authority in the event it changes its limited liability company name, or 4 desires to pursue in this state purposes other than or in 5 addition to those purposes set forth in its prior appli-6 cation for a certificate of authority, by making applica-7 8 tion therefor to the secretary of state.

9 The requirements in respect to the form and contents of such application, the manner of its execution, the 10 filing of duplicate originals thereof with the secretary 11 of state, the issuance of an amended certificate of 12 authority and the effect thereof, and the recordation 13 requirements for such amended certificate of authority 14 shall be the same as in the case of an original application 15 for a certificate of authority. A failure to comply with 16 the provisions of this section within six months from the 17 18 date of such change of limited liability company name or purposes shall subject such limited liability company 19 to a fine of not more than one thousand dollars. 20

§31-1A-59. Procedure for withdrawal of foreign limited liability company; publication required; application for certificate of withdrawal; contents; filing; issuance of certificate; recordation.

1 (a) A foreign limited liability company authorized to 2 conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state 3 may withdraw from this state upon procuring from the 4 secretary of state a certificate of withdrawal. In order

to procure such certificate of withdrawal, such foreign limited liability company shall publish a notice of its intention to withdraw from the state, such notice to be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county in which its principal office in this state is situated, or if there be no such office in this state, then any county in this state where it conducts its affairs or does or transacts business.

- (b) After publication of the notice required by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, such foreign limited liability company shall make application to the secretary of state for a certificate of withdrawal, which application shall set forth:
- (1) The name of the limited liability company and the state or country under the laws of which it is organized;
 - (2) That the limited liability company has ceased conducting its affairs or has ceased doing or transacting business in this state;
 - (3) That the limited liability company surrenders its authority to conduct its affairs to do or transact business in this state;
 - (4) A post office address to which the secretary of state may mail a copy of any process against the corporation that may be served on him; and
 - (5) Such additional information as may be necessary or appropriate in order to enable the secretary of state and tax commissioner to determine and assess any unpaid fees and taxes payable by such foreign limited liability company as may be prescribed by law.
 - (c) The application for a certificate of withdrawal shall be made on forms prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state and shall be executed by the limited liability company by a member or manager, and verified by one of such persons signing the application, or, if the limited liability company is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, shall be executed on behalf of the limited liability company by such receiver or trustee

and verified by him. Such application shall be accompanied by a copy of the notice required to be published under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section and the publisher's certificate of such publication.

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- (d) Duplicate originals of such application for a certificate of withdrawal shall be delivered to the secretary of state. If the secretary of state finds that such application conforms to law, he shall, when all fees have been paid, as prescribed by law: (i) Endorse on each of such duplicate originals the word "Filed" and the month, day and year of the filing thereof; (ii) file one of such duplicate originals in his office; and (iii) issue a certificate of withdrawal to which he shall affix the other duplicate original.
- (e) The certificate of withdrawal, together with the 58 59 duplicate original of the application for withdrawal affixed thereto by the secretary of state, shall be 60 returned to the limited liability company or its repre-61 sentative. The limited liability company or its represen-62 tative shall record the certificate of withdrawal in the 63 office of the clerk of the county commission in which the 64 limited liability company's certificate of authority is 65 recorded and the clerk shall note on the margin of the 66 record book in which such certificate of authority is 67 engrossed the fact of the withdrawal of the limited 68 69 liability company.

§31-1A-60. Conditions for revocation of certificate of authority.

- 1 (a) The certificate of authority of a foreign limited 2 liability company to conduct its affairs or do or transact 3 business in this state may be revoked by the secretary 4 of state upon the conditions prescribed in this section 5 when:
- 6 (1) The limited liability company has failed to file in 7 the office of the secretary of state any amendment to its 8 articles of organization as required by the provisions of 9 section fifty-six of this article; or
- 10 (2) The limited liability company has failed to file in 11 the office of the secretary of state any articles of merger

- as required by the provisions of section fifty-seven of this
 article; or
- 14 (3) A misrepresentation has been made of any 15 material matter in any application, report, affidavit or 16 other document submitted by such limited liability 17 company pursuant to the provisions of this article.
- 18 (b) No certificate of authority of a foreign limited 19 liability company shall be revoked by the secretary of 20 state unless:
- 21 (1) He shall have given the limited liability company 22 not less than sixty days' notice thereof by registered or 23 certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to its 24 principal office; and
- 25 (2) The limited liability company shall fail, prior to 26 revocation, to file any amendment to its articles of 27 organization or shall fail to file any articles of merger 28 or shall fail to correct any such misrepresentation.

§31-1A-61. Application to limited liability company heretofore authorized to conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state.

Subject to the limitations set forth in their respective 1 2 certificates of authority, foreign limited liability companies that are duly authorized to conduct their 3 affairs or do or transact business in this state at the time 4 this article takes effect for a purpose or purposes for 5 which a limited liability company might secure such 7 authority under this article, shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges applicable to foreign limited 8 liability companies procuring certificates of authority to 9 conduct their affairs or do or transact business in this 10 state under this article, and shall not be required to 11 12 make reapplication for authority to conduct their affairs or do or transact business in this state by reason of the 13 adoption of this article. From the time this article takes 14 effect each such limited liability company shall be 15 subject to all the limitations, restrictions, liabilities and 16 duties prescribed herein for foreign limited liability 17 companies procuring certificates of authority to conduct 18

19 their affairs or do or transact business in this state.

§31-1A-62. Conducting affairs or doing or transacting business without certificate of authority.

No foreign limited liability company which is con-1 2 ducting its affairs or doing or transacting business in 3 this state without a certificate of authority shall be permitted to maintain any action or proceeding in any 4 court of this state until such limited liability company 5 shall have obtained a certificate of authority. Nor shall 6 7 any action or proceeding be maintained in any court of 8 this state by any successor or assignee of such limited 9 liability company on any right, claim or demand arising 10 out of the conducting of affairs or the doing or transacting of business by such limited liability company in this 11 12 state until a certificate of authority shall have been obtained by such limited liability company or by a 13 limited liability company which has acquired all or 14 15 substantially all of its assets.

The failure of a foreign limited liability company to obtain a certificate of authority to conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state shall not impair the validity of any contract or act of such limited liability company, and shall not prevent such limited liability company from defending any action or proceeding in any court of this state.

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A foreign limited liability company that conducts its affairs or does or transacts business in this state without a certificate of authority shall be liable to this state, for the years or parts thereof during which it conducted affairs or did or transacted business in this state without a certificate of authority, in an amount equal to all fees and taxes that would have been imposed by this article, or by any other provisions of this code, upon such limited liability company had it duly applied for and received a certificate of authority to conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state as required by this article and thereafter filed all reports, statements or returns required by this article or by any other provisions of this code, plus all penalties imposed for failure to pay any such fees and taxes.

§31-1A-63. Requirement for registered agent and certain reports.

- 1 A foreign limited liability company authorized to
- 2 transact business in this state shall:
- 3 (1) Appoint and continuously maintain a registered
- 4 agent in the same manner as provided in this article for
- 5 domestic limited liability companies;
- 6 (2) File a report upon any change in the name or
- 7 business address of its registered agent in the same
- 8 manner as provided in this article for domestic limited
- 9 liability companies; and
- 10 (3) File limited liability company reports as provided
- 11 in this article for domestic limited liability companies.

§31-1A-64. Parties to actions.

- 1 A member or manager of a limited liability company
- 2 is not a proper party to proceedings by or against a
- 3 limited liability company, except where the object is to
- 4 enforce a member's or manager's right against, or
- 5 liability to, the limited liability company.

§31-1A-65. Title to limited liability company property.

- 1 Any estate or interest in property may be acquired
- 2 in the name of the limited liability company and title
- 3 to any estate or interest so acquired shall vest in the
 - limited liability company.

§31-1A-66. Waiver of notice.

- 1 When, under the provisions of this article or under the
- 2 provisions of the articles of organization or operating
- 3 agreement of a limited liability company, notice is
- 4 required to be given to a member or to a manager of
- 5 a limited liability company having a manager or
- 6 managers, a waiver in writing signed by the person or
- 7 persons entitled to the notice, whether made before or
- after the time for notice to be given, is equivalent to the
- 9 giving of notice.

§31-1A-67. Applicability of provisions to foreign and interstate commerce.

- 1 The provisions of this article shall apply to commerce
- 2 with foreign nations and among the several states only
- 3 as permitted by law.

§31-1A-68. Definition of "person" to indicate limited liability company.

- 1 For purposes of this code, whenever the term "person"
- 2 is defined to include both corporations and general or
- 3 limited partnerships, it shall include limited liability companies.

§31-1A-69. Conflicting laws; existing rights and liabilities.

- 1 This article takes precedence in the event of a conflict
- 2 with the provisions of article one of this chapter or other
- 3 laws. This article does not affect a right accrued or
- 4 established or any liability or penalty incurred, prior to
- 5 its effective date.

CHAPTER 42

(S. B. 431---By Senator Wooton)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section ninety, article one, chapter thirtyone of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine
hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and
reenact section four, article eight, chapter forty-seven of
said code, relating to corporations; removing the
provision concerning shareholders' preemptive rights in
conflict with other provisions; and limiting the use of
certain terms in corporation trade names.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ninety, article one, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that section four, article eight,

chapter forty-seven of said code be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. TRADE NAMES.

- §47-8-4. Corporations, associations and limited partnerships not to conduct business under assumed name without filing certificate of true name; filing, recordation and indexing of certificates filed; issuance of certificate of true name.
 - (a) No corporation, limited partnership or association 1 2 required to register with the secretary of state in order 3 to conduct business within the state may conduct or 4 transact any business in this state under any assumed 5 name, or under any designation, name or style, corpo-6 rate or otherwise, other than the name established by the certificate of incorporation, authority, association or 7 8 limited partnership, unless the corporation, limited 9 partnership or association files in the office of the 10 secretary of state a certificate of registration of true 11 name setting forth the name or names under which such 12 business is, or is to be, conducted or transacted, with the 13 address of the principal office within the state or, if no 14 office is maintained within the state, the address of the 15 principal office in the state in which the corporation. 16 association or limited partnership is established. A new 17 certificate of registration is to be filed if the corporation, 18 limited partnership or association desires to conduct or 19 transact any business in this state under any other 20 assumed name not on file in the office of the secretary 21 of state.
 - 22 (b) Two executed originals of the application for true
 23 name registration shall be delivered to the secretary of
 24 state. If the filing officer finds that the application for
 25 true name registration conforms to law, he or she shall,
 26 when all fees have been paid as prescribed by law: (i)
 27 Endorse on each of the originals the word "filed" and
 28 the month, day and year of the filing; (ii) file one of the

- originals; and (iii) issue to the applicant the certificate of registration of true name with the other original attached.
 - (c) Upon discontinuing the use of a name other than the name established by the certificate of incorporation, authority, association or limited partnership, the certificate of registration of true name shall be withdrawn by filing a certificate of withdrawal with the office of the secretary of state setting forth the name to be discontinued, the real name, the address of the party transacting business and the date upon which the original certificate of registration of true name was filed.
 - (d) Any corporation authorized to transact business in this state shall procure an amended certificate of incorporation in the event it changes its corporate name by filing articles of amendment with the office of the secretary of state as provided in article one, chapter thirty-one of this code.
 - (e) A domestic corporation, limited partnership or association having its principal office within the state shall file a certified copy of any certificate of true name with the clerk of the county commission of the county in which the principal office is located. A foreign corporation, limited partnership or association having its principal office outside the state shall file a certified copy of any such certificate with the clerk of the county commission of a county in which its principal business is transacted.
 - (f) The secretary of state shall keep an alphabetical index of all persons filing certificates provided for in this section.
 - (g) Any corporation registering a true name pursuant to the provisions of this section is subject to the limitations set forth in subsection (c), section eleven, article one, chapter thirty-one of this code regarding use of the words "engineer", "engineers", "engineering", or any combination thereof.

CHAPTER 43

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 290—By Senators Wiedebusch, Macnaughtan, Blatnik, Chernenko and Bailey)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one; and to amend article twenty, chapter thirty-one of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-seven, relating to displaced correctional employees and other facilities; county and state correctional officers; priority for employment upon closure of facilities; requirements for eligibility for transfer; specifying employment conditions, promulgation of rules; and establishment of hiring list for certain facilities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one; and that article twenty, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-seven, to read as follows:

Chapter

- 25. Division of Corrections.
- 31. Corporations.

CHAPTER 25. DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS.

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND INSTITUTIONS.

§25-1-21. Employment of displaced correctional employees at other facilities.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the
- 2 contrary, any person not a temporary or probationary
- 3 employee employed at the West Virginia penitentiary at
- 4 Moundsville at the time of its closing shall be afforded
- 5 the opportunity to transfer duty stations to the West

6 Virginia penitentiary at Mount Olive, the West Virginia 7 medium security prison at Huttonsville or the northern 8 regional jail and correctional complex at Moundsville if 9 he or she is an employee in good standing at the time the facility is closed. Any person so transferred shall 10 11 retain his or her rank or classified service classification. 12 salary and benefits. The commissioner shall promulgate 13 rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to 14 effectuate notice and procedures for said transfers: 15 Provided. That the commissioner shall have the authority to, upon consideration of an employee's age and 16 17 length of service, direct an employee's transfer to one 18 of the three facilities based on staff requirements.

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(b) The commissioner shall, within thirty days of the closing of the West Virginia penitentiary at Moundsville, establish and maintain, for a period of two years. a list of all correctional officers who are eligible for transfer pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and who wish to remain eligible for a two-year period for transfer to the Mount Olive correctional complex, or the Huttonsville correctional center or the northern jail and correctional complex at Moundsville. The commissioner shall give priority to any person on the list for employment in an available position equivalent to the position that person held at the penitentiary unless the commissioner determines that that person is physically or mentally unfit for the employment: Provided, That the commissioner has the authority to transfer a correctional officer to any of the three facilities based upon his or her determination of staff requirements.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 20. WEST VIRGINIA REGIONAL JAIL AND CORRECTIONAL FACILITY AUTHORITY.

§31-20-27. Correctional officers; regional jails; priority of hiring.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 2 contrary, the authority, when employing correctional 3 officers to complete the approved staffing plan of a 4 regional jail completed after the effective date of this

5 section, shall employ any correctional officer applying

6 for a position as a correctional officer at a regional jail 7 who was employed in good standing at a county jail 8 facility in the region at the time of its closing or at a 9 prison facility operated by the division of corrections: 10 Provided, That the regional jail is located within the 11 same region as the prison facility that was closed due 12 to relocation of the prison facility to a site outside the 13 region. Only those correctional officers, who are 14 employees in good standing at the time the prison 15 facility is closed, are eligible for transfer under the 16 provisions of this subsection. Correctional officers. 17 employed under the provisions of this subsection, shall 18 be employed at a salary and with benefits consistent 19 with the approved plan of compensation of the division 20 of personnel, created under section five, article six. 21 chapter twenty-nine of this code. All correctional 22 officers employed under this subsection shall also be 23 covered by the policies and procedures of the education and state employees grievance board, created under 24 section five, article six-a, chapter twenty-nine of this 25 26 code and the classified-exempt service protection 27 policies of the division of personnel.

(b) The authority shall, when employing correctional officers to fill positions within the approved staffing plan of any regional jail, employ any correctional officer applying for a position as a correctional officer at a regional jail who was previously employed as a correctional officer in good standing at any local jail facility: Provided. That the local jail facility is located within the same region as the regional jail at the time of the local jail facility's closing or reduction in size and was reduced in size or closed prior to or due to the completion of the regional jail within the region. Correctional officers, employed under the provisions of this subsection, shall be employed at a salary and with benefits consistent with the approved plan of compensation of the division of personnel, created under section five, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Only those county correctional officers who are employees in good standing at the time the local jail facility is closed are eligible for transfer under the provisions of this subsection. All correctional officers employed under this

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- 48 subsection shall also be covered by the policies and
- 49 procedures of the education and state employees
- 50 grievance board created under section five, article six-
- 51 a, chapter twenty-nine of this code and the classified-
- 52 exempt service protection of the division of personnel.

CHAPTER 44

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4188-By Delegates Vest and Manuel)

[Passed March 7, 1992: in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twelve-a, relating to authorizing the formation of maintenance associations outside of incorporated areas; authorizing maintenance associations outside of incorporated areas to assess and collect fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twelve-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12A. MAINTENANCE ASSOCIATIONS.

- §7-12A-1. Definitions.
- §7-12A-2. Purpose of the maintenance association.
- §7-12A-3. Petition to establish maintenance association.
- §7-12A-4. Contents of maintenance association document; approval of recording of maintenance association documents.
- §7-12A-5. Powers of maintenance associations.
- §7-12A-6. Assessment and collection of fees; notice.

§7-12A-1. Definitions.

- In this article, unless a different meaning plainly is required:
- 3 (1) "Maintenance association" means an association 4 established pursuant to the requirements of this article.
- 5 (2) "Maintenance association member" means any

- 6 person, owning residential property that fronts on either 7
 - side of a road which is designated by a maintenance
- 8 association document.
- 9 (3) "Maintenance association documents" means documents approved by the county commission as 10
- 11 meeting the requirements of this article and filed with
- the clerk of the county commission. 12

87-12A-2. Purpose of the maintenance association.

- 1 Maintenance associations may be established in any
- 2 county outside an incorporated area to protect the
- 3 health, safety and welfare of persons and the general
- 4 public located within the designated maintenance
- 5 association area. The maintenance association shall be
- 6 created with the objective of establishing and maintain-
- 7 ing improvements for the area designated in the
- petition, which may include constructing and maintain-8
- ing shared streets, drainage facilities, sidewalks, water 9
- and sewer systems, signs and other improvements 10
- 11 necessary for the protection of health, safety and welfare
- 12 of the general public.

§7-12A-3. Petition to establish maintenance association.

- 1 (a) A petition in writing may be made to the county
- 2 commission, that duly verifies that persons owning sixty
- 3 percent of the frontage of the lots on both sides of any
- 4 orphan road or subdivision road in any unincorporated
- area request the approval of the formation of a main-5
- tenance association. The petition shall be accompanied 6
- by the proposed maintenance association's recordable 7
- documents that establish the association. 8
- (b) Upon the filing of such petition and the proposed 9
- maintenance association documents, the county commis-10
- 11 sion shall fix a time and place for hearing protests and shall require the petitioners to post notice of such
- 12 hearing in at least two conspicuous places on the public 13
- road, orphan road or subdivision road of the area 14
- affected, and to give notice thereof by publication of 15
- such notice as a Class I legal advertisement in com-16
- pliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-17
- nine of this code. The publication area for such 18

- publication shall be the county in which the mainte-
- 20 nance association shall be located. The hearing shall be
- 21 held not less than ten nor more than thirty days after
- 22 the filing of such petition.
- 23 (c) At the time and place set for hearing protests, the 24 county commission may examine witnesses and consider 25 other evidence to show that:
- 26 (1) Said petition was filed in good faith;
- 27 (2) The signatures on the petition are genuine;
- 28 (3) The maintenance association document addresses 29 the maintenance association purpose; and
- 30 (4) The proposed maintenance association will result in special benefits to all owners of residential property abutting on said orphan road or subdivision road.
- The commission shall within ten days thereafter enter a formal order stating its decision.
- 35 (d) Any owner of residential property abutting upon 36 said orphan road or subdivision road aggrieved by such order shall have the right to review the order on the 37 38 record made before the county commission by filing a 39 petition with the clerk of the circuit court within ten 40 days after the entry of such order. The owner shall give 41 bond in an amount to be fixed by the circuit court sufficient to pay costs or expenses incurred by the court 42 43 and the maintenance association upon appeal if the order of the county commission is affirmed. The circuit 44 45 court shall proceed to review the matter as in other 46 appeals from the county commission.

§7-12A-4. Contents of maintenance association document; approval of recording of maintenance association documents.

- 1 (a) The maintenance association document shall 2 include language for:
- 3 (1) Conduct of business;
- 4 (2) Fee structure;
- 5 (3) Enforcement; and

- 6 (4) Voting requirements: *Provided*, That each affected property owner shall be accorded one vote per property.
- 9 (b) After a maintenance association has been ap-10 proved by the county commission, a certified copy of the 11 approved maintenance association documents shall be

12 filed with the clerk of the county commission.

§7-12A-5. Powers of maintenance associations.

- A maintenance association formed pursuant to this article may have power and authority to:
- 3 (a) Assess fees for essential services, and
- 4 (b) Institute suits for the collection of such fees, attorneys fees and court costs.

§7-12A-6. Assessment and collection of fees; notice.

- 1 (a) A maintenance association which furnishes essential services, including, but not limited to, construction and maintenance of shared streets, drainage facilities, sidewalks, water and sewer systems, signs and other improvements necessary for the health, safety and welfare of the general public, may have authority to impose reasonable fees and charges on persons owning lots abutting the frontage of both sides of roads listed
- 9 in the maintenance association document.
- 10 (b) Any new fee or fee increase assessed under this section shall not be collectable unless notice of the 11 proposed fee or increase is sent by certified mail to each 12 13 person owning property listed in the maintenance 14 association document. If thirty percent of the members, by signed petition, protest the assessment to the 15 association within fifteen days of the mailing, the fee 16 17 shall not become effective until it is ratified by sixty percent of the members. 18
- 19 (c) All fees assessed under this section are declared 20 to be debts owing to the maintenance association for 21 which the debtor shall be personally liable. The 22 maintenance association, or an individual designated to 23 act for it, may enforce this liability by appropriate civil 24 action in a court of competent jurisdiction. After being

- 25 reduced to judgment and filed with the clerk of the 26 county commission, such liability shall be a lien on
- 27 property owned by the maintenance association member
- 28 and designated in the maintenance association docu-
- 29 ment.

CHAPTER 45

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2911—By Delegates Huffman and Rowe)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections nine, ten, eleven and twelve, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section six, article three, chapter fifty-six of said code; and to amend and reenact section thirty-one, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code, relating to the administration of courts generally; removing obsolete statutory language relating to the appointment of special judges; eliminating circuit court bookkeeping requirements regarding service of process documentation, and eliminating certain required reports.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine, ten, eleven and twelve, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section six, article three, chapter fifty-six of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section thirty-one, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 56. Pleading and Practice.
- Fees, Allowances and Costs; Newspapers; Legal Advertisements.

CHAPTER 56. PLEADING AND PRACTICE.

ARTICLE 3. WRITS, PROCESS AND ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

§56-3-6. Delivery of process.

- 1 The clerk of every court from whose office may be
- 2 issued any process, original, mesne or final, or any order
- 3 or decree to be served on any person, shall, unless the
- 4 party interested, or his attorney, direct otherwise,
- 5 deliver the same to the sheriff or other proper officer
- 6 of the county for which the court is held, if it is to be
- 7 executed therein, and if it is to be executed in any other
- 8 county, shall enclose the same in an envelope properly
- 9 addressed to the sheriff or other proper officer thereof.
- pay the postage thereon and mail it in the post office.
- 11 Documentation of service of process will be according
- 12 to rules promulgated by the supreme court of appeals.

CHAPTER 59. FEES, ALLOWANCES AND COSTS; NEWSPAPERS: LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

§59-1-31. Monthly payments; how credited; report required.

- 1 Except for the funds designated in section twenty-
- 2 eight-a of this article, each of the officers named in
- 3 section twenty-nine of this article shall at the end of each
- 4 month pay into the county treasury all fees, costs,
- 5 percentages, penalties, commissions, compensation,
- 6 income and all other perquisites of whatever kind
 - collected by his office during such month, which money
- 8 shall be credited to the general county fund.

CHAPTER 46

(H. B. 4651—By Delegates Rutledge and Williams)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-one, article ten, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the payment of dividends by credit unions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-one, article ten, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. CREDIT UNIONS.

§31-10-21. When and how dividends paid.

At such intervals and for such periods not to exceed 2 one year as the board of directors may authorize, and 3 after provision for the required reserves, the board of 4 directors of a credit union may declare dividends to be 5 paid from the net earnings on all fully paid shares outstanding at the close of the period for which the 6 dividend is declared. The board of directors of the credit 7 8 union, upon written request to and approval of the commissioner, may declare dividends to be paid from 9 the retained earnings of prior years. The commissioner, 10 upon receipt of a request, shall review the condition of 11 the credit union and if, in the opinion of the commis-12 sioner, the condition of the credit union warrants, he or 13 14 she shall approve the request within twenty-one days from the receipt of such request and provide written 15 notification of his or her decision to the directors of the 16 credit union requesting to declare the dividend. Shares 17 which become fully paid during such period shall be 18 entitled to a proportional part of such dividends 19 calculated from the first day of the month following 20 21 such payment in full.

CHAPTER 47

(H. B. 4711---By Delegates Roop and Ashley)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, four and fourteen, article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine, all relating to the crime victims compensation fund;

defining terms; increasing fees which are added to court costs; creation of crime victims compensation fund; payment of moneys into and out of the fund; services to be provided by the office of the attorney general; grounds for denial of claims and reductions of awards; eliminating awards for noneconomic loss; and providing a retroactive effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, four and fourteen, article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

§14-2A-3. Definitions.

§14-2A-4. Creation of crime victims compensation fund.

§14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of awards; maximum awards.

§14-2A-29. Retroactive effect of amendments.

§14-2A-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the term:
- 2 (a) "Claimant" means any of the following persons, 3 whether residents or nonresidents of this state, who 4 claim an award of compensation under this article:
- 5 (1) A victim: *Provided*, That the term victim does not include a nonresident of this state where the criminally injurious act did not occur in this state;
- 8 (2) A dependent, spouse or minor child of a deceased victim; or in the event that the deceased victim is a minor, the parents, legal guardians and siblings of the victim:
- 12 (3) A third person other than a collateral source who
 13 legally assumes or voluntarily pays the obligations of a
 14 victim, or of a dependent of a victim, which obligations
 15 are incurred as a result of the criminally injurious
 16 conduct that is the subject of the claim; and

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- 17 (4) A person who is authorized to act on behalf of a victim, dependent or a third person who is not a collateral source; and, in the event that the victim, dependent or third person who is not a collateral source is a minor or other legally incompetent person, the duly qualified fiduciary of the minor.
- 23 (b) "Collateral source" means a source of benefits or 24 advantages for economic loss otherwise compensable 25 that the victim or claimant has received, or that is 26 readily available to him, from any of the following 27 sources:
- 28 (1) The offender, except any restitution received from 29 the offender pursuant to an order by a court of law 30 sentencing the offender or placing him on probation 31 following a conviction in a criminal case arising from 32 the criminally injurious act for which a claim for 33 compensation is made;
- 34 (2) The government of the United States or any of its 35 agencies, a state or any of its political subdivisions, or 36 an instrumentality of two or more states;
 - (3) Social security, medicare and medicaid;
- 38 (4) State-required, temporary, nonoccupational dis-39 ability insurance; other disability insurance;
- 40 (5) Workers' compensation;
- 41 (6) Wage continuation programs of any employer;
 - (7) Proceeds of a contract of insurance payable to the victim or claimant for loss that was sustained because of the criminally injurious conduct;
- 45 (8) A contract providing prepaid hospital and other 46 health care services or benefits for disability; and
 - (9) That portion of the proceeds of all contracts of insurance payable to the claimant on account of the death of the victim which exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars.
- 51 (c) "Criminally injurious conduct" means conduct that 52 occurs or is attempted in this state or in any state not 53 having a victim compensation program which by its

nature poses a substantial threat of personal injury or death, and is punishable by fine or imprisonment or death, or would be so punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the conduct lacked capacity to commit the crime under the laws of this state. Criminally injurious conduct does not include conduct arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle, except when the person engaging in the conduct intended to cause personal injury or death, or except when the person engaging in the conduct committed negligent homicide, driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or reckless driving.

- (d) "Dependent" means an individual who received over half of his or her support from the victim. For the purpose of determining whether an individual received over half of his or her support from the victim, there shall be taken into account the amount of support received from the victim as compared to the entire amount of support which the individual received from all sources, including support which the individual himself or herself supplied. The term "support" includes, but is not limited to, food, shelter, clothing, medical and dental care and education. The term "dependent" includes a child of the victim born after his or her death.
- (e) "Economic loss" means economic detriment consisting only of allowable expense, work loss and replacement services loss. If criminally injurious conduct causes death, economic loss includes a dependent's economic loss and a dependent's replacement services loss. Noneconomic detriment is not economic loss; however, economic loss may be caused by pain and suffering or physical impairment.
- (f) "Allowable expense" means reasonable charges incurred or to be incurred for reasonably needed products, services and accommodations, including those for medical care, prosthetic devices, eye glasses, dentures, rehabilitation and other remedial treatment and care.

Allowable expense includes a total charge not in excess of three thousand dollars for expenses in any way related to funeral, cremation and burial. It does not include that portion of a charge for a room in a hospital, clinic, convalescent home, nursing home or any other institution engaged in providing nursing care and related services in excess of a reasonable and customary charge for semiprivate accommodations, unless accommodations other than semiprivate accommodations are medically required.

- (g) "Work loss" means loss of income from work that the injured person would have performed if he or she had not been injured and expenses reasonably incurred or to be incurred by him or her to obtain services in lieu of those he or she would have performed for income, reduced by any income from substitute work actually performed or to be performed by him or her, or by income he or she would have earned in available appropriate substitute work that he or she was capable of performing but unreasonably failed to undertake.
- (h) "Replacement services loss" means expenses reasonably incurred or to be incurred in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the injured person would have performed, not for income but for the benefit of himself or herself or his or her family, if he or she had not been injured.
- (i) "Dependent's economic loss" means loss after a victim's death of contributions or things of economic value to his or her dependents, not including services they would have received from the victim if he or she had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's death.
- (j) "Dependent's replacement service loss" means loss reasonably incurred or to be incurred by dependents after a victim's death in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the victim would have performed for their benefit if he or she had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's death and not subtracted in calculating dependent's economic loss.

- 134 (k) "Victim" means a person who suffers personal 135 injury or death as a result of any one of the following: 136 (1) Criminally injurious conduct; (2) the good faith effort 137 of the person to prevent criminally injurious conduct; or 138 (3) the good faith effort of the person to apprehend a 139 person that the injured person has observed engaging 140 in criminally injurious conduct, or who the injured 141 person has reasonable cause to believe has engaged in 142 criminally injurious conduct immediately prior to the 143 attempted apprehension.
- (1) "Contributory misconduct" means any conduct of 144 145 the claimant, or of the victim through whom the 146 claimant claims an award, that is unlawful or intention-147 ally tortious and that, without regard to the conduct's 148 proximity in time or space to the criminally injurious conduct has causal relationship to the criminally 149 150 injurious conduct that is the basis of the claim and shall 151 also include the voluntary intoxication of the claimant, 152 either by the consumption of alcohol or the use of any 153 controlled substance when the intoxication has a causal connection or relationship to the injury sustained. The 154 voluntary intoxication of a victim is not a defense 155 156 against the estate of a deceased victim.

§14-2A-4. Creation of crime victims compensation fund.

(a) Every person within the state who is convicted of 1 2 or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor or felony offense, 3 other than a traffic offense that is not a moving violation, in any magistrate court or circuit court, shall 4 pay the sum of ten dollars as costs in the case, in 5 addition to any other court costs that the court is 6 required by law to impose upon the convicted person. 7 Every person within the state who is convicted of or 8 pleads guilty to a misdemeanor or felony offense, other 9 than a traffic offense that is not a moving violation, in 10 any municipal court, shall pay the sum of eight dollars 11 as costs in the case, in addition to any other court costs 12 that the court is required by law to impose upon the 13 convicted person. In addition to any other costs pre-14 viously specified, every person within the state who is 15 convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of section two. 16 article five, chapter seventeen-c, shall pay a fee in the 17

amount of twenty percent of any fine imposed under said section two. This shall be in addition to any other court cost required by this section or which may be required by law.

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- (b) The clerk of the circuit court, magistrate court or municipal court wherein the additional costs are imposed under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall, on or before the last day of each month. transmit all costs received under this article to the state treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of a special revenue fund to be known as the "Crime Victims Compensation Fund," which is hereby created. All moneys heretofore collected and received under the prior enactment or reenactments of this article and deposited or to be deposited in the "Crime Victims Reparation Fund" are hereby transferred to the crime victims compensation fund, and the treasurer shall deposit the moneys in the state treasury. All moneys collected and received under this article and paid into the state treasury and credited to the crime victims compensation fund in the manner prescribed in section two, article two, chapter twelve of this code, shall be kept and maintained for the specific purposes of this article, and shall not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state.
- (c) Moneys in the crime victims compensation fund shall be available for the payment of the costs of administration of this article in accordance with the budget of the court approved therefor: *Provided*, That the services of the office of the attorney general, as may be required or authorized by any of the provisions of this article, shall be rendered without charge to the fund.

§14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of awards; maximum awards.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), section ten of this article, the judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation to a claimant who did not file his application for an award of compensation within two years after the date of the occurrence of the criminally injurious conduct that caused the injury or

death for which he or she is seeking an award of compensation.

- (b) The judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation if the criminally injurious conduct upon which the claim is based was not reported to a law-enforcement officer or agency within seventy-two hours after the occurrence of the conduct, unless it is determined that good cause existed for the failure to report the conduct within the seventy-two hour period.
- (c) The judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation to a claimant who is the offender or an accomplice of the offender who committed the criminally injurious conduct, nor to any claimant if the award would unjustly benefit the offender or his or her accomplice.
- (d) A judge or commissioner, upon a finding that the claimant or victim has not fully cooperated with appropriate law-enforcement agencies, or the claim investigator, may deny a claim, reduce an award of compensation, or reconsider a claim already approved.
- (e) A judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation if the injury occurred while the victim was confined in any state, county or city jail, prison, private prison or correctional facility.
- (f) After reaching a decision to approve an award of compensation, but prior to announcing the approval. the judge or commissioner shall require the claimant to submit current information as to collateral sources on forms prescribed by the clerk of the court of claims. The judge or commissioner shall reduce an award of compensation or deny a claim for an award of compensation that is otherwise payable to a claimant to the extent that the economic loss upon which the claim is based is or will be recouped from other persons. including collateral sources, or if the reduction or denial is determined to be reasonable because of the contributory misconduct of the claimant or of a victim through whom he or she claims. If an award is reduced or a claim is denied because of the expected recoupment of all or part of the economic loss of the claimant from a

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- 47 collateral source, the amount of the award or the denial of the claim shall be conditioned upon the claimant's 48 49 economic loss being recouped by the collateral source: 50 Provided. That if it is thereafter determined that the claimant will not receive all or part of the expected 51 recoupment, the claim shall be reopened and an award 52 53 shall be approved in an amount equal to the amount of 54 expected recoupment that it is determined the claimant 55 will not receive from the collateral source, subject to the 56 limitation set forth in subsection (g) of this section.
 - (g) Except in the case of death, compensation payable to a victim and to all other claimants sustaining economic loss because of injury to that victim shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars in the aggregate. Compensation payable to all claimants because of the death of the victim shall not exceed thirty thousand dollars in the aggregate.
- 64 (h) If an award of compensation of five thousand 65 dollars or more is made to a minor, a guardian shall be 66 appointed pursuant to the provisions of article ten, 67 chapter forty-four of this code to manage the minor's 68 estate.

§14-2A-29. Retroactive effect of amendments.

Amendments made to the provisions of this article during the regular session of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two are retroactive in effect to the extent that the amended provisions apply to all cases wherein the criminally injurious conduct occurred after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 48

(H. B. 4011—By Delegate Pettit)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,

death for which he or she is seeking an award of compensation.

- (b) The judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation if the criminally injurious conduct upon which the claim is based was not reported to a law-enforcement officer or agency within seventy-two hours after the occurrence of the conduct, unless it is determined that good cause existed for the failure to report the conduct within the seventy-two hour period.
- (c) The judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation to a claimant who is the offender or an accomplice of the offender who committed the criminally injurious conduct, nor to any claimant if the award would unjustly benefit the offender or his or her accomplice.
- (d) A judge or commissioner, upon a finding that the claimant or victim has not fully cooperated with appropriate law-enforcement agencies, or the claim investigator, may deny a claim, reduce an award of compensation, or reconsider a claim already approved.
- (e) A judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation if the injury occurred while the victim was confined in any state, county or city jail, prison, private prison or correctional facility.
- (f) After reaching a decision to approve an award of compensation, but prior to announcing the approval, the judge or commissioner shall require the claimant to submit current information as to collateral sources on forms prescribed by the clerk of the court of claims. The judge or commissioner shall reduce an award of compensation or deny a claim for an award of compensation that is otherwise payable to a claimant to the extent that the economic loss upon which the claim is based is or will be recouped from other persons. including collateral sources, or if the reduction or denial is determined to be reasonable because of the contributory misconduct of the claimant or of a victim through whom he or she claims. If an award is reduced or a claim is denied because of the expected recoupment of all or part of the economic loss of the claimant from a

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- 47 collateral source, the amount of the award or the denial 48 of the claim shall be conditioned upon the claimant's economic loss being recouped by the collateral source: 49 50 Provided, That if it is thereafter determined that the 51 claimant will not receive all or part of the expected 52 recoupment, the claim shall be reopened and an award 53 shall be approved in an amount equal to the amount of 54 expected recoupment that it is determined the claimant 55 will not receive from the collateral source, subject to the 56 limitation set forth in subsection (g) of this section.
 - (g) Except in the case of death, compensation payable to a victim and to all other claimants sustaining economic loss because of injury to that victim shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars in the aggregate. Compensation payable to all claimants because of the death of the victim shall not exceed thirty thousand dollars in the aggregate.
- 64 (h) If an award of compensation of five thousand 65 dollars or more is made to a minor, a guardian shall be 66 appointed pursuant to the provisions of article ten, 67 chapter forty-four of this code to manage the minor's 68 estate.

§14-2A-29. Retroactive effect of amendments.

Amendments made to the provisions of this article during the regular session of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two are retroactive in effect to the extent that the amended provisions apply to all cases wherein the criminally injurious conduct occurred after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 48

(H. B. 4011-By Delegate Pettit)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,

as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-seven, relating to crimes against the person; and requiring reporting of gunshot and other wounds by medical providers; and immunity solely for reporting.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-seven, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.

§61-2-27. Required reporting of gunshot and other wounds.

- 1 (a) Any medical provider who provides medical
- 2 treatment to a person suffering from a wound caused
- by a gunshot or a knife or other sharp or pointed 3
- 4 instrument, under circumstances which would lead a
- reasonable person to believe resulted from a violation of 5
- the criminal laws of this state, shall report the same to 6
- a law-enforcement agency located within the county 7
- 8 within which such wound is treated. The report shall be
- made initially by telephone and shall be followed by a 9
- written report delivered to such agency within forty-10
- eight hours following the initial report: Provided. That
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- where two or more persons participate in the medical 12
- treatment of such wound, the obligation to report 13
- imposed by this section shall apply only to the attending 14
- physician or, if none, to the person primarily responsible 15
- for providing the medical treatment. 16
- (b) Any medical provider person who in good faith 17
- reports a wound described in subsection (a) of this 18
- section shall be immune from any civil liability which 19
- may otherwise result solely from reporting the same. 20

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CHAPTER 49

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4162—By Delegates Campbell and Hendricks)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-nine-e, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to worthless checks; and increasing the allowable service charge for a dishonored check.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-nine-e, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

§61-3-39e. Notice of dishonor by payee; service charge.

The payee or holder of a check, draft or order which 1 2 has been dishonored because of insufficient funds or 3 credit may send notice thereof to the drawer of the check, draft or order. The payee or holder of any such 4 dishonored check may impose a service charge not to 5 6 exceed fifteen dollars. No service charge shall be imposed or collected after a complaint for warrant has 7 been delivered to magistrate court. No payee or holder 8 9 of a check, draft or order which has been dishonored because of insufficient funds or credit shall incur any 10 civil or criminal liability for the sending of a notice 11 substantially in the form provided herein, other provi-12 sions of law notwithstanding. The form of such notice 13 shall be substantially as follows: 14

"You are hereby notified that a check, number ______, issued by you on (date of check), drawn upon (name of bank), and payable to ______, has been dishonored. Pursuant to West Virginia law, you have ten days from the date of this notice to tender payment of the full amount of such check plus a fifteen dollar service charge to the undersigned at ______. You are further

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such payment.

notified that in the event the above amount is timely

24 25	paid in full you will not be subject to legal proceedings, civil or criminal.
26	Dated, 19
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28	(Signed)."
29 30	The provisions of this section shall not authorize the making of any other written or oral threats of prosecu-
31 32	tion to enforce or enhance the collection or honoring of said dishonored check, draft or order.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	The holder or payee of any such check, draft or note shall relinquish the check, draft or order to the maker upon tender of the full amount due at any time before a complaint for warrant has been presented to magistrate court. In the event complaint for warrant has been presented to magistrate court, payment may be made only through such court and any holder or payee unlawfully accepting payment after such time shall be
41 42	liable for all costs which may be imposed by magistrate

CHAPTER 50

accrued by the time the magistrate court is notified of

(H. B. 4036—By Delegates Roop and Gallagher)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section ten, article eight-b, chapter sixtyone of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine
hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article
eight, chapter sixty-one of said code by adding thereto
a new section, designated section nine, relating to
indecent exposure; and penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,

as amended, be repealed; and that article eight, chapter sixtyone of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. CRIMES AGAINST CHASTITY, MORALITY AND DECENCY.

§61-8-9. Indecent exposure.

- 1 (a) A person is guilty of indecent exposure when such
- 2 person intentionally exposes his or her sex organs or
- 3 anus or the sex organs or anus of another person, or
- 4 intentionally causes such exposure by another or
- 5 engages in any overt act of sexual gratification, and does
- 6 so under circumstances in which the person knows that
- 7 the conduct is likely to cause affront or alarm.
- 8 (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this
- 9 section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
- 10 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county jail
- 11 not more than ninety days, or fined not more than two
- 12 hundred fifty dollars and confined in the county jail not
- 13 more than ninety days.

CHAPTER 51

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2538—By Delegate Gallagher)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three and four, article eight-d, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to criminal penalties for child abuse and child neglect causing injury.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three and four, article eight-d, chapter sixtyone of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8D. CHILD ABUSE.

§61-8D-3. Child abuse resulting in injury; criminal penalties. §61-8D-4. Child neglect resulting in injuries; criminal penalties.

prisonment or confinement.

§61-8D-3. Child abuse resulting in injury; criminal penalties.

- (a) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall abuse 1 2 a child and by such abuse cause such child bodily injury 3 as such term is defined in section one, article eight-b of this chapter, then such parent, guardian or custodian 4 shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, 5 shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more than 6 7 one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than five years, or in the 8 9 discretion of the court, be confined in the county jail for not more than one year, or both such fine and im-10
- 12 (b) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall abuse 13 a child and by such abuse cause said child serious bodily 14 injury as such term is defined in section one, article eight-b of this chapter, then such parent, guardian or 15 custodian shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon convic-16 17 tion thereof, shall be fined not less than one thousand nor more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned in the 18 19 penitentiary not less than two nor more than ten years, 20 or both such fine and imprisonment.

§61-8D-4. Child neglect resulting in injuries; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall neglect 2 a child and by such neglect cause said child bodily 3 injury, as such term is defined in section one, article 4 eight-b of this chapter, then such parent, guardian or custodian shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon convic-5 6 tion thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor 7 more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the 8 penitentiary not less than one nor more than three years, 9 or in the discretion of the court, be confined in the county jail for not more than one year, or both such fine 10 11 and confinement or imprisonment.
- 12 (b) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall neglect 13 a child and by such neglect cause said child serious 14 bodily injury, as such term is defined in section one,

- article eight-b of this chapter, then such parent, guardian or custodian shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than three hundred nor more than three thousand dollars or imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than ten years, or both such fine and imprisonment.
 - (c) The provisions of this section shall not apply if the neglect by the parent, guardian or custodian is due primarily to a lack of financial means on the part of such parent, guardian or custodian.
 - (d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any parent, guardian or custodian who fails or refuses, or allows another person to fail or refuse, to supply a child under the care, custody or control of such parent, guardian or custodian with necessary medical care, when such medical care conflicts with the tenets and practices of a recognized religious denomination or order of which such parent, guardian or custodian is an adherent or member.

CHAPTER 52

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4389-By Delegates Brown and Rowe)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article eight, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections thirteen and fifteen, article two, chapter forty-eight of said code; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, three-a, four, five, six, seven, nine, ten and eleven, article two-a of said chapter forty-eight; to further amend said article two-a by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twelve and thirteen; to amend article two-c of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen; to amend and reenact section one, article four, chapter forty-eight-a of said code; to amend and

reenact section three, article one, chapter forty-nine of said code: to amend and reenact section sixteen, article two, chapter forty-nine of said code: to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, five and eight, article six of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven: to amend and reenact sections two, five and nine, article six-a of said chapter forty-nine; to amend article seven of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine; to amend article ten, chapter fifty-six of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; to amend article two. chapter sixty-one of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a; to amend and reenact section thirteen, article eight of said chapter; to amend article eight-b of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven-a; to amend article eight-d of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine: to amend article eleven-a of said chapter sixty-one by adding thereto a new section. designated section eight; to amend and reenact sections seventeen-a and seventeen-c, article one-c, chapter sixtytwo of said code: to amend and reenact section one. article eleven-a of said chapter; and to amend and reenact sections nine and seventeen, article twelve of said chapter, relating to the Family Protection Act of 1992: family violence training of peace officers approved by the West Virginia sheriffs' bureau; temporary relief during pendency of action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance; relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance: generally relating to the prevention of family violence. findings and purposes: definitions: jurisdiction, venue. effect of complaining party leaving residence, priority of petitions filed, who may file, and full faith and credit: divorce actions; commencement of proceedings, forms. counterclaims, accompanying persons, counties in which action may be brought, filing pleadings from other counties; temporary orders of court, hearings, persons present; protective orders; contempt; law-enforcement response to family violence; enforcement procedure for temporary and final protective orders; criminal penalties: arrest powers of law-enforcement officers responding to family violence; appeals; registration of order; confidentiality: judicial education on family violence: proceedings before a master: definitions relating to abuse and neglect; right to counsel, continuing legal education for attorneys, hearings, temporary custody: disposition of neglected or abused children; notice for placement changes, repeated placement reports to the courts: conviction for offenses against children: persons mandated to report suspected abuse and neglect: reporting procedures: directing child protective services to investigate allegations of child abuse arising in child custody cases: priority of cases involving placement of children; expanding crimes against the person to include stalking: directing courts to make findings regarding abuse when the custodial parent is convicted of incest; conviction for offenses against children; victim notification of defendant's release; bail in situations of alleged child abuse; and prohibiting persons convicted of sexual abuse from residing with the child.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article eight, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections thirteen and fifteen, article two, chapter forty-eight of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three, threea. four, five, six, seven, nine, ten and eleven, article two-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twelve and thirteen; that article two-c of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen; that section one, article four, chapter forty-eight-a of said code be amended and reenacted: that section three, article one, chapter forty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted; that section sixteen, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three, five and eight, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven; that sections two, five and nine, article six-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article seven of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twentynine; that article ten, chapter fifty-six of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; that article two, chapter sixty-one of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a; that section thirteen, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article eight-b of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven-a; that article eight-d of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; that article eleven-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; that sections seventeen-a and seventeen-c, article one-c, chapter sixty-two of said code be amended and reenacted; that section one, article eleven-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that sections nine and seventeen, article twelve of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 15. Public Safety.
- 48. Domestic Relations.
- 48A. Enforcement of Family Obligations.
- 49. Child Welfare.
- 56. Pleading and Practice.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.
- 62. Criminal Procedure.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 8. WEST VIRGINIA SHERIFFS' BUREAU.

§15-8-4. Training of peace officers approved by the bureau.

- 1 The bureau may contract or agree with any state
- 2 university or college in West Virginia or any other
- 3 organization for such university, college or other
- 4 organization to provide training for peace officers,
- 5 which training shall embrace police techniques in
- 6 detecting crime, apprehending criminals, securing and
- 7 preserving evidence and responding to calls involving
- 8 family violence. All law-enforcement officers selected by
- 9 the various law-enforcement agencies, if their selection
- 10 is approved by the bureau, shall receive such training

- 11 free with the exception of actual cost of housing and
- 12 meals.
- 13 The county commissions are authorized to pay the
- 14 necessary travel and living expenses of sheriffs and
- 15 deputies of their respective counties while receiving
- 16 training.

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

Article

- 2. Divorce, Annulment and Separate Maintenance.
- 2A. Prevention of Family Violence.
- 2C. Family Protection Shelter Support Act.

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

- §48-2-13. Temporary relief during pendency of action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance.
- §48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.

§48-2-13. Temporary relief during pendency of action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance.

- 1 (a) At the time of the filing of the complaint or at any
- 2 time after the commencement of an action for divorce,
- 3 annulment or separate maintenance under the provi-
- 4 sions of this article, and upon motion for temporary
- 5 relief, notice of hearing and hearing, the court may
- 6 order all or any portion of the following temporary
- 7 relief, which order shall govern the marital rights and
- 8 obligations of the parties during the pendency of the
- 9 action:
- 10 (1) The court may require either party to pay 11 temporary alimony in the form of periodic installments, 12 or a lump sum, or both, for the maintenance of the other
- 13 party.
- 14 (2) The court may provide for the custody of minor
- 15 children of the parties subject to such rights of
- 16 visitation, both in and out of the residence of the
- 17 custodial parent or other person or persons having
- 18 custody, as may be appropriate under the
- 19 circumstances.

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- 20 (3) The court may require either party to pay 21 temporary child support in the form of periodic 22 installments for the maintenance of the minor children 23 of the parties.
 - (4) The court may compel either party to pay attorney's fees and court costs reasonably necessary to enable the other party to prosecute or defend the action in the trial court. The question of whether or not a party is entitled to temporary alimony shall not be decisive of that party's right to a reasonable allowance of attorney's fees and court costs. An order for temporary relief awarding attorney fees and court costs may be modified at any time during the pendency of the action, as the exigencies of the case or equity and justice may require, including, but not limited to, a modification which would require full or partial repayment of fees and costs by a party to the action to whom or on whose behalf payment of such fees and costs was previously ordered. If an appeal be taken or an intention to appeal be stated, the court may further order either party to pay attorney fees and costs on appeal.
 - (5) As an incident to requiring the payment of temporary alimony or temporary child support, the court may order either party to continue in effect existing policies of insurance covering the costs of health care and hospitalization of the other party and the minor children of the parties. If there is no such existing policy or policies, the court shall order that such health care insurance coverage be paid for by the noncustodial parent, if the court determines that such health care coverage is available to the noncustodial parent at a reasonable cost. Payments made to an insurer pursuant to this subdivision, either directly or by a deduction from wages, shall be deemed to be temporary alimony or temporary child support, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided, That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed temporary child support, then all such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be temporary alimony.
 - (6) As an incident to requiring the payment of

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temporary alimony or temporary child support, the court may grant the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home to one of the parties during the pendency of the action, together with all or a portion of the household goods, furniture and furnishings, reasonably necessary for such use and occupancy. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of home loan installments, land contract payments, rent, payments for utility services, property taxes, insurance coverage or other expenses or charges reasonably necessary for the use and occupancy of the marital domicile. Payments made to a third party pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be temporary alimony or temporary child support, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided. That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed temporary child support, then all such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be temporary alimony: Provided, however, That the court may order such payments to be made without denominating them either as temporary alimony or temporary child support, reserving such decision until such time as the court determines the interests of the parties in marital property and equitably divides the same: Provided further. That at the time the court determines the interests of the parties in marital property and equitably divides the same, the court may consider the extent to which payments made to third parties under the provisions of this subdivision have affected the rights of the parties in marital property, and may treat such payments as a partial distribution of marital property notwithstanding the fact that such payments have been denominated temporary alimony or temporary child support or not so denominated under the provisions of this subdivision. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party, or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract.

(7) As an incident to requiring the payments of temporary alimony, the court may grant the exclusive use and possession of one or more motor vehicles to

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103 either of the parties during the pendency of the action. 104 The court may require payments to third parties in the 105 form of automobile loan installments or insurance 106 coverage, and any such payments made pursuant to this 107 subdivision shall be deemed to be temporary alimony: 108 Provided. That the court may order such payments to 109 be made without denominating them as temporary 110 alimony, reserving such decision until such time as the 111 court determines the interests of the parties in marital 112 property and equitably divides the same: Provided. 113 however, That at the time the court determines the 114 interests of the parties in marital property and equit-115 ably divides the same, the court may consider the extent 116 to which payments made to third parties under the 117 provisions of this subdivision have affected the rights of 118 the parties in marital property, and may treat such 119 payments as a partial distribution of marital property 120 notwithstanding the fact that such payments have been 121 denominated temporary alimony or not so denominated 122 under the provisions of this subdivision. Nothing 123 contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing 124 contract between either of the parties and a third party, 125 or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a 126 third party under the terms of such contract.

(8) Where the pleadings include a specific request for specific property or raise issues concerning the equitable division of marital property, the court may enter such order as is reasonably necessary to preserve the estate of either or both of the parties, including the imposition of a constructive trust, so that such property be forthcoming to meet any order which may be made in the action, and may compel either party to give security to abide such order, or may require the property in question to be delivered into the temporary custody of a third party. The court may further order either or both of the parties to pay the costs and expenses of maintaining and preserving the property of the parties during the pendency of the action: Provided, That at the time the court determines the interests of the parties in marital property and equitably divides the same, the court may consider the extent to which payments made for the maintenance and preservation of

- property under the provisions of this subdivision have affected the rights of the parties in marital property, and may treat such payments as a partial distribution of marital property. When appropriate, the court may release all or any part of such protected property for sale and substitute all or a portion of the proceeds of the sale for such property.
 - (9) Unless a contrary disposition be found appropriate and ordered pursuant to other provisions of this section, then upon the motion of either party, the court may compel the other party to deliver to the movant party any of his or her separate estate which may be in the possession or control of the respondent party, and may make such further order as is necessary to prevent either party from interfering with the separate estate of the other.
 - (10) The court may enjoin either party from molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing any restraint on the personal liberty of the other, or interfering with the custodial or visitation rights of the other. Any order entered by the court to protect a party from abuse may grant the relief provided in article two-a of this chapter.
 - (b) In ordering temporary relief under the provisions of this section, the court shall consider the financial needs of the parties, the present employment income and other recurring earnings of each party from any source, their income-earning abilities, and the respective legal obligations of each party to support himself or herself and to support any other persons. Except in extraordinary cases supported by specific findings set forth in the order granting relief, payments of temporary alimony and temporary child support are to be made from a party's employment income and other recurring earnings, and not from the corpus of a party's separate estate, and an award of such relief shall not be disproportionate to a party's ability to pay as disclosed by the evidence before the court.
 - (c) At any time after a party is abandoned or deserted or after the parties to a marriage have lived separate

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185 and apart in separate places of abode without any 186 cohabitation, the party abandoned or either party living 187 separate and apart may apply for relief pursuant to this 188 section by instituting an action for divorce as provided 189 in section ten of this article, alleging that the plaintiff 190 reasonably believes that the period of abandonment or 191 of living separate and apart will continue for the period 192 prescribed by the applicable provisions of section four 193 of this article. If the period of abandonment or living 194 separate and apart continues for the period prescribed by the applicable provisions of section four of this 195 196 article, the divorce action may proceed to a hearing as 197 provided in sections twenty-four and twenty-five of this 198 article without a new complaint being filed: Provided. 199 That the party desiring to proceed to a hearing shall 200 give the opposing party at least twenty days' notice of 201 the time, place and purpose of the hearing, unless the 202 opposing party shall have filed with the court a waiver 203 of notice of further proceedings, signed by such opposing 204 party. If such notice is required to be served, it shall 205 be served in the same manner as a complaint, regardless 206 of whether the opposing party has appeared or 207 answered.

- (d) To facilitate the resolution of issues arising at a hearing for temporary relief, the court may, or upon the motion of either party shall, order each of the parties to file with the court, and serve on the other party, a sworn statement of each party's assets, liabilities and employment income and other earnings from any source. The statement shall be in such form and contain such detailed information as the court may prescribe by general order. In addition, the court may, or upon the motion of either party shall, order the parties to comply with the disclosure requirements set forth in section thirty-three of this article, and, if necessary, continue the hearing for temporary relief from time to time to afford the parties an opportunity to obtain and provide such information.
 - (e) An ex parte order granting all or part of the relief provided for in this section may be granted without written or oral notice to the adverse party if:

- (1) It appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or by the verified complaint that immediate and irreparable injury, loss or damage will result to the applicant before the adverse party or such party's attorney can be heard in opposition. Such potential injury, loss or damage may be anticipated when the following conditions exist: Provided, That the following list of conditions shall not be exclusive:
 - (A) There is a real and present threat of physical injury to the applicant at the hands or direction of the adverse party;
 - (B) The adverse party is preparing to quit the state with a minor child or children of the parties, thus depriving the court of jurisdiction in the matter of child custody;
 - (C) The adverse party is preparing to remove property from the state, or is preparing to transfer, convey, alienate, encumber or otherwise deal with property which could otherwise be subject to the jurisdiction of the court and subject to judicial order under the provisions of this section or section fifteen of this article;

And.

- (2) The movant party or his or her attorney certifies in writing the efforts, if any, which have been made to give the notice, and the reasons supporting his claim that notice should not be required.
- (f) Every ex parte order granted without notice shall be endorsed with the date and hour of issuance; shall be filed forthwith in the circuit clerk's office and entered of record; and shall set forth the finding of the court that unless the order is granted without notice there is probable cause to believe that existing conditions will result in immediate and irreparable injury, loss or damage to the movant party before the adverse party or his or her attorney can be heard in opposition. The order granting ex parte relief shall fix a time for a hearing for temporary relief to be held within a reasonable time, not to exceed twenty days, unless before the time so fixed for hearing, such hearing is

continued for good cause shown or with the consent of 265 266 the party against whom the ex parte order is directed. 267 The reasons for the continuance shall be entered of 268 record. Within the time limits described herein, when 269 an ex parte order is made, a motion for temporary relief 270 shall be set down for hearing at the earliest possible 271 time and shall take precedence of all matters except 272 older matters of the same character. If the party who 273 obtained the ex parte order fails to proceed with a 274 motion for temporary relief, the court shall set aside the 275 ex parte order. At any time after ex parte relief is 276 granted, and on two days' notice to the party who 277 obtained such relief or on such shorter notice as the 278 court may direct, the adverse party may appear and 279 move the court to set aside or modify the ex parte order 280 on the grounds that the effects of such order are onerous 281 or otherwise improper. In such event, the court shall 282 proceed to hear and determine such motion as expedi-283 tiously as the ends of justice require.

*§48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.

- 1 (a) Upon ordering a divorce or granting a decree of 2 separate maintenance, the court may require either 3 party to pay alimony in the form of periodic install-4 ments, or a lump sum, or both, for the maintenance of 5 the other party. Payments of alimony and child support 6 are to be ordinarily made from a party's employment 7 income and other recurring earnings, but in cases where 8 the employment income and other recurring earnings 9 are not sufficient to adequately provide for payments of alimony and child support, the court may, upon specific 10 findings set forth in the order, order the party required 11 to make such payments to make the same from the 12 corpus of his or her separate estate. An award of such 13 14 relief shall not be disproportionate to a party's ability to pay as disclosed by the evidence before the court. 15
- 16 (b) Upon ordering the annulment of a marriage or a

[•] Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 36 (Chapter 53) and H. B. 4759 (Chapter 54), which passed prior to this act.

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- divorce or granting of decree of separate maintenance, the court may further order all or any part of the following relief:
- 20 (1) The court may provide for the custody of minor children of the parties, subject to such rights of visitation, both in and out of the residence of the custodial parent or other person or persons having custody, as may be appropriate under the circumstances.
 - (2) The court may require either party to pay child support in the form of periodic installments for the maintenance of the minor children of the parties.
 - (3) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony or child support, the court may order either party to continue in effect existing policies of insurance covering the costs of health care and hospitalization of the other party and the minor children of the parties: Provided, That if the other party is no longer eligible to be covered by such insurance because of the granting of an annulment or divorce, the court may require a party to substitute such insurance with a new policy to cover the other party, or may consider the prospective cost of such insurance in awarding alimony to be paid in periodic installments. If there is no such existing policy or policies, the court shall order such health care insurance coverage to be paid for by the noncustodial parent, if the court determines that such health care insurance coverage is available to the noncustodial parent at a reasonable cost. Payments made to an insurer pursuant to this subdivision, either directly or by a deduction from wages, shall be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided, however, That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, then all such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony: Provided further, That the designation of insurance coverage as alimony under the provisions of this subdivision shall

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not, in and of itself, give rise to a subsequent modification of the order to provide for alimony other than insurance for covering the costs of health care and hospitalization.

- 62 (4) As an incident to requiring the payment of 63 alimony or child support, the court may grant the 64 exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home to one of the parties, together with all or a portion of the 65 66 household goods, furniture and furnishings reasonably 67 necessary for such use and occupancy. Such use and 68 occupancy shall be for a definite period, ending at a 69 specific time set forth in the order, subject to modification upon the petition of either party. Except in 70 extraordinary cases supported by specific findings set 71 72 forth in the order granting relief, a grant of the 73 exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home shall be limited to those situations where such use and 74 75 occupancy is reasonably necessary to accommodate the rearing of minor children of the parties. The court may 76 77 require payments to third parties in the form of home 78 loan installments, land contract payments, rent, pay-79 ments for utility services, property taxes, insurance 80 coverage, or other expenses or charges reasonably 81 necessary for the use and occupancy of the marital 82 domicile. Payments made to a third party pursuant to 83 this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall 84 be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment 85 payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided. That 86 87 if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion 88 of such payments is to be deemed child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital 89 90 property, then all such payments made pursuant to this 91 subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony. Nothing 92 contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing 93 contract between either of the parties and a third party. or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a 94 third party under the terms of such contract. 95
 - (5) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony, the court may grant the exclusive use and possession of one or more motor vehicles to either of the

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- parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of automobile loan installments or insurance coverage if available at reasonable rates, and any such payments made pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be alimony or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, as the court may direct. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party. or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract.
 - (6) Where the pleadings include a specific request for specific property or raise issues concerning the equitable division of marital property as defined in section one of this article, the court shall order such relief as may be required to effect a just and equitable distribution of the property and to protect the equitable interests of the parties therein.
 - (7) Unless a contrary disposition be found appropriate and ordered pursuant to other provisions of this section, then upon the motion of either party, the court may compel the other party to deliver to the movant party any of his or her separate estate which may be in the possession or control of the respondent party, and may make such further order as is necessary to prevent either party from interfering with the separate estate of the other.
 - (8) The court shall, when allegations of abuse have been proven, enjoin the offending party from molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing any restraint on the personal liberty of the other, or interfering with the custodial or visitation rights of the other. Such order may permanently enjoin the offending party from entering the school, business or place of employment of the other for the purpose of molesting or harassing the other; or from contacting the other, in person or by telephone, for the purpose of harassment or threats; or from harassing or verbally abusing the other in a public place.
 - (9) The court may order either party to take necessary

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- steps to transfer utility accounts and other accounts for recurring expenses from the name of one party into the name of the other party or from the joint names of the parties into the name of one party. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall affect the liability of the parties for indebtedness on any such account incurred before the transfer of such account.
 - (c) In any case where an annulment or divorce is denied, the court shall retain jurisdiction of the case and may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
 - (d) In any case where a divorce or annulment is granted in this state upon constructive service of process, and personal jurisdiction is thereafter obtained of the defendant in such case, the court may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
 - (e) At any time after the entry of an order pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court may, upon the verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter such order concerning the maintenance of the parties. or either of them, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the altered circumstances or needs of the parties may render necessary to meet the ends of justice. The court may also from time to time afterward, on the verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter such order to grant relief pursuant to subdivision (8), subsection (b) of this section, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the circumstances of the parties and the benefit of children may require. The court may also from time to time afterward, on the verified petition of either of the parties or other proper person having actual or legal custody of the minor child or children of the parties, revise or alter such order concerning the custody and support of the children, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the circumstances of the parents or other proper person or persons and the benefit of the children may require:

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Provided, That an order providing for child support payments may be revised or altered for the reason, inter alia, that the existing order provides for child support payments in an amount that is less than eighty-five percent or more than one hundred fifteen percent of the amount that would be required to be paid under the child support guidelines promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section eight, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of this code. In granting relief under this subsection, the court may, where other means are not conveniently available, alter any prior order of the court with respect to the distribution of marital property, if such property is still held by the parties, and if necessary to give effect to a modification of alimony, child support or child custody or necessary to avoid an inequitable or unjust result which would be caused by the manner in which the modification will affect the prior distribution of marital property.

- (f) In every case where a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the death of the payor party or to cease in such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the death of the payor party or is to cease, or where the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the death of the payor party or cease.
- (g) In every case where a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or to cease in such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or is to cease, or

- where the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the remarriage of the payee party or cease.
 - (h) In addition to the statement provided for in subsection (d), section thirteen of this article and in addition or in lieu of the disclosure requirements set forth in section thirty-three of this article, the court may order accounts to be taken as to all or any part of marital property or the separate estates of the parties, and may direct that the accounts be taken as of the date of the marriage, the date upon which the parties separated, or any other time deemed to be appropriate in assisting the court in the determination and equitable division of property.
 - (i) In determining whether alimony is to be awarded, or in determining the amount of alimony, if any, to be awarded under the provisions of this section, the court shall consider and compare the fault or misconduct of either or both of the parties and the effect of such fault or misconduct as a contributing factor to the deterioration of the marital relationship. However, alimony shall not be awarded in any case where both parties prove grounds for divorce and are denied a divorce, nor shall an award of alimony under the provisions of this section be ordered which directs the payment of alimony to a party determined to be at fault, when, as a ground granting the divorce, such party is determined by the court:
 - (1) To have committed adultery; or
 - (2) To have been convicted for the commission of a crime which is a felony, subsequent to the marriage if such conviction has become final; or
 - (3) To have actually abandoned or deserted his or her spouse for six months.
- 257 (j) Whenever under the terms of this section or section 258 thirteen of this article a court enters an order requiring 259 the payment of alimony or child support, if the court

- 260 anticipates the payment of such alimony or child
- support or any portion thereof to be paid out of 261
- "disposable retired or retainer pay" as that term is 262
- defined in 10 U.S.C. §1408, relating to members or 263
- former members of the uniformed services of the United 264
- States, the court shall specifically provide for the 265
- 266 payment of an amount, expressed in dollars or as a
- 267 percentage of disposable retired or retainer pay, from
- 268 the disposable retired or retainer pay of the payor party
- 269 to the payee party.

ARTICLE 2A. PREVENTION OF FAMILY VIOLENCE.

- \$48-2A-1. Findings and purposes.
- §48-2A-2. Definitions.
- §48-2A-3. Jurisdiction; venue; effect of petitioner's leaving residence; priority of petitions filed under this article; who may file; full faith and credit; process.
- §48-2A-3a. Divorce actions.
- §48-2A-4. Commencement of proceeding; forms; counterclaims; accompanying persons; counties in which action may be brought; filing pleadings from other counties.
- §48-2A-5. Temporary orders of court; hearings; persons present.
- §48-2A-6. Protective orders.
- §48-2A-7. Contempt.
- §48-2A-9. Law-enforcement response to family violence.
- Enforcement procedure for temporary and final protective §48-2A-10. orders.
- §48-2A-11. Appeals.
- Registration of order. §48-2A-12.
- §48-2A-13. Judicial education on family violence.

§48-2A-1. Findings and purposes.

- (a) The Legislature of this state finds that: 1
- 2 (1) Battered persons and other victims of family 3 violence have a right to be safe in their homes;
- 4 (2) Children are often physically assaulted or witness
- 5 violence against one of their parents and may suffer
- deep and lasting emotional harm from victimization and 6 7
 - from exposure to family violence:
- (3) Family violence is a major health and law-8 enforcement problem in this state and one that affects 9
- people of all racial and ethnic backgrounds and all 10 socioeconomic classes; and
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- 12 (4) Family violence can be deterred, prevented or 13 reduced by legal intervention.
- 14 (b) This article shall be liberally construed and applied to promote the following purposes:
- 16 (1) To assure victims of family violence the maximum 17 protection from abuse that the law can provide:
- 18 (2) To create a speedy remedy to discourage violence 19 against family members with whom the abuser has 20 continuing contact;
- 21 (3) To expand the ability of law-enforcement officers 22 to assist victims, to enforce the family violence law 23 effectively, and to prevent further abuse;
- 24 (4) To facilitate equal enforcement of criminal law by 25 deterring and punishing violence against family 26 members; and
- 27 (5) To recognize that battering is a crime that will no longer be excused or tolerated.

§48-2A-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 3 (a) "Family violence" or "abuse" means the occurrence 4 of one or more of the following acts between family or 5 household members who reside together or who for-6 merly resided together:
- 7 (1) Attempting to cause or intentionally, knowingly or 8 recklessly causing physical harm to another with or 9 without dangerous or deadly weapons;
- 10 (2) Placing another in reasonable apprehension of 11 physical harm;
- 12 (3) Creating fear of physical harm by harassment, psychological abuse or threatening acts;
- 14 (4) Causing or attempting to cause another to engage 15 involuntarily in any sexual act by force, threat of force, 16 or duress; and
- 17 (5) Holding, confining, detaining or abducting another

- 18 person against that person's will.
- (b) "Family or household member" means current or former spouses, persons living as spouses, persons who formerly resided as spouses, parents, children and stepchildren, current or former sexual or intimate partners, other persons related by blood or marriage. persons who are presently or in the past have resided or cohabited together, or a person with whom the victim has a child in common.

§48-2A-3. Jurisdiction; venue; effect of petitioner's leaving residence; priority of petitions filed under this article; who may file; full faith and credit; process.

- (a) Jurisdiction. Circuit courts and magistrate courts, as constituted under chapter fifty of this code, shall have concurrent jurisdiction over proceedings under this article.
 - (b) Venue. The action may be heard in the county in which the abuse occurred or in the county in which the respondent is living. If the parties are married, the action may also be brought in the county in which an action for divorce between the parties may be brought as provided by section eight, article two of this chapter.
- (c) Petitioner's rights. The petitioner's right to relief under this article shall not be affected by his or her leaving a residence or household to avoid further abuse.
 - (d) Priority of petitions. Any petition filed under the provisions of this article shall be given priority over any other civil action before the court except actions in which trial is in progress, and shall be docketed immediately upon filing. Any appeal to the circuit court of a magistrate's judgment on a petition for the relief under this article shall be heard within ten working days of the filing of the appeal.
 - (e) Full faith and credit. Any temporary or final protective order issued pursuant to this article shall be effective throughout the state in every county. Any protective order issued by the court of another state shall be accorded full faith and credit and enforced as

- if it were an order of this state if its terms and conditions are substantially similar to those which may be imposed by a court of this state.
- 30 (f) The final protective order may be served on the 31 respondent by means of a Class I legal advertisement 32 published notice, with the publication area being the 33 county in which the respondent resides, published in 34 accordance with the provisions of section two, article 35 three, chapter fifty-nine of this code if: (i) The petitioner 36 files an affidavit with the court stating that an attempt 37 at personal service pursuant to rule four of the West 38 Virginia rules of civil procedure has been unsuccessful 39 or evidence is adduced at the hearing for the final 40 protective order that the respondent has left the state 41 of West Virginia; and (ii) a copy of the order is mailed 42 by certified or registered mail to the respondent at the 43 respondent's last known residence and returned un-44 delivered.

§48-2A-3a. Divorce actions.

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- 1 (a) During the pendency of a divorce action, a person 2 may file for and be granted relief provided by this 3 article, until an order is entered in the divorce action 4 pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter.
 - (b) If a person who has been granted relief under this article should subsequently become a party to an action for divorce, separate maintenance or annulment, such person shall remain entitled to the relief provided under this article including the right to file for and obtain any further relief, so long as no temporary or permanent order has been entered in the action for divorce, annulment and separate maintenance, pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter.
 - (c) No person who is a party to a pending action for divorce, separate maintenance or annulment in which an order has been entered pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter, shall be entitled to file for or obtain relief under this article until after the entry of a final order which grants or dismisses the action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance.

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- 21 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions set forth in 22 subsection (b), section six of this article, any order issued pursuant to this section where a subsequent action is 23 24 filed seeking a divorce, annulment or separate maintenance, shall remain in full force and effect by operation 25 26 of this statute until a temporary or final order is issued 27 pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter or a final order granting or dismissing the action for 28 29 divorce, annulment or separate maintenance.
- §48-2A-4. Commencement of proceeding; forms; counterclaim; accompanying persons; counties in which action may be brought; filing pleadings from other counties.
 - 1 (a) No person shall be refused the right to file a 2 petition under the provisions of this article. No person 3 shall be denied relief under the provisions of this article 4 if she or he presents facts sufficient under the provisions 5 of this article for the relief sought.
 - 6 A petition for a protective order may be filed by:
 - 7 (1) A person seeking relief under this article for 8 herself or himself; or
 - 9 (2) An adult family or household member for the 10 protection of the petitioner or for any family or 11 household member who is a minor child or physically 12 or mentally incapacitated to the extent that he or she 13 cannot file on their own behalf.
 - (b) The West Virginia supreme court of appeals shall prescribe forms which are necessary and convenient for proceedings pursuant to this article, and the court shall distribute such forms to the clerk of the circuit court and magistrate court of each county within the state.
 - 19 (c) The respondent named in any petition alleging 20 abuse may file a counterclaim or raise any affirmative 21 defenses.
 - 22 (d) No person accompanying a person who is seeking 23 to file a petition under the provisions of this article shall 24 be precluded from being present if his or her presence 25 is desired by the person seeking a petition unless the

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- 26 person's behavior is disruptive to the proceeding.
- 27 (e) In the event a person who resides, temporarily or 28 permanently, in a county not described in subsection (b). 29 section three of this article desires to file a petition 30 described in subsection (a) of this section, such person 31 may obtain assistance in filing such a petition at a 32 magistrate court within the county of such place of 33 temporary or permanent residence. In such event, a 34 magistrate or the clerk of such magistrate court shall:
 - (1) Provide to such person such forms and such assistance as may be necessary for the filing of a petition described in subsection (a) of this section;
- 38 (2) To the extent possible, contact and obtain from any 39 magistrate court described in subsection (b), section 40 three of this article chosen by the person seeking to file 41 the petition a hearing date for such petition; and
 - (3) Forward such petition to the magistrate court described in subdivision (2) of this subsection for filing together with any such other papers and documents necessary to file the same.
- 46 (f) No fees shall be charged for filing of petitions or 47 other papers, service of petitions or orders, copies of 48 orders, or other costs for services provided by, or 49 associated with, any proceedings under this article until 50 the matter is brought before the court for final 51 resolution.

§48-2A-5. Temporary orders of court; hearings; persons present.

(a) Upon filing of a verified petition under this article. 1 the court may enter such temporary orders as it may 2 deem necessary to protect the petitioner or minor 3 children from abuse, and, upon good cause shown, may 4 do so ex parte without the necessity of bond being given 5 by the petitioner. Clear and convincing evidence of 6 immediate and present danger of abuse to the petitioner 7 or minor children shall constitute good cause for 8 purposes of this section. If the respondent is not present 9 at the proceeding, the petitioner or the petitioner's legal 10 representative shall certify to the court, in writing, the 11

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12 efforts which have been made to give notice to the 13 respondent or just cause why notice should not be 14 required. Copies of medical reports or records may be 15 admitted into evidence to the same extent as though the 16 original thereof. The custodian of such records shall not 17 be required to be present to authenticate such records 18 for any proceeding held pursuant to subsection (a). 19 Following such proceeding, the court shall order a copy 20 of the petition to be served immediately upon the 21 respondent, together with a copy of any temporary order 22 issued pursuant to the proceedings, notice setting forth 23 the time and place of the full hearing and a statement 24 of the right of the respondent to be present and to be represented by counsel. Copies of any order made under 25 26 the provisions of this section shall also be issued to the 27 petitioner, and any law-enforcement agency having 28 jurisdiction to enforce the order, including the city police, the county sheriff's office and local office of the 29 30 state police within twenty-four hours of the entry of the order. Such initial protective order shall remain 31 32 effective until such time as a hearing is held. The order 33 shall be in full force and effect in every county in this 34 state.

- (b) Within five days following the issuance of the court's temporary order, a full hearing shall be held at which the petitioner must prove the allegation of abuse by a preponderance of the evidence, or such petition shall be dismissed. Copies of medical reports may be admitted into evidence to the same extent as though the original thereof, upon proper authentication, by the custodian of such records.
- 43 (c) No person requested by a party to be present
 44 during a hearing held under the provisions of this
 45 article shall be precluded from being present unless
 46 such person is to be a witness in the proceeding and a
 47 motion for sequestration has been made and such has
 48 been granted or is found by the court to be disruptive.
- (d) If a hearing is continued, the court may make or extend such temporary orders as it deems necessary.

§48-2A-6. Protective orders.

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- (a) At the conclusion of the hearing and if the petitioner has proven the allegations of abuse by a preponderance of the evidence, then the court shall issue a protective order which shall direct the respondent to refrain from abusing the petitioner and/or the minor children. The terms of a protective order may include:
 - (1) Granting possession to the petitioner of the residence or household jointly resided in at the time the abuse occurred;
- 10 (2) Awarding temporary custody of or establishing 11 temporary visitation rights with regard to minor 12 children;
 - (3) Establishing temporary visitation rights with regard to the minor children and requiring third party supervision of visitations if necessary to protect the petitioner and/or the minor children;
 - (4) Ordering the noncustodial parent to pay to the custodial parent a sum for temporary support and maintenance of the petitioner and children, if any;
 - (5) Ordering the respondent to pay to the petitioner a sum for temporary support and maintenance of the petitioner, where appropriate;
 - (6) Ordering the respondent to refrain from entering the school, business or place of employment of the petitioner or household members or family members for the purpose of violating the protective order;
 - (7) Directing the respondent to participate in counseling; or
 - (8) Ordering the respondent to refrain from contacting, telephoning, communicating, harassing or verbally abusing the petitioner in any public place.
 - (b) Any final protective order shall be for a fixed period of time not to exceed sixty days: *Provided*, That if a party has filed for divorce, separate maintenance or annulment and no temporary or final divorce order is entered prior to expiration of the protective order, upon petitioner's motion, the protective order shall remain in effect until such temporary or final divorce order is

- 39 entered. The court may amend its order at any time
- 40 upon subsequent petition filed by either party. If the
- court enters an initial order for a period of less than 41
- 42 sixty days, it shall, after notice and hearing, extend its
- 43 initial order for the full sixty-day period if it finds the
- petitioner or the minor child or children continue to 44
- 45 need protection from abuse. The order shall be in full
- 46 force and effect in every county in this state. The order
- 47 shall state that it is in full force and effect in every
- 48 county in this state.
- 49 (c) No order under this article shall in any manner 50 affect title to any real property.
- 51 (d) Certified copies of any order made under the 52 provisions of this section shall be issued to the petitioner. 53 the respondent and any law-enforcement agency having 54 jurisdiction to enforce the order, including the city 55 police, the county sheriff's office or local office of the 56 division of public safety within twenty-four hours of the 57 entry of the order.
- 58 (e) No mutual protective orders shall be granted 59 unless both parties have filed a petition under section 60 four of this article and have proven the allegations of 61 abuse by a preponderance of the evidence.

§48-2A-7. Contempt.

- 1 (a) Upon violation of any order issued pursuant to this article, the court shall, upon the filing of a petition for 2 contempt by the petitioner, issue an order to show cause 3 4 why the respondent should not be held in contempt of 5 court and set a time for a hearing thereon within five 6 days of the filing of said motion.
- 7 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any sentence for contempt hereunder may 8 include imprisonment up to thirty days and a fine not 9 to exceed one thousand dollars or both. In lieu of 10 confinement, the court may allow the contemnor to post 11
- bond as surety for the faithful compliance with the 12
- 13 orders of the court.

§48-2A-9. Law-enforcement response to family violence.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, all law-enforcement officers are hereby authorized to serve all pleadings and orders filed or entered pursuant to this article on Sundays and legal holidays. No law-enforcement officer shall refuse to serve any pleadings or orders entered pursuant to this article.
- (b) Any law-enforcement officer responding to an alleged incident of family violence shall inform the parties thereto of the availability of the possible remedies provided by this article and the possible applicability of the criminal laws of this state. Any law-enforcement officer investigating an alleged incident of family violence shall advise the person subject to abuse of the availability of the family protection shelter to which such person may be admitted.
- (c) Any law-enforcement officer responding to an alleged incident of abuse shall, in addition to providing the information required in subsection (a) of this section, provide transportation for or facilitate transportation of the victim or victims, upon the request of such victim or victims, to a shelter or the appropriate court where there is reasonable cause to believe that such victim or victims have suffered or are likely to suffer physical injury.
- (d) Each law-enforcement agency shall maintain records on all incidents of family or household abuse reported to it, and shall monthly make and deliver to the department of public safety a report on a form prescribed by the department, listing all such incidents of family or household abuse. Such reports shall include:
- 32 (1) The age and sex of the abused and abusing parties;
- 33 (2) The relationship between the parties;
- 34 (3) The type and extent of abuse;
 - (4) The number and type of weapons involved;
- 36 (5) Whether the law-enforcement agency responded to 37 the complaint and if so, the time involved, the action 38 taken and the time lapse between the agency's action

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- 39 and the abused's request for assistance;
- 40 (6) Whether the petitioner reported having filed 41 complaints with regard to family or household abuse on 42 any prior occasion and if so, the number of such prior 43 complaints; and
- 44 (7) The effective dates and terms of any protective 45 order issued prior to or following the incident to protect 46 the abused party: *Provided*, That no information which 47 will permit the identification of the parties involved in 48 any incident of abuse shall be included in such report.
 - (e) The department of public safety shall tabulate and analyze any statistical data derived from the reports made by law-enforcement agencies pursuant to this section, and publish a statistical compilation in the department's annual uniform crime report, as provided for in section twenty-four, article two, chapter fifteen of this code. The statistical compilation shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
- 57 (1) The number of family violence complaints received;
- 59 (2) The number of complaints investigated;
- 60 (3) The number of complaints received from alleged victims of each sex;
- 62 (4) The average time lapse in responding to such 63 complaints;
- 64 (5) The number of complaints received from alleged 65 victims who have filed such complaints on prior 66 occasions;
- 67 (6) The number of aggravated assaults and homicides resulting from such repeat incidents;
- 69 (7) The type of police action taken in disposition of the cases; and
- 71 (8) The number of alleged violations of protective 72 orders.
- (f) As used in this section, the terms "abuse," "family
 violence" and "family or household members" shall have

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the meanings given them in section two of this article; and the term "law-enforcement agency" shall include the West Virginia department of health and human resources in those instances of child abuse reported to the department which are not otherwise reported to any other law-enforcement agency.

- (g) The governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correction shall develop and promulgate rules for state, county and municipal law-enforcement officers and law-enforcement agencies regarding the duties of law-enforcement officers and law-enforcement agencies with respect to domestic violence. The notice of the public hearing on the rules shall be published before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Prior to the publication of the proposed rules, the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correction shall convene a meeting or meetings of an advisory committee to assist in the development of the rules. The advisory committee shall be composed of persons invited by the committee to represent state, county and local law-enforcement agencies and officers, to represent magistrates and court officials, to represent victims of domestic violence, to represent shelters receiving funding pursuant to article two-c of this chapter, and to represent other persons or organizations who, in the discretion of the committee, have an interest in the rules. The rules and the revisions thereof as provided in this section shall be promulgated as legislative rules in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Following the promulgation of said rules, the committee shall meet at least annually to review the rules and to propose revisions as a result of changes in law or policy.
- (h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the inclusion of information contained in a report of an incident of abuse in any local, state, interstate, national or international systems of criminal identification pursuant to section twenty-four, article two, chapter fifteen of this code: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall prohibit the department of public safety from processing information through its criminal identification bureau with respect to any actual charge

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116 or conviction of a crime.

(i) All law-enforcement officers shall receive training relating to response to calls involving family violence by the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

§48-2A-10. Enforcement procedure for temporary and final protective orders.

1 (a) Upon issuance of a temporary order as provided 2 in section five of this article, and service thereof upon the respondent, or under relief granted in a protective 3 4 order as provided in subsections (a) and (b), section six 5 of this article of which the respondent has notice, a copy 6 of such order shall, no later than the close of the next business day, be delivered by the court or the clerk to 7 8 a local office of the city police, the county sheriff and 9 the West Virginia department of public safety, where it shall be placed in a confidential file, with access 10 11 provided only to the law-enforcement agency and the 12 respondent named on said order: Provided, That upon the expiration of any order issued pursuant to section 13 five or six of this article, any such law-enforcement 14 agency which has any such order on file shall imme-15 diately expunge its confidential file of any reference 16 thereto and destroy all copies of such order in its 17 possession, custody or control. A sworn affidavit may be 18 executed by the party awarded exclusive possession of 19 20 the residence or household, pursuant to an order entered 21 under subsection (b), section six of this article, and 22 delivered to such law-enforcement agency simultaneously with any such order, giving his or her consent for 23 24 a law-enforcement officer to enter such residence or 25 household, without a warrant, to enforce such protective 26 order or temporary order. Orders shall be promptly served upon the respondent. Failure to serve shall not 27 stay the effect of a valid order if the respondent has 28 actual notice of the existence and contents of the order. 29

(b) Any person who observes a violation of such order or the violated party may call a local law-enforcement agency, which shall verify the existence of a current order, and shall direct a law-enforcement officer to

- 34 promptly investigate the alleged violation.
- 35 (c) Where a law-enforcement officer observes a 36 violation of a valid order, he or she may immediately 37 arrest the subject of the order. In cases of violation of 38 such orders occurring outside the presence of the 39 investigating officer, the petitioner may apply to a court 40 in session in the county in which the violation occurred 41 or the county in which the order was issued for a 42 warrant of arrest. If the court finds probable cause to 43 believe that a valid order has been violated, the court 44 shall issue such warrant for the arrest of the subject of 45 the order wherever he or she may be found.
- 46 (d) Where there is an arrest, the officer shall take the 47 arrested person before a court or a magistrate and upon 48 a finding of probable cause to believe a violation of an 49 order has taken place, the court or magistrate shall set 50 a time and place for a hearing, to take place within five 51 days, and serve forthwith upon the alleged violator an 52 order to show cause why he or she should not be held 53 in contempt for violation of the prior order, which unless 54 waived by the defendant shall be by trial by a jury of 55 six persons. The remedies provided by this section shall 56 be limited to violations of a temporary order or 57 protective order entered pursuant to subsection (a) or 58 (b), section six of this article. A respondent who shall 59 abuse the petitioner and/or minor children in knowing 60 and willful violation of the terms of a temporary or final 61 protective order issued under the provisions of this 62 article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county jail 63 64 for a period of not less than one day nor more than one 65 year, which jail term shall include actual confinement 66 of not less than twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not 67 less than two hundred fifty dollars nor more than two 68 thousand dollars.

§48-2A-11. Appeals.

Any party to a temporary or final protective order may as a matter of right present a petition for appeal, within five days of entry of the order in magistrate

4 court, to the circuit court. The order shall remain in

- 5 effect pending an appeal unless stayed by the circuit
- 6 court. No bond shall be required for any appeal under
- 7 this section. In any case where a petition for appeal is
- 8 filed under this section, the petition shall be heard de
- 9 novo by the circuit court within ten days from the filing
- 10 of the petition for appeal.

§48-2A-12. Registration of order.

- 1 (a) The department of public safety shall maintain a 2 registry in which it shall enter certified copies of orders 3 entered by courts from other counties in this state 4 pursuant to the provisions of this article, or from other 5 states pursuant to their laws: *Provided*, That provisions 6 of this section shall not become effective until such time
- 7 as a central automated record system is developed.
- 8 (b) A petitioner who obtains a protective order under 9 this article, or from another state pursuant to its law, 10 may register that order in any county within this state 11 where the petitioner believes enforcement may be 12 necessary.
- 13 (c) A protective order may be registered by the 14 petitioner in a county other than the issuing county by 15 obtaining a certified copy of the order of the issuing 16 court certified by the clerk of that court and presenting 17 that certified order to the local office of the state police 18 where the order is to be registered.
- (d) Upon receipt of a certified order for registration, the local office of the state police shall provide certified copies to any law-enforcement agency within its jurisdiction, including the city police, and the county sheriff's office.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall preclude the enforcement of an order in a county other than the county in which the order was issued if the petitioner has not registered the order in the county in which the alleged violation of the order occurred.

§48-2A-13. Judicial education on family violence.

All judges may and magistrates and family law masters shall receive a minimum of three hours of

- 3 training by the first day of October, one thousand nine
- 4 hundred ninety-three, and three hours per year each
- 5 year thereafter on family violence which shall include
- 6 training on the psychology of family violence, the
- 7 battered wife and child syndromes, sexual abuse,
- 8 courtroom treatment of victims, offenders and wit-
- 9 nesses, available sanctions and treatment standards for
- 10 offenders, and available shelter and support services for
- 11 victims. The supreme court of appeals may provide such
- 12 training in conjunction with other judicial education
- 13 programs offered by the supreme court.

ARTICLE 2C. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT.

§48-2C-15. Confidentiality.

- 1 (a) No program or shelter receiving funds pursuant
- to this article shall disclose or be compelled to disclose,
 release or be compelled to release any written records
- 4 created or maintained in providing services pursuant to
- 5 this article except:
- 6 (1) Upon written consent of the person seeking or who 7 has sought services from the program or the shelter;
- 8 (2) In any proceeding brought under sections four and 9 five, article six, chapter nine of this code or section one, 10 article six, chapter forty-nine of this code, et seq.;
- 11 (3) Pursuant to an order of any court based upon a
- 12 finding that said information is sufficiently relevant to
- 13 a proceeding before the court to outweigh the impor-
- 14 tance of maintaining the confidentiality established by
- 15 this section;

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- 16 (4) To protect against a clear and substantial danger 17 of imminent injury by a client to him or herself or 18 another:
 - (5) For treatment or internal review purposes to the staff of any mental health facility if the client is also being cared for by other health professionals in the treatment of the client.
- 23 (b) No consent or authorization for the transmission 24 or disclosure of confidential information shall be 25 effective unless it is in writing and signed by the client.

Every person signing an authorization shall be given a copy.

CHAPTER 48A. ENFORCEMENT OF FAMILY OBLIGATIONS.

ARTICLE 4. PROCEEDINGS BEFORE A MASTER.

§48A-4-1. Appointment of family law masters; term of office; vacancy; qualifications; removal; compensation and expenses; budget; location of offices; matters to be heard by master; fees for hearings; notice of master's hearing; content of notice; determination of issues by consent; hearing.

(a) On or before the fifteenth day of September, one 1 2 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, the governor shall appoint family law masters in such numbers and to 3 serve such areas of the state as provided for under the 4 provisions of this article, and such initial appointments 5 6 of individuals as family law masters shall be for a term 7 ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety. Thereafter, the length of the term of the 8 office of family law master shall be four years, with 9 terms commencing on the first day of July, one thousand 10 nine hundred ninety, and on a like date in every fourth 11 12 year thereafter, and ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, and on a like 13 date in every fourth year thereafter. Upon the expira-14 tion of his or her term, a family law master may 15 continue to perform the duties of the office until his or 16 her successor is appointed, or for sixty days after the 17 date of the expiration of the master's term, whichever 18 is earlier. If from any cause a vacancy shall occur in the 19 20 office of family law master, the governor shall, within thirty days after such vacancy occurs, fill such vacancy 21 by appointment for the unexpired term: Provided, That 22 if the remaining portion of the unexpired term to be 23 filled is less than one year, the governor may, in his 24 25 discretion, simultaneously appoint an individual to the unexpired term and to the next succeeding full four-26 year term. An individual may be reappointed to 27 succeeding terms as a family law master to serve in the 28

- 29 same or a different region of the state.
- 30 (b) No individual may be appointed to serve as a 31 family law master unless he or she is a member in good 32 standing of the West Virginia state bar.
 - (c) Removal of a master during the term for which he or she is appointed shall be only for incompetency, misconduct, neglect of duty, or physical or mental disability.
 - (d) A family law master may not engage in any other business, occupation or employment inconsistent with the expeditious, proper and impartial performance of his or her duties as a judicial officer. Family law masters who do not engage in the practice of criminal law shall be exempted from the appointments in indigent cases which would otherwise be required pursuant to article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
 - (e) All family law masters, and all necessary clerical and secretarial assistants employed in the offices of family law masters, shall be deemed to be officers and employees in the judicial branch of state government. The director of the child advocate office and the commissioner of the division of human services shall enter into an agreement with the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals whereby the office and the division shall contract to pay the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals for the services of the family law masters required to be furnished under the provisions of this chapter which are not otherwise payable from the family law masters fund created under the provisions of section twenty-two, article two of this chapter.

Each county commission of this state shall enter into an agreement with the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals whereby the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals shall contract to pay to the county commission a reasonable amount as rent for premises furnished by the county commission to the family law master and its staff, which premises shall be adequate for the conduct of the duties required

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- 69 of such master under the provisions of this chapter.
- 70 (f) A family law master appointed under the provi-71 sions of this article shall receive as full compensation for 72 his or her services an annual salary of thirty-five 73 thousand dollars. The secretary-clerk of the family law 74 master shall receive an annual salary of sixteen 75 thousand five hundred dollars and shall be appointed by the family law master and serve at his or her will and 76 77 pleasure. Disbursement of salaries shall be made by or pursuant to the order of the director of the administra-78 79 tive office of the supreme court of appeals.
 - (g) Family law masters serving under the provisions of this article shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. Such expenses and compensation shall be determined and paid by the director of the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals under such regulations as he or she may prescribe with the approval of the supreme court of appeals.
- 88 (h) The offices of the family law masters shall be 89 distributed geographically so as to provide an office of 90 the family law master for each of the following regions:
- 91 (1) The counties of Brooke, Hancock and Ohio;
- 92 (2) The counties of Marshall, Tyler and Wetzel;
- 93 (3) The counties of Pleasants, Ritchie, Wirt and Wood;
- 94 (4) The counties of Calhoun, Jackson and Roane;
- 95 (5) The counties of Mason and Putnam;
- 96 (6) The county of Cabell;
- 97 (7) The counties of McDowell and Wyoming;
- 98 (8) The counties of Logan and Mingo;
- 99 (9) The county of Kanawha;
- 100 (10) The county of Raleigh;
- 101 (11) The counties of Mercer and Summers;
- 102 (12) The counties of Fayette and Nicholas:

- 103 (13) The counties of Greenbrier, Pocahontas and 104 Monroe;
- 105 (14) The counties of Braxton, Clay, Gilmer and 106 Webster:
- 107 (15) The counties of Doddridge, Harrison, Lewis and 108 Upshur;
- 109 (16) The counties of Marion and Taylor;
- 110 (17) The counties of Monongalia and Preston;
- 111 (18) The counties of Barbour, Randolph and Tucker;
- 112 (19) The counties of Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, 113 Mineral and Pendleton:
- 113 Mineral and Pendleton;
- 114 (20) The counties of Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan; 115 and
- 116 (21) The counties of Boone, Lincoln and Wayne.
- (21) The countries of Boone, Efficient and wayne.
- The governor shall appoint two masters to the office of the family law master for the region of Kanawha
- 119 County. In each of the other regions defined by this
- 120 subsection, the governor shall appoint one person as
- 121 family law master from such region. Nothing contained
- herein shall prohibit the chief justice of the supreme
- 123 court of appeals from temporarily assigning, from time
- 124 to time as caseload may dictate, a family law master
- 125 from one geographical region to another geographical
- 126 region.
- 127 (i) A circuit court or the chief judge thereof shall refer
- 128 to the master the following matters for hearing to be
- 129 conducted pursuant to section two of this article:
- 130 Provided, That on its own motion or upon motion of a
- party, the circuit judge may revoke the referral of a particular matter to a master if the master is recused,
- if the matter is uncontested, or for other good cause, or
- 134 if the matter will be more expeditiously and inexpen-
- 135 sively heard by the circuit judge without substantially
- 136 affecting the rights of parties in actions which must be
- 137 heard by the circuit court:
- 138 (1) Actions to obtain orders of support brought under 139 the provisions of section one, article five of this chapter;

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- 140 (2) All actions to establish paternity under the 141 provisions of article six of this chapter: *Provided*, That 142 all actions wherein either or both of the parties have 143 demanded a trial by jury of the law and the facts shall 144 be heard by the circuit court;
 - (3) All motions for pendente lite relief affecting child custody, visitation, child support, spousal support or family violence, wherein either party has requested such referral or the court on its own motion in individual cases or by general order has referred such motions to the master: *Provided*, That if the circuit court determines, in its discretion, that the pleadings raise substantial issues concerning the identification of separate property or the division of marital property which may have a bearing on an award of support, the court may decline to refer a motion for support pendente lite to the family law master;
- 157 (4) All petitions for modification of an order involving 158 child custody, child visitation, child support or spousal 159 support;
 - (5) All actions for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance brought pursuant to article two, chapter forty-eight of this code: *Provided*, That an action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance which does not involve child custody or child support shall be heard by the circuit judge if, at the time of the filing of the action, the parties file a written property settlement agreement which has been signed by both parties;
 - (6) All actions wherein an obligor is contesting the enforcement of an order of support through the withholding from income of amounts payable as support or is contesting an affidavit of accrued support, filed with a circuit clerk, which seeks to collect arrearages;
 - (7) All actions commenced under the provisions of article seven of this chapter or under the provisions of the revised uniform reciprocal enforcement of support act of any other state; and
 - (8) Proceedings for the enforcement of support, custody or visitation orders: *Provided*, That contempt

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- 179 actions shall be heard by a circuit judge.
- 180 (i) The payment of initial fees for a hearing before a 181 master shall be paid before the commencement of the 182 hearing. Any additional hourly fees beyond the initial 183 fee shall be paid at the conclusion of the hearing, unless 184 a party is excused from payment thereof under the 185 provisions of section one, article two, chapter fifty-nine 186 of this code. Such initial fees may be paid at any time 187 prior to such hearing, but shall not be required at the 188 time the action is filed, and no advance payment shall 189 be required for additional fees beyond the initial fees 190 required by this section. Any payment of fees for a 191 hearing shall be refunded by the clerk of the circuit 192 court if the master verifies that such hearing was not 193 held, upon the request of the person paying such fees.
 - (k) Fees for hearings before a master shall be taxed as court costs, which costs may be assessed against either party or apportioned between the parties, in the discretion of the master. The assessment of court costs shall be made at the conclusion of the hearing and included as findings in each case of a master's recommended order. The fees for hearings before a master shall be as follows:
 - (1) For an action to establish an order of support, fifty dollars;
- 204 (2) For an action to establish paternity, one hundred 205 dollars;
 - (3) For a motion for pendente lite relief affecting custody, visitation, child support or spousal support, fifty dollars;
- 209 (4) For a petition for modification of an order 210 involving child custody, child visitation, child support or 211 spousal support, fifty dollars: *Provided*, That if the 212 matter is contested, the fee shall be fifty dollars for the 213 first hour or any portion thereof, and thirty dollars per 214 hour for each subsequent hour or any portion thereof;
 - (5) For an uncontested divorce action, fifty dollars;
- 216 (6) For a proceeding for the enforcement of an order,

- fifty dollars: *Provided*, That if the matter is contested, the fee shall be fifty dollars for the first hour or any portion thereof, and thirty dollars per hour for each subsequent hour or any portion thereof; and
- 221 (7) For a contested divorce action matured for final 222 hearing, fifty dollars for the first hour or any portion 223 thereof, and thirty dollars per hour for each subsequent 224 hour or any portion thereof.
 - (l) Persons entitled to notice of a master's hearing shall be timely informed of:
 - (1) The time, place and nature of the hearing;
 - (2) The legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held; and
 - (3) The matters of fact and law asserted.
 - (m) The master shall give all interested parties opportunity for the submission and consideration of facts, arguments, offers of settlement or proposals of adjustment when time, the nature of the proceedings and the public interest permit. To the extent that the parties are unable to settle or compromise a controversy by consent, the master shall provide the parties a hearing and make a recommended order in accordance with the provisions of sections two and four of this article.
 - (n) The master who presides at the reception of evidence pursuant to section two of this article shall prepare the default order or make and enter the pendente lite order provided for in section three of this article, or make the recommended order required by section four of this article, as the case may be. Except to the extent required for disposition of ex parte matters as authorized by this chapter, a master may not consult a person or party on a fact in issue, unless on notice and opportunity for all parties to participate; nor shall the master attempt to supervise or direct an employee or agent engaged in the performance of investigative or prosecuting functions for a prosecuting attorney, the division of human services or any other agency or political subdivision of this state.

CHAPTER 49. CHILD WELFARE.

Article

- 1. Purposes; Definitions.
- 2. State Responsibilities for the Protection and Care of Children.
- 6. Procedure in Cases of Child Neglect or Abuse.
- 6A. Reports of Children Suspected to be Abused or Neglected.
- 7. General Provisions.

ARTICLE 1. PURPOSES; DEFINITIONS.

§49-1-3. Definitions relating to abuse and neglect.

- 1 (a) "Abused child" means a child whose health or welfare is harmed or threatened by:
- 3 (1) A parent, guardian or custodian who knowingly or 4 intentionally inflicts, attempts to inflict, or knowingly 5 allows another person to inflict, physical injury, or
- 6 mental or emotional injury, upon the child or another
- 7 child in the home; or
- 8 (2) Sexual abuse or sexual exploitation; or
- 9 (3) The sale or attempted sale of a child by a parent, 10 guardian, or custodian in violation of section sixteen, 11 article four, chapter forty-eight of this code.
- In addition to its broader meaning, physical injury may include an injury to the child as a result of excessive corporal punishment.
 - 15 (b) "Abusing parent" means a parent, guardian, or 16 other custodian, regardless of his or her age, whose 17 conduct, as alleged in the petition charging child abuse 18 or neglect, has been adjudged by the court to constitute 19 child abuse or neglect.
 - 20 (c) "Child abuse and neglect" or "child abuse or neglect" means physical injury, mental or emotional 21 injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, sale or 22 attempted sale, or negligent treatment or maltreatment 23 of a child by a parent, guardian, or custodian who is 24 25 responsible for the child's welfare, under circumstances which harm or threaten the health and welfare of the 26 27 child.
- 28 (d) "Child abuse and neglect services" means social services which are directed toward:

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- 30 (1) Protecting and promoting the welfare of children 31 who are abused or neglected;
- 32 (2) Identifying, preventing and remedying conditions 33 which cause child abuse and neglect;
- 34 (3) Preventing the unnecessary removal of children 35 from their families by identifying family problems and 36 assisting families in resolving problems which could 37 lead to a removal of children and a breakup of the 38 family:
- 39 (4) In cases where children have been removed from 40 their families, providing services to the children and the 41 families so as to restore such children to their families;
 - (5) Placing children in suitable adoptive homes when restoring the children to their families is not possible or appropriate; and
 - (6) Assuring the adequate care of children away from their families when the children have been placed in the custody of the department or third parties.
 - (e) "Imminent danger to the physical well-being of the child" means an emergency situation in which the welfare or the life of the child is threatened. Such emergency situation exists when there is reasonable cause to believe that any child in the home is or has been sexually abused or sexually exploited, or reasonable cause to believe that the following conditions threaten the health or life of any child in the home:
- 56 (1) Nonaccidental trauma inflicted by a parent, 57 guardian, custodian, sibling or a babysitter or other 58 caretaker; or
- 59 (2) A combination of physical and other signs indicat-60 ing a pattern of abuse which may be medically diag-61 nosed as battered child syndrome; or
- 62 (3) Nutritional deprivation; or
- 63 (4) Abandonment by the parent, guardian or custo-64 dian; or
- 65 (5) Inadequate treatment of serious illness or disease; 66 or

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- 67 (6) Substantial emotional injury inflicted by a parent, guardian or custodian; or
- 69 (7) Sale or attempted sale of the child by the parent, 70 guardian or custodian.
- 71 (f) "Multidisciplinary team" means a group of 72 professionals and paraprofessionals representing a 73 variety of disciplines who interact and coordinate their 74 efforts to identify, diagnose and treat specific cases of child abuse and neglect. Multidisciplinary teams may 75 76 include, but are not limited to, medical, child care, and 77 law-enforcement personnel, social workers, psycholo-78 gists and psychiatrists. Their goal is to pool their 79 respective skills in order to formulate accurate diag-80 noses and to provide comprehensive coordinated treat-81 ment with continuity and follow-up for both parents and children. "Community team" means a multidisciplinary 82 83 group which addresses the general problem of child 84 abuse and neglect in a given community, and may 85 consist of several multidisciplinary teams with different 86 functions.
 - (g) (1) "Neglected child" means a child:
 - (A) Whose physical or mental health is harmed or threatened by a present refusal, failure or inability of the child's parent, guardian or custodian to supply the child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, supervision, medical care or education, when such refusal, failure or inability is not due primarily to a lack of financial means on the part of the parent, guardian or custodian; or
 - (B) Who is presently without necessary food, clothing, shelter, medical care, education or supervision because of the disappearance or absence of the child's parent or custodian;
 - (2) "Neglected child" does not mean a child whose education is conducted within the provisions of section one, article eight, chapter eighteen of this code.
 - (h) "Parenting skills" means a parent's competencies in providing physical care, protection, supervision and psychological support appropriate to a child's age and

- 106 state of development.
- 107 (i) "Sexual abuse" means:
- (A) As to a child who is less than sixteen years of age, any of the following acts which a parent, guardian or custodian shall engage in, attempt to engage in, or knowingly procure another person to engage in, with such child, notwithstanding the fact that the child may have willingly participated in such conduct or the fact that the child may have suffered no apparent physical
- injury or mental or emotional injury as a result of such
- 116 conduct:
- 117 (i) Sexual intercourse; or
- 118 (ii) Sexual intrusion; or
- 119 (iii) Sexual contact; or
- 120 (B) As to a child who is sixteen years of age or older, 121 any of the following acts which a parent, guardian or 122 custodian shall engage in, attempt to engage in, or knowingly procure another person to engage in, with 123 124 such child, notwithstanding the fact that the child may 125 have consented to such conduct or the fact that the child 126 may have suffered no apparent physical injury or 127 mental or emotional injury as a result of such conduct:
- 128 (i) Sexual intercourse; or
- 129 (ii) Sexual intrusion; or
- 130 (iii) Sexual contact; or
- (C) Any conduct whereby a parent, guardian or custodian displays his or her sex organs to a child, or procures another person to display his or her sex organs to a child, for the purpose of gratifying the sexual desire of the parent, guardian or custodian, of the person making such display, or of the child, or for the purpose of affronting or alarming the child.
- 138 (j) "Sexual contact" means sexual contact as that term 139 is defined in section one, article eight-b, chapter sixty-140 one of this code.
- (k) "Sexual exploitation" means an act whereby:

- 142 (1) A parent, custodian or guardian, whether for 143 financial gain or not, persuades, induces, entices or 144 coerces a child to engage in sexually explicit conduct as 145 that term is defined in section one, article eight-c. 146 chapter sixty-one of this code:
- 147 (2) A parent, guardian or custodian persuades. 148 induces, entices or coerces a child to display his or her 149 sex organs for the sexual gratification of the parent. 150 guardian, custodian or a third person, or to display his 151 or her sex organs under circumstances in which the 152 parent, guardian or custodian knows such display is 153 likely to be observed by others who would be affronted 154 or alarmed.
- 155 (1) "Sexual intercourse" means sexual intercourse as 156 that term is defined in section one, article eight-b. 157 chapter sixty-one of this code.
- 158 (m) "Sexual intrusion" means sexual intrusion as that 159 term is defined in section one, article eight-b, chapter 160 sixty-one of this code.
- 161 (n) "Parental rights" means any and all rights and 162 duties regarding a parent to a minor child, including, 163 but not limited to, custodial rights and visitational 164 rights and rights to participate in the decisions affecting 165 a minor child.
- 166 (o) "Placement" means any temporary or permanent placement of a child who is in the custody of the state 167 168 in any foster home, group home, or other facility or 169 residence.

ARTICLE 2. STATE RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE PROTECTION AND CARE OF CHILDREN.

§49-2-16. State responsibility for child care.

The state department is hereby authorized and 1 empowered to provide care, support and protective 2 3 services for children who are handicapped by dependency, neglect, single parent status, mental or physical 4 disability, or who for other reasons are in need of public 5 service. Such department is also hereby authorized and 6 empowered in its discretion to accept children for care 7 from their parent or parents, guardian, custodian or

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9 relatives and to accept the custody of children commit-10 ted to its care by courts exercising juvenile jurisdiction. 11 The department of human services or any county office 12 of such department is also hereby authorized and

13 empowered in its discretion to accept temporary custody 14 of children for care from any law-enforcement officer in

15 an emergency situation.

The department of human services shall provide care in special boarding homes for children needing detention pending disposition by a court having juvenile jurisdiction or temporary care following such court action.

Within ninety days of the date of the signatures to a voluntary placement agreement, after receipt of physical custody, the state department shall file with the court a petition for review of the placement, stating the child's situation and the circumstance that gives rise to the voluntary placement. If the department intends to extend the voluntary placement agreement, the department shall file with the court a copy of the child's case plan. The court shall appoint an attorney for the child. who shall also receive a copy of the case plan. The court shall schedule a hearing and shall give notice of the time and place and right to be present at such hearing to: The child's attorney: the child, if twelve years of age or older; the child's parents or guardians; the child's foster parents; and any other such persons as the court may in its discretion direct. The child's presence at such hearing may be waived by the child's attorney at the request of the child or if the child would suffer emotional harm. At the conclusion of the proceedings. but no later than ninety days after the date of the signatures to the voluntary placement agreement, the court shall enter an order determining whether or not continuation of the voluntary placement is in the best interests of the child; specifying under what conditions the child's placement shall continue; and specifying whether or not the department has made reasonable efforts to reunify the family and/or provide a plan for the permanent placement of the child.

ARTICLE 6. PROCEDURE IN CASES OF CHILD NEGLECT OR ABUSE.

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- §49-6-1. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused; notice.
- §49-6-2. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused—Right to counsel; improvement period; hearing; priority of proceeding; transcript.
- §49-6-3. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused—
 Temporary custody.
- §49-6-5. Disposition of neglected or abused children.
- §49-6-8. Foster care review; annual reports to the court.
- §49-6-11. Conviction for offenses against children.

§49-6-1. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused; notice.

1 (a) If the state department or a reputable person 2 believes that a child is neglected or abused, the 3 department or the person may present a petition setting 4 forth the facts to the circuit court in the county in which 5 the child resides, or to the judge of such court in 6 vacation. The petition shall be verified by the oath of 7 some credible person having knowledge of the facts. The 8 petition shall allege specific conduct including time and 9 place, how such conduct comes within the statutory 10 definition of neglect or abuse with references thereto. 11 any supportive services provided by the state depart-12 ment to remedy the alleged circumstances and the relief 13 sought. Upon filing of the petition, the court shall set 14 a time and place for a hearing and shall appoint counsel 15 for the child. When there is an order for temporary custody pursuant to section three of this article, such 16 17 hearing shall be held within thirty days of such order. 18 unless a continuance for a reasonable time is granted to

a date certain, for good cause shown.

(b) The petition and notice of the hearing shall be served upon both parents and any other custodian, giving to such parents or custodian at least ten days' notice, and notice shall be given to the state department. In cases wherein personal service within West Virginia cannot be obtained after due diligence upon any parent or other custodian, a copy of the petition and notice of the hearing shall be mailed to such person by certified mail, addressee only, return receipt requested, to the last known address of such person. If said person signs the certificate, service shall be complete and said

- 31 certificate shall be filed as proof of said service with the 32 clerk of the circuit court. If service cannot be obtained by personal service or by certified mail, notice shall be 33 34 by publication as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 35 fifty-nine of this code. A notice of hearing shall specify 36 the time and place of the hearing, the right to counsel 37 of the child and parents or other custodians at every 38 stage of the proceedings and the fact that such proceed-39 40 ings can result in the permanent termination of the 41 parental rights. Failure to object to defects in the 42 petition and notice shall not be construed as a waiver.
- 43 (c) At the time of the institution of any proceeding 44 under this article, the state department shall provide 45 supportive services in an effort to remedy circumstances 46 detrimental to a child.

§49-6-2. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused—Right to counsel; improvement period; hearing; priority of proceeding; transcript.

(a) In any proceeding under the provisions of this 1 article, the child, his parents, his custodian or other 2 persons standing in loco parentis to him, such persons 3 other than the child being hereinafter referred to as 4 other party or parties, shall have the right to be 5 6 represented by counsel at every stage of the proceedings 7 and shall be informed by the court of their right to be so represented and that if they cannot pay for the 8 services of counsel, that counsel will be appointed. If the 9 other parties have not retained counsel and the other 10 parties cannot pay for the services of counsel, the court 11 shall, by order entered of record, at least ten days prior 12 13 to the date set for hearing, appoint an attorney or attorneys to represent the other party or parties and so 14 inform the parties. Under no circumstances may the 15 same attorney represent both the child and the other 16 party or parties, nor shall the same attorney represent 17 both parents or custodians. However, one attorney may 18 represent both parents or custodians where both parents 19 or guardians consent to this representation after the 20 attorney fully discloses to the client the possible conflict, 21

and where the attorney assures the court that she or he is able to represent each client without impairing her or his professional judgment; however, if more than one child from a family is involved in the proceeding, one attorney may represent all the children. The court may allow to each attorney so appointed a fee in the same amount which appointed counsel can receive in felony cases. Any attorney appointed pursuant to this section shall by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and three hours per year each year thereafter, receive a minimum of three hours of continuing legal education training on representation of children, child abuse and neglect: Provided. That where no attorney who has completed this training is available for such appointment, the court shall appoint a competent attorney with demonstrated knowledge of child welfare law to represent the child. Any attorney appointed pursuant to this section shall perform all duties required as an attorney licensed to practice law in the state of West Virginia.

- (b) In any proceeding under this article, any parent or custodian may, prior to final hearing, move to be allowed an improvement period of three to twelve months in order to remedy the circumstances or alleged circumstances upon which the proceeding is based. The court shall allow one such improvement period unless it finds compelling circumstances to justify a denial thereof, but may require temporary custody with a responsible relative, which may include any parent, guardian, or other custodian, or the state department or other agency during the improvement period. An order granting such improvement period shall require the department to prepare and submit to the court a family case plan in accordance with the provisions of section three, article six-d of this chapter.
- (c) In any proceeding under this article, the party or parties having custodial or other parental rights or responsibilities to the child shall be afforded a meaningful opportunity to be heard, including the opportunity to testify and to present and cross-examine witnesses. The petition shall not be taken as confessed. A transcript

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63 or recording shall be made of all proceedings unless 64 waived by all parties to the proceeding. The rules of 65 evidence shall apply. Where relevant, the court shall consider the efforts of the state department to remedy 66 67 the alleged circumstances. At the conclusion of the 68 hearing the court shall make a determination based 69 upon the evidence and shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law as to whether such child is abused or 70 71 neglected, which shall be incorporated into the order of 72 the court. The findings must be based upon conditions existing at the time of the filing of the petition and 73 74 proven by clear and convincing proof.

- (d) Any petition filed and any proceeding held under the provisions of this article shall, to the extent practicable, be given priority over any other civil action before the court, except proceedings under article two-a, chapter forty-eight of this code and actions in which trial is in progress. Any petition filed under the provisions of this article shall be docketed immediately upon filing. Any hearing to be held at the end of an improvement period and any other hearing to be held during any proceedings under the provisions of this article shall be held as nearly as practicable on successive days and, with respect to said hearing to be held at the end of an improvement period, shall be held as close in time as possible after the end of said improvement period.
- 90 (e) Following the court's determination, it shall be 91 inquired of the parents or custodians whether or not appeal is desired and the response transcribed. A 92 negative response shall not be construed as a waiver. 93 94 The evidence shall be transcribed and made available to the parties or their counsel as soon as practicable, if 95 the same is required for purposes of further proceed-96 ings. If an indigent person intends to pursue further 97 proceedings, the court reporter shall furnish a trans-98 cript of the hearing without cost to the indigent person 99 if an affidavit is filed stating that he cannot pay 100 101 therefor.

§49-6-3. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused—Temporary custody.

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(a) Upon the filing of a petition, the court may order that the child alleged to be an abused or neglected child be delivered for not more than ten days into the custody of the state department or a responsible relative, which may include any parent, guardian, or other custodian pending a preliminary hearing, if it finds that: (1) There exists imminent danger to the physical well-being of the child, and (2) there are no reasonably available alternatives to removal of the child, including, but not limited 9 10 to, the provision of medical, psychiatric, psychological or 11 homemaking services in the child's present custody: 12 Provided. That where the alleged abusing person, if 13 known, is a member of a household, the court shall not 14 allow placement pursuant to this section of the child or 15 children in said home unless the alleged abusing person 16 is or has been precluded from visiting or residing in said 17 home by judicial order. In a case where there is more 18 than one child in the home, or in the temporary care, 19 custody, or control of the alleged offending parent, the 20 petition shall so state, and notwithstanding the fact that the allegations of abuse or neglect may pertain to less 21 22 than all of such children, each child in the home for 23 whom relief is sought shall be made a party to the 24 proceeding. Even though the acts of abuse or neglect 25 alleged in the petition were not directed against a specific child who is named in the petition, the court 26 shall order the removal of such child, pending final 27 28 disposition, if it finds that there exists imminent danger 29 to the physical well-being of the child and a lack of 30 reasonable available alternatives to removal. The initial order directing such custody shall contain an order 31 32 appointing counsel and scheduling the preliminary 33 hearing, and upon its service shall require the immediate transfer of custody of such child or children to the 34 state department or a responsible relative which may 35 include any parent, guardian, or other custodian. The 36 court order shall state: (1) That continuation in the home 37 is contrary to the best interests of the child and why; 38 (2) whether or not the state department made a 39 reasonable effort to prevent the placement or that the 40 emergency situation made such efforts unreasonable or 41 impossible. The order may also direct any party or the 42

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department to initiate or become involved in services to facilitate reunification of the family.

- (b) Whether or not the court orders immediate transfer of custody as provided in subsection (a) of this section, if the facts alleged in the petition demonstrate to the court that there exists imminent danger to the child, the court may schedule a preliminary hearing giving the respondents at least five days' actual notice. If the court finds at the preliminary hearing that there are no alternatives less drastic than removal of the child and that a hearing on the petition cannot be scheduled in the interim period, the court may order that the child be delivered into the temporary custody of the state department or a responsible relative, which may include any parent, guardian, or other custodian, or another appropriate person or agency for a period not exceeding sixty days: Provided, That the court order shall state (1) that continuation in the home is contrary to the best interests of the child and state the reasons therefor: (2) whether or not the department made reasonable efforts to prevent the child's removal from his or her home; (3) whether or not the state department made a reasonable effort to prevent the placement or that the emergency situation made such efforts unreasonable or impossible; and (4) what efforts should be made by the department to facilitate the child's return home: Provided, however, That if the court grants an improvement period as provided in subsection (b), section two of this article, the sixty-day limit upon temporary custody may be waived.
- (c) If a child or children shall, in the presence of a child protective service worker of the division of human services, be in an emergency situation which constitutes an imminent danger to the physical well-being of the child or children, as that phrase is defined in section three, article one of this chapter, and if such worker has probable cause to believe that the child or children will suffer additional child abuse or neglect or will be removed from the county before a petition can be filed and temporary custody can be ordered, the worker may, prior to the filing of a petition, take the child or children into his or her custody without a court order: *Provided*,

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That after taking custody of such child or children prior to the filing of a petition, the worker shall forthwith appear before a circuit judge or a juvenile referee of the county wherein custody was taken, or if no such judge or referee be available, before a circuit judge or a juvenile referee of an adjoining county, and shall immediately apply for an order ratifying the emergency custody of the child pending the filing of a petition. The circuit court of every county in the state shall appoint at least one of the magistrates of the county to act as a juvenile referee, who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the appointing court, and who shall perform the functions prescribed for such position by the provisions of this subsection. The parents, guardians or custodians of the child or children may be present at the time and place of application for an order ratifying custody, and if at the time the child or children are taken into custody by the worker, the worker knows which judge or referee is to receive the application, the worker shall so inform the parents, guardians or custodians. The application for emergency custody may be on forms prescribed by the supreme court of appeals or prepared by the prosecuting attorney or the applicant, and shall set forth facts from which it may be determined that the probable cause described above in this subsection exists. Upon such sworn testimony or other evidence as the judge or referee deems sufficient, the judge or referee may order the emergency taking by the worker to be ratified. If appropriate under the circumstances, the order may include authorization for an examination as provided for in subsection (b), section four of this article. If a referee issues such an order, the referee shall by telephonic communication have such order orally confirmed by a circuit judge of the circuit or an adjoining circuit who shall on the next judicial day enter an order of confirmation. If the emergency taking is ratified by the judge or referee, emergency custody of the child or children shall be vested in the state department until the expiration of the next two judicial days, at which time any such child taken into emergency custody shall be returned to the custody of his or her parent, guardian or custodian unless a petition has been filed and custody of the child has been transferred under the provisions of section three of this article.

§49-6-5. Disposition of neglected or abused children.

(a) Following a determination pursuant to section two 1 2 of this article wherein the court finds a child to be 3 abused or neglected, the department shall file with the 4 court a copy of the child's case plan, including the 5 permanency plan for the child. The term case plan 6 means a written document that includes, where appli-7 cable, the requirements of the family case plan as 8 provided for in section three, article six-d of this chapter 9 and that also includes at least the following: A descrip-10 tion of the type of home or institution in which the child is to be placed, including a discussion of the appropri-11 12 ateness of the placement and how the agency which is responsible for the child plans to assure that the child 13 receives proper care and that services are provided to 14 15 the parents, child and foster parents in order to improve 16 the conditions in the parent(s) home, facilitate return of the child to his or her own home or the permanent 17 placement of the child, and address the needs of the 18 child while in foster care, including a discussion of the 19 20 appropriateness of the services that have been provided to the child. The term permanency plan refers to that 21 22 part of the case plan which is designed to achieve a permanent home for the child in the least restrictive 23 24 setting available. The plan must document efforts to 25 ensure that the child is returned home within approx-26 imate time lines for reunification as set out in the plan. 27 If reunification is not the permanency plan for the child. 28 the plan must state why reunification is not appropriate 29 and detail the alternative placement for the child to include approximate time lines for when such placement 30 is expected to become a permanent placement. This case 31 plan shall serve as the family case plan for parents of 32 abused or neglected children. Copies of the child's case 33 plan shall be sent to the child's attorney and parent. 34 guardian or custodian at least five days prior to the 35 dispositional hearing. The court shall forthwith proceed 36 to disposition giving both the petitioner and respondents 37 an opportunity to be heard. The court shall give 38

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- 39 precedence to dispositions in the following sequence:
- 40 (1) Dismiss the petition;
 - (2) Refer the child, the abusing parent, or other family members to a community agency for needed assistance and dismiss the petition;
 - (3) Return the child to his or her own home under supervision of the state department;
 - (4) Order terms of supervision calculated to assist the child and any abusing parent or parents or custodian which prescribe the manner of supervision and care of the child and which are within the ability of any parent or parents or custodian to perform;
 - (5) Upon a finding that the abusing parent or parents are presently unwilling or unable to provide adequately for the child's needs, commit the child temporarily to the custody of the state department, a licensed private child welfare agency or a suitable person who may be appointed guardian by the court. The court order shall state: (1) That continuation in the home is contrary to the best interests of the child and why; (2) whether or not the state department made a reasonable effort to prevent the placement to include a statement of what efforts were made or that the emergency situation made such efforts unreasonable or impossible; and (3) the specific circumstances of the situation which makes such efforts unreasonable if services were not offered by the department. The court order shall also determine under what circumstances the child's commitment to the department shall continue. Considerations pertinent to the determination include whether the child should (1) be continued in foster care for a specified period, (2) should be considered for adoption, (3) because of a child's special needs or circumstances, be continued in foster care on a permanent or long-term basis, or (4) be continued in foster care until reunification is achieved. The court may order services to meet the special needs of the child. Whenever the court transfers custody of a vouth to the department of human services, an appropriate order of financial support by the parents or guardians shall be entered in accordance with section

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79 five, article seven of this chapter; or

(6) Upon a finding that there is no reasonable likelihood that the conditions of neglect or abuse can be substantially corrected in the near future, and when necessary for the welfare of the child, terminate the parental or custodial rights and/or responsibilities of the abusing parent and commit the child to the permanent sole custody of the nonabusing parent, if there be one, or, if not, to either the permanent guardianship of the state department or a licensed child welfare agency. If the court shall so find, then in fixing its dispositional order, the court shall consider the following factors: (1) The child's need for continuity of care and caretakers: (2) the amount of time required for the child to be integrated into a stable and permanent home environment; and (3) other factors as the court considers necessary and proper. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the permanent parental rights shall not be terminated if a child fourteen years of age or older or otherwise of an age of discretion as determined by the court, objects to such termination. No adoption of a child shall take place until all proceedings for termination of parental rights under this article and appeals thereof are final. In determining whether or not parental rights should be terminated, the court shall consider the efforts made by the department to provide remedial and reunification services to the parent. The court order shall state: (1) That continuation in the home is not in the best interest of the child and why; (2) why reunification is not in the best interests of the child; (3) whether or not the state department made a reasonable effort to prevent the placement or that the emergency situation made such efforts unreasonable or impossible; and (4) whether or not the state department made a reasonable effort to reunify the family including a description of what efforts were made or that such efforts were unreasonable due to specific circumstances.

(b) As used in this section, "no reasonable likelihood that conditions of neglect or abuse can be substantially corrected" shall mean that, based upon the evidence before the court, the abusing adult or adults have

- demonstrated an inadequate capacity to solve the problems of abuse or neglect, on their own or with help. Such conditions shall be deemed to exist in the following circumstances, which shall not be exclusive:
 - (1) The abusing parent or parents have habitually abused or are addicted to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, to the extent that proper parenting skills have been seriously impaired and such abusing parent or parents have not responded to or followed through the recommended and appropriate treatment which could have improved the capacity for adequate parental functioning;
 - (2) The abusing parent or parents have willfully refused or are presently unwilling to cooperate in the development of a reasonable family case plan designed to lead to the child's return to their care, custody and control;
 - (3) The abusing parent or parents have not responded to or followed through with a reasonable family case plan or other rehabilitative efforts of social, medical, mental health or other rehabilitative agencies designed to reduce or prevent the abuse or neglect of the child, as evidenced by the continuation or insubstantial diminution of conditions which threatened the health, welfare or life of the child;
 - (4) The abusing parent or parents have abandoned the child;
 - (5) The abusing parent or parents have repeatedly or seriously injured the child physically or emotionally, or have sexually abused or sexually exploited the child, and the degree of family stress and the potential for further abuse and neglect are so great as to preclude the use of resources to mitigate or resolve family problems or assist the abusing parent or parents in fulfilling their responsibilities to the child; or
 - (6) The abusing parent or parents have incurred emotional illness, mental illness or mental deficiency of such duration or nature as to render such parent or parents incapable of exercising proper parenting skills

or sufficiently improving the adequacy of such skills.

160 (c) The court may as an alternative disposition allow 161 to the parents or custodians an improvement period not 162 to exceed twelve months. During this period the 163 parental rights shall not be permanently terminated and 164 the court shall require the parent to rectify the 165 conditions upon which the determination was based. No 166 more than one such post-dispositional improvement 167 period may be granted. The court may order the child to be placed with the parents, a relative, the state 168 169 department or other appropriate placement during the 170 period. At the end of the period the court shall hold a 171 hearing to determine whether the conditions have been 172 adequately improved, and at the conclusion of such hearing, shall make a further dispositional order in 173 accordance with this section. 174

§49-6-8. Foster care review; annual reports to the court.

(a) If, twelve months after receipt (by the state 1 2 department or its authorized agent) of physical custody 3 of a child either by a court ordered placement or by a voluntary agreement, the state department has not 4 5 placed a child in permanent foster care or an adoptive 6 home or placed the child with a natural parent, the state 7 department shall file with the court a petition for review of the case. The department shall also file with the court 8 a report detailing the efforts that have been made to 9 10 place the child in a permanent home and copies of the 11 child's case plan including the permanency plan as 12 defined in section five, article six of this chapter. Copies of the report shall be sent to the child's attorney and be 13 made available to the child's parent(s) or guardian. 14 15 "Permanent foster care" shall mean a written arrange-16 ment with an adult or adults following a six-month trial period whereby the state department places the care, 17 custody and control of a child until the child's emanci-18 pation with such adult or adults. The court shall 19 schedule a hearing in chambers, giving notice and the 20 right to be present to: The child's attorney: the child, if 21 twelve years of age or older; the child's parents; the 22 child's guardians; the child's foster parents; and such 23 24 other persons as the court may in its discretion direct.

The child's presence may be waived by the child's attorney at the request of the child or if the child would suffer emotional harm. The purpose of the hearing is to review the child's case, to determine whether and under what conditions the child's commitment to the department shall continue, and to determine what efforts are necessary to provide the child with a permanent home. At the conclusion of the hearing the court shall in accordance with the best interests of the child enter an appropriate order of disposition. The court order shall state (1) whether or not the department made reasonable effort to prevent out-of-home placement or that the specific situation made such effort unreasonable, (2) the permanency plan for the child, and (3) services required to meet the child's needs. The court shall possess continuing jurisdiction over cases reviewed under this section for so long as a child remains in temporary foster care, or, when a child is returned to his or her natural parents subject to conditions imposed by the court, for so long as the conditions are effective.

- (b) The state department shall file a supplementary petition for review with the court within eighteen months and every eighteen months thereafter for every child that remains in the physical or legal custody of the state department until the child is placed in an adoptive home or permanent foster care or returned to his or her parents.
- (c) The state department shall annually report to the court the current status of the placements of children in permanent care and custody of the state department who have not been adopted.
- (d) The state department shall file a report with the court in any case where any child in the temporary or permanent custody of the state receives more than three placements in one year no later than thirty days after the third placement. This report shall be provided to all parties and their counsel. Upon motion by any party, the court shall review these placements and determine what efforts are necessary to provide the child with a stable foster or temporary home: *Provided*, That no report shall be provided to any parent or parent's attorney

- whose parental rights have been terminated pursuant to this article.
- 68 (e) The state department shall notify, in writing, the court, the child, if over the age of twelve, the child's 69 70 attorney, the parents and the parents' attorney forty-71 eight hours prior to the move if this is a planned move, 72 or within forty-eight hours of the next business day after 73 the move if this is an emergency move, except where such notification would endanger the child or the foster 74 family. This notice shall not be required in any case 75 76 where the child is in imminent danger in the child's 77 current placement. The location of the child need not be 78 disclosed, but the purpose of the move should be. This requirement is not waived by placement of the child in 79 a home or other residence maintained by a private 80 81 provider. No notice shall be provided pursuant to this provision to any parent or parent's attorney whose 82 parental rights have been terminated pursuant to this 83 84 article.
- (f) Nothing in this article precludes any party from petitioning the court for review of the child's case at any time. The court shall grant such petition upon a showing that there is a change in circumstance or needs of the child that warrants court review.

§49-6-11. Conviction for offenses against children.

In any case where a person is convicted of an offense 1 2 described in sections twelve and twenty-six, article eight, chapter sixty-one; section one, article eight-b, 3 chapter sixty-one, et seg.; and section one, article eight-4 d. chapter sixty-one of this code against any child and 5 further has custodial, visitation, or other parental rights 6 7 to the child, at the time of sentencing, the court shall 8 make a finding that the person is an abusing parent 9 within the meaning of section one, article six, chapter forty-nine, et seq., and the court shall take such further 10 steps as are required by this article. 11

ARTICLE 6A. REPORTS OF CHILDREN SUSPECTED TO BE ABUSED OR NEGLECTED.

§49-6A-2. Persons mandated to report suspected abuse and neglect. §49-6A-5. Reporting procedures.

§49-6A-9. Establishment of child protective services; general duties and powers; cooperation of other state agencies.

§49-6A-2. Persons mandated to report suspected abuse and neglect.

1 When any medical, dental or mental health profes-2 sional, Christian Science practitioner, religious healer, 3 school teacher or other school personnel, social service 4 worker, child care or foster care worker, emergency 5 medical services personnel, peace officer or law-6 enforcement official, member of the clergy, circuit court judge, family law master or magistrate has reasonable 7 8 cause to suspect that a child is neglected or abused or 9 observes the child being subjected to conditions that are 10 likely to result in abuse or neglect, such person shall 11 immediately, and not more than forty-eight hours after 12 suspecting this abuse, report the circumstances or cause 13 a report to be made to the state department of human 14 services: Provided, That in any case where the reporter 15 believes that the child has been seriously physically 16 injured or sexually abused or sexually assaulted, the 17 reporter shall also immediately report, or cause a report 18 to be made to the department of public safety, and any 19 law-enforcement agency having jurisdiction to investi-20 gate the complaint: Provided, however, That any person 21 required to report under this article who is a member 22 of the staff of a public or private institution, school, 23 facility or agency shall immediately notify the person in charge of such institution, school, facility or agency or 24 25 a designated agent thereof, who shall report or cause a 26 report to be made. However, nothing in this article is 27 intended to prevent individuals from reporting on their 28 own behalf.

In addition to those persons and officials specifically required to report situations involving suspected abuse or neglect of children, any other person may make a report if such person has reasonable cause to suspect that a child has been abused or neglected in a home or institution or observes the child being subjected to conditions or circumstances that would reasonably result in abuse or neglect.

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§49-6A-5. Reporting procedures.

Reports of child abuse and neglect pursuant to this article shall be made immediately by telephone to the local state department child protective service agency and shall be followed by a written report within forty-eight hours if so requested by the receiving agency. The state department shall establish and maintain a twenty-four hour, seven-day-a-week telephone number to receive such calls reporting suspected or known child abuse or neglect.

A copy of any report of serious physical injury, or sexual abuse or assault, shall be forwarded by the department to the appropriate law-enforcement agency. the prosecuting attorney or the coroner or medical examiner's office. All reports under this article shall be confidential, and unless there are pending proceedings with regard thereto, shall be destroyed six years following their preparation. Reports of known or suspected institutional child abuse or neglect shall be made and received as all other reports made pursuant to this article. Such documentation shall be provided within three business days of receipt by the child protective services.

§49-6A-9. Establishment of child protective services; general duties and powers; cooperation of other state agencies.

- (a) The state department shall establish or designate in every county a local child protective service to perform the duties and functions set forth in this article.
- (b) Except in cases involving institutional abuse or cases in which police investigation also appears appropriate, the child protective service shall be the sole public agency responsible for investigating or arranging for investigation and coordinating the investigation of all reports of child abuse or neglect: *Provided*, That under no circumstances shall investigating personnel be relatives of the accused, the child or the families involved. In accordance with the local plan for child protective services, it shall provide protective services to prevent further abuse or neglect of children and provide for or arrange for and coordinate and monitor the

- provision of those services necessary to ensure the safety of children. The local child protective service shall be organized to maximize the continuity of responsibility, care and service of individual workers for individual children and families.
- 21 Each local child protective service shall:
 - (1) Receive or arrange for the receipt of all reports of children known or suspected to be abused or neglected on a twenty-four hour, seven-day-a-week basis and cross-file all such reports under the names of the children, the family, any person substantiated as being an abuser or neglector by investigation of the department of human services, with use of such cross-filing of such person's name limited to the internal use of the department;
 - (2) Provide or arrange for emergency children's services to be available at all times;
 - (3) Within twenty-four hours of notification of suspected child abuse or neglect, commence or cause to be commenced a thorough investigation of the report and the child's environment.
 - (c) In those cases in which the local child protective service determines that the best interests of the child require court action, the local child protective service shall initiate the appropriate legal proceeding.
 - (d) The local child protective service shall be responsible for providing, directing or coordinating the appropriate and timely delivery of services to any child suspected or known to be abused or neglected, including services to the child's family and those responsible for the child's care.
 - (e) To carry out the purposes of this article, all departments, boards, bureaus and other agencies of the state or any of its political subdivisions and all agencies providing services under the local child protective service plan shall, upon request, provide to the local child protective service such assistance and information as will enable it to fulfill its responsibilities.

ARTICLE 7. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§49-7-29. General provisions to read uniform court orders regarding custody; promulgation of rules.

- 1 The supreme court shall, in consultation with the
- 2 department of health and human resources, develop and
- 3 cause to be implemented, as soon as practicable but no
- 4 later than the first day of September, one thousand nine
- 5 hundred ninety-two, forms for court orders which are
- 6 consistent with the provision of chapter forty-nine of this
- 7 code as well as the provisions of Title 142 U.S.C. Section
- 8 620, et seq., and Title 42 U.S.C. Section 670, et seq.,
- 9 relating to the promulgation of uniform court orders for
- 10 placement of minor children and the regulations
- 11 promulgated thereunder, for the use in the magistrate
- 12 and circuit courts of the state.

CHAPTER 56. PLEADING AND PRACTICE.

ARTICLE 10. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS RELATING TO PROCEDURE.

§56-10-8. Priority of cases involving placement of children.

- 1 Any action or motion which involves a contested issue
- 2 regarding the permanent or temporary placement of a
- 3 minor child shall be given priority over any civil action
- 4 before the court except actions in which trial is in
- 5 progress and actions brought under section one, article
- 6 two-a, chapter forty-eight, et seq., of this code and shall
- 7 be docketed immediately upon filing.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

Article.

- 2. Crimes Against the Person.
- 8. Crimes Against Chastity, Morality and Decency.
- 8B. Sexual Offenses.
- 8D. Child Abuse.
- 11A. Victim Protection Act of 1984.

ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON

§61-2-9a. Stalking; penalties; definitions.

1 (a) Any person who shall intentionally and closely

- 2 follow, lie in wait, or make repeated threats to cause 3 bodily injury to any person with whom that person 4 formerly resided or cohabited or with whom that person 5 formerly engaged in a sexual or intimate relationship, 6 with the intent to cause or causing said person emotional 7 distress or placing said person in fear of his or her personal safety shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and. 8 9 upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than six months, or be fined not 10 11 more than one thousand dollars, or both fined and 12 imprisoned.
- 13 (b) Any person who violates subsection (a) when there 14 is a temporary restraining order or a restraining order, or both, in effect, granted pursuant to the provisions of 15 section nine-b of this article which prohibits the conduct 16 17 referred to in said section, is guilty of a misdemeanor 18 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year, or be fined not 19 more than three thousand dollars, or both fined and 20 21 imprisoned.

ARTICLE 8. CRIMES AGAINST CHASTITY, MORALITY AND DECENCY.

§61-8-13. Incest; limits on interviews of children eleven years old or less; evidence.

- (a) In any prosecution under the provisions of section 1 2 twelve of this article, the court may provide by rule for reasonable limits on the number of interviews to which 3 a victim who is eleven years old or less must submit for 4 law-enforcement or discovery purposes. To the extent 5 possible the rule shall protect the mental and emotional 6 7 health of the child from the psychological damage of repeated interrogation and at the same time preserve 8 9 the rights of the public and the defendant.
- 10 (b) At any stage of the proceedings, in any prosecution under this article, the court may permit a child who is eleven years old or less to use anatomically correct dolls, mannequins or drawings to assist such child in testifying.
- 15 (c) In any prosecution under this article in which the victim's lack of consent is based solely on the incapacity

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- 17 to consent because such victim was below a critical age. evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual 18 19 conduct, opinion evidence of the victim's sexual conduct 20 and reputation evidence of the victim's sexual conduct shall not be admissible. In any other prosecution under 21 this article, evidence of specific instances of the victim's 22 23 prior sexual conduct with the defendant shall be 24 admissible on the issue of consent: Provided. That such 25 evidence heard first out of the presence of the jury is 26 found by the judge to be relevant.
 - (d) In any prosecution under this article evidence of specific instances of the victim's sexual conduct with persons other than the defendant, opinion evidence of the victim's sexual conduct and reputation evidence of the victim's sexual conduct shall not be admissible: *Provided*, That such evidence shall be admissible solely for the purpose of impeaching credibility, if the victim first makes his or her previous sexual conduct an issue in the trial by introducing evidence with respect thereto.
 - (e) In any prosecution under this article, neither age nor mental capacity of the victim shall preclude the victim from testifying.
- (f) In any case where a person is convicted of an 39 offense described herein against a child and further has 40 or may have custodial, visitation or other parental rights 41 to the child, the court shall find that the person is an 42 abusing parent within the meaning of section one. 43 article six, chapter forty-nine of this code, and shall take 44 such further action in accord with the provisions of 45 section one, article six, chapter forty-nine of this code. 46

ARTICLE 8B. SEXUAL OFFENSES.

§61-8B-11a. Convictions for offenses against children.

In any case where a person is convicted of an offense described in this article against a child and further has or may have custodial, visitation or other parental rights to the child, the court shall find that the person is an abusing parent within the meaning of section one, article six, chapter forty-nine of this code, and shall take such further action in accord with the provisions of

8 section one, article six, chapter forty-nine of this code.

ARTICLE 8D. CHILD ABUSE.

§61-8D-9. Convictions for offenses against children.

- 1 In any case where a person is convicted of an offense
- 2 described in this article against a child and further has
- 3 or may have custodial, visitation or other parental rights
- 4 to the child, the court shall find that such person is an
- 5 abusing parent within the meaning of section one,
- 6 article six, chapter forty-nine of this code and shall take
- 7 such further action in accord with the provisions of
- 8 section one, article six, chapter forty-nine of this code.

ARTICLE 11A. VICTIM PROTECTION ACT OF 1984.

§61-11A-8. Victim notification of defendant's release.

- 1 (a) At the time a complaint is sworn out for a charge
 - 2 of murder, aggravated robbery, sexual assault in the
 - 3 first degree, kidnapping, arson, sexual offenses against
 - 4 minors, or any violent crime against a spouse, former
 - 5 spouse, child or stepchild, the prosecuting attorney shall
 - 6 provide written notice to the victim or victim's family
 - 7 member that he or she may be notified prior to and upon 8 the release to or escape of the defendant from work
 - 9 release, home confinement, parole, furlough or upon the
- 10 escape from any correctional facility.
- 11 (b) The commissioner of corrections, regional jail
- 12 supervisors, city or sheriff operating a jail which
- 13 releases any person shall, from which they have received
- 14 a written request for notification, provide written notice
- 15 to the last known address or addresses provided by the
- victim, or in the case of a minor child, to the custodial
- parent of the child, upon release of the defendant.
- 18 Additionally, notice provided in the case of escape shall
- 19 be by telephone.

CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

Article

- 1C. Bail.
- 11A. Release for Work and Other Purposes.
- 12. Probation and Parole.

ARTICLE 1C. BAIL.

thereof.

§62-1C-17a. Bail in situations of alleged child abuse.

§62-1C-17c. Bail in cases of crimes between family or household members.

§62-1C-17a. Bail in situations of alleged child abuse.

- (a) When the offense charged is an assault or other 2 offense against a child who is defined in chapter forty-3 nine of this code, it shall be a condition of bond that the 4 defendant shall not live in the same residence as and shall have no contact with the victim of the alleged 5 6 offense, and the court may make such other conditions 7 of bond with respect to contact with the victim as it 8 deems necessary under the circumstances to protect the child: Provided. That the requirement of no contact with 9 the victim of the alleged offense and all other conditions 10 11 of bond may be reviewed by summary petition from the 12 magistrate court to the circuit court or from the circuit 13 court to the supreme court of appeals or any justice
- (b) In cases where the charge is a sexual offense, as defined in chapter sixty-one of this code, against any person, the court, upon a showing of cause, may make such conditions of bond on the defendant or on any witness bond issued under section fifteen of this article as it deems necessary with respect to contact with the victim.

§62-1C-17c. Bail in cases of crimes between family or household members.

- 1 (a) When the offense charged is a crime against a 2 family or household member, it may be a condition of 3 bond that the defendant shall not have any contact 4 whatsoever, direct or indirect, verbal or physical, with 5 the victim or complainant.
- (b) In determining conditions of release, the issuing 6 authority shall consider whether the defendant poses a 7 threat or danger to the victim or other family or 8 9 household member. If the issuing authority makes such 10 a determination, it shall require as a condition of bail that the defendant refrain from entering the residence 11 12 or household of the victim, the victim's school, and the 13 victim's place of employment or otherwise contacting 14 the victim and/or minor child or household member in

- any manner whatsoever, and shall refrain from having
- any further contact with the victim. A violation of this
- 17 condition may be punishable by the forfeiture of bail
- 18 and the issuance of a bench warrant for the defendant's
- 19 arrest or remanding the defendant to custody or a
- 20 modification of the terms of bail.
- 21 (c) The clerk of the court issuing an order pursuant
- 22 to this section shall issue certified copies of the
- 23 conditions of bail to the victim upon request without
- 24 cost.
- 25 (d) Where a law-enforcement officer observes any
- 26 violation of bail condition, including the presence of the
- 27 defendant or at the home of the victim, the officer shall
- 28 immediately arrest the defendant, and detain the
- 29 defendant pending a hearing for revocation of bail.

ARTICLE 11A. RELEASE FOR WORK AND OTHER PURPOSES.

§62-11A-1. Release for work and other purposes by courts of record with criminal jurisdiction.

- 1 (1) When a defendant is sentenced or committed for
- 2 a term of one year or less by a court of record having
- 3 criminal jurisdiction, such court may in its order grant
- 4 to such defendant the privilege of leaving the jail during
- 5 necessary and reasonable hours for any of the following
- 6 purposes:
- 7 (a) To work at his employment;
- 8 (b) To seek employment;
- 9 (c) To conduct his own business or to engage in other
- self-employment, including, in the case of a woman,
- 11 housekeeping and attending to the needs of her family;
- 12 (d) To attend an educational institution;
- 13 (e) To obtain medical treatment;
- 14 (f) To devote time to any other purpose approved of
- 15 or ordered by the court, including participation in the
- 16 litter control program of the county unless the court
- 17 specifically finds that this alternative service would be
- 18 inappropriate.

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- 19 (2) Whenever an inmate who has been granted the 20 privilege of leaving the jail under this section is not 21 engaged in the activity for which such leave is granted, 22 he shall be confined in jail.
 - (3) An inmate sentenced to ordinary confinement may petition the court at any time after sentence for the privilege of leaving jail under this section and may renew his petition in the discretion of the court. The court may withdraw the privilege at any time by order entered with or without notice.
 - (4) If the inmate has been granted permission to leave the jail to seek or take employment, the court's probation officers, or if none, the state's division of corrections shall assist him in obtaining suitable employment and in making certain that employment already obtained is suitable. Employment shall not be deemed suitable if the wages or working conditions or other circumstances present a danger of exploitation or of interference in a labor dispute in the establishment in which the inmate would be employed.
- 39 (5) If an inmate is employed for wages or salary, the clerk of the court shall collect the same, or shall require 40 the inmate to turn over his wages or salary in full when 41 42 received, and shall deposit the same in a trust account 43 and shall keep a ledger showing the status of the account of each inmate. Earnings levied upon pursuant to writ 44 of attachment or execution or in other lawful manner 45 shall be collected from the employer and shall not be 46 collected hereunder, but when the clerk has requested 47 transmittal of earnings prior to levy, such request shall 48 49 have priority. When an employer transmits such 50 earnings to the clerk pursuant to this subsection he shall 51 have no liability to the inmate for such earnings. From such earnings the clerk shall pay the inmate's board and 52 53 personal expenses both inside and outside the jail and shall deduct installments on fines, if any, and, to the 54 55 extent directed by the court, shall pay the support of the 56 inmate's dependents: Provided, That at least twenty-five percent of the earnings collected by the clerk on behalf 57 of an inmate shall be paid for the support of such 58 inmate's dependents, if any. If sufficient funds are 59

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- available after making the foregoing payments, the clerk may, with the consent of the inmate, pay, in whole or in part, any unpaid debts of the inmate. Any balance shall be retained, and shall be paid to the inmate at the time of his discharge.
 - (6) An inmate who is serving his sentence pursuant to this section shall be eligible for a reduction of his term for good behavior and faithful performance of duties in the same manner as if he had served his term in ordinary confinement.
 - (7) The court shall not make an order granting the privilege of leaving the institution under this section unless it is satisfied that there are adequate facilities for the administration of such privilege in the jail or other institution in which the defendant will be confined.
 - (8) In every case wherein the defendant has been 75 convicted of an offense defined in section thirteen, 76 article eight, chapter sixty-one, articles eight-b and 77 eight-d, chapter sixty-one of this code, against a child, 78 the defendant shall not live in the same residence as any 79 minor child, nor exercise visitation with any minor child 80 and shall have no contact with the victim of the offense: 81 Provided. That the defendant may petition the court of 82 the circuit wherein he was so convicted for a modifica-83 tion of this term and condition of this probation and the 84 85 burden shall rest upon the defendant to demonstrate that a modification is in the best interest of the child. 86

ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.

§62-12-9. Conditions of release on probation.

§62-12-17. Conditions of release on parole.

§62-12-9. Conditions of release on probation.

- Release on probation shall be upon the following conditions:
- 3 (1) That the probationer shall not, during the term of 4 his probation, violate any criminal law of this or any 5 other state or of the United States.
- 6 (2) That he shall not, during the term of his probation, 7 leave the state without the consent of the court which

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- 8 placed him on probation.
- 9 (3) That he shall comply with the rules and regula-10 tions prescribed by the court or by the board of 11 probation and parole, as the case may be, for his 12 supervision by the probation officer.
- 13 (4) That in every case wherein the probationer has 14 been convicted of an offense defined in section thirteen. 15 article eight, chapter sixty-one, articles eight-b and 16 eight-d, chapter sixty-one of this code, against a child, 17 the probationer shall not live in the same residence as any minor child, nor exercise visitation with any minor 18 19 child, and shall have no contact with the victim of the 20 offense: Provided. That the probationer may petition the 21 court of the circuit wherein he was so convicted for a 22 modification of this term and condition of his probation 23 and the burden shall rest upon the probationer to 24 demonstrate that a modification is in the best interest 25 of the child.

In addition, the court may impose, subject to modification at any time, any other conditions which it may deem advisable, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- (1) That he shall make restitution or reparation, in whole or in part, immediately or within the period of probation, to any party injured by the crime for which he has been convicted.
 - (2) That he shall pay any fine assessed and the costs of the proceeding in such installments as the court may direct.
- (3) That he shall make contribution from his earnings, in such sums as the court may direct, for the support of his dependents.
- 40 (4) That he shall, in the discretion of the court, be
 41 required to serve a period of confinement in the county
 42 jail of the county in which he was convicted for a period
 43 not to exceed one third of the minimum sentence
 44 established by law or one third of the least possible
 45 period of confinement in an indeterminate sentence, but
 46 in no case shall such period of confinement exceed six

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consecutive months. The court shall have authority to sentence the defendant within such six-month period to intermittent periods of confinement including, but not limited to, weekends or holidays and may grant unto the defendant intermittent periods of release in order that he may work at his employment or for such other reasons or purposes as the court may deem appropriate: *Provided.* That the provisions of article eleven-a of this chapter shall not apply to such intermittent periods of confinement and release except to the extent that the court may direct. If a period of confinement is required as a condition of probation, the court shall make special findings that other conditions of probation are inade-quate and that a period of confinement is necessary.

§62-12-17. Conditions of release on parole.

Release on parole shall be upon the following conditions:

- (1) That the parolee shall not, during the period of his parole, violate any criminal law of this or any other state, or of the United States.
- (2) That he shall not, during the period of his parole, leave the state without the consent of the board.
- (3) That he shall comply with the rules and regulations prescribed by the board for his supervision by the probation and parole officer.
- (4) That in every case wherein the parolee has been convicted of an offense defined in section thirteen, article eight, chapter sixty-one; or articles eight-b and eight-d, chapter sixty-one of this code, against a child, the parolee shall not live in the same residence as any minor child, nor exercise visitation with any minor child, and shall have no contact with the victim of the offense: *Provided*, That the parolee may petition the court of the circuit wherein he was so convicted for a modification of this term and condition of his probation and the burden shall rest upon the parolee to demonstrate that a modification is in the best interest of the child.

In addition, the board may impose, subject to modification at any time, any other conditions which the board may deem advisable.

CHAPTER 53

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 36—By Senators Wiedebusch, Humphreys, Chafin, Anderson, Claypole, Minard, Felton, Helmick, Dittmar, Dalton, Wehrle, Holliday, Heck, Bailey, Chernenko, J. Manchin and Whitlow)

[Passed February 20, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article two. chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section one, article two-b of said chapter; and to further amend said article by adding thereto eight new sections, designated sections two. three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, relating to grandparent visitation; relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance: legislative findings; intent; grandparent visitation where divorce or separate maintenance is ordered; grandparent visitation upon abandonment or abrogation of visitation rights by parent or judicial preclusion of visitation; grandparent visitation when parent deceased; grandparent visitation when minor child has resided with grandparent; grandparent visitation where parents unwed: termination of grandparent visitation; attorney's fees, reasonable costs; and defining a misdemeanor offense of allowing contact between a minor and a person precluded visitation rights, and establishing the penalty therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section one, article two-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto eight new sections, designated sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Divorce, Annulment and Separate Maintenance.
- 2B. Grandparent Visitation.

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

*§48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.

- (a) Upon ordering a divorce or granting a decree of 1 . 2 separate maintenance, the court may require either party to pay alimony in the form of periodic 3 installments, or a lump sum, or both, for the 4 5 maintenance of the other party. Payments of alimony 6 and child support are to be ordinarily made from a 7 party's employment income and other recurring 8 earnings, but in cases where the employment income 9 and other recurring earnings are not sufficient to 10 adequately provide for payments of alimony and child 11 support, the court may, upon specific findings set forth 12 in the order, order the party required to make such 13 payments to make the same from the corpus of his or 14 her separate estate. An award of such relief shall not 15 be disproportionate to a party's ability to pay as 16 disclosed by the evidence before the court.
- 17 (b) Upon ordering the annulment of a marriage or a 18 divorce or granting of a decree of separate maintenance, 19 the court may further order all or any part of the 20 following relief:
- 21 (1) The court may provide for the custody of minor 22 children of the parties, subject to such rights of 23 visitation, both in and out of the residence of the 24 custodial parent or other person or persons having 25 custody, as may be appropriate under the 26 circumstances.
- 27 (2) The court may require either party to pay child 28 support in the form of periodic installments for the 29 maintenance of the minor children of the parties.
- 30 (3) As an incident to requiring the payment of 31 alimony or child support, the court may order either 32 party to continue in effect existing policies of insurance 33 covering the costs of health care and hospitalization of 34 the other party and the minor children of the parties:

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4389 (Chapter 52) and H. B. 4759 (Chapter 54), which passed subsequent to this act.

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Provided, That if the other party is no longer eligible to be covered by such insurance because of the granting of an annulment or divorce, the court may require a party to substitute such insurance with a new policy to cover the other party, or may consider the prospective cost of such insurance in awarding alimony to be paid in periodic installments. If there is no such existing policy or policies, the court shall order such health care insurance coverage to be paid for by the noncustodial parent, if the court determines that such health care insurance coverage is available to the noncustodial parent at a reasonable cost. Payments made to an insurer pursuant to this subdivision, either directly or by a deduction from wages, shall be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as the court shall direct; Provided, however. That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, then all such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony: Provided further. That the designation of insurance coverage as alimony under the provisions of this subdivision shall not, in and of itself, give rise to a subsequent modification of the order to provide for alimony other than insurance for covering the costs of health care and hospitalization.

(4) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony or child support, the court may grant the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home to one of the parties, together with all or a portion of the household goods, furniture and furnishings reasonably necessary for such use and occupancy. Such use and occupancy shall be for a definite period, ending at a specific time set forth in the order, subject to modification upon the petition of either party. Except in extraordinary cases supported by specific findings set forth in the order granting relief, a grant of the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home shall be limited to those situations where such use and occupancy is reasonably necessary to accommodate the

rearing of minor children of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of home loan installments, land contract payments, rent. payments for utility services, property taxes, insurance coverage, or other expenses or charges reasonably necessary for the use and occupancy of the marital domicile. Payments made to a third party pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided. That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, then all such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party. or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract.

- (5) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony, the court may grant the exclusive use and possession of one or more motor vehicles to either of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of automobile loan installments or insurance coverage if available at reasonable rates, and any such payments made pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be alimony or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, as the court may direct. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party, or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract.
- (6) Where the pleadings include a specific request for specific property or raise issues concerning the equitable division of marital property as defined in section one of this article, the court shall order such relief as may be required to effect a just and equitable distribution of the property and to protect the equitable interests of the parties therein.

- (7) Unless a contrary disposition be found appropriate and ordered pursuant to other provisions of this section. then upon the motion of either party, the court may compel the other party to deliver to the movant party any of his or her separate estate which may be in the possession or control of the respondent party, and may make such further order as is necessary to prevent either party from interfering with the separate estate of the other.
 - (8) The court may enjoin either party from the molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing any restraint on the personal liberty of the other, or interfering with the custodial or visitation rights of the other.
 - (9) The court may order either party to take necessary steps to transfer utility accounts and other accounts for recurring expenses from the name of one party into the name of the other party or from the joint names of the parties into the name of one party. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall affect the liability of the parties for indebtedness on any such account incurred before the transfer of such account.
 - (10) The court may, pursuant to the provisions of article two-b of this chapter, grant visitation rights to any grandparent of the minor children.
 - (c) In any case where an annulment or divorce is denied, the court shall retain jurisdiction of the case and may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
 - (d) In any case where a divorce or annulment is granted in this state upon constructive service of process, and personal jurisdiction is thereafter obtained of the defendant in such case, the court may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
- 155 (e) At any time after the entry of an order pursuant 156 to the provisions of this section, the court may, upon the

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verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter such order concerning the maintenance of the parties, or either of them, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the altered circumstances or needs of the parties may render necessary to meet the ends of justice. The court may also from time to time afterward, on the verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter such order to grant relief pursuant to subdivision (8), subsection (b) of this section, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the circumstances of the parties and the benefit of the children may require. The court may also from time to time afterward, on the verified petition of either of the parties or other proper person having actual or legal custody of the minor child or children of the parties, revise or alter such order concerning the custody and support of the children, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the circumstances of the parents or other proper person or persons and the benefit of the children may require: Provided. That an order providing for child support payments may be revised or altered for the reason, inter alia, that the existing order provides for child support payments in an amount that is less than eighty-five percent or more than one hundred fifteen percent of the amount that would be required to be paid under the child support guidelines promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section eight, article two, chapter fortyeight-a of this code. In granting relief under this subsection, the court may, where other means are not conveniently available, alter any prior order of the court with respect to the distribution of marital property, if such property is still held by the parties, and if necessary to give effect to a modification of alimony, child support or child custody or necessary to avoid an inequitable or unjust result which would be caused by the manner in which the modification will affect the prior distribution of marital property.

(f) In every case where a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to

continue beyond the death of the payor party or to cease in such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the death of the payor party or is to cease, or where the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the death of the payor party or cease.

- (g) In every case where a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or to cease in such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or is to cease, or where the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the remarriage of the payee party or cease.
- (h) In addition to the statement provided for in subsection (d), section thirteen of this article and in addition or in lieu of the disclosure requirements set forth in section thirty-three of this article, the court may order accounts to be taken as to all or any part of marital property or the separate estates of the parties, and may direct that the accounts be taken as of the date of the marriage, the date upon which the parties separated, or any other time deemed to be appropriate in assisting the court in the determination and equitable division of property.
- (i) In determining whether alimony is to be awarded, or in determining the amount of alimony, if any, to be awarded under the provisions of this section, the court shall consider and compare the fault or misconduct of either or both of the parties and the effect of such fault or misconduct as a contributing factor to the

- 240 deterioration of the marital relationship. However,
- 241 alimony shall not be awarded in any case where both
- 242 parties prove grounds for divorce and are denied a 243 divorce, nor shall an award of alimony under the
- 243 divorce, nor shall an award of alimony under the 244 provisions of this section be ordered which directs the
- provisions of this section be ordered which directs the payment of alimony to a party determined to be at fault,
- 246 when, as a grounds granting the divorce, such party is
- 247 determined by the court:
- 248 (1) To have committed adultery; or
- 249 (2) To have been convicted for the commission of a 250 crime which is a felony, subsequent to the marriage if 251 such conviction has become final; or
- 252 (3) To have actually abandoned or deserted his or her 253 spouse for six months.
- 254 (i) Whenever under the terms of this section or section 255 thirteen of this article a court enters an order requiring 256 the payment of alimony or child support, if the court 257 anticipates the payment of such alimony or child 258 support or any portion thereof to be paid out of "disposable retired or retainer pay" as that term is 259 260 defined in 10 U.S.C. §1408, relating to members or 261 former members of the uniformed services of the United States, the court shall specifically provide for the 262 263 payment of an amount, expressed in dollars or as a 264 percentage of disposable retired or retainer pay, from 265 the disposable retired or retainer pay of the payor party 266 to the pavee party.

ARTICLE 2B. GRANDPARENT VISITATION.

- §48-2B-1. Legislative findings; intent.
- §48-2B-2. Grandparent visitation where divorce or separate maintenance is ordered.
- §48-2B-3. Grandparent visitation upon abandonment or abrogation of visitation rights by parent or judicial preclusion of visitation.
- §48-2B-4. Grandparent visitation where parent deceased.
- §48-2B-5. Grandparent visitation when minor child has resided with grandparent.
- §48-2B-6. Grandparent visitation where parents unwed.
- §48-2B-7. Termination of grandparent visitation.
- \$48-2B-8. Attorney's fees; reasonable costs.
- §48-2B-9. Penalties for violation of order of visitation.

§48-2B-1. Legislative findings; intent.

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1 The Legislature finds that circumstances may arise 2 where it is appropriate for circuit courts of this state 3 to have jurisdiction to grant to the grandparents of 4 minor children a right of visitation to enhance the best 5 interests of the minor child or children as well as the 6 grandparent. The Legislature further finds that in such 7 situations, as in all situations involving children, the 8 best interests of children must be the paramount 9 consideration. It is the express intent of the Legislature 10 that the provisions for grandparent visitation set forth 11 in this article shall be exclusive and under all 12 circumstances the interests of the child or children 13 involved shall be the court's first and paramount 14 consideration.

§48-2B-2. Grandparent visitation where divorce or separate maintenance is ordered.

- 1 (a) A circuit court of this state, upon ordering a 2 divorce or an annulment or upon the granting of 3 separate maintenance pursuant to article two of this 4 chapter, may grant reasonable visitation rights to a grandparent of a minor child of the parties to the 5 divorce petitioning for visitation rights if the 6 grandparent is related to such minor child through a 7 8 party, and:
 - (1) The party to the divorce through which the grandparent is related to the minor child fails to answer or otherwise appear and defend the cause of action; or
 - (2) The whereabouts of the party through which the grandparent is related to the minor child are unknown to the party bringing the action and to the grandparent petitioning for visitation rights.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, where service of process in a divorce action is made by means other than personal service and the whereabouts of the party-defendant are unknown or the party-defendant fails to answer the complaint, notice of the action shall be made upon the grandparents of any minor child of the party whose whereabouts are unknown or who fails to answer the complaint to afford said grandparent or grandparents the opportunity to

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petition the court for visitation. Such notice shall be given at the time of the entry of a final order of divorce and shall be consistent with the provisions of rule four of the West Virginia rules of civil procedure. Any petition for grandparent visitation filed pursuant to this section shall be so filed within thirty days of the notice having been received.

(c) In determining the appropriateness of granting visitation rights to the grandparent, the court shall consider the amount of personal contact between the grandparent and minor child prior to the filing of the petition, whether or not the granting of visitation would interfere with the parent-child relationship and the overall effect on the minor child's best interests that the granting or denial of visitation would have.

§48-2B-3. Grandparent visitation upon abandonment or abrogation of visitation rights by parent or judicial preclusion of visitation.

- 1 (a) A grandparent may petition a circuit court, which 2 has entered a final order of divorce or annulment or has 3 granted a decree of separate maintenance, for an order 4 granting visitation rights with a minor grandchild 5 where:
 - (1) The parent through whom the grandparent is related to the minor grandchild is deemed the noncustodial parent of the minor child by virtue of the court's order regarding custody of the minor child;
- (2) The parent through whom the grandparent is 10 related to the minor child having been granted visitation 11 rights with the minor child refuses, fails or is unable 12 to avail himself or herself of the right of visitation for 13 14 a period of six months or more or has been precluded visitation rights by court order or is an active duty 15 member of the armed forces of the United States whose 16 permanent duty station is located more than one 17 hundred miles from the border of this state; and 18
- 19 (3) The petitioning grandparent has been refused 20 visitation with a minor grandchild by the custodial 21 parent for a period of six months or more.

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22 (b) In determining the appropriateness of granting visitation rights to a grandparent pursuant to this 23 24 section, the court shall consider the amount of personal 25 contact between the grandparent and minor child prior 26 to the filing of the petition, whether or not the granting of visitation would interfere with the parent-child 27 relationship and the overall effect of such visitation on 28 29 the minor child's best interest.

§48-2B-4. Grandparent visitation when parent deceased.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the 2 contrary, a grandparent may petition the circuit court 3 of the county of residence of any minor grandchild for 4 an order granting said grandparent reasonable visitation rights with the minor grandchild where the parent through whom the grandparent is related is 4 deceased.
- 8 (b) In determining the appropriateness of granting 9 visitation rights to a grandparent pursuant to this section, the court shall consider the amount of personal 10 contact between the grandparent and minor child prior 11 to the filing of the petition, whether or not the granting 12 of visitation would interfere with the parent-child 13 relationship and the overall effect of such visitation on 14 the minor child's best interest. 15

§48-2B-5. Grandparent visitation when minor child has resided with grandparent.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 2 contrary, a grandparent may petition the circuit court 3 of the county in which he or she resides for an order 4 granting said grandparent reasonable visitation rights 5 where:
 - (1) Said minor grandchild has resided without significant interruption with the grandparent with the parents residing elsewhere for a period of six consecutive months or more within the past two years;
- 10 (2) The minor grandchild is subsequently removed 11 from the home by a parent or parents; and
- 12 (3) The removing parent or parents have refused to

- 13 allow the petitioning grandparent visitation with the
- 14 minor child who formerly resided in the grandparent's
- 15 home.

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- 16 (b) If the circuit court determines that the
- 17 requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this section
- 18 have been shown, it shall grant such reasonable
- 19 visitation rights to the petitioning grandparent as may
- 20 be consistent with the minor child's best interests.

§48-2B-6. Grandparent visitation where parents unwed.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 2 contrary, a grandparent may petition the circuit court 3 of the county of residence of the minor child with whom 4 visitation is sought for an order granting said 5 grandparent reasonable visitation rights where:
 - (1) The child of said grandparent has been legally determined to be the parent of the minor child or the child of the grandparent has acknowledged paternity of the minor child through a sworn, notarized statement;
- 10 (2) The parent of the minor child through whom the 11 grandparent is related is precluded by court order from 12 visitation with the minor child or has failed to exercise 13 the right of visitation for a period of six months or more 14 or is an active duty member of the armed forces of the 15 United States whose permanent duty station is located 16 more than one hundred miles from the border of this 17 state: and
 - (3) The parent of the minor child who has custody of said child refuses to allow the petitioning grandparent reasonable visitation with the minor child.
- 21 (b) In determining the appropriateness of granting visitation rights to a grandparent pursuant to this 22 23 section, the court shall consider, where applicable, the 24 amount of personal contact between the grandparent and minor child prior to the filing of the petition, 25 whether or not the granting of visitation would interfere 26 with the parent-child relationship and the overall effect 27 of such visitation on the minor child's best interest. 28

§48-2B-7. Termination of grandparent visitation.

- 1 (a) Any circuit court which grants visitation rights to 2 a grandparent shall retain jurisdiction throughout the 3 minority of the minor child with whom visitation is 4 granted to modify or terminate such rights as dictated 5 by the best interests of the minor child.
- 6 (b) A circuit court shall, based upon a petition
 7 brought by an interested person, terminate any grant of
 8 the right of grandparent visitation upon presentation of
 9 clear and convincing evidence that a grandparent
 10 granted visitation has materially violated the terms and
 11 conditions of said order of visitation.

§48-2B-8. Attorney's fees; reasonable costs.

In an action brought under the provisions of this article, a circuit court may order payment of reasonable attorney's fees and costs based upon the equities of the positions asserted by the parties to pay such fees and costs.

§48-2B-9. Penalties for violation of order of visitation.

Any grandparent who knowingly allows contact 1 between the minor grandchild and a parent or other 2 person who has been precluded visitation rights with the 3 child by court order shall, in addition to any other 4 remedy under section seven of this article, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 6 confined in the county jail not more than thirty days or 7 fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than 8 one thousand dollars.

CHAPTER 54

(H. B. 4759—By Delegates Brown and Douglas)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eighteen, article two, chapter fortyeight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section thirtyone, article seven of said chapter; to amend and reenact section eighteen, article four, chapter twenty-three of said code; to amend article twenty-two, chapter twentynine by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-seven-a; to amend and reenact section three, article two, chapter thirty-three of said code; to amend and reenact sections one, fifteen, seventeen and thirtythree, article two, chapter forty-eight of said code; to amend and reenact section three, article one and sections one, four, six and seven, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of said code: to further amend said article two by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twenty-four and twenty-five; to amend and reenact section three, article three of said chapter fortyeight-a; to further amend said article three by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections nine and ten: to amend and reenact section one, article five and sections one and three, article six of said chapter fortyeight-a; and to amend article five, chapter sixty-one of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine, all relating to the enforcement of family obligations generally; authorizing the attachment of workers' compensation benefits for enforcing support orders; rearranging and clarifying certain current language; compelling the director of the lottery to forward certain prize moneys to the child advocate office and to enter into written agreements to establish such collection procedure: mandating the commissioner of insurance to enforce certain provisions; redefining certain terms; injunctive relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance; revising the process in which the recording of abstracts of support judgments become liens; establishing an accounting procedure; making a crime of false swearing for the deliberate failure to disclose assets; changing certain terminology consistent with government reorganization; exempting certain positions from civil service requirements; changing certain powers and duties of the director; directing employers to furnish certain information to the child advocate office; creating a crime for the failure to report such information and setting forth criminal penalties therefor; mandating all public and private entities to cooperate in locating missing parents; exceptions; prescribing duties of the children's advocate, subject to the supervision and control of the director of the child advocate office; revising duties of children's advocate with respect to investigation of support orders; providing that public agencies shall bill the child advocate office for fees and costs incurred; empowering the child advocate to subpoena certain information; authorizing the child advocate office to institute support and paternity proceedings; when child advocate may act on behalf of the department; revising conditions under which married women may file paternity actions: changing certain medical testing standards regarding paternity determination; when defendant may challenge tests; limiting period of time for additional testing; creating certain legal presumptions; providing for the admissibility of and weight to be given certain evidence: creating the crime of failing to meet an obligation to provide support; setting forth when such crime is a misdemeanor and when such crime is a felony; and establishing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be repealed; that section thirty-one, article seven of said chapter forty-eight-a be repealed; that section eighteen, article four, chapter twenty-three of said code be amended and reenacted; that article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-seven-a: that section three, article two, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, fifteen, seventeen and thirtythree, article two, chapter forty-eight of said code be amended and reenacted; that section three, article one, chapter fortyeight-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, four, six and seven, article two of said chapter forty-eighta be amended and reenacted; that said article two be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twenty-four and twenty-five; that section three, article three of said chapter forty-eight-a be amended and reenacted; that said article three be further amended by adding thereto

two new sections, designated sections nine and ten; that section one, article five, chapter forty-eight-a be amended and reenacted; that sections one and three, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that article five, chapter sixty-one of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 23. Workers' Compensation.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.
- 33. Insurance.
- 48. Domestic Relations.
- 48A. Enforcement of Family Obligations.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

CHAPTER 23. WORKERS' COMPENSATION.

ARTICLE 4. DISABILITY AND DEATH BENEFITS.

§23-4-18. Mode of paying benefits generally; exemptions of compensation from legal process.

1 Except as provided by this section, compensation shall

2 be paid only to such employees or their dependents, and

3 shall be exempt from all claims of creditors and from

4 any attachment, execution or assignment other than

5 compensation to counsel for legal services, under the

6 provisions of, and subject to the limitations contained in

7 section five, article five of this chapter, and other than

8 for the enforcement of orders for child or spousal

9 support entered pursuant to the provisions of chapters

10 forty-eight and forty-eight-a of this code. Payments may

be made in such periodic installments as determined by the commissioner in each case, but in no event less

13 frequently than semimonthly for any temporary award

and monthly for any permanent award. Payments for

15 permanent disability shall be paid on or before the third

day of the month in which they are due. In all cases

day of the month in which they are due. In all cases

17 where compensation is awarded or increased, the

18 amount thereof shall be calculated and paid from the

19 date of disability.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 22. STATE LOTTERY ACT.

§29-22-27a. Payment of prizes to the child advocate office.

- 1 (a) Upon notification by the child advocate office that
 2 a person entitled to a prize or any winning ticket is
 3 delinquent in the payment of child support or spousal
 4 support, the director shall forward to the child advocate
 5 office such portion of any prize distributed directly from
 6 the state lottery office and that is available to pay all
 7 or any portion of the delinquent support payment.
- (b) The director shall enter into a written agreement with the child advocate office for the purpose of establishing a procedure for the collection of prizes as set forth in subsection (a) of this section which shall include a method by which the child advocate office may receive the names of lottery winners as expeditiously as possible.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

ARTICLE 2. INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

*§33-2-3. Duties of the commissioner; employment of legal counsel.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall enforce the provisions of this chapter and perform the duties required there-2 under: shall affix the commissioner's official seal to all 3 documents and papers required to be filed in other 4 states by domestic insurers and to other papers when an 5 6 official seal is required; and shall, on or before the tenth 7 day of each month, pay into the state treasury all fees and moneys which he or she has received during the 8 9 preceding calendar month.
- 10 (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, the commissioner may acquire such legal services as are deemed necessary, including representation of the commissioner before any court or administrative body. Such counsel may be employed either on a salaried basis or on a reasonable fee basis.

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4666 (Chapter 108), which passed prior to this act.

- 16 In addition, the commissioner may call upon the
- 17 attorney general for legal assistance and representation
- 18 as provided by law.

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

- §48-2-1. Definitions.
- §48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.
- §48-2-17. Recordation of an abstract of an order for alimony, child support or separate maintenance.
- §48-2-33. Disclosure of assets required.

§48-2-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Alimony" means the allowance which a person
- 2 pays to or in behalf of the support of his or her spouse
- 3 or divorced spouse while they are separated or after they
- 4 are divorced. The payment of alimony may be required
- 5 by court order or by the terms of a separation
- 6 agreement. Alimony may be paid in a lump sum or paid
- 7 in installments as periodic alimony. Alimony includes
- 8 temporary alimony as that term is used in section
- 9 thirteen of this article, as well as alimony as that term
- 10 is used in section fifteen of this article and elsewhere
- 11 throughout this article.
- 12 (b) "Antenuptial agreement" or "prenuptial
- 13 agreement" means an agreement between a man and
- 14 woman before marriage, but in contemplation and
- 15 generally in consideration of marriage, whereby the
- 16 property rights and interests of the prospective husband
- and wife, or both of them, are determined, or where
- 18 property is secured to either or both of them, to their
- 19 separate estate, or to their children or other persons. An
- to separate estate, or to men emitted of other persons. Ith
- 20 antenuptial agreement may include provisions which
- 21 define the respective property rights of the parties
- 22 during the marriage, or in the event of the death of
- 23 either or both of the parties, and may provide for the
- 24 disposition of marital property upon an annulment of
- 25 the marriage or a divorce or separation of the parties.
- 26 A prenuptial agreement is void if at the time it is made
- 27 either of the parties is a minor.

- (c) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages. salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes periodic payments pursuant to a pension or retirement program. "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of any individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amounts required by law to be withheld.
 - (d) "Income" includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (1) Commissions, earnings, salaries, wages, and other income due or to be due in the future to an individual from his employer and successor employers;
 - (2) Any payment due or to be due in the future to an individual from a profit-sharing plan, a pension plan, an insurance contract, an annuity, social security, unemployment compensation, supplemental employment benefits, workers' compensation benefits, state lottery winnings and prizes, and overtime pay;
 - (3) Any amount of money which is owing to an individual as a debt from an individual, partnership, association, public or private corporation, the United States or any federal agency, this state or any political subdivision of this state, any other state or a political subdivision of another state, or any other legal entity which is indebted to the obligor.
 - (e) "Marital property" means:
 - (1) All property and earnings acquired by either spouse during a marriage, including every valuable right and interest, corporeal or incorporeal, tangible or intangible, real or personal, regardless of the form of ownership, whether legal or beneficial, whether individually held, held in trust by a third party, or whether held by the parties to the marriage in some form of co-ownership such as joint tenancy or tenancy in common, joint tenancy with the right of survivorship, or any other form of shared ownership recognized in other jurisdictions without this state, except that marital property shall not include separate property as

67 defined in subsection (f) of this section; and

(2) The amount of any increase in value in the separate property of either of the parties to a marriage, which increase results from (A) an expenditure of funds which are marital property, including an expenditure of such funds which reduces indebtedness against separate property, extinguishes liens, or otherwise increases the net value of separate property, or (B) work performed by either or both of the parties during the marriage.

The definitions of "marital property" contained in this subsection and "separate property" contained in subsection (f) of this section shall have no application outside of the provisions of this article, and the common law as to the ownership of the respective property and earnings of a husband and wife, as altered by the provisions of article three of this chapter and other provisions of this code, are not abrogated by implication or otherwise, except as expressly provided for by the provisions of this article as such provisions are applied in actions brought under this article or for the enforcement of rights under this article.

- (f) "Separate property" means:
- (1) Property acquired by a person before marriage; or
- (2) Property acquired by a person during marriage in exchange for separate property which was acquired before the marriage; or
- (3) Property acquired by a person during marriage, but excluded from treatment as marital property by a valid agreement of the parties entered into before or during the marriage; or
- (4) Property acquired by a party during marriage by gift, bequest, devise, descent or distribution; or
- 99 (5) Property acquired by a party during a marriage 100 but after the separation of the parties and before the 101 granting of a divorce, annulment or decree of separate 102 maintenance; or
- 103 (6) Any increase in the value of separate property as defined in subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5) of this

- subsection which is due to inflation or to a change in market value resulting from conditions outside the control of the parties.
- 108 (g) "Separation" or "separation of the parties" means 109 the separation of the parties next preceding the filing 110 of an action under the provisions of this article, which 111 separation continues, without the parties cohabiting or 112 otherwise living together as husband and wife, and 113 without interruption.
- (h) "Separation agreement" means a written 114 115 agreement entered into by a husband and wife whereby 116 they agree to live separate and apart from each other 117 and, in connection therewith, agree to settle their 118 property rights; or to provide for the custody and 119 support of their minor child or children, if any; or to 120 provide for the payment or waiver of alimony by either 121 party to the other; or to otherwise settle and compromise 122 issues arising out of their marital rights and obligations. 123 Insofar as an antenuptial agreement as defined in 124 subsection (b) of this section affects the property rights 125 of the parties or the disposition of property upon an 126 annulment of the marriage, or a divorce or separation 127 of the parties, such antenuptial agreement shall be 128 regarded as a separation agreement under the 129 provisions of this article.

*§48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.

1 (a) Upon ordering a divorce or granting a decree of 2 separate maintenance, the court may require either party to pay alimony in the form of periodic installments, or a lump sum, or both, for the maintenance of 4 the other party. Payments of alimony and child support 5 are to be ordinarily made from a party's employment 6 income and other recurring earnings, but in cases where 7 the employment income and other recurring earnings 8 are not sufficient to adequately provide for payments of 9 alimony and child support, the court may, upon specific 10

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 36 (Chapter 53) which passed prior to this act, and by H. B. 4389 (Chapter 52), which passed subsequent to this act.

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- findings set forth in the order, order the party required to make such payments to make the same from the corpus of his or her separate estate. An award of such relief shall not be disproportionate to a party's ability to pay as disclosed by the evidence before the court.
 - (b) Upon ordering the annulment of a marriage or a divorce or granting of decree of separate maintenance, the court may further order all or any part of the following relief:
 - (1) The court may provide for the custody of minor children of the parties, subject to such rights of visitation, both in and out of the residence of the custodial parent or other person or persons having custody, as may be appropriate under the circumstances.
 - (2) The court may require either party to pay child support in the form of periodic installments for the maintenance of the minor children of the parties.
 - (3) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony or child support, the court may order either party to continue in effect existing policies of insurance covering the costs of health care and hospitalization of the other party and the minor children of the parties: Provided, That if the other party is no longer eligible to be covered by such insurance because of the granting of an annulment or divorce, the court may require a party to substitute such insurance with a new policy to cover the other party, or may consider the prospective cost of such insurance in awarding alimony to be paid in periodic installments. If there is no such existing policy or policies, the court shall order such health care insurance coverage to be paid for by the noncustodial parent, if the court determines that such health care insurance coverage is available to the noncustodial parent at a reasonable cost. Payments made to an insurer pursuant to this subdivision, either directly or by a deduction from wages, shall be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided, however. That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of

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such payments is to be deemed child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, then all such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony: *Provided further*, That the designation of insurance coverage as alimony under the provisions of this subdivision shall not, in and of itself, give rise to a subsequent modification of the order to provide for alimony other than insurance for covering the costs of health care and hospitalization.

(4) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony or child support, the court may grant the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home to one of the parties, together with all or a portion of the household goods, furniture and furnishings reasonably necessary for such use and occupancy. Such use and occupancy shall be for a definite period, ending at a specific time set forth in the order, subject to modification upon the petition of either party. Except in extraordinary cases supported by specific findings set forth in the order granting relief, a grant of the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home shall be limited to those situations where such use and occupancy is reasonably necessary to accommodate the rearing of minor children of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of home loan installments, land contract payments, rent, payments for utility services, property taxes, insurance coverage, or other expenses or charges reasonably necessary for the use and occupancy of the marital domicile. Payments made to a third party pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be alimony, child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, in such proportion as the court shall direct: Provided. That if the court does not set forth in the order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, then all such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party.

or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract.

- (5) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony, the court may grant the exclusive use and possession of one or more motor vehicles to either of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of automobile loan installments or insurance coverage if available at reasonable rates, and any such payments made pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be alimony or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, as the court may direct. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party, or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract.
- (6) Where the pleadings include a specific request for specific property or raise issues concerning the equitable division of marital property as defined in section one of this article, the court shall order such relief as may be required to effect a just and equitable distribution of the property and to protect the equitable interests of the parties therein.
- (7) Unless a contrary disposition be found appropriate and ordered pursuant to other provisions of this section, then upon the motion of either party, the court may compel the other party to deliver to the movant party any of his or her separate estate which may be in the possession or control of the respondent party, and may make such further order as is necessary to prevent either party from interfering with the separate estate of the other.
- (8) The court shall, when allegations of abuse have been proven, enjoin the offending party from molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing any restraint on the personal liberty of the other, or interfering with the custodial or visitation rights of the other. Such order may permanently enjoin the offending party from entering the school, business or place of employment of the other for the purpose of molesting or

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- harassing the other; or from contacting the other, in person or by telephone, for the purpose of harassment or threats; or from harassing or verbally abusing the other in a public place.
 - (9) The court may order either party to take necessary steps to transfer utility accounts and other accounts for recurring expenses from the name of one party into the name of the other party or from the joint names of the parties into the name of one party. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall affect the liability of the parties for indebtedness on any such account incurred before the transfer of such account.
 - (c) In any case where an annulment or divorce is denied, the court shall retain jurisdiction of the case and may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
 - (d) In any case where a divorce or annulment is granted in this state upon constructive service of process, and personal jurisdiction is thereafter obtained of the defendant in such case, the court may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
 - (e) At any time after the entry of an order pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court may, upon the verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter such order concerning the maintenance of the parties, or either of them, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the altered circumstances or needs of the parties may render necessary to meet the ends of justice. The court may also from time to time afterward, on the verified petition of either of the parties, revise or alter such order to grant relief pursuant to subdivision (8), subsection (b) of this section. and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the circumstances of the parties and the benefit of children may require. The court may also from time to time afterward, on the verified petition of either of the parties or other proper person having

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actual or legal custody of the minor child or children of the parties, revise or alter such order concerning the custody and support of the children, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the circumstances of the parents or other proper person or persons and the benefit of the children may require: Provided, That an order providing for child support payments may be revised or altered for the reason, inter alia, that the existing order provides for child support payments in an amount that is less than eighty-five percent or more than one hundred fifteen percent of the amount that would be required to be paid under the child support guidelines promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section eight, article two, chapter fortyeight-a of this code. In granting relief under this subsection, the court may, where other means are not conveniently available, alter any prior order of the court with respect to the distribution of marital property, if such property is still held by the parties, and if necessary to give effect to a modification of alimony, child support or child custody or necessary to avoid an inequitable or unjust result which would be caused by the manner in which the modification will affect the prior distribution of marital property.

- (f) In every case where a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the death of the payor party or to cease in such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the death of the payor party or is to cease, or where the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the death of the payor party or cease.
- (g) In every case where a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to

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- ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or to cease in such event. Where alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the remarriage of the pavee party or is to cease, or where the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded. the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the remarriage of the payee party or cease.
 - (h) In addition to the statement provided for in subsection (d), section thirteen of this article and in addition or in lieu of the disclosure requirements set forth in section thirty-three of this article, the court may order accounts to be taken as to all or any part of marital property or the separate estates of the parties, and may direct that the accounts be taken as of the date of the marriage, the date upon which the parties separated, or any other time deemed to be appropriate in assisting the court in the determination and equitable division of property.
 - (i) In determining whether alimony is to be awarded, or in determining the amount of alimony, if any, to be awarded under the provisions of this section, the court shall consider and compare the fault or misconduct of either or both of the parties and the effect of such fault or misconduct as a contributing factor to the deterioration of the marital relationship. However, alimony shall not be awarded in any case where both parties prove grounds for divorce and are denied a divorce, nor shall an award of alimony under the provisions of this section be ordered which directs the payment of alimony to a party determined to be at fault, when, as a grounds granting the divorce, such party is determined by the court:
 - (1) To have committed adultery; or
 - (2) To have been convicted for the commission of a crime which is a felony, subsequent to the marriage if such conviction has become final; or

- 255 (3) To have actually abandoned or deserted his or her spouse for six months.
- 257 (i) Whenever under the terms of this section or section 258 thirteen of this article a court enters an order requiring 259 the payment of alimony or child support, if the court anticipates the payment of such alimony or child 260 support or any portion thereof to be paid out of 261 "disposable retired or retainer pay" as that term is 262 defined in 10 U.S.C. §1408, relating to members or 263 264 former members of the uniformed services of the United 265 States, the court shall specifically provide for the payment of an amount, expressed in dollars or as a 266 percentage of disposable retired or retainer pay, from 267 268 the disposable retired or retainer pay of the payor party to the payee party. 269

§48-2-17. Recordation of an abstract of an order for alimony, child support or separate maintenance.

- (a) An order for alimony, child support, or separate 1 maintenance shall not give rise to a lien on any real 2 estate of the person against whom the order is entered 3 until the procedures set forth in this section are 4 complied with. An abstract of the order may be 5 recorded in the office of the clerk of the county 7 commission in the county wherein such real property is situate without constituting a lien against such real 8 property, until the person entitled to receive such 9 alimony, child support or separate maintenance presents 10 for recordation with the clerk an affidavit which sets 11 forth allegations that the person required to pay such 12 alimony, child support or separate maintenance is in 13 arrears in such payment for a period of not less than 14 15 thirty days.
- 16 (b) Notice of the recordation of the abstract and
 17 affidavit shall be given to the person against whom the
 18 order is entered by first class mail to his or her last
 19 known address. The notice shall inform the person
 20 against whom the order is entered of his or her right
 21 to require the filing of an accounting and the right to
 22 contest the accounting, as provided for in subsection (d)

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23 of this section.

- (c) The abstract of the order and the affidavit shall be recorded in the same manner as other abstracts of judgments are recorded, but shall not constitute a lien unless both the abstract and affidavit are recorded. The abstract of judgment shall contain the name of the parties to the action in which the order of alimony, child support or separate maintenance was entered, the name of the party in whose favor such award was made, the date of the judgment and the court which rendered such judgment. In no event shall the judgment order, in its entirety, be recorded.
- 35 (d) The person against whom the order is entered 36 may, at any time, by notice in writing, require the other 37 party to file an accounting, in the office of the clerk of the circuit court, of the matured, unpaid installments of 38 39 alimony, child support or separate maintenance alleged 40 to be due and owing as of the date of recordation of the 41 abstract of the order. Such accounting shall also be 42 mailed, by first class mail, to the other party. If the 43 party from whom the accounting is requested fails to file 44 the accounting, within ten days after receipt of the 45 written notice to do so, the lien created by such affidavit shall be discharged and extinguished. If the person 46 against whom the order is entered desires to contest the 47 accounting, then he or she shall, within fourteen days 48 49 of the filing of the accounting, inform the other party 50 in writing of the reasons that the accounting is contested 51 and obtain a date for a hearing before the family law 52 master. Forms for accounting and for the notices 53 required by the provisions of this subsection shall be 54 prescribed by the administrative office of the supreme 55 court of appeals and made available through the office 56 of the clerk of the circuit court. The lien created by such 57 recording shall be effective as to the amount of any 58 judgment rendered in such proceeding regardless of 59 whether such judgment be for less or more than the sum 60 contained in the accounting.
 - (e) The provisions of this section restricting the right of recordation of judgment orders shall not be deemed to limit the right of any person to record a judgment

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for a sum certain for past-due alimony, child support orseparate maintenance.

§48-2-33. Disclosure of assets required.

- 1 (a) In addition to any discovery ordered by the court 2 pursuant to rule eighty-one of the rules of civil 3 procedure, the court may, or upon pleadings or motion 4 of either party, the court shall, require each party to 5 furnish, on such standard forms as the court may 6 require, full disclosure of all assets owned in full or in 7 part by either party separately or by the parties jointly. 8 Such disclosure may be made by each party individually 9 or by the parties jointly. Assets required to be disclosed 10 shall include, but shall not be limited to, real property, 11 savings accounts, stocks and bonds, mortgages and 12 notes, life insurance, health insurance coverage, interest in a partnership or corporation, tangible personal 13 14 property, income from employment, future interests 15 whether vested or nonvested, and any other financial 16 interest or source. The court may also require each 17 party to furnish, on the same standard form, 18 information pertaining to all debts and liabilities of the 19 parties. The form used shall contain a statement in conspicuous print that complete disclosure of assets and 20 21 debts is required by law and deliberate failure to 22 provide complete disclosure as ordered by the court 23 constitutes false swearing. The court may on its own 24 initiative and shall at the request of either party require 25 the parties to furnish copies of all state and federal income tax returns filed by them for the past two years, 26 27 and may require copies of such returns for prior years.
 - (b) Disclosure forms required under this section shall be filed within forty days after the service of summons or at such other time as ordered by the court. Information contained on such forms shall be updated on the record to the date of hearing.
 - (c) Information disclosed under this section shall be confidential and may not be made available to any person for any purpose other than the adjudication, appeal, modification or enforcement of judgment of an action affecting the family of the disclosing parties. The

court shall include in any order compelling disclosure of assets such provisions as the court considers necessary to preserve the confidentiality of the information ordered disclosed.

- (d) Upon the failure by either party timely to file a complete disclosure statement as may be required by this section, the court may accept the statement of the other party as accurate.
- (e) If any party deliberately or negligently fails to disclose information which may be required by this section and in consequence thereof any asset or assets with a fair market value of five hundred dollars or more is omitted from the final distribution of property, the party aggrieved by such nondisclosure may at any time petition a court of competent jurisdiction to declare the creation of a constructive trust as to all undisclosed assets, for the benefit of the parties and their minor or dependent children, if any, with the party in whose name the assets are held declared the constructive trustee, such trust to include such terms and conditions as the court may determine. The court shall impose the trust upon a finding of a failure to disclose such assets as required under this section.
- (f) Any assets with a fair market value of five hundred dollars or more which would be considered part of the estate of either or both of the parties if owned by either or both of them at the time of the action, but which was transferred for inadequate consideration, wasted, given away or otherwise unaccounted for by one of the parties. within five years prior to the filing of the petition or length of the marriage, whichever is shorter, shall be presumed to be part of the estate and shall be subject to the disclosure requirement contained in this section. With respect to such transfers the spouse shall have the same right and remedies as a creditor whose debt was contracted at the time the transfer was made under article one-a, chapter forty of this code. Transfers which resulted in an exchange of assets of substantially equivalent value need not be specifically disclosed where such assets are otherwise identified in the statement of net worth.

- 79 (g) A person who knowingly provides incorrect
- information or who deliberately fails to disclose 80
- 81 information pursuant to the provisions of this section is 82 guilty of false swearing.

CHAPTER 48A. ENFORCEMENT OF FAMILY OBLIGATIONS.

Article

- General Provisions. 1.
- West Virginia Child Advocate Office.
- 3. Children's Advocate.
- 5. Remedies for the Enforcement of Support Obligations and Visitation.
- 6. Establishment of Paternity.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§48A-1-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this chapter:
 - (1) "Automatic data processing and retrieval system"
 - 3 means a computerized data processing system designed
 - 4 to do the following:
 - 5 (A) To control, account for and monitor all of the
 - 6 factors in the support enforcement collection and
 - 7 paternity determination process, including, but not
 - limited to: 8
- (i) Identifiable correlation factors (such as social 9 10 security numbers, names, dates of birth, home addresses
- and mailing addresses of any individual with respect to 11
- whom support obligations are sought to be established
- 12 13 or enforced and with respect to any person to whom such
- support obligations are owing) to assure sufficient 14
- compatibility among the systems of different 15
- jurisdictions to permit periodic screenings to determine 16
- whether such individual is paying or is obligated to pay 17
- support in more than one jurisdiction; 18
- (ii) Checking of records of such individuals on a 19
- periodic basis with federal, interstate, intrastate and 20
- local agencies: 21
- (iii) Maintaining the data necessary to meet 22
- applicable federal reporting requirements on a timely 23

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- 24 basis; and
 - (iv) Delinquency and enforcement activities;
- 26 (B) To control, account for and monitor the collection 27 and distribution of support payments (both interstate 28 and intrastate), the determination, collection and 29 distribution of incentive payments (both interstate and 30 intrastate), and the maintenance of accounts receivable 31 on all amounts owed, collected and distributed:
 - (C) To control, account for and monitor the costs of all services rendered, either directly or by exchanging information with state agencies responsible for maintaining financial management and expenditure information;
 - (D) To provide access to the records of the department of health and human resources or aid to families with dependent children in order to determine if a collection of a support payment causes a change affecting eligibility for or the amount of aid under such program;
 - (E) To provide for security against unauthorized access to, or use of, the data in such system;
 - (F) To facilitate the development and improvement of the income withholding and other procedures designed to improve the effectiveness of support enforcement through the monitoring of support payments, the maintenance of accurate records regarding the payment of support, and the prompt provision of notice to appropriate officials with respect to any arrearages in support payments which may occur; and
 - (G) To provide management information on all cases from initial referral or application through collection and enforcement.
 - (2) "Chief judge" means the following:
- 56 (A) The circuit judge in a judicial circuit having only 57 one circuit judge, except for the twenty-third and thirty-58 first judicial circuits;
- 59 (B) In the twenty-third and thirty-first judicial 60 circuits, a chief judge designated by the judges thereof

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- from among themselves by general order, to act as chief judge for both circuits for the purposes of this chapter:

 Provided, That if the judges cannot agree as to who shall act as chief judge, then a chief judge shall be designated for the purposes of this chapter by the supreme court of appeals; or
 - (C) The chief judge of the circuit court in a judicial circuit having two or more circuit judges.
 - (3) "Child advocate office" means the office within the department of health and human resources created under the provisions of article two of this chapter, intended by the Legislature to be the single and separate organizational unit of state government administering programs of child and spousal support enforcement and meeting the staffing and organizational requirements of the secretary of the federal department of health and human services.
 - (4) "Children's advocate" or "advocate" means a person appointed to such position under the provisions of section two, article three of this chapter.
 - (5) "Court" means a circuit court of this state, unless the context in which such term is used clearly indicates that reference to some other court is intended. For the purposes of this chapter, the circuit courts of the twentythird and thirty-first judicial circuits shall be considered as being in a single judicial circuit.
 - (6) "Court of competent jurisdiction" means a circuit court within this state, or a court or administrative agency of another state having jurisdiction and due legal authority to deal with the subject matter of the establishment and enforcement of support obligations. Whenever in this chapter reference is made to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction, or similar wording, such language shall be interpreted so as to include orders of an administrative agency entered in a state where enforceable orders may by law be properly made and entered by such administrative agency.
 - · (7) "Custodial parent" or "custodial parent of a child" means a parent who has been granted custody of a child

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- by a court of competent jurisdiction. "Noncustodial parent" means a parent of a child with respect to whom custody has been adjudicated with the result that such parent has not been granted custody of the child.
 - (8) "Domestic relations matter" means any circuit court proceeding involving child custody, child visitation, child support or alimony.
 - (9) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes periodic payments pursuant to a pension or retirement program. "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of any individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amounts required by law to be withheld.
 - (10) "Employer" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, association, public or private corporation, the United States or any federal agency, this state or any political subdivision of this state, any other state or a political subdivision of another state, and any other legal entity which hires and pays an individual for his services.
- 122 (11) "Guardian of the property of a child" means a 123 person lawfully invested with the power, and charged 124 with the duty, of managing and controlling the estate 125 of a child.
- 126 (12) "Income" includes, but is not limited to, the 127 following:
- 128 (A) Commissions, earnings, salaries, wages and other 129 income due or to be due in the future to an obligor from 130 his employer and successor employers;
 - (B) Any payment due or to be due in the future to an obligor from a profit-sharing plan, a pension plan, an insurance contract, an annuity, social security, unemployment compensation, supplemental employment benefits, workers' compensation benefits, state lottery winnings and prizes, and overtime pay;
 - (C) Any amount of money which is owing to the

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- obligor as a debt from an individual, partnership, association, public or private corporation, the United States or any federal agency, this state or any political subdivision of this state, any other state or a political subdivision of another state, or any other legal entity which is indebted to the obligor.
 - (13) "Individual entitled to support enforcement services under the provisions of this chapter" means:
 - (A) An individual who has applied for or is receiving services from the child advocate office and who is the custodial parent of a child, or the primary caretaker of a child, or the guardian of the property of a child when:
 - (i) Such child has a parent and child relationship with an obligor who is not such custodial parent, primary caretaker or guardian; and
 - (ii) The obligor with whom the child has a parent and child relationship is not meeting an obligation to support the child, or has not met such obligation in the past; or
- 156 (B) An individual who has applied for or is receiving 157 services from the child advocate office and who is an 158 adult or an emancipated minor whose spouse or former spouse has been ordered by a court of competent 159 160 jurisdiction to pay spousal support to the individual, 161 whether such support is denominated alimony or separate maintenance, or is identified by some other 162 163 terminology, thus establishing a support obligation with respect to such spouse, when the obligor required to pay 164 such spousal support is not meeting the obligation, or 165 166 has not met such obligation in the past.
 - (14) "Master" or "family law master" means a person appointed to such position under the provisions of section one, article four of this chapter.
 - (15) "Obligee" means an individual to whom a duty of support is owed, or the state of West Virginia or the department of health and human resources, if support has been assigned to the state or department.
- 174 (16) "Obligor" means a person who owes a legal duty 175 to support another person.

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- 176 (17) "Office of the children's advocate" means the 177 office created in section two, article three of this 178 chapter.
- 179 (18) "Primary caretaker of a child" means a parent 180 or other person having actual physical custody of a child 181 without a court order granting such custody, and who 182 has been primarily responsible for exercising parental 183 rights and responsibilities with regard to such child.
- 184 (19) "Source of income" means an employer or 185 successor employer or any other person who owes or will 186 owe income to an obligor.
- 187 (20) "Support" means the payment of money including interest:
- (A) For a child or spouse, ordered by a court of 189 competent jurisdiction, whether the payment is ordered 190 191 in an emergency, temporary, permanent or modified order, decree or judgment of such court, and the amount 192 of unpaid support shall bear interest from the date it 193 194 accrued, at a rate of ten dollars upon one hundred dollars per annum, and proportionately for a greater or 195 196 lesser sum, or for a longer or shorter time;
 - (B) To third parties on behalf of a child or spouse, including, but not limited to, payments to medical, dental or educational providers, payments to insurers for health and hospitalization insurance, payments of residential rent or mortgage payments, payments on an automobile, or payments for day care; and/or
- 203 (C) For a mother, ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, for the necessary expenses incurred by or for the mother in connection with her confinement or of other expenses in connection with the pregnancy of the mother.
- 208 (21) "Support order" means any order of a court of 209 competent jurisdiction for the payment of support, 210 whether or not for a sum certain.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD ADVOCATE OFFICE.

§48A-2-1. Reestablishment of the West Virginia child advocate office.

§48A-2-4. Director; appointment; qualifications; oath of office; director not to hold other office or engage in political activity.

- §48A-2-6. Organization of the child advocate office.
- §48A-2-7. Powers and duties of the director; advisory council.
- §48A-2-24. Employment and income reporting.
- §48A-2-25. Access to information.

*§48A-2-1. Reestablishment of the West Virginia child advocate office.

- (a) There is hereby established within the department 1 2 of health and human resources the child advocate office.
- 3 (b) After having conducted a performance and fiscal 4 audit through its joint committee on government
- 5 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter
- four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and 6
- 7 declares the child advocate office should be continued
- 8 and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the
- 9 provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this
- code, the child advocate office shall continue to exist 10
- until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 11
- 12 ninety-three, so that the joint committee on government
- 13 operations may monitor compliance by the child
- 14 advocate office with the recommendations of the
- 15 performance audit.

§48A-2-4. Director: appointment: qualifications: oath of office; director not to hold other office or engage in political activity.

- 1 (a) There shall be a director of the child advocate
- 2 office who shall be appointed by the secretary of the 3 department of health and human resources. The salary
- 4 of the director shall be set by the commissioner and be
- paid with funds of the office. The director shall be 5
- allowed and paid necessary expenses incident to the 6 7
 - performance of his or her official duties.
- 8 (b) The director shall be selected with special reference and consideration given to his or her training, 9
- experience, capacity and interest in or relating to the 10
- child and spousal support enforcement programs 11
- administered by the child advocate office. 12
- (c) Before entering upon the duties of his or her office. 13

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 139 (Chapter 200). which passed prior to this act.

- 14 the director shall take and subscribe to the oath of office 15 prescribed by section five, article IV of the West 16 Virginia constitution, and shall execute a corporate 17 surety bond in the sum of fifteen thousand dollars for 18 the faithful performance of his or her duties. The bond 19 shall be in the form prescribed by the attorney general 20 and approved by the governor, and both the certificate 21 of the oath and the bond shall be filed with the secretary 22 of state. Premiums upon the bond shall be paid out of 23 the funds of the child advocate office.
- 24 (d) The director shall not be a candidate for, or hold. 25 any other public office or public employment under the 26 federal government, or the government of this state or 27 any of its political subdivisions, or be a member or 28 officer of any political party committee, or serve as an election official, or engage in any political activity, other 29 than to vote, in behalf of, or in opposition to, any 30 31 candidate, or political party in an election. Any violation 32 by the director of the provisions of this paragraph shall be cause for removal from office. 33

§48A-2-6. Organization of the child advocate office.

- (a) Within limits of state appropriations and federal 1 2 grants and subject to provisions of state and federal 3 laws, rules and regulations, the director shall organize the office into appropriate administrative units which 4 shall be operationally and functionally distinct and 5 separate from any other units or programs of the 6 department of health and human resources so that 7 employees of the office shall not be required to perform 8 9 functions or duties of the department which are outside the scope of activities of the child advocate office as 10 defined in this chapter. Consistent with the 11 requirements of article six, chapter twenty-nine of this 12 code, the director shall appoint and employ for the office 13 such assistants and employees, as may in his or her 14 judgment be necessary or desirable to carry out fully 15 and in an orderly, efficient and economical manner the 16 powers, duties and responsibilities of the office. 17
- 18 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections three 19 and four, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code

- 20 relating to the manner in which additions are made to
- 21 the list of positions in the classified service, and any
- 22 other provision of this code to the contrary, the positions
- 23 held by employees of the office shall be positions in the
- 24 classified service except for children's advocate,
- 25 assistant children's advocate, the director's secretary
- and those positions named in subdivisions (2), (3), (4), (9)
- 27 and (12), subsection (a) of said section four.

§48A-2-7. Powers and duties of the director; advisory council.

- 1 (a) The director may promulgate legislative rules in
- 2 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter
- 3 twenty-nine-a of this code where such rules are required
- 4 to implement the provisions of this chapter.
- 5 (b) The director shall annually prepare a proposed
- 6 budget for the next fiscal year. Such budget shall
- 7 include all sums necessary to support the activities of
- 8 the child advocate office.
- 9 (c) In addition to any other duties required by this 10 chapter, the director shall:
- 11 (1) Develop and recommend guidelines for the
- 12 conduct, operations and procedures of the office and his
- 13 or her employees, including, but not limited to, the
- 14 following:
- 15 (A) Caseload and staffing standards for employees
- 16 who perform investigation and recommendation
- 17 functions, enforcement functions and clerical functions.
- 18 (B) Orientation programs for recipients of services of the office.
- 20 (C) Public educational programs regarding domestic
- 21 relations law and community resources, including
- 22 financial and other counseling, and employment
- 23 opportunities.
- 24 (D) Model pamphlets and procedural forms, which
- 25 shall be distributed to each local office serving
- 26 recipients of services.
- 27 (2) Provide training programs for the children's

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- 28 advocates and other employees of the office, to better 29 enable them to carry out the duties described in this 30 chapter.
- 31 (3) Gather and monitor relevant statistics.
 - (4) Develop standards and procedures for the transfer of part or all of the responsibilities for a case from one office to another in situations considered appropriate.
 - (5) Subject to appropriation of funds by the Legislature, install in the office of each children's advocate, adequate computer hardware and software to enable the advocate to utilize word processing and other data processing functions in the preparation of pleadings and other documents required for the proper discharge of the duties of the office.
- 42 (6) Enter into contracts and agreements with public 43 and private institutions.
 - (d) The director shall appoint a nine-person advisory committee, serving without compensation except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, composed of the following:
 - (1) Three public members who are eligible for services with an office of the children's advocate:
 - (2) Three attorneys who are members of the West Virginia state bar with experience in domestic relations law, not more than two of whom may be employees of the department of health and human resources: Provided. That one of the attorneys appointed shall be a children's advocate selected by the children's advocates throughout the state; and
 - (3) Three human service professionals who provide family counseling, not more than two of whom may be employees of the department of health and human resources.
 - Of the nine members initially appointed, one public member, one attorney and one professional shall be appointed for a term of one year; one public member. one attorney and one professional shall be appointed for a term of two years; and one public member, one

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attorney and one professional shall be appointed for a term of three years. After the expiration of the initial terms, appointments thereafter shall be made for terms of three years. The director shall fill any vacancies resulting from death or resignation by appointment for the unexpired term. Members of the advisory council may be reappointed.

- (e) The advisory committee established under subsection (d) of this section shall advise the director in the performance of his or her duties under this section. Advisory committee members shall be reimbursed for their actual expenses for mileage, meals, and, if necessary, lodging.
- 79 (f) The director shall appoint general counsel for the 80 child advocate office to supervise and assist the children's advocates in the performance of their 81 82 professional, nonadministrative duties and to promote 83 uniformity in, and increase the quality of, legal services 84 provided by children's advocates throughout the state. Such general counsel shall also serve as counsel to the 85 director. A person appointed as general counsel shall be 86 87 a member in good standing of the West Virginia state 88 bar. Compensation and expenses of the general counsel 89 shall be fixed by the director and paid by the child advocate office. The position of general counsel shall be 90 a position in the classified service. 91

§48A-2-24. Employment and income reporting.

- 1 (a) Upon notice by the director of the child advocate
 2 office, and except as provided in subsections (b) and (c)
 3 of this section, all employers doing business in the state
 4 of West Virginia shall report to the child advocate office:
- 5 (1) The hiring of any person who resides or works in 6 this state to whom the employer anticipates paying 7 earnings; and
- 8 (2) The rehiring or return to work of any employee who resides or works in this state.
- (b) Employers are not required to report the hiring,rehiring or return to work of any person who:

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- 12 (1) Is employed for less than one month's duration; or
- 13 (2) Is employed sporadically so that the employee will 14 be paid for less than three hundred fifty hours during 15 a continuous six-month period; or
- 16 (3) Has gross earnings of less than three hundred dollars per month.
- 18 (c) The director of the child advocate office may 19 establish additional exemptions to reduce unnecessary 20 or burdensome reporting.
 - (d) Employers may report by mailing to the child advocate office a copy of the employee's W-4 form, by transmitting magnetic tape in a compatible format, or by any other means mutually agreed to by the employer and by the child advocate office to achieve timely and complete reporting.
 - (e) Employers shall submit a report within thirty-five days of the date of the hiring, rehiring or return to work of the employee. The report shall include the employee's name, address, social security number, and date of birth and the employer's name and address, any different address of the payroll office and the employer's federal tax identification number.
 - (f) An employer of an obligor shall provide to the child advocate office, upon its written request, information regarding the obligor's employment, wages or salary, medical insurance, and location of employment. The information required under this subsection is in addition to the information required by subsection (e).
- 40 (g) An employer who fails to report in accordance 41 with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a 42 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 43 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 44 one thousand dollars.
- (h) Employers required to report under this section may assess each employee so reported one dollar for the administrative costs of reporting.

- 1 (a) All state, county and municipal agencies, offices 2 and employers receiving a request for information and 3 assistance from the child advocate office shall cooperate with the office in the location of parents who have 4 abandoned and deserted children and shall provide the 5 office with all available pertinent information 6 7 concerning the location, income and property of those 8 parents.
- 9 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 10 contrary, any entity conducting business in this state or incorporated under the laws of this state shall, upon 11 12 certification by the office that the information is needed 13 to locate a parent for the purpose of collecting child 14 support, provide the office with the following information about the parent: Full name, social security 15 number, date of birth, home address, wages and number 16 17 of dependents listed for income tax purposes: Provided, 18 That no entity may provide any information obtained in the course of providing legal services, medical treatment 19 20 or medical services.

ARTICLE 3. CHILDREN'S ADVOCATE.

§48A-3-3. Duties of the children's advocate.

§48A-3-9. Billing for fees and costs.

§48A-3-10. Subpoenas.

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§48A-3-3. Duties of the children's advocate.

- 1 Subject to the control and supervision of the director:
- 2 (a) The children's advocate shall supervise and direct 3 the secretarial, clerical and other employees in his or her office in the performance of their duties as such 4 5 performance affects the delivery of legal services. The children's advocate will provide appropriate instruction 6 and supervision to employees of his or her office who are 7 8 nonlawvers, concerning matters of legal ethics and matters of law, in accordance with applicable state and 9 federal statutes, rules and regulations. 10
 - (b) In accordance with the requirements of rule 5.4(c) of the rules of professional conduct as promulgated and adopted by the supreme court of appeals, the children's advocate shall not permit a nonlawyer who is employed

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- by the department of health and human resources in a supervisory position over the children's advocate to direct or regulate the advocate's professional judgment in rendering legal services to recipients of services in accordance with the provisions of this chapter; nor shall any nonlawyer employee of the department attempt to direct or regulate the advocate's professional judgment.
 - (c) The children's advocate shall make available to the public an informational pamphlet, designed in consultation with the director. The informational pamphlet shall explain the procedures of the court and the children's advocate; the duties of the children's advocate; the rights and responsibilities of the parties; and the availability of human services in the community. The informational pamphlet shall be provided as soon as possible after the filing of a complaint or other initiating pleading. Upon request, a party to a domestic relations proceeding shall receive an oral explanation of the informational pamphlet from the office of the children's advocate.
 - (d) The children's advocate shall act to establish the paternity of every child born out of wedlock for whom paternity has not been established, when such child's primary caretaker is an applicant for or recipient of aid to families with dependent children, and when such primary caretaker has assigned to the division of human services any rights to support for the child which might be forthcoming from the putative father: Provided, That if the children's advocate is informed by the secretary of the department of health and human resources or his or her authorized employee that it has been determined that it is against the best interest of the child to establish paternity, the children's advocate shall decline to so act. The children's advocate, upon the request of any primary caretaker of a child born out of wedlock, regardless of whether such primary caretaker is an applicant or recipient of aid to families with dependent children, shall undertake to establish the paternity of such child.
 - (e) The children's advocate shall undertake to secure support for any individual who is receiving aid to

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56 families with dependent children when such individual 57 has assigned to the division of human services any rights 58 to support from any other person such individual may 59 have: Provided, That if the children's advocate is 60 informed by the secretary of the department of health 61 and human resources or his or her authorized employee 62 that it has been determined that it is against the best 63 interests of a child to secure support on the child's 64 behalf, the children's advocate shall decline to so act. 65 The children's advocate, upon the request of any 66 individual, regardless of whether such individual is an 67 applicant or recipient of aid to families with dependent 68 children, shall undertake to secure support for the 69 individual. If circumstances require, the children's 70 advocate shall utilize the provisions of article seven of 71 this chapter and any other reciprocal arrangements 72 which may be adopted with other states for the 73 establishment and enforcement of support obligations, 74 and if such arrangements and other means have proven 75 ineffective, the children's advocate may utilize the 76 federal courts to obtain and enforce court orders for 77 support.

- (f) The children's advocate shall pursue the enforcement of support orders through the withholding from income of amounts payable as support:
- (1) Without the necessity of an application from the obligee in the case of a support obligation owed to an obligee to whom services are already being provided under the provisions of this chapter; and
- (2) On the basis of an application for services in the case of any other support obligation arising from a support order entered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (g) The children's advocate may decline to commence an action to obtain an order of support under the provisions of section one, article five of this chapter if an action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance is pending, or the filing of such action is imminent, and such action will determine the issue of support for the child: *Provided*, That such action shall

- 96 be deemed to be imminent if it is proposed by the 97 obligee to be commenced within the twenty-eight days 98 next following a decision by the children's advocate that 99 an action should properly be brought to obtain an order 100 for support.
- 101 (h) If the child advocate office, through the children's 102 advocate, shall undertake paternity determination 103 services, child support collection or support collection 104 services for a spouse or former spouse upon the written 105 request of an individual who is not an applicant or 106 recipient of assistance from the division of human 107 services, the office may impose an application fee for 108 furnishing such services. Such application fee shall be in a reasonable amount, not to exceed twenty-five 109 110 dollars, as determined by the director: Provided, That 111 the director may fix such amount at a higher or lower 112 rate which is uniform for this state and all other states if the secretary of the federal department of health and 113 human services determines that a uniform rate is 114 appropriate for any fiscal year to reflect increases or 115 decreases in administrative costs. Any cost in excess of 116 117 the application fee so imposed may be collected from the 118 obligor who owes the child or spousal support obligation 119 involved.

§48A-3-9. Billing for fees and costs.

A state or county official and the clerk of any court who charges a deposit, library fee, filing fee or a fee for

3 filing or copying documents or other service, if the

4 filing, copying or service is for the child advocate office

5 shall bill the child advocate office monthly.

§48A-3-10. Subpoenas.

In order to obtain financial and medical insurance 1 information pursuant to the establishment, enforcement 2 and modification provisions set forth in chapter forty-3 eight or forty-eight-a of this code, the children's 4 advocate may serve, by certified mail or personal 5 service, an administrative subpoena on any person. 6 corporation, partnership, financial institution, labor 7 union or state agency, for an appearance or for 8 production of financial or medical insurance

- 10 information. In case of disobedience to the subpoena, the
- 11 children's advocate may invoke the aid of any circuit
- 12 court in requiring the appearance or production of
- 13 records and financial documents.

ARTICLE 5. REMEDIES FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS AND VISITATION.

§48A-5-1. Action to obtain an order for support of minor child.

- 1 (a) An action may be brought in circuit court to obtain 2 an order for the support of a minor child when:
- 3 (1) Such child has a parent and child relationship with 4 an obligor;
- 5 (2) Such obligor is not the primary caretaker or 6 guardian of the child:
- 7 (3) The obligor is not meeting an obligation to support the child;
- 9 (4) An enforceable order for the support of the child 10 by the obligor has not been entered by a court of 11 competent jurisdiction; and
- 12 (5) There is no pending action for divorce, separate 13 maintenance or annulment in which the obligation of 14 support owing from the obligor to the child is at issue.
- 15 (b) An action may be brought under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section by:
- 17 (1) A custodial parent of a child, when the divorce 18 order or other order which granted custody did not 19 make provision for the support of the child by the 20 obligor;
- 21 (2) A primary caretaker of a child;
- 22 (3) A guardian of the property of a child or the 23 committee for a child; or
- 24 (4) The department of health and human resources, 25 or the child advocate office on its behalf, when the 26 department is providing assistance on behalf of the child 27 in the form of aid to families with dependent children, 28 and an assignment of any right to support has been

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- 29 assigned to the department.
- 30 (c) An action under the provisions of this section may 31 be brought in the county where the obligee, the obligor 32 or the child resides.
- 33 (d) If an action for child support is brought under the 34 provisions of this section by an obligee against his or her 35 spouse, such obligee may also seek spousal support from 36 the obligor, unless such support has been previously 37 waived by agreement or otherwise.
 - (e) Every order of support heretofore or hereafter entered or modified under the provisions of this section shall include a provision for the income withholding in accordance with the provisions of section fifteen-a or fifteen-b, article two, chapter forty-eight of this code.
- (f) At any time after the entry of an order for support, the court may, upon the verified petition of an obligee or the obligor, revise or alter such order, and make a new order, as the altered circumstances or needs of a child, an obligee, or the obligor may render necessary to meet the ends of justice.

ARTICLE 6. ESTABLISHMENT OF PATERNITY.

§48A-6-1. Action for establishment of paternity.

§48A-6-3. Medical testing procedures to aid in the determination of paternity.

§48A-6-1. Action for establishment of paternity.

- 1 (a) A civil action to establish the paternity of a child 2 and to obtain an order of support for the child may be 3 instituted, by verified complaint, in the circuit court of 4 the county where the plaintiff, the defendant or the child
- 5 resides. Such action may be brought by any of the
- 6 following persons:
- 7 (1) An unmarried woman with physical or legal 8 custody of a child to whom she gave birth;
- 9 (2) A married woman with physical or legal custody 10 of a child to whom she gave birth, if the complaint 11 alleges that:
- 12 (A) Such married woman lived separate and apart

- 13 from her husband preceding the birth of the child;
- 14 (B) Such married woman did not cohabit with her
- 15 husband at any time during such separation and that
- 16 such separation has continued without interruption; and
- 17 (C) The defendant, rather than her husband, is the father of the child.
- 19 (3) Any person, including the state of West Virginia
- 20 or the department of health and human resources, or the
- 21 child advocate office on its behalf, who is not the mother
- 22 of the child, but who has physical or legal custody of
- 23 such child;
- 24 (4) The guardian or committee of such child;
- 25 (5) The next friend of such child when the child is a 26 minor;
- 27 (6) By such child in his own right at any time after 28 the child's eighteenth birthday but prior to the child's
- 29 twenty-first birthday; or
- 30 (7) A man purporting to be the father of a child born out of wedlock, when there has been no prior judicial
- 32 determination of paternity.
- 33 (b) A person who has sexual intercourse in this state 34 submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state for
- 35 an action brought under this article with respect to a
- 36 child who was conceived by that act of intercourse.
- 37 Service of process may be perfected according to the
- 38 rules of civil procedure.
- 39 (c) If the person against whom the action is brought
- 40 has failed to plead or otherwise defend the action after
- 41 proper service has been obtained, judgment by default
- 42 may be issued by the court as provided by the rules of
- 43 civil procedure.

§48A-6-3. Medical testing procedures to aid in the determination of paternity.

- 1 (a) The court may, on its own motion, or shall upon
- 2 the motion of any party, order the mother, her child and
- 3 the man to submit to blood tests or tissue tests to aid
- 4 the court in proving or disproving paternity. Such

- motion may be made, upon ten days' written notice to the mother and alleged father, without the necessity of filing a complaint. If such tests are ordered, the court shall direct that the inherited characteristics, including, but not limited to, blood types, be determined by appropriate testing procedures at a independent medical institution or independent medical laboratory, duly licensed under the laws of this state, or any other state, and shall appoint an expert qualified as an examiner of genetic markers to analyze and interpret the results and to report to the court. The court shall consider the results as follows:
 - (1) Blood or tissue test results which exclude the man as the father of the child are admissible and shall be clear and convincing evidence of nonpaternity and the court shall, upon considering such evidence, dismiss the action.
 - (2) Blood or tissue test results which show a statistical probability of paternity of less than ninety-eight percent are admissible and shall be weighed along with other evidence of the defendant's paternity.
 - (3) Undisputed blood or tissue test results which show a statistical probability of paternity of more than ninety-eight percent shall, when filed with the court, legally establish the man as the father of the child for all purposes and child support may be established pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
 - (4) If the defendant desires to challenge the results of the blood or tissue tests or the expert's analysis of inherited characteristics, he shall file a written protest within thirty days of the filing of such test results, and serve a copy of such protest upon the other party. The court, upon reasonable request of a party, shall order that additional tests be made by the same laboratory or another laboratory within thirty days of the entry of such order, at the expense of the party requesting additional testing. If the results of the blood or tissue tests or the expert's analysis which show a statistical probability of paternity of more than ninety-eight percent are confirmed by the additional testing, then

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- such results are admissible evidence which is clear and convincing evidence of paternity. The admission of such evidence creates a presumption that the defendant is the father.
- 49 (b) Documentation of the chain of custody of the blood 50 or tissue specimens is competent evidence to establish such chain of custody. A verified expert's report shall 51 52 be admitted at trial unless a challenge to the testing 53 procedures or a challenge to the results of test analysis has been made before trial. The costs and expenses of 54 making such tests shall be paid by the parties in 55 56 proportions and at times determined by the court.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 5. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE.

§61-5-29. Failure to meet an obligation to provide support to a minor; penalties.

- 1 (1) A person who (a) persistently fails to provide 2 support which he or she can reasonably provide and 3 which he or she knows he or she has a duty to provide 4 to a minor; or (b) is subject to court order to pay any amount for the support of a minor child and is 5 delinquent in meeting the full obligation established by 6 such order and has been so delinquent for a period of 7 at least six months' duration, is guilty of a misdemeanor. 8 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 9 one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. 10 or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one 11 12 year, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (2) A person who persistently fails to provide support which he or she can reasonably provide and which he or she knows he or she has a duty to provide to a minor by virtue of a court or administrative order and the failure results in (a) an arrearage of not less than ten thousand dollars; or (b) twelve consecutive months without payment of support, is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned.

CHAPTER 55

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4164—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article two, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the reorganization of the governor's office of community and industrial development: redesignating said office the West Virginia development office: creating a council for community and economic development: members. appointment and expenses: providing that the council employ an executive director to serve at its will and pleasure: powers and duties of the council; council required to develop plan for internal reorganization of office and authorized to terminate inactive or ineffective programs: economic development initiatives: mandating plan for creating regional economic development corporations funded through matching grant program; requiring council to make certain reports to the Legislature: authorizing said office to contract with nonprofit private corporation funded from private sources: permitting payment of performance-based incentives by the nonprofit private corporation to the director and economic development representatives: authorizing public-private joint ventures; authorizing employment of economic development representatives exempted from civil service protections: transition and savings provision; and staff reorganization.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5B. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1985.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA DEVELOPMENT OFFICE.

- §5B-2-1. Governor's office of community and industrial development redesignated West Virginia development office.
- §5B-2-2. Council for community and economic development created; members, appointment and expenses; appointment and compensation of director.
- Powers and duties of council for community economic §5B-2-3. development.
- §5B-2-3a. Advertising and promotion reports; reporting same to Legislature.
- Public-private partnerships. §5B-2-4.
- §5B-2-5. Economic development representatives.
- §5B-2-6. Transition; savings provision.
- Staff reorganization. §5B-2-7.

§5B-2-1. Governor's office of community and industrial development redesignated West Virginia development office.

- The governor's office of community and industrial 1
- 2 development is hereby continued but is hereafter
- designated and shall be known as the West Virginia 3
- 4 development office. All references in this code to the
- office of community and industrial development or the 5
- 6 governor's office of community and industrial
- 7 development shall be construed as references to the
- West Virginia development office.

Council for community and economic develop-§5B-2-2. ment created; members, appointment and expenses; appointment and compensation of director.

- (a) There is hereby created within the West Virginia 1 2 development office a council for community and economic development, which is a body corporate and 3 politic, constituting a public corporation and 4 government instrumentality. Membership on the council 5 shall consist of: 6
- (1) Nine members to be appointed by the governor, 7 with the advice and consent of the Senate, representing 8 community or regional interests, including economic 9 development, commerce, banking, manufacturing, the 10 11 industry, the mining industry. telecommunications/data processing industry, small business, labor, tourism, or agriculture: Provided. That
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- 13 one member appointed pursuant to this subsection shall
- 14 be a member of a regional planning and development 15

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- council. Of the nine members representing community or regional interests, three members shall be from each congressional district of the state, and shall be appointed in such a manner as to provide a broad geographical distribution of members of the council:
- 21 (2) Two at-large members to be appointed by the 22 governor with the advice and consent of the Senate;
- 23 (3) One member to be appointed by the governor from 24 a list of two persons recommended by the speaker of the 25 House of Delegates;
 - (4) One member to be appointed by the governor from a list of two persons recommended by the president of the Senate:
 - (5) The president of the West Virginia economic development council; and
 - (6) The secretary of the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources.
 - (b) Not later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the governor shall appoint the thirteen appointed members of the council for staggered terms. The terms of the board members first taking office on or after the effective date of this legislation shall expire as designated by the governor at the time of the nomination, three at the end of the first year, three at the end of the second year, three at the end of the third year, and four at the end of the fourth year, after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. As these original appointments expire, each subsequent appointment shall be for a full four-year term. Any member whose term has expired shall serve until his successor has been duly appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any member shall be eligible for reappointment. In cases of any vacancy in the office of a member, such vacancy shall be filled by the governor in the same manner as the original appointment.
 - (c) Members of the council shall not be entitled to compensation for services performed as members, but

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55 shall be entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable 56 and necessary expenses actually incurred in the 57 performance of their duties. A majority of the members 58 shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting 59 business. The council shall elect its chair for a term to run concurrent with the term of office of the member 60 elected as chair. The chair is eligible for successive 61 62 terms in that position.

(d) The council shall employ an executive director of the West Virginia development office qualified by reason of extensive education and experience in the field of professional economic development, to serve at the will and pleasure of the council. The salary of the director shall be fixed by the council. The director shall overall management responsibility administrative control and supervision within the West Virginia development office. It is the intention of the Legislature that the director shall provide professional and technical expertise in the field of professional economic development in order to support the policymaking functions of the council, but that the director is not a public officer, agent, servant or contractor within the meaning of section thirty-eight, article six of the Constitution of the state. Subject to the provisions of the contract provided for in section four of this article, the director is authorized to hire and fire economic development representatives employed pursuant to the provisions of section five of this article.

§5B-2-3. Powers and duties of council for community and economic development.

1 (a) The council for community and economic 2 development shall enhance economic growth and 3 development through the development comprehensive economic development strategy for West 4 Virginia. "Comprehensive economic development 5 strategy" means a plan that outlines strategies and 6 activities designed to continue, diversify, or expand the 7 8 economic base of the state as a whole; create jobs; develop a highly skilled work force; facilitate business 9 access to capital, including venture capital; advertise 10 11 and market the resources offered by the state with

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- respect to the needs of business and industry; facilitate cooperation among local, regional and private economic development enterprises; improve infrastructure on a state, regional, and community level; improve the business climate generally; and leverage funding from sources other than the state, including federal and private sources.
- 19 (b) The council shall develop a plan for the internal 20 reorganization of the West Virginia development office. 21 The plan shall evaluate programs and policies in place within the governor's office of community and industrial 22 23 development on the first day of February, one thousand 24 nine hundred ninety-two, with respect to their efficacy in yielding results with respect to economic development 25 26 and is authorized to terminate, by resolution of the council, programs and policies which are either inactive. 27 or ineffective in design or in application, in enhancing 28 economic development. In developing its reorganization 29 plan, the council shall consider the following initiatives: 30
 - (1) Creation of a competitiveness council composed of public and private members having as its primary goal the generation of new ideas for economic development and meeting on a periodic basis to develop broad ranging recommendations for the governor and the Legislature;
 - (2) Creation of a private nonprofit corporation for rural innovation to attract federal and foundation funding to develop and implement rural economic development initiatives;
 - (3) Creation of a consortium for work force readiness composed of members from vocational-technical-occupational education and higher education to develop initiatives for work force development, which may include mobile technology training centers;
 - (4) Creation of a one-stop capital access program to attract capital from sources inside and outside the state; to work with the private sector, including lending institutions; to assist entrepreneurs and businesses to access capital; and to coordinate all state economic development loan programs;

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- (5) Creation of a seed capital fund to be used for small 53 business start-ups. Loans from the interest on the fund 54 would match loans from private sources on a one-to-one 55 basis to assist new small businesses in need of operating 56 capital:
 - (6) Promotion of cooperation among municipalities and counties in funding physical infrastructure, including regional business parks; and
 - (7) The council shall develop a plan for the creation of regional economic development corporations or authorities and funding assistance to such corporations or authorities through a matching grant program. The council shall establish criteria for awarding funding assistance to such corporations or authorities within the limits of funds appropriated by the Legislature for the program. The West Virginia development office shall recognize existing county, regional or multi-county corporations or authorities where appropriate.

In developing its plan, the West Virginia development office shall consider resources and technical support available through other agencies, both public and private, including, but not limited to, the state college and university systems; the West Virginia housing development fund; the West Virginia economic development authority; the West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority; the West Virginia roundtable: the West Virginia chamber of commerce; regional planning and development councils; regional partnership for progress councils; and state appropriations.

- (c) On or before the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the council shall report to the governor and the Legislature on its plan for the internal reorganization of the West Virginia development office, including its recommendations with respect to necessary legislation.
- (d) The council shall conduct a comprehensive survey of value-added products and report the results of the survey to the Legislature on or before the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-

- 92 two. The survey shall determine the following:
- 93 (1) What products are produced in West Virginia to 94 which value is added at some location outside the state, 95 and what value is added to the product;
- 96 (2) Current West Virginia businesses which add value 97 to products produced in or outside the state, and what 98 value is added;
- 99 (3) Opportunities which exist in the state to create 100 jobs by establishing businesses to add value to products 101 produced in or outside the state; and
- 102 (4) Products that are utilized by businesses in the state that are received from sources outside the state.
- 104 (e) The council shall promulgate rules and regulations 105 to carry out the purposes and programs of the West Virginia development office to include generally the 106 programs available, and the procedure and eligibility of 107 108 applications relating to assistance under such programs; these rules and regulations shall not be subject to the 109 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, but 110 111 shall be filed with the secretary of state.

§5B-2-3a. Advertising and promotion reports; reporting same to Legislature.

By the thirty-first day of December, one thousand 1 nine hundred ninety-two, all state governmental entities 2 having an advertising and promotion allocation within 3 their budget shall make a report to the council 4 containing the dollar amounts spent for advertising and 5 promotion, to whom and for what such moneys are 6 7 expended and any other information pertinent to the entity's advertising and promotion activities which may 8 be of interest and use to the council. The council shall 9 compile such information received pursuant to this 10 section and shall report to the Legislature during the 11 12 one thousand nine hundred ninety-three legislative

§5B-2-4. Public-private partnerships.

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session

The West Virginia development office is authorized to enter into contractual or joint venture agreements with

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3 a nonprofit corporation organized pursuant to the 4 corporate laws of the state, organized to permit 5 qualification pursuant to section 501(c) of the Internal 6 Revenue Code and for purposes of the economic 7 development of West Virginia, and funded from sources 8 other than the state. Members of the council are 9 authorized to sit on the board of directors of the private 10 nonprofit corporation. The contract shall include provisions relating to the employment of economic 11 12 development representatives assigned to the West 13 Virginia development office to be paid a base salary by 14 the state and performance-based economic incentives 15 from private funds of the nonprofit corporation. 16 Provisions relating to hiring practices with respect to 17 economic development representatives, job descriptions. 18 accountability, public-private liaison, and performance 19 standards may be the subject of contract negotiations. 20 The contract shall include provision for continuing 21 education and certification in the field of economic or 22 industrial development for persons employed as 23 economic development representatives. Agreements providing for the payment of performance-based 24 incentives to the director of the West Virginia 25 26 development office are authorized. Agreements 27 providing for the payment of travel and expenses to the director of the West Virginia development office or to 28 29 economic development representatives from private funds by the nonprofit corporation are authorized. The 30 31 prohibitions of subdivisions (b) and (d), section five, article two, chapter six-b of this code are not applicable 32 to the receipt by economic development representatives 33 or by the director of performance-based incentives and 34 other payments made by the nonprofit corporation and 35 specifically authorized pursuant to this section. 36

From time to time the council may enter into joint ventures wherein the West Virginia development office and the nonprofit corporation share in the development and funding of economic development programs.

All contracts and joint venture agreements must be approved by vote of the council. Contracts entered into pursuant to this section for longer than one fiscal year

- 44 shall contain, in substance, a provision that the contract
- 45 shall be considered cancelled without further obligation
- 46 on the part of the state if the state Legislature or, where
- 47 appropriate, the federal government, shall fail to
- 48 appropriate sufficient funds therefor or shall act to
- impair the contract or cause it to be cancelled. 49

§5B-2-5. Economic development representatives.

1 The director is expressly authorized to employ 2 economic development representatives to be paid a base

3 salary within legislative appropriations to the West

4 Virginia development office, subject to provisions set

forth by the council in its reorganization plan and 5

applicable contract provisions pursuant to section four 6

of this article. Economic development representatives

7 8 may receive performance-based incentives and expenses

paid from private funds from a nonprofit corporation 9

contracting with the West Virginia development office 10

11 pursuant to the provisions of section four of this article.

12 The director shall establish job descriptions and

13 responsibilities of economic development representa-

tives, subject to the provisions of any contract with a 14

nonprofit corporation entered into pursuant to section 15

four of this article.

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Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, economic development representatives employed within the West Virginia development office are not subject to the procedures and protections provided by articles six and six-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Any employee of the West Virginia development office on the effective date of this article applies for employment as an economic development representative is not entitled to the protections of article six, chapter twenty-nine with respect to hiring procedures and qualifications; and upon accepting employment as economic an development representative, the employee relinquishes the protections provided for in articles six and six-a. chapter twenty-nine.

§5B-2-6. Transition; savings provision.

1 All programs, orders, determinations, rules, permits,

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2 grants, contracts, certificates, bonds, authorizations and 3 privileges which have been issued, made, granted, or 4 allowed to become effective pursuant to any prior 5 enactments of this article or by the governor, the 6 governor's office of community and industrial 7 development or its director, or by a court of competent 8 jurisdiction, and which are in effect on the first day of 9 February, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall continue in effect according to their terms until 10 11 modified, terminated, superseded, set aside, or revoked 12 by the governor, the council for community and 13 economic development or the director of the West Virginia development office pursuant to this article, by 14 a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law. 15

§5B-2-7. Staff reorganization.

1 It is the intention of the Legislature that research and 2 support staff for the council and for professional economic development staff, including the director of 3 4 the West Virginia development office and economic development representatives, be drawn, where possible, 5 6 in the reorganization developed by the council, from 7 qualified employees employed within the governor's office of community and industrial development on the 8 9 first day of February, one thousand nine hundred 10 ninety-two.

The director, pursuant to the reorganization plan as approved by the council, may eliminate or consolidate positions, and name a person to fill more than one position; delegate, assign, transfer or combine responsibilities or duties to or among employees; and reorganize internal functions or operations.

Except as provided in section five of this article, nothing contained in this article shall be construed to abridge the rights of employees within the classified service of the state as provided in sections ten and tena, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. The layoff and recall rights of employees within the classified service of the state as provided in subsections (5) and (6), section ten, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code shall be applicable within the agency as a whole:

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53 54 Provided, That the employee shall possess the qualifications established for the job class. The duration of recall rights provided in this section shall be limited to two years or the length of tenure, whichever is less.

The department of commerce, labor and environmental resources, the public employees retirement system and the public employees insurance agency shall work with all employees whose jobs are terminated as a result of the reorganization of the West Virginia development office as provided for in this article in order to recommend benefits, services, training, an interagency employment transfer or other employment. The director of the West Virginia development office and directors of all other state agencies shall use best efforts to employ qualified employees who were employed in positions directly affected by the reorganization: Provided. That notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the contrary, in filling vacancies at other state agencies, the directors of such agencies shall, for a period of twentyfour months or the length of tenure, whichever is less, after the effective date of this article, give preference over all but existing employees to those qualified employees whose jobs were terminated as a result of the reorganization: Provided, however, That such preference shall not supersede those employees with recall rights in other state agencies. The director of the West Virginia development office shall provide to the division of personnel a list of those employees directly affected by the reorganization.

CHAPTER 56

(H. B. 4731—By Delegates Mezzatesta and Faircloth)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section two, article two, and section

nine-d, article six, chapter twelve of said code, all relating to extending for twelve months the governor's authority to borrow money from the consolidated pension fund to finance needed public improvements in education; providing for the redesignation of certain funds; and providing for repayment of such borrowing from consumers sales tax collections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section two. article two and section nine-d, article six, chapter twelve of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

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- Taxation. 11.
- 12. Public Moneys and Securities.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

Proceeds of tax; dedication of certain **§11-15-30**. revenues.

The proceeds of the tax imposed by this article shall 1 be deposited in the general revenue fund of the state: 2 Provided, That beginning the first day of July, one 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and continuing each 4 month thereafter through the last day of July, one 5 6 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the first five million dollars of proceeds of this tax for each month shall be 7 paid into the "Fiscal Responsibility Fund" created by 8 section nineteen, article one, chapter five of this code 9 and used for the purposes specified therein, and that on 10 and after the first day of August, one thousand nine 11 hundred ninety-two, and continuing each month 12 thereafter until any money borrowed under section nine-13 d. article six, chapter twelve of this code is repaid, the 14 first five million dollars of proceeds of this tax for each 15 month shall be paid into the "Education Enhancement 16 Fund" created by section nine-d, article six, chapter 17 twelve of this code: Provided, however, That if no money 18 is borrowed under section nine-d, article six of said

- 20 chapter twelve, before the first day of August, one
- 21 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, then no tax collected
- 22 under this article shall be deposited into the "Education
- 23 Enhancement Fund", and if money is borrowed after the
- 24 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 25 two, then payment into the "Education Enhancement
- 26 Fund" shall begin the first day of the calendar month
- 27 succeeding the month in which funds are borrowed
- 28 under section nine-d, article six of said chapter twelve:
- 29 Provided further, That if less than sixty million dollars
- 30 is borrowed under said section nine-d, then the amount
- 31 to be paid into the "Education Enhancement Fund" each
- 32 month, as provided in this section, shall be that
- 33 proportion of five million dollars that the amount of
- 34 money borrowed bears to sixty million dollars.

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

Article

- 2. Payment and Deposit of Taxes and Other Amounts Due the State or any Political Subdivision.
- 6. West Virginia Board of Investments.
- ARTICLE 2. PAYMENT AND DEPOSIT OF TAXES AND OTHER AMOUNTS DUE THE STATE OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.
- §12-2-2. Itemized record of moneys received for deposit; regulations governing deposits; credit to state fund; exceptions.
 - 1 (a) All officials and employees of the state authorized
 - 2 by statute to accept moneys due the state of West
 - 3 Virginia shall keep a daily itemized record of such
 - 4 moneys so received for deposit in the state treasury and
 - 5 shall deposit within twenty-four hours with the state
 - 6 board of investments all moneys received or collected by 7 them for or on behalf of the state for any purpose
 - 8 whatsoever. The treasurer and the board of investments
 - 9 shall promulgate rules and regulations, in accordance
 - with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code
- 11 governing the procedure for such deposits.
- The official or employee making such deposits with the state board of investments shall prepare such deposit
- the state board of investments shall prepare such deposit lists in such manner and upon such report forms as may

15 be prescribed by the board of investments. Once the 16 board has satisfied itself that all deposits have been 17 promptly prepared and deposited, it shall transfer all 18 such funds to a special bank account of the state 19 treasurer and provide him with such deposit report. The 20 original of this report shall accompany the deposit to the 21 treasurer. Certified or receipted copies shall be 22 immediately forwarded by the state treasurer to the 23 state auditor and to the secretary of administration, and 24 a copy shall be provided to the board of investments. The 25 original of the deposit report shall become a part of the 26 treasurer's permanent record.

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- (b) When so paid, such moneys shall be credited to the state fund and treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state: *Provided*, That all moneys received out of appropriations made by the Congress of the United States shall be recorded in special fund accounts, apart from the general revenues of the state, in the state treasury and all such moneys shall not be used for any purpose whatsoever unless and until authorized and directed by the Legislature, excepting the following funds which shall be recorded in separate accounts:
- (1) All funds excluded by the provisions of section six, article eleven, chapter four of this code;
- (2) All funds derived from the sale of farm and dairy products from farms operated by any agency of the state government other than the farm management commission:
- 44 (3) All endowment funds, bequests, donations, 45 executive emergency funds, and death and disability 46 funds;
- 47 (4) All fees and funds collected at state educational institutions for student activities;
 - (5) All funds derived from collections from dormitories, boardinghouses, cafeterias and road camps;
 - (6) All moneys received from counties by institutions for the deaf and blind on account of clothing for indigent pupils;

54 (7) All insurance collected on account of losses by fire 55 and refunds;

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- (8) All funds derived from bookstores and sales of blank paper and stationery, and collections by the chief inspector of public offices;
- (9) All moneys collected and belonging to the capitol building fund, state road fund, state road sinking funds, general school fund, school fund, state fund (moneys belonging to counties, districts and municipalities), state interest and sinking funds, state compensation funds, the fund maintained by the public service commission for the investigation and supervision of applications, all funds and moneys payable to or received by the natural resources commission of West Virginia and moneys collected and received by the division of natural resources pursuant to article two, article two-a and article two-b, chapter twenty of this code;
- (10) All moneys collected or received under any act of the Legislature providing that funds collected or received thereunder shall be used for specific purposes.
- (c) All moneys, excepted as provided in subdivisions one through nine, inclusive, of subsection (b) of this section, shall be paid into the state treasury in the same manner as collections not so excepted, and shall be recorded in separate accounts to be used and expended only for the purposes for which the same are authorized to be collected by law: Provided, That amounts collected pursuant to subdivision ten, subsection (b) of this section, which are found from time to time to exceed funds needed for the purposes set forth in general law may be transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of the Legislature. The gross amount collected in all cases shall be paid into the state treasury, and commissions, costs and expenses of collection authorized by general law to be paid out of the gross collection are hereby authorized to be paid out of the moneys collected and paid into the state treasury in the same manner as other payments are made from the state treasury.
 - (d) The state board of investments shall have

authority to establish an imprest fund or funds in the office of any state agency or institution making proper application to the board. To implement this authority the board shall promulgate rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code. The board or its designee shall annually audit all such funds and prepare a list of all such funds showing the location and amount as of fiscal year end. retaining such list as a permanent record of the board until such time as the legislative auditor shall have completed an audit of the imprest funds of all agencies and institutions involved.

ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS.

- §12-6-9d. Legislative findings; loans to the state; purpose for which moneys transferred may be disbursed and expended; terms and conditions for repayment; creation of special account in state treasury.
 - (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the West Virginia supreme court of appeals has determined that public education has a constitutionally preferred status; that there is a large amount of investable funds in the consolidated pension fund; that loans made under commercially reasonable terms to finance needed public education improvements are necessary investments in the future of West Virginia; and that loans from the consolidated pension fund will assist in financing the needs of primary and secondary education, without in any way impairing the solvency or financial soundness of the consolidated pension fund. This section is enacted in view of these findings.
 - (b) Whenever the governor determines that there are insufficient general revenue funds available for the timely payment for necessary improvements in public education as appropriated by the Legislature in the budget bills for the fiscal years one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, or one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, the governor may request the state board of investments to lend those moneys necessary to meet such payment and

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the state board of investments shall transfer moneys from the consolidated pension fund to the special sinking fund account created in the state treasury by subsection (d) of this section, in the amount determined by the governor to be sufficient and necessary to meet such payments, within the amount determined by the board of investments to be prudently available. The manner and timing of such transfers shall be in the discretion of the board of investments. The total of the amounts transferred may not exceed a total of fifty million dollars during fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two and ten million dollars during fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, respectively. On the date the loan is transferred to the special sinking fund created in subsection (d) of this section, interest shall accrue at the current interest rate of the fund from which the loan originated, plus one fourth of one percent, and the current interest rate shall be recalculated every six months.

- (c) Full repayment of all moneys transferred, with interest, shall be made to the board of investments by payment into such pension fund from amounts appropriated by the Legislature or in the absence of appropriations from the amounts specified in section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code, by budget action as first priority from the moneys available for each fiscal year. Repayment of the loans shall begin six months from the date the funds were transferred and payments shall be made every six months thereafter, or sooner if agreed to in writing by the board of investments and the governor: *Provided*, That all loans shall be repaid in full by the last day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.
- (d) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special account, designated the "Education Enhancement Fund", which is a sinking fund for the deposit, withdrawal and repayment of moneys transferred pursuant to this section and section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code, in accordance with the special fund doctrine for budgetary transfer activities involving more than one fiscal year.

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74 75 Management of such fund shall be a responsibility of the board of investments. If any moneys remain in said fund after repayment in full to the appropriate pension fund or funds, such moneys shall be transferred to the general revenue fund within thirty days of the last repayment.

(e) Upon the written request of the governor, the board of investments shall transfer to the general revenue fund, from the funds available in the education enhancement fund, those funds necessary for the timely payment for necessary improvements in public education as appropriated by the Legislature.

CHAPTER 57

(H. B. 4753—By Delegates P. White and Browning)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five-b and five-c. article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article nine-a of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section threea: to amend and reenact sections four, ten and twelve of said article; and to amend and reenact sections one and two, article four, chapter eighteen-a, all relating to county boards of education; requiring the state board to appoint a school health services advisory committee to address the needs of medicaid eligible children: providing for the composition of the advisory committee and authorizing reimbursement of certain expenses; requiring first time public school enrollees to present a copy of the pupil's original birth record certified by vital statistics registrar; relating to setting the total state basic foundation program and foundation allowance for regional educational service agencies for the next fiscal year; prohibiting a county from being penalized if its enrollment increases in certain instances; reallocating certain step seven funds; providing adjustment to the allocated state aid share for counties under court order to refund prior year taxes, unable to collect property tax while court proceedings are pending or where values levied upon are less than those calculated under a certain code section; relating to eliminating in-field masters program; and setting state minimum salaries for teachers with masters or above degrees effective on a date certain.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five-b and five-c, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that article nine-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a; that sections four, ten and twelve of said article be amended and reenacted; and that sections one and two, article four, chapter eighteen-a be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 18. Education.
- 18A. School Personnel.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article

- State Board of Education.
- 9A. Public School Support.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- §18-2-5b. Medicaid eligible children; school health services advisory committee.
- §18-2-5c. Birth certificate required upon admission to public school; required notice to local law-enforcement agency of missing children.

§18-2-5b. Medicaid eligible children; school health services advisory committee.

- 1 (a) The state board shall become a medicaid provider 2 and seek out medicaid eligible students for the purpose 3 of providing medicaid and related services to students 4 eligible under the medicaid program and to maximize 5 federal reimbursement for all services available under
- 6 the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of one thousand
- 7 nine hundred eighty-nine, as it relates to medicaid
- 8 expansion and any future expansions in the medicaid

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program for medicaid and related services for which state dollars are or will be expended: Provided. That the state board may delegate this provider status and subsequent reimbursement to regional educational service agencies (RESA) and/or county boards: Provided, however. That annually the state board shall report to the Legislature the number and age of children eligible for medicaid, the number and age of children with medicaid coverage, the types of medicaid eligible services provided, the frequency of services provided. the medicaid dollars reimbursed; and the problems encountered in the implementation of this system and that this report shall be on a county by county basis and made available no later than the first day of January. one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and annually thereafter.

(b) The state board shall appoint and convene a school health services advisory committee to advise the secretary of health and human resources and the state superintendent on ways to improve the ability of regional education service agencies, local school boards. and department of health and human resources employees to provide medicaid eligible children with all the school-based medicaid services for which they are eligible and to ensure that the school-based medicaid service providers bill for and receive all the medicaid reimbursement to which they are entitled. The committee shall consist of at least the following individuals: The person within the department of education responsible for coordinating the provision of and billing for school-based medicaid services in schools throughout the state, who shall provide secretarial, administrative and technical support to the advisory committee: the person within the department of health and human resources responsible for coordinating the enrollment of medicaid eligible school children throughout the state; two representatives of regional education services agencies who are experienced with the process of billing medicaid for school-based health services; two department of health and human resources employees responsible for supervising employees, two persons jointly appointed by the secretary of health and

human resources and the state superintendent; and one representative of the governor's task force on school

53 health.

54 The school health services advisory committee shall 55 meet in the first instance at the direction of the state 56 superintendent, select a chairperson from among its 57 members, and meet thereafter at the direction of the 58 chairperson. The committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the state board and department of 59 60 health and human resources, which findings shall then 61 be included in the report to the Legislature by the state 62 board and department of health and human resources 63 provided for in subsection (a) of this section.

All actual and necessary travel expenses of the 64 65 members of the committee shall be reimbursed by the member's employing agency, for those members not 66 67 employed by a state agency, the member's actual and necessary travel expenses shall be paid by the state 68 69 board. All such expenses shall be reimbursed in the same manner as the expenses of state employees are 70 71 reimbursed.

§18-2-5c. Birth certificate required upon admission to public school; required notice to local law-enforcement agency of missing children.

- 1 (a) No pupil shall be admitted for the first time to any 2 public school in this state unless the person enrolling the 3 pupil presents a copy of the pupil's original birth record certified by the state registrar of vital statistics 4 confirming the pupil's identity, age, and state file 5 number of the original birth record. If a certified copy 6 7 of the pupil's birth record cannot be obtained, the person 8 so enrolling the pupil shall submit an affidavit explaining the inability to produce a certified copy of the birth 9 record: Provided. That if any person submitting such 10 affidavit is in U.S. military service and is in transit due 11 to military orders, a three-week extension shall be 12 granted to such person for providing the birth records. 13
- (b) Upon the failure of any person enrolling a pupil
 to furnish a certified copy of the pupil's birth record in

- conformance with subsection (a) above, the principal of the school in which the pupil is being enrolled or his designee shall immediately notify the local lawenforcement agency. The notice to the local lawenforcement agency shall include copies of the submitted proof of the pupil's identity and age and the
- 22 affidavit explaining the inability to produce a certified copy of the birth record.
- (c) Within fourteen days after enrolling a transferred pupil, the principal of the school in which the pupil has been enrolled or his designee shall request that the principal or his designee of the school in which the pupil was previously enrolled transfer a certified copy of the pupil's birth record.
- 30 (d) Principals and their designees shall be immune 31 from any civil or criminal liability in connection with 32 any notice to a local law-enforcement agency of a pupil 33 lacking a birth certificate or failure to give such notice 34 as required by this section.

ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

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- §18-9A-3a. Total state basic foundation program and foundation allowance for regional educational service agencies for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two—ninety-three only.
- §18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators.
- §18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.
- \$18-9A-12. County basic foundation; total basic state aid allowance.

§18-9A-3a. Total state basic foundation program and foundation allowance for regional educational service agencies for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two-ninety-three only.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article to the contrary, the total basic foundation program for the state for the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two—ninety-three shall be the sum of the amounts computed in accordance with this section, less the county's local share:
- 7 (1) Allowance for professional educators as 8 determined in accordance with sections four and five-9 a of this article;

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- 10 (2) Allowance for service personnel as determined in accordance with sections five and five-a of this article;
- 12 (3) Allowance for fixed charges as determined in 13 accordance with the provisions of sections six and six-14 a of this article;
- 15 (4) Allowance for transportation cost in an amount at 16 least equal to the appropriation for such allowance in 17 the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one— 18 ninety-two;
 - (5) Allowance for administrative cost in accordance with the provisions of section eight of this article;
 - (6) Allowance for other current expense and substitute employees in an amount at least equal to the appropriation for such allowance in the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one—ninety-two; and
- 25 (7) Allowance to improve instructional programs in an 26 amount at least equal to the appropriation for such 27 allowance in the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 28 ninety-one—ninety-two.
- 29 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section eight-a 30 of this article, the foundation allowance for regional 31 educational service agencies for the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two-ninety-three shall 32 be in an amount equal to the appropriation for such 33 allowance in the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 34 ninety-one-ninety-two, unless a greater amount is 35 36 appropriated by the Legislature.

§18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators.

1 The basic foundation allowance to the county for professional educators shall be the amount of money 2 required to pay the state minimum salaries, in 3 accordance with provisions of article four, chapter 4 eighteen-a of the code, to such personnel employed: 5 Provided, That in making this computation no county 6 shall receive an allowance for such personnel which 7 number is in excess of fifty-four and thirty-three onehundredths professional educators to each one thousand

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students in adjusted enrollment: Provided, however. That for the school year commencing on the first day of July. one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and thereafter. no county shall receive an allowance for such personnel which number is in excess of fifty-three and one-half professional educators to each one thousand students in adjusted enrollment: Provided further, That any county not qualifying under the provision of section fourteen of this article shall be eligible for a growth rate in professional personnel in any one year not to exceed twenty percent of its total potential increase under this provision, except that in no case shall such limit be fewer than five professionals: And provided further. That the number of and the allowance for personnel paid in part by state and county funds shall be prorated: And provided further. That where two or more counties join together in support of a vocational or comprehensive high school or any other program or service, the professional educators for such school or program may be prorated among the participating counties on the basis of each one's enrollment therein and that such personnel shall be considered within the above-stated limit: And provided further, That in the school year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and in each school year thereafter, each county board shall establish and maintain a minimum ratio of fifty professional instructional personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment: And provided further, That no county shall have less than a total of five principals and central office administrators. Any county board which does not establish and maintain this minimum ratio shall suffer a pro rata reduction in the allowance for professional educators under this section: And provided further, That no county shall be penalized if it has increases in enrollment during that school year: And provided further. That any county board which does not establish and maintain this minimum ratio shall utilize any and all allocations to it by provision of section fourteen of this article solely to employ professional instructional personnel until the minimum ratio is attained. Every county shall utilize methods other than 52 reductions in force, such as attrition and early 53 retirement, before implementing their reductions in 54 force policy to comply with the limitations of this 55 section. It is the intent of the Legislature that in 56 planning reductions in force to comply with reduced 57 ratios of professional educators to students in adjusted 58 enrollment, county boards shall consider positions for 59 elimination in the following order: (1) Central office administrators, (2) assistant principals, and (3) 60 61 principals.

62 No county shall increase the number 63 administrative personnel employed as either professional educators or pay grade "H" service 64 65 personnel above the number which were employed, or 66 for which positions were posted, on the thirtieth day of 67 June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and, therefore, county boards shall whenever possible utilize classroom 68 69 teachers for curriculum administrative positions 70 through the use of modified or extended contracts: 71 Provided.That the governor shall submit a 72 recommendation to the Legislature at the beginning of the regular session thereof in the year one thousand nine 73 74 hundred ninety-one, which proposes a method for establishing a responsible level of administrative 75 support for each county school system and a pay scale 76 77 differentiation on a daily rate between classroom 78 positions and administrative positions when all other 79 factors are equal.

80 Every county board of education shall annually determine the number of professional educators 81 82 employed that exceeds the number allowed by the public school support plan and determine the amount of salary 83 supplement that would be available per state authorized 84 employee if all expenditures for such excess employees 85 were converted to annual salaries for state authorized 86 professional educators within their county. Such 87 information shall be published annually in each school 88 report card of each such county. 89

§18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.

- (a) For the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two only, thirty-one million, two hundred sixteen thousand, eight hundred three dollars, in addition to funds which accrue from allocations due to increase in total local share above that computed for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, from balances in the general school fund, or from appropriations for such purpose shall be allocated to increase state support of counties as follows:
- 11 (1) Twenty percent of these funds shall be allocated 12 to the counties proportional to adjusted enrollment; and
 - (2) Each county whose allocation in subsection (1) is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars in any fiscal year shall then receive an amount which equals the difference between such amount received and one hundred fifty thousand dollars.
 - (b) The remainder of these funds shall be allocated according to the following plan for progress toward basic resources per pupil equity:

Beginning with the county which has the lowest basic resources per pupil and progressing through the counties successively to and beyond the county with the highest basic resources per pupil, the funds available shall be allocated in amounts necessary to increase moneys available to the county or counties to the basic resources per pupil level, as nearly as is possible, of the county having the next higher basic resources per pupil: *Provided*, That no county shall lose or gain more than fifteen percent over the previous year's allocation:

- (c) Any county whose allocation under subsections (a) and (b) of this section is less than two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars shall receive an additional appropriation which equals the difference between such allocation and two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars.
- (d) To be eligible for its allocation under this section, a county board shall lay the maximum regular tax rates set out in section six-c, article eight, chapter eleven of

40 this code: *Provided*. That moneys allocated by provision 41 of this section shall be used to improve instructional 42 programs according to a plan for instructional 43 improvement which the affected county board shall file with the state board by the first day of August of each 44 year, to be approved by the state board by the first day 45 46 of September of that year if such plan substantially 47 complies with standards to be adopted by the state 48 board: Provided, however, That for the school year 49 beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine 50 hundred ninety-two, up to fifteen percent of this allocation may be used to employ professional educators 51 and/or service personnel in counties after all applicable 52 53 provisions of sections four and five of this article have 54 been fully utilized.

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Prior to the use of any funds from this section for personnel costs, the county board must receive authorization from the state superintendent of schools. The state superintendent shall require the district board to demonstrate: (1) The need for the allocation, (2) efficiency and fiscal responsibility in staffing, and (3) sharing of services with adjoining counties and the regional educational service agency for that county in the use of the total local district board budget. District boards shall make application for available funds by the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. On or before the first day of June, the state superintendent shall review all applications and notify applying district boards of the distribution of the allocation. Such funds shall be distributed during the fiscal year as appropriate. The state superintendent shall require the county board to demonstrate the need for an allocation for personnel based upon the county's inability to meet the requirements of state law or state board policy: Provided, That the funds available for personnel under this section may not be used to increase the total number of professional noninstructional personnel in the central office beyond four. Such instructional improvement plan shall be made available for distribution to the public at the office of each affected county board.

81 (e) Commencing with the school year beginning on the 82 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. 83 twenty-one million, four hundred forty thousand, four 84 hundred ninety-three dollars shall be paid into the 85 school building capital improvements fund created by 86 section six, article nine-d of this chapter, and shall be 87 used solely for the purposes of said article nine-d. In 88 each fiscal year thereafter, fifty percent of the funds 89 which accrue due to an increase in local share above that 90 computed for the school year beginning on the first day 91 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall be paid into the school building capital improvements 92 93 fund created by section six, article nine-d of this chapter, and shall be used solely for the purposes of said 94 95 article nine-d: Provided. That if funds are available and 96 appropriated in each such subsequent fiscal year, not 97 less than seven million seven hundred thousand dollars shall be added to the amount of the prior year's 98 appropriation for such fund. 99

§18-9A-12. County basic foundation; total basic state aid allowance.

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- (a) The basic foundation program for each county for the fiscal year shall be the sum of the amounts computed in accordance with the provisions of sections four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten of this article. On the first working day of July in each year, the state board shall determine the basic foundation program for each county for that fiscal year. Data used in the computations relating to net and adjusted enrollment, and the number of professional educators, shall be for the second month of the prior school term. Transportation expenditures used in these computations shall be for the most recent year in which data are available. The allocated state aid share of the county's basic foundation program shall be the difference between the cost of its basic foundation program and the county's local share as determined in section eleven of this article, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section.
 - (b) The allocated state aid share shall be adjusted in the following circumstances in the following manner: Provided, That prior to such adjustment, the state tax

commissioner shall provide the state board, by the fifteenth day of January of each year, a certified listing of those counties in which such adjustment shall be made pursuant to this subsection, together with the amount of revenue which will not be available to each county board in the ensuing fiscal year as a result of the circumstance.

- (1) In those instances where the local share as computed under section eleven of this article is not reflective of local funds available because the county is under a final court order to refund or credit property taxes paid in prior years, the allocated state aid share shall be the county's basic foundation program, minus the local share as computed under section eleven of this article, plus the amount of property tax the county is unable to collect or must refund due to the final court order.
- (2) In those instances where the local share as computed under section eleven of this article is not reflective of local funds available because the county is collecting tax based upon an assessed value which is less than that determined by the tax commissioner in the most recent published survey of property valuations in the state due to an error in the published survey, which error is certified to by the tax commissioner, the allocated state aid share shall be the county's basic foundation program, minus the local share as computed under section eleven of this article, plus the amount of property tax the county is unable to collect based on differences in the assessed valuation between those in the most recent published survey of valuation and the corrected assessed value actually levied upon by the county.
- (3) In instances where a county is unable to collect property taxes from a taxpayer during the pendency of any court proceedings, the allocated state aid share shall be the county's basic foundation program minus the local share as computed under section eleven of this article, plus the amount the county is unable to collect as a result of the pending court proceedings as certified by the tax commissioner: *Provided*, That the county is

required to reimburse the amount of allocated state aid share attributable to the amount of property tax it later receives upon completion of court proceedings, which shall be paid into the general revenue fund of the state.

- (c) The allocated state aid share shall be adjusted in any county receiving payments or contributions in lieu of property taxes. In instances where a county receives payments or contributions in lieu of property taxes, the allocated state aid share shall be the county's basic foundation program minus the local share as computed under section eleven of this article, plus any amounts added pursuant to subsection (b) of this section minus the payments or contributions in lieu of property taxes which are distributed by the sheriff to the county board of education. In determining the amount of such contribution or payment in lieu of taxes, each county commission shall provide to the state tax commissioner, by the first day of January of each year, the total amount of such payments or contributions paid to the county and the proportion of the total amount that has been or will be distributed to the county board of education. The state tax commissioner then shall provide the state board, by the fifteenth day of January of each year, a certified listing of those counties in which an adjustment pursuant to this section shall be made. together with the amount of revenue which will be available to each county board in the ensuing fiscal year as a result of contribution or payment in lieu of taxes.
- (d) Total basic state aid to the county shall be the computed state share of basic foundation support. After such computation is completed, the state board shall immediately certify to each county board the amount of state aid allocated to the county for that fiscal year, subject to any qualifying provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-1. Definitions.

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§18A-4-2. State minimum salaries for teachers.

§18A-4-1. Definitions.

 For the purpose of this article, salaries shall be defined as: (a) "Basic salaries" which shall mean the salaries paid to teachers with zero years of experience and in accordance with the classification of certification and of training of said teachers; and (b) "advanced salaries" which shall mean the basic salary plus an experience increment based on the allowable years of experience of the respective teachers in accordance with the schedule established herein for the applicable classification of certification and of training of said teachers.

"Classification of certification" means the class or type of certificate issued by the state superintendent under the statutory provisions of this chapter. "Classification of training" means the number of collegiate or graduate hours necessary to meet the requirements stipulated in the definitions set forth in the next paragraph in items (2) to (11), inclusive.

The column heads of the state minimum salary schedule set forth in section two of this article are defined as follows:

- (1) "Years of experience" means the number of years the teacher has been employed in the teaching profession, including active work in educational positions other than the public schools, and service in the armed forces of the United States if the teacher was under contract to teach at the time of induction. For a registered professional nurse employed by a county board, "years of experience" means the number of years the nurse has been employed as a public school health nurse, including active work in a nursing position related to education, and service in the armed forces if the nurse was under contract with the county board at the time of induction. For the purpose of section two of this article, the experience of a teacher or a nurse shall be limited to that allowed under their training classification as found in the minimum salary schedule.
- (2) "Fourth class" means all certificates previously identified as: (a) "Certificates secured by examination"; and (b) "other first grade certificates".

- (3) "Third class" means all certificates previously identified as: (a) "Standard normal certificates"; and (b) "third class temporary (sixty-four semester hours) certificates".
 - (4) "Second class" means all certificates previously identified as "second class temporary certificates based upon the required ninety-six hours of college work".
 - (5) "A.B." means a bachelor's degree, from an accredited institution of higher education, which has been issued to, or for which the requirements for such have been met by, a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent. A registered professional nurse with a bachelor's degree, who is licensed by the West Virginia board of examiners for registered professional nurses and employed by a county board, shall be within this classification for payment in accordance with sections two and two-a of this article.
 - (6) "A.B. plus 15" means a bachelor's degree as defined above plus fifteen hours of graduate work, from an accredited institution of higher education certified to do graduate work, in an approved planned program at the graduate level which requirements have been met by a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (7) "M.A." means a master's degree, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate work, which has been issued to, or the requirements for such have been met by, a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (8) "M.A. plus 15" means the above-defined master's degree plus fifteen hours of graduate work, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
- (9) "M.A. plus 30" means the above-defined master's degree plus thirty graduate hours, earned in an institution approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.

80 (10) "Doctorate" means a doctor's degree, earned from 81 a university qualified and approved to confer such a 82 degree, which has been issued to or the requirements for 83 such have been met by a person who qualifies for or 84 holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.

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For purposes of advanced salary classification, graduate work completed after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, shall be related to the public school program, as prescribed by the state board.

Notwithstanding the requirements set forth in subdivisions (6), (8) and (9) of this section relating to hours of graduate work at an institution certified to do such work, fifteen undergraduate credit hours from a regionally accredited institution of higher education, earned after the effective date of this section, may be utilized for advanced salary classification if such hours are in accordance with: (a) The teacher's current classification of certification and of training; (b) a designated instructional shortage area documented by the employing county superintendent; or (c) an identified teaching deficiency documented through the state approved county personnel evaluation system.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the following definition shall be applicable.

106 (11) "M.A. plus 45" means the above-defined master's 107 degree plus forty-five graduate hours, earned in an 108 institution approved to do graduate work, if the person 109 is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its 110 equivalent.

§18A-4-2. State minimum salaries for teachers.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two and thereafter, each teacher shall receive the amount prescribed in the "state minimum salary schedule" as set forth in this section, specific additional amounts prescribed in this section or article, and any county supplement in effect in a county pursuant to section five-a of this article during the

8 contract year.

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9	S'	TATE M	IINIMU	M SAL	ARY SC	HEDUI	Æ
10	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
11	Years	4th	3rd	2nd		A.B.	
12	Exp.	Class	Class	Class	A.B.	+15	M.A.
13	0	16,816	17,453	17,708	18,918	19,653	21,361
14	1	17,032	17,669	17,924	19,318	20,053	21,761
15	2	17,248	17,886	18,141	19,718	20,453	22,161
16	3	17,465	18,102	18,357	20,118	20,853	22,561
17	4	17,917	18,554	18,810	20,754	21,489	23,197
18	5	18,133	18,771	19,026	21,154	21,889	23,597
19	6	18,350	18,987	19,242	21,554	22,289	23,997
20	7		19,203	19,459	21,954	22,689	24,397
21	8		19,420	19,675	22,354	23,089	24,797
22	9			19,891	22,754	23,489	25,197
23	10			20,107	23,155	23,890	25,598
24	11				23,555	24,290	25,998
25	12				23,955	24,690	26,398
26	13				24,355	25,090	26,798
27	14						27,198
28	15						27,598
29	16						27,998
30	17						
31	18						
32	19						
33		(8)	(9)	(10)			
00	Years	$\mathbf{M}.\mathbf{A}.$	M.A.	Doc-			
34	Exp.	+15	+30	torate			
95	0	99.006	22,831	23,831			
35	0	22,096	23,231	24,231			
36	1	22,496	23,631	24,231			
37	2	22,896 23,296	24,031	25,031			
38	3	23,230	24,667	25,667			
39	4	23,932	25,067	26,067			
40	5	24,332	25,467	26,467			
41	6	24,732 25,132	25,867	26,867			
42	7	25,532	26,267	27,267			
43	8	25,932 25,932	26,667	27,667			
44	9	,	27,068	28,068			
45	10	26,333	21,000	20,000			

46	11	26,733	27,468	28,468
47	12	27,133	27,868	28,868
48	13	27,533	28,268	29,268
49	14	27,933	28,668	29,668
50	15	28,333	29,068	30,068
51	16	28,733	29,468	30,468
52	17		29,868	30,868
53	18		30,268	31,268
54	19		30.668	31.668

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Six hundred dollars shall be paid annually to each classroom teacher who has at least twenty years of teaching experience. Such payments shall be in addition to any amounts prescribed in the "state minimum salary schedule", shall be paid in equal monthly installments, and shall be deemed a part of the state minimum salaries for teachers.

CHAPTER 58

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4139—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 28, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, seven, eight and nine, article two-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the adoption of textbooks, instructional materials, or learning technologies; permitting the state board of education to determine adoption periods; changing references from "publishers" to "vendors"; permitting magazines. newspapers and periodicals to be purchased for classroom use in certain instances; authorizing distribution of certain sample items; limiting the number of requested sample items; allowing the state board to designate contract time periods; increasing the bond requirement maximum; requiring contracts to also be filed with the board of public works; permitting the state board to determine certain specifications in bids

and contracts; authorizing the state board to establish one or more depositories; and allowing school curriculum teams to provide input in the selection process.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, five, seven, eight and nine, article two-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. ADOPTION OF TEXTBOOKS, INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS AND LEARNING TECHNOLO-GIES.

- §18-2A-1. Definition; adoption groups; adoption schedule.
- §18-2A-2. Request for samples and bids; deposit by bidder; selection, approval and publication of multiple list.
- §18-2A-3. Disposition of and requests for samples.
- §18-2A-4. Execution of contracts: bond.
- §18-2A-5. Selection by county boards: school curriculum teams.
- §18-2A-7. Exchange privilege; use of supplementary items; state-approved depositories authorized.
- Textbooks, instructional materials, or learning technologies must §18-2A-8. be approved and listed; when changes may be effected; rules.
- §18-2A-9. Gifts and bribes to influence adoption of books, instructional materials or learning technologies a felony; penalty.

Definition; adoption groups; adoption schedule. §18-2A-1.

- The definition of "textbooks" includes books: 1
- 2 instructional materials, as used therein, means systems
- 3 of instructional materials, or combinations of books and
- 4 supplementary materials which convey information to
- the pupil; learning technologies, including, but not 5
- 6 limited to, applications using computer software,
- 7 computer assisted instruction, interactive videodisc:
- other computer courseware and magnetic media. 8
- instructional materials, learning 9 Textbooks.
- technologies or any combination thereof adopted on the 10
- state multiple list must substantially cover the required 11
- content and skills for the subject as approved by the
- 12
- state board of education. Adopted materials must be 13
- current and information presented accurately. 14
- On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine 15 hundred ninety-two, the state board of education shall 16

17 classify the elementary and secondary school subjects 18 required to be taught in the schools of our state into adoption groups by related subject fields as nearly as 19 20 possible. A schedule for the periods of adoption shall be determined by the state board of education: Provided. 21 22 That magazines, newspapers and other periodicals may 23 be purchased by a county board of education for 24 classroom use to supplement those items adopted on the 25 state multiple list without having to comply with the 26 adoption procedures provided in this article: Provided. 27 however. That magazines, newspapers and periodicals 28 shall be deemed to be textbooks for purposes of special excess levies subject to the provisions of section sixteen. 29 30 article eight, chapter eleven of this code when the described purpose under said section is for textbooks. 31 32 The state adoption cycle shall not exceed six years: Provided further, That the county textbook adoption 33 committees may request a waiver of the six year 34 maximum adoption cycle from the state board of 35 36 education.

§18-2A-2. Request for samples and bids; deposit by bidder; selection, approval and publication of multiple list.

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Prior to each adoption year, and not later than the first day of August, the state board by written request or otherwise shall ask the various vendors of textbooks, instructional materials, learning technologies or any combination thereof to submit samples and prices on items deemed appropriate by the state board of education to teach the curriculum in the public elementary and secondary schools of the state for the current adoption period.

10 All bids or proposals shall be under seal, and each 11 bidder shall deposit in the state treasury such sum of money as the state board may designate, such deposit 12 13 to be not less than one thousand dollars, and not more 14 than three thousand dollars; and such deposit shall be forfeited to the general school fund if such bidder shall 15 16 fail or refuse to make and execute such contract and 17 bond as are herein required in case of acceptance of all 18 or part of the vendor's bid, and otherwise shall be returned to such bidder after the contract has been made. The state board of education reserves the right to set the sum of money a vendor is required to deposit in the state treasury upon submitting a bid: *Provided*, That the vendor has a previous history of failure or refusal to execute contracts or bonds with the state of West Virginia.

26 All bids shall be opened by the state board in public 27 session. After considering the subject matter, product 28 quality, general suitableness, and prices of items 29 submitted, the board shall, prior to the first day of 30 March of each year in which adoptions are made by the 31 state board of education, establish a committee of 32 teachers and other educational specialists and with the 33 aid of said committee, shall on or before the first day 34 of December, prior to county adoptions, select, approve 35 and publish a list of items in each subject and grade in 36 the elementary and secondary subjects required to be 37 taught by said board. The committee of teachers and 38 other educational specialists shall report their 39 recommendations to the state board on or before the 40 fifteenth day of November of the year preceding the 41 adoption by the county board.

§18-2A-3. Disposition of and requests for samples.

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Sample items in excess of the official sample 1 2 submitted to the state board for examination shall remain the property of the vendor submitting them if 3 claimed within thirty days after adoption of the multiple 4 list. If not claimed within that period, the items may be 5 6 sold by the state board and the money credited to the 7 general school fund or items may be distributed to state operated educational agencies. Sample items submitted 8 to county boards of education remain the property of the 9 vendor submitting them if claimed within thirty days 10 after the county board of education has formally adopted 11 its items. Unclaimed items may be distributed free of 12 charge by the respective board of education to any 13 school, library or individual who may have need for the 14 sample items. 15

Vendors claiming samples within the thirty-day

17 period shall notify the respective board of education at

18 the time samples are submitted for study of their intent

19 to recall the samples. All costs shall be borne by the

20 vendors.

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26 27 No county adoption committee is entitled to request or receive more than eight free samples of any multigrade program being considered for adoption. Any single grade level subject area items used above grade six shall be limited to five free samples per county selection committee. Any individual requesting samples in excess of these limits shall be billed by the vendor at the lowest wholesale price plus shipping.

§18-2A-4. Execution of contracts; bond.

1 When the selection and approval of the multiple list 2 have been properly made, it shall be the duty of the state 3 board to furnish contracts for the selected items with the vendors within thirty days of the approval and adoption 4 5 of the multiple list, prepare a list of the adopted items 6 on the multiple list and publish same, and send a copy 7 to each county superintendent and vendors who 8 submitted bids for the particular adoption group not 9 later than January fifteenth of the year of the county 10 adoption. Such contracts for adoption shall run for a 11 period of time as designated by the state board of 12 education.

Each vendor awarded a contract by the state shall enter into a bond payable to the state of West Virginia in the penal sum of not less than two thousand dollars and not more than ten thousand dollars to be approved by the state board of public works, such bond to be executed as surety by some responsible surety company authorized to carry on its business in West Virginia. Such contract shall be prepared by the attorney general in accordance with the terms and provisions of this article. Such contract shall be executed in triplicate, one copy to be held by the vendor, one by the state board of education and one attached to the bond filed with the board of public works.

Bonds required of successful vendors shall provide that:

- 28 (a) The vendor will furnish any of the items on the 29 multiple list under vendors contract for the period of the 30 adoption, from the date of the bond, to any county school 31 unit, a dealer appointed by the county, or any state 32 board approved depository or depositories as defined in 33 section seven of this article, at the lowest wholesale price 34 contained in the bids or contracts made to any other 35 county school unit, dealer, county, school or depository 36 in any other state, like conditions prevailing. The state 37 board shall determine, from time to time, the terms of 38 the bids and contracts and may require the vendor to 39 bear the costs of shipping, mail or transportation or 40 offer any other financial benefit available in the highest 41 amount paid by a vendor to any other county school unit. 42 dealer, county or depository in any other state: Provided. 43 That the state board of education shall decide whether 44 from time to time bids and contracts for textbooks. 45 instructional materials and learning technologies or any 46 combination thereof are to be for the delivery directly 47 to each county school unit, dealer appointed by the 48 county, county or to each depository or depositories, or 49 any combination thereof, under this section.
 - (b) The vendor will automatically reduce such prices in West Virginia when prices are reduced anywhere in the United States, so that no such item or items shall at any time be sold in West Virginia at a higher wholesale price than received for items elsewhere in the United States, like conditions prevailing.

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56 (c) All items sold in West Virginia will be identical with the official samples filed with the state board of 57 education as regards quality standards, specifications, 58 59 subject matter, and other particulars which may affect 60 the value of the items. The state board of education may, however, during the period of the contract approve 61 revised editions of adopted items, which will authorize 62 a vendor to furnish such revisions. All contracts and 63 bonds shall be filed with the board of public works prior 64 to the first day of July. 65

§18-2A-5. Selection by county boards; school curriculum teams.

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Vendors, upon requests of county superintendents, shall furnish to county boards of education the requested sample copies of items that were selected and placed on the state multiple list by the state board of education in accordance with the provisions of section three of this article.

School curriculum teams shall make their curriculum and instructional needs known to the county superintendent and selection committees prior to the consideration of any adopted grouping in accordance with the provisions of section three of this article. The county board of education shall, upon recommendation of the county superintendent with the aid of a committee of teachers and not later than the first day of May of the year following that in which the multiple list for the group was made and approved, select from the state multiple list one or more items to deliver instruction for a period as provided for elsewhere in this article. Counties are authorized to include nonvoting advisors from the general public in the adoption process, but shall require advisors to provide their assessment of the items appropriate for the subject before the voting committee commences the selection process.

§18-2A-7. Exchange privilege; use of supplementary items; state-approved depositories authorized.

Contractors shall arrange for the exchange of items, 1 allowing pupils or boards of education an exchange 2 price as liberal as granted on the same items to any city, 3 county, or state in the United States, like conditions 4 5 prevailing. The exchange privilege shall extend through 6 one entire school year. Nothing in this article is to be 7 construed as preventing the use of supplementary books, instructional materials, or learning technologies 8 9 provided they do not displace the adopted items, nor the 10 use of more advanced items in such schools as may be ready for the same. On or before the first day of July. 11 12 one thousand nine hundred ninety-four and thereafter, the state board of education is authorized to approve any 13 depository or depositories, either public or private. to 14 serve any county or several counties, whose purpose 15

- 16 includes, but is not limited to, offering the savings and
- 17 services generally associated with local distribution of
- 18 textbooks, instructional materials, or learning
- 19 technologies or any combination thereof, to counties and
- 20 schools.

§18-2A-8. Textbooks, instructional materials, or learning technologies must be approved and listed; when changes may be effected; rules.

No textbook, instructional materials, or learning technologies shall be used in any public elementary or secondary school in West Virginia as the primary source

4 to deliver the instructional goals and objectives for state

5 required courses unless it has been approved and listed

6 on the state multiple list by the state board of education.

7 except as otherwise provided for in this section. Any

8 changes of items made by the state board of education

9 shall become effective upon approval. The state board

10 of education may upon request by a county board of

11 education and upon justification of that request, and

12 subsequent to the adoption by a county board of

13 education, approve the adoption of additional items to

14 meet the needs of specific children which were not

15 provided for in the original adoption, or waive the

16 requirement to adopt and utilize items in a particular

school as provided for in section six, article five-a of this

18 chapter. Nothing in this section shall apply to the

19 supplementary items that are needed from time to time.

20 The state board of education is authorized to grant permission to county boards of education for the 21 continued use of previously adopted items that are listed 22 on the most recently expired multiple list appropriate 23 for the subject category under consideration. The 24 continued use shall not exceed a period as designated by 25 the state board of education. The state board may make 26 such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary and 27

28 expedient to carry out the provisions of this article.

§18-2A-9. Gifts and bribes to influence adoption of books, instructional materials or learning technologies a felony; penalty.

1 Any member of the state board of education, any

2 county superintendent, any member of a county board of education or any other person who shall receive. 3 4 solicit, or accept any gift, present, or thing of value to 5 influence that individual in the vote for the adoption of 6 books, instructional materials or learning technologies, or any combination thereof, or any person who shall 7 8 either directly or indirectly give or offer to give any such gift, present, or thing of value to any person to 9 influence that individual in voting for the adoption of 10 books, instructional materials or learning technologies. 11 12 or any combination thereof, shall be guilty of a felony. 13 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by 14 confinement in the penitentiary for not less than one 15 vear nor more than three years.

CHAPTER 59

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4118—By Delegates Prezioso and Ashcraft)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a, relating to county boards of education; defining terms; authorizing such boards to enter into energy-savings contracts; setting forth certain procedures and requirements for the use of such contracts; authorizing the "lease with option to purchase" method of contracting; and providing that the county board may annually renew the energy-savings contract up to ten years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-9a. Energy-savings contracts.

(a) For the purposes of this section:

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- 2 (1) "Energy-conservation measures" means goods or 3 services, or both, to reduce energy consumption 4 operating costs of school facilities. They include, but are 5 not limited to, installation of two or more of the 6 following:
- 7 (A) Insulation of a building structure and systems 8 within a building;
 - (B) Storm windows or doors, caulking or weather stripping, multiglazed windows or doors, heat-absorbing or heat-reflective glazed and coated window or door systems, or other window or door modifications that reduce energy consumption;
- 14 (C) Automatic energy control systems;
- 15 (D) Heating, ventilating or air conditioning systems, including modifications or replacements;
- 17 (E) Replacement or modification of lighting fixtures 18 to increase energy efficiency;
- 19 (F) Energy recovery systems;
 - (G) Cogeneration systems that produce steam or another form of energy for use by the county board of education in a building or complex of buildings owned by the board of education; or
 - (H) Energy-conservation maintenance measures that provide long-term operating cost reductions of the building's present cost of operation.
- 27 (2) "Energy-savings contract" means a contract for the evaluation and recommendation of energy operations 28 conservation measures, and for implementation of one or 29 more such measures. The contract shall provide that 30 payments, except obligations upon termination of the 31 contract before its expiration, are to be made over time. 32 A county board of education may supplement these 33 payments with federal, state or local funds to reduce the 34 annual cost or to lower the initial amount to be financed. 35
 - (3) "Qualified provider" means a person, firm or corporation experienced in the design, implementation

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- 38 and installation of energy-conservation measures.
 - (b) County boards of education are hereby authorized to enter into performance-based contracts with qualified providers of energy-conservation measures for the purpose of reducing energy operating costs of school buildings.
 - (c) A board of education may enter into an energysavings contract with a qualified provider to reduce energy operating costs significantly. Before entering into such a contract or before the installation of equipment, modifications or remodeling to be furnished under such a contract, the qualified provider shall first issue a proposal summarizing the scope of work to be performed. Such a proposal shall contain estimates of all costs of installation, modifications or remodeling, including the costs of design, engineering, installation, maintenance, repairs or debt service, as well as estimates of the amounts by which energy operating costs will be reduced. If the board finds, after receiving the proposal, that the proposal includes more than one energy-conservation measure designed to save energy operating costs, the board may enter into a contract with the provider pursuant to this section.
- 61 (d) An energy-savings contract must include the 62 following:
 - (1) A guarantee of a specific minimum amount of money that the board will save in energy operating costs each year during the term of the contract;
 - (2) A statement of all costs of energy-conservation measures, including the costs of design, engineering, installation, maintenance, repairs and operations.
 - (e) An energy-savings contract which is performance-based and includes a guarantee of savings and a comprehensive approach of energy-conservation measures for improving comfort is subject to competitive bidding requirements: *Provided*, That the requirements of article five-a, chapter twenty-one of this code as to prevailing wage rates shall apply to the construction and installation work performed under

77 such a contract.

(f) A board may enter into a "lease with an option to purchase" contract for the purchase and installation of energy-conservation measures if the term of the lease does not exceed ten years, and the lease contract includes the provisions hereinafter contained in subsection (g), and meets federal tax requirements for tax-exempt municipal leasing or long-term financing.

(g) An energy-savings contract may extend beyond the fiscal year in which it first becomes effective: Provided, That such a contract may not exceed a tenyear term: Provided, however, That such long term contract shall be void unless such agreement shall provide that the board shall have the option thereunder during each fiscal year of the contract to terminate the agreement. The board may include in its annual budget for each fiscal year any amounts payable under long-term energy-savings contracts during that fiscal year: Provided further, That nothing contained herein shall be deemed to require or permit the replacement of jobs performed by service personnel employed by the local school board pursuant to sections eight and eight-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code, as amended.

CHAPTER 60

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 22—By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article five-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article eight-a; and to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter eighteen-a of said code, all relating to allowing faculty senate funds to be used in accordance with the teacher's opinion; removing obsolete language; providing for the education of homeless children; directing the state board to

ascertain certain information and submit a report by a date certain; requiring state board standards to include certain additional provisions by a date certain.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article five-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eight-a; and that section one, article three, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

18. Education.

18A. School Personnel.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article.

5A. Local School Involvement.

8A. Attendance of Homeless Children.

ARTICLE 5A. LOCAL SCHOOL INVOLVEMENT.

§18-5A-5. Public school faculty senates established; election of officers; powers and duties.

- election of officers; powers and duties.

 (a) There is established at every public school in this
- state a faculty senate which shall be comprised of all
 permanent, full-time professional educators employed at
- 3 permanent, full-time professional educators employed at 4 the school who shall all be voting members. Professional
- 5 educators as used in this section means professional
- 6 educators as defined in chapter eighteen-a of this code.
- 7 A quorum of more than one half of the voting members
- 8 of the faculty shall be present at any meeting of the
- 9 faculty senate at which official business is conducted.
- 10 Prior to the beginning of the instructional term each
- 11 year, but within the employment term, the principal
- 12 shall convene a meeting of the faculty senate to elect a
- 13 chair, vice chair and secretary and discuss matters
- 14 relevant to the beginning of the school year. The vice
- 15 chair shall preside at meetings when the chair is absent.
- 16 Meetings of the faculty senate shall be held on a regular
- 17 basis as determined by a schedule approved by the
- 18 faculty senate and amended from time to time if needed.

Emergency meetings may be held at the call of the chair or a majority of the voting members by petition submitted to the chair and vice chair. An agenda of matters to be considered at a scheduled meeting of the faculty senate shall be available to the members at least two employment days prior to the meeting, and in the case of emergency meetings, as soon as possible prior to the meeting. The chair of the faculty senate may appoint such committees as may be desirable to study and submit recommendations to the full faculty senate, but the acts of the faculty senate shall be voted upon by the full body.

- (b) In addition to any other powers and duties conferred by law, or authorized by policies adopted by the state or county board of education or bylaws which may be adopted by the faculty senate not inconsistent with law, the powers and duties listed in this subsection are specifically reserved for the faculty senate. The intent of these provisions is neither to restrict nor to require the activities of every faculty senate to the enumerated items except as otherwise stated. Each faculty senate shall organize its activities as it deems most effective and efficient based on school size, departmental structure and other relevant factors.
- (1) Each faculty senate shall control funds allocated to the school from legislative appropriations pursuant to section nine, article nine-a of this chapter. From such funds, each classroom teacher and librarian shall be allotted fifty dollars for expenditure during the instructional year for academic materials, supplies or equipment which in the judgment of the teacher or librarian will assist him or her in providing instruction in his or her assigned academic subjects, or shall be returned to the faculty senate: Provided, That nothing contained herein shall prohibit such funds from being used for programs and materials that, in the opinion of the teacher, enhance student behavior, increase academic achievement, improve self-esteem and address the problems of students at-risk. The remainder of funds shall be expended for academic materials, supplies or equipment in accordance with a budget approved by the

faculty senate. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the contrary, funds not expended in one school year shall be available for expenditure in the next school year: Provided, however, That the amount of county funds budgeted in a fiscal year, shall not be reduced throughout the year as a result of the faculty appropriations in the same fiscal year for such materials, supplies and equipment. Accounts shall be maintained of the allocations and expenditures of such funds for the purpose of financial audit. Academic materials, supplies or equipment shall be interpreted broadly, but shall not include materials, supplies or equipment which will be used in or connected with interscholastic athletic events.

(2) A faculty senate may establish a process for faculty members to interview new prospective professional educators and paraprofessional employees at the school and submit recommendations regarding employment to the principal, who may also make independent recommendations, for submission to the county superintendent: *Provided*, That such process must permit the timely employment of persons to perform necessary duties.

- (3) A faculty senate may nominate teachers for recognition as outstanding teachers under state and local teacher recognition programs and other personnel at the school, including parents, for recognition under other appropriate recognition programs and may establish such programs for operation at the school.
- (4) A faculty senate may submit recommendations to the principal regarding the assignment scheduling of secretaries, clerks, aides and paraprofessionals at the school.
- (5) A faculty senate may submit recommendations to the principal regarding establishment of the master curriculum schedule for the next ensuing school year.
- (6) A faculty senate may establish a process for the review and comment on sabbatical leave requests submitted by employees at the school pursuant to section eleven, article two of this chapter.

- (7) Each faculty senate shall elect three faculty representatives to the local school improvement council established pursuant to section two of this article.
 - (8) Each faculty senate may nominate a member for election to the county staff development council pursuant to section eight, article three, chapter eighteen-a of this code.
 - (9) Each faculty senate shall have an opportunity to make recommendations on the selection of faculty to serve as mentors for beginning teachers under beginning teacher internship programs at the school.
 - (10) A faculty senate may solicit, accept and expend any grants, gifts, bequests, donations and any other funds made available to the faculty senate: *Provided*, That the faculty senate shall select a member who shall have the duty of maintaining a record of all funds received and expended by the faculty senate, which record shall be kept in the school office and shall be subject to normal auditing procedures.
 - (11) On or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, any faculty senate may review the evaluation procedure as conducted in their school to ascertain whether such evaluations were conducted in accordance with the written system required pursuant to section twelve, article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code and the general intent of this Legislature regarding meaningful performance evaluations of school personnel. If a majority of members of the faculty senate determine that such evaluations were not so conducted, they shall submit a report in writing to the state board of education: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall create any new right of access to or review of any individual's evaluations.
 - (12) Each faculty senate shall be provided by its local board of education at least a two-hour per month block of noninstructional time within the school day: *Provided*, That any such designated day shall constitute a full instructional day. This time may be utilized and determined at the local school level and shall include, but not be limited to, faculty senate meetings.

ARTICLE 8A. ATTENDANCE OF HOMELESS CHILDREN.

- §18-8A-1. Legislative findings; definition of homeless child.
- §18-8A-2. Residence of child.
- §18-8A-3. Attendance of homeless children.
- §18-8A-4. Report on at-risk children.

§18-8A-1. Legislative findings; definition of homeless

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that
 2 because of the growing number of children and families
 3 who are homeless in West Virginia there is a need to
 4 ensure that all homeless children receive a proper
 5 education. It is the intent of the Legislature that no child
 6 shall be denied the benefits of a free education in the
- 7 public schools because the child is homeless.
- The Legislature further finds that programs and materials must be made available to homeless and atrisk children to assure opportunities for an equal education. Programs shall include, but not be limited to, incorporating the ideas of academic achievement, career
- 13 exploration, self-esteem enhancement, behavior
- 14 modification and other programs relating to student
- 15 development.
- (b) As used in this article, unless the context otherwise
 requires, "homeless child" means:
- 18 (1) A child who lacks a fixed, regular and adequate 19 nighttime residence; or
- 20 (2) A child who has a primary nighttime residence 21 which is:
- 22 (i) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter 23 designed to provide temporary living accommodations, 24 including welfare hotels, congregate shelters and 25 transitional housing for the mentally ill;
- 26 (ii) An institution that provides a temporary residence 27 for individuals intended to be institutionalized; or
- 28 (iii) A public or private place not designed for, nor ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings.

- 31 (c) "Homeless child" does not include any individual
- 32 imprisoned or otherwise detained pursuant to an act of
- 33 Congress or a state law.

§18-8A-2. Residence of child.

- 1 A child considered to be homeless pursuant to the
- 2 provisions of section one of this article who presently
- 3 seeks shelter or is located in a school district shall be
- 4 considered to reside in that school district and may
- 5 attend public school in that district.

§18-8A-3. Attendance of homeless children.

- 1 Nothing in this article may be construed to prohibit
- 2 a child from attending a public school without the
- 3 payment of tuition solely because the child is homeless
- 4 as defined in section one of this article.

§18-8A-4. Report on at-risk children.

- 1 The state board of education shall present to the
- 2 Legislature no later than the first day of January, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, a report which
- 4 shall include the identification of existing programs
- 5 which exemplify academic achievement, career
- 6 exploration, self-esteem enhancement, behavior
- 7 modification and other programs relating to student
- 8 development. The report shall also include findings and
- 9 recommendations for funding such programs so as to
- provide delivery to all children at-risk of not succeeding
- 11 in school. The report shall also include teaching
- 12 techniques and learning strategies and the state board
- 13 definition of "children at-risk".

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 3. TRAINING, CERTIFICATION, LICENSING, PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

§18A-3-1. Teacher preparation programs; program approval and standards; authority to issue teaching certificates.

- 1 (a) The education of professional educators in the state
- shall be under the general direction and control of the
- 3 state board of education after consultation with the
- 4 secretary of education and the arts, who shall represent

the board of directors of the state college system and the 5 6 board of trustees of the university of West Virginia 7 system. The education of professional educators in the 8 state includes all programs leading to certification to 9 teach or serve in the public schools including: (1) Those programs in all institutions of higher education, 10 including student teaching in the public schools: (2) 11 12 beginning teacher internship programs: (3) the granting 13 of West Virginia certification to persons who received 14 their preparation to teach outside the boundaries of this 15 state: (4) any alternative preparation programs in this state leading to certification, including programs 16 17 established pursuant to the provisions of section one-a 18 of this article and programs which are in effect on the effective date of this section; and (5) any continuing 19 20 professional education, professional development and in-21 service training programs for professional educators 22 employed in the public schools in the state.

The state board of education, after consultation with the secretary of education and the arts, who shall represent the board of directors of the state college system and the board of trustees of the university of West Virginia system, shall adopt standards for the education of professional educators in the state and for the awarding of certificates valid in the public schools of this state.

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43 44 The standards approved by the board for teacher preparation shall include a provision for the study of multicultural education. As used in this section, multicultural education means the study of the pluralistic nature of American society including its values, institutions, organizations, groups, status positions and social roles.

Effective the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, the standards approved by the board shall also include a provision for the study of classroom management techniques and shall include methods of effective management of disruptive behavior which shall include societal factors and their impact on student behavior.

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- (b) To give prospective teachers the teaching experience needed to demonstrate competence as a prerequisite to certification, the state board of education may enter into an agreement with county boards of education for the use of the public schools. Such agreement shall recognize student teaching as a joint responsibility of the teacher preparation institution and the cooperating public schools and shall include: (1) The minimum qualifications for the employment of public school teachers selected as supervising teachers; (2) the remuneration to be paid public school teachers by the state board, in addition to their contractual salaries, for supervising student teachers: and (3) minimum standards to guarantee the adequacy of the facilities and program of the public school selected for student teaching. The student teacher, under the direction and supervision of the supervising teacher, shall exercise the authority of a substitute teacher.
- (c) The state superintendent of schools may issue certificates to graduates of teacher education programs and alternative teacher education programs approved by the state board of education and in accordance with rules adopted by the state board after consultation with the secretary of education and the arts, who shall represent the board of directors of the state college system and the board of trustees of the university of West Virginia system. A certificate to teach shall not be granted to any person who is not a citizen of the United States, is not of good moral character and physically, mentally and emotionally qualified to perform the duties of a teacher and who has not attained the age of eighteen years on or before the first day of October of the year in which his certificate is issued; except that an exchange teacher from a foreign country, or an alien person who meets the requirements to teach, may be granted a permit to teach within the public schools of the state.
- (d) In consultation with the secretary of education and the arts, who shall represent the board of directors of the state college system and the board of trustees of the university of West Virginia system, institutions of

86 higher education approved for teacher preparation may cooperate with each other, with the center for profes-87 88 sional development and with one or more county boards 89 of education in the organization and operation of centers 90 to provide selected phases of the teacher preparation program such as student teaching, beginning teacher 91 92 internship programs, instruction in methodology and 93 seminar programs for college students, teachers with 94 provisional certification, professional support team members and supervising teachers. 95

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Such institutions of higher education, the center and county boards of education may by mutual agreement budget and expend funds for the operation of such centers through payments to the appropriate fiscal office of the participating institutions, the center and the county boards.

The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require the discontinuation of an existing student teacher training center or school which meets the standards of the state board of education.

All institutions of higher education approved for teacher preparation in the school year of one thousand nine hundred sixty-two—sixty-three shall continue to hold that distinction so long as they meet the minimum standards for teacher preparation. Nothing contained herein shall infringe upon the rights granted to any institution by charter given according to law previous to the adoption of this code.

CHAPTER 61

(H. B. 4596—By Delegate Spencer)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nineteen, twenty and twenty-one, article twenty-three, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b; to amend and reenact section four, article two of said chapter; to further amend said article two by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; and to amend and reenact section one, article eight of said chapter, all relating to the University of West Virginia College of Graduate Studies: changing the name to West Virginia Graduate College: relating to powers and duties of governing boards of state institutions of higher education: authorizing rents, fees and charges collected in connection with the occupancy of dormitories at such institutions to be pledged for the payment of bonds issued for dormitory construction or improvement, establishing procedures for the issue and sale of such bonds: relating to Potomac State College of West Virginia University: authorizing the board of trustees to sell certain properties; and providing for the use of the proceeds therefrom.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nineteen, twenty and twenty-one, article twenty-three, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of said code be amended and reenacted; that section four, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; and that section one, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 18. Education.
- 18B. Higher Education.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

- ARTICLE 23. ADDITIONAL POWERS, DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF GOVERNING BOARDS OF STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.
- §18-23-19. Payment of principal and interest of construction bonds from revenues of dormitories, homes and refectories; redemption of bonds.

§18-23-20. When dormitories, homes or refectories become property of state. §18-23-21. State debt not to be incurred for dormitories, homes, or refectories; federal and private assistance; provisions separable.

§18-23-19. Payment of principal and interest of construction bonds from revenues of dormitories, homes and refectories; redemption of bonds.

Whenever bonds are issued for the construction. 1 2 erection or equipment of dormitories, homes or 3 refectories, or for the improvement or equipment of 4 existing dormitories, homes or refectories, or for any or 5 all of such purposes, as joint or several projects, for which a single or several issues of bonds may be issued 6 7 within the discretion of the governing boards, rents, fees and charges shall be fixed, charged and collected in 8 9 connection with the use or occupancy of, or service to be thereby rendered and furnished by, dormitories, 10 homes or refectories of the particular state educational 11 institution as the governing board thereof shall 12 determine, and shall be so fixed or adjusted, as to 13 provide a fund sufficient to pay the principal and 14 15 interest of each such issue of bonds and to provide an additional fund to pay the cost of maintaining, 16 repairing, operating and insuring such dormitories, 17 homes or refectories. Whenever bonds are issued to 18 finance the construction and erection of dormitories, 19 homes or refectories, together with additions or 20 21 extensions to an existing dormitory, home or refectory for students or teachers at state educational institutions. 22 23 the revenues derivable from all such dormitories, homes or refectories of the particular state educational 24 institution as the governing board thereof shall 25 determine, may be pledged to provide a fund sufficient 26 27 to pay the principal and interest of such issue of bonds 28 and of any other bonds thereafter issued for the same purpose, and to provide an additional fund to pay the 29 cost of maintaining, repairing, operating and insuring 30 such dormitories, homes or refectories. Except as may 31 otherwise be provided in the trust agreement authorized 32 in section seventeen of this article, the rents, fees and 33 charges from the dormitories, homes or refectories for 34

35 which a single issue of bonds is issued, except such part 36 thereof as may be necessary to pay such cost of 37 maintaining, repairing, operating and insuring during 38 any period in which such cost is not otherwise provided 39 for (during which period the rents, fees and charges 40 may be reduced accordingly), shall be transmitted each 41 month to the municipal bond commission and by it placed in a special fund which is hereby pledged to and 42 charged with the payment of the principal of such bonds 43 44 and the interest thereon, and to the redemption or repurchase of such bonds, such special fund to be a fund 45 46 for all such bonds without distinction or priority of one 47 over another. The moneys in such special fund, less a 48 reserve for payment of interest, if not used by the 49 municipal bond commission, within a reasonable time for the purchase of bonds for cancellation at a price not 50 51 exceeding the market price and not exceeding the 52 redemption price, shall be applied to the redemption by lot of any bonds which by their terms are then 53 54 redeemable, at the redemption price then applicable: 55 Provided. That if said revenue bonds are sold to and 56 purchased by the United States of America or any 57 federal or public agency or department created under and by virtue of the laws of the United States of 58 America, then at the option of the United States of 59 America or such federal or public agency or department 60 in lieu of such moneys being transmitted to the 61 municipal bond commission and by it placed in a special 62 63 fund, the rents, fees and charges from such dormitories, 64 homes or refectories, except such part thereof as may be necessary to pay such cost of maintaining, repairing. 65 operating and insuring as provided aforesaid, may be 66 transmitted and paid to a trustee designated and named 67 by the United States of America or such federal or 68 public agency or department in its agreement and 69 contract with the appropriate governing board, for the 70 payment of the principal of such bonds and the interest 71 thereon, under such terms and conditions as may be 72 73 agreed upon.

§18-23-20. When dormitories, homes or refectories become property of state.

1 When the particular bonds for any dormitory or 2 dormitories, home or homes, refectory or refectories. 3 and the interest on such bonds, shall have been paid, or 4 a sufficient amount has been provided for their payment 5 and shall continue to be held for that purpose, the said 6 dormitories, homes or refectories shall thereafter be 7 exclusively the property of the state of West Virginia. 8 and thereafter the rents, fees and charges collected for the use or occupancy of, or service rendered and 9 10 furnished by, such dormitories, homes or refectories 11 shall be paid into the state board of investments as 12 provided by the provisions of section two, article two. 13 chapter twelve of this code, as amended, and used and expended for the benefit of the institution where 14 collected: Provided. That nothing in this section 15 precludes any governing board from pledging such 16 17 rents, fees and charges to pay the principal and interest on any bonds thereafter issued to construct new, or to 18 improve existing dormitories, homes or refectories 19 pursuant to section nineteen of this article. Such rents. 20 fees and charges shall be paid as may be provided in 21 a trust agreement authorized pursuant to section 22 23 seventeen of this article, and in the absence of such trust agreement, as provided in section nineteen of this 24 25 article.

§18-23-21. State debt not to be incurred for dormitories, homes, or refectories; federal and private assistance; provisions separable.

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7 8 Nothing in these sections dealing with dormitories, homes or refectories shall be so construed or interpreted as to authorize or permit the incurring of state debt of any kind or nature as contemplated by the constitution of this state in relation to the state debt. The dormitories, homes or refectories herein are of the character described as self-liquidating projects under the laws of the United States.

Any governing board authorized to issue bonds under the provisions of this article is authorized and empowered to accept loans or grants or temporary advances for the purpose of paying part or all of the cost of construction of the dormitories, homes or refectories and 14 the other purposes herein authorized, from the United 15 States of America or such federal or public agency or department of the United States or any private agency. 16 17 corporation or individual, which temporary advances 18 may be repaid out of the proceeds of the bonds 19 authorized to be issued under the provisions of this 20 article and to enter into the necessary contracts and 21 agreements to carry out the purposes hereof with the 22 United States of America or such federal or public 23 agency or department of the United States, or with any 24 private agency, corporation or individual. The 25 provisions and parts of this section are separable and 26 are not matters of mutual essential inducement, and it 27 is the intention to confer the whole or any part of the 28 powers herein provided for, and if any of the sections 29 or provisions, or parts thereof, are for any reason illegal 30 or invalid, it is the intention that the remaining sections 31 and provisions or parts thereof shall remain in full force 32 and effect.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

Article

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- 1. Governance.
- 2. University of West Virginia Board of Trustees.
- 8. Higher Education Full-Time Faculty Salaries.

ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

§18B-1-2. Definitions.

- The following words when used in this chapter and chapter eighteen-c of this code shall have the meaning hereafter ascribed to them unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
 - (a) "Governing board" or "board" means the university of West Virginia board of trustees or the board of directors of the state college system, whichever is applicable within the context of the institution or institutions referred to in this chapter or in other provisions of law;
- 11 (b) "Governing boards" or "boards" means both the 12 board of trustees and the board of directors;
- (c) "Community colleges" means Southern West
 Virginia Community College, West Virginia Northern

- 15 Community College, and any institution of higher 16 education which has been designated as a community 17 college by the board of directors under the provisions
- of section four, article three of this chapter: 18
- (d) "Directors" or "board of directors" means the 19 20 board of directors of the state college system created 21 pursuant to article three of this chapter or the members 22 thereof:
 - (e) "Higher educational institution" means any institution as defined by sections 401(f), (g), (h) of the federal higher education facilities act of 1963, as amended:
- 27 (f) "Post-secondary vocational education programs" 28 means any college-level course or program beyond the high school level provided through an institution of 29 higher education which results in or may result in the 30 awarding of a two-year associate degree, under the 31 32 jurisdiction of the board of directors:
- (g) "Rule" or "rules" means a regulation, standard, 33 34 policy or interpretation of general application and 35 future effect:
 - (h) "Senior administrator" means the person hired by the governing boards in accordance with section one, article four of this chapter, with such powers and duties as may be provided for in section two of said article four;
- (i) "State college" means Bluefield State College, 40 41 Concord College, Fairmont State College, Glenville State College, Shepherd College, West Liberty State 42 College, West Virginia Institute of Technology, or West 43 Virginia State College:
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- (j) "State college system" means the state colleges and community colleges, and also shall include post-46 47 secondary vocational education programs in the state, as 48 those terms are defined in this section:
 - (k) "State institution of higher education" means any university, college or community college in the state university system or the state college system as those terms are defined in this section;

- (l) "Trustees" and "board of trustees" means the 53 university of West Virginia board of trustees created 54 55 pursuant to article two of this chapter or the members 56 thereof:
- 57 (m) "University of West Virginia" and "state university system" means the multi-campus, integrated 58 university of the state, consisting of West Virginia 59 University including West Virginia University at 60 61 Parkersburg, Potomac State College of West Virginia 62 University and the West Virginia University School of Medicine; Marshall University including the Marshall 63 University School of Medicine; the West Virginia 64 Graduate College; and the West Virginia School of 65 Osteopathic Medicine: and

(n) "University" means the multi-campus, integrated 67 university of the state, consisting of West Virginia 68 University including West Virginia University at 69 70 Parkersburg, Potomac State College of West Virginia 71 University and the West Virginia University School of Medicine: Marshall University including the Marshall 72 University School of Medicine: the West Virginia 73 Graduate College: or the West Virginia School of 74 Osteopathic Medicine. 75

ARTICLE 2. UNIVERSITY OF WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

- §18B-2-4. Establishment and operation of graduate college; transfer of programs, etc., of Kanawha Valley Graduate Center of West Virginia University.
- §18B-2-7. Authorization to sell all or part of Potomac State College of West Virginia University parcels of land located in New Creek and Keyser commonly known as the Potomac State College farm listed on the public lands inventory as 1PSC6. PSC Parcel No. 6. 1PSC14. PSC Parcel No. 14 and 1PSC16. PSC Parcel No. 16.
- Establishment and operation of graduate §18B-2-4. college; transfer of programs, etc., of Kanawha Valley Graduate Center of West Virginia University.
 - The power of the board of regents, effective July one. 1 one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, to establish. 2 name, maintain and operate a graduate college whose 3
 - major administrative offices are located in Kanawha 4

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county shall be transferred to the board of trustees effective July one, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, and shall be known as the "University of West Virginia College of Graduate Studies".

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the graduate college herein established shall henceforth be known as the "West Virginia Graduate College". Any references in this code to the University of West Virginia College of Graduate Studies, the West Virginia College of Graduate Studies or the College of Graduate Studies shall, upon said effective date, mean the West Virginia Graduate College.

The board of trustees shall employ a president and such staff and faculty as determined appropriate for the school, appoint an advisory board consistent with section one, article six of this chapter and shall exercise general determination, control, supervision and management of the financial, business and educational policies and affairs of the graduate college. The college shall be authorized to offer, in their entirety or in cooperation with other institutions, such curricula, programs, courses and services and confer such graduate degrees as may be approved by the board of trustees. The trustees shall fix tuition and establish and set other fees to be charged students as it deems appropriate, including the establishment of special fees for specific purposes. Special fees shall be paid into special funds and used only for the purposes for which collected. The board of trustees may allocate from the appropriations for the state university system for the operation and capital improvement of the graduate college.

All programs, activities, operations, accounts, and resources of the Kanawha Valley Graduate Center of West Virginia University which were transferred to the graduate college, and the title to all property of the Kanawha Valley Graduate Center of West Virginia University which was transferred to or later vested in the graduate college, shall be transferred to and remain vested in the trustees. The trustees are authorized to enter into contracts on behalf of the graduate college

- 46 with public and private educational institutions,
- 47 agencies and boards; with governmental agencies; and
- 48 with corporations, partnerships and individuals for the
- 49 use of physical facilities, equipment and for the
- 50 performance of instructional or other services.
- §18B-2-7. Authorization to sell all or part of Potomac State College of West Virginia University parcels of land located in New Creek and Keyser commonly known as the Potomac State College farm listed on the public lands inventory as 1PSC6. PSC Parcel No. 6, 1PSC14. PSC Parcel No. 14 and 1PSC16. PSC Parcel No. 16.
 - (a) The board of trustees is hereby authorized and 1 2 empowered to sell those parcels of land located on New Creek and Keyser Districts, Mineral County, West 3Virginia, commonly known as the Potomac State College 4 Farm and listed on the Potomac State College index 5 description of parcel use and list of parcels of lands and 6 on the public lands inventory as: (1) 1PSC6. PSC Parcel 7 No. 6, containing approximately 223.17 acres, (2) 8 1PSC14. PSC Parcel No. 14, containing approximately 9 8.25 acres and (3) 1PSC16. PSC Parcel No. 16,
 - 10 8.25 acres and (3) 1PSC16. PSC Parcel No. containing approximately 180.6 acres.

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- (b) Each parcel may be subdivided and sold in parts; however, all sales shall be accomplished through public auction, the terms of which shall be to achieve the highest price for such parcels whether in whole or in part: Provided, That prior to such action the board of trustees shall have the properties appraised separately by two licensed appraisers and shall not sell the property for less than the average of the appraisals: Provided, however, That in the event of sale of all or part to the government of the United States of America, public auction shall not be required and sale price may be negotiated at or above the average of two separate valuations by licensed appraisers.
- (c) Prior to public auction, the board of trustees shall schedule a public hearing to be held at a reasonable time and place within the county to allow interested members

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of the public to attend the hearing without undue hardship. Members of the public may be present, submit statements and testimony and question the college's representative appointed pursuant to this subsection. The board of trustees shall cause to be published a notice of the required public hearing. The notice shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code and the publication area shall be the county in which the affected land is located. The public hearing shall be held no earlier than the fourteenth successive day following the first publication of the notice. The notice shall contain the time and place of the public hearing along with a brief description of the affected land. In addition thereto, the board of trustees shall cause a copy of the required notice to be posted in a conspicuous place at the affected land for members of the public to observe. Such notice shall remain posted for two successive weeks prior to the date of the public hearing. The board of trustees shall appoint a representative of the college who shall conduct the required public hearing. The college's representative shall have full knowledge of all the facts and circumstances surrounding the proposed sale.

(d) The proceeds from the sale of the property referred to shall be deposited in a special revenue account from which the board of trustees is hereby authorized to expend the fund for horticulture, agriculture and forestry facilities and programs at Potomac State College of West Virginia University: Provided, That the prioritized recommendations of the agriculture department advisory committee shall be considered by the agriculture department faculty and president of the college in the expenditure of the proceeds: Provided, however, That the advisory committee shall include one member each representing agricultural education, animal or dairy science, forestry, horticulture, and veterinary medicine, of which three shall be alumni of the agriculture department at the college.

ARTICLE 8. HIGHER EDUCATION FULL-TIME FACULTY SALARIES.

§18B-8-1. Definitions.

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- As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Schedule" or "salary schedule" means the grid of 3 minimum salary figures listed in section two of this 4 article:
 - (b) "Academic rank" means the position held by a faculty member as determined by the president, consistent with policy established by the governing board, and includes the positions of professor, associate professor, assistant professor and instructor; all other ranks are excluded from the provisions of this article:
 - (c) "Years of experience" means the actual number of years a person has been a full-time faculty member at an institution of higher education within this state. Employment for nine months shall equal one year of experience, but no faculty member may accrue more than one year of experience during any given academic year. Employment for less than full time, or less than nine months during any fiscal year, shall be prorated. In accordance with rules established by the governing boards, a faculty member may be granted additional years of experience for actual years of work or teaching experience at institutions other than institutions of higher education within this state;
 - (d) "Doctoral institutions" means West Virginia University and Marshall University at Huntington. Doctoral programs at Marshall University shall be selective and nonduplicative of West Virginia University unless an exception is recommended by both institutions and approved by the board of trustees. "Master's II institutions" means West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine and the West Virginia Graduate College: "baccalaureate and two-year institutions" means Bluefield State College, Concord College. Fairmont State College, Glenville State College. Shepherd College, West Liberty State College. West Virginia Institute of Technology, West Virginia State College, West Virginia University at Parkersburg, Southern West Virginia Community College, West Virginia Northern Community College and Potomac

40 State College of West Virginia University and such 41 other institutions as are designated community colleges 42 by the board of directors;

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- (e) "Salary" means the total nine-month or ten-month salary paid from state funds to a full-time faculty member, or if other than nine or ten months, adjusted to a nine-month base salary;
- (f) "Full-time faculty" means any faculty member designated as such by the president, consistent with approved policy of the appropriate governing board, and those persons with faculty rank who have research or administrative responsibilities;
- (g) "Fiscal year" means twelve calendar months and begins on the first day of July and ends on the thirtieth day of June; and
- (h) "Merit increases and salary adjustments" means the amount of additional salary increase allowed on a merit basis or to rectify salary inequities or accommodate competitive market conditions, in accordance with policy established by the appropriate governing board.

CHAPTER 62

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4602—By Delegates S. Cook and Staton)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, six and eight, article twenty-nine, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article twenty-nine by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections ten and eleven, relating to grievance procedures for education employees; authorizing filing of grievance on behalf of others similarly situated; redefining employee and chief administrator; requiring assertion of untimeliness be made prior to level two; allowing grievant to prevail by default upon untimely response; authorizing appeal of remedy received by

default; allowing grievance to be brought at higher level if evaluator at that level consents thereto; allowing presence of employee and others at certain meetings: affording protections to such employee; prohibiting certain communications between grievance evaluator and management representative; providing for appeal by adversely affected nongrievant; limiting application of doctrine of laches; amending certain deadlines; authorizing subpoena of witnesses and documents at levels two and three; allowing grievant to waive appeal to level three; requiring governing board to set forth reasons upon its waiver of level three hearing; making information and decisions of level four proceedings available at reasonable cost; requiring institution to pay for transcripts; setting forth provisions regarding selfincrimination, burden of proof and burden of going forward; authorizing court to set costs and reasonable attorneys fees to employees prevailing upon appeal to circuit or supreme court; requiring mediation attempts and report of same; requiring compilation and dissemination of level four data to governing boards: and updating references to higher education governing boards.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, six and eight, article twenty-nine, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article twenty-nine be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections ten and eleven, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE.

- §18-29-1. Legislative purpose and intent.
- §18-29-2. Definitions.
- §18-29-3. Grievance procedure generally.
- §18-29-4. Procedural levels and procedure at each level.
- §18-29-6. Hearings generally.
- §18-29-8. Allocation of costs.
- §18-29-10. Mediation.
- §18-29-11. Compilation and dissemination of data.

§18-29-1. Legislative purpose and intent.

The purpose of this article is to provide a procedure

2 for employees of the governing boards of higher 3 education, state board of education, county boards of 4 education, regional educational service agencies and 5 multi-county vocational centers and their employer or 6 agents of the employer to reach solutions to problems which arise between them within the scope of their 7 8 respective employment relationships to the end that good morale may be maintained, effective job 9 performance may be enhanced and the citizens of the 10 11 community may be better served. This procedure is 12 intended to provide a simple, expeditious and fair 13 process for resolving problems at the lowest possible 14 administrative level and shall be construed to effectuate this purpose. Nothing herein shall prohibit the informal 15 disposition of grievances by stipulation or settlement 16 agreed to in writing by the parties, nor the exercise of 17 any hearing right provided in article two, chapter 18 eighteen-a of this code or any other section of chapter 19 20 eighteen or eighteen-a of this code: Provided, That employees of the governing boards of higher education 21 or of state institutions of higher education shall have the 22 option of filing grievances in accordance with the 23 provisions of this article or in accordance with the 24 provisions of policies and rules of the governing boards 25 26 of higher education regarding such employees. Any board decision pursuant to such sections may be 27 28 appealed in accordance with the provisions of this 29 article unless otherwise provided in such section.

§18-29-2. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article:

2 (a) "Grievance" means any claim by one or more affected employees of the governing boards of higher 3 education, state board of education, county boards of 4 education, regional educational service agencies and 5 multi-county vocational centers alleging a violation, a 6 misapplication or a misinterpretation of the statutes. 7 policies, rules, regulations or written agreements under 8 which such employees work, including any violation, 9 misapplication 10 misinterpretation or 11 compensation. hours, terms and conditions of employment, employment status or discrimination; any 12

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discriminatory or otherwise aggrieved application of unwritten policies or practices of the board; any specifically identified incident of harassment or favoritism; or any action, policy or practice constituting a substantial detriment to or interference with effective classroom instruction, job performance or the health and safety of students or employees.

A grievance may be filed by one or more employees on behalf of a class of similarly situated employees: *Provided*, That any similarly situated employee shall indicate in writing of his or her intent to join the class of similarly situated employees. Only one employee filing a grievance on behalf of similarly situated employees shall be required to participate in the level one hearing required in section four of this article.

Any pension matter or other issue relating to the state teachers retirement system in accordance with article seven-a of this chapter or other retirement system administered outside the jurisdiction of the applicable governing board, any matter relating to public employees insurance in accordance with article sixteen, chapter five of this code, or any other matter in which authority to act is not vested with the employer shall not be the subject of any grievance filed in accordance with the provisions of this article.

- (b) "Days" means days of the employee's employment term or prior to or subsequent to such employment term exclusive of Saturday, Sunday, official holidays or school closings in accordance with section two, article five, chapter eighteen-a of this code.
- (c) "Employee" means any person hired as a temporary, probationary or permanent employee by an institution either full or part time. A substitute is considered an employee only on matters related to days worked for an institution or when there is a violation, misapplication or misinterpretation of a statute, policy, rule, regulation or written agreement relating to such substitute.
- (d) "Grievant" means any named employee or group of named employees filing a grievance as defined in

53 subsection (a) of this section.

- (e) "Institution" means any state institution of higher education, the governing boards of higher education, any institution whose employees are hired by the state board of education including the department of education, and any public school, regional educational service agency or multi-county vocational center.
- (f) "Employer" means that institution contracting the services of the employee.
- (g) "Immediate supervisor" means that person next in rank above the grievant possessing a degree of administrative authority and designated as such in the employee's contract, if any.
- (h) "Chief administrator" means, as may be applicable, the president of a state institution of higher education, the chancellor of a governing board of higher education only as to those employees employed solely by the chancellor and governing board and not assigned to a state institution of higher education, the senior administrator as to those employees hired pursuant to section two, article four, chapter eighteen-b of this code, the state superintendent of schools as to employees hired by the state board of education, the county superintendent, the executive director of a regional educational service agency or the director of a multicounty vocational center.
- (i) "Governing board" means the administrative board of any state or county educational institution, including institutions whose employees are hired by the state board of education, and refers, as is applicable, to the governing boards of higher education, state board of education, county boards of education, the school board members of any board of directors of a regional educational service agency or the school board members of any administrative council of a multi-county vocational center.
- (j) "Grievance evaluator" means that individual or governing board authorized to render a decision on a grievance.

92 (k) "Board" means the education employees grievance 93 board.

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- (l) "Hearing examiner" means the individual or individuals employed by the board in accordance with section five of this article.
- 97 (m) "Discrimination" means any differences in the 98 treatment of employees unless such differences are 99 related to the actual job responsibilities of the employees 100 or agreed to in writing by the employees.
- 101 (n) "Harassment" means repeated or continual 102 disturbance, irritation or annoyance of an employee 103 which would be contrary to the demeanor expected by 104 law, policy and profession.
 - (o) "Favoritism" means unfair treatment of an employee as demonstrated by preferential, exceptional or advantageous treatment of another or other employees.
- (p) "Reprisal" means the retaliation of an employer or agent toward a grievant or any other participant in the grievance procedure either for an alleged injury itself or any lawful attempt to redress it.
- 113 (q) "Employee organization" means any employee 114 advocacy organization whose membership includes 115 employees as defined in this section which has filed with 116 the board the name, address, chief officer and 117 membership criteria of the organization.
- 118 (r) "Representative" means any employee 119 organization, fellow employee, legal counsel or other 120 person or persons designated by the grievant as the 121 grievant's representative.

§18-29-3. Grievance procedure generally.

1 (a) A grievance must be filed within the times
2 specified in section four of this article and shall be
3 processed as rapidly as possible. The number of days
4 indicated at each level specified in section four of this
5 article shall be considered as the maximum number of
6 days allowed and, if a decision is not rendered at any
7 level within the prescribed time limits, the grievant may

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appeal to the next level: Provided. That the specified time limits may be extended by mutual written agreement and shall be extended whenever a grievant is not working because of such circumstances as provided for in section ten, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code. Any assertion by the employer that the filing of the grievance at level one was untimely must be asserted by the employer on behalf of the employer at or before the level two hearing. If a grievance evaluator required to respond to a grievance at any level fails to make a required response in the time limits required in this article, unless prevented from doing so directly as a result of sickness or illness, the grievant shall prevail by default. Within five days of such default, the employer may request a hearing before a level four hearing examiner for the purpose of showing that the remedy received by the prevailing grievant is contrary to law or clearly wrong. In making a determination regarding the remedy, the hearing examiner shall presume the employee prevailed on the merits of the grievance and shall determine whether the remedy is contrary to law or clearly wrong in light of that presumption. If the examiner finds that the remedy is contrary to law, or clearly wrong, the examiner may modify the remedy to be granted so as to comply with the law and to make the grievant whole.

- (b) If the employer or agent intends to assert the applicability of any statute, policy, rule, regulation or written agreement or submits any written response to the filed grievance at any level, a copy thereof shall be forwarded to the grievant and any representative of the grievant so named in the filed grievance. Anything so submitted and the grievant's response thereto, if any, shall become part of the record. Failure to assert such statute, policy, rule, regulation or written agreement at any level shall not prevent the subsequent submission thereof in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.
- (c) The grievant may file the grievance at the level vested with the authority to grant the requested relief if the grievance evaluator at that level agrees in writing

thereto. In the event a grievance is filed at a higher level, the employer shall provide copies to each lower administrative level.

- (d) An employee may withdraw a grievance at any time by notice, in writing, to the level wherein the grievance is then current. Such grievance may not be reinstated by the grievant unless such reinstatement is granted by the grievance evaluator at the level where the grievance was withdrawn. If more than one employee is named as grievant in a particular grievance, the withdrawal of one employee shall not prejudice the rights of any other employee named in the grievance. In the event a grievance is withdrawn or an employee withdraws from a grievance, such employer shall notify in writing each lower administrative level.
 - (e) Grievances may be consolidated at any level by agreement of all parties.
- (f) An employee may have the assistance of one or more fellow employees, an employee organization representative or representatives, legal counsel or any other person in the preparation and presentation of the grievance. At the request of the grievant, such person or persons may be present at any step of the procedure, as well as at any investigative meeting or other meeting which is held with the employee for the purpose of discussing the possibility of disciplinary action. When a fellow employee is assisting a grievant, the employee shall do so without loss of pay and shall have protection from reprisal as that term is defined in section two of this article.
- (g) If a grievance is filed which cannot be resolved within the time limits set forth in section four of this article prior to the end of the employment term, the time limit set forth in said section shall be reduced as agreed to in writing by both parties so that the grievance procedure may be concluded within ten days following the end of the employment term or an otherwise reasonable time.
- (h) No reprisals of any kind shall be taken by any employer or agent of the employer against any

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interested party, or any other participant in the grievance procedure by reason of such participation. A reprisal constitutes a grievance, and any person held to be responsible for reprisal action shall be subject to disciplinary action for insubordination.

- (i) Except for the informal attempt to resolve the grievance as provided for in subsection (a), section four of this article, decisions rendered at all levels of the grievance procedure shall be dated, shall be in writing setting forth the decision or decisions and the reasons therefor, and shall be transmitted within the time prescribed to the grievant and any representative named in the grievance. If the grievant is denied the relief sought, the decision shall include the name of the individual at the next level to whom appeal may be made.
- (j) Once a grievance has been filed, supportive or corroborative evidence may be presented at any conference or hearing conducted pursuant to the provisions of this article. Whether evidence substantially alters the original grievance and renders it a different grievance is within the discretion of the grievance evaluator at the level wherein the new evidence is presented. If the grievance evaluator rules that the evidence renders it a different grievance, the party offering the evidence may withdraw same; the parties may consent to such evidence, or the grievance evaluator may decide to hear the evidence or rule that the grievant must file a new grievance. The time limitations for filing the new grievance shall be measured from the date of such ruling.
- (k) Any change in the relief sought by the grievant shall be consented to by all parties or may be granted at level four within the discretion of the hearing examiner.
- (l) Forms for filing grievances, giving notice, taking appeals, making reports and recommendations, and all other necessary documents shall be made available by the immediate supervisor to any employee upon request. Such forms shall include information as prescribed by

the board. The grievant shall have access to the institution's equipment for purposes of preparing grievance documents subject to the reasonable rules of the employer governing the use of such equipment.

- (m) Notwithstanding the provisions of section three, article nine-a, chapter six of this code, or any other provision relating to open proceedings, all conferences and hearings pursuant to this article shall be conducted in private except that, upon the grievant's request, conferences and hearings at levels two and three shall be public. Within the discretion of the hearing examiner, conferences and hearings may be public at level four.
- (n) No person or governing board to which appeal has been made shall confer or correspond with a grievance evaluator at a previous level or a management representative who recommended or approved the grieved action regarding the merits of the grievance unless all parties to the grievance are present.
 - (o) Grievances may be processed at any reasonable time, but attempts shall be made to process the grievance on work time in a manner which does not interfere with the normal operation of the institution. Grievances processed on work time shall not result in any reduction in salary, wages, rate of pay or other benefits of the employee and shall be counted as time worked.

Should any employer or the employer's agent cause a conference or hearing to be postponed without adequate notice to employees who are scheduled to appear during their normal work day, such employees will not suffer any loss in pay for work time lost.

(p) Any grievance evaluator may be excused from participation in the grievance process for reasonable cause, including, but not limited to, conflict of interest or incapacitation, and in such case the grievance evaluator at the next higher level shall designate an alternate grievance evaluator if such is deemed reasonable and necessary.

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- (q) No less than one year following resolution of a grievance at any level, the grievant may by request in writing have removed any record of the grievance from any file kept by the employer.
 - (r) All grievance forms and reports shall be kept in a file separate from the personnel file of the employee and shall not become a part of such personnel file, but shall remain confidential except by mutual written agreement of the parties.
 - (s) The number of grievances filed against an employer or agent or by an employee shall not, per se, be an indication of such employee's or agent's or such employee's job performance.
 - (t) Any chief administrator or governing board of an institution in which a grievance was filed may appeal such decision on the grounds that the decision (1) was contrary to law or lawfully adopted rule, regulation or written policy of the chief administrator or governing board, (2) exceeded the hearing examiner's statutory authority, (3) was the result of fraud or deceit, (4) was clearly wrong in view of the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record, or (5) was arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion. Such appeal shall follow the procedure regarding appeal provided the grievant in section four of this article and provided both parties in section seven of this article.
 - (u) Upon a timely request, any employee shall be allowed to intervene and become a party to a grievance at any level when that employee claims that the disposition of the action may substantially and adversly affect his or her rights or property and that his or her interest is not adequately represented by the existing parties.
 - (v) The doctrine of laches shall not be applied to prevent a grievant or grievants from recovering back pay or other appropriate relief for a period of one year prior to the filing of a grievance based upon a continuing practice.

§18-29-4. Procedural levels and procedure at each level.

1 (a) Level one.

(1) Before a grievance is filed and within fifteen days following the occurrence of the event upon which the grievance is based, or within fifteen days of the date on which the event became known to the grievant or within fifteen days of the most recent occurrence of a continuing practice giving rise to a grievance, the grievant or the designated representative shall schedule a conference with the immediate supervisor to discuss the nature of the grievance and the action, redress or other remedy sought.

The conference with the immediate supervisor concerning the grievance shall be conducted within ten days of the request therefor, and any discussion shall be by the grievant in the grievant's own behalf or by both the grievant and the designated representative.

- (2) The immediate supervisor shall respond to the grievance within ten days of the conference.
- (3) Within ten days of receipt of the response from the immediate supervisor following the informal conference, a written grievance may be filed with said supervisor by the grievant or the designated representative on a form furnished by the employer or agent.
- 24 (4) The immediate supervisor shall state the decision 25 to such filed grievance within five days after the 26 grievance is filed.
 - (b) Level two.

Within five days of receiving the decision of the immediate supervisor, the grievant may appeal the decision to the chief administrator, and such administrator or his or her designee shall conduct a hearing in accordance with section six of this article within five days of receiving the appeal and shall issue a written decision within five days of such hearing. Such decision may affirm, modify or reverse the decision appealed from. Level four hearing examiners or the chief administrator shall have the authority to subpoena

witnesses and documents for level two and level three hearings in accordance with the provision of section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and may issue a subpoena upon the written request of any party to the grievance.

(c) Level three.

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Within five days of receiving the decision of the chief administrator, the grievant may appeal the decision to the governing board of the institution or may proceed directly to level four. An appeal to the governing board shall set forth the reasons why the grievant is seeking a level three review of the decision of the chief administrator. Within five days of receiving the appeal. such governing board may conduct a hearing in accordance with section six of this article, may review the record submitted by the chief administrator and render a decision based on such record, or may waive the right granted herein and shall notify the grievant of such waiver. Any decision by the governing board, including a decision to waive participation in the grievance, shall be in writing and shall set forth the reasons for such decision, including the decision to waive participation in the grievance. If a hearing is held under the provisions of this subsection, the governing board shall issue a decision affirming, modifying or reversing the decision of the chief administrator within five days of such hearing.

(d) Level four.

(1) If the grievant is not satisfied with the action taken by the chief administrator, or, if appealed to level three, the action taken by the governing board, within five days of the written decision the grievant may request, in writing, on a form furnished by the employer, that the grievance be submitted to a hearing examiner as provided for in section five of this article, such hearing to be conducted in accordance with section six of this article within ten days following the request therefor: *Provided*, That such hearing may be held within thirty days following the request, or within such time as is mutually agreed upon by the parties, if the hearing

examiner gives reasonable cause, in writing, as to the necessity for such delay.

(2) Within thirty days following the hearing, the hearing examiner shall render a decision in writing to all parties setting forth findings and conclusions on the issues submitted. Subject to the provisions of section seven of this article, the decision of the hearing examiner shall be final upon the parties and shall be enforceable in circuit court.

All information and data generated by the board and in its custody relative to level four decisions and copies of such decisions shall be provided at reasonable cost to any individual requesting it.

§18-29-6. Hearings generally.

The chief administrator or his or her designee, the governing board or the hearing examiner shall conduct all hearings in an impartial manner and shall ensure that all parties are accorded procedural and substantive due process. All parties shall have an opportunity to present evidence and argument with respect to the matters and issues involved, to cross examine and to rebut evidence. Notice of a hearing shall be sent to all parties and their named representative and shall include the date, time and place of the hearing.

The institution that is party to the grievance shall produce prior to such hearing any documents, not privileged, and which are relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending grievance, that has been requested by the grievant, in writing.

The superintendent, the president of the state or county board of education or the state or county board member designated by such president, the executive director of the regional educational service agency, the director of the multi-county vocational center, the chancellor of the higher education governing boards, the president of any state institution of higher education, the senior administrator, the chief administrator or his or her designee, each member of the governing board or the hearing examiner shall have the power to (1)

administer oaths and affirmations, (2) regulate the course of the hearing, (3) hold conferences for the settlement or simplification of the issues by consent of the parties, (4) exclude immaterial, irrelevant or repetitious evidence, (5) sequester witnesses, (6) restrict the number of advocates, and take any other action not inconsistent with the rules and regulations of the board or the provisions of this article.

All the testimony and evidence at any hearing shall be recorded by mechanical means, and all recorded testimony and evidence at such hearing shall be transcribed and certified at the request of any party to the institution or board. The institution shall be responsible for promptly transcribing the testimony and evidence and for providing a copy of the certified transcription to the party requesting same. The institution shall be responsible for all costs relating to preparation and duplication of the transcript. The hearing examiner may also request and be provided a transcript upon appeal to level four and allocate the costs therefor as prescribed in section eight of this article.

Formal rules of evidence shall not be applied, but parties shall be bound by the rules of privilege recognized by law. In any grievance involving disciplinary or discharge actions, no employee may be compelled to testify against himself or herself, the burden of proof is on the employer, and the employer shall present its case first.

All materials submitted in accordance with section three of this article; the mechanical recording of all testimony and evidence or the transcription thereof, if any; the decision; and any other materials considered in reaching the decision shall be made a part and shall constitute the record of a grievance. Such record shall be submitted to any level at which appeal has been made, and such record shall be considered, but the development of such record shall not be limited thereby.

Every decision pursuant to a hearing shall be in writing and shall be accompanied by findings of fact

and conclusions of law. Prior to such decision any party
 may propose findings of fact and conclusions of law.

§18-29-8. Allocation of costs.

Any expenses incurred relative to the grievance procedure at levels one through three shall be borne by the party incurring such expenses except as to the costs of transcriptions as provided for in section six of this article.

6 In the event an employee or employer appeals an 7 adverse level four decision to the circuit court or an 8 adverse circuit court decision to the supreme court, and 9 the employee substantially prevails upon such appeal. 10 the employee or the organization representing the 11 employee is entitled to recover court costs and 12 reasonable attorney fees, to be set by the court, from the 13 employer.

§18-29-10. Mediation.

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To such extent as may be feasible with existing personnel and resources, the education employees grievance board shall attempt mediation and other alternative dispute resolution techniques to actively assist the parties in identifying, clarifying and resolving issues regarding the grievance at any time prior to the level four hearing.

All of the information that is provided by the parties during mediation shall remain confidential. Mediators shall not be called as witnesses to provide testimony in unresolved grievances that proceed to a grievance hearing, and any hearing examiner involved in a mediation process shall not hear the grievance nor be consulted regarding the merits of the grievance.

The education employees grievance board shall monitor the results of all mediation attempts and report to the Legislature prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, regarding the feasibility of the process, the cost effectiveness of the process, the success of the process in resolving grievances, the resources which would be required to expand the process, and such other information or

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recommendations as the grievance board may deem appropriate and helpful.

§18-29-11. Compilation and dissemination of data.

1 In addition to such other data as may be required 2 under the provisions of this article, beginning with the 3 quarter ending the first day of October, one thousand 4 nine hundred ninety-two, the education employees grievance board shall provide each governing board and 5 6 employee organization, within thirty days of the end of 7 each quarter, a statewide quarterly report summarizing matters decided by the hearing examiners during the 8 preceding quarter. Each report shall set forth any 9 information deemed to be helpful in providing an 10 11 overview of grievance-related issues: Provided, That 12 nothing contained in the report shall breach the 13 confidentiality of a grievant or other person, nor shall any matter be disclosed if the disclosure may violate any 14 provision of law. The grievance board shall make an 15 effort to provide information applicable to particular 16 17 counties, institutions or governing boards, as may be 18 appropriate.

Each report shall then be distributed to each member of the governing board so that the governing board may monitor the significant personnel-related matters which came before the grievance board and thereby ascertain whether any personnel policies need to be reviewed, revised or enforced.

Each quarterly report shall be incorporated into the annual report required by section five of this article, which shall also be distributed to each governing board and employee organization.

CHAPTER 63

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 550-By Senator Wagner)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two-a, article three, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to establishing requirements for certification in educational administration.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two-a, article three, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. TRAINING. CERTIFICATION. LICENSING. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

§18A-3-2a. Authority of state superintendent to issue certificates: kinds of certificates.

1 In accordance with state board of education rules for the education of professional educators adopted after 2 consultation with the secretary of education and the 3 4 arts, the state superintendent of schools may issue 5 certificates valid in the public schools of the state: 6 Provided. That a certificate shall not be issued to any 7 person who is not a citizen of the United States, is not 8 of good moral character and physically, mentally and 9 emotionally qualified to perform the duties for which the certification would be granted and who has not 10 11 attained the age of eighteen years on or before the first 12 day of October of the year in which the certificate is 13 issued: Provided, however. That an exchange teacher 14 from a foreign country or an alien person who meets the 15 requirements to teach may be granted a permit to teach 16 within the public schools of the state.

Certificates authorized to be issued include: 17

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- (1) Professional teaching certificates. A professional teaching certificate for teaching in the public schools may be issued to a person who:
- (A) Has at least a bachelor's degree from an 21 accredited institution of higher education in this state. 22 has completed a program for the education of teachers 23 which meets the requirements approved by the state 24 board of education or has met equivalent standards at 25 institutions in other states and has passed appropriate state board approved basic skills and subject matter tests or has completed three years of successful

experience within the last seven years in the area for which licensure is being sought; or

(B) Has at least a bachelor's degree in a discipline taught in the public schools from an accredited institution of higher education, has passed appropriate state board approved basic skills and subject matter tests or has completed three years of successful experience within the last seven years in the area for which licensure is being sought, has completed an alternative program for teacher education approved by the state board and is recommended for a certificate by the chairperson of the professional support team of the person's alternative program or the state superintendent based on documentation submitted.

The certificate shall be endorsed to indicate the grade level or levels or areas of specialization in which the person is certified to teach or to serve in the public schools. The initial professional certificate shall be issued provisionally for a period of three years from the date of issuance and may be converted to a professional certificate valid for five years subject to successful completion of a beginning teacher internship, if applicable, or renewed subject to rules adopted by the state board.

(2) Professional administrative certificate. — A professional administrative certificate, endorsed for serving in the public schools, with specific endorsement as a principal, vocational administrator, supervisor of instructions or superintendent, may be issued to a person who has completed requirements all to be approved by the state board as follows: For a master's degree from an institution of higher education accredited to offer a master's degree, has successfully completed an approved program for administrative certification, developed by the state board of education in cooperation with the governing boards of the university of West Virginia system and the state college system, has successfully completed education and training in evaluation skills through the center for professional development, or equivalent education and training in evaluation skills, and three years of

management level experience: Provided, That anyone having received a certificate during the period from the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, until the effective date of this bill without having met the above requirements shall complete those requirements within five years after the effective date of this bill: Provided, however, That any person serving in the position of dean of students on the effective date of this section shall not be required to hold a professional administrative certificate. Beginning the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the initial professional administrative certificate shall be issued provisionally for a period of five years. This certificate may be converted to a professional administrative certificate valid for five years or renewed, subject to the regulations of the state board.

- (3) Paraprofessional certificate. A paraprofessional certificate may be issued to a person who has completed thirty-six semester hours of post-secondary education or its equivalent in subjects directly related to performance of the job, all approved by the state board, and can demonstrate the proficiencies to perform duties as required of a paraprofessional as defined in section eight, article four of this chapter.
- (4) Other certificates; permits. Other certificates and permits may be issued, subject to the approval of the state board, to persons who do not qualify for the professional or paraprofessional certificate. Such certificates or permits shall not be given permanent status and persons holding such shall meet renewal requirements provided by law and by regulation, unless the state board declares certain of these certificates to be the equivalent of the professional certificate.

Within the category of other certificates and permits, the state superintendent may issue certificates for persons to serve in the public schools as athletic coaches or other extracurricular activities coaches whose duties may include the supervision of students, subject to the following limitations: (A) Such person shall be employed under a contract with the county board of education which specifies the duties to be performed, which



111 specifies a rate of pay equivalent to the rate of pay for 112 professional educators in the district who accept similar 113 duties as extra duty assignments and which provides for 114 liability insurance associated with the activity: Pro-115 vided. That such persons shall not be considered 116 employees of the board for salary and benefit purposes 117 other than as specified in the contract; (B) a currently employed certified professional educator has not applied 118 for the position; and (C) such person completes an 119 120 orientation program designed and approved in accor-121 dance with state board rules which shall be adopted no later than the first day of January, one thousand nine 122 123 hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 64

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4552—By Delegates Spencer and Williams)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; and to amend and reenact sections eight, eight-a and eight-e, article four of said chapter, all relating to creating county service personnel staff development councils; establishing a class title "autism mentor" and providing a pay scale grade for those personnel; providing minimum pay for service personnel engaged in the removal of asbestos material or related duties; and redefining certain instances when an employee is deemed qualified for a classification title.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; and that sections eight, eight-a and eight-e, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 3. Training, Certification, Licensing, Professional Development.
- 4. Salaries, Wages and Other Benefits.

ARTICLE 3. TRAINING, CERTIFICATION, LICENSING, PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

§18A-3-9. County service personnel staff development councils.

The Legislature finds the professional expertise and insight of service personnel to be an invaluable ingredient in the development and delivery of staff development programs which meet the needs of service personnel.

6 Therefore, a service personnel staff development 7 council comprised of representation from the various 8 categories of service personnel employment shall be 9 established in each school district in the state in accordance with rules adopted by the state board of 10 11 education. Nominations of service personnel to serve on 12 the county service personnel staff development council may be submitted by the six groups as defined in 13 14 subsection (e), section one, article one of the district to 15 the county superintendent who shall prepare and 16 distribute ballots and tabulate the votes of the counties 17 service personnel voting on the persons nominated. Each 18 county staff service personnel development council shall 19 consist of two employees from each category of 20 employment. Such councils shall have final authority to 21 propose staff development programs for their peers based upon rules established by statute and the council 22 23 service personnel education. The superintendent or a designee shall enjoy an advisory, 24 nonvoting role on said council. The county board shall 25 make available an amount equal to one tenth of one 26 percent of the amounts provided in accordance with 27 section five, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code 28 and credit such funds to an account to be used by the 29 council to fulfill its objectives. The local board will have 30 the final approval of all proposed disbursements. 31

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-8. Employment term and class titles of service personnel; defintions.

§18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries. §18A-4-8e. Competency testing for service personnel.

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§18A-4-8. Employment term and class titles of service personnel; definitions.

The purpose of this section is to establish an 1 2 employment term and class titles for service personnel. 3 The employment term for service personnel shall be no 4 less than ten months, a month being defined as twenty 5 employment days: Provided. That the county board of 6 education may contract with all or part of these personnel for a longer term. The beginning and closing 7 dates of the ten-month employment term shall not 8 9 exceed forty-three weeks.

Service personnel employed on a yearly or twelvemonth basis may be employed by calendar months. Whenever there is a change in job assignment during the school year, the minimum pay scale and any county supplement shall be applicable.

Service personnel employed in the same classification for more than the two hundred day minimum employment term shall be paid for additional employment at a daily rate of not less than the daily rate paid for the two hundred day minimum employment term.

No service employee, without his agreement, shall be required to report for work more than five days per week and no part of any working day may be accumulated by the employer for future work assignments, unless the employee agrees thereto.

Should an employee whose regular work week is scheduled from Monday through Friday agree to perform any work assignments on a Saturday or Sunday, the employee shall be paid for at least one-half day of work for each such day he reports for work, and if the employee works more than three and one-half hours on any Saturday or Sunday, he shall be paid for a least a full day of work for each such day.

Custodians required to work a daily work schedule that is interrupted, that is, who do not work a continuous

period in one day, shall be paid additional compensation which shall be equal to at least one eighth of their total salary as provided by their state minimum salary and any county pay supplement, and payable entirely from county funds.

Upon the change in classification or upon meeting the requirements of an advanced classification of or by any employee, his salary shall be made to comply with the requirements of this article, and to any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements of this article, based upon his advanced classification and allowable years of employment.

An employee's contract as provided in section five, article two of this chapter shall state the appropriate monthly salary the employee is to be paid, based on the class title as provided in this article and any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements of this article.

The column heads of the state minimum pay scale and class titles, set forth in section eight-a of this article, are defined as follows:

"Pay grade" means the monthly salary applicable to class titles of service personnel.

"Years of employment" means the number of years which an employee classified as service personnel has been employed by a board of education in any position prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this section and including service in the armed forces of the United States if the employee were employed at the time of his induction. For the purpose of section eight-a of this article, years of employment shall be limited to the number of years shown and allowed under the state minimum pay scale as set forth in section eight-a of this article.

"Class title" means the name of the position or job held by service personnel.

"Accountant I" means personnel employed to maintain payroll records and reports and perform one or more operations relating to a phase of the total

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75 payroll.

"Accountant II" means personnel employed to maintain accounting records and to be responsible for the accounting process associated with billing, budgets, purchasing and related operations.

"Accountant III" means personnel who are employed in the county board of education office to manage and supervise accounts payable and/or payroll procedures.

"Aide I" means those personnel selected and trained for teacher-aide classifications such as monitor aide, clerical aide, classroom aide or general aide.

"Aide II" means those personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who have completed a training program approved by the state board of education, or who hold a high school diploma or have received a general educational development certificate. Only personnel classified in an Aide II class title shall be employed as an aide in any special education program.

"Aide III" means those personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who hold a high school diploma or a general educational development certificate, and have completed six semester hours of college credit at an institution of higher education or are employed as an aide in a special education program and have one year's experience as an aide in special education.

"Aide IV" means personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who hold a high school diploma or a general educational development certificate and who have completed eighteen hours of state board-approved college credit at a regionally accredited institution of higher education, or who have completed fifteen hours of state board-approved college credit at a regionally accredited institution of higher education and successfully completed an in-service training program determined by the state board to be the equivalent of three hours of college credit.

"Audiovisual technician" means personnel employed to perform minor maintenance on audiovisual equipment, films, supplies and the filling of requests for 114 equipment.

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"Auditor" means personnel employed to examine and verify accounts of individual schools and to assist schools and school personnel in maintaining complete and accurate records of their accounts.

"Autism mentor" means personnel who work with autistic students and who meet standards and experience to be determined by the state board: *Provided*, That the state board shall determine these standards and experience on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

"Braille or sign language specialist" means personnel employed to provide braille and/or sign language assistance to students.

"Bus operator" means personnel employed to operate school buses and other school transportation vehicles as provided by the state board of education.

"Buyer" means personnel employed to review and write specifications, negotiate purchase bids and recommend purchase agreements for materials and services that meet predetermined specifications at the lowest available costs.

"Cabinetmaker" means personnel employed to construct cabinets, tables, bookcases and other furniture.

"Cafeteria manager" means personnel employed to direct the operation of a food services program in a school, including assigning duties to employees, approving requisitions for supplies and repairs, keeping inventories, inspecting areas to maintain high standards of sanitation, preparing financial reports and keeping records pertinent to food services of a school.

"Carpenter I" means personnel classified as a carpenter's helper.

"Carpenter II" means personnel classified as a journeyman carpenter.

"Chief mechanic" means personnel employed to be

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- responsible for directing activities which ensure that student transportation or other board-owned vehicles
- are properly and safely maintained.
- 154 "Clerk I" means personnel employed to perform 155 clerical tasks.
- "Clerk II" means personnel employed to perform
 general clerical tasks, prepare reports and tabulations
 and operate office machines.
- "Computer operator" means qualified personnel employed to operate computers.
- "Cook I" means personnel employed as a cook's helper.
- "Cook II" means personnel employed to interpret menus, to prepare and serve meals in a food service program of a school and shall include personnel who have been employed as a "Cook I" for a period of four years, if such personnel have not been elevated to this classification within that period of time.
- "Cook III" means personnel employed to prepare and serve meals, make reports, prepare requisitions for supplies, order equipment and repairs for a food service program of a school system.
- "Crew leader" means personnel employed to organize the work for a crew of maintenance employees to carry out assigned projects.
- "Custodian I" means personnel employed to keep buildings clean and free of refuse.
- "Custodian II" means personnel employed as a watchman or groundsman.
- "Custodian III" means personnel employed to keep buildings clean and free of refuse, to operate the heating or cooling systems and to make minor repairs.
 - "Custodian IV" means personnel employed as head custodians. In addition to providing services as defined in "Custodian III," their duties may include supervising other custodian personnel.
- 186 "Director or coordinator of services" means personnel

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not defined as professional personnel or professional educators in section one, article one of this chapter, who are assigned to direct a department or division.

"Draftsman" means personnel employed to plan, design and produce detailed architectural/engineering drawings.

"Electrician I" means personnel employed as an apprentice electrician helper or who holds an electrician helper license issued by the state fire marshal.

"Electrician II" means personnel employed as an electrician journeyman or who holds a journeyman electrician license issued by the state fire marshal.

"Electronic technician I" means personnel employed at the apprentice level to repair and maintain electronic equipment.

"Electronic technician II" means personnel employed at the journeyman level to repair and maintain electronic equipment.

"Executive secretary" means personnel employed as the county school superintendent's secretary or as a secretary who is assigned to a position characterized by significant administrative duties.

"Food services supervisor" means qualified personnel not defined as professional personnel or professional educators in section one, article one of this chapter, employed to manage and supervise a county school system's food service program. The duties would include preparing in-service training programs for cooks and food service employees, instructing personnel in the areas of quantity cooking with economy and efficiency, and keeping aggregate records and reports.

"Foremen" means skilled persons employed for supervision of personnel who work in the areas of repair and maintenance of school property and equipment.

"General maintenance" means personnel employed as helpers to skilled maintenance employees and to perform minor repairs to equipment and buildings of a county school system. "Glazier" means personnel employed to replace glass or other materials in windows and doors and to do minor carpentry tasks.

"Graphic artist" means personnel employed to prepare graphic illustrations.

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"Groundsmen" means personnel employed to perform duties that relate to the appearance, repair and general care of school grounds in a county school system. Additional assignments may include the operation of a small heating plant and routine cleaning duties in buildings.

"Handyman" means personnel employed to perform routine manual tasks in any operation of the county school system.

239 "Heating and air conditioning mechanic I" means 240 personnel employed at the apprentice level to install, 241 repair and maintain heating and air conditioning plants 242 and related electrical equipment.

"Heating and air conditioning mechanic II" means personnel employed at the journeyman level to install, repair and maintain heating and air conditioning plants and related electrical equipment.

"Heavy equipment operator" means personnel employed to operate heavy equipment.

"Inventory supervisor" means personnel who are employed to supervise or maintain operations in the receipt, storage, inventory and issuance of materials and supplies.

"Key punch operator" means qualified personnel employed to operate key punch machines or verifying machines.

"Locksmith" means personnel employed to repair and maintain locks and safes.

"Lubrication man" means personnel employed to lubricate and service gasoline or diesel-powered equipment of a county school system.

"Machinist" means personnel employed to perform

machinist tasks which include the ability to operate a lathe, planer, shaper, threading machine and wheel press. Such personnel should also have ability to work from blueprints and drawings.

"Mail clerk" means personnel employed to receive, sort, dispatch, deliver or otherwise handle letters, parcels and other mail.

"Maintenance clerk" means personnel employed to maintain and control a stocking facility to keep adequate tools and supplies on hand for daily withdrawal for all school maintenance crafts.

"Mason" means personnel employed to perform tasks connected with brick and block laying and carpentry tasks related to such laying.

"Mechanic" means personnel employed who can independently perform skilled duties in the maintenance and repair of automobiles, school buses and other mechanical and mobile equipment to use in a county school system.

"Mechanic assistant" means personnel employed as a mechanic apprentice and helper.

"Multi-classification" means personnel employed to perform tasks that involve the combination of two or more class titles in this section or as created by the West Virginia board of education. In such instances the minimum salary scale shall be the higher pay grade of the class titles involved.

"Office equipment repairman I" means personnel employed as an office equipment repairman apprentice or helper.

"Office equipment repairman II" means personnel responsible for servicing and repairing all office machines and equipment. Personnel shall be responsible for parts being purchased necessary for the proper operation of a program of continuous maintenance and repair.

"Painter" means personnel employed to perform duties of painting, finishing and decorating of wood,

metal and concrete surfaces of buildings, other structures, equipment, machinery and furnishings of a county school system.

"Paraprofessional" means a person certified pursuant to section two-a, article three of this chapter to perform duties in a support capacity including, but not limited to, facilitating in the instruction and direct or indirect supervision of pupils under the direction of a principal, a teacher, or another designated professional educator: *Provided*, That no person employed on the effective date of this section in the position of an aide may be reduced in force or transferred to create a vacancy for the employment of a paraprofessional.

"Plumber I" means personnel employed as an apprentice plumber and helper.

"Plumber II" means personnel employed as a journeyman plumber.

"Printing operator" means personnel employed to operate duplication equipment, and as required, to cut, collate, staple, bind and shelve materials.

"Printing supervisor" means personnel employed to supervise the operation of a print shop.

"Programmer" means personnel employed to design and prepare programs for computer operation.

"Roofing/sheet metal mechanic" means personnel employed to install, repair, fabricate and maintain roofs, gutters, flashing and duct work for heating and ventilation.

"Sanitation plant operator" means personnel employed to operate and maintain a water or sewage treatment plant to ensure the safety of the plant's effluent for human consumption or environmental protection.

"School bus supervisor" means qualified personnel employed to assist in selecting school bus operators and routing and scheduling of school buses, operate a bus when needed, relay instructions to bus operators, plan emergency routing of buses and promoting good

relationships with parents, pupils, bus operators and other employees.

"Secretary I" means personnel employed to transcribe from notes or mechanical equipment, receive callers, perform clerical tasks, prepare reports and operate office machines.

"Secretary II" means personnel employed in any elementary, secondary, kindergarten, nursery, special education, vocational or any other school as a secretary. The duties may include performing general clerical tasks, transcribing from notes or stenotype or mechanical equipment or a sound-producing machine, preparing reports, receiving callers and referring them to proper persons, operating office machines, keeping records and handling routine correspondence. There is nothing implied herein that would prevent such employees from holding or being elevated to a higher classification.

"Secretary III" means personnel assigned to the county board of education office administrators in charge of various instructional, maintenance, transportation, food services, operations and health departments, federal programs or departments with particular responsibilities of purchasing and financial control or any personnel who have served in a position which meets the definition of "Secretary II" or "Secretary III" herein for eight years.

"Supervisor of maintenance" means skilled personnel not defined as professional personnel or professional educators as in section one, article one of this chapter. The responsibilities would include directing the upkeep of buildings and shops, issuing instructions to subordinates relating to cleaning, repairs and maintenance of all structures and mechanical and electrical equipment of a board of education.

"Supervisor of transportation" means qualified personnel employed to direct school transportation activities, properly and safely, and to supervise the maintenance and repair of vehicles, buses, and other mechanical and mobile equipment used by the county

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"Switchboard operator-receptionist" means personnel employed to refer incoming calls, to assume contact with the public, to direct and to give instructions as necessary, to operate switchboard equipment and to provide clerical assistance.

"Truck driver" means personnel employed to operate light or heavy duty gasoline and diesel-powered vehicles.

"Warehouse clerk" means personnel employed to be responsible for receiving, storing, packing and shipping goods.

"Watchman" means personnel employed to protect school property against damage or theft. Additional assignments may include operation of a small heating plant and routine cleaning duties.

"Welder" means personnel employed to provide acetylene or electric welding services for a school system.

In addition to the compensation provided for in section eight-a of this article, for service personnel, each service employee shall, notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the contrary, be entitled to all service personnel employee rights, privileges and benefits provided under this or any other chapter of this code without regard to such employee's hours of employment or the methods or sources of compensation.

Service personnel whose years of employment exceed the number of years shown and provided for under the state minimum pay scale set forth in section eight-a of this article may not be paid less than the amount shown for the maximum years of employment shown and provided for in the classification in which he is employed.

The county boards shall review each service personnel employee job classification annually and shall reclassify all service employees as required by such job classifications. The state superintendent of schools is hereby authorized to withhold state funds appropriated

pursuant to this article for salaries for service personnel who are improperly classified by such county boards. Further, he shall order county boards to correct immediately any improper classification matter and with the assistance of the attorney general shall take any legal action necessary against any county board to enforce such order.

The state board of education is authorized to establish other class titles of service personnel positions and jobs not listed in this section. The state board of education is further authorized to provide appropriate pay grades for such positions and jobs but pay shall be established within the minimum salary scale in section eight-a of this article.

No service employee, without his written consent, may be reclassified by class title, nor may a service employee, without his written consent, be relegated to any condition of employment which would result in a reduction of his salary, rate of pay, compensation or benefits earned during the current fiscal year or which would result in a reduction of his salary, rate of pay, compensation or benefits for which he would qualify by continuing in the same job position and classification held during said fiscal year and subsequent years.

Any board failing to comply with the provisions of this article may be compelled to do so by mandamus, and shall be liable to any party prevailing against the board for court costs and his reasonable attorney fee, as determined and established by the court.

Notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the contrary, service personnel who hold a continuing contract in a specific job classification and are physically unable to perform the job's duties as confirmed by a physician chosen by the employee shall be given priority status over any employee not holding a continuing contract in filling other service personnel job vacancies if qualified as provided in section eighter of this article.

§18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries.

STATE MINIMUM PAY SCALE PAY GRADE 1 2 Years of 3 Employ-4 \mathbf{c} \mathbf{F} G A \mathbf{B} D \mathbf{E} Н ment 5 0 950 970 1.010 1,060 1,110 1,200 1,170 1,270 6 1 972 992 1.032 1,082 1,132 1.192 1,222 1,292 7 2 994 1,014 1.054 1,104 1,154 1.214 1.244 1.314 8 3 1.016 1.036 1.076 1.126 1.236 1.266 1.176 1.336 9 4 1.038 1,058 1.098 1.148 1,198 1.258 1,288 1,358 10 5 1,060 1,080 1,120 1,170 1,220 1,280 1.310 1.380 11 6 1,082 1,102 1,142 1,192 1,242 1.302 1.332 1,402 12 7 1,104 1,124 1,164 1,214 1,264 1,324 1.354 1,424 13 8 1,186 1,236 1,286 1.346 1,376 1,126 1,146 1,446 14 9 1.368 1.398 1,148 1,168 1,208 1,258 1,308 1,468 15 10 1,170 1,190 1,230 1.280 1.330 1.390 1,420 1,490 16 11 1.192 1,212 1,252 1.302 1.352 1,412 1,442 1,512 17 1,274 1,434 1,464 1,534 12 1,214 1.234 1,324 1,374 18 13 1,236 1,256 1.296 1.346 1.396 1,456 1,486 1,556 19 14 1.258 1,278 1.318 1,368 1.418 1.478 1.508 1.578 20 1,280 1,390 1,500 1,530 1,600 15 1.300 1,340 1,440 21 16 1,302 1,322 1,362 1,412 1,462 1,522 1.552 1,622 22 1,544 1.574 1,644 17 1,324 1.344 1,384 1,434 1,484 23 1,596 18 1,346 1,366 1.406 1,456 1.506 1,566 1,666 24 19 1.368 1.388 1,428 1.478 1,528 1,588 1,618 1,688 25 20 1,610 1,640 1,710 1,390 1,410 1,450 1,500 1,550 26 21 1,432 1,472 1,522 1,572 1,632 1,662 1,732 1,412 27 22 1,434 1,454 1,494 1.544 1.594 1.654 1.684 1,754 28 1,706 23 1,476 1,516 1.566 1,616 1,676 1,776 1,456 29 1.538 1.588 1,698 1,728 24 1,478 1,498 1,638 1,798 30 25 1,500 1,520 1,560 1,610 1,660 1,720 1.750 1,820 31 26 1,632 1,522 1.542 1,582 1,682 1,742 1.772 1.842 32 27 1,544 1,564 1,604 1,654 1,704 1,764 1.794 1,864 33 28 1,566 1.586 1,626 1.676 1,726 1,786 1,816 1,886 34 29 1,588 1,608 1,648 1,698 1,748 1,808 1,838 1,908 35 1,610 30 1,670 1,720 1,630 1,770 1,830 1,860 1,930 36 CLASS TITLE PAY GRADE 37 Accountant II.....E 38 Accountant IIIF 39 40 Aide IIB 41

42	Aide III	C
43	Aide IV	
44	Audiovisual Technician	C
45	Auditor	G
46	Autism Mentor	E
47	Braille or Sign Language Specialist	E
48	Bus Operator	
49	Buyer	F
50	Cabinetmaker	
51	Cafeteria Manager	D
52	Carpenter I	Е
53	Carpenter II	
54	Chief Mechanic	
55	Clerk I	B
56	Clerk II	C
57	Computer Operator	E
58	Cook I	
59	Cook II	
60	Cook III	
61	Crew Leader	
62	Custodian I	
63	Custodian II	
64	Custodian III	C
65	Custodian IV	D
66	Director or Coordinator of Services	H
67	Draftsman	
68	Electrician I	
69	Electrician II	G
70	Electronic Technician I	
71	Electronic Technician II	
72	Executive Secretary	
73	Food Services Supervisor	
74	Foreman	
75	General Maintenance	C
76	Glazier	D
77	Graphic Artist	D
78	Groundsman	B
79	Handyman	B
80	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic I	E
81	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic II	G
82	Heavy Equipment Operator	E
00	Inventory Supervisor	$\dots D$

84	Key Punch OperatorB
85	LocksmithG
86	Lubrication Man
87	MachinistF
88	Mail ClerkD
89	Maintenance Clerk
90	MasonG
91	Mechanic
92	Mechanic Assistant E
93	Office Equipment Repairman IF
94	Office Equipment Repairman II
95	PainterE
96	ParaprofessionalF
97	Plumber I E
98	Plumber IIG
99	Printing OperatorB
100	Printing SupervisorD
101	ProgrammerH
102	Roofing/Sheet Metal MechanicF
103	Sanitation Plant OperatorF
104	School Bus Supervisor E
105	Secretary ID
106	Secretary IIE
107	Secretary IIIF
108	Supervisor of Maintenance
109	Supervisor of Transportation
110	Switchboard Operator-Receptionist
111	Truck DriverD
112	Warehouse Clerk
113	WatchmanB
114	WelderF
115	On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine
116	hundred ninety-two, the minimum monthly pay for each
117	service employee whose employment is for a period of
118	more than three and one-half hours a day shall be at
119	least the amounts indicated in the "state minimum pay
120	scale pay grade" as set forth in this section, and the
121	minimum monthly pay for each service employee whose
122	employment is for a period of three and one-half hours
123	or less a day shall be at least one half the amount
124	indicated in the "state minimum pay scale pay grade"
125	set forth in this section: Provided. That upon the

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effective date of this section through the remainder of the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one ninety-two, in lieu of the minimum monthly pay scale pay grade for service employees in effect as set forth in this section, each service employee shall be paid such amount as he or she would be due under the provisions of this section over his or her full employment term on the basis of the "state minimum pay scale pay grade". The difference between such amount and any amount already paid to such employee in such school year shall be prorated over such portion of the employees employment term as remains: Provided, however, That the state department of education shall notify each service employee that the amounts paid to them for the remainder of their employment term in the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one - ninety-two will be greater than they would normally be due under the minimum monthly pay scale, because of the pro rata distribution, and that their minimum monthly salaries will decrease slightly during the next school year when the salary increase is paid over the full employment term: Provided further. That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the minimum monthly pay for each service employee whose employment is for a period of more than three and onehalf hours a day shall be at least the amounts indicated in the "state minimum pay scale pay grade" as set forth in this section, and the minimum monthly pay for each service employee whose employment is for a period of three and one-half hours or less a day shall be at least one half the amount indicated in the "state minimum pay scale pay grade" set forth in this section. An additional ten dollars per month shall be added to the minimum monthly pay of each service employee who holds a high school diploma or its equivalent.

Any service employee required to work on any legal school holiday shall be paid at a rate one and one-half times such employee's usual hourly rate.

Any full-time service personnel required to work in excess of their normal working day during any week which contains a school holiday for which they are paid

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shall be paid for such additional hours or fraction thereof at a rate of one and one-half times their usual hourly rate and paid entirely from county board of education funds.

No service employee shall have his or her daily work schedule changed during the school year without such employee's written consent, and such employee's required daily work hours shall not be changed to prevent the payment of time and one-half wages or the employment of another employee.

The minimum hourly rate of pay for extra-duty assignments as defined in section eight-b of this article shall be no less than one seventh of the employee's daily total salary for each hour the employee is involved in performing the assignment and paid entirely from local funds: Provided. That an alternative minimum hourly rate of pay for performing extra-duty assignments within a particular category of employment may be utilized if the alternate hourly rate of pay is approved both by the county board of education and by the affirmative vote of a two-thirds majority of the regular full-time employees within that classification category of employment within that county: Provided, however, That the vote shall be by secret ballot if so requested by a service personnel employee within that classification category within that county. The salary for any fraction of an hour the employee is involved in performing the assignment shall be prorated accordingly. When performing extra-duty assignments, employees who are regularly employed on a one-half day salary basis shall receive the same hourly extra-duty assignment pay computed as though such an employee were employed on a full-day salary basis.

The minimum pay for any service personnel employees engaged in the removal of asbestos material or related duties required for asbestos removal shall be their regular total daily rate of pay and no less than an additional three dollars per hour or no less than five dollars per hour for service personnel supervising asbestos removal responsibilities for each hour these employees are involved in asbestos related duties.

208 Related duties required for asbestos removal shall 209 include, but not be limited to, travel, preparation of the 210 work site, removal of asbestos, decontamination of the 211 work site, placing and removal of equipment and 212 removal of structures from the site. If any member of 213 an asbestos crew is engaged in asbestos related duties 214 outside of the employee's regular employment county. 215 the daily rate of pay shall be no less than the minimum 216 amount as established in the employee's regular 217 employment county for asbestos removal and an 218 additional thirty dollars per each day the employee is 219 engaged in asbestos removal and related duties. The 220 additional pay for asbestos removal and related duties 221 shall be payable entirely from county funds. Before 222 service personnel employees may be utilized in the 223 removal of asbestos material or related duties, they shall 224 have completed a federal Environmental Protection Act 225 approved training program and be licensed. The 226 employer shall provide all necessary protective 227 equipment and maintain all records required by the 228 Environmental Protection Act.

§18A-4-8e. Competency testing for service personnel.

1 The state board of education shall develop and cause to be made available competency tests for all of the 2 3 classification titles defined in section eight and listed in section eight-a of this article for service personnel. Each 4 5 classification title defined and listed shall be considered a separate classification category of employment for 6 service personnel and shall have a separate competency 7 test, except for those class titles having Roman numeral 8 designations, which shall be considered a single 9 classification of employment and shall have a single 10 competency test. The cafeteria manager class title shall 11 be included in the same classification category as cooks 12 and shall have the same competency test. The executive 13 secretary class title shall be included in the same 14 classification category as secretaries and shall have the 15 same competency test. The classification titles of chief 16 mechanic, mechanic, and assistant mechanic shall be 17 included in one classification title and shall have the 18 same competency test. 19

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The purpose of these tests shall be to provide county boards of education a uniform means of determining whether school service personnel employees who do not hold a classification title in a particular category of employment can meet the definition of the classification title in another category of employment as defined in section eight of this article. Competency tests shall not be used to evaluate employees who hold the classification title in the category of their employment.

The competency test shall consist of an objective written and/or performance test: Provided, That applicants shall have the opportunity of taking the written test orally if requested. Oral tests shall be recorded mechanically and kept on file. Persons administering the oral test shall not know the applicant personally. The performance test for all classifications and categories other than Bus Operator shall be administered by a vocational school which serves the county board of education. A standard passing score shall be established by the state department of education for each test and shall be used by county boards of education. The subject matter of each competency test shall be commensurate with the requirements of the definitions of the classification titles as provided in section eight of this article. The subject matter of each competency test shall be designed in such a manner that achieving a passing grade will not require knowledge and skill in excess of the requirements of the definitions of the classification titles. Achieving a passing score shall conclusively demonstrate the qualification of an applicant for a classification title. Once an employee passes the competency test of a classification title, said applicant shall be fully qualified to fill vacancies in that classification category of employment as provided in section eight-b of this article and shall not be required to take the competency test again.

An applicant who fails to achieve a passing score shall be given other opportunities to pass the competency test when making application for another vacancy within the classification category. 61 in a uniform manner under uniform testing conditions.
62 County boards of education shall be responsible for
63 scheduling competency tests and shall not utilize a
64 competency test other than the test authorized by this
65 section.

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88 89 When scheduling of the competency test conflicts with the work schedule of a school employee who has applied for a vacancy; said employee must be excused from work to take said competency test without loss of pay.

A minimum of one day of appropriate inservice training shall be provided employees to assist them in preparing to take the competency tests.

Competency tests shall be utilized to determine the qualification of new applicants seeking initial employment in a particular classification title as either a regular or substitute employee.

Notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the contrary, once an employee holds or has held a classification title in a category of employment, that employee shall be deemed as qualified for said classification title even though that employee no longer holds that classification.

The requirements of this section shall not be construed to alter the definitions of class titles as provided in section eight of this article nor the procedure and requirements of section eight-b of this article.

The testing procedures of this section shall be implemented effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 65

(H. B. 4035—By Delegates Browning and Compton)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating

to requiring county boards of education to fill vacant positions in certain instances within thirty working days of the end of the posting period; dispensing with posting positions held by persons with permits working toward certification; providing that when principals acquire identical seniority reductions in force will be made on the basis of qualifications; granting retroactive relief and providing that court costs and attorneys fees be paid from county funds to prevailing parties when the county school board violates this section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-7a. Employment, promotion and transfer of professional personnel; seniority.

A county board of education shall make decisions 1 2 affecting the hiring of professional personnel other than classroom teachers on the basis of the applicant with the 3 highest qualifications. Further, the county board shall 4 make decisions affecting the hiring of new classroom 5 6 teachers on the basis of the applicant with the highest qualifications. In judging qualifications, consideration 7 shall be given to each of the following: Appropriate 8 certification and/or licensure; amount of experience 9 relevant to the position or, in the case of a classroom 10 teaching position, the amount of teaching experience in 11 the subject area; the amount of course work and/or 12 degree level in the relevant field and degree level 13 14 generally; academic achievement; relevant specialized training; past performance evaluations conducted 15 pursuant to section twelve, article two of this chapter: 16 and other measures or indicators upon which the 17 relative qualifications of the applicant may fairly be 18 judged. If one or more permanently employed 19 instructional personnel apply for a classroom teaching 20 position and meet the standards set forth in the job 21 posting, the county board of education shall make 22 decisions affecting the filling of such positions on the 23

basis of the following criteria: Appropriate certification and/or licensure; total amount of teaching experience; the existence of teaching experience in the required certification area; degree level in the required certification area; specialized training directly related to the performance of the job as stated in the job description; receiving an overall rating of satisfactory in evaluations over the previous two years; and seniority. Consideration shall be given to each criterion with each criterion being given equal weight. If the applicant with the most seniority is not selected for the position, upon the request of the applicant a written statement of reasons shall be given to the applicant with suggestions for improving the applicant's qualifications.

The seniority of classroom teachers as defined in section one, article one of this chapter with the exception of guidance counselors shall be determined on the basis of the length of time the employee has been employed as a regular full-time certified and/or licensed professional educator by the county board of education and shall be granted in all areas that the employee is certified and/or licensed.

Upon completion of one hundred thirty-three days of employment in any one school year, substitute teachers shall accrue seniority exclusively for the purpose of applying for employment as a permanent, full-time professional employee. One hundred thirty-three days or more of said employment shall be prorated and shall vest as a fraction of the school year worked by the permanent, full-time teacher.

Guidance counselors and all other professional employees, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, except classroom teachers, shall gain seniority in their nonteaching area of professional employment on the basis of the length of time the employee has been employed by the county board of education in that area: *Provided*, That if an employee is certified as a classroom teacher, the employee accrues classroom teaching seniority for the time that that employee is employed in another professional area. For the purposes of accruing seniority under this paragraph, employment as

principal, supervisor or central office administrator, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, shall be considered one area of employment.

Employment for a full employment term shall equal one year of seniority, but no employee may accrue more than one year of seniority during any given fiscal year. Employment for less than the full employment term shall be prorated. A random selection system established by the employees and approved by the board shall be used to determine the priority if two or more employees accumulate identical seniority: *Provided*, That when two or more principals have accumulated identical seniority, decisions on reductions in force shall be based on qualifications.

Whenever a county board is required to reduce the number of professional personnel in its employment, the employee with the least amount of seniority shall be properly notified and released from employment pursuant to the provisions of section two, article two of this chapter: Provided, That all persons employed in a certification area to be reduced who are employed under a temporary permit shall be properly notified and released before a fully certified employee in such a position is subject to release: Provided, however, That an employee subject to release shall be employed in any other professional position where such employee is certified and was previously employed or to any lateral area for which such employee is certified and/or licensed, if such employee's seniority is greater than the seniority of any other employee in that area of certification and/or licensure.

After the fifth day prior to the beginning of the instructional term, or after the first day of the second half of the instructional term, no person employed and assigned to a professional position may transfer to another professional position in the county during that half of the instructional term: *Provided*, That such person may apply for any posted, vacant positions with the successful applicant assuming the position at the beginning of the next half of the instructional term: *Provided*, however, That professional personnel who have

been on an approved leave of absence may fill these vacancies prior to the next semester. The superintendent may fill a position before the next instructional term when it is determined to be in the best interest of the students.

All professional personnel whose seniority with the county board is insufficient to allow their retention by the county board during a reduction in work force shall be placed upon a preferred recall list. As to any professional position opening within the area where they had previously been employed or to any lateral area for which they have certification and/or licensure, such employee shall be recalled on the basis of seniority if no regular, full-time professional personnel, or those returning from leaves of absence with greater seniority, are qualified, apply for and accept such position. Before position openings that are known or expected to extend for twenty consecutive employment days or longer for professional personnel may be filled by the board, the board shall be required to notify all qualified professional personnel on the preferred list and give them an opportunity to apply, but failure to apply shall not cause such employee to forfeit any right to recall. The notice shall be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the employee, and it shall be the duty of each professional personnel to notify the board of continued availability annually of any change in address or of any change in certification and/or licensure.

Boards shall be required to post and date notices of all openings in established, existing or newly created positions in conspicuous working places for all professional personnel to observe for at least five working days. The notice shall be posted within twenty working days of such position openings and shall include the job description. Any special criteria or skills that are required by the position shall be specifically stated in the job description and directly related to the performance of the job. No vacancy shall be filled until after the five-day minimum posting period. If one or more applicants meets the qualifications listed in the job posting, the successful applicant to fill the vacancy shall

be selected by the board within thirty working days of the end of the posting period: Provided, That a position held by a certified/or licensed teacher who has been issued a permit for full-time employment and is working toward certification in the permit area shall not be subject to posting if the certificate is awarded within five years. Nothing provided herein shall prevent the county board of education from eliminating a position due to lack of need.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the contrary, where the total number of classroom teaching positions in an elementary school does not increase from one school year to the next, but there exists in that school a need to realign the number of teachers in one or more grade levels, kindergarten through six, teachers at the school may be reassigned to grade levels for which they are certified without that position being posted: *Provided*, That the employee and the county board of education mutually agree to the reassignment.

When the total number of classroom teaching positions in an elementary school needs to be reduced, such reduction shall be made on the basis of seniority with the least senior classroom teacher being recommended for transfer: *Provided*, That a specified grade level needs to be reduced and the least senior employee in the school is not in that grade level, the least senior classroom teacher in the grade level that needs to be reduced shall be reassigned to the position made vacant by the transfer of the least senior classroom teacher in the school without that position being posted: *Provided*, *however*, That the employee is certified and/or licensed and agrees to the reassignment.

Any board failing to comply with the provisions of this article may be compelled to do so by mandamus and shall be liable to any party prevailing against the board for court costs and reasonable attorney fees as determined and established by the court. Further, employees denied promotion or employment in violation of this section shall be awarded the job, pay and any applicable benefits retroactive to the date of the violation and payable entirely from local funds. Further,

the board shall be liable to any party prevailing against the board for any court reporter costs including copies

190 of transcripts.

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CHAPTER 66

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 299—By Senators Lucht, Wagner, Humphreys, Felton, Brackenrich, Holliday, M. Manchin, Burdette, Mr. President, Dalton and Tomblin)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-f, relating to the seniority rights of classroom teachers in consolidated schools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-f, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

§18A-4-8f. Seniority rights, school consolidation.

1 Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the 2 contrary, when a majority of the classroom teachers, as 3 defined in section one, article one of this chapter, who vote to do so, in accordance with procedures established 4 herein, and who are employed by a county board of 5 education, the board shall give priority to classroom 6 teachers in any school or schools to be closed as a result 7 of a consolidation or merger when filling positions in the 8 new school created by consolidation or newly created 9 positions in existing schools as a result of the merger. 10 Each year a consolidation or merger is proposed, prior 11 to the implementation of that plan, the superintendent 12 shall cause to be prepared and distributed to all faculty 13 senates a ballot on which teachers may indicate whether 14

or not they desire those affected by school closings to be

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given priority status in filling new positions. A secret 16 17 ballot election shall be conducted in each faculty senate 18 and the faculty senate chair shall convey the results of 19 such election to the superintendent. The superintendent 20 shall tabulate and post all results prior to the notice 21 requirements for reduction in force and transfer as 22 outlined in sections two and seven, article two of this 23 chapter. The total number of votes shall be tabulated 24 and the provisions of this section shall be implemented 25 only if a majority of the total number of teachers who 26 cast a ballot vote to do so. The teachers in the school or 27 schools to be closed shall have priority in filling new 28 positions in the new or merged schools for which the 29 teachers are certified and meet the standards set forth 30 in the job posting on the basis of seniority within the 31 county: Provided, That a teacher shall only receive 32 priority for filling a position at a school impacted by a 33 merger, or consolidation with the position being created 34 by the influx of students from a consolidated or merged 35 school into the school receiving students from their 36 closed school or grade level. The most senior teacher in 37 the closed school or schools shall be placed first, the 38 second most senior shall be placed next and so on until all the newly created positions are filled, or until all the 39 40 teachers in the closed school or schools who wish to 41 transfer into the newly created positions are placed: 42 Provided, however, That if there are fewer new positions in the newly created school or merged school than there 43 are classroom teachers in the school or schools to be 44 45 closed, the teachers who were not placed in the new positions shall retain the same rights as all other 46 47 teachers with regard to seniority, transfer and reduction in force: Provided further, That nothing herein shall be 48 construed to grant any employee additional rights or 49 50 protections with regard to reduction in force.

For the purposes of this section only, a consolidation shall mean when one or more schools are closed, or one or more grade levels are removed from one or more schools and the students who previously attended the closed schools or grade levels are assigned to a new school. For purposes of this section only, a merger shall mean when one or more schools are closed or one or

- more grade levels are removed from one or more schools and the students who previously attended the closed schools or grade levels are assigned to another existing school.
- The provisions of this section shall not apply to positions which are filled by a county board prior to the effective date of this section.

CHAPTER 67

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 284—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article three-a. chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section five, relating to creation of an applied technology education competitive grant program to meet the needs of business and industry within the state for a competitive, technically skilled work force; providing greater flexibility in appointments to the joint commission for vocational-technicaloccupational education; creating an applied technology education fund to be administered by said joint commission; setting forth program goals, application criteria and funding priorities; specifying certain obligations of grant recipients including open records; and providing for termination of grants for failure to comply with terms and conditions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article three-a, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3A. WEST VIRGINIA JOINT COMMISSION FOR VOCA-TIONAL-TECHNICAL-OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION.

§18B-3A-2. Composition of commission; terms of members; qualifications of members.

§18B-3A-5. Applied technology education fund.

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§18B-3A-2. Composition of commission; terms of members; qualifications of members.

- The members appointed by the governor shall include all of the following:
- 3 (a) Seven individuals who shall be representatives from business, industry and agriculture, including one 4 5 member representing small business concerns, one 6 member of whom shall represent the governor's office of community and industrial development, one member 7 8 of whom shall represent proprietary schools and one member of whom shall represent labor organizations. In 9 selecting private sector individuals under this subdivi-10 sion, the governor shall give due consideration to the 11 appointment of individuals who serve on a private 12 industry council or other appropriate state agencies. 13
 - (b) Six individuals, three of whom shall be representatives of secondary vocational-technical-occupational education appointed by the governor with advice from the state superintendent of schools, and three of whom shall be representatives of post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational education appointed by the governor, with advice from the chancellor of the board of directors.
 - In addition to the members appointed by the governor, the state superintendent of schools and the vice chancellor of the board of directors shall serve as ex officio members.

Members of the commission shall serve for overlapping terms of four years, except that the original appointments to the commission shall be for staggered terms allocated in the following manner: One member recommended for appointment by the chancellor, one member recommended for appointment by the state superintendent of schools and two members appointed 33 by the governor for terms of two years; one member 34 recommended for appointment by the chancellor, one 35 member recommended for appointment by the state 36 superintendent of schools and two members appointed 37 by the governor for terms of three years; and one 38 member recommended for appointment by the state 39 superintendent of schools, one member recommended 40 for appointment by the chancellor and three members 41 appointed by the governor for terms of four years.

§18B-3A-5. Applied technology education fund.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury, an 2 applied technology education fund to be administered by 3 the joint commission for vocational-technical-occupa-4 tional education, in conjunction with its other duties as 5 set forth in this article, to promote the development of 6 applied technology education and training programs 7 which meet the needs of new and existing business and 8 industry within West Virginia for a competitive. 9 technically skilled work force. The major goals of the applied technology education fund are: (1) To encourage 10 11 the state college and university system to develop a 12 delivery system for instruction in applied technology 13 leading to a degree in which specialty skill instruction 14 is built around a common core of basic skills so that the 15 specialty areas may be readily modified to meet the 16 changing demands of the workplace; (2) to provide 17 partial funding for the start-up or expansion of pro-18 grams of instruction leading to a degree in applied technology skills for which there is a demonstrated and 19 20 recurring need for skilled employees; and (3) to respond 21 to unique needs for instruction in applied technology 22 which are of limited duration and for which adequate 23 funding is not available from other sources.
 - (b) The joint commission shall award grants to state institutions of higher education from the applied technology education fund based upon a competitive application process which includes the following criteria:

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(1) The degree to which the course or program will advance the economy of the state, region and/or local

- area, including, but not limited to, the immediate and potential economic impact, the effect on labor markets and the linkages with other economic development plans for the area;
 - (2) The program structure, including, but not limited to, cost effectiveness in terms of maximum use of existing resources of the institution, other public and private educational institutions and the community, and flexibility in terms of minimum changes necessary to accommodate the addition, deletion and modification of degree specialties in response to changing demands;
 - (3) The degree of direct and ongoing involvement in the education and training program by other public and private sector agencies, organizations and enterprises, including, but not limited to, direct matching contributions, in-kind contributions, cost sharing, ad hoc faculty, endowed chairs, mentorships, internships for students and faculty, program scholarships and other student aid;
 - (4) The amounts and sources of funding for the entire project, including, but not limited to, all grant moneys applied for and received for the program, including notification to the joint commission of moneys received after submission of the application, all institutional costs associated directly or indirectly with the education and training program, and all costs for capital modernization and retooling to increase competitiveness attendant with employment of the program's graduates incurred by other public and private agencies, organizations and enterprises with direct and ongoing involvement in the program;
 - (5) The history of identified prospective employers of program graduates, including, but not limited to, job opportunities, stability of employment, past and present condition and structure, present and future market prospects and any other information deemed necessary by the joint commission to judge the present and future viability of such employers;
 - (6) The anticipated duration of the education and training program, including, but not limited to, whether

and how such program is expected to become selfsupporting following completion of the grant and the time period for which the grant is requested;

- (7) The importance of state funding for the viability of the program; and
- (8) Any other information deemed necessary by the joint commission for judging the relative merits of the course or program.
- (c) Priority for funding shall be given to courses or programs which serve new areas of technical skills, which serve underemployed and/or displaced workers not served by other training programs, and/or which leverage other public or private funds. Grants may be awarded on a multiyear basis, generally not exceeding three years, with funding in the second and succeeding years contingent upon successfully fulfilling prior year's objectives. Grant funds shall not be used to supplant other applicable state, federal or local funds for such purposes. Grant awards received by a state institution of higher education shall not be used to reduce the institution's base budget allocation.
- (d) The joint commission shall establish a grant application and review process, including any necessary forms. The review process shall prioritize programs for funding on a competitive basis as, in the judgment of the joint commission, they best serve the purposes of this article and the needs of the state for increasing the competitiveness of its work force. The joint commission shall award funds to programs with the highest priority rankings subject to the availability of funds. Priority rankings may be periodically realigned based upon the review of new or modified grant applications.
- (e) Receipt of a grant shall obligate the recipient to such terms and conditions as may be established by the joint commission in connection with the grant award. Such terms and conditions shall, at a minimum, require the recipient to keep proper books of record and account in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Such books of record and account shall be open to inspection and audit by the joint commission at

- 111 its request and to inspection and copying by the public
- 112 in accordance with the provisions of the state freedom
- 113 of information act set forth in chapter twenty-nine-b of
- 114 this code. The joint commission may require an inde-
- 115 pendent audit of such books of record and account at the
- 116 expense of the grant recipient. Failure to comply with
- 117 the terms and conditions of a grant award may result
- 118 in its termination.

CHAPTER 68

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 409—By Senators Lucht, Jones, Felton, J. Manchin, Heck, Holliday, Blatnik and Wehrle)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article four, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a; and to amend and reenact section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of said code, relating to campus security officers; defining such officers as law-enforcement officers; allowing supervisor to exempt officers from required training; requiring reports of crimes alleged to have occurred at institutions of higher education in this state be referred to law-enforcement agencies and reported to public by rule with exceptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article four, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a; and that section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of said code be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Chapter

- 18B. Higher Education.
- 30. Professions and Occupations.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

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§18B-4-5. Security officers; appointment; qualifications; authority; compensation and removal.

§18B-4-5a. Crimes committed on campus of institutions of higher education.

§18B-4-5. Security officers; appointment; qualifications; authority; compensation and removal.

1 The governing boards are hereby authorized to 2 appoint bona fide residents of this state to act as security 3 officers upon any premises owned or leased by the state 4 of West Virginia and under the jurisdiction of the governing boards, subject to the conditions and restric-5 tions hereinafter imposed. Before performing duties as 6 7 a security officer in any county, each person so ap-8 pointed shall qualify therefor in the same manner as is 9 required of county officers by the taking and filing an 10 oath of office as required by article one, chapter six of 11 this code and by posting an official bond as required by 12 article two, chapter six of this code. No security officer 13 shall have authority to carry a gun or any other 14 dangerous weapon until a license therefor has been 15 obtained in the manner prescribed by section two, 16 article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code.

It shall be the duty of any person so appointed and qualified to preserve law and order on any premises under the jurisdiction of the governing boards and on any other street, road or thoroughfare, except controlled access and open country highways, adjacent to or passing through such premises, to which the person may be assigned by the president or other administrative head of the state institution of higher education. For this purpose the security officer shall be deemed to be a lawenforcement officer in accordance with the provisions of section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code and, as to offenses committed within any area so assigned, have and may exercise all the powers and authority and shall be subject to all the requirements and responsibilities of a law-enforcement officer: Provided, That the supervisor of any security officer employed on the effective date of this section may exempt such officer from any law-enforcement training required in said article. The assignment of security officers to the duties authorized by this section shall not

37 be deemed to supersede in any way the authority or duty 38 of other peace officers to preserve law and order on such 39 premises. In addition, the security officers appointed under provisions of this section shall have authority to 40 41 assist local peace officers on public highways in the 42 control of traffic in and around premises owned by the 43 state of West Virginia whenever such traffic is gener-44 ated as a result of athletic or other activities conducted 45 or sponsored by a state institution of higher education 46 and when such assistance has been requested by the 47 local peace officers.

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65 66 The salary of all such security officers shall be paid by the appropriate governing board. Each state institution may furnish each such security officer with an official uniform to be worn while on duty and shall furnish and require each such officer while on duty to wear a shield with an appropriate inscription and to carry credentials certifying to the person's identity and authority as a security officer.

The governing boards may at their pleasure revoke the authority of any security officer. The president or other administrative head of the state institution of higher education shall report the termination of employment of a security officer by filing a notice to that effect in the office of the clerk of each county in which the security officer's oath of office was filed, and in the case of a security officer licensed to carry a gun or other dangerous weapon, by notifying the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the license therefor was granted.

§18B-4-5a. Crimes committed on campus of institutions of higher education.

The president or a designee of each institution of 1 higher education in this state shall on a regular and 2 timely basis provide information to the public concern-3 ing alleged crimes occurring on the institution's 4 property which have been reported to a security officer 5 or any other officer of the institution. A crime shall be 6 deemed reported whenever a security officer or other 7 officer of the institution determines that the report is 8

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credible, when the report is submitted in writing and attested to by the victim on such forms as shall be made available by the institution for such purpose, or when the institution is notified by a law-enforcement agency of the reporting of a crime alleged to have occurred on the institution's property.

Such reports shall be referred within twenty-four hours to the appropriate law-enforcement agencies, as defined in section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code, for further investigation. The information required to be made available to the public regarding the crime report shall be so available within ten days of the report and shall include the nature of the criminal offense, the date of the offense, the general location of the offense (such as a designation of a specific building or area of the campus) and the time of day when the offense occurred: Provided, That this requirement shall not be construed to require the release of any information which may disclose the identity of the victim: Provided, however, That the institution shall withhold the information required to be made available to the public for a longer period upon certification of investigative need that the information be withheld from the public, such certification to be filed by an officer of one of the investigating law-enforcement agencies with the president of the institution or the designee to whom the duties required by this section have been delegated: Provided further. That the required information shall in no event be withheld after an arrest has been made in connection with the crime report.

For purposes of this section, "crime" shall be defined as those offenses required to be reported under the federal Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990, as amended, and under section eight-a, article one of this chapter, and shall include murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft and arrests for liquor, drug or weapons laws violations.

The governing boards shall provide crime reporting forms and promulgate such legislative rules pursuant to the provisions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a

- 50 of this code as are necessary for the implementation of
- 51 this section. Such forms and rules shall be provided by
- 52 the central office to other institutions of higher educa-
- 53 tion in this state to assist them with the implementation
- 54 of this section.

CHAPTER 30. PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.

ARTICLE 29. LAW-ENFORCEMENT TRAINING AND CERTIFI-CATION.

§30-29-1. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article, unless a different
- 2 meaning clearly appears in the context:
- 3 "Approved law-enforcement training academy"
- 4 means any training facility which is approved and
- 5 authorized to conduct law-enforcement training as
- 6 provided in this article;
- 7 "Chief executive" means the superintendent of the
- 8 department of public safety; the chief conservation
- 9 officer, department of natural resources; the sheriff of
- 10 any West Virginia county; or the chief of any West
- 11 Virginia municipal law-enforcement agency;
- 12 "County" means the fifty-five major political subdivi-
- 13 sions of the state:
- 14 "Exempt rank" means any noncommissioned or
- 15 commissioned rank of sergeant or above;
- 16 "Governor's committee on crime, delinquency and
- 17 correction" or "governor's committee" means the
- 18 governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correc-
- 19 tion established as a state planning agency pursuant to
- 20 section one, article nine, chapter fifteen of this code;
- 21 "Law-enforcement officer" means any duly authorized 22 member of a law-enforcement agency who is authorized
- 23 to maintain public peace and order, prevent and detect
- 24 crime, make arrests, and enforce the laws of the state
- 25 or any county or municipality thereof, other than
- 26 parking ordinances, and shall include those persons
- 27 employed as security officers at state institutions of
- higher education in accordance with the provisions of
- 29 section five, article four, chapter eighteen-b of this code,

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30 although no such institution shall be deemed a lawenforcement agency. As used in this article, the term "law-enforcement officer" does not apply to the chief 32 executive of any West Virginia law-enforcement agency 33 34 or any watchman or special conservation officer;

"Law-enforcement official" means the duly appointed chief administrator of a designated law-enforcement agency or a duly authorized designee:

"Municipality" means any incorporated town or city whose boundaries lie within the geographic boundaries of the state:

"Subcommittee" or "law-enforcement training subcommittee" means the subcommittee of the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correction created by section two of this article: and

"West Virginia law-enforcement agency" means any duly authorized state, county or municipal organization employing one or more persons whose responsibility is the enforcement of laws of the state or any county or municipality thereof: Provided, That no state institution of higher education shall be deemed a law-enforcement agency.

CHAPTER 69

(S. B. 27—By Senators Lucht, Felton and Humphreys)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and four, article six, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section ten, article nine of said chapter, relating to higher education personnel; extending leave transfer provisions to nonclassified employees; providing generally for leave banks; and providing for election of faculty and classified employee advisory council members in April of each even-numbered year.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and four, article six, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section ten, article nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 6. Other Boards and Advisory Councils.
- 9. Classified Employee Salary Schedule and Classification System.

ARTICLE 6. OTHER BOARDS AND ADVISORY COUNCILS.

§18B-6-2. Advisory councils of faculty.

§18B-6-4. Advisory councils of classified employees.

§18B-6-2. Advisory councils of faculty.

- 1 Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be
- 3 assisted by an advisory council of faculty.
- 4 During the month of April of each even-numbered
- 5 year, each president or other administrative head of a
- 6 state institution of higher education, including Potomac
- 7 State College of West Virginia University and West
- 8 Virginia University at Parkersburg, at the direction of
- 9 the councils and in accordance with procedures estab-
- 10 lished by the councils, shall convene a meeting or
- 11 otherwise institute a balloting process to elect one
- faculty to serve on the appropriate governing board's advisory council of faculty, which shall consist of one
- 13 advisory council of faculty, which shall consist of one
- 14 faculty, so elected, from each such institution under the
- appropriate governing board. Terms of the members of each council shall be for two years and shall begin on
- the first day of July of each even-numbered year, and
- 18 members of each advisory council shall be eligible to
- 19 succeed themselves.
- The advisory councils of faculty shall meet at least
- 21 once each quarter. One of the quarterly meetings shall
- 22 be during the month of July, at which meeting each
- council shall elect a chairman, who shall be by virtue of the office a voting member of the appropriate
- 25 governing board. No member may vote by proxy at such
- 26 election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken for

such election, a member authorized by the council shall select the chairman by lot from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairman, each council shall elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the election of a chairman. a member of that council to preside over meetings of the council in the chairman's absence. Should the chairman vacate the position, the council shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill the unexpired term within thirty days following such vacancy.

Each advisory council of faculty, through its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the faculty members may have an interest.

Members of each advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds allocated to the state institution of higher education served.

Each governing board shall furnish secretarial services to its advisory council of faculty, and each advisory council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request, to any faculty member of a state institution of higher education represented on the council. Such minutes shall be forwarded to the advisory council of faculty serving the other governing board.

§18B-6-4. Advisory councils of classified employees.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be assisted by an advisory council of classified employees.

During the month of April of each even-numbered year, each president or other administrative head of a state institution of higher education, including Potomac State College of West Virginia University and West Virginia University at Parkersburg, at the direction of the councils and in accordance with procedures established by the councils, shall convene a meeting or

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otherwise institute a balloting process to elect one classified employee to serve on the appropriate governing board's advisory council of classified employees. which shall consist of one classified employee, so elected. from each such institution under the appropriate governing board. Terms of the members of such councils shall be for two years and shall begin on the first day of July of each even-numbered year, and members of the advisory councils shall be eligible to succeed themselves. For the purpose of this section the term "institution of higher education" includes the facilities and staff supervised by the senior administrator employed by the governing boards, who shall be deemed a part of the state college system, and the West Virginia network for telecomputing, who shall be deemed a part of the state university system.

Each advisory council of classified employees shall meet at least once each quarter. One of the quarterly meetings shall be during the month of July, at which meeting each council shall elect a chairman, who shall be by virtue of the office a voting member of the appropriate governing board: Provided. That the board of directors' advisory council for classified employees' chairman shall not be a member of the staff supervised by the central administrative official. No member may vote by proxy at such election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken for such election, a member authorized by the council shall select the chairman by lot from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairman, each council shall elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the election of a chairman, a member of the council to preside over meetings of the council in the chairman's absence. Should the chairman vacate the position, the council shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill the unexpired term within thirty days following such vacancy.

Each advisory council of classified employees, through its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the classified 52 employees may have an interest.

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Members of each advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds allocated to the state institution of higher education served.

58 Each governing board shall furnish secretarial 59 services to its advisory council of classified employees, 60 and each advisory council shall cause to be prepared 61 minutes of its meetings, which minutes shall be 62 available, upon request, to any classified employee of a 63 state institution of higher education represented on the council. Such minutes shall be forwarded to the advisory 64 65 council of classified employees serving the other 66 governing board.

ARTICLE 9. CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE AND CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.

§18B-9-10. Higher education employees' catastrophic leave bank and leave transfer.

- 1 (a) A classified or nonclassified employee employed by 2 the higher education governing board or by the central 3 office may donate sick and annual leave to a leave bank established and operated in accordance with the 4 5 provisions of subsection (c) of this section or directly to another employee in accordance with the provisions of 6 subsection (d) of this section. No employee shall be 7 8 compelled to donate sick or annual leave. Any leave 9 donated by an employee pursuant to this section shall 10 be used only for the purpose of catastrophic illness or 11 injury as defined in subsection (b) of this section and 12 shall reduce, to the extent of such donation, the number 13 of days of annual or sick leave to which the employee 14 is entitled.
 - (b) For the purpose of this section, a catastrophic illness or injury means an illness or injury which is expected to incapacitate the employee and which creates a financial hardship because the employee has exhausted all sick and annual leave and other paid time off. Catastrophic illness or injury shall also include an incapacitated immediate family member as defined by

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the appropriate governing board if this results in the employee being required to take time off from work for an extended period of time to care for the family member and the employee has exhausted all sick and annual leave and other paid time off.

(c) A leave bank or banks may be established at each state institution of higher education and the central office to which employees may donate either sick or annual leave. The bank or banks may be established jointly by the central office and both governing boards, may be established for the central office and each of the governing boards, or may be established for the central office and each institution of higher education under either governing board. Sick or annual leave may be deposited in the leave bank, and such deposit shall be reflected as a day-for-day deduction from the sick or annual leave balance of the depositing employee.

Such deposited leave may be withdrawn by any employee experiencing a catastrophic illness or injury as those terms are defined in subsection (b) of this section upon appropriate verification that the employee is unable to work due to the catastrophic illness or injury as determined by the president of the institution or senior administrator, approval of the withdrawal by the president of the institution or senior administrator, and written notice to the personnel office. The withdrawal shall be reflected as a day-for-day addition to the leave balance of the withdrawing employee.

(d) Sick or annual leave may be donated to any employee experiencing a catastrophic illness or injury as those terms are defined in subsection (b) of this section. Such leave shall be donated at the request of the employee upon appropriate verification that the employee is unable to work due to the catastrophic illness or injury as determined by the president of the institution or senior administrator. Upon approval of the transfer of sick or annual leave by the president of the institution or senior administrator, any employee may, upon written notice to the personnel office, donate sick or annual leave in one-day increments. Donations shall be reflected as a day-for-day deduction from the sick or

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annual leave balance of the donating employee. An employee receiving the transfer of sick or annual leave shall have any time which is donated credited to such employee's account in one-day increments and reflected as a day-for-day addition to the leave balance of the receiving employee.

- (e) Use of donated credits may not exceed a maximum of twelve continuous calendar months for any one catastrophic illness or injury. The total amount of sick or annual leave withdrawn or received may not exceed an amount sufficient to ensure the continuance of regular compensation and shall not be used to extend insurance coverage pursuant to section thirteen, article sixteen, chapter five of this code. An employee withdrawing or receiving donations of sick or annual leave pursuant to this section shall use any leave personally accrued on a monthly basis prior to receiving additional donated sick or annual leave.
- (f) Transfer of sick or annual leave deposited in an institutional leave bank or transferred under subsection (c) may be inter-institutional in accordance with the policies of the appropriate governing board. Each institution and the central office shall be responsible for the administration of the sick or annual leave deposits, withdrawals and transfers of its employees. Rules implementing the provisions of this section may be adopted jointly or separately by the governing boards in accordance with article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

CHAPTER 70

(S. B. 352—By Senators Lucht and Felton)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article seventeen, relating to authorization of higher

education governing boards to promulgate legislative rules; providing generally for authorization, effective date and waiver of technical deficiencies; and authorizing specific regulations relating to higher education report cards, equal opportunity and affirmative action and holidays.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article seventeen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 17. LEGISLATIVE RULES.

§18B-17-1. Legislative authorization; effective date of rules; technical deficiencies waived.

§18B-17-2. Board of trustees.

\$18B-17-3. Board of directors.

§18B-17-1. Legislative authorization; effective date of rules; technical deficiencies waived.

Under the provisions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia, the Legislature expressly authorizes the promulgation of the rules described in sections two and three of this article, subject only to the limitations set forth with respect to each such rule in the section or sections of this chapter authorizing its promulgation. The Legislature further declares that all rules now or hereafter authorized under sections two and three of this article are within the legislative intent of the statute which the rule is intended to implement, extend, apply or interpret.

The effective date of the legislative rules authorized in sections two and three of this article shall be governed by the provisions of section fourteen, article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code unless the governing board promulgating the rules establishes an effective date which is earlier than that provided by said section, in which case the effective date established by the governing board shall control, unless the Legislature in the bill authorizing the rules establishes an effective date for such rules, in which case the effective date established by the Legislature shall control.

23 The Legislature further declares each legislative rule 24 now or hereafter authorized under this article to have 25 been validly promulgated notwithstanding any failure to 26 comply with any requirement of article three-a, chapter 27 twenty-nine-a of this code relating to the promulgation 28 of rules at any stage of the promulgation process prior 29 to authorization by the Legislature in sections two and 30 three of this article.

§18B-17-2. Board of trustees.

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- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of trustees to meet the objections of the legislative oversight commission on education accountability and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the board of trustees (report card), are authorized.
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the thirteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 11 ninety-one, relating to the board of trustees (equal 12 opportunity and affirmative action), are authorized.

§18B-17-3. Board of directors.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine 3 hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of directors to meet the objections of the legislative oversight 4 commission on education accountability and refiled in 5 6 the state register on the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the board 7 8 of directors (report card), are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of directors (equal opportunity and affirmative action), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of directors (holiday policy), are authorized.

CHAPTER 71

(H. B. 4632—By Delegates Carper and Michael)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article eight, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section one, article one, chapter twenty-two-b, all relating to excluding gas vented or released from mine areas and adjacent coal seams from the definition of waste.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article eight, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section one, article one, chapter twenty-two-b be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

22. Environmental Resources.

22B. Oil and Gas.

CHAPTER 22. ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES.

ARTICLE 8. OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION.

§22-8-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) Unless the context in which used clearly requires 2 a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (1) "Commission" means the oil and gas conservation 4 commission and "commissioner" means the oil and gas 5 conservation commissioner as provided for in section 6 four of this article;
- 7 (2) "Director" means the director for the division of 8 oil and gas provided for in section eleven, article one, 9 chapter twenty-two of this code;
- (3) "Person" means any natural person, corporation,
 partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator,
 guardian, fiduciary or other representative of any kind.

and includes any government or any political subdivision or any agency thereof;

- (4) "Operator" means any owner of the right to develop, operate and produce oil and gas from a pool and to appropriate the oil and gas produced therefrom, either for himself or for himself and others; in the event that there is no oil and gas lease in existence with respect to the tract in question, the owner of the oil and gas rights therein shall be considered as "operator" to the extent of seven eighths of the oil and gas in that portion of the pool underlying the tract owned by such owner, and as "royalty owner" as to one-eighth interest in such oil and gas; and in the event the oil is owned separately from the gas, the owner of the substance being produced or sought to be produced from the pool shall be considered as "operator" as to such pool:
- (5) "Royalty owner" means any owner of oil and gas in place, or oil and gas rights, to the extent that such owner is not an operator as defined in subdivision (4) of this section:
- (6) "Independent producer" means a person who is actively engaged in the production of oil and gas in West Virginia, but whose gross revenue from such production in West Virginia does not exceed five hundred thousand dollars per year;
- (7) "Oil" means natural crude oil or petroleum and other hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the well in liquid form by ordinary production methods and which are not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the underground reservoir;
- (8) "Gas" means all natural gas and all other fluid hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subdivision (7) of this section:
 - (9) "Pool" means an underground accumulation of petroleum in a single and separate natural reservoir (ordinarily a porous sandstone or limestone). It is characterized by a single natural-pressure system so that production of petroleum from one part of the pool

affects the reservoir pressure throughout its extent. A pool is bounded by geologic barriers in all directions, such as geologic structural conditions, impermeable strata, and water in the formations, so that it is effectively separated from any other pools that may be presented in the same district or on the same geologic structure:

(10) "Well" means any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth or underground strata for the extraction of oil or gas:

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- 62 (11) "Shallow well" means any well drilled and completed in a formation above the top of the uppermost 63 member of the "Onondaga Group": Provided, That in 64 drilling a shallow well the operator may penetrate into 65 the "Onondaga Group" to a reasonable depth, not in 66 67 excess of twenty feet, in order to allow for logging and completion operations, but in no event may the "Onon-68 daga Group" formation be otherwise produced, perfo-69 rated or stimulated in any manner: 70
- 71 (12) "Deep well" means any well, other than a shallow 72 well, drilled and completed in a formation at or below 73 the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga 74 Group":
- 75 (13) "Drilling unit" means the acreage on which one well may be drilled;
- (14) "Waste" means and includes: (A) Physical waste. 77 as that term is generally understood in the oil and gas 78 industry: (B) the locating, drilling, equipping, operating 79 or producing of any oil or gas well in a manner that 80 81 causes, or tends to cause, a reduction in the quantity of oil or gas ultimately recoverable from a pool under 82 prudent and proper operations, or that causes or tends 83 84 to cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss of oil or gas; or (C) the drilling of more deep wells than are 85 86 reasonably required to recover efficiently and econom-87 ically the maximum amount of oil and gas from a pool. 88 Waste does not include gas vented or released from any 89 mine areas as defined in section one, article one-a. 90 chapter twenty-two-a of this code or from adjacent coal 91 seams which are the subject of a current permit issued

- 92 under article two of chapter twenty-two-a of this code:
- 93 Provided, That nothing in this exclusion is intended to
- 94 address ownership of the gas;
- 95 (15) "Correlative rights" means the reasonable 96 opportunity of each person entitled thereto to recover 97 and receive without waste the oil and gas in and under 98 his tract or tracts, or the equivalent thereof; and
- 99 (16) "Just and equitable share of production" means, 100 as to each person, an amount of oil or gas or both 101 substantially equal to the amount of recoverable oil and 102 gas in that part of a pool underlying his tract or tracts.
- 103 (b) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the 104 use of the word "and" and the word "or" shall be 105 interchangeable, as, for example, "oil and gas" shall 106 mean oil or gas or both.

CHAPTER 22B. OIL AND GAS.

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF OIL AND GAS; OIL AND GAS WELLS; ADMINISTRATION: ENFORCEMENT.

§22B-1-1. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Casing" means a string or strings of pipe 4 commonly placed in wells drilled for natural gas or 5 petroleum or both;
- 6 (b) "Cement" means hydraulic cement properly mixed with water:
- 8 (c) "Chairman" means the chairman of the West 9 Virginia shallow gas well review board as provided for 10 in section four, article seven, chapter twenty-two of this 11 code:
- 12 (d) "Chief" means chief of the division of water 13 resources of the department of natural resources;
- 14 (e) "Coal operator" means any person or persons, firm, 15 partnership, partnership association or corporation that 16 proposes to or does operate a coal mine;
- 17 (f) "Coal seam" and "workable coal bed" are inter-

- changeable terms and mean any seam of coal twenty inches or more in thickness, unless a seam of less thickness is being commercially worked, or can in the judgment of the department foreseeably be commer-
- cially worked and will require protection if wells are drilled through it;
- 24 (g) "Commissioner" means commissioner of the 25 department of energy;
- (h) "Deep well" means any well other than a shallow well, drilled and completed in a formation at or below the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group";
- 30 (i) "Division" means, for purposes of this article and 31 articles three and four of this chapter, the division of 32 oil and gas of the department of energy;

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- (j) "Director" means, for the purposes of this article and articles two, three and four of this chapter, the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy;
- (k) "Expanding cement" means any cement approved by the division of oil and gas which expands during the hardening process, including, but not limited to, regular oil field cements with the proper additives;
- (l) "Facility" means any facility utilized in the oil and gas industry in this state and specifically named or referred to in this article or in article three or four of this chapter, other than a well or well site;
- (m) "Gas" means all natural gas and all other fluid hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subdivision (n) of this section;
- 48 (n) "Oil" means natural crude oil or petroleum and 49 other hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are 50 produced at the well in liquid form by ordinary 51 production methods and which are not the result of 52 condensation of gas after it leaves the underground 53 reservoirs:
- 54 (0) "Owner" when used with reference to any well, 55 shall include any person or persons, firm, partnership,

56 partnership association or corporation that owns, 57 manages, operates, controls or possesses such well as 58 principal, or as lessee or contractor, employee or agent 59 of such principal;

- (p) "Owner" when used with reference to any coal seam, shall include any person or persons who own, lease or operate such coal seam;
- (q) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm, partnership, partnership association, venture, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary or other representative of any kind, and includes any government or any political subdivision or any agency thereof;
- (r) "Plat" means a map, drawing or print showing the location of a well or wells as herein defined;
- (s) "Review board" means the West Virginia shallow gas well review board as provided for in section four, article seven, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- (t) "Safe mining through of a well" means the mining of coal in a workable coal bed up to a well which penetrates such workable coal bed and through such well so that the casing or plug in the well bore where the well penetrates the workable coal bed is severed;
- (u) "Shallow well" means any gas well drilled and completed in a formation above the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group": Provided, That in drilling a shallow well the operator may penetrate into the "Onondaga Group" to a reasonable depth, not in excess of twenty feet, in order to allow for logging and completion operations, but in no event may the "Onondaga Group" formation be otherwise produced, perforated or stimulated in any manner;
- (v) "Stimulate" means any action taken by a well operator to increase the inherent productivity of an oil or gas well, including, but not limited to, fracturing, shooting or acidizing, but excluding cleaning out, bailing or workover operations;
- (w) "Waste" means (i) physical waste, as the term is

94 generally understood in the oil and gas industry: (ii) the locating, drilling, equipping, operating or producing of 95 96 any oil or gas well in a manner that causes, or tends 97 to cause a substantial reduction in the quantity of oil or gas ultimately recoverable from a pool under prudent 98 99 and proper operations, or that causes or tends to cause 100 a substantial or unnecessary or excessive surface loss of 101 oil or gas; or (iii) the drilling of more deep wells than are reasonably required to recover efficiently and 102 103 economically the maximum amount of oil and gas from 104 a pool; (iv) substantially inefficient, excessive or 105 improper use, or the substantially unnecessary dissipa-106 tion of, reservoir energy, it being understood that 107 nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize 108 any agency of the state to impose mandatory spacing of 109 shallow wells except for the provisions of section eight, 110 article eight, chapter twenty-two of this code and the 111 provisions of article seven, chapter twenty-two of this 112 code: (v) inefficient storing of oil or gas: Provided. That 113 storage in accordance with a certificate of public 114 convenience issued by the federal energy regulatory 115 commission shall be conclusively presumed to be 116 efficient and (vi) other underground or surface waste in 117 the production or storage of oil, gas or condensate, 118 however caused. Waste does not include gas vented or 119 released from any mine areas as defined in section one, 120 article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of this code or from 121 adjacent coal seams which are the subject of a current 122 permit issued under article two of chapter twenty-two-123 a of this code: Provided, however, That nothing in this 124 exclusion is intended to address ownership of the gas;

(x) "Well" means any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth or into underground strata for the extraction or injection or placement of any liquid or gas, or any shaft or hole sunk or used in conjunction with such extraction or injection or placement. The term "well" does not include any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth for the sole purpose of core drilling or pumping or extracting therefrom potable, fresh or usable water for household, domestic, industrial, agricultural or public use;

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- (y) "Well work" means the drilling, redrilling, 136 deepening, stimulating, pressuring by injection of any fluid, converting from one type of well to another, combining or physically changing to allow the migration of fluid from one formation to another or plugging or replugging of any well;
- (z) "Well operator" or "operator" means any person or persons, firm, partnership, partnership association or corporation that proposes to or does locate, drill, operate or abandon any well as herein defined;
- 145 (aa) "Pollutant" shall have the same meaning as 146 provided in subsection (x), section two, article five-a, 147 chapter twenty of this code; and
- 148 (bb) "Waters of this state" shall have the same 149 meaning as the term "waters" as provided in subsection 150 (e), section two, article five-a, chapter twenty of this 151 code.

CHAPTER 72

(H. B. 4192—By Delegates Roop and Ashley)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article three, chapter fifty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to competency of witnesses; and prohibiting priests, nuns, rabbis, Christian Science practitioners and members of the clergy from being compelled to testify in criminal or domestic relations proceedings as to communications made to them in their professional capacities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article three, chapter fifty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. COMPETENCY OF WITNESSES.

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- §57-3-9. Communications to priests, nuns, clergy, rabbis, Christian Science practitioners or other religious counselors not subject to being compelled as testimony.
 - No priest, nun, rabbi, duly accredited Christian Science practitioner or member of the clergy authorized to celebrate the rites of marriage in this state pursuant to the provisions of article one, chapter forty-eight of this code shall be compelled to testify in any criminal or grand jury proceedings or in any domestic relations action in any court of this state:
 - (1) With respect to any confession or communication, made to such person, in his or her professional capacity in the course of discipline enjoined by the church or other religious body to which he or she belongs, without the consent of the person making such confession or communication; or
 - (2) With respect to any communication made to such person, in his or her professional capacity, by either spouse, in connection with any effort to reconcile estranged spouses, without the consent of the spouse making the communication. This subsection is in addition to the protection and privilege afforded pursuant to section ten-a, article two, chapter forty-eight of this code.

CHAPTER 73

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4579-By Delegates J. Martin and Houvouras)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 4, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-b, relating to establishing an on-site consultation program within the division of labor to assist employers in complying with federal, state, county and city environmental and hazardous waste require-

ments; legislative purpose; duties of division of labor and commissioner of labor; creating an environmental assistance resource board; and establishing procedures.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3B. EMPLOYER ASSISTANCE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

- §21-3B-1. Title and purpose.
- §21-3B-2. Duties and responsibilities of division of labor and the commissioner of labor.
- §21-3B-3. Environmental assistance resource board.
- §21-3B-4. Procedures.

§21-3B-1. Title and purpose.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "Employer Assistance For Environmental Protection
- 3 Act."
- 4 It is the purpose of this article to make available to
- 5 employers in this state assistance in identifying envir-
- 6 onmental and hazardous waste hazards common to the
- 7 workplace and to further assist such employers in
- 8 developing plans for compliance with all such concerns.
- 9 Such assistance will be provided using the available 10 personnel and resources of the various state agencies
- involved in the regulation and control of environmental
- 12 and hazardous waste disciplines.

§21-3B-2. Duties and responsibilities of division of labor and the commissioner of labor.

- 1 (a) The division of labor shall:
- 2 (1) Encourage employers and employees to reduce
- 3 existing environmental and hazardous waste hazards
- 4 and to implement new or improved existing safety and
- 5 health programs;
- 6 (2) Provide technical advice and information relating
- 7 to environmental hazards and waste hazards;

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- 8 (3) Develop and implement training programs to 9 increase the employer and employee competence in 10 managing and correcting environmental hazards and 11 waste hazards;
- 12 (4) Develop and coordinate an information network 13 relating to applicable environmental and hazardous 14 waste law affecting the business community in West 15 Virginia;
- 16 (5) Offer a program of on-site consultation to assist 17 businesses in identifying environmental hazards and 18 waste hazards; and
- 19 (6) Offer to businesses an off-site program by tele-20 phone or correspondence for information and assistance 21 in complying with environmental regulation.
- 22 (b) The commissioner of labor shall develop and 23 implement rules, regulations and administrative guide-24 lines required to effectuate the purposes of this article.
 - (c) In carrying out the duties and responsibilities imposed by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, or in developing and implementing rules, regulations and administrative guidelines in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the division of labor and the commissioner shall not expend any state funds or utilize any personnel of the division for the training of any permanent replacement employee, unless and until such permanent replacement employee has been determined by the commissioner to have been legally employed.

§21-3B-3. Environmental assistance resource board.

There is hereby created within the division of labor 1 an environmental assistance resource board to advise 2 and assist the commissioner of labor in developing the 3 technical resources necessary to administer the provi-4 sions of this article. The board is composed of the 5 commissioner of labor, who shall serve as chair; the 6 7 director of the air pollution control commission; the chief of the division of water resources of the division 8 of natural resources: the chief of the division of waste 9 management of the division of natural resources; the 10

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11 commissioner of the division of environmental protec-12 tion; one member of the House of Delegates appointed 13 by the speaker of the House; and one member of the Senate appointed by the president of the Senate. Terms 14 15 of legislative members of the board shall run concurrent 16 with the member's legislative term of office.

The board shall meet within thirty days of the effective date of this article and thereafter at the call of the chair. The board shall establish an information network wherein the commissioner of labor and any consultant advising employers, in order to provide accurate information regarding compliance with environmental and hazardous waste regulations, may access written materials or staff having technical expertise within the agencies represented on the board. At the request of the board, the secretary of the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources is authorized to direct the assignment of staff, on a temporary or permanent basis, from any agency represented on the board to the division of labor to assist in the implementation of the employer assistance program set forth in this article.

§21-3B-4. Procedures.

- (a) Any employer within the state may request the commissioner of labor in writing to provide advice and assistance in identifying and eliminating environmental hazards in compliance with applicable state, federal and local law. The employer may specify a limited scope for consultation by indicating hazards or situations on which consultation will be focused. No consultation services may be provided when an agency charged with enforcing federal, state or local environmental or hazardous waste regulations has issued a citation or 10 ordered that a condition be abated or corrected. 11
 - (b) The commissioner shall provide on-site consultation services in identifying and eliminating environmental hazards. However, since employee contact by a consultant is needed for proper identification of environmental hazards in the workplace, employers must agree to such contact before a consultation may proceed.

- Employers must agree to correct all hazards noted by the consultant as a condition of the providing of consultation services. Employers are encouraged to permit employees to participate in the walk-around portion of a consultation visit.
 - (c) Prior to visiting a worksite, the consultant may request specific information concerning the worksite. Requested information must be provided before a consultation may proceed.
 - (d) If, in the course of an inspection, the consultant observes environmental hazards violating federal, state or local law which are outside the scope of a consultation request, the consultant shall treat such hazards as if they were within the scope of the consultation request.
 - (e) During the on-site consultation, the consultant shall point out hazards and violations observed, suggest approaches or options for corrective action, and provide additional information related to complying with applicable laws. The consultant shall prepare a written report, which shall be furnished to the employer, of all hazards observed and methods of abatement and may suggest where additional assistance may be secured. The consultant may follow through after the on-site consultation to assist in implementing recommendations and to assure that required corrective action is taken.
 - (f) Information obtained by a consultant related to environmental hazards and violations may not be disclosed to enforcement officials, except when an employer fails or refuses to take corrective action to eliminate imminent danger or serious hazards.
 - (g) No fees, penalties or costs may be assessed against the employer.
 - (h) The use of the consultation services contemplated by this article by any employer shall raise no presumption, inference, or defense to any action, order, citation, charge, rule to show cause, or any other enforcement effort brought against such employer by any agency of the state of West Virginia.

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CHAPTER 74

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2261—By Delegates Love and Wilson)

[Passed February 10, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, relating to a statutory rule against perpetuities; the creation of nonvested property interest or power of appointment; reformation of a disposition; exclusions from rule; prospective application of article and exception; short title; uniformity of application and construction; and supersession.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. UNIFORM STATUTORY RULE AGAINST PER-PETUITIES.

- §36-1A-1. Statutory rule against perpetuities.
- §36-1A-2. When nonvested property interest or power of appointment created.
- §36-1A-3. Reformation.
- §36-1A-4. Exclusions from statutory rule against perpetuities.
- §36-1A-5. Prospective application.
- §36-1A-6. Short title.
- §36-1A-7. Uniformity of application and construction.
- §36-1A-8. Supersession repeal.

§36-1A-1. Statutory rule against perpetuities.

- 1 (a) A nonvested property interest is invalid unless:
- 2 (1) When the interest is created, it is certain to vest
- 3 or terminate no later than twenty-one years after the
- 4 death of an individual then alive; or
- 5 (2) The interest either vests or terminates within ninety years after its creation.
- 7 (b) A general power of appointment not presently

- 8 exercisable because of a condition precedent is invalid 9 unless:
- 10 (1) When the power is created, the condition prece-11 dent is certain to be satisfied or become impossible to 12 satisfy no later than twenty-one years after the death of 13 an individual then alive: or
- 14 (2) The condition precedent either is satisfied or 15 becomes impossible to satisfy within ninety years after 16 its creation.
- 17 (c) A nongeneral power of appointment or a general testamentary power of appointment is invalid unless:
- 19 (1) When the power is created, it is certain to be 20 irrevocably exercised or otherwise to terminate no later 21 than twenty-one years after the death of an individual 22 then alive; or
- 23 (2) The power is irrevocably exercised or otherwise terminates within ninety years after its creation.
- (d) In determining whether a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment is valid under the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (a), or subdivision (1), subsection (b), or subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section, the possibility that a child will be born to an individual after the individual's death is disregarded.

§36-1A-2. When nonvested property interest or power of appointment created.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of 2 this section and in subsection (a), section five of this 3 article, the time of creation of a nonvested property 4 interest or a power of appointment is determined under 5 general principles of property law.
- (b) For purposes of this article, if there is a person who alone can exercise a power created by a governing instrument to become the unqualified beneficial owner of (1) a nonvested property interest or (2) a property interest subject to a power of appointment described in subsections (b) or (c), section one of this article, the nonvested property interest or power of appointment is

- 13 created when the power to become the unqualified 14 beneficial owner terminates.
- 15 (c) For purposes of this article, a nonvested property 16 interest or a power of appointment arising from a
- transfer of property to a previously funded trust or other 17
- 18 existing property arrangement is created when the
- nonvested property interest or power of appointment in 19
- 20 the original contribution was created.

§36-1A-3. Reformation.

- 1 Upon the petition of an interested person, a court shall
- 2 reform a disposition in the manner that most closely
- 3 approximates the transferor's manifested plan of
- distribution and is within the ninety years allowed by 4
- 5 the provisions of subdivision (2), subsection (a), or
- 6 subdivision (2), subsection (b), or subdivision (2),
- subsection (c), section one of this article and if: 7
- 8 (1) A nonvested property interest or a power of 9 appointment becomes invalid pursuant to the provisions
- 10 of section one of this article;
- 11 (2) A class gift is not but might become invalid
- 12 pursuant to the provisions of section one of this article
- 13 and the time has arrived when the share of any class
- 14 member is to take effect in possession or enjoyment; or
- (3) A nonvested property interest that is not validated 15
- by the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (a), 16
- 17 section one of this article can vest but not within ninety
- years after its creation. 18

§36-1A-4. Exclusions from statutory rule against perpetuities.

- 1 The provisions of section one of this article do not 2 apply to:
- (1) A nonvested property interest or a power of 3
- appointment arising out of a nondonative transfer, 4
- except a nonvested property interest or a power of 5
- appointment arising out of: (A) A premarital or post-6 marital agreement; (B) a separation or divorce settle-
- 7 ment: (C) a spouse's election; (D) a similar arrangement
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- arising out of a prospective, existing, or previous 9

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- 10 marital relationship between the parties; (E) a contract
- 11 to make or not to revoke a will or trust; (F) a contract
- 12 to exercise or not to exercise a power of appointment;
- 13 (G) a transfer in satisfaction of a duty of support; or (H)
- 14 a reciprocal transfer;
- 15 (2) A fiduciary's power relating to the administration 16 or management of assets, including the power of a 17 fiduciary to sell, lease or mortgage property, and the 18 power of a fiduciary to determine principal and income;
- 19 (3) A power to appoint a fiduciary;
- 20 (4) A discretionary power of a trustee to distribute 21 principal before termination of a trust to a beneficiary 22 having an indefeasibly vested interest in the income and 23 principal;
- 24 (5) A nonvested property interest held by a charity, 25 government, or governmental agency or subdivision, if 26 the nonvested property interest is preceded by an 27 interest held by another charity, government, or 28 governmental agency or subdivision;
 - (6) A nonvested property interest in or a power of appointment with respect to a trust or other property arrangement forming part of a pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, health, disability, death benefit, income deferral, or other current or deferred benefit plan for one or more employees, independent contractors, or their beneficiaries or spouses, to which contributions are made for the purpose of distributing to or for the benefit of the participants or their beneficiaries or spouses the property, income, or principal in the trust or other property arrangement, except a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment that is created by an election of a participant or a beneficiary or spouse; or
- 43 (7) A property interest, power of appointment, or 44 arrangement that was not subject to the common-law 45 rule against perpetuities or is excluded by another 46 provision of this code.

§36-1A-5. Prospective application.

- 1 (a) Except as extended by subsection (b) of this 2 section, this article applies to a nonvested property 3 interest or a power of appointment that is created on or after the effective date of this article. For purposes of 4 5 this section, a nonvested property interest or a power of 6 appointment created by the exercise of a power of 7 appointment is created when the power is irrevocably exercised or when a revocable exercise becomes 8 9 irrevocable.
- 10 (b) If a nonvested property interest or a power of 11 appointment was created before the effective date of this article and is determined in a judicial proceeding, 12 13 commenced on or after the effective date of this article. 14 to violate this state's rule against perpetuities as that 15 rule existed before the effective date of this article, a 16 court upon the petition of an interested person may 17 reform the disposition in the manner that most closely approximates the transferor's manifested plan of 18 19 distribution and is within the limits of the rule against 20 perpetuities applicable when the nonvested property 21 interest or power of appointment was created.

§36-1A-6. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "Uniform Statutory
- 2 Rule Against Perpetuities."

§36-1A-7. Uniformity of application and construction.

- 1 The provisions of this article shall be applied and
- 2 construed to effectuate its general purpose to make
- 3 uniform the law with respect to the subject of this
- 4 article among states enacting it.

§36-1A-8. Supersession repeal.

- 1 The provisions of this article supersede the rule of the
- 2 common law known as the rule against perpetuities.

CHAPTER 75

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4112—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to repeal section one, article two, chapter thirtyseven; article two, chapter forty-two; section one, article four of said chapter; and sections three through twenty. inclusive, article one, chapter forty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section six, article one. chapter forty-one of said code; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three and four, article one, chapter forty-two: to further amend article one of said chapter by adding thereto eight new sections, designated sections three-a, three-b, three-c, three-d, three-e, threef. three-g and ten: to amend and reenact sections one. two and three, article three, chapter forty-two; to further amend article three of said chapter by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections three-a, four, five, six and seven; to amend and reenact sections one and two, article one, chapter forty-three; and to amend and reenact section six, article seven, chapter fifty-five of said code, all relating to intestate succession and distribution of damages in wrongful death actions; spousal and surviving heirs shares; representation; the abolition of dower and curtesy: effects of premarital will on spouse's share; and requiring spousal notice if certain property is conveyed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter thirty-seven; article two, chapter forty-two; section one, article four, chapter forty-two; and sections three through twenty, inclusive, article one, chapter forty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section six, article one, chapter forty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three and four, article one of chapter forty-two be amended and reenacted; that article one of said chapter forty-two be further amended by adding

thereto eight new sections, designated sections three-a, threeb. three-c. three-d. three-e. three-f. three-g and ten: that sections one, two and three, article three, chapter forty-two be amended and reenacted: that article three of said chapter forty-two be further amended by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections three-a, four, five, six and seven; that sections one and two, article one, chapter forty-three be amended and reenacted: and that section six, article seven. chapter fifty-five of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

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- 41. Wills.
- 42. Descent and Distribution
- Dower and Valuation of Life Estates. 43.
- Actions. Suits and Arbitration: Judicial Sale. 55.

CHAPTER 41. WILLS.

ARTICLE 1. CAPACITY TO MAKE: REQUISITES: VALIDITY.

§41-1-6. Revocation by divorce; no revocation by other changes of circumstances.

1 If after executing a will the testator is divorced or his 2 marriage annulled, the divorce or annulment revokes any disposition or appointment of property made by the will to the former spouse, any provision conferring a 4 5 general or special power of appointment on the former spouse, and any nomination of the former spouse as 6 7 executor, trustee, conservator, or guardian, unless the will expressly provides otherwise. Property prevented 8 from passing to a former spouse because of revocation 9 by divorce or annulment passes as if the former spouse 10 failed to survive the decedent, and other provisions 11 conferring some power or office on the former spouse 12 13 are interpreted as if the spouse failed to survive the decedent. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 14 three, article three, chapter forty-one of this code, the 15 share of such spouse shall be distributed according to 16 the residuary clause of the decedent's will or according 17 to the statute of intestate succession for the decedents 18 property. If provisions are revoked solely by this section. 19 they are revived by testator's remarriage to the former 20 spouse. For purposes of this section, divorce or annul-

- 22 ment means any divorce or annulment which would
- 23 exclude the spouse as a surviving spouse. A decree of
- 24 separation which does not terminate the status of
- 25 husband and wife is not a divorce for purposes of this
- 26 section. No change of circumstances other than as
- 27 described in this section revokes a will.

CHAPTER 42. DESCENT AND DISTRIBUTION.

Article

- 1. Descent.
- 3. Provisions Relating to Husband or Wife of Decedent.

ARTICLE 1. DESCENT.

- §42-1-1. General definitions.
- §42-1-2. Intestate estate.
- §42-1-3. Share of spouse.
- §42-1-3a. Share of heirs other than surviving spouse.
- §42-1-3b. Requirement that heir survive decedent for one hundred twenty hours.
- §42-1-3c. No taker.
- §42-1-3d. Representation.
- \$42-1-3e. Kindred of half blood.
- §42-1-3f. Afterborn heirs.
- §42-1-3g. Advancements.
- §42-1-4. Alienage.
- §42-1-10. Individuals related to decedent through two lines.

§42-1-1. General definitions.

- Subject to additional definitions contained in the subsequent articles that are applicable to specific
- 3 articles, parts, or sections, and unless the context
- 4 otherwise requires in this code:
- 5 (1) "Agent" includes an attorney-in-fact under a 6 durable or nondurable power of attorney, an individual 7 authorized to make decisions concerning another's 8 health care, and an individual authorized to make
- 9 decisions for another under a natural death act.
- 10 (2) "Beneficiary" as it relates to a trust beneficiary,
- 11 includes a person who has any present or future interest,
- vested or contingent, and also includes the owner of an interest by assignment or other transfer; as it relates to
- 14 a charitable trust, includes any person entitled to
- 15 enforce the trust; as it relates to a "beneficiary of a

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- 16 beneficiary designation," refers to a beneficiary of an insurance or annuity policy, of an account with POD 17 18 designation, of a security registered in beneficiary form 19 (TOD), or of a pension, profit-sharing, retirement, or 20 similar benefit plan, or other nonprobate transfer at 21 death; and, as it relates to a "beneficiary designated in a governing instrument," includes a grantee of a deed, 22 23 a devisee, a trust beneficiary, a beneficiary of a beneficiary designation, a donee, appointee, or taker in 24 25 default of a power of appointment, or a person in whose 26 favor a power of attorney or a power held in any individual, fiduciary, or representative capacity is 27 28 exercised
- 29 (3) "Court" means the county commission or branch 30 in this state having jurisdiction in matters relating to 31 the affairs of decedents.
 - (4) "Conservator" means a person who is appointed by a court to manage the estate of a protected person.
 - (5) "Descendant" of an individual means all of his or her descendants of all generations, with the relationship of parent and child at each generation being determined by the definition of child and parent contained in this code.
 - (6) "Devise" when used as a noun, means a testamentary disposition of real or personal property and, when used as a verb, means to dispose of real or personal property by will.
 - (7) "Devisee" means a person designated in a will to receive a devise. In the case of a devise to an existing trust or trustee, or to a trustee on trust described by will, the trust or trustee is the devisee and the beneficiaries are not devisees.
 - (8) "Distributee" means any person who has received property of a decedent from his or her personal representative other than as a creditor or purchaser. A testamentary trustee is a distributee only to the extent of distributed assets or increment thereto remaining in his or her hands. A beneficiary of a testamentary trust to whom the trustee has distributed property received

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- from a personal representative is a distributee of the personal representative. For the purposes of this provision, "testamentary trustee" includes a trustee to whom assets are transferred by will, to the extent of the devised assets.
- 60 (9) "Estate" includes the property of the decedent, 61 trust, or other person whose affairs are subject to this 62 code as originally constituted and as it exists from time 63 to time during administration.
- 64 (10) "Exempt property" means that property of a decedent's estate which is provided for in Section 48, 66 Article VI of the constitution.
- 67 (11) "Fiduciary" includes a personal representative, 68 guardian, conservator and trustee.
 - (12) "Foreign personal representative" means a personal representative appointed by another jurisdiction.
- 72 (13) "Formal proceedings" means proceedings con-73 ducted before a judge with notice to interested persons.
 - (14) "Governing instrument" means a deed, will, trust, insurance or annuity policy, account with POD designation, security registered in beneficiary form (TOD), pension, profit-sharing, retirement or similar benefit plan, instrument creating or exercising a power of appointment or a power of attorney, or a donative, appointive, or nominative instrument of any other type.
 - (15) "Guardian" means a person who has qualified as a guardian of a minor or incapacitated person pursuant to testamentary or court appointment, but excludes one who is merely a guardian ad litem.
 - (16) "Heirs" means persons, including the surviving spouse and the state, who are entitled under the statutes of intestate succession to the property of a decedent.
 - (17) "Informal proceedings" mean those conducted without notice to interested persons by an officer of the court acting as a registrar for probate of a will or appointment of a personal representative.

- 92 (18) "Interested person" includes heirs, devisees. 93 children, spouses, creditors, beneficiaries, and any others having a property right in or claim against a 94 trust estate or the estate of a decedent, ward or 95 96 protected person. It also includes persons having 97 priority for appointment as personal representative, and 98 other fiduciaries representing interested persons. The 99 meaning as it relates to particular persons may vary 100 from time to time and must be determined according 101 to the particular purposes of, and matter involved in. 102 any proceeding.
- 103 (19) "Issue" of a person means descendant as defined 104 in subsection (5).
- 105 (20) "Joint tenants with the right of survivorship" and "community property with the right of survivorship" 106 107 includes co-owners of property held under circumstances that entitle one or more to the whole of the property 108 109 on the death of the other or others, but excludes forms of co-ownership registration in which the underlying 110 111 ownership of each party is in proportion to that party's 112 contribution.
- 113 (21) "Lease" includes an oil, gas, or other mineral 114 lease.
- 115 (22) "Letters" includes letters testamentary, letters of 116 guardianship, letters of administration, and letters of 117 conservatorship.
- 118 (23) "Minor" means a person who is under eighteen vears of age.
- 120 (24) "Mortgage" means any deed of trust, conveyance, 121 agreement, or arrangement in which property is 122 encumbered or used as security.
- 123 (25) "Nonresident decedent" means a decedent who 124 was domiciled in another jurisdiction at the time of his 125 or her death.
- 126 (26) "Parent" includes any person entitled to take, or 127 who would be entitled to take if the child died without 128 a will, as a parent under this code by intestate succes-129 sion from the child whose relationship is in question and

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- excludes any person who is only a stepparent, foster parent, or grandparent.
- 132 (27) "Payor" means a trustee, insurer, business entity, 133 employer, government, governmental agency or subdi-134 vision, or any other person authorized or obligated by 135 law or a governing instrument to make payments.
- 136 (28) "Person" means an individual or an organization.
- 137 (29) "Personal representative" includes executor, 138 administrator, successor personal representative, special 139 administrator, and persons who perform substantially 140 the same function under the law governing their status. 141 "General personal representative" excludes special 142 administrator.
- 143 (30) "Petition" means a written request to the court 144 for an order after notice.
 - (31) "Proceeding" includes action at law and suit in equity.
- 147 (32) "Property" includes both real and personal 148 property or any interest therein and means anything 149 that may be the subject of ownership.
 - (33) "Security" includes any note, stock, treasury stock, bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, certificate of interest or participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in payments out of production under such a title or lease, collateral trust certificate, transferable share, voting trust certificate or, in general, any interest or instrument commonly known as a security, or any certificate of interest or participation, any temporary or interim certificate, receipt, or certificate of deposit for, or any warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing.
 - (34) "Settlement" in reference to a decedent's estate, includes the full process of administration, distribution and closing.
- 164 (35) "State" means a state of the United States, the 165 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, 166 or any territory or insular possession subject to the 167 jurisdiction of the United States.

- 168 (36) "Successor personal representative" means a 169 personal representative, other than a special administra-170 tor, who is appointed to succeed a previously appointed 171 personal representative.
- 172 (37) "Successors" means persons, other than creditors, 173 who are entitled to property of a decedent under his or 174 her will or this code.
 - (38) "Survive" means that an individual has neither predeceased an event, including the death of another individual, nor is deemed to have predeceased an event. The term includes its derivatives, such as "survives," "survived," "survivor," "surviving."
- 180 (39) "Surviving spouse" means the person to whom 181 the decedent was married at the time of the decedent's 182 death.
 - (40) "Testacy proceeding" means a proceeding to establish a will or determine intestacy.
- 185 (41) "Testator" includes an individual of either sex.
 - (42) "Trust" includes an express trust, private or charitable, with additions thereto, wherever and however created. The term also includes a trust created or determined by judgment or decree under which the trust is to be administered in the manner of an express trust. The term excludes other constructive trusts and excludes resulting trusts, conservatorships, personal representatives and custodial arrangements, including that relating to gifts or transfers to minors, dealing with special custodial situations, business trusts providing for certificates to be issued to beneficiaries.
 - (43) "Trustee" includes an original, additional, or successor trustee, whether or not appointed or confirmed by court.
 - (44) "Will" includes codicil and any testamentary instrument that merely appoints an executor, revokes or revises another will, nominates a guardian, or expressly excludes or limits the right of an individual or class to succeed to property of the decedent passing by intestate succession.

§42-1-2. Intestate estate.

- 1 (a) Any part of a decedent's estate not effectively
- 2 disposed of by will passes by intestate succession to the
- 3 decedent's heirs as prescribed in this code, except as
- 4 modified by the decedent's will.
- 5 (b) A decedent by will may expressly exclude or limit
- 6 the right of an individual or class to succeed to property
- 7 of the decedent passing by intestate succession. If that
- 8 individual or a member of that class survives the
- 9 decedent, the share of the decedent's intestate estate to
- 10 which that individual or class would have succeeded
- 11 passes as if that individual or each member of that class
- 12 had disclaimed his or her intestate share.

§42-1-3. Share of spouse.

- The intestate share of a decedent's surviving spouse is:
- 3 (a) The entire intestate estate if:
- 4 (1) No descendant or parent of the decedent survives the decedent; or
- 6 (2) All of the decedent's surviving descendants are 7 also descendants of the surviving spouse and there is no 8 other descendant of the surviving spouse who survives 9 the decedent:
- 10 (b) Three fourths of the intestate estate, if no descend-11 ant of the decedent survives the decedent, but a parent 12 of the decedent survives the decedent;
- 13 (c) Three fifths of the intestate estate, if all of the 14 decedent's surviving descendants are also descendants of 15 the surviving spouse and the surviving spouse has one 16 or more surviving descendants who are not descendants 17 of the decedent;
- 18 (d) One half of the intestate estate, if one or more of 19 the decedent's surviving descendants are not descend-20 ants of the surviving spouse.

§42-1-3a. Share of heirs other than surviving spouse.

1 Any part of the intestate estate not passing to the

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- decedent's surviving spouse under section three of this article, or the entire intestate estate if there is no surviving spouse, passes in the following order to the individuals designated below who survive the decedent:
 - (a) To the decedent's descendants by representation;
 - (b) If there is no surviving descendant, to the decedent's parents equally if both survive, or to the surviving parent;
- 10 (c) If there is no surviving descendant or parent, to 11 the descendants of the decedent's parents or either of 12 them by representation;
- 13 (d) If there is no surviving descendant, parent, or 14 descendant of a parent, but the decedent is survived by 15 one or more grandparents or descendants of grandpar-16 ents, half of the estate passes to the decedent's paternal 17 grandparents equally if both survive, or to the surviving 18 paternal grandparent, or to the descendants of the 19 decedent's paternal grandparents or either of them if 20 both are deceased, the descendants taking by represen-21 tation; and the other half passes to the decedent's 22 maternal relatives in the same manner; but, if there is 23 no surviving grandparent or descendant of a grandparent on either the paternal or the maternal side, the 24 25 entire estate passes to the decedent's relatives on the 26 other side in the same manner as the half.

§42-1-3b. Requirement that heir survive decedent for one hundred twenty hours.

1 An individual who fails to survive the decedent by one 2 hundred twenty hours is deemed to have predeceased 3 the decedent for purposes of homestead allowance. 4 exempt property, and intestate succession, and the 5 decedent's heirs are determined accordingly. If the time of death of a decedent or of an individual who would 6 otherwise be an heir, or the times of death of both. 7 8 cannot be determined, and it is not established that the individual who would otherwise be an heir survived the 9 decedent by one hundred twenty hours, it is deemed that 10 the individual failed to survive for the required period. 11 This section is not to be applied if its application would 12

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result in a taking of intestate estate by the state under section three-c of this article

§42-1-3c. No taker.

- 1 If there is no taker under the provisions of this article.
- 2 the intestate estate passes to the state.

§42-1-3d. Representation.

- 1 (a) In this section:
- 2 (1) "Deceased descendant," "deceased parent," or 3 "deceased grandparent" means a descendant, parent, or 4 grandparent who either predeceased the decedent or is 5 deemed to have predeceased the decedent under section 6 three-b of this article
- 7 (2) "Surviving descendant" means a descendant who 8 neither predeceased the decedent nor is deemed to have 9 predeceased the decedent under section three-b of this 10 article.
 - (b) If, under section three-a of this article, a decedent's intestate estate or a part thereof passes "by representation" to the decedent's descendants, the estate or part thereof is divided into as many equal shares as there are: (i) Surviving descendants in the generation nearest to the decedent which contains one or more surviving descendants; and (ii) deceased descendants in the same generation who left surviving descendants, if any. Each surviving descendant in the nearest generation is allocated one share. The remaining shares, if any, are combined and then divided in the same manner among the surviving descendants of the deceased descendants as if the surviving descendants who were allocated a share and their surviving descendants had predeceased the decedent.
 - (c) If, under section three-a of this article, a decedent's intestate estate or a part thereof passes "by representation" to the descendants of the decedent's deceased parents or either of them or to the descendants of the decedent's deceased paternal or maternal grandparents or either of them, the estate or part thereof is divided into as many equal shares as there are: (i)

33 Surviving descendants in the generation nearest the deceased parents or either of them, or the deceased 34 35 grandparents or either of them, that contains one or 36 more surviving descendants; and (ii) deceased descend-37 ants in the same generation who left surviving descendants, if any. Each surviving descendant in the nearest 38 generation is allocated one share. The remaining shares. 39 40 if any, are combined and then divided in the same manner among the surviving descendants of the de-41 ceased descendants as if the surviving descendants who 42 were allotted a share and their surviving descendants 43

§42-1-3e. Kindred of half blood.

had predeceased the decedent.

Relatives of the half blood inherit the same share they would inherit if they were of the whole blood.

§42-1-3f. Afterborn heirs.

1 An individual in gestation at a particular time is

2 treated as living at that time if the individual lives one

3 hundred twenty hours or more after birth.

§42-1-3g. Advancements.

- (a) If an individual dies intestate as to all or a portion 1 2 of his or her estate, property the decedent gave during the decedent's lifetime to an individual who, at the 3 decedent's death, is an heir is treated as an advancement 4 against the heir's intestate share only if (i) the decedent 5 declared in a contemporaneous writing or the heir 6 7 acknowledged in writing that the gift is an advancement or (ii) the decedent's contemporaneous writing or the 8 heir's written acknowledgement otherwise indicates that 9 the gift is to be taken into account in computing the 10 division and distribution of the decedent's intestate 11 estate. 12
- (b) For purposes of subsection (a), property advanced
 is valued as of the time the heir came into possession
 or enjoyment of the property or as of the time of the
 decedent's death, whichever first occurs.
- 17 (c) If the recipient of the property fails to survive the decedent, the property is not taken into account in

- 19 computing the division and distribution of the decedent's
- 20 intestate estate, unless the decedent's contemporaneous
- 21 writing provides otherwise.

§42-1-4. Alienage.

- 1 No individual is disqualified to take as an heir
- 2 because the individual or an individual through whom
- 3 he or she claims is or has been an alien.

§42-1-10. Individuals related to decedent through two lines.

- 1 An individual who is related to the decedent through
- 2 two lines of relationship is entitled to only a single share
- 3 based on the relationship that would entitle the individ-
- 4 ual to the larger share.

ARTICLE 3. PROVISIONS RELATING TO HUSBAND OR WIFE OF DECEDENT.

- §42-3-1. Right to elective share.
- §42-3-2. Augmented estate.
- §42-3-3. Right of election personal to surviving spouse.
- §42-3-3a. Waiver of right to elect; other rights.
- §42-3-4. Proceeding for elective share; time limit.
- §42-3-5. Effect of election on statutory benefits.
- §42-3-6. Charging spouse with owned assets and gifts received; liability of others for balance of elective share.
- §42-3-7. Entitlement of spouse; premarital will.

§42-3-1. Right to elective share.

- 1 (a) The surviving spouse of a decedent who dies
- 2 domiciled in this state has a right of election, under the
- 3 limitations and conditions stated in this part, to take an
- 4 elective-share amount equal to the value of the elective-
- 5 share percentage of the augmented estate, determined 6 by the length of time the spouse and the decedent were
- 7 married to each other, in accordance with the following
- 8 schedule:
- 9 If the decedent and the spouse | The elective-share
- 10 were married to each other percentage is:
- 11 Less than 1 yearSupplemental Amount Only

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- 15 4 years but less than 5 years.......12% of the augmented estate.
- 17 6 years but less than 7 years.........18% of the augmented estate.
- 18 7 years but less than 8 years........21% of the augmented estate.
- 19 8 years but less than 9 years 24% of the augmented estate.
- 20 9 years but less than 10 years......27% of the augmented estate.
- 21 10 years but less than 11 years.....30% of the augmented estate.
- 22 11 years but less than 12 years 34% of the augmented estate.
- 23 12 years but less than 13 years.....38% of the augmented estate.
- 24 13 years but less than 14 years 42% of the augmented estate.
- 25 14 years but less than 15 years.....46% of the augmented estate.
- - (b) If the sum of the amounts described in subdivisions (3) and (4), subsection (b) of section two, and subdivisions (1) and (3), subsection (a), section six of this article, and that part of the elective-share amount payable from the decedent's probate and reclaimable estates under subsections (b) and (c), section six of this article, is less than twenty-five thousand dollars, the surviving spouse is entitled to a supplemental elective-share amount equal to fifty thousand dollars, minus the sum of the amounts described in those sections. The supplemental elective share amount is payable from the decedent's probate estate and from recipients of the decedent's reclaimable estate in the order of priority set forth in subsections (b) and (c), section six of this article.
- 42 (c) The right, if any, of the surviving spouse of a 43 decedent who dies domiciled outside this state to take 44 an elective share in property in this state is governed 45 by the law of the decedent's domicile at death.

§42-3-2. Augmented estate.

- (a) Definitions.
- 2 (1) In this section:
- 3 (i) "Bona fide purchaser" means a purchaser for value
- 4 in good faith and without notice of an adverse claim. The
- 5 notation of a state documentary fee on a recorded
- 6 instrument is prima facie evidence that the transfer
- 7 described therein was made to a bona fide purchaser.

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- (ii) "Nonadverse party" means a person who does not have a substantial beneficial interest in the trust or other property arrangement that would be adversely affected by the exercise or nonexercise of the power that he or she possesses respecting the trust or other property arrangement. A person having a general power of appointment over property is deemed to have a benefi-cial interest in the property.
 - (iii) "Presently exercisable general power of appointment" means a power of appointment under which, at the time in question, the decedent by an exercise of the power could have created an interest, present or future, in himself or herself or his or her creditors.
 - (iv) "Probate estate" means property, whether real or personal, movable or immovable, wherever situated, that would pass by intestate succession if the decedent died without a valid will.
- 25 (v) "Right to income" includes a right to payments under an annuity or similar contractual arrangement.
 - (vi) "Value of property owned by the surviving spouse at the decedent's death" and "value of property to which the surviving spouse succeeds by reason of the decedent's death" include the commuted value of any present or future interest then held by the surviving spouse and the commuted value of amounts payable to the surviving spouse after the decedent's death under any trust, life insurance settlement option, annuity contract, public or private pension, disability compensation, death benefit or retirement plan, or any similar arrangement, exclusive of the federal social security system.
 - (2) In subsections (b) (2) (iii) and (iv), "transfer" includes an exercise or release of a power of appointment, but does not include a lapse of a power of appointment.
 - (b) The augmented estate consists of the sum of:
 - (1) The value of the decedent's probate estate, reduced by funeral and administration expenses, homestead exemption, property exemption, and enforceable claims:

- (2) The value of the decedent's reclaimable estate. The decedent's reclaimable estate is composed of all property, whether real or personal, movable or immovable, wherever situated, not included in the decedent's probate estate, of any of the following types:
 - (i) Property to the extent the passing of the principal thereof to or for the benefit of any person, other than the decedent's surviving spouse, was subject to a presently exercisable general power of appointment held by the decedent alone, if the decedent held that power immediately before his or her death, or if and to the extent the decedent, while married to his or her surviving spouse and during the two-year period next preceding the decedent's death, released that power or exercised that power in favor of any person other than the decedent or the decedent's estate, spouse or surviving spouse;
 - (ii) Property, to the extent of the decedent's unilaterally severable interest therein, held by the decedent and any other person, except the decedent's surviving spouse, with right of survivorship, acquired during the marriage of the decedent and the surviving spouse, if the decedent held that interest immediately before his or her death or if and to the extent the decedent, while married to his or her surviving spouse and during the two-year period preceding the decedent's death, transferred that interest to any person other than the decedent's surviving spouse;
 - (iii) Proceeds of insurance, including accidental death benefits, on the life of the decedent payable to any person other than the decedent's surviving spouse, if the decedent owned the insurance policy, had the power to change the beneficiary of the insurance policy, or the insurance policy was subject to a presently exercisable general power of appointment held by the decedent alone immediately before his or her death or if and to the extent the decedent, while married to his or her surviving spouse and during the two-year period next preceding the decedent's death, transferred that policy to any person other than the decedent's surviving spouse; and

- (iv) Property transferred by the decedent to any person other than a bona fide purchaser at any time during the decedent's marriage to the surviving spouse, to or for the benefit of any person, other than the decedent's surviving spouse, if the transfer is of any of the following types:
 - (A) Any transfer to the extent that the decedent retained at the time of or during the two-year period next preceding his or her death the possession or enjoyment of, or right to income from the property;
 - (B) Any transfer to the extent that, at the time of or during the two-year period next preceding the decedent's death, the income or principal was subject to a power, exercisable by the decedent alone or in conjunction with any other person or exercisable by a nonadverse party, for the benefit of the decedent or the decedent's estate:
- (C) Any transfer of property, to the extent the decedent's contribution to it, as a percentage of the whole, was made within two years before the decedent's death, by which the property is held, at the time of or during the two-year period next preceding the dece-dent's death, by the decedent and another, other than the decedent's surviving spouse, with right of survivorship: or
 - (D) Any transfer made to a donee within two years before the decedent's death to the extent that the aggregate transfers to any one donee in either of the years exceed ten thousand dollars.
 - (3) The value of property to which the surviving spouse succeeds by reason of the decedent's death, other than by homestead exemption, exempt property, testate succession, or intestate succession, including the proceeds of insurance, including accidental death benefits, on the life of the decedent and benefits payable under a retirement plan in which the decedent was a participant, exclusive of the federal social security system; and
- 125 (4) The value of property owned by the surviving 126 spouse at the decedent's death, reduced by enforceable

claims against that property or that spouse, plus the value of amounts that would have been includible in the surviving spouse's reclaimable estate had the spouse predeceased the decedent. But amounts that would have been includible in the surviving spouse's reclaimable estate under subsection (b) (2) (iii) are not valued as if he or she were deceased.

- (c) Any transfer or exercise or release of a power of appointment is excluded from the decedent's reclaimable estate (i) to the extent the decedent received adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth for the transfer, exercise or release, or (ii) if irrevocably made with the written consent or joinder of the surviving spouse.
- (d) Property is valued as of the decedent's death, but property irrevocably transferred during the two-year period next preceding the decedent's death which is included in the decedent's reclaimable estate under subsection (b) (2) (i), (ii) and (iv) is valued as of the time of the transfer. If the terms of more than one of the subparagraphs or sub-subparagraphs of subsection (b) (2) apply, the property is included in the augmented estate under the subparagraph or sub-subparagraph that yields the highest value. For the purposes of this subsection, an "irrevocable transfer of property" includes an irrevocable exercise or release of a power of appointment.
 - (e) (1) Although under this section a payment, item of property, or other benefit is included in the decedent's reclaimable estate, a payor or other third party is not liable for having made a payment or transferred an item of property or other benefit to a beneficiary designated in a governing instrument, or for having taken any other action in good faith reliance on the validity of a governing instrument, upon request and satisfactory proof of the decedent's death, before the payor or other third party received written notice from the surviving spouse or spouse's representative of an intention to file a petition for the elective share or that a petition for the elective share has been filed. A payor or other third party is liable for payments made or other actions taken

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after the payor or other third party received written notice of an intention to file a petition for the elective share or that a petition for the elective share has been filed.

- (2) The written notice of intention to file a petition for the elective share or that a petition for the elective share has been filed must be mailed to the payor's or other third party's main office or home by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or served upon the payor or other third party in the same manner as a summons in a civil action. Upon receipt of written notice of intention to file a petition for the elective share or that a petition for the elective share has been filed. a payor or other third party may pay any amount owed or transfer or deposit any item of property held by it to or with the court having jurisdiction of the probate proceedings relating to the decedent's estate, or if no proceedings have been commenced, to or with the court having jurisdiction of probate proceedings relating to decedents' estates located in the county of the decedent's residence. The court shall hold the funds or item of property and, upon its determination under subsection (d) of section four of this article, shall order disbursement in accordance with the determination. If no petition is filed in the court within the specified time under subsection (a) of section four of this article or, if filed, the demand for an elective share is withdrawn under subsection (c) of section four of this article, the court shall order disbursement to the designated beneficiary. Payments, transfers, or deposits made to or with the court discharge the payor or other third party from all claims for the value of amounts paid to or items of property transferred to or deposited with the court.
- (3) Upon petition to the probate court by the beneficiary designated in a governing instrument, the court may order that all or part of the property be paid to the beneficiary in an amount and subject to conditions consistent with this section.
- (f) (1) A person who purchases property from a recipient for value and without notice, or who receives a payment or other item of property in partial or full

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- 209 satisfaction of a legally enforceable obligation, is neither 210 obligated under this part to return the payment, item 211 of property, or benefit nor is liable under this part for 212 the amount of the payment or the value of the item of 213 property or benefit. But a person who, not for value, 214 receives a payment, item of property, or any other 215 benefit included in the decedent's reclaimable estate is 216 obligated to return the payment, item of property, or 217 benefit, or is personally liable for the amount of the 218 payment or the value of the item of property or benefit. 219 as provided in section six of this article.
- 220 (2) If any section or part of any section of this part 221 is preempted by federal law with respect to a payment. 222 an item of property, or any other benefit included in the 223 decedent's reclaimable estate, a person who, not for 224 value, receives the payment, item of property, or any 225 other benefit is obligated to return that payment, item 226 of property, or benefit, or is personally liable for the 227 amount of that payment or the value of that item of 228 property or benefit, as provided in section six of this 229 article to the person who would have been entitled to it 230 were that section or part of that section not preempted.

§42-3-3. Right of election personal to surviving spouse.

- (a) The right of election may be exercised only by a surviving spouse who is living when the petition for the elective share is filed in the court under subsection (a) of this section. If the election is not exercised by the surviving spouse personally, it may be exercised on the surviving spouse's behalf by his or her conservator, guardian, or agent under the authority of a power of attorney.
- 9 (b) If the election is exercised on behalf of a surviving 10 spouse who is an incapacitated person, the court must set aside that portion of the elective-share and supple-11 mental elective-share amounts due from the decedent's 12 probate estate and recipients of the decedent's reclaim-13 able estate under subsections (b) and (c) of section six 14 of this article and must appoint a trustee to administer 15 that property for the support of the surviving spouse. 16 For the purposes of this subsection, an election on behalf 17

- 18 of a surviving spouse by an agent under a durable power
- 19 of attorney is presumed to be on behalf of a surviving
- 20 spouse who is an incapacitated person. The trustee must
- 21 administer the trust in accordance with the following
- 22 terms and such additional terms as the court determines
- 23 appropriate:
- 24 (1) Expenditures of income and principal may be 25 made in the manner, when, and to the extent that the 26 trustee determines suitable and proper for the surviving 27 spouse's support, without court order but with regard 28 to other support, income, and property of the surviving 29 spouse and benefits of medical or other forms of 30 assistance from any state or federal government or 31 governmental agency for which the surviving spouse 32 must qualify on the basis of need;
- 33 (2) During the surviving spouse's incapacity, neither 34 the surviving spouse nor anyone acting on behalf of the surviving spouse has a power to terminate the trust: but 35 36 if the surviving spouse regains capacity, the surviving 37 spouse then acquires the power to terminate the trust and acquire full ownership of the trust property free of 38 39 trust, by delivering to the trustee a writing signed by 40 the surviving spouse declaring the termination;
- 41 (3) Upon the surviving spouse's death, the trustee 42 shall transfer the unexpended trust property under the 43 residuary clause, if any, of the will of the predeceased 44 spouse against whom the elective share was taken, as if 45 that predeceased spouse died immediately after the 46 surviving spouse.

§42-3-3a. Waiver of right to elect; other rights.

- (a) The right of election of a surviving spouse and the rights of the surviving spouse to homestead exemption, exempt property, or any of them, may be waived, wholly or partially, before or after marriage, by a written contract, agreement, or waiver signed by the surviving spouse.
- 7 (b) A surviving spouse's waiver is not enforceable if 8 the surviving spouse proves that:
- 9 (1) He or she did not execute the waiver voluntarily;

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- 11 (2) The waiver was unconscionable when it was 12 executed and, before execution of the waiver, he or she:
- 13 (i) Was not provided a fair and reasonable disclosure 14 of the property or financial obligations of the decedent;
 - (ii) Did not voluntarily and expressly waive, in writing, any right to disclosure of the property or financial obligations of the decedent beyond the disclosure provided; and
 - (iii) Did not have, or reasonably could not have had, an adequate knowledge of the property or financial obligations of the decedent.
 - (c) An issue of unconscionability of a waiver is for decision by the court as a matter of law.
 - (d) Unless it provides to the contrary, a waiver of "all rights," or equivalent language, in the property or estate of a present or prospective spouse or a complete property settlement entered into after or in anticipation of separation or divorce is a waiver of all rights of elective share, homestead allowance, and exempt property by each spouse in the property of the other and renunciation by each of all benefits that would otherwise pass to him or her from the other by intestate succession or by virtue of any will executed before the waiver or property settlement.

§42-3-4. Proceeding for elective share; time limit.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the election 1 must be made by filing in the court and mailing or 2 delivering to the personal representative, if any, a 3 petition for the elective share within nine months after 4 the date of the decedent's death, or within six months 5 after the probate of the decedent's will, whichever 6 limitation later expires. The surviving spouse must give 7 notice of the time and place set for hearing to persons 8 interested in the estate and to the distributees and 9 recipients of portions of the augmented estate whose 10 interests will be adversely affected by the taking of the 11 elective share. Except as provided in subsection (b), the 12

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- decedent's reclaimable estate, described in subdivision (2), subsection (b) of section two of this article, is not included within the augmented estate for the purpose of computing the elective share, if the petition is filed more than nine months after the decedent's death.
 - (b) Within nine months after the decedent's death, the surviving spouse may petition the court for an extension of time for making an election. If, within nine months after the decedent's death, the spouse gives notice of the petition to all persons interested in the decedent's reclaimable estate, the court for cause shown by the surviving spouse may extend the time for election. If the court grants the spouse's petition for an extension, the decedent's reclaimable estate. described in subdivision (2), subsection (b) of section two of this article, is not excluded from the augmented estate for the purpose of computing the elective-share and supplemental electiveshare amounts, if the spouse makes an election by filing in the court and mailing or delivering to the personal representative, if any, a petition for the elective share within the time allowed by the extension.
 - (c) The surviving spouse may withdraw his or her demand for an elective share at any time before entry of a final determination by the court.
 - (d) After notice and hearing, the court shall determine the elective share and supplemental elective-share amounts, and shall order its payment from the assets of the augmented estate or by contribution as appears appropriate under section six of this article. If it appears that a fund or property included in the augmented estate has not come into the possession of the personal representative, or has been distributed by the personal representative, the court nevertheless shall fix the liability of any person who has any interest in the fund or property or who has possession thereof, whether as trustee or otherwise. The proceeding may be maintained against fewer than all persons against whom relief could be sought, but no person is subject to contribution in any greater amount than he or she would have been under section two had relief been secured against all persons subject to contribution.

- 54 (e) An order or judgment of the court may be 55 enforced as necessary in suit for contribution or 56 payment in other courts of this state or other jurisdic-
- 57 tions.

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§42-3-5. Effect of election on statutory benefits.

- 1 If the right of election is exercised by or on behalf of
- 2 the surviving spouse, the surviving spouse's homestead
- 3 exemption and exempt property, if any, are not charged
- 4 against but are in addition to the elective share and
- 5 supplemental elective-share amounts.

§42-3-6. Charging spouse with owned assets and gifts received; liability of others for balance of elective share.

- (a) In a proceeding for an elective share, the following are applied first to satisfy the elective-share amount and to reduce or eliminate any contributions due from the decedent's probate estate and recipients of the decedent's reclaimable estate:
- 6 (1) Amounts included in the augmented estate which 7 pass or have passed to the surviving spouse by testate 8 or intestate succession:
- 9 (2) Amounts included in the augmented estate under subdivision (3), subsection (b), section two of this article;
- 11 (3) Amounts included in the augmented estate which would have passed to the spouse but were disclaimed; and
 - (4) Amounts included in the augmented estate under subdivision (4), subsection (b), section two of this article up to the applicable percentage thereof. For the purposes of this subsection, the "applicable percentage" is twice the elective-share percentage set forth in the schedule in section one of this article appropriate to the length of time the spouse and the decedent were married to each other.
- 22 (b) If, after the application of subsection (a), the 23 elective-share amount is not fully satisfied or the 24 surviving spouse is entitled to a supplemental elective-25 share amount, amounts included in the decedent's

- 26 probate estate and that portion of the decedent's 27 reclaimable estate other than amounts irrevocably 28 transferred within two years before the decedent's death 29 are applied first to satisfy the unsatisfied balance of the 30 elective-share amount or the supplemental elective-31 share amount. The decedent's probate estate and that 32 portion of the decedent's reclaimable estate are so 33 applied that liability for the unsatisfied balance of the 34 elective-share amount or for the supplemental elective-35 share amount is equitably apportioned among the recipients of the decedent's probate estate and that 36 37 portion of the decedent's reclaimable estate in propor-38 tion to the value of their interests therein.
- (c) If, after the application of subsections (a) and (b), 39 40 the elective share or supplemental elective-share amount 41 is not fully satisfied, the remaining portion of the decedent's reclaimable estate is so applied that liability 42 for the unsatisfied balance of the elective share or 43 supplemental elective-share amount is equitably appor-44 tioned among the recipients of that portion of the 45 decedent's reclaimable estate in proportion to the value 46 47 of their interests therein.
- (d) Only original recipients of the reclaimable estate 48 described in subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 49 two of this article, and the donees of the recipients of 50 the reclaimable estate to the extent the donees have the 51 property or its proceeds, are liable to make a propor-52 tional contribution toward satisfaction of the surviving 53 spouse's elective share or supplemental elective-share 54 amount. A person liable to make contribution may 55 choose to give up the proportional part of the reclaim-56 able estate or to pay the value of the amount for which 57 he or she is liable. 58

§42-3-7. Entitlement of spouse; premarital will.

1 (a) If a testator's surviving spouse married the 2 testator after the testator executed his or her will, the 3 surviving spouse is entitled to receive, as an intestate 4 share no less than the value of the share of the estate 5 he or she would have received if the testator had died 6 intestate as to that portion of the testator's estate, if any.

- 7 that neither is devised to a child of the testator who was
- 8 born before the testator married the surviving spouse
- 9 and who is not a child of the surviving spouse nor is
- devised or passes to a descendant of such a child, unless:
- 11 (1) It appears from the will or other evidence that the 12 will was made in contemplation of the testator's 13 marriage to the surviving spouse:
- 14 (2) The will expresses the intention that it is to be 15 effective notwithstanding any subsequent marriage; or
- 16 (3) The testator provided for the spouse by transfer outside the will and the intent that the transfer be in lieu of a testamentary provision is shown by the testator's statements or is reasonably inferred from the amount of the transfer or other evidence.
- (b) In satisfying the share provided by this section, devises made by the will to the testator's surviving spouse, if any, are applied first, and other devises, other than a devise to a child of the testator who was born before the testator married the surviving spouse and who is not a child of the surviving spouse or a devise or substitute gift to a descendant of such a child, abate.

CHAPTER 43. DOWER AND VALUATION OF LIFE ESTATES.

ARTICLE 1. DOWER.

- §43-1-1. Dower and curtesy abolished.
- §43-1-2. Notice of conveyance.

§43-1-1. Dower and curtesy abolished.

1 The estates of dower and curtesy are abolished.

§43-1-2. Notice of conveyance.

- 1 (a) For purposes of this section, "conveyance" means 2 a dispositive act intended to create a property interest 3 in land and includes the creation of a security interest 4 in real estate.
- 5 (b) Any married person who conveys an interest in 6 real estate shall notify his or her spouse prior to or 7 within thirty days of the time of the conveyance if the 8 conveyance involves an interest in real estate to which

- 9 dower would have attached if the conveyance had been 10 made prior to the date of enactment of this statute.
- 11 (c) A person making a conveyance described in the 12 previous sections shall have the burden of proof to show
- 13 compliance with this section. Such burden shall be met
- 14 either by:
- 15 (1) The signature of the spouse of the conveying party 16 on the conveyance instrument; or
- 17 (2) Such other forms of competent evidence as are 18 admissible in a court of general jurisdiction in this state 19 under the rules of evidence.
- 20 (d) When a married person fails to comply with the 21 notification requirements of this section, then in the 22 event of a subsequent divorce within five years of said 23 conveyance, the value of the real estate conveyed, as
- conveyance, the value of the real estate conveyed, as determined at the time of the conveyance, shall be
- 25 deemed a part of the conveyancer's marital property for
- purposes of determining equitable distribution or awards of support, notwithstanding that any consider-
- 28 ation for said interest in the real estate may already be
- 29 included in the marital property.
- 30 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to create
- 31 a lien or claim against the interest in real estate
- 32 conveyed in violations of this provision.

CHAPTER 55. ACTIONS, SUITS AND ARBITRATION: JUDICIAL SALE.

ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.

- §55-7-6. By whom action for wrongful death to be brought; amount and distribution of damages; period of limitation.
 - 1 (a) Every such action shall be brought by and in the
 - 2 name of the personal representative of such deceased 3 person who has been duly appointed in this state, or in
 - 4 any other state, territory or district of the United States,
 - 5 or in any foreign country, and the amount recovered in
 - 6 every such action shall be recovered by said personal
 - 7 representative and be distributed in accordance here-
 - 8 with. If the personal representative was duly appointed

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- in another state, territory or district of the United 9 States, or in any foreign country, such personal repre-10 sentative shall, at the time of filing of the complaint. 11 12 post bond with a corporate surety thereon authorized to 13 do business in this state, in the sum of one hundred dollars, conditioned that such personal representative 14 15 shall pay all costs adjudged against him or her and that 16 he or she shall comply with the provisions of this section. The circuit court may increase or decrease the amount 17 18 of said bond for good cause.
 - (b) In every such action for wrongful death, the jury. or in a case tried without a jury, the court, may award such damages as to it may seem fair and just, and may direct in what proportions the damages shall be distributed to the surviving spouse and children. including adopted children and stepchildren, brothers, sisters, parents and any persons who were financially dependent upon the decedent at the time of his or her death or would otherwise be equitably entitled to share in such distribution after making provision for those expenditures, if any, specified in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section. If there are no such survivors, then the damages shall be distributed in accordance with the decedent's will or. if there is no will. in accordance with the laws of descent and distribution as set forth in chapter forty-two of this code. If the jury renders only a general verdict on damages and does not provide for the distribution thereof, the court shall distribute the damages in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.
 - (c) (1) The verdict of the jury shall include, but may not be limited to, damages for the following: (A) Sorrow, mental anguish, and solace which may include society, companionship, comfort, guidance, kindly offices and advice of the decedent; (B) compensation for reasonably expected loss of (i) income of the decedent, and (ii) services, protection, care and assistance provided by the decedent; (C) expenses for the care, treatment and hospitalization of the decedent incident to the injury resulting in death; and (D) reasonable funeral expenses.
 - (2) In its verdict the jury shall set forth separately the

- 50 amount of damages, if any, awarded by it for reasonable
- 51 funeral, hospital, medical and said other expenses
- 52 incurred as a result of the wrongful act, neglect or
- 53 default of the defendant or defendants which resulted
- 54 in death, and any such amount recovered for such
- 55 expenses shall be so expended by the personal
- 56 representative.
- 57 (d) Every such action shall be commenced within two 58 years after the death of such deceased person, subject 59 to the provisions of section eighteen, article two, chapter 60 fifty-five. The provisions of this section shall not apply 61 to actions brought for the death of any person occurring 62 prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 63 eighty-eight.

CHAPTER 76

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 310—By Senator Humphreys)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-two, article threea, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to fees to be charged by a fiduciary supervisor; and basis for fee charged.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-two, article three-a, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 3A. OPTIONAL PROCEDURE FOR PROOF AND ALLOWANCE OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES OF DECEDENTS; COUNTY OPTION.
- §44-3A-42. Fees to be charged by fiduciary supervisor or fiduciary commissioner; disposition of fees.
 - 1 (a) When necessary solely for the purpose of financing 2 the cost of settling estates, the county commission may

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authorize the fiduciary supervisor to charge and collect at the time of qualification of the fiduciary of a decedent's estate a fee not to exceed: (1) Twenty-five dollars for all estates in which the gross assets do not exceed ten thousand dollars; (2) one hundred dollars for all estates in which the gross assets are more than ten thousand dollars and do not exceed fifty thousand dollars; and (3) one hundred seventy-five dollars for all estates in which the gross assets exceed fifty thousand dollars. Of the sums collected by the fiduciary supervisor, five dollars shall be forwarded to the state tax commissioner. The moneys so forwarded to the state tax commissioner shall be deposited in the office of the treasurer of the state in the special fund, designated "The Inheritance Tax Administration Fund", to be used to defray, in whole or in part, the costs of administration of taxes imposed by article eleven, chapter eleven of this code in order to facilitate the prompt administration of the provisions imposed by said article. The remaining amounts shall be deposited in the county fiduciary fund as provided in section forty-three of this article. Such fee shall be paid to include all services of the fiduciary supervisor for the settlement of every such decedent's estate which is settled pursuant to the provisions of section nineteen of this article. All such fees shall also include the cost of publication of the notice required by section four of this article, and the notice required by section nineteen of this article, but shall not include the cost of any mailings or of the cost of recording any documents required to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the county commission by the provisions of this chapter.

In the event the fiduciary supervisor is required to examine and prepare a statement of deficiencies, including reasons for disapproving any of the documents required to be filed by the personal representative of any decedent's estate, he shall charge and collect from such personal representative a fee of ten dollars.

(b) In addition to the fees set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the fiduciary supervisor shall charge a fee to be fixed by the county commission in the manner

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- 44 provided in subsection (c) of this section for conducting 45 hearings, granting continuances of hearings, consider-46 ing evidence, for drafting recommendations with 47 respect to such hearings and for appearing before the 48 county commission with respect thereto and any other 49 matters of an extraordinary nature not normally 50 included within a summary settlement as contemplated by section nineteen of this article. Such fee shall be used 51 52 to defray the costs imposed by or incidental to any 53 extraordinary demands by or conditions imposed by a 54 fiduciary or imposed by the circumstances of the estate.
 - (c) The fiduciary supervisor or fiduciary commissioner shall prepare a voucher for the county commission, which voucher shall be itemized and shall set forth in detail all of the services performed and the amount charged for such service or services. Such voucher shall also indicate in each instance if the service was actually performed by the fiduciary supervisor or fiduciary commissioner or whether such service was performed by an employee or deputy of such supervisor or commissioner. All vouchers shall reflect the services rendered pursuant to the initial fee charged and collected as provided in subsection (a) of this section and, in addition thereto, shall indicate those services for which charges are to be made over and above that amount. In the case of any service for which a fee is not fixed by this section. or the fee fixed is based on time expended, the voucher shall show the actual time personally expended by the supervisor or commissioner, to the nearest tenth of an hour. All such vouchers shall be verified prior to submission to the county commission for approval. Upon approval of any such voucher, the same shall be charged against the estate to which the same applies. In reviewing any fee charged by either the fiduciary supervisor or a fiduciary commissioner, the county commission shall consider the following:
 - (1) The time and effort expended;
- 81 (2) The difficulty of the questions raised;
- (3) The skill required to perform properly the servicesrendered;

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- (4) The reasonableness of the fee:
- (5) Any time limitations imposed by the personal representative, any beneficiary or claimant, or by the attendant circumstances; and
- (6) Any unusual or extraordinary circumstances or demands or conditions imposed by the personal representative, any beneficiary or claimant or by the attendant circumstances. The county commission may approve any such voucher or may reduce the same, as it deems proper, after considering those matters set forth in this subsection. Any such approval shall be by order of the commission and be entered of record by the clerk of the county commission in the fiduciary record book and the general order books of the commission. In no event shall any fee for any service, whether performed by the fiduciary supervisor or the fiduciary commissioner, be fixed, charged or approved which is based upon or with reference to the monetary value of the estate or of the amount in controversy upon any disputed issue or fact of law.
- (d) For every estate other than a decedent's estate, there shall be charged by the fiduciary supervisor at the time of qualification a fee of twenty-five dollars, which fee shall include all services performed by the fiduciary supervisor with respect to such estate from the time of qualification of the personal representative thereof until and including the filing of the first annual settlement. For each additional or subsequent annual or triennial settlement, the fiduciary supervisor shall charge and collect a fee of ten dollars.
- (e) The county commission or other tribunal in lieu thereof shall, by order, establish or fix a schedule of suggested fees or rates of compensation for the guidance of the fiduciary supervisor and any fiduciary commissioner in preparing their respective vouchers for fees other than those fees fixed by any provision of this section or of this chapter. A copy of these fees or rates shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the county courthouse.

CHAPTER 77

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4050—By Delegates Rutledge and Carper)

[Passed February 26, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, relating to investment of fiduciary assets by a bank or trust company in mutual funds; permitting investments in mutual fund companies which receive other services by the bank or trust company; and investments of fiduciary assets in time deposits of the bank or trust company.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. INVESTMENTS BY FIDUCIARIES.

- §44-6-9. Investment of trust assets in mutual funds; investments in mutual fund companies otherwise served by the bank; investment of trust assets in time deposits.
 - 1 (a) A bank or trust company qualified and acting in
 - 2 a fiduciary capacity in this state may, in the exercise
 - 3 of its investment discretion or at the direction of another
 - 4 person authorized to direct investment of funds held by
 - 5 the bank or trust company as fiduciary, invest and
 - 6 reinvest trust assets in mutual funds which are the
 - 7 securities of an open-end or closed-end management 8 investment company or investment trust registered
 - 9 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
 - 10 Section 80a-1, et seq.), as amended: Provided, That the
- 11 portfolio of such investment company or investment
- 12 trust does not consist of investments prohibited by the
- 13 governing fiduciary instrument.
- 14 (b) The fact that a bank or trust company or an

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affiliate of the same provides services to an investment company or investment trust, including, but not limited to, services as an investment advisor, custodian, transfer agent, registrar, sponsor, distributor, manager or otherwise, and is receiving reasonable compensation for those services, does not preclude such bank or trust company from investing or reinvesting in mutual funds which are the securities of the open-end or closed-end management investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80a-1, et seq.), as amended. Such bank or trust company or affiliate thereof is entitled to receive fiduciary fees with respect to such assets. For such services the bank or trust company or affiliate thereof shall also be entitled to the normal fiduciary fee.

(c) A bank or trust company qualified and acting in a fiduciary capacity in this state may, in the exercise of its investment discretion or at the direction of another person authorized to direct investment of funds held by the bank or trust company as fiduciary, invest and reinvest trust assets in time deposits, including certificates of deposit, of the bank or trust company in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (f), section two of this article: *Provided*, That such investments are authorized by the governing fiduciary instrument.

CHAPTER 78

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2872—By Delegates Staton and Damron)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three and four, article fourteen, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article fourteen by adding thereto a new section, designated section five, relating to the substitution of trustees generally; providing for the appointment of a substitute trustee for a trust deed securing a debt or obligation by the party

secured by the trust deed, any surety indemnified by such deed, or the assignee or personal representative of such secured party or surety, independent of court action; providing for notice of such substitution by first class mail; recordation of notice; and validation of good faith acts by substitute trustees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three and four, article fourteen, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article fourteen be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. SUBSTITUTION OF TRUSTEES; POWERS OF SUR-VIVING OR REMAINING TRUSTEES.

- §44-14-1. By circuit court or judge, for trustee in deed, will or other writing; appointment of ancillary trustee under certain circumstances; substitution of trustee by party secured by trust deed.
- §44-14-2. Procedure for appointment by court or judge; appointment by secured party under trust deed.
- §44-14-3. Remaining trustees, or personal representative of sole or surviving trustee, may execute trust.
- §44-14-4. Powers and responsibilities of substituted or remaining trustee.
- §44-14-5. Validation of good faith acts by substitute trustees.

§44-14-1. By circuit court or judge, for trustee in deed, will or other writing; appointment of ancillary trustee under certain circumstances; substitution of trustee by party secured by trust deed.

- trust deed.

 1 (a) When the trustee, or, if there is more than one
 2 trustee, one or more of the trustees, in any will, deed
 3 or other writing, die or remove beyond the limits of this
- 3 or other writing, die or remove beyond the limits of this 4 state, or decline to accept the trust, or having accepted,
- 5 resign the same, or refuse to act as trustee, or be unable
- 6 due to physical or mental disability to perform his, her,
- 7 or their duties under the trust, the circuit court of the
- 8 county in which such will was admitted to probate, or 9 such deed or other writing is or may be recorded, may,
- 9 such deed or other writing is or may be recorded, may,
 10 on motion of any party interested, and upon satisfactory
- 11 evidence of such death, removal, declination, resigna-
- 12 tion, refusal or inability, appoint a trustee or trustees

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- in the place of the trustee or trustees named in such instrument and so dying, removing, declining, resigning or refusing, or being unable to perform his, her, or their duties under the trust.
 - (b) As an alternative to the method of substitution provided for in subsection (a) of this section, in the case of a trust deed to secure a debt or obligation if the trust deed does not by its terms prescribe a method for substitution, the party secured by the trust deed, or any surety indemnified by the deed, or the assignee or personal representative of any such secured party or surety has the authority, in the event of such death, removal, declination, resignation, refusal or inability as is described in subsection (a), to substitute a trustee or trustees in the place of the trustee or trustees named in such instrument, independent of any court action otherwise required by the provisions of subsection (a).
- 30 (c) If any such trust, other than a security trust, include real property situate in this state, and the 31 32 trustee, or, if there be more than one trustee, one or 33 more of the trustees, appointed by or under the will, 34 deed or other writing creating such trust and required 35 under the provisions thereof to act in respect of such real 36 property, be a corporation or association chartered 37 under the laws of any other state or jurisdiction which 38 is not qualified under the laws of this state to hold 39 property or transact business in this state, and refuses or is unable to so qualify, such court may in like manner 40 appoint an ancillary trustee of such trust to act with 41 42 respect to such real property situate in this state pursuant to, and with all the powers and authorities 43 granted to the trustee or trustees of such trust by, the 44 provision of the will, deed or other writing creating such 45 46 trust.

§44-14-2. Procedure for appointment by court or judge; appointment by secured party under trust deed.

1 (a) A motion under the provisions of subsection (a) of 2 the preceding section shall be after ten days' notice to 3 all persons interested in the execution of the trust other

- 4 than the plaintiff in such motion. If any of the parties 5 on whom such notice is required to be served be under 6 disability and have no guardian or committee, the court. 7 judge or clerk shall appoint some discreet and compe-8 tent attorney-at-law as guardian ad litem to such person, 9 on whom notice may be served. If there be such 10 guardian or committee, the notice shall be served on 11 him.
- 12 (b) In the case of a substitution made under subsection 13 (b) of the preceding section, substituting a trustee or 14 trustees of a trust deed securing a debt or obligation, 15 the substitution is effected when the party secured, or 16 a surety indemnified by the deed, or the assignee or 17 personal representative of any such secured party or 18 surety has deposited true copies of the notice of such 19 substitution in the United States mail, first class postage 20 prepaid, addressed to the last known addresses of the 21 grantor or grantors or any other person owing the debt 22 or obligation, and to the trustee or trustees, and has 23 presented the original of such notice to the clerk of the 24 county commission in whose office the trust deed is 25 recorded, causing such notice to be recorded and 26 indexed in a general lien book or other such appropriate 27 book wherein trust deeds or assignments of trust deeds 28 are recorded. There shall be appended to the notice 29 presented for recordation a certificate by the party making the substitution, certifying that copies of the 30 31 notice were mailed as required by this subsection, and 32 showing the date of such mailing.
- 33 (c) It shall not be necessary to give notice under this 34 section to a trustee who has removed from the state, 35 declined to accept the trust, refused to act as trustee, 36 or has resigned, nor to the personal representative of one 37 who has died.

§44-14-3. Remaining trustees, or personal representative of sole or surviving trustee, may execute trust.

The personal representative of a sole or surviving trustee, or if there be more than one trustee, and one

3 or more of them die, resign, or remove from the state,

- 4 or decline to accept the trust, or refuse to act as such
- 5 trustee or trustees, the remaining trustee or trustees,
- 6 may execute the trust, or so much thereof as remained
- 7 unexecuted at the death, removal, declination, resigna-
- 8 tion, or refusal aforesaid (whether the trust subject be
- 9 real or personal property), unless the instrument
- 10 creating the trust directs otherwise, or some other
- 11 trustee be appointed for the purpose pursuant to the
- 12 provisions of this article.

§44-14-4. Powers and responsibilities of substituted or remaining trustee.

- 1 Any trustee or trustees appointed under authority of
- 2 this article, if he, she, or they accept, or the personal
- 3 representative of a sole or surviving trustee, or the
- 4 surviving or remaining trustee, who has power to
- 5 execute any trust or the remainder of any trust under
- 6 authority of this article, shall be vested with all the
- 7 estates, rights and powers, and charged with all the
- 8 duties and responsibilities, of the trustee or trustees
- 9 named in the trust instrument.

§44-14-5. Validation of good faith acts by substitute trustees.

- 1 This section is enacted to prevent or redress problems
- 2 which might be caused by the improper appointment of
- 3 substitute trustees under a trust deed to secure a debt
- 4 or obligation who in good faith performed their acts as 5 trustees in substantial compliance with the provisions of
- 5 trustees in substantial compliance with the provisions of 6 article one, chapter thirty-eight of this code. With
- 6 article one, chapter thirty-eight of this code. With
- 7 respect to acts performed by such trustees in good faith 8 and in substantial compliance with the statutory law of
- 8 and in substantial compliance with the statutory law of this state and the terms of their trust deed the otherwise
- 10 lawful acts of a substitute trustee performed prior to the
- 11 effective date of this section shall be conclusively
- 12 presumed to be valid, notwithstanding that the method
- 13 of appointment of such trustee did not comply with the
- 14 provisions of a prior enactment of this article.

CHAPTER 79

(S. B. 58—Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed January 15, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three and five, article two, chapter six-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to advisory opinions subject to legislative rule making and review; and the exclusion of legislators and legislative staff from the prohibition against current or subsequent representation of clients in matters in which he or she participated in the legislative process.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three and five, article two, chapter six-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA ETHICS COMMISSION; POWERS AND DUTIES; DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES; APPEARANCES BEFORE PUBLIC AGENCIES.
- §6B-2-3. Advisory opinions; enforcement; applicability; legislative review; rule making.
- §6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.

§6B-2-3. Advisory opinions; enforcement; applicability; legislative review; rule making.

- 1 A person subject to the provisions of this chapter may
- 2 make application in writing to the ethics commission for
- 3 an advisory opinion on whether an action or proposed
- 4 action violates the provisions of this chapter or the
- 5 provisions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-
- 6 one of this code and would thereby expose the person
- to sanctions by the commission or criminal prosecution.
 The commission shall respond within thirty days from
- 9 the receipt of the request by issuing an advisory opinion
- 10 on the matter raised in the request. All advisory
- 11 opinions shall be published and indexed in the code of

state rules by the secretary of state: Provided, That before an advisory opinion is made public, any material which may identify the person who is the subject of the opinion shall, to the fullest extent possible, be deleted and the identity of the person shall not be revealed. A person subject to the provisions of this chapter may rely upon the published guidelines or an advisory opinion of the commission, and any person acting in good faith reliance on any such guideline or opinion shall be immune from the sanctions of this chapter and the sanctions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code, and shall have an absolute defense to any criminal prosecution for actions taken in good faith reliance upon any such opinion or guideline in regard to the sanctions of this chapter and the sanctions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code.

*§6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.

- (a) Persons subject to section. The provisions of this section apply to all elected and appointed public officials and public employees, whether full or part time, in state, county, municipal governments and their respective boards, agencies, departments and commissions and in any other regional or local governmental agency, including county school boards.
 - (b) Use of public office for private gain. (1) A public official or public employee may not knowingly and intentionally use his or her office or the prestige of his or her office for his or her own private gain or that of another person. The performance of usual and customary duties associated with the office or position or the advancement of public policy goals or constituent services, without compensation, does not constitute the use of prestige of office for private gain.
- (2) The Legislature, in enacting this subsection, relating to the use of public office or public employment for private gain, recognizes that there may be certain public officials or public employees who bring to their

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4361 (Chapter 80), which passed subsequent to this act.

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respective offices or employment their own unique personal prestige which is based upon their intelligence. education, experience, skills and abilities, or other personal gifts or traits. In many cases, these persons bring a personal prestige to their office or employment which inures to the benefit of the state and its citizens. Such persons may, in fact, be sought by the state to serve in their office or employment because, through their unusual gifts or traits, they bring stature and recognition to their office or employment and to the state itself. While the office or employment held or to be held by such persons may have its own inherent prestige, it would be unfair to such individuals and against the best interests of the citizens of this state to deny such persons the right to hold public office or be publicly employed on the grounds that they would, in addition to the emoluments of their office or employment, be in a position to benefit financially from the personal prestige which otherwise inheres to them. Accordingly, the commission is directed, by legislative rule, to establish categories of such public officials and public employees, identifying them generally by the office or employment held, and offering persons who fit within such categories the opportunity to apply for an exemption from the application of the provisions of this subsection. Such exemptions may be granted by the commission, on a case-by-case basis, when it is shown that: (A) The public office held or the public employment engaged in is not such that it would ordinarily be available or offered to a substantial number of the citizens of this state; (B) the office held or the employment engaged in is such that it normally or specifically requires a person who possesses personal prestige; and (C) the person's employment contract or letter of appointment provides or anticipates that the person will gain financially from activities which are not a part of his or her office or employment.

(c) Gifts. — (1) A public official or public employee may not solicit any gift unless the solicitation is for a charitable purpose with no resulting direct pecuniary benefit conferred upon the official or employee or his or her immediate family: Provided, That no public official

63 or public employee may solicit for a charitable purpose 64 any gift from any person who is also an official or 65 employee of the state and whose position as such is subordinate to the soliciting official or employee: 66 67 Provided, however, That nothing herein shall prohibit a 68 candidate for public office from soliciting a lawful 69 political contribution. No official or employee may 70 knowingly accept any gift, directly or indirectly, from 71 a lobbyist or from any person whom the official or 72 employee knows or has reason to know:

- 73 (A) Is doing or seeking to do business of any kind with his or her agency;
 - (B) Is engaged in activities which are regulated or controlled by his or her agency; or
 - (C) Has financial interests which may be substantially and materially affected, in a manner distinguishable from the public generally, by the performance or nonperformance of his official duties.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person who is a public official or public employee may accept a gift described in this subdivision, and there shall be a presumption that the receipt of such gift does not impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the person. This presumption may be rebutted only by direct objective evidence that the gift did impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the person or that the person knew or had reason to know that the gift was offered with the intent to impair his or her impartiality and independent judgment. The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection do not apply to:
 - (A) Meals and beverages;

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- 95 (B) Ceremonial gifts or awards which have insignif-96 icant monetary value;
- 97 (C) Unsolicited gifts of nominal value or trivial items 98 of informational value;
- 99 (D) Reasonable expenses for food, travel and lodging 100 of the official or employee for a meeting at which the

- official or employee participates in a panel or speaking engagement at the meeting;
- 103 (E) Gifts of tickets or free admission extended to a 104 public official or public employee to attend charitable, 105 cultural or political events, if the purpose of such gift 106 or admission is a courtesy or ceremony customarily 107 extended to the office:
- 108 (F) Gifts that are purely private and personal in 109 nature; or
- (G) Gifts from relatives by blood or marriage, or a member of the same household.
 - (3) The acceptance of an honorarium by an elected public official is prohibited. The commission shall, by legislative rule, establish guidelines for the acceptance of reasonable honorariums by all other public officials and public employees other than elected public officials.
- 117 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to prohibit the giving of a lawful political contribution as defined by law.
 - (5) The governor or his designee may, in the name of the state of West Virginia, accept and receive gifts from any public or private source. Any such gift so obtained shall become the property of the state and shall, within thirty days of the receipt thereof, be registered with the commission and the division of culture and history.
 - (d) Interests in public contracts. (1) In addition to the provisions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code, no elected or appointed public official or public employee or member of his or her immediate family or business with which he or she is associated may be a party to or have an interest in the profits or benefits of a contract which such official or employee may have direct authority to enter into, or over which he or she may have control: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to prevent or make unlawful the employment of any person with any governmental body: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a member of the Legislature from entering into a contract with any

140 governmental body, or prohibit a part-time appointed 141 public official from entering into a contract which such 142 part-time appointed public official may have direct 143 authority to enter into or over which he or she may have 144 control when such official has been recused from 145 deciding or evaluating and excused from voting on such 146 contract and has fully disclosed the extent of such 147 interest in the contract.

(2) In the absence of bribery or a purpose to defraud, an elected or appointed public official or public employee or a member of his or her immediate family or a business with which he or she is associated shall not be considered as having an interest in a public contract when such a person has a limited interest as an owner, shareholder or creditor of the business which is the contractor on the public contract involved. A limited interest for the purposes of this subsection is:

157 (A) An interest:

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- 158 (i) Not exceeding ten percent of the partnership or the outstanding shares of a corporation; or
- 160 (ii) Not exceeding thirty thousand dollars interest in 161 the profits or benefits of the contract; or
- 162 (B) An interest as a creditor:
- (i) Not exceeding ten percent of the total indebtednessof a business; or
- 165 (ii) Not exceeding thirty thousand dollars interest in the profits or benefits of the contract.
- (3) Where the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of 167 this subsection would result in the loss of a quorum in 168 169 a public body or agency, in excessive cost, undue hardship, or other substantial interference with the 170 operation of a state, county, municipality, county school 171 board or other governmental agency, the affected 172 governmental body or agency may make written 173 application to the ethics commission for an exemption 174 from subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. 175
- 176 (e) Confidential information. No present or former public official or employee may knowingly and improp-

erly disclose any confidential information acquired by him or her in the course of his or her official duties nor use such information to further his or her personal interests or the interests of another person.

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- (f) Prohibited representation. With the exception of legislators and legislative staff, no present or former elected or appointed public official or public employee shall during or after his or her public employment or service represent a client or act in a representative capacity with or without compensation on behalf of any person in a contested case, rate-making proceeding, license or permit application, regulation filing or other specific matter which arose during his or her period of public service or employment and in which he or she personally participated in a decision-making, advisory or staff support capacity. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to legislators who were in office and legislative staff who were employed at the time it originally became effective on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and those who have since become legislators or legislative staff and those who shall serve hereafter as legislators or legislative staff.
- (g) Limitation on practice before a board, agency, commission or department. (1) No elected or appointed public official and no full-time staff attorney or accountant shall, during his or her public service or public employment or for a period of six months after the termination of his or her public service or public employment with a governmental entity authorized to hear contested cases or promulgate regulations, appear in a representative capacity before the governmental entity in which he or she serves or served or is or was employed in the following matters:
- 212 (A) A contested case involving an administrative 213 sanction, action or refusal to act;
- 214 (B) To support or oppose a proposed regulation;
- 215 (C) To support or contest the issuance or denial of a 216 license or permit;

217 (D) A rate-making proceeding; and

- 218 (E) To influence the expenditure of public funds.
- (2) As used in this subsection, "represent" includes any formal or informal appearance before, or any written or oral communication with, any public agency on behalf of any person: Provided. That nothing contained in this subsection shall prohibit, during any period, a former public official or employee from being retained by or employed to represent, assist, or act in a representative capacity on behalf of the public agency by which he or she was employed or in which he or she served. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a former public official or employee from representing another state, county, municipal or other governmental entity before the governmental entity in which he or she served or was employed within six months after the termination of his or her employment or service in the entity.
 - (3) A present or former public official or employee may appear at any time in a representative capacity before the Legislature, a county commission, city or town council or county school board in relation to the consideration of a statute, budget, ordinance, rule, resolution or enactment.
 - (4) Members and former members of the Legislature and professional employees and former professional employees of the Legislature shall be permitted to appear in a representative capacity on behalf of clients before any governmental agency of the state, or of county or municipal governments including county school boards.
 - (5) An elected or appointed public official, full-time staff attorney or accountant who would be adversely affected by the provisions of this subsection may apply to the ethics commission for an exemption from the six months prohibition against appearing in a representative capacity, when the person's education and experience is such that the prohibition would, for all practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability to earn a livelihood in this state outside of the governmen-

- tal agency. The ethics commission shall by legislative rule establish general guidelines or standards for granting an exemption or reducing the time period, but shall decide each application on a case-by-case basis.
 - (h) Seeking employment with regulated person prohibited. (1) No full-time public official or full-time public employee who exercises policymaking, nonministerial or regulatory authority may seek employment with, or allow himself or herself to be employed by, any person who is or may be regulated by the governmental body which he or she serves while he or she is employed or serves in the governmental agency. The term "employment" within the meaning of this section includes professional services and other services rendered by the public official or public employee whether rendered as an employee or as an independent contractor.
 - (2) No person regulated by a governmental agency shall offer employment to a full-time public official or full-time public employee of the regulating governmental agency during the period of time the public official or employee works or serves in such agency.
 - (3) A full-time public official or full-time public employee who would be adversely affected by the provisions of this subsection may apply to the ethics commission for an exemption from the prohibition against seeking employment with a person who is or may be regulated, when the person's education and experience is such that the prohibition would, for all practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability to earn a livelihood in this state outside of the governmental agency. The ethics commission shall by legislative rule establish general guidelines or standards for granting an exemption, but shall decide upon each application on a case-by-case basis.
 - (i) Members of the Legislature required to rote. Members of the Legislature who have asked to be excused from voting or who have made inquiry as to whether they should be excused from voting on a particular matter and who are required by the presid-

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ing officer of the House of Delegates or Senate of West Virginia to vote under the rules of the particular house shall not be guilty of any violation of ethics under the provisions of this section for a vote so cast.

- (j) Limitations on participation in licensing and ratemaking proceedings. — No public official or employee may participate within the scope of his or her duties as a public official or employee, except through ministerial functions as defined in section three, article one of this chapter, in any license or rate-making proceeding that directly affects the license or rates of any person. partnership, trust, business trust, corporation or association in which the public official or employee or his or her immediate family owns or controls more than ten percent. No public official or public employee may participate within the scope of his or her duties as a public official or public employee, except through ministerial functions as defined in section three, article one of this chapter, in any license or rate-making proceeding that directly affects the license or rates of any person to whom the public official or public employee or his or her immediate family, or a partnership, trust, business trust, corporation or association of which the public official or employee, or his or her immediate family, owns or controls more than ten percent, has sold goods or services totaling more than one thousand dollars during the preceding year, unless the public official or public employee has filed a written statement acknowledging such sale with the public agency and the statement is entered in any public record of the agency's proceedings. This subsection shall not be construed to require the disclosure of clients of attorneys or of patients or clients of persons licensed pursuant to articles three, eight, fourteen, fourteen-a, fifteen, sixteen, twenty, twenty-one or thirty-one, chapter thirty of this code.
- (k) Certain expenses prohibited. No public official or public employee shall knowingly request or accept from any governmental entity compensation or reimbursement for any expenses actually paid by a lobbyist and required by the provisions of this chapter to be

- 338 reported, or actually paid by any other person.
- 339 (1) Any person who is employed as a member of the 340 faculty or staff of a public institution of higher 341 education and who is engaged in teaching, research. 342 consulting or publication activities in his or her field of 343 expertise with public or private entities and thereby 344 derives private benefits from such activities shall be 345 exempt from the prohibitions contained in subsections 346 (b), (c) and (d) of this section when the activity is 347 approved as a part of an employment contract with the 348 governing board of such institution or has been ap-349 proved by the employee's department supervisor or the 350 president of the institution by which the faculty or staff 351 member is employed.
 - (m) The commission by legislative rule promulgated in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code may define further exemptions from this section as necessary or appropriate.

CHAPTER 80

(H. B. 4361—By Delegates Brown and Grubb)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article two, chapter six-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to prohibiting elected or appointed public official or public employee from representing clients in certain matters in which he or she participated while in government.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section five, article two, chapter six-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA ETHICS COMMISSION; POWERS AND DUTIES; DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES; APPEARANCES BEFORE PUBLIC AGENCIES.

*§6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.

1 (a) Persons subject to section. — The provisions of this section apply to all elected and appointed public officials and public employees, whether full or part time, in state, county, municipal governments and their respective boards, agencies, departments and commissions and in any other regional or local governmental agency, including county school boards.

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- (b) Use of public office for private gain. (1) A public official or public employee may not knowingly and intentionally use his or her office or the prestige of his or her office for his or her own private gain or that of another person. The performance of usual and customary duties associated with the office or position or the advancement of public policy goals or constituent services, without compensation, does not constitute the use of prestige of office for private gain.
- 17 (2) The Legislature, in enacting this subsection (b), relating to the use of public office or public employment 18 19 for private gain, recognizes that there may be certain public officials or public employees who bring to their 20 21 respective offices or employment their own unique 22 personal prestige which is based upon their intelligence, education, experience, skills and abilities, or other 23 personal gifts or traits. In many cases, these persons 24 25 bring a personal prestige to their office or employment 26 which inures to the benefit of the state and its citizens. Such persons may, in fact, be sought by the state to 27 serve in their office or employment because, through 28 their unusual gifts or traits, they bring stature and 29 recognition to their office or employment and to the 30 state itself. While the office or employment held or to 31 be held by such persons may have its own inherent 32 prestige, it would be unfair to such individuals and 33 against the best interests of the citizens of this state to 34 deny such persons the right to hold public office or be 35 publicly employed on the grounds that they would, in 36 addition to the emoluments of their office or employ-37

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 58 (Chapter 79), which passed prior to this act.

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ment. be in a position to benefit financially from the personal prestige which otherwise inheres to them. Accordingly, the commission is directed, by legislative rule. to establish categories of such public officials and public employees, identifying them generally by the office or employment held, and offering persons who fit within such categories the opportunity to apply for an exemption from the application of the provisions of this subsection. Such exemptions may be granted by the commission, on a case-by-case basis, when it is shown that: (A) The public office held or the public employment engaged in is not such that it would ordinarily be available or offered to a substantial number of the citizens of this state: (B) the office held or the employment engaged in is such that it normally or specifically requires a person who possesses personal prestige; and (C) the person's employment contract or letter of appointment provides or anticipates that the person will gain financially from activities which are not a part of his or her office or employment.

- (c) Gifts. (1) A public official or public employee may not solicit any gift unless the solicitation is for a charitable purpose with no resulting direct pecuniary benefit conferred upon the official or employee or his or her immediate family: Provided, That no public official or public employee may solicit for a charitable purpose any gift from any person who is also an official or employee of the state and whose position as such is subordinate to the soliciting official or employee: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall prohibit a candidate for public office from soliciting a lawful political contribution. No official or employee may knowingly accept any gift, directly or indirectly, from a lobbyist or from any person whom the official or employee knows or has reason to know:
- (A) Is doing or seeking to do business of any kind with his or her agency;
- 75 (B) Is engaged in activities which are regulated or controlled by his or her agency; or
 - (C) Has financial interests which may be substantially

and materially affected, in a manner distinguishable from the public generally, by the performance or nonperformance of his official duties.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person who is a public official or public employee may accept a gift described in this subdivision, and there shall be a presumption that the receipt of such gift does not impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the person. This presumption may be rebutted only by direct objective evidence that the gift did impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the person or that the person knew or had reason to know that the gift was offered with the intent to impair his or her impartiality and independent judgment. The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection do not apply to: 93
 - (A) Meals and beverages;

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- (B) Ceremonial gifts or awards which have insignificant monetary value;
- 97 (C) Unsolicited gifts of nominal value or trivial items 98 of informational value:
 - (D) Reasonable expenses for food, travel and lodging of the official or employee for a meeting at which the official or employee participates in a panel or speaking engagement at the meeting:
 - (E) Gifts of tickets or free admission extended to a public official or public employee to attend charitable, cultural or political events, if the purpose of such gift or admission is a courtesy or ceremony customarily extended to the office:
- (F) Gifts that are purely private and personal in 108 109 nature; or
- (G) Gifts from relatives by blood or marriage, or a 110 member of the same household. 111
- (3) The acceptance of an honorarium by an elected 112 public official is prohibited. The commission shall, by 113 legislative rule, establish guidelines for the acceptance 114 of reasonable honorariums by all other public officials 115

and public employees other than elected public officials.

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- (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to prohibit the giving of a lawful political contribution as defined by law.
 - (5) The governor or his designee may, in the name of the state of West Virginia, accept and receive gifts from any public or private source. Any such gift so obtained shall become the property of the state and shall, within thirty days of the receipt thereof, be registered with the commission and the division of culture and history.
 - (d) Interests in public contracts. (1) In addition to the provisions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code, no elected or appointed public official or public employee or member of his or her immediate family or business with which he or she is associated may be a party to or have an interest in the profits or benefits of a contract which such official or employee may have direct authority to enter into, or over which he or she may have control: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to prevent or make unlawful the employment of any person with any governmental body: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a member of the Legislature from entering into a contract with any governmental body, or prohibit a part-time appointed public official from entering into a contract which such part-time appointed public official may have direct authority to enter into or over which he or she may have control when such official has been recused from deciding or evaluating and excused from voting on such contract and has fully disclosed the extent of such interest in the contract.
 - (2) In the absence of bribery or a purpose to defraud, an elected or appointed public official or public employee or a member of his or her immediate family or a business with which he or she is associated shall not be considered as having an interest in a public contract when such a person has a limited interest as an owner, shareholder or creditor of the business which is the contractor on the public contract involved. A

- 156 limited interest for the purposes of this subsection is:
- 157 (A) An interest:

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- (i) Not exceeding ten percent of the partnership or the outstanding shares of a corporation; or
- 160 (ii) Not exceeding thirty thousand dollars interest in 161 the profits or benefits of the contract; or
- 162 (B) An interest as a creditor:
- (i) Not exceeding ten percent of the total indebtednessof a business; or
- 165 (ii) Not exceeding thirty thousand dollars interest in the profits or benefits of the contract.
- 167 (3) Where the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of 168 this subsection would result in the loss of a quorum in 169 a public body or agency, in excessive cost, undue 170 hardship, or other substantial interference with the 171 operation of a state, county, municipality, county school 172 board or other governmental agency, the affected 173 governmental body or agency may make written 174 application to the ethics commission for an exemption 175 from subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.
 - (e) Confidential information. No present or former public official or employee may knowingly and improperly disclose any confidential information acquired by him or her in the course of his or her official duties nor use such information to further his or her personal interests or the interests of another person.
- (f) Prohibited representation. No present or former 182 183 elected or appointed public official or public employee shall, during or after his or her public employment or 184 service, represent a client or act in a representative 185 capacity with or without compensation on behalf of any 186 person in a contested case, rate-making proceeding, 187 license or permit application, regulation filing or other 188 particular matter involving a specific party or parties 189 which arose during his or her period of public service 190 or employment and in which he or she personally and 191 substantially participated in a decision-making, advi-192 sory or staff support capacity, unless the appropriate 193

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government agency, after consultation, consents to such representation. A staff attorney, accountant, or other professional employee who has represented a government agency in a particular matter shall not thereafter represent another client in the same or substantially related matter in which that client's interests are materially adverse to the interests of the government agency, without the consent of the government agency: Provided, That this prohibition on representation shall not apply when the client was not directly involved in the particular matter in which such professional employee represented the government agency, but was involved only as a member of a class. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to legislators who were in office and legislative staff who were employed at the time it originally became effective on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and those who have since become legislators or legislative staff and those who shall serve hereafter as legislators or legislative staff.

- (g) Limitation on practice before a board, agency, commission or department. (1) No elected or appointed public official and no full-time staff attorney or accountant shall, during his or her public service or public employment or for a period of six months after the termination of his or her public service or public employment with a governmental entity authorized to hear contested cases or promulgate regulations, appear in a representative capacity before the governmental entity in which he or she serves or served or is or was employed in the following matters:
- 225 (A) A contested case involving an administrative 226 sanction, action or refusal to act;
- (B) To support or oppose a proposed regulation;
- 228 (C) To support or contest the issuance or denial of a 229 license or permit;
- 230 (D) A rate-making proceeding; and
- 231 (E) To influence the expenditure of public funds.
- 232 (2) As used in this subsection, "represent" includes

any formal or informal appearance before, or any written or oral communication with, any public agency on behalf of any person: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this subsection shall prohibit, during any period, a former public official or employee from being retained by or employed to represent, assist, or act in a representative capacity on behalf of the public agency by which he or she was employed or in which he or she served. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a former public official or employee from representing another state, county, municipal or other governmental entity before the governmental entity in which he or she served or was employed within six months after the termination of his or her employment or service in the entity.

- (3) A present or former public official or employee may appear at any time in a representative capacity before the Legislature, a county commission, city or town council or county school board in relation to the consideration of a statute, budget, ordinance, rule, resolution or enactment.
- (4) Members and former members of the Legislature and professional employees and former professional employees of the Legislature shall be permitted to appear in a representative capacity on behalf of clients before any governmental agency of the state, or of county or municipal governments including county school boards.
- (5) An elected or appointed public official, full-time staff attorney or accountant who would be adversely affected by the provisions of this subsection may apply to the ethics commission for an exemption from the six months prohibition against appearing in a representative capacity, when the person's education and experience is such that the prohibition would, for all practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability to earn a livelihood in this state outside of the governmental agency. The ethics commission shall by legislative rule establish general guidelines or standards for granting an exemption or reducing the time period, but shall decide each application on a case-by-case basis.

- (h) Seeking employment with regulated person prohibited. (1) No full-time public official or full-time public employee who exercises policymaking, nonministerial or regulatory authority may seek employment with, or allow himself or herself to be employed by, any person who is or may be regulated by the governmental body which he or she serves while he or she is employed or serves in the governmental agency. The term "employment" within the meaning of this section includes professional services and other services rendered by the public official or public employee whether rendered as an employee or as an independent contractor.
- (2) No person regulated by a governmental agency shall offer employment to a full-time public official or full-time public employee of the regulating governmental agency during the period of time the public official or employee works or serves in such agency.
- (3) A full-time public official or full-time public employee who would be adversely affected by the provisions of this subsection may apply to the ethics commission for an exemption from the prohibition against seeking employment with a person who is or may be regulated, when the person's education and experience is such that the prohibition would, for all practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability to earn a livelihood in this state outside of the governmental agency. The ethics commission shall by legislative rule establish general guidelines or standards for granting an exemption, but shall decide upon each application on a case-by-case basis.
- (i) Members of the Legislature required to rote. Members of the Legislature who have asked to be excused from voting or who have made inquiry as to whether they should be excused from voting on a particular matter and who are required by the presiding officer of the House of Delegates or Senate of West Virginia to vote under the rules of the particular house shall not be guilty of any violation of ethics under the provisions of this section for a vote so cast.
 - (j) Limitations on participation in licensing and rate-

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making proceedings. - No public official or employee may participate within the scope of his or her duties as a public official or employee, except through ministerial functions as defined in section three, article one of this chapter, in any license or rate-making proceeding that directly affects the license or rates of any person. partnership, trust, business trust, corporation or association in which the public official or employee or his or her immediate family owns or controls more than ten percent. No public official or public employee may participate within the scope of his or her duties as a public official or public employee, except through ministerial functions as defined in section three, article one of this chapter, in any license or rate-making proceeding that directly affects the license or rates of any person to whom the public official or public employee or his or her immediate family, or a partnership, trust, business trust, corporation or association of which the public official or employee, or his or her immediate family, owns or controls more than ten percent, has sold goods or services totaling more than one thousand dollars during the preceding year, unless the public official or public employee has filed a written statement acknowledging such sale with the public agency and the statement is entered in any public record of the agency's proceedings. This subsection shall not be construed to require the disclosure of clients of attorneys or of patients or clients of persons licensed pursuant to articles three, eight, fourteen, fourteen-a, fifteen, sixteen, twenty, twenty-one or thirty-one, chapter thirty of this code.

- (k) Certain expenses prohibited. No public official or public employee shall knowingly request or accept from any governmental entity compensation or reimbursement for any expenses actually paid by a lobbyist and required by the provisions of this chapter to be reported, or actually paid by any other person.
- (1) Any person who is employed as a member of the faculty or staff of a public institution of higher education and who is engaged in teaching, research, consulting or publication activities in his or her field of

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355 expertise with public or private entities and thereby 356 derives private benefits from such activities shall be 357 exempt from the prohibitions contained in subsections 358 (b), (c) and (d) of this section when the activity is 359 approved as a part of an employment contract with the 360 governing board of such institution or has been ap-361 proved by the employees' department supervisor or the 362 president of the institution by which the faculty or staff 363 member is employed.

(m) The commission by legislative rule promulgated in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code may define further exemptions from this section as necessary or appropriate.

CHAPTER 81

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 162—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three and nine, article eleven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-a, all relating to enactment of a state analog to the federal fair housing act to ensure continued funding from the federal government and primary enforcement authority at the state rather than federal level; definitions; unlawful discriminatory practices; prohibiting discrimination in housing based on race, color, religion, sex, blindness, handicap, familial status, ancestry or national origin; prohibiting discrimination in residential real estate transactions; prohibiting discrimination in brokerage services; exempting certain religious organizations and private clubs; providing for the administration of the West Virginia fair housing act by the human rights commission; providing for administrative and civil enforcement of the anti-discrimination provisions;

providing for subpoena and investigative authority to the human rights commission; enforcement of subpoenas; election of remedies; administrative hearings; enforcement by private persons through civil actions; protection of bona fide purchasers; intervention and enforcement by attorney general in civil cases; enforcement by civil action against interference, coercion or intimidation; cooperation with local agencies; effect on state laws; and rules to implement the West Virginia fair housing act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three and nine, article eleven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-a, all to read as follows:

Article

- 11. Human Rights Commission.
- 11A. West Virginia Fair Housing Act.

ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

- §5-11-3. Definitions.
- §5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.

§5-11-3. Definitions.

- 1 When used in this article:
- 2 (a) The term "person" means one or more individuals,
- 3 partnerships, associations, organizations, corporations,
- 4 labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives,
- 5 trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers and other
- 6 organized groups of persons;
- 7 (b) The term "commission" means the West Virginia human rights commission;
- 9 (c) The term "director" means the executive director of the commission;
- 11 (d) The term "employer" means the state, or any
- 12 political subdivision thereof, and any person employing
- 13 twelve or more persons within the state: Provided, That
- 14 such terms shall not be taken, understood or construed

- 15 to include a private club;
 - (e) The term "employee" shall not include any individual employed by his parents, spouse or child, or in the domestic service of any person:
 - (f) The term "labor organization" includes any organization which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, for collective bargaining or for dealing with employers concerning grievances, terms or conditions of employment, or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment;
 - (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking with or without compensation to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment agency;
 - (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to extend to, a person equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness, handicap or familial status and includes to separate or segregate:
 - (i) The term "unlawful discriminatory practices" includes only those practices specified in section nine of this article:
 - (j) The term "place of public accommodations" means any establishment or person, as defined herein, including the state, or any political or civil subdivision thereof, which offers its services, goods, facilities or accommodations to the general public, but shall not include any accommodations which are in their nature private;
 - (k) The term "age" means the age of forty or above;
 - (1) For the purpose of this article, a person shall be considered to be blind only if his central visual acuity does not exceed twenty/two hundred in the better eye with correcting lenses, or if his visual acuity is greater than twenty/two hundred but is occasioned by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest

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- 53 diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater 54 than twenty degrees; and
- (m) The term "handicap" means a person who:
- 56 (1) Has a mental or physical impairment which 57 substantially limits one or more of such person's major 58 life activities; the term "major life activities" includes 59 functions such as caring for one's self, performing 60 manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, 61 breathing, learning and working:
- 62 (2) Has a record of such impairment; or
- 63 (3) Is regarded as having such an impairment.

For the purposes of this article, this term does not include persons whose current use of or addiction to alcohol or drugs prevents such individual from performing the duties of the job in question or whose employment, by reason of such current alcohol or drug abuse, would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety of others.

§5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or except where based upon applicable security regulations established by the United States or the state of West Virginia or its agencies or political subdivisions:

- (1) For any employer to discriminate against an individual with respect to compensation, hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment if the individual is able and competent to perform the services required even if such individual is blind or handicapped: *Provided*, That it shall not be unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer to observe the provisions of any bona fide pension, retirement, group or employee insurance or welfare benefit plan or system not adopted as a subterfuge to evade the provisions of this subdivision;
- 17 (2) For any employer, employment agency or labor 18 organization, prior to the employment or admission to 19 membership, to: (A) Elicit any information or make or

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- 20 keep a record of or use any form of application or 21 application blank containing questions or entries 22 concerning the race, religion, color, national origin. 23 ancestry, sex or age of any applicant for employment or 24 membership: (B) print or publish or cause to be printed 25 or published any notice or advertisement relating to 26 employment or membership indicating any preference. 27 limitation, specifications or discrimination based upon race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or 28 29 age: or (C) deny or limit, through a quota system. employment or membership because of race, religion. 30 31 color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or 32 handicap:
 - (3) For any labor organization because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap of any individual to deny full and equal membership rights to any individual or otherwise to discriminate against such individual with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment or any other matter, directly or indirectly, related to employment;
 - (4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor-management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:
 - (A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the state of West Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which permit review;
 - (B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his right to be admitted to or participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training program or other occupational training or retraining program;
- 53 (C) Discriminate against any individual in his pursuit 54 of such programs or to discriminate against such a 55 person in the terms, conditions or privileges of such 56 programs;
- 57 (D) Print or circulate or cause to be printed or 58 circulated any statement, advertisement or publication,

- or to use any form of application for such programs or to make any inquiry in connection with such program which expresses, directly or indirectly, discrimination or any intent to discriminate unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification;
 - (5) For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly, refer for employment or otherwise to discriminate against any individual because of his race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap;
 - (6) For any person being the owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, agent or employee of any place of public accommodations to:
 - (A) Refuse, withhold from or deny to any individual because of his race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap, either directly or indirectly, any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services of such place of public accommodations:
 - (B) Publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail, either directly or indirectly, any written or printed communication, notice or advertisement to the effect that any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services of any such place shall be refused, withheld from or denied to any individual on account of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap, or that the patronage or custom thereat of any individual, belonging to or purporting to be of any particular race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age or who is blind or handicapped, is unwelcome, objectionable, not acceptable, undesired or not solicited; or
 - (7) For any person, employer, employment agency, labor organization, owner, real estate broker, real estate salesman or financial institution to:
 - (A) Engage in any form of threats or reprisal, or to engage in, or hire, or conspire with others to commit acts or activities of any nature, the purpose of which is to harass, degrade, embarrass or cause physical harm

- 98 or economic loss or to aid, abet, incite, compel or coerce 99 any person to engage in any of the unlawful discrimi-
- 100 natory practices defined in this section;
- 101 (B) Willfully obstruct or prevent any person from
- 102 complying with the provisions of this article, or to resist,
- 103 prevent, impede or interfere with the commission or any
- 104 of its members or representatives in the performance of
- 105 duty under this article; or
- 106 (C) Engage in any form of reprisal or otherwise
- 107 discriminate against any person because he has opposed
- 108 any practices or acts forbidden under this article or
- 109 because he has filed a complaint, testified or assisted in
- 110 any proceeding under this article.

ARTICLE 11A. WEST VIRGINIA FAIR HOUSING ACT.

- §5-11A-1. Short title.
- §5-11A-2. Declaration of policy.
- §5-11A-3. Definitions.
- §5-11A-4. Application of article.
- §5-11A-5. Discrimination in sale or rental of housing and other prohibited
- §5-11A-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions.
- \$5-11A-7. Discrimination in provision of brokerage services.
- \$5-11A-8. Religious organization or private club exemption.
- §5-11A-9. Administration; authority and responsibility; delegation of authority; appointment of administrative law judges; location of conciliation meetings; administrative review; cooperation of the commission and executive departments and agencies to further fair housing purposes; functions of the commission.
- §5-11A-10. Education and conciliation; conferences and consultations; reports.
- §5-11A-11. Administrative enforcement; preliminary matters; complaints and answers; service; conciliation; injunctions; reasonable cause determinations; issuance of charge.
- §5-11A-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.
- §5-11A-13. Election of remedies; administrative hearings and discovery; exclusivity of remedies; final orders; review by commission; judicial review; remedies; attorney fees.
- §5-11A-14. Enforcement by private persons; civil actions; appointed attorneys; remedies; bona fide purchasers; intervention by attorney general.
- §5-11A-15. Enforcement by attorney general; pattern or practice cases; subpoena enforcement; remedies; intervention.
- §5-11A-16. Interference, coercion or intimidation; enforcement by civil action.

- \$5-11A-17. Cooperation with local agencies administering fair housing laws: utilization of services and personnel; reimbursement; written agreements; publication in state register.
- §5-11A-18. Effect on other laws.
- Severability of provisions. \$5-11A-19.
- §5-11A-20. Rules to implement article.

§5-11A-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "West Virginia Fair
- 2 Housing Act".

§5-11A-2. Declaration of policy.

- It is the policy of the state of West Virginia to provide, 1
- 2 within constitutional limitations, for fair housing
- 3 throughout the state.

§5-11A-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article: 1
- 2 (a) "Commission" means the West Virginia human rights commission: 3
- (b) "Dwelling" means any building, structure or 4 portion thereof which is occupied as, or designed or 5
- intended for occupancy as, a residence or sleeping place 6
- 7 by one or more persons or families, and any vacant land
- which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or 8
- location thereon of any such building, structure or 9
- portion thereof: 10

- (c) "Family" includes a single individual; 11
- 12 (d) "Person" includes one or more individuals,
- corporations, partnerships, associations, labor organiza-13 tions, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-
- 14 stock companies, trusts, unincorporated organizations, 15
- trustees, trustees in cases under Title 11 of the United 16
- States Code, receivers and fiduciaries: 17
- (e) "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let and 18 otherwise to grant for a consideration the right to 19 occupy premises not owned by the occupant: 20
- (f) "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act 21 that is unlawful under section five, six, seven or nineteen 22 of this article:

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- 24 (g) "Handicap" means, with respect to a person:
- 25 (1) A physical or mental impairment which substan-26 tially limits one or more of such person's major life 27 activities:
- 28 (2) A record of having such an impairment; or
- 29 (3) Being regarded as having such an impairment, but 30 such term does not include current, illegal use of or 31 addiction to a controlled substance, as defined in Section 32 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United 33 States Code, Section 802:
- 34 (h) "Aggrieved person" includes any person who:
- 35 (1) Claims to have been injured by a discriminatory 36 housing practice; or
- 37 (2) Believes that such person will be injured by a 38 discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur;
- 39 (i) "Complainant" means the person, including the 40 commission, who files a complaint under section eleven 41 of this article;
- 42 (j) "Familial status" means:
- 43 (1) One or more individuals who have not attained the age of eighteen years being domiciled with:
- 45 (A) A parent or another person having legal custody 46 of such individual or individuals; or
- 47 (B) The designee of such parent or other person 48 having such custody with the written permission of such 49 parent or other person; or
 - (2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years;
 - (k) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues raised by a complaint or by the investigation of such complaint through informal negotiations involving the aggrieved person, the respondent and the commission;
- 58 (l) "Conciliation agreement" means a written agree-

- 59 ment setting forth the resolution of the issues in 60 conciliation;
- 61 (m) "Respondent" means:
- 62 (1) The person or other entity accused in a complaint 63 of an unfair housing practice; and
- 62 (2) Any other person or entity identified in the course 65 of investigation and notified as required with respect to 66 respondents so identified under subsection (a), section 67 eleven of this article; and
- 68 (n) The term "rooming house" means a house or 69 building where there are one or more bedrooms which 70 the proprietor can spare for the purpose of giving 71 lodgings to such persons as he chooses to receive.

§5-11A-4. Application of article.

- 1 (a) The prohibitions against discrimination in the sale 2 or rental of housing set forth in section five of this 3 article shall apply to all dwellings except as hereinafter 4 exempted. Nothing in section five of this article, other 5 than subsection (b) of this section, shall apply to the rental of a room or rooms in a rooming house occupied 6 7 by the owner as a place of residence and containing no 8 more than four rented rooms or rooms to be rented. 9 Solely for the purposes of familial status, nothing in 10 section five shall apply to:
- 11 (1) Any single-family house sold or rented by an 12 owner: Provided. That such private individual owner does not own more than three such single-family houses 13 at any one time: Provided, however, That in the case of 14 15 the sale of any such single-family house by a private individual owner not residing in such house at the time 16 of such sale or who was not the most recent resident of 17 18 such house prior to such sale, the exemption granted by this subsection shall apply only with respect to one such 19 sale within any twenty-four month period: Provided 20 further. That such bona fide private individual owner 21 does not own any interest in, nor is there owned or 22 reserved on his behalf under any express or voluntary 23 agreement, title to or any right to all or a portion of the 24 proceeds from the sale or rental of more than three such 25

- single-family houses at any one time: And provided further, That the sale or rental of any such single-family house shall be excepted from the application of this article only if such house is sold or rented:
 - (A) Without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker, agent or salesman, or of such facilities or services of any person in the business of selling or renting dwellings, or of any employee or agent of any such broker, agent, salesman or person; and
 - (B) Without the publication, posting or mailing, after notice, of any advertisement or written notice in violation of subsection (c), section five of this article; but nothing in this proviso shall prohibit the use of attorneys, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies and other such professional assistance as necessary to perfect or transfer the title; or
 - (2) Rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other, if the owner actually maintains and occupies one of such living quarters as his residence.
 - (b) For the purposes of subsection (a) of this section, a person shall be deemed to be in the business of selling or renting dwellings if:
 - (1) He has within the preceding twelve months participated as principal in three or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein:
 - (2) He has within the preceding twelve months participated as agent, other than in the sale of his own personal residence, in providing sales or rental facilities or sales or rental services in two or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein; or
- 61 (3) He is the owner of any dwelling designed or 62 intended for occupancy by or occupied by five or more 63 families.

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§5-11A-5. Discrimination in sale or rental of housing and other prohibited practices.

As made applicable by section four of this article and except as exempted by sections four and eight of this article, it shall be unlawful:

- (a) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, familial status, blindness, handicap or national origin;
- 10 (b) To discriminate against any person in the terms, 11 conditions or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, 12 or in the provision of services or facilities in connection 13 therewith, because of race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, 14 familial status, blindness, handicap or national origin;
- 15 (c) To make, print or publish, or cause to be made, printed or published any notice, statement or advertise-16 17 ment, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling 18 that indicates any preference, limitation or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, blindness, 19 handicap, familial status, ancestry or national origin, or 20 21 an intention to make any such preference, limitation or 22 discrimination:
 - (d) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, blindness, handicap, familial status, ancestry or national origin that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale or rental when such dwelling is in fact so available;
 - (e) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, blindness, handicap, familial status, ancestry or national origin; or
 - (f) (1) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any buyer or renter because of a handicap of: (A) That buyer or renter; (B) a person residing in or intending to reside

- in that dwelling after it is so sold, rented or made available; or (C) any person associated with that buyer or renter.
 - (2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with such dwelling, because of a handicap of: (A) That person; (B) a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is so sold, rented or made available; or (C) any person associated with that person.
 - (3) For purposes of this subdivision, discrimination includes:
 - (A) A refusal to permit, at the expense of the handicapped person, reasonable modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by such person if such modifications may be necessary to afford such person full enjoyment of the premises, except that, in the case of a rental, the landlord may where it is reasonable to do so condition permission for a modification on the renter agreeing to restore the interior of the premises to the condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted;
 - (B) A refusal to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices or services when such accommodations may be necessary to afford such person equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling; or
 - (C) In connection with the design and construction of covered multifamily dwellings for first occupancy after the date that is thirty months after the date of enactment of the West Virginia fair housing act, a failure to design and construct those dwellings in such a manner that:
 - (i) The public use and common use portions of such dwellings are readily accessible to and usable by handicapped persons;
 - (ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and within all premises within such dwellings are sufficiently wide to allow passage by handicapped persons in wheelchairs; and

- (iii) All premises within such dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design: (I) An accessible route into and through the dwelling; (II) light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats and other environmental controls in accessible locations; (III) reinforcements in bathroom walls to allow later installation of grab bars; and (IV) usable kitchens and bathrooms such that an individual in a wheelchair can maneuver about the space.
 - (4) Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the American national standard for buildings and facilities providing accessibility and usability for physically handicapped people, commonly cited as ANSI A117.1, suffices to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (3) (C) (iii) of this subdivision.
 - (5) (A) If a unit of general local government has incorporated into its laws the requirements set forth in subparagraph (3) (C) of this subdivision, compliance with such laws shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of that subparagraph.
 - (B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3) (C) of this subdivision are met.
 - (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings, determinations as to whether the design and construction of such dwellings are consistent with subparagraph (3) (C) of this subdivision, and may provide technical assistance to units of local government and other persons to implement the requirements of such subparagraph.
- (D) Nothing in this article shall be construed to require the commission to review or approve the plans, designs or construction of all covered multifamily dwellings to determine whether the design and construction of such dwellings are consistent with the

- 117 requirements of subparagraph (3) (C) of this subdivision.
- 118 (6) (A) Nothing in paragraph (5) of this subdivision
- shall be construed to affect the authority and responsi-
- 120 bility of the commission or a local public agency to
- 121 receive and process complaints or otherwise engage in
- 122 enforcement activities under this article.
- 123 (B) Determinations by a unit of general local govern-124 ment under subparagraphs (5) (A) and (B) of this 125 subdivision shall not be conclusive in enforcement 126 proceedings under this article.
- 127 (7) As used in this section, the term "covered multi-128 family dwellings" means: (A) Buildings consisting of 129 four or more units if such buildings have one or more 130 elevators; and (B) ground floor units in other buildings 131 consisting of four or more units.
- 132 (8) Nothing in this article shall be construed to 133 invalidate or limit any law of this state or any political 134 subdivision hereof that requires dwellings to be designed and constructed in a manner that affords 136 handicapped persons greater access than is required by
- 137 this article.
- 138 (9) Nothing in this section requires that a dwelling be 139 made available to an individual whose tenancy would
- 140 constitute a direct threat to the health or safety of other
- 141 individuals or whose tenancy would result in substantial
- 142 physical damage to the property of others. The burden
- 143 of proving such threat to health or safety or the
- 144 likelihood of such damage shall be upon the respondent.

§5-11A-6. Discrimination in residential real estaterelated transactions.

- 1 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person or other entity
- whose business includes engaging in residential real
 estate-related transactions to discriminate against any
- 4 person in making available such a transaction or in the
- 5 terms or conditions of such a transaction because of
- 6 race, color, religion, sex, blindness, handicap, familial
- 7 status, ancestry or national origin.
- 8 (b) As used in this section, the term "residential real

- 9 estate-related transaction" means any of the following:
- 10 (1) The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance: (A) For purchasing, con-
- 12 structing, improving, repairing or maintaining a
- 13 dwelling; or (B) secured by residential real estate; or
- 14 (2) The selling, brokering or appraising of residential 15 real property.
- 16 (c) Nothing in this article prohibits a person engaged
- 17 in the business of furnishing appraisals of real property
- 18 to take into consideration factors other than race, color,
- 19 religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness,
- 20 handicap or familial status.

§5-11A-7. Discrimination in provision of brokerage services.

- 1 It shall be unlawful to deny any person access to or
- 2 membership or participation in any multiple listing
- 3 service, real estate broker's organization or other
- 4 service, organization or facility relating to the business
- 5 of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate
- 6 against him or her in the terms or conditions of such
- 7 access, membership or participation on account of race,
- 8 color, religion, sex, blindness, handicap, familial status,
- 9 ancestry or national origin.

§5-11A-8. Religious organization or private club exemption.

- 1 (a) Nothing in this article shall prohibit a religious
- 2 organization, association or society, or any nonprofit
- 3 institution or organization operated, supervised or
- 4 controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organ-
- 5 ization, association or society, from limiting the sale,
- 6 rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or
- operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the same religion, or from giving preference to such
- of the same religion, or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is res-
- 9 persons, unless membership in such religion is res-10 tricted on account of race, color or national origin. Nor
- tricted on account of race, color or national origin. Nor shall anything in this article prohibit a private club not
- shall anything in this article prohibit a private club not in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its
- in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes provides lodgings which it
- 14 owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose,

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- from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members or from giving preference to its members.
 - (b) (1) Nothing in this article limits the applicability of any reasonable local, state or federal restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling. Nor does any provision in this article regarding familial status apply with respect to housing for older persons.
 - (2) As used in this section, "housing for older persons" means housing:
 - (A) Provided under any state or federal program that the secretary of the United States department of housing and urban development determines is specifically designed and operated to assist elderly persons, as defined in the state or federal program; or
 - (B) Intended for, and solely occupied by, persons sixty-two years of age or older; or
 - (C) Intended and operated for occupancy by at least one person fifty-five years of age or older per unit. In determining whether housing qualifies as housing for older persons under this subsection, the commission shall develop regulations which require at least the following factors: (i) The existence of significant facilities and services specifically designed to meet the physical or social needs of older persons, or if the provision of such facilities and services is not practicable, that such housing is necessary to provide important housing opportunities for older persons; (ii) that at least eighty percent of the units are occupied by at least one person fifty-five years of age or older per unit; and (iii) the publication of, and adherence to, policies and procedures which demonstrate an intent by the owner or manager to provide housing for persons fifty-five years of age or older.
 - (3) Housing shall not fail to meet the requirements for housing for older persons by reason of: (A) Persons residing in such housing as of the date of enactment of this article who do not meet the age requirements of

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- 54 subdivision (2) (B) or (C) of this subsection: *Provided*, 55 That new occupants of such housing meet the age 56 requirements of such subdivisions; or (B) unoccupied 57 units: *Provided*, *however*, That such units are reserved 58 for occupancy by persons who meet the age require-59 ments of subdivision (2) (B) or (C) of this subsection.
- 60 (4) Nothing in this article prohibits conduct against 61 a person because such person has been convicted by any 62 court of competent jurisdiction of the illegal manufac-63 ture or distribution of a controlled substance as defined 64 in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 65 21, United States Code, Section 802.
- §5-11A-9. Administration; authority and responsibility; delegation of authority; appointment of administrative law judges; location of conciliation meetings; administrative review; cooperation of the commission and executive departments and agencies to further fair housing purposes; functions of the commission.

The authority and responsibility for administering this article shall be in the West Virginia human rights commission.

4 The commission may delegate any of its functions, 5 duties and powers to employees of the human rights commission, including functions, duties and powers with 6 respect to investigating, conciliating, hearing, determin-7 ing, ordering, certifying, reporting or otherwise acting 8 9 as to any work, business or matter under this article. The person to whom such delegations are made with 10 respect to hearing functions, duties and powers shall be 11 a licensed attorney. Insofar as possible, conciliation 12 meetings shall be held in the county where the discrim-13 inatory housing practices allegedly occurred. The 14 commission shall by rule prescribe such rights of appeal 15 from the decisions of its administrative law judges to 16 other administrative law judges or to other officers in 17 the commission, to boards of officers or to itself, as shall 18 be appropriate and in accordance with law. 19

All executive departments and agencies shall admin-

- 21 ister their programs and activities relating to housing,
- 22 including any agency having regulatory or supervisory
- 23 authority over financial institutions, in a manner
- 24 affirmatively to further the purposes of this article and
- 25 shall cooperate with the commission to further such
- 26 purposes.
- 27 The commission may:
- 28 (1) Make studies with respect to the nature and extent 29 of discriminatory housing practices in representative 30 communities, urban, suburban and rural, throughout
- 31 the state:
- (2) Publish and disseminate reports, recommendations 32 and information derived from such studies, including 33 reports to the Legislature specifying the nature and 34 extent of progress made statewide in eliminating 35 discriminatory housing practices and furthering the 36 purposes of this article, obstacles remaining to achieving 37 equal housing opportunity and recommendations for 38 further legislative or executive action; 39
- 40 (3) Cooperate with and execute such cooperative 41 agreements with federal agencies as are necessary to 42 carry out the provisions of this article; and
- 43 (4) Administer the programs and activities relating to 44 fair housing in a manner affirmatively to further the 45 policies of this article.

§5-11A-10. Education and conciliation; conferences and consultations; reports.

Immediately upon the effective date of this article, the 1 commission shall commence such educational and 2 conciliatory activities as in its judgment will further the 3 purposes of this article. It may call conferences of 4 persons in the housing industry and other interested 5 6 parties to acquaint them with the provisions of this 7 article and its suggested means of implementing it, and may endeavor with their advice to work out programs 8 of voluntary compliance and of enforcement. It may pay 10 per diem, travel and transportation expenses for persons attending such conferences as permitted by law. It may 11 12 consult with local officials and other interested parties

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- 13 to learn the extent, if any, to which housing discrimi-
- 14 nation exists in their locality, and whether and how local
- 15 enforcement programs might be utilized to combat such
- 16 discrimination in connection with the commission's
- 17 enforcement of this article. The commission shall issue
- 18 reports on such conferences and consultations as it
- 19 deems appropriate.

§5-11A-11. Administrative enforcement; preliminary matters; complaints and answers; service; conciliation; injunctions; reasonable cause determinations; issuance of charge.

- (a) (1) (A) An aggrieved person may, not later than one year after an alleged discriminatory housing practice has occurred or terminated, file a complaint with the commission alleging a discriminatory housing practice. The commission, on the commission's own initiative, may also file such a complaint. Such complaint shall be in writing and shall contain such information and be in such form as the commission requires. The commission may also investigate housing practices to determine whether a complaint should be brought under this section.
- 12 (B) Upon the filing of such complaint: (i) The 13 commission shall serve notice upon the aggrieved person 14 acknowledging such filing and advising the aggrieved 15 person of the time limits and choice of forums provided 16 under this article; (ii) the commission shall, not later 17 than ten days after such filing or the identification of an additional respondent under paragraph (2) of this 18 19 subsection, serve on the respondent a notice identifying 20 the alleged discriminatory housing practice and advising such respondent of the procedural rights and 21 22 obligations of respondents under this article, together 23 with a copy of the original complaint; (iii) each respondent may file, not later than ten days after receipt 24 25 of notice from the commission, an answer to such complaint; and (iv) unless it is impracticable to do so. 26 the commission shall make an investigation of the 27 alleged discriminatory housing practice and complete 28 such investigation within one hundred days after the 29 filing of the complaint. 30

- 31 (C) If the commission is unable to complete the 32 investigation within one hundred days after the filing 33 of the complaint, the commission shall notify the 34 complainant and respondent in writing of the reasons 35 for not doing so.
 - (D) Complaints and answers shall be under oath or affirmation and may be reasonably and fairly amended at any time.
 - (2) (A) A person who is not named as a respondent in a complaint, but who is identified as a respondent in the course of investigation, may be joined as an additional or substitute respondent upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission.
 - (B) Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall explain the basis for the commission's belief that the person to whom the notice is addressed is properly joined as a respondent.
 - (b) (1) During the period beginning with the filing of such complaint and ending with the filing of a charge or a dismissal by the commission, the commission shall, to the extent feasible, engage in conciliation with respect to such complaint.
 - (2) A conciliation agreement arising out of such conciliation shall be an agreement between the respondent and the complainant and shall be subject to approval by the commission.
 - (3) A conciliation agreement may provide for binding arbitration of the dispute arising from the complaint. Any such arbitration that results from a conciliation agreement may award appropriate relief, including monetary relief.
 - (4) Each conciliation agreement shall be made public unless the complainant and respondent otherwise agree and the commission determines that disclosure is not required to further the purposes of this article.
 - (5) (A) At the end of each investigation under this

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- section, the commission shall prepare a final investigative report containing: (i) The names and dates of contacts with witnesses; (ii) a summary and the dates of correspondence and other contacts with the aggrieved person and the respondent; (iii) a summary description of other pertinent records; (iv) a summary of witness statements; and (v) answers to interrogatories.
 - (B) A final report under this paragraph may be amended if additional evidence is later discovered.
 - (c) Whenever the commission has reasonable cause to believe that a respondent has breached a conciliation agreement, the commission shall refer the matter to the attorney general with a recommendation that a civil action be filed under section fifteen of this article for the enforcement of such agreement.
 - (d) Nothing said or done in the course of conciliation under this article may be made public or used as evidence in a subsequent proceeding under this article without the written consent of the persons concerned, except the commission shall make available to the aggrieved person and the respondent, at any time, upon request following completion of the commission's investigation, information derived from an investigation and any final investigative report relating to that investigation.
- (e) (1) If the commission concludes at any time 94 following the filing of a complaint that prompt judicial 95 96 action is necessary to carry out the purposes of this article, the commission may authorize a civil action for 97 appropriate temporary or preliminary relief pending 98 99 final disposition of the complaint under this section. Upon receipt of such authorization, the attorney general 100 shall promptly commence and maintain such an action. 101 Any temporary injunction or other order granting 102 preliminary or temporary relief shall be issued in 103 accordance with the West Virginia rules of civil 104 procedure. The commencement of a civil action under 105 this subsection does not affect the initiation or continua-106 tion of administrative proceedings under this section 107 and section thirteen of this article. 108

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- (2) Whenever the commission has reason to believe that a basis may exist for the commencement of proceedings against any respondent under subsections (a) and (b), section fifteen of this article or for proceed-ings by any governmental licensing or supervisory authorities, the commission shall transmit the informa-tion upon which such belief is based to the attorney general, or to such authorities, as the case may be.
 - (f) (1) The commission shall within one hundred days after the filing of the complaint determine, based on the facts, whether reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, unless it is impracticable to do so, or unless the commission has approved a conciliation agreement with respect to the complaint. If the commission is unable to make the determination within one hundred days after the filing of the complaint, the commission shall notify the complainant and respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so.
 - (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as provided in subparagraph (C), immediately issue a charge on behalf of the aggrieved person, for further proceedings under section thirteen of this article.
 - (B) Such charge: (i) Shall consist of a short and plain statement of the facts upon which the commission has found reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur; (ii) shall be based on the final investigative report; and (iii) need not be limited to the facts or grounds alleged in the complaint filed under subsection (a) of this section.
 - (C) If the commission determines that the matter involves the legality of any state or local zoning or other land use law or ordinance, the commission shall immediately refer the matter to the attorney general for appropriate action under section fifteen of this article, instead of issuing such charge.
 - (3) If the commission determines that no reasonable

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- cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall promptly dismiss the complaint. The commission shall make public disclosure of each such dismissal.
 - (4) The commission may not issue a charge under this section regarding an alleged discriminatory housing practice after the beginning of the trial of a civil action commenced by the aggrieved party under an act of Congress or a state law seeking relief with respect to that discriminatory housing practice.
- 159 (g) After the commission issues a charge under this 160 section, the commission shall cause a copy thereof, together with information as to how to make an election 161 under subsection (a), section thirteen of this article and 162 the effect of such an election, to be served: (1) On each 163 164 respondent named in such charge, together with a notice of opportunity for a hearing at a time and place 165 specified in the notice, unless that election is made; and 166 167 (2) on each aggrieved person on whose behalf the 168 complaint was filed.

§5-11A-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.

The commission may, in accordance with this subsec-1 tion, issue subpoenas and order discovery in aid of 2 3 investigations and hearings under this article. Such 4 subpoenas and discovery may be ordered to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would 5 apply if the subpoenas or discovery were ordered or 6 served in aid of a civil action in the circuit courts of this 7 8 state.

Witnesses summoned by a subpoena under this article shall be entitled to the same witness and mileage fees as witnesses in proceedings in the circuit courts of this state. Fees payable to a witness summoned by a subpoena shall be paid by the commission, the complainant or the respondent in accordance with section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

Enforcement of subpoenas may be had in the circuit courts of this state as set out in section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

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§5-11A-13. Election of remedies; administrative hearings and discovery; exclusivity of remedies; final orders; review by commission; judicial review; remedies; attorney fees.

- (a) When a charge is filed under section eleven of this article, a complainant, a respondent or an aggrieved person on whose behalf the complaint was filed, may elect to have the claims asserted in that charge decided in a civil action under subsection (0) of this section in lieu of a hearing under subsection (b) of this section. The election must be made not later than twenty days after the receipt by the electing person of service under section eleven of this article or, in the case of the commission, not later than twenty days after such service. The person making such election shall give notice of doing so to the commission and to all other complainants and respondents to whom the charge relates
- (b) If an election is not made under subsection (a) of this section with respect to a charge filed under section eleven of this article, the commission shall provide an opportunity for a hearing on the record with respect to a charge issued under said section. The commission shall delegate the conduct of a hearing under this section to an administrative law judge who shall be a licensed attorney. The administrative law judge shall conduct the hearing at a place in the county in which the discriminatory housing practice is alleged to have occurred or is about to occur.
- (c) At a hearing under this section, each party may appear in person, be represented by counsel, present evidence, cross-examine witnesses and obtain the issuance of subpoenas under section twelve of this article. Any aggrieved person may intervene as a party in the proceeding. The rules of evidence apply to the presentation of evidence in such hearing as they would in a civil action in the circuit courts of this state. The case in support of the complaint shall be presented before the administrative law judge by the attorney general.

- 37 (d) (1) Discovery in administrative proceedings under 38 this section shall be conducted as expeditiously and 39 inexpensively as possible, consistent with the need of all 40 parties to obtain relevant evidence.
 - (2) A hearing under this section shall be conducted as expeditiously and inexpensively as possible, consistent with the needs and rights of the parties to obtain a fair hearing and a complete record.
 - (3) The commission shall, not later than one hundred eighty days after the date of enactment of this subsection, issue rules to implement this subsection.
 - (e) Any resolution of a charge before a final order under this section shall require the consent of the aggrieved person on whose behalf the charge is issued.
 - (f) An administrative law judge may not continue administrative proceedings under this section regarding any alleged discriminatory housing practice after the beginning of the trial of a civil action commenced by the aggrieved party under an act of Congress or a state law seeking relief with respect to that discriminatory housing practice.
 - (g) (1) The administrative law judge shall commence the hearing under this section no later than one hundred twenty days following the issuance of the charge, unless it is impracticable to do so. If the administrative law judge is unable to commence the hearing within one hundred twenty days after the issuance of the charge, the administrative law judge shall notify the commission, the aggrieved person on whose behalf the charge was filed and the respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so.
 - (2) The administrative law judge shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law within sixty days after the end of the hearing under this section, unless it is impracticable to do so. If the administrative law judge is unable to make findings of fact and conclusions of law within such period, or any succeeding sixty-day period thereafter, the administrative law judge shall notify the commission, the aggrieved person on whose behalf the

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76 charge was filed and the respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so.

- 78 (3) If the administrative law judge finds that a 79 respondent has engaged or is about to engage in a 80 discriminatory housing practice, such administrative 81 law judge shall promptly issue an order for such relief 82 as may be appropriate, which may include actual 83 damages suffered by the aggrieved person and injunc-84 tive or other equitable relief. Such order may, to 85 vindicate the public interest, assess a civil penalty 86 against the respondent: (A) In an amount not exceeding 87 ten thousand dollars if the respondent has not been 88 adjudged to have committed any prior discriminatory 89 housing practice: (B) in an amount not exceeding 90 twenty-five thousand dollars if the respondent has been 91 adjudged to have committed one other discriminatory 92 housing practice during the five-year period ending on 93 the date of the filing of this charge; and (C) in an amount 94 not exceeding fifty thousand dollars if the respondent 95 has been adjudged to have committed two or more 96 discriminatory housing practices during the seven-year 97 period ending on the date of the filing of this charge: 98 except that if the acts constituting the discriminatory 99 housing practice that are the object of the charge are committed by the same natural person who has been 100 101 previously adjudged to have committed acts constituting 102 a discriminatory housing practice, then the civil penalties set forth in subparagraphs (B) and (C) may be 103 imposed without regard to the period of time within 104 105 which any subsequent discriminatory housing practice 106 occurred.
 - (4) No such order shall affect any contract, sale, encumbrance or lease consummated before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article.
 - (5) In the case of an order with respect to a discriminatory housing practice that occurred in the course of a business subject to licensing or regulation by a governmental agency, the commission shall, not later than thirty days after the date of the issuance of such

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- 117 order or, if such order is judicially reviewed, thirty days 118 after such order is in substance affirmed upon such 119 review: (A) Send copies of the findings of fact, conclu-120 sions of law and the order to that governmental agency: and (B) recommend to that governmental agency 121 122 appropriate disciplinary action, including, where 123 appropriate, the suspension or revocation of the license 124 of the respondent.
- 125 (6) In the case of an order against a respondent 126 against whom another order was issued within the 127 preceding five years under this section, the commission 128 shall send a copy of each such order to the attorney 129 general.
- 130 (7) If the administrative law judge finds that the 131 respondent has not engaged or is not about to engage 132 in a discriminatory housing practice, as the case may 133 be, such administrative law judge shall enter an order 134 dismissing the charge. The commission shall make 135 public disclosure of each such dismissal.
 - (h) (1) The commission may review any finding, conclusion or order issued under subsection (g) of this section. Such review shall be completed not later than thirty days after the finding, conclusion or order is so issued; otherwise the finding, conclusion or order becomes final.
 - (2) The commission shall cause the findings of fact and conclusions of law made with respect to any final order for relief under this section, together with a copy of such order, to be served on each aggrieved person and each respondent in the proceeding.
- (i) (1) Any party aggrieved by a final order for relief under this section granting or denying, in whole or in part, the relief sought may obtain a review of such order under section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 152 (2) Notwithstanding chapter twenty-nine-a of this 153 code, venue of the proceeding shall be in the judicial 154 circuit in which the discriminatory housing practice is 155 alleged to have occurred and filing of the petition for

- review shall be not later than thirty days after the order is entered.
- 158 (i) (1) The commission may petition the circuit court 159 in the circuit in which the discriminatory housing 160 practice is alleged to have occurred or in which any 161 respondent resides or transacts business for the enforce-162 ment of the order of the administrative law judge and 163 for appropriate temporary relief or injunctive relief by 164 filing in such court a written petition praying that such 165 order be enforced and for appropriate temporary relief 166 or injunctive relief.
- 167 (2) The commission shall file in court with the petition 168 the record in the proceeding. A copy of such petition 169 shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court 170 to the parties to the proceeding before the administra-171 tive law judge.
- (k) (1) Upon the filing of a petition under subsection (i) or (j) of this section, the court may:
- (A) Grant to the petitioner, or any other party, such temporary relief, injunction or other order as the court deems just and proper;
- (B) Affirm the order or decision of the administrative 177 178 law judge or remand the case for further proceedings. It shall reverse, vacate or modify the order or decision 179 of the administrative law judge if the substantial rights 180 of the parties have been prejudiced because the admi-181 nistrative findings, inferences, conclusions, decision or 182 183 order are: (i) In violation of constitutional or statutory 184 provisions; or (ii) in excess of the statutory authority or 185 jurisdiction of the commission; or (iii) made upon 186 unlawful procedures; or (iv) affected by other error of 187 law: or (v) clearly wrong in view of the reliable. 188 probative and substantial evidence on the whole record: 189 or (vi) arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse 190 of discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of discre-191 tion; and
- 192 (C) Enforce such order to the extent that such order 193 is affirmed or modified.
- 194 (2) Any party to the proceeding before the adminis-

195 trative law judge may intervene in the circuit court.

- (3) No objection not made before the administrative law judge shall be considered by the court, unless the failure or neglect to urge such objection is excused because of extraordinary circumstances.
- (4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of section one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- (1) If no petition for review is filed under subsection (i) of this section before the expiration of forty-five days after the date the administrative law judge's order is entered, the administrative law judge's findings of fact and order shall be conclusive in connection with any petition for enforcement: (1) Which is filed by the commission under subsection (i) of this section after the end of such day; or (2) under subsection (m) of this section.
 - (m) If before the expiration of sixty days after the date the administrative law judge's order is entered, no petition for review has been filed under subsection (i) of this section, and the commission has not sought enforcement of the order under subsection (j) of this section, any person entitled to relief under the order may petition for a decree enforcing the order in the circuit court for the circuit in which the discriminatory housing practice is alleged to have occurred.
 - (n) The judge of the circuit court in which a petition for enforcement is filed under subsection (l) or (m) of this section shall forthwith enter a decree enforcing the order and shall transmit a copy of such decree to the commission, the respondent named in the petition and to any other parties to the proceeding before the administrative law judge. The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals pursuant to section one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

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- 234 (o) (1) If an election is made under subsection (a) of 235 this section, the commission shall authorize, and not 236 later than thirty days after the election is made the 237 attorney general shall commence and maintain, a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved person in the approp-238 239 riate circuit court seeking relief under this subsection 240 Venue for such civil action shall be in the circuit court 241 in the county in which the alleged discriminatory 242 housing practice occurred.
 - (2) Any aggrieved person with respect to the issues to be determined in a civil action under this subsection may intervene as of right in that civil action.
- 246 (3) In a civil action under this subsection, if the court 247 finds that a discriminatory housing practice has 248 occurred or is about to occur, the court may grant as 249 relief any relief which a court could grant with respect 250 to such discriminatory housing practice in a civil action 251 under section fourteen of this article. Any relief so 252 granted that would accrue to an aggrieved person in a 253 civil action commenced by that aggrieved person under 254 said section shall also accrue to that aggrieved person 255 in a civil action under this subsection. If monetary relief 256 is sought for the benefit of an aggrieved person who does 257 not intervene in the civil action, the court shall not award such relief if that aggrieved person has not 258 259 complied with discovery orders entered by the court.
- 260 (p) In any administrative proceeding brought under 261 this section, or any court proceeding arising therefrom, 262 or any civil action under section fourteen of this article, 263 the administrative law judge or the court, as the case 264 may be, in its discretion, may allow a prevailing 265 complainant a reasonable attorney's fee and costs.

§5-11A-14. Enforcement by private persons; civil actions; appointed attorneys; remedies; bona fide purchasers; intervention by attorney general.

1 (a) (1) (A) An aggrieved person may commence a civil 2 action in an appropriate circuit court not later than two 3 years after the occurrence or the termination of an 4 alleged discriminatory housing practice, or the breach

of a conciliation agreement entered into under this article, whichever occurs last, to obtain appropriate relief with respect to such discriminatory housing practice or breach.

- (B) The computation of such two-year period shall not include any time during which an administrative proceeding under this article was pending with respect to a complaint or charge under this article based upon such discriminatory housing practice. This subparagraph does not apply to actions arising from a breach of a conciliation agreement.
- (2) An aggrieved person may commence a civil action under this subsection whether or not a complaint has been filed under subsection (a), section eleven of this article and without regard to the status of any such complaint, but if the commission has obtained a conciliation agreement with the consent of an aggrieved person, no action may be filed under this subsection by such aggrieved person with respect to the alleged discriminatory housing practice which forms the basis for such complaint except for the purpose of enforcing the terms of such an agreement.
- (3) An aggrieved person may not commence a civil action under this subsection with respect to an alleged discriminatory housing practice which forms the basis of a charge issued by the commission if an administrative law judge has commenced a hearing on the record under this article with respect to such charge.
- (b) Upon application by a person alleging a discriminatory housing practice, the court may: (1) Appoint an attorney for such person; or (2) authorize the commencement or continuation of a civil action under subsection (a) of this section without the payment of fees, costs or security, if in the opinion of the court such person is financially unable to bear the costs of such action.
- (c) (1) In a civil action under subsection (a) of this section, if the court finds that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the court may award to the complainant actual and punitive damages, and subject to subsection (d) of this section, may grant

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- as relief, as the court deems appropriate, any permanent or temporary injunction or other order, including an order enjoining the respondent from engaging in such practice or ordering such affirmative action as may be appropriate.
- 50 (2) In a civil action under subsection (a) of this section, 51 the court, in its discretion, may allow a prevailing 52 complainant a reasonable attorney's fee and costs.
 - (d) Relief granted under this section shall not affect any contract, sale, encumbrance or lease consummated before the granting of such relief and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the filing of a complaint with the commission or civil action under this section.
- (e) Upon timely application, the attorney general may intervene in such civil action, if the attorney general certifies that the case is of general public importance. Upon such intervention the attorney general may obtain such relief as would be available to the attorney general under subsection (d), section fifteen of this article in a civil action to which such section applies.

§5-11A-15. Enforcement by attorney general; pattern or practice cases; subpoena enforcement; remedies; intervention.

- (a) Whenever the attorney general has reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the full enjoyment of any of the rights granted by this article, or that any group of persons has been denied any of the rights granted by this article and such denial raises an issue of general public importance, the attorney general may commence a civil action in any appropriate circuit court.
 - (b) (1) The attorney general may commence a civil action in any appropriate circuit court for appropriate relief with respect to a discriminatory housing practice referred to the attorney general by the commission under subsection (f), section eleven of this article. A civil action under this paragraph may be commenced not

- later than the expiration of eighteen months after the date of the occurrence or the termination of the alleged discriminatory housing practice.
- (2) The attorney general may commence a civil action in any appropriate circuit court for appropriate relief with respect to breach of a conciliation agreement referred to the attorney general by the commission under subsection (c), section eleven of this article. A civil action may be commenced under this paragraph not later than the expiration of ninety days after the referral of the alleged breach under subsection (c). section eleven of this article.
 - (c) The attorney general, on behalf of the commission or other party at whose request a subpoena is issued under this article, may enforce such subpoena in appropriate proceedings in the circuit court for the circuit in which the person to whom the subpoena was addressed resides, was served or transacts business.
 - (d) (1) In a civil action under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the court:
 - (A) May award such preventive relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction or other order against the person responsible for a violation of this article as is necessary to assure the full enjoyment of the rights granted by this article;
 - (B) May award such other relief as the court deems appropriate, including monetary damages to persons aggrieved; and
 - (C) May, to vindicate the public interest, assess a civil penalty against the respondent: (i) In an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars for a first violation; and (ii) in an amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars for any subsequent violation.
 - (2) In a civil action under this section, the court, in its discretion, may allow a prevailing complainant a reasonable attorney's fee and costs.
- (e) Upon timely application, any person may intervene
 in a civil action commenced by the attorney general

- 54 under subsection (a) or (b) of this section which involves
- 55 an alleged discriminatory housing practice with respect
- 56 to which such person is an aggrieved person or a
- 57 conciliation agreement to which such person is a party.
- 58 The court may grant such appropriate relief to any such
- 59 intervening party as is authorized to be granted to a
- 60 complainant in a civil action under section fourteen of
- 61 this article.

§5-11A-16. Interference, coercion or intimidation; enforcement by civil action.

- 1 It shall be unlawful to coerce, intimidate, threaten or
- 2 interfere with any person in the exercise or enjoyment
- 3 of, or on account of his having exercised or enjoyed, or
- 4 on account of his having aided or encouraged any other
- 5 person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any right
- 6 granted or protected by section four, five, six or seven
- 7 of this article.

§5-11A-17. Cooperation with local agencies administering fair housing laws; utilization of services and personnel; reimbursement; written agreements; publication in state register.

- 1 The commission may cooperate with local agencies
- 2 charged with the administration of local fair housing
- 3 laws and, with the consent of such agencies, utilize the
- 4 services of such agencies and their employees and, to the
- 5 extent permitted by law, may reimburse such agencies
- 6 and their employees for services rendered to assist it in
- 7 carrying out this article. In furtherance of such
- 8 cooperative efforts, the commission may enter into
- 9 written agreements with such local agencies. All
- 10 agreements and terminations thereof shall be published
- 11 in the state register.

§5-11A-18. Effect on other laws.

- Nothing in this article shall be construed to invalidate
- 2 or limit any law of this state or of any political
- 3 subdivision of this state, that grants, guarantees or
- 4 protects the same rights as are granted by this article;
- 5 but any law of this state or any political subdivision
- 6 hereof that purports to require or permit any action that

- 7 would be a discriminatory housing practice under this
- 8 article shall to that extent be invalid.

§5-11A-19. Severability of provisions.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application
- 2 thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid,
- 3 the remainder of the article and the application of the
- 4 provision to other persons not similarly situated or to
- 5 other circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

§5-11A-20. Rules to implement article.

- 1 In consultation with other appropriate agencies, the
- 2 commission shall, not later than the one hundred
- 3 eightieth day after the date of the enactment of this
- 4 article, issue rules to implement it. Such rules may
- 5 include provision for the collection, maintenance and
- 6 analysis of appropriate data to carry out this article. The
- 7 commission shall comply with article three, chapter
- 3 twenty-nine-a of this code when promulgating rules.

CHAPTER 82

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4169—By Delegates J. Martin and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article one, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to accounting procedures involving service of process fees by sheriffs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article one, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

§59-1-14. Fees to be charged by sheriffs.

1 The county commission shall determine the amount

2 3	which the sheriff may charge, which charges shall not exceed the following:
4 5 6 7	For serving on any person an order, notice, summons or other process where the body is not taken, except a subpoena served on a witness, and making return thereof
8	For summoning a witness
9 10	For serving on any person an attachment or other process under which the body is taken
11 12	For levying an attachment on real estate and making the return 20.00
13	For making any other levy 20.00
14 15	For conveying a prisoner to or from jail, for each mile of necessary travel either in going or returning25
16	For taking any bond 1.00
17 18	When a jury is sworn in court, for summoning and impaneling such jury
19	For serving a writ of possession
20 21	For issuing receipt to purchaser at delinquent tax sale 1.00
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	The county commission, giving due regard to the cost thereof, may from time to time prescribe the amount which the sheriff may charge for keeping any property or in removing any property. When, after distraining or levying, he neither sells nor receives payment, and either takes no bond or takes one which is not forfeited, he shall, if guilty of no default, have (in addition to the one dollar for a bond, if one was taken) a fee of three dollars, unless this be more than half of what his commission would have amounted to if he had received payment; in which case he shall (whether a bond was taken or not) have a fee of one dollar at the least, and so much more as is necessary to make the said half of his commission. The commission to be included in a forthcoming bond (when one is taken) shall be five percent on the first three hundred dollars of the money for which the distress or levy is made, and two percent

39 on the residue of such money; but such commission shall 40 not be received, in whole or in part, except as hereinbefore provided, unless the bond be forfeited, or the 41 42 amount (including the commission) be paid to the 43 plaintiff. An officer receiving payment in money, or selling property, shall have the like commission of five 44 percent on the first three hundred dollars of the money 45 46 paid or proceeds from such sale, and two percent on the 47 residue, except that when such payment or sale is on an execution on a forthcoming bond, his commission shall 48 49 be only half what it would be if the execution were not 50 on such bond. Any amounts collected by the sheriff 51 pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a separate 52 account of the county general fund and used by the sheriff for the expenses of providing the services herein 53 described. Any surplus funds that remain in this 54 separate account on the last day of the fiscal year, and 55 56 have not been expended for the purposes herein described, shall revert to the county general fund. 57

CHAPTER 83

(H. B. 4598—By Delegates Murensky and M. Miller)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-seven, relating to the discretionary deposit in interest bearing accounts of moneys held by county officers; payment of interest to county general fund; annual report of deposits and interest payments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-seven, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

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§59-1-37. Deposits by county officers in interest bearing accounts; payment to county general fund; annual report.

1 Except as to any tax receipts, which shall be depos-2 ited in accordance with section four, article six, chapter 3 seven of this code, when any fee, cost, percentage, penalty, commission, allowance, bond, deposit, surety or 4 other cash payment or sum is to be held by the sheriff, 5 prosecuting attorney, county commission, clerk of the 6 7 county commission, clerk of the circuit court, or assessor 8 of any county under any provision of law or proper order of the circuit court, said officer may, at his or her sole 9 discretion, deposit same in an interest bearing account 10 or accounts in secure and properly insured banks. Any 11 interest earned on such accounts, and not otherwise 12 13 included in any refund, return or reimbursement of said fees, costs, penalties, commissions, allowances, bonds, 14 deposits, sureties or other cash payments or sums, as 15 directed by law or proper order of the circuit court. 16 shall be paid into the county's general fund on a regular 17 basis, but in no event less often than yearly. 18

All county officers shall report to the county commission by the first day of July each year concerning his or her election to use interest bearing accounts, amounts currently on deposit and interest actually earned on such accounts.

CHAPTER 84

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 128-By Senator Helmick)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eight-a and eight-b, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article seven-a, chapter eighteen of said code by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections twenty-six-j, twenty-six-k and twenty-six-l; and to amend article three, chapter thirty-three of said

code by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-three, relating to fire and casualty insurance; volunteer fire department fees; imposing a fire protection surcharge on fire insurance and casualty insurance policies to provide additional revenue to volunteer and part volunteer fire departments, certain retired teachers and the teachers retirement reserve fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eight-a and eight-b, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that article seven-a, chapter eighteen of said code be amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections twenty-six-j, twenty-six-k and twenty-six-l; and that article three, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-three, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 18. Education.
- 33. Insurance.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 15. FIRE FIGHTING; FIRE COMPANIES AND DEPARTMENTS; CIVIL SERVICE FOR PAID FIRE DEPARTMENTS.

- §8-15-8a. Eligibility for allocation from municipal pensions and protection fund and the fire protection fund.
- §8-15-8b. Authorized expenditures of revenues from the municipal pensions and protection fund and the fire protection fund.

§8-15-8a. Eligibility for allocation from municipal pensions and protection fund and the fire protection fund.

- 1 In order to be eligible to receive revenues allocated
- 2 from the municipal pensions and protection fund or the
- 3 fire protection fund, each volunteer or part volunteer
- 4 fire company or department must meet the require-
- 5 ments listed in subdivisions (a) through (c) of this
- 6 section.
- 7 Each volunteer or part volunteer fire company or

and

- 8 department must:
- 9 (a) Submit and maintain current submission of fire loss data to the state fire marshal, including verification, by notarized statement, if no fire loss has occurred;
- 12 (b) Complete or be in the process of receiving firefighters training, including section one of the West 13 Virginia university fire service extension or its equival-14 15 ent. Such fire company or department must have at 16 least ten members certified as having completed such 17 training or if a volunteer fire company or department 18 has twenty or fewer members, fifty percent of the active 19 volunteer members must have completed such training;
- 21 (c) Comply with all applicable federal and state laws.

§8-15-8b. Authorized expenditures of revenues from the municipal pensions and protection fund and the fire protection fund.

Revenues allocated to volunteer and part volunteer fire companies and departments may be expended only for the items listed in subdivisions (a) through (g) of this section. Such expenditures may be made for the following:

- 6 (a) Personal protective equipment, including protec-7 tive head gear, bunker coats, pants, boots, combination 8 of bunker pants and boots, coats and gloves;
- 9 (b) Equipment for compliance with the national fire 10 protection standard or automotive fire apparatus, 11 NFPA-1901;
- 12 (c) Compliance with insurance service office recom-13 mendations relating to fire departments;
- (d) Rescue equipment, communications equipment and ambulance equipment: *Provided*, That no moneys received from the municipal pensions and protection fund or the fire protection fund may be used for equipment for personal vehicles owned or operated by volunteer fire company or department members;
- 20 (e) Capital improvements reasonably required for

- 21 effective and efficient fire protection service and
- 22 maintenance thereof;
- 23 (f) Retirement of debts; and
- 24 (g) Payment of utility bills.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

- §18-7A-26j. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired prior to July 1, 1981.
- §18-7A-26k. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired between July 1, 1981, and July 1, 1982.
- §18-7A-26l. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired prior to July 1, 1982.

§18-7A-26j. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired prior to July 1, 1981.

- 1 As an additional supplement to other retirement
- 2 allowances provided, each annuitant whose annuity was
- 3 approved by the retirement board prior to the first day
- 4 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, and such
- 5 annuitant is not receiving supplemental benefits pursu-
- 6 ant to section twenty-six-i of this article, shall receive 7 a monthly amount equal to one dollar and twenty-five
- 8 cents multiplied by his or her total service credit.

§18-7A-26k. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired between July 1, 1981, and July 1, 1982.

- 1 As an additional supplement to other retirement
- 2 allowances provided, each annuitant who retired
- 3 between the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 4 eighty-one, and the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 5 hundred eighty-two, shall receive a monthly amount
- 6 equal to two dollars multiplied by his or her total service
- 7 credit.

§18-7A-26l. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired prior to July 1, 1982.

- 1 As an additional supplement to other retirement
- 2 allowances provided, each annuitant whose annuity was
- 3 approved by the retirement board prior to the first day

- 4 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and
- 5 whose benefits were increased in the year one thousand
- 6 nine hundred ninety, pursuant to the provisions of
- 7 section twenty-six-i of this article, shall receive a
- 8 monthly amount equal to fifty cents multiplied by his
- 9 or her total service credit.

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CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

§33-3-33. Surcharge on fire and casualty insurance policies to benefit volunteer and part volunteer fire departments; special fund created; allocation of proceeds; effective date.

(a) For the purpose of providing additional revenue 1 2 for volunteer and part volunteer fire departments. 3 certain retired teachers and the teachers retirement 4 reserve fund, there is hereby authorized and imposed on 5 and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 6 hundred ninety-two, on the policyholder of any fire and casualty insurance policy, a policy surcharge equal to 7 one percent of gross direct premium paid by the 8 policyholder for each such policy. For purposes of this 9 section, casualty insurance shall not include insurance 10 11 on the life of a debtor pursuant to or in connection with a specific loan or other credit transaction or insurance 12 on a debtor to provide indemnity for payments becoming 13 due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while 14 the debtor is disabled as defined in the policy. The policy 15 16 surcharge shall not be subject to premium taxes, agent 17 commissions or any other assessment against premiums.

The policy surcharge shall be collected and remitted by the insurer to the commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner on a quarterly basis and are due on the twenty-fifth day of the month succeeding the end of the quarter in which they are collected except for the fourth quarter for which the surcharge shall be due and payable on or before the first day of March of the succeeding year. All forms required by the commissioner shall be submitted under the oath of the president and secretary of the insurer.

Any insurer failing or refusing to collect and remit to the commissioner any policy surcharge and whose surcharge payments are not postmarked by the due dates for quarterly filing is liable for a civil penalty of up to one hundred dollars for each day of delinquency, to be assessed by the commissioner. The commissioner may suspend the insurer until all surcharge payments and penalties, should any penalty be imposed, are remitted in full to the commissioner.

All money from the policy surcharge shall be collected by the commissioner and he or she shall disburse the money received from the surcharge as follows:

- (1) Fifty percent of the moneys collected shall be paid into a special account in the state treasury, designated the fire protection fund. The net proceeds of this portion of the tax after appropriation by the Legislature shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section.
- (2) The remaining fifty percent of the moneys collected shall be transferred to the teachers retirement system to be disbursed according to the provisions of sections twenty-six-j, twenty-six-k and twenty-six-l, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code. Any balance remaining after the disbursements authorized by this subdivision have been paid shall be paid by the teachers retirement system reserve fund.
- (b) Before the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and before the first day of September of each calendar year thereafter, the state treasurer shall allocate and authorize for distribution the revenues in the fire protection fund that were collected during the preceding calendar year, and the interest earned thereon.
- (c) Each volunteer fire company or department shall receive on an equal share basis the revenues allocated for volunteer and part volunteer fire companies and departments under subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section.

(d) The allocation, distribution and use of revenues 68 provided in the fire protection fund are subject to the 69 provisions of sections eight-a and eight-b, article fifteen. 70 chapter eight of this code.

CHAPTER 85

(H. B. 4433—By Delegates Damron and P. White)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one. chapter twenty-nine-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven, relating to the freedom of information act: establishing requirements for fulfilling requests for records existing in magnetic, electronic or computer form; and authorizing recovery of attorney fees and costs by any person who prevails in a suit brought under the act for denial of access to public records.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. PUBLIC RECORDS.

§29B-1-3. Inspection and copying.

§29B-1-7. Attorney fees and costs.

§29B-1-3. Inspection and copying.

- 1 (1) Every person has a right to inspect or copy any
- 2 public record of a public body in this state, except as
- otherwise expressly provided by section four of this
- 4 article.
- 5 (2) A request to inspect or copy any public record of

a public body shall be made directly to the custodian of such public record.

- (3) The custodian of any public records, unless otherwise expressly provided by statute, shall furnish proper and reasonable opportunities for inspection and examination of the records in his or her office and reasonable facilities for making memoranda or abstracts therefrom, during the usual business hours, to all persons having occasion to make examination of them. The custodian of the records may make reasonable rules and regulations necessary for the protection of the records and to prevent interference with the regular discharge of his or her duties. If the records requested exist in magnetic, electronic or computer form, the custodian of the records shall make such copies available on magnetic or electronic media, if so requested.
- (4) All requests for information must state with reasonable specificity the information sought. The custodian, upon demand for records made under this statute, shall as soon as is practicable but within a maximum of five days not including Saturdays, Sundays or legal holidays:
- 28 (a) Furnish copies of the requested information;
 - (b) Advise the person making the request of the time and place at which he or she may inspect and copy the materials; or
 - (c) Deny the request stating in writing the reasons for such denial.

Such a denial shall indicate that the responsibility of the custodian of any public records or public body to produce the requested records or documents is at an end, and shall afford the person requesting them the opportunity to institute proceedings for injunctive or declaratory relief in the circuit court in the county where the public record is kept.

(5) The public body may establish fees reasonably calculated to reimburse it for its actual cost in making reproductions of such records.

§29B-1-7. Attorney fees and costs.

- 1 Any person who is denied access to public records
- 2 requested pursuant to this article and who successfully
- 3 brings a suit filed pursuant to section five of this article
- 4 shall be entitled to recover his or her attorney fees and
- 5 court costs from the public body that denied him or her
- 6 access to the records

CHAPTER 86

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4224—By Delegates Grubb and Manuel)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-a, relating to referendum prior to the siting of any commercial hazardous waste management facility or of any hazardous waste management facility which disposes of greater than ten thousand tons of hazardous waste per annum on site within this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10A. HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITY SITING APPROVAL.

§20-10A-1. Legislative purpose.

§20-10A-2. Definitions.

§20-10A-3. Procedure for public participation.

§20-10A-1. Legislative purpose.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to provide the opportun-
- 2 ity for public participation in the decision to locate
- 3 commercial hazardous waste management facilities and
- 4 to locate any hazardous waste management facility
- 5 which disposes of greater than ten thousand tons of

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6 hazardous waste per annum in West Virginia.

§20-10A-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article the terms:
- 3 (a) "Board" means the commercial hazardous waste 4 management facility siting board established pursuant 5 to section three, article ten of this chapter;
- 6 (b) "Commercial hazardous waste management facil-7 ity" means any hazardous waste treatment, storage or 8 disposal facility which accepts hazardous waste, as 9 identified or listed by the director of the division of natural resources under article five-e of this chapter. 10 11 generated by sources other than the owner or operator 12 of the facility and shall not include an approved 13 hazardous waste facility owned and operated by a 14 person for the sole purpose of disposing of hazardous 15 wastes created by that person or such person and other 16 persons on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis;
 - (c) "Hazardous waste management facility" means any facility including land and structures, appurtenances, improvements and equipment used for the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous wastes, which accepts hazardous waste for storage, treatment or disposal. For the purposes of this article, it does not include: (i) Facilities for the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous wastes used principally as fuels in an on-site production process; or (ii) facilities used exclusively for the pretreatment of wastes discharged directly to a publicly owned sewage treatment works. A facility may consist of one or more treatment, storage or disposal operational units.
- 30 (d) "On site" means the location for disposal of 31 hazardous waste including the hazardous waste generated at the location of disposal or generated at some 33 location other than the location of disposal.

§20-10A-3. Procedure for public participation.

1 (a) From and after the effective date of this article, 2 in order to obtain approval to locate either a commercial

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- 3 hazardous waste management facility or a hazardous 4 waste management facility which disposes of greater 5 than ten thousand tons per annum on site in this state, 6 an applicant shall:
 - (1) File a pre-siting notice with the county or counties in which the facility is to be located or proposed. Such notice shall be submitted on forms prescribed by the commercial hazardous waste management facility siting board;
- 12 (2) File a pre-siting notice with the commercial hazardous waste management facility siting board; and
 - (3) File a pre-siting notice with the division of natural resources.
 - (b) If a pre-siting notice is filed in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, the county commission shall publish a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fiftynine of this code, in a newspaper of general circulation in the counties wherein the hazardous waste management facility is to be located. Upon an affirmative vote of the majority of the county commissioners or upon the written petition of registered voters residing in the county equal to not less than fifteen percent of the number of votes cast within the county for governor at the preceding gubernatorial election, which petition shall be filed with the county commission within sixty days after the last date of publication of the notice provided in this section, the county commission shall, upon verification of the required number of signatures on the petition, and not less than fifty-six days before the election, order a referendum be placed upon the ballot: Provided, That such a referendum shall not be required for a hazardous waste management facility for which at least ninety percent of the capacity is designated for hazardous waste generated at the site of disposal. Any referendum conducted pursuant to this section shall be held at the next primary, general or other countywide election.
 - (1) Such referendum will be to determine whether it is the will of the voters of the county that a commercial

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choice.)"

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43 hazardous waste management facility be located in the county or that a hazardous waste management facility 44 disposing of greater than ten thousand tons of hazardous 45 46 waste per annum on site be located in the county. Any 47 election at which such question of locating a hazardous 48 waste management facility is voted upon shall be held at the voting precincts established for holding primary 49 or general elections. All of the provisions of the general 50 election laws, when not in conflict with the provisions 51 52 of this article, shall apply to voting and elections 53 hereunder, insofar as practicable. The secretary of state 54 shall prescribe the form of the petition which shall 55 include the printed name, address and date of birth of 56 each person whose signature appears on the petition.

(2) The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting machines are used, shall have printed thereon substantially the following depending upon the type of facility to be located with the county:

"Shall a commercial hazardous waste management

32	facility be located within County,
33	West Virginia?
34	☐ For the facility
35	Against the facility
36	(Place a cross mark in the square opposite your
37	choice.)" or,
38	"Shall a hazardous waste management facility
39	disposing of greater than ten thousand tons per annum
70	on site be located within County, West
71	Virginia?
72	For the facility
73	Against the facility
74	(Place a cross mark in the square opposite your

(3) If a majority of the legal votes cast upon the question be against the facility, then the county commission shall notify the division of natural resources and the commercial hazardous waste management

80 facility siting board, in the case of a commercial facility. of the result and the commercial hazardous waste 81 82 management facility siting board or division of natural resources, as the case may be, shall not proceed any 83 84 further with the application. If a majority of the legal 85 votes cast upon the question be for the facility, then the application process as set forth in article five-e of this 86 chapter and article ten of this chapter, in the case of a 87 commercial hazardous waste management facility, may 88 proceed: Provided, That such vote shall not be binding 89 90 on nor require the commercial hazardous waste management facility siting board to grant a certificate of 91 site approval or the division of natural resources to issue 92 the permit, as the case may be. If the majority of the 93 legal votes cast be against the question, the question 94 may be submitted to a vote at any subsequent election 95 in the manner herein specified: Provided, however, That 96 the question may not be resubmitted to a vote until two 97 98 years after the date of the previous referendum.

CHAPTER 87

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4123—By Delegates Roop and Reed)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the authority of the secretary of the department of health and human resources to promulgate rules regulating the health and sanitary conditions of bed and breakfast inns and exempting certain bed and breakfast inns from certain food service requirements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. STATE BUREAU OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

§16-1-7. Promulgation of rules and regulations; references to board to mean secretary of department of health and human resources.

1 The secretary of the department of health and human 2 resources shall have the power to promulgate such rules 3 and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of the code, as are necessary and 4 proper to effectuate the purposes of this chapter and 5 6 prevent the circumvention and evasion thereof: Pro-7 vided. That no rules or regulations shall be promulgated 8 or enforced restricting the subdivision or development of any parcel of land within which the individual tracts. 9 lots or parcels exceed two acres each in total surface 10 11 area and which individual tracts, lots or parcels have an average frontage of not less than one hundred fifty 12 13 feet even though the total surface area of said tract, lot or parcel equals or exceeds two acres in total surface 14 15 area, and which tracts are sold, leased or utilized only as single family dwelling units. The provisions next 16 17 above notwithstanding, nothing in this section shall be 18 construed to abate the authority of the department of 19 health and human resources to: (1) Restrict the subdi-20 vision or development of such tract for any more intense or higher density occupancy than such single family 21 dwelling unit: (2) promulgate and enforce rules and 22 23 regulations applicable to single family dwelling units for single family dwelling unit sanitary sewerage 24 disposal systems; or (3) restrict any subdivision or 25 development which might endanger the public health, 26 the sanitary condition of streams, or sources of water 27 supply. The secretary shall have the power to appoint 28 or designate advisory councils of professionals in the 29 areas of hospitals, nursing homes, barbers and beauti-30 cians, postmortem examinations, mental health and 31 mental retardation centers and such other areas as it 32 deems necessary to advise the secretary on rules and 33 regulations. Such rules and regulations shall include, 34 but not be limited to, the regulation of: 35

(1) The sanitary condition of all institutions and schools, whether public or private, public conveyances, dairies, slaughterhouses, workshops, factories, labor

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camps, all other places open to the general public and inviting public patronage or public assembly, or tendering to the public any item for human consumption, and places where trades or industries are conducted:

- (2) Occupational and industrial health hazards, the sanitary conditions of streams, sources of water supply, sewerage facilities and plumbing systems, and the qualifications of personnel connected with any of such facilities, without regard to whether such supplies or systems are publicly or privately owned; and the design of all water systems, plumbing systems, sewerage systems, sewage treatment plants, excreta disposal methods, swimming pools in this state, whether publicly or privately owned;
- (3) Food and drug standards, including cleanliness, proscription of additives, proscription of sale, and other requirements in accordance with article seven of this chapter, as are necessary to protect the health of the citizens of this state;
- (4) The training and examination requirements for emergency medical service attendants and mobile intensive care paramedics; the designation of the health care facilities, health care services, and the industries and occupations in the state which must have emergency medical service attendants and mobile intensive care paramedics employed, and the availability, communications, and equipment requirements with respect thereto;
- 67 (5) The collection of data on health status, the health system and the costs of health care;
 - (6) Other health-related matters which the department of health is authorized to supervise, and for which the rule-making authority has not been otherwise assigned;
 - (7) The health and sanitary conditions of establishments commonly referred to as bed and breakfast inns. For purposes of this section, "bed and breakfast inn" means an establishment providing sleeping accommodations and, at a minimum, a breakfast for a fee: *Provided*,

That the secretary may not require an owner of a bed 78 79 and breakfast providing sleeping accommodations of six or fewer rooms to install a restaurant style or commer-80 cial food service facility: Provided, however, That the 81 82 secretary may not require an owner of a bed and breakfast providing sleeping accommodations of more 83 84 than six rooms to install a restaurant-type or commer-85 cial food service facility if the entire bed and breakfast inn or those rooms numbering above six are used on an 86 aggregate of two weeks or less per year. 87

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, whenever in this code there is a reference to the state board of health, it shall be construed to mean and shall be a reference to the secretary of the state department of health and human resources.

CHAPTER 88

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4048—By Delegates Mezzatesta and D. Miller)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to removing the requirement for the securing of performance bonds for the installation, operation and maintenance of certain septic systems, sewage treatment plants, or other sewage disposal systems.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section nine, article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. STATE BUREAU OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

Supervision over local sanitation. **§16-1-9**.

- No person, firm, company, corporation, institution or 1 association, whether public or private, county or
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- municipal, shall install or establish any system or 3

method of drainage, water supply, or sewage or excreta disposal without first obtaining a written permit to install or establish such system or method from the commissioner of the bureau of public health or his or her authorized representative. All such systems or methods shall be installed or established in accordance with plans, specifications and instructions issued by the commissioner or which have been approved in writing by the commissioner or his or her authorized representative.

Whenever the commissioner of the bureau of public health or his or her authorized representative finds upon investigation that any system or method of drainage, water supply, or sewage or excreta disposal, whether publicly or privately owned, has not been installed in accordance with plans, specifications and instructions issued by the commissioner approved in writing by the commissioner or his or her duly authorized representative, the commissioner or his or her duly authorized representative may issue an order requiring the owner of such system or method to make alterations as may be necessary to correct the improper condition. Such alterations shall be made within a reasonable time which shall not exceed thirty days, unless a time extension is authorized by the commissioner or his or her duly authorized representative.

The presence of sewage or excreta being disposed of in a manner not approved by the commissioner of the bureau of public health or his or her authorized representative shall constitute prima facie evidence of the existence of a condition endangering public health.

The personnel of the bureau of public health shall be available to consult and advise with any person, firm, company, corporation, institution or association, whether publicly or privately owned, county or municipal, or public service authority, as to the most appropriate design, method of operation or alteration of any such system or method.

Any person, firm, company, corporation, institution or association, whether public or private, county or

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municipal, who shall violate any provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. The continued failure or refusal of such convicted person, firm, company, corporation, institution or association, whether public or private, county or municipal, to make the alterations necessary to protect the public health required by the commissioner of the bureau of public health or his or her duly authorized representative shall constitute a separate, distinct and additional offense for each twenty-four hour period of such failure or refusal, and, upon conviction thereof, the violator shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each such conviction: Provided, That none of the provisions contained in this section shall apply to those commercial or industrial wastes which are subject to the regulatory control of the West Virginia division of natural resources or the West Virginia air pollution control commission.

Magistrates shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts of this state for violations of any provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 89

(S. B. 88—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 29, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section two, article five-f of said chapter, relating to encouraging the creation of primary care services by exempting certain primary care services and low-risk birthing centers from certificate of need review; allowing hospitals designated as rural primary care hospitals to be exempted from certificate

of need review for license restoration upon rejection of such designation within two years; and defining financial disclosure requirements for primary care centers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article five-f of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

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- 2D. Certificate of Need.
- 5F. Health Care Financial Disclosure.

ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

§16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program.

- (a) Except as provided in subdivision (h), section three of this article, nothing in this article or the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of this article may be construed to authorize the licensure, supervision, regulation or control in any manner of the following:
- (1) Private office practice of any one or more health 7 professionals licensed to practice in this state pursuant 8 to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided, 9 That such exemption from review of private office 10 practice shall not be construed to include such practices 11 where major medical equipment otherwise subject to 12 review under the provisions of this article is acquired, 13 offered or developed: Provided, however, That such 14 15 exemption from review of private office practice shall 16 not be construed to include the acquisition, offering or 17 development of one or more health services, including 18 ambulatory surgical facilities or centers, lithotripsy. 19 magnetic resonance imaging and radiation therapy by 20 one or more health professionals. The state agency shall 21 adopt rules pursuant to section eight of this article which specify the health services acquired, offered or 22 developed by health professionals which are subject to 23 24 certificate of need review:
 - (2) Dispensaries and first-aid stations located within

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- business or industrial establishments maintained solely for the use of employees: *Provided*, That such facility does not contain inpatient or resident beds for patients or employees who generally remain in the facility for more than twenty-four hours;
 - (3) Establishments, such as motels, hotels and boardinghouses, which provide medical, nursing personnel and health related services;
 - (4) The remedial care or treatment of residents or patients in any home or institution conducted only for those who rely solely upon treatment by prayer or spiritual means in accordance with the creed or tenets of any recognized church or religious denomination;
 - (5) The creation of new primary care services located in communities that are underserved with respect to primary care services: Provided, That to qualify for this exemption, an applicant must be a community-based nonprofit organization with a community board that provides or will provide primary care services to people without regard to ability to pay: Provided, however, That the exemption from certificate of need review of new primary care services provided by this subdivision shall not include the acquisition, offering or development of major medical equipment otherwise subject to review under the provisions of this article or to include the acquisition, offering or development of CT scanners, ambulatory surgical facilities, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging or radiation therapy. The office of community and rural health services shall define which services constitute primary care services for purposes of this subdivision, and shall, to prevent duplication of primary care services, determine whether a community is underserved with respect to certain primary care services within the meaning of this subdivision. Any organization planning to qualify for an exemption pursuant to this subdivision shall submit to the state agency a letter of intent describing the proposed new services and area of service; and
 - (6) The creation of birthing centers by nonprofit primary care centers that have a community board and

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provide primary care services to people in their community without regard to ability to pay, or by nonprofit hospitals with less than one hundred licensed acute care beds: Provided, That to qualify for this exemption, an applicant must be located in an area that is underserved with respect to low-risk obstetrical services: Provided, however, That if a primary care center attempting to qualify for this exemption is located in the same county as a hospital that is also eligible for this exemption, or if a hospital attempting to qualify for this exemption is located in the same county as a primary care center that is also eligible for this exemption, then at least one primary care center and at least one hospital from said county shall be required to collaborate for the provision of services at a birthing center in order to qualify for this exemption: Provided further, That for purposes of this subsection, a "birthing center" is a short-stay ambulatory health care facility designed for low-risk births following normal uncomplicated pregnancy. Any primary care center or hospital planning to qualify for an exemption pursuant to this subdivision shall submit to the state agency a letter of intent describing the proposed birthing center and area of service.

- (b) (1) A certificate of need is not required for the offering of an inpatient institutional health service or the acquisition of major medical equipment for the provision of an inpatient institutional health service or the obligation of a capital expenditure for the provisions of an inpatient institutional health service, if with respect to such offering, acquisition or obligation, the state agency has, upon application under subdivision (2) of this subsection, granted an exemption to:
- (A) A health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations if: (i) The organization or combination of organizations has, in the service area of the organization or the service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals; (ii) the facility in which the service will be provided is or will be geographically located so that the service will be

reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals; and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the institutional health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization or organizations in the combination;

- (B) A health care facility if: (i) The facility primarily provides or will provide inpatient health services; (ii) the facility is or will be controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations which has, in the service area of the organization or service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals; (iii) the facility is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals; and (iv) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the institutional health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization or organizations in the combination; or
- (C) A health care facility, or portion thereof, if: (i) The facility is or will be leased by a health maintenance organization or combination of health maintenance organizations which has, in the service area of the organization or the service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals and on the date the application is submitted under subdivision (2) of this subsection, at least fifteen years remain in the term of the lease; (ii) the facility is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals; and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the new institutional health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization.
- (2) (A) A health maintenance organization, combination of health maintenance organizations or other health care facility is not exempt under subdivision (1) of this subsection from obtaining a certificate of need unless:
- (i) It has submitted, at such time and in such form and manner as the state agency shall prescribe, an

- 147 application for such exemption to the state agency;
- (ii) The application contains such information respecting the organization, combination or facility and the proposed offering, acquisition or obligation as the state agency may require to determine if the organization or combination meets the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection or the facility meets or will meet such requirements; and
 - (iii) The state agency approves such application.

- (B) The state agency shall approve an application submitted under paragraph (A) of this subdivision, if it determines that the applicable requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection are met or will be met on the date the proposed activity for which an exemption was requested will be undertaken.
- (3) A health care facility, or any part thereof, or medical equipment with respect to which an exemption was granted under subdivision (1) of this subsection, may not be sold or leased and a controlling interest in such facility or equipment or in a lease of such facility or equipment may not be acquired and a health care facility described in paragraph (C) of said subdivision, which was granted an exemption under said subdivision, may not be used by any person other than the lessee described in paragraph (C) of said subdivision, unless:
- (A) The state agency issues a certificate of need approving the sale, lease, acquisition or use; or
 - (B) The state agency determines, upon application, that the entity to which the facility or equipment is proposed to be sold or leased, which intends to acquire the controlling interest in or to use the facility is:
- (i) A health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations which meets the enrollment requirements of subparagraph (i), paragraph (A), subdivision (1) of this subsection, and with respect to such facility or equipment, the entity meets the accessibility and patient enrollment requirements of subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of said paragraph; or

(ii) A health care facility which meets the inpatient, enrollment and accessibility requirements of subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii), paragraph (B), subdivision (1) of this subsection and with respect to its patients meets the enrollment requirements of subparagraph (iv) of said paragraph (B).

- (4) In the case of a health maintenance organization or an ambulatory care facility or health care facility which ambulatory or health care facility is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations, the certificate of need requirements apply only to the offering of inpatient institutional health services, the acquisition of major medical equipment, and the obligation of capital expenditures for the offering of inpatient institutional health services and then only to the extent that such offering, acquisition or obligation is not exempt under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (5) The state agency shall establish the period within which approval or disapproval by the state agency of applications for exemptions under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be made.
- (c) (1) A health care facility is not required to obtain a certificate of need for the acquisition of major medical equipment to be used solely for research, the addition of health services to be offered solely for research, or the obligation of a capital expenditure to be made solely for research if the health care facility provides the notice required in subdivision (2) of this subsection, and the state agency does not find, within sixty days after it receives such notice, that the acquisition, offering or obligation will, or will have the effect to:
- (A) Affect the charges of the facility for the provision of medical or other patient care services other than the services which are included in the research;
- (B) Result in a substantial change to the bed capacity of the facility; or
- (C) Result in a substantial change to the health services of the facility.

- (2) Before a health care facility acquires major medical equipment to be used solely for research, offers a health service solely for research or obligates a capital expenditure solely for research, such health care facility shall notify in writing the state agency of such facility's intent and the use to be made of such medical equipment, health service or capital expenditure.
- (3) If major medical equipment is acquired, a health service is offered or a capital expenditure is obligated and a certificate of need is not required for such acquisition, offering or obligation as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, such equipment or service or equipment or facilities acquired through the obligation of such capital expenditure may not be used in such a manner as to have the effect or to make a change described in paragraphs (A), (B) and (C) of said subdivision unless the state agency issues a certificate of need approving such use.
- (4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "solely for research" includes patient care provided on an occasional and irregular basis and not as part of a research program.
- (d) (1) The state agency may adopt regulations pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under which a certificate of need may not be required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase or under lease or comparable arrangement, an existing health care facility: *Provided*, That a certificate of need shall be required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase or under lease or comparable arrangement, an existing health care facility if:
- (A) The notice required by subdivision (2) of this subsection is not filed in accordance with that subdivision with respect to such acquisition; or
- (B) The state agency finds, within thirty days after the date it receives a notice in accordance with subdivision (2) of this subsection, with respect to such acquisition, that the services or bed capacity of the facility will be changed by reason of said acquisition.

(2) Before any person enters into a contractual arrangement to acquire an existing health care facility, such person shall notify the state agency of his or her intent to acquire the facility and of the services to be offered in the facility and its bed capacity. Such notice shall be made in writing and shall be made at least thirty days before contractual arrangements are entered into to acquire the facility with respect to which the notice is given. The notice shall contain all information the state agency requires in accordance with subsections (e) and (s), section seven of this article.

(e) The state agency shall adopt regulations, pursuant to section eight of this article, wherein criteria are established to exempt from review the addition of certain health services, not associated with a capital expenditure, that are projected to entail annual operating costs of less than the expenditure minimum for annual operating costs. For purposes of this subsection, "expenditure minimum for annual operating costs" means three hundred thousand dollars for the first twelve months following the effective date of this section and for each twelve-month period thereafter, the state agency may, by regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article, adjust the expenditure minimum for annual operating costs to reflect the impact of inflation.

(f) The state agency shall adopt rules within ninety days of the effective date of the amendment of this section in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under which and the procedures by which a certificate of need may not be required for shared services between two or more acute care facilities providing services made available through existing technology that can reasonably be mobile. The state agency shall specify the types of items in the regulations and under what circumstances mobile MRI and mobile lithotripsy may be so exempted from review. In no case, however, will mobile cardiac catheterization be exempted from certificate of need review. In addition, if the shared services mobile unit proves less

cost effective than a fixed unit, the acute care facility will not be exempted from certificate of need review.

On a yearly basis, the state agency shall review existing technologies to determine if other shared services should be included under this exemption.

(g) This subsection applies only to hospitals designated as rural primary care hospitals by West Virginia office of rural health policy in conformance with requirements of the health care financing administration of the federal department of health and human services under Section 1920 of Public Law 101-239, Section 6000(g) of the federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989.

A hospital, designated as a rural primary care hospital, in accordance with final rules issued by the health care financing administration, shall undergo a reduction in its number of licensed acute care beds as determined by the office of rural health policy.

The office of rural health policy shall notify the health care cost review authority of such designation including the number of staffed and operated beds immediately prior to designation and the number of acute care beds certified by the health care financing administration.

A rural primary care hospital may reject this designation any time within twenty-four calendar months, beginning from the date of designation by the office of rural health policy. If a hospital chooses to reject this designation, it may do so upon written notification to the office of rural health policy and the health care cost review authority. If such designation is rejected by a rural primary care hospital, license restoration, not to exceed the number of acute care beds staffed and operated by the hospital immediately prior to receiving designation as a rural primary care hospital, shall be exempt from the certificate of need program review.

Within twenty-five months from designating rural primary care hospitals, the office of rural health policy shall notify the health care cost review authority of the status of the designated hospitals including the number of licensed beds.

The state agency shall promulgate rules within ninety days of the effective date of this amendment in order to carry out the purpose of this subsection.

ARTICLE 5F. HEALTH CARE FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

§16-5F-2. Definitions.

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- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Annual report" means an annual financial report
 3 for the covered facility's or related organization's fiscal
 4 year prepared by an accountant or the covered facility's
 5 or related organization's auditor.
- 6 (2) "Board" means the West Virginia health care cost review authority.
- (3) "Covered facility" means any hospital, skilled 8 nursing facility, kidney disease treatment center, 9 10 including a free-standing hemodialysis unit; interme-11 diate care facility; ambulatory health care facility; 12 ambulatory surgical facility; home health agency; 13 rehabilitation facility; health maintenance organization; 14 or community mental health or mental retardation 15 facility, whether under public or private ownership or 16 as a profit or nonprofit organization and whether or not licensed or required to be licensed in whole or in part 17 18 by the state: Provided. That nonprofit, community-based 19 primary care centers providing primary care services 20 without regard to ability to pay who provide the board 21 with a year-end audited financial statement prepared in 22 accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and with governmental auditing standards issued by the 23 comptroller general of the United States shall be 24 deemed to have complied with the disclosure require-25 ments of this section. 26
 - (4) "Related organization" means an organization, whether publicly owned, nonprofit, tax-exempt or for profit, related to a covered facility through common membership, governing bodies, trustees, officers, stock ownership, family members, partners or limited

- 32 partners, including, but not limited to, subsidiaries.
- 33 foundations, related corporations and joint ventures. For
- 34 the purposes of this subdivision "family members" shall
- 35 mean brothers and sisters whether by the whole or half
- 36 blood, spouse, ancestors and lineal descendents.
- 37 (5) "Rates" means all rates, fees or charges imposed by any covered facility for health care services.
- 39 (6) "Records" includes accounts, books, charts, 40 contracts, documents, files, maps, papers, profiles,
- 41 reports, annual and otherwise, schedules and any other
- 42 fiscal data, however recorded or stored.

CHAPTER 90

(H. B. 4736—By Delegates J. Martin and Taylor)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to rural primary care hospitals and conversion of acute care beds to skilled nursing and intermediate care beds; requirements of a previously constructed unit and affiliation with college or university to provide clinical training; correcting reference; moratorium exemption for certain ICF/MR beds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

§16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state health planning and development agency.

- (a) The state agency is hereby empowered to admin-
- 2 ister the certificate of need program as provided by this
- 3 article.

- (b) The state agency shall cooperate with the health care planning commission in developing rules and regulations for the certificate of need program to the extent appropriate for the achievement of efficiency in their reviews and consistency in criteria for such reviews.
- (c) The state agency may seek advice and assistance of other persons, organizations, and other state agencies in the performance of the state agency's responsibilities under this article.
- (d) For health services for which competition appropriately allocates supply consistent with the state health plan, the state agency shall, in the performance of its functions under this article, give priority, where appropriate to advance the purposes of quality assurance, cost effectiveness and access, to actions which would strengthen the effect of competition on the supply of such services.
- (e) For health services for which competition does not or will not appropriately allocate supply consistent with the state health plan, the state agency shall, in the exercise of its functions under this article, take actions, where appropriate to advance the purposes of quality assurance, cost effectiveness and access and the other purposes of this article, to allocate the supply of such services.
- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of this article, the state agency may charge a fee for the filing of any application, the filing of any notice in lieu of an application, the filing of any exemption determination request, or the filing of any request for a declaratory ruling. The fees charged may vary according to the type of matter involved, the type of health service or facility involved, or the amount of capital expenditure involved. The state agency shall implement this subsection by filing procedural rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The fees charged shall be deposited into a special fund known as the certificate of need program fund to be expended for the purposes of this article.

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(g) No hospital, nursing home or other health care facility shall add any intermediate care or skilled nursing beds to its current licensed bed complement. This prohibition also applies to the conversion of acute care or other types of beds to intermediate care or skilled nursing beds: Provided, That hospitals eligible under the provisions of section four-a and subsection (i), section five of this article may convert acute care beds to skilled nursing beds in accordance with the provisions of these sections, upon approval by the state agency. Furthermore, no certificate of need shall be granted for the construction or addition of any intermediate care or skilled nursing beds except in the case of facilities designed to replace existing beds in unsafe existing facilities. A health care facility in receipt of a certificate of need for the construction or addition of intermediate care or skilled nursing beds which was approved prior to the effective date of this section must incur an obligation for a capital expenditure within twelve months of the date of issuance of the certificate of need. No extensions shall be granted beyond the twelve-month period: Provided, however, That a hospital designated or provisionally designated as a rural primary care hospital may convert not to exceed sixty acute care beds, licensed immediately prior to designation as a rural primary care hospital, to a distinct part nursing facility including skilled nursing beds and intermediate care beds, on a one-for-one basis, if said rural primary care hospital also meets the following criteria: (1) The hospital has previously constructed a unit that can be used as a distinct part nursing facility; and (2) the hospital has an affiliation agreement with a college or university to provide clinical training to mid-level practitioners: Provided further. That said rural primary care hospital applies for conversion on or before the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

(h) No additional intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR) beds shall be granted a certificate of need, except that prohibition does not apply to ICF/MR beds approved under the Kanawha County circuit court order of the third day of August,

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one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, civil action number MISC-81-585 issued in the case of E. H. v. Matin, 168 W.V. 248, 284 S.E.2d 232 (1981).

- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g). section five of this article and, further notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d), section three of this article, an existing acute care hospital may apply to the health care cost review authority for a certificate of need to convert acute care beds to skilled nursing beds: Provided. That the proposed skilled nursing beds are medicare certified only: Provided, however, That any hospital which converts acute care beds to medicare certified only skilled nursing beds is prohibited from billing for any medicaid reimbursement for any beds so converted. In converting beds, the hospital must convert a minimum of one acute care bed into one medicare certified only skilled nursing bed. The health care cost review authority may require a hospital to convert up to and including three acute care beds for each medicare certified only skilled nursing bed. The health care cost review authority shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which require that:
- 108 (1) All acute care beds converted shall be permanently 109 deleted from the hospital's acute care bed complement 110 and the hospital may not thereafter add, by conversion 111 or otherwise, acute care beds to its bed complement 112 without satisfying the requirements of subsection (d), 113 section three of this article for which purposes such an 114 addition, whether by conversion or otherwise, shall be 115 considered a substantial change to the bed capacity of the hospital notwithstanding the definition of that term 116 117 found in subsection (ee), section two of this article.
- 118 (2) The hospital shall meet all federal and state 119 licensing certification and operational requirements 120 applicable to nursing homes including a requirement 121 that all skilled care beds created under this subsection 122 shall be located in distinct-part, long-term care units.
- 123 (3) The hospital must demonstrate a need for the 124 project.
- 125 (4) The hospital must use existing space for the

- medicare certified only skilled nursing beds. Under no circumstances shall the hospital construct, lease or acquire additional space for purposes of this section.
- 129 (5) The hospital must notify the acute care patient, 130 prior to discharge, of facilities with skilled nursing beds 131 which are located in or near the patient's county of 132 residence.

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- Nothing in this subsection shall negatively affect the rights of inspection and certification which are otherwise required by federal law or regulations or by this code of duly adopted regulations of an authorized state entity.
- (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g), section five of this article, a retirement life care center with no skilled nursing beds may apply to the health care cost review authority for a certificate of need for up to sixty skilled nursing beds provided the proposed skilled beds are medicare certified only. On a statewide basis, a maximum of one hundred eighty skilled beds which are medicare certified only may be developed pursuant to this subsection. The state health plan shall not be applicable to projects submitted under this subsection. The health care cost review authority shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which shall include:
- 151 (1) A requirement that the one hundred eighty beds 152 are to be distributed on a statewide basis;
 - (2) There shall be a minimum of twenty beds and a maximum of sixty beds in each approved unit;
 - (3) The unit developed by the retirement life care center shall meet all federal and state licensing certification and operational requirements applicable to nursing homes;
- 159 (4) The retirement center must demonstrate a need 160 for the project;
- 161 (5) The retirement center must offer personal care, 162 home health services and other lower levels of care to 163 its residents; and

164 (6) The retirement center must demonstrate both short and long-term financial feasibility.

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Nothing in this subsection shall negatively affect the rights of inspection and certification which are otherwise required by federal law or regulations or by this code of duly adopted regulations of an authorized state entity.

(k) The provisions of this article are severable and if any provision, section or part thereby shall be held invalid, unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or inapplicability shall not affect or impair any other remaining provisions contained herein.

CHAPTER 91

(H. B. 4576—By Delegates P. White and Pettit)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a; and to amend article twenty-nine-b of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one-a, all relating to requiring health care facilities and providers filing applications for certificate of need or change in rate schedules to submit a copy of said applications to the office of consumer advocacy.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a; and that article twenty-nine-b of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one-a, all to read as follows:

Article

2D. Certificate of Need.

29B. Health Care Cost Review Authority.

ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

§16-2D-7a. Coordination and filing with consumer advocate.

Each health care facility or health care provider 1

2 filing a certificate of need application with the state

agency pursuant to section seven of this article shall 3

notify the director of the office of consumer advocacy 4

established pursuant to section sixteen, article two,

chapter thirty-three of this code of said application by 6

submitting a copy of the same to the office of the 7

consumer advocate on or before the date of such filing.

ARTICLE 29B. HEALTH CARE COST REVIEW AUTHORITY.

§16-29B-21a. Coordination and filing with consumer advocate.

Each hospital filing an application or request for a 1

change in rate schedules or other changes with the 2 board pursuant to section twenty-one of this article shall 3

notify the director of the office of consumer advocacy 4

established pursuant to section sixteen, article two, 5

chapter thirty-three of this code of said application by 6 submitting a copy of the same to the office of consumer 7

advocacy. Each request shall include any proposed 8

increase or decrease of the rates and shall be filed on 9

or before the date the rate request or application is filed 10

11 with the board.

CHAPTER 92

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 332—By Senators Holliday, Tomblin and Felton)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated

article two-h, relating to the creation of the primary care support program; providing for various funds; setting forth qualifications for receiving funds; defining preventive care services; and creating an advisory board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-h, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2H. PRIMARY CARE SUPPORT PROGRAM.

\$16-2H-1. Short title.

§16-2H-2. Primary care support program; primary care revolving loan fund; primary care uncompensated care fund; seed money and technical assistance.

§16-2H-3. Preventive services and health education.

§16-2H-4. Advisory board.

§16-2H-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 1
- "Primary Care Support Program Act".
- §16-2H-2. Primary care support program; primary care revolving loan fund; primary care uncompensated care fund; seed money and technical assistance.
 - (a) There is hereby created the "Primary Care 1 Support Program" within the division of health within 2 the department of health and human resources. The 3 program shall provide technical and organizational 4 assistance to community-based primary care services 5 throughout the state.
- (b) The primary care support program shall create 7 and administer a primary care revolving loan fund to 8 lend money to primary care centers in need of imme-9 diate financial assistance. In order to qualify for the 10 loans, a primary care center must be a nonprofit 11 corporation, have a community board, provide services
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- to the public regardless of ability to pay (such as on a 13

sliding fee scale basis) and present proof of designation as a federally qualified health center or rural health center, of steps taken to qualify as a federally qualified health center or rural health center or of why status as a federally qualified or rural health center would not result in improved revenues to the center.

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There is hereby created a special revenue fund in the state treasury to be known as the primary care loan fund into which all appropriations, payments and interest to the revolving loan fund created herein shall be deposited, to be held and disbursed according to law.

- (c) The primary care support program shall create and administer a "Primary Care Uncompensated Care Fund". All revenues contained in the fund shall be distributed to primary care centers in the form of grants designed to offset the primary care centers' costs of providing uncompensated health care services. In order to qualify for the grants, a primary care center must be a nonprofit corporation, have a community board, provide services to the public regardless of ability to pay (such as on a sliding fee scale basis) and present proof of designation as a federally qualified health center or rural health center, of steps taken to qualify as a federally qualified health center or rural health center, or of why status as a federally qualified or rural health center would not result in improved revenues to the center.
- (d) The primary care support program shall provide seed money grants and technical assistance to help nonprofit, community-based organizations create new primary care services for people in their community. Under no circumstances will a specific project be entitled to receive the grants for more than three years. In order to qualify for the grants, applicants must provide the following:
- 49 (1) A description of an unmet need for certain 50 primary care services in their community;
- 51 (2) A detailed account, including a budget, of how the 52 applicant's project will use technical and financial

- assistance from the program and other sources to develop the primary care services within one year that will be available to the public regardless of ability to pay;
- 57 (3) A detailed account, including a budget, showing 58 how the services will continue to be funded once 59 established and showing how potential federal and 60 charitable funds will be maximized;
- 61 (4) An account of the extent of community involve-62 ment and support for the project;
- 63 (5) A description of how the project will be coordi-64 nated with local activities of the division of health, 65 regional health advisory councils, the health care 66 planning commission, medical schools, local health 67 departments, primary care clinics or other public health 68 agencies.
- 69 (e) The director of health shall promulgate rules in 70 accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of 71 this code to implement the provisions of this article, and 72 shall approve all loans, grants and disbursements of 73 money authorized by this article.

§16-2H-3. Preventive services and health education.

As used in subsection (d), section two of this article, the term "primary care services" includes preventive services and health education. Ten percent of the seed money grants awarded by the program to local projects under said subsection shall support the development of community-based preventive services and health education, which shall not be required to be self-supporting at the conclusion of the grant period.

§16-2H-4. Advisory board.

The division of health shall convene a fifteen-person advisory board consisting of persons familiar with community-based primary care services and public health planning efforts to assist in the implementation of this program.

CHAPTER 93

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 272—By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five-a, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirtythree, relating to establishment of a cancer registry; requiring all physicians, hospitals, laboratories and clinics to report newly diagnosed or treated cancers; providing for confidentiality of records; appointing an advisory committee panel; providing administrative implementation through rule making; authorizing and maintaining a program to provide and promote screening and detection of breast and cervical cancer among unserved and underserved populations; educating the public on benefits of early detection; providing counseling and referral services; establishing a breast and cervical cancer coalition to collaborate on program development: education and early detection projects: authorizing the director of the division of health to make grants for programs that provide early detection of breast and cervical cancer through clinical examinations, mammography and pap testing for cervical cancer and breast self-examinations; and requiring grant recipients to provide referral services for cancer treatment and counseling and public and professional education on early detection for breast and cervical cancer prevention and control.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five-a, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-three, all to read as follows:

Article

- 5A. Cancer Control.
- 33. Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention and Control Act.

ARTICLE 5A. CANCER CONTROL.

§16-5A-2a. Cancer registry.

- 1 (a) Purpose. — To the extent funds are available, the 2 director of the division of health shall establish a cancer 3 registry for the purpose of collecting information concerning the incidence of cancer, which shall be 4 5 analyzed to prepare reports and perform studies as necessary when such data identifies hazards to public 6 7 health. Pending appropriate funding, a statewide ጸ system shall be phased in and be fully operational by 9 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-10 five
- 11 (b) Reporting. — All reporting sources, i.e., hospitals. 12 physicians, laboratories, clinics or other similar units 13 diagnosing or providing treatment for cancer, shall 14 provide a report of each cancer case to the cancer 15 registry in a format specified by the director. The 16 reporting sources shall grant the director or an autho-17 rized representative of the cancer registry access to all 18 records which would identify cases of cancer or would 19 establish characteristics of the cancer.
- 20 (c) Confidentiality; disclosure. — All information 21 reported pursuant to this section is confidential and 22 shall be used for the purpose of determining the sources 23 of malignant neoplasms and evaluating measures 24 designed to eliminate, alleviate or ameliorate their 25 effect. A report provided to the cancer registry disclos-26 ing the identity of an individual who was reported as 27 having cancer shall only be released to reporting sources 28 and persons demonstrating a need which is essential to health related research, except that the release shall be 29 conditioned upon the reporting source and personal 30 identities remaining confidential. No liability of any 31 kind or character for damages or other relief shall arise 32 or be enforced against any reporting source by reason 33 of having provided the information or material to the 34 cancer registry. 35

- 36 (d) Advisory committee. — The director of the division 37 of health shall appoint an advisory committee on cancer 38 with membership consisting of representatives of 39 appropriate agencies, including the West Virginia hospital association: the American cancer society, West 40 41 Virginia division: the American lung association of West 42 Virginia: the West Virginia medical association: the 43 association of osteopathic medicine: the West Virginia nurses association; the Mary Babb Randolph cancer 44 45 center; and, at the discretion of the director, any other individuals directly involved. The advisory committee 46 47 shall provide technical guidance regarding the opera-48 tion of the cancer registry and shall provide such advice 49 and assistance as needed to carry out effective cancer 50 prevention and control activities. The members of the advisory committee shall serve four-year terms. Vacan-51 cies shall be filled in a like manner for the unexpired 52 53 term.
- (e) Rule making. The director shall promulgate rules related to: (1) The content and design of all forms and reports required by this section; (2) the procedures for disclosure of information gathered by the cancer registry by monitoring and evaluating health data and from completed risk assessments; and (3) any other matter necessary to the administration of this section.

ARTICLE 33. BREAST AND CERVICAL CANCER PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

§16-33-1. Short title.

§16-33-2. Definitions.

§16-33-3. Establishment of breast and cervical cancer detection and education program.

§16-33-4. Grants to approved organizations.

§16-33-5. Breast and cervical cancer detection and eduction program coalition.

§16-33-6. Annual report.

§16-33-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "Breast and Cervical
- 2 Cancer Prevention and Control Act".

§16-33-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

- 2 (a) "Approved organization" means an organization 3 approved by the director to provide medical services 4 under section four of this article.
- 5 (b) "Department" means the department of health and human resources.
- 7 (c) "Director" means the director of the division of 8 health.
- 9 (d) "Unserved or underserved populations" means 10 persons having inadequate access and financial resour-11 ces to obtain breast and cervical cancer screening and 12 detection services, including persons who lack health 13 insurance or whose health insurance coverage is 14 inadequate.

§16-33-3. Establishment of breast and cervical cancer detection and education program.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created within the department the breast and cervical cancer detection and education 2 3 program. This program is established to promote 4 screening and detection of breast and cervical cancer 5 among unserved or underserved populations, to educate 6 the public regarding breast and cervical cancer and the 7 benefits of early detection, and to provide counseling and referral services. 8
 - (b) The program shall include:

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- 10 (1) Establishment of a public education and outreach 11 campaign to publicize breast and cervical cancer 12 detection and education services, including the extent of 13 coverage for such services by health insurance, the 14 medical assistance program and other public and 15 private programs;
- 16 (2) Provision of grants to approved organizations 17 under section four of this article;
 - (3) Compilation of data concerning the breast and cervical cancer detection and education program and dissemination of the data to the public; and
- 21 (4) Development of professional education programs 22 including the benefits of early detection of breast and

23 cervical cancer and the recommended frequency of screening examinations for prevention and control.

§16-33-4. Grants to approved organizations.

- 1 (a) The director shall make grants, within the
 2 amounts appropriated, to approved organizations for the
 3 provision of services relating to the screening and
 4 detection of breast and cervical cancer as part of this
 5 program. Such services shall include, but not be limited
 6 to:
- 7 (1) Promotion and provision of early detection of 8 breast and cervical cancer, clinical examinations, 9 including pap testing and mammography and breast self-examination:
- 11 (2) Provision of counseling and information on 12 treatment alternatives and referral for appropriate 13 medical treatment;
- 14 (3) Dissemination of information to unserved and 15 underserved populations, to the general public and to 16 health care professionals concerning breast and cervical 17 cancer, the benefits of early detection and treatment and 18 the availability of breast and cervical cancer screening 19 services;
- 20 (4) Identification of local breast and cervical cancer 21 screening services within the approved organization's 22 region; and
- 23 (5) Provision of information, counseling and referral services to individuals diagnosed with breast or cervical cancer.

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- (b) (1) The director shall give notice and provide opportunity for organizations to submit applications to provide breast and cervical cancer detection and education programs. In order to be considered for a grant to provide breast and cervical cancer detection and education programs, applicants must show evidence of the following:
- 33 (A) Ability to provide and to ensure consistent and quality breast and cervical cancer detection services;

- 35 (B) Expertise in breast and cervical cancer detection 36 and treatment;
 - (C) Capacity to collaborate and coordinate services with physicians, hospitals and other appropriate local institutions or agencies;
 - (D) Ability to provide breast and cervical cancer detection and education services to unserved or underserved populations; and
 - (E) Ability to implement a breast and cervical cancer detection and education program in accordance with national organization standards of high quality, as described in subsection (c) of this section.
 - (2) Applications shall be made on forms provided by the director for approval of grants to provide breast and cervical cancer detection and education programs by organizations, including, but not limited to:
- 51 (A) Local boards of health organized under articles 52 two and two-a of this chapter;
 - (B) Licensed health care facilities, including the public and private sector;
 - (C) Any combination of the above; and
 - (D) Organizations with program expertise in cancer related issues.
 - (c) In evaluating applications the director shall consult the most recent medical practice and procedures in breast and cervical cancer detection and education standards for breast and cervical cancer detection and education programs of organizations with national recognition for expertise in breast and cervical cancer detection and treatment with the objective to ensure the following:
 - (1) Integration linkage and consultation with approved organizations, health care facilities and providers;
 - (2) Maximization of third-party reimbursement; and
- 70 (3) Provision of services to unserved or underserved 71 populations.

§16-33-5. Breast and cervical cancer detection and education program coalition.

(a) There is hereby established the breast and cervical cancer detection and education program coalition. The members of the coalition shall be appointed by the director and shall be representative of consumers including persons with breast or cervical cancer, local health departments, health care providers and recog-nized experts in the provision of health services to ጸ women, cancer research or environmental health.

- (b) The breast and cervical cancer coalition shall be responsible for advising the director with respect to the implementation of this article and shall make recommendations as to the selection of approved organizations and the standards to be established by the director pursuant to subsection (c), section four of this article. The director shall consult with the coalition on standards for approved organizations, selecting approved organizations, making grants to such organizations and implementing the breast and cervical cancer detection and education program.
- (c) The director shall perform an evaluation of the state's system for early detection and treatment of breast and cervical cancer and shall submit to the Legislature and the governor a report detailing his findings and recommendations concerning the state's response to the high incidence of breast and cervical cancer. Such report shall be submitted no later than the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and shall reflect the evaluation of the atrisk population screened for breast and cervical cancer detection for the previous twelve months.
- (d) The breast and cervical cancer coalition shall meet at least three times a year to receive information and provide interaction, consultation and advice.
 - (e) The members of the coalition shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in performance of their duties.

§16-33-6. Annual report.

- 1 The director shall submit an annual report to the
- 2 governor and the Legislature concerning the operation
- 3 of the breast and cervical cancer detection and educa-
- 4 tion program including available data and assessment.
- 5 Such report shall also include any recommendations for
- 6 additional action to respond to the high incidence of
- 7 breast and cervical cancer in this state.

CHAPTER 94

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 559—By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 4, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five-b, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a, relating to substituted consent for health care services provided by extended care facilities operated in connection with hospitals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five-b, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5B. HOSPITALS AND SIMILAR INSTITUTIONS.

- §16-5B-8a. Substituted consent for health care services in extended care facilities operated in connection with hospitals.
 - 1 (a) For purposes of this section, "physical or mental
 - 2 incapacity", or like words, means the inability, because
 - 3 of physical or mental impairment, of a patient or
 - 4 prospective patient of an extended care facility operated
 - 5 in connection with a hospital to appreciate the nature
- 6 and implications of a health care decision, to make an

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- informed choice regarding the alternatives presented and to communicate that choice in an unambiguous manner.
- 10 (b) Where there has been no adjudication of incom-11 petence of a patient or prospective patient, or appoint-12 ment of a guardian for such patient or prospective 13 patient, and where there is no applicable durable power 14 of attorney for such patient or prospective patient, but 15 where such patient or prospective patient is unable to 16 grant informed consent for health care services of an 17 extended care facility operated in connection with a 18 hospital or to acknowledge notification by such a facility 19 of his or her rights, responsibilities and any applicable 20 rules of such a facility due to physical or mental 21 incapacity, as documented in such patient's or prospective patient's health care records by two physicians 22 23 licensed to practice medicine in this state under the 24 provisions of article three or fourteen, chapter thirty of 25 this code or one such physician and one licensed psychologist, the following persons are deemed the 26 27 patient's or prospective patient's representative authorized to consent to health care services by such a facility 28 for such patient or prospective patient to acknowledge 29 notification by such a facility of such patient's or 30 31 prospective patient's rights, responsibilities and any 32 applicable rules of such a facility in the order of class priority set forth below: 33
- 34 (1) The patient's or prospective patient's spouse;
- 35 (2) An adult child of the patient or prospective 36 patient;
- 37 (3) A parent of the patient or prospective patient;
- 38 (4) An adult sibling of the patient or prospective 39 patient;
- 40 (5) The nearest living relative of the patient or 41 prospective patient; or
- 42 (6) Such other persons or classes of persons, including.

but not limited to, such public agencies, public guardians, other public officials, public and private corporations, protective service agencies and other representatives as the department of health and human resources may from time to time designate in its rules promulgated pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: *Provided*, That there is no reason to believe that such health care services are contrary to the patient's or prospective patient's religious beliefs and there is no actual notice of opposition by a member of the same or a prior class.

- (c) An extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital, as applicable, shall document its good faith efforts to contact permitted representatives in the order of class priority and its efforts to contact all members of a class before the next class is contacted but shall suffer no liability or deficiency for any failure to apprise the proper persons of the requirements of this section, so long as it has acted reasonably and in good faith. An extended care facility operated in connection with hospitals, as applicable, may rely on the apparent authority of one member of a class to speak for that class.
- (d) The determination of incapacity hereunder expires after six months or upon the patient's earlier discharge from the extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital. At the end of every such six-month period, if the patient remains admitted to such a facility. the patient shall be reexamined by two physicians licensed to practice medicine in this state as set forth in subsection (b) or by one such physician and one licensed psychologist who shall render a determination whether or not the patient remains physically or mentally incapacitated, and such determination shall be documented in the patient's health care records. The authority of the representatives provided in said subsection shall terminate unless upon such reevaluation the examining physicians, or the physician and the psychologist as the case may be, certifies that the patient

82 remains physically or mentally incapacitated.

- (e) In addition to the reevaluations required by subsection (d) above, an extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital, as applicable, upon request of any interested person, or upon its own initiative if it has reason to believe that the patient has regained his or her capacity, shall permit or obtain a reevaluation at any time by one or more physicians licensed to practice medicine in this state as set forth in subsection (b), of a prior determination of capacity or incapacity: *Provided*, That no patient shall be required to be reevaluated within three months of a prior evaluation except for good cause shown. A physician's determination of capacity upon such reevaluation shall terminate any authority of a patient's representative under this section.
- (f) The department of health and human resources shall adopt rules pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code setting forth a procedure by which any interested person may obtain an administrative review of any determination of capacity or incapacity made pursuant to this section. Nothing contained in this section shall preclude an interested person from seeking a determination of competency or incompetency under the provisions of article eleven, chapter twenty-seven of this code in an appropriate case or from seeking any form of judicial review.
- (g) At least one of the physicians, or the psychologist, who certifies the incapacity under subsections (b) and (d) of this section shall not be employed by the hospital-connected extended care facility. The two persons performing the certification shall not be associated in the same medical practice.
- Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude common membership on a facility medical staff.
- Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to mean that the consent of a patient's representative is required in an emergency to save life or prevent serious injury.

CHAPTER 95

(H. B. 4129—By Delegates Roop and Kiss)

[Passed February 18, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article thirteen, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to sewage works of municipal corporations and sanitary districts; providing that the governing body of a sanitary board shall establish the organization of such a board; and authorizing the governing body to appoint up to four persons to serve on such a board, in addition to the mayor or city manager of the municipality served by the board, in the event of an acquisition or merger of an existing system.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article thirteen, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. SEWAGE WORKS OF MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS AND SANITARY DISTRICTS.

§16-13-18. Supervision of works by sanitary board; organization of board; qualifications, terms and compensation of members.

1 The governing body shall provide by ordinance the organization of the board, and that the custody, 2 administration, operation and maintenance of such 3 works shall be under the supervision and control of a 4 sanitary board, created as herein provided. Such 5 sanitary board shall be composed of either the mayor of 6 the municipality, or the city manager thereof, if said 7 municipality shall have a city manager form of govern-8 ment, and two persons appointed by the governing body: 9 Provided. That, in the event of an acquisition or merger 10 of an existing sewage works, the governing body may 11 increase the membership to a maximum of four 12 members in addition to the mayor or city manager of 13

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the municipality served by the board. During the construction period one of the members must be a registered professional engineer. The engineer member of the board need not be a resident of said municipality. After the construction of the plant has been completed. the engineer member may be succeeded by a person not an engineer. No officer or employee of the municipality. whether holding a paid or unpaid office, shall be eligible to appointment on said sanitary board until at least one year after the expiration of the term of his public office. Said appointees shall originally be appointed for terms of two and three years respectively, and upon the expiration of each such term and each succeeding term. an appointment of a successor shall be made in like manner for a term of three years. Vacancies shall be filled for an unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. Each member shall give such bond, if any, as may be required by ordinance. Such mayor or city manager shall act as chairman of the sanitary board, which shall elect a vice chairman from its members and shall designate a secretary and treasurer (but the secretary and the treasurer may be one and the same), who need not be a member or members of the sanitary board. The vice chairman, secretary and treasurer shall hold office as such at the will of the sanitary board. The members of the sanitary board shall receive such compensation for their services, either as a salary or as payments for meetings attended, as the governing body may determine, and shall be entitled to payment for their reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The governing body shall fix the reasonable compensation of the secretary and treasurer in its discretion, and shall fix the amounts of bond to be given by the treasurer. All compensation, together with the expenses in this section referred to, shall be paid solely from funds provided under the authority of this article. The sanitary board shall have power to establish bylaws. rules and regulations for its own government.

CHAPTER 96

(S. B. 336—By Senator Humphreys)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage.

Became law without signature of the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and two, article twenty-nine, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to health care records; and establishing a maximum ten dollar search fee for such records.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and two, article twenty-nine, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29. HEALTH CARE RECORDS.

§16-29-1. Copies of health care records to be furnished to patients.

§16-29-2. Reasonable expenses to be reimbursed.

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§16-29-1. Copies of health care records to be furnished to patients.

1 Any licensed, certified or registered health care 2 provider so licensed, certified or registered under the laws of this state shall, upon the written request of a 3 patient, his authorized agent or authorized representa-4 tive, within a reasonable time, furnish a copy, as 5 requested, of all or a portion of the patient's record to 6 the patient, his authorized agent or authorized represen-7 tative subject to the following exceptions: 8

- (a) In the case of a patient receiving treatment for psychiatric or psychological problems, a summary of the record shall be made available to the patient, his authorized agent or authorized representative following termination of the treatment program.
- (b) Nothing in this article shall be construed to require a health care provider responsible for diagnosis, treatment or administering health care services in the case of minors for birth control, prenatal care, drug

rehabilitation or related services or venereal disease 18 19 according to any provision of this code, to release patient 20 records of such diagnosis, treatment or provision of 21 health care as aforesaid to a parent or guardian, without 22 prior written consent therefor from the patient, nor 23 shall anything in this article be construed to apply to 24 persons regulated under the provisions of chapter 25 eighteen of this code or the rules and regulations 26 established thereunder

- 27 (c) The furnishing of a copy, as requested, of the 28 reports of X-ray examinations, electrocardiograms and 29 other diagnostic procedures shall be deemed to comply 30 with the provisions of this article: Provided. That 31 original radiological study film from a radiological 32 exam conducted pursuant to a request from a patient 33 or patient's representative shall be provided to the 34 patient or patient's representative upon written request 35 and payment for the exam. The health care provider 36 shall not be required to interpret or retain copies of the film and shall be immune from liability resulting from 37 any action relating to the absence of the original 38 39 radiological film from the patient's record.
- (d) This article shall not apply to records subpoenaedor otherwise requested through court process.
- 42 (e) The provisions of this article may be enforced by 43 a patient, authorized agent or authorized representative, 44 and any health care provider found to be in violation of 45 this article shall pay any attorney fees and costs, 46 including court costs incurred in the course of such 47 enforcement.
- 48 (f) Nothing in this article shall be construed to apply 49 to health care records maintained by health care 50 providers governed by the AIDS-related medical testing 51 and records confidentiality act under the provisions of 52 article three-c of this chapter.

§16-29-2. Reasonable expenses to be reimbursed.

The provider shall be reimbursed by the person requesting in writing a copy of such records at the time of delivery for all reasonable expenses incurred in

complying with this article. However, such cost shall not
exceed seventy-five cents per page for the copying of any
such record or records which have already been reduced
to written form and a search fee not to exceed ten
dollars

CHAPTER 97

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4480—By Delegates Conley and Faircloth)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-four, relating to public health; legislative findings: definitions: licensure of radon mitigators. radon testers, radon contractors, radon laboratories and exemptions from licensure; special licensure requirements: powers and duties of the director of the division of health, including licensing, setting and collecting fees, accrediting and approving training courses, conducting investigations and collecting information; rule-making authority: complaints of consumers: the confidentiality of records; a special revenue account; reciprocity; access to radon industry records by director; suspension or revocation of licenses and reprimands; orders and hearings; and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-four, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 34. LICENSURE OF RADON MITIGATORS, TESTERS, CONTRACTORS AND LABORATORIES.

\$16-34-1. Legislative finding. \$16-34-2. Definitions. \$16-34-3. License required and exemptions. \$16-34-4. Special licensure requirements.

\$16-34-5. Powers and duties of the director of the division of health.

- §16-34-6. Rules.
- §16-34-7. Complaints.
- §16-34-8. Licensed tester, mitigator and contractor list.
- §16-34-9. Record keeping and confidentiality.
- \$16-34-10. Special revenue account.
- §16-34-11. Reciprocity.
- §16-34-12. Records review.
- §16-34-13. Reprimands; suspension or revocation of license; orders; hearings.
- \$16-34-14. Penalties

§16-34-1. Legislative finding.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that radon
- 2 is a dangerous toxic substance and harmful to the
- 3 citizens of this state. Therefore, to help ensure the
- 4 protection of the citizens of this state, persons who come
- 5 into contact with radon through remediation or testing
- 6 should be trained and licensed professionals who know
- 7 how to deal with radon.
- 8 It is the intent of the Legislature that this article shall
- 9 be in addition to all other statutes and rules relating to
- 10 radon.

§16-34-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Building" means a publicly or privately owned 2 structure consisting of any combination of foundations.
- 3 walls, columns, girders, beams, floors and roofs, with or
- 4 without other elements of appurtenances.
- 5 (b) "Business entity" means a corporation, partner-
- 6 ship, association, firm, sole proprietorship or other
- 7 entity engaged in business.
- 8 (c) "Director" means the director of the division of health.
- 10 (d) "Mitigate" means to repair or alter an existing
- 11 building or design for the purpose, in whole or in part,
- 12 of reducing the concentration of radon in the indoor
- 13 atmosphere.
- 14 (e) "Radon" means the radioactive noble gas radon-
- 15 222 and the short-lived radionuclides which are pro-
- 16 ducts of radon-222 decay, including polonium-218, lead-
- 17 214, bismuth-214 and polonium-214.
- 18 (f) "Radon laboratory" means a business entity that

- 19 offers its laboratory services for the purpose of studying 20 air, soil samples or passive radon detection devices to determine the concentration of radon. 21
- 22 (g) "Radon mitigation contractor" means a business 23 entity having at least one person licensed as a radon mitigation specialist. 24
- (h) "Radon mitigation specialist" means a person holding a license to install or apply methods or materials 27 to reduce airborne radon concentrations in a building or 28 to prevent the entry of radon into the indoor atmosphere.
- 29 (i) "Radon testers" means a business entity or person 30 licensed to examine a building, air, soil or water for the 31 presence of radon, including taking air, soil or water 32 samples, or the act of diagnosing the cause of radon 33 contamination in a building.
- (i) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department 34 35 of health and human resources.
- 36 (k) "Test" means the act of examining a building, soil 37 or air for the presence of radon, including taking air or soil samples, or the act of diagnosing the cause of radon 38 contamination in a building. 39

License required and exemptions. **§16-34-3**.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of 1 2 this section:
- 3 (1) No individual may perform radon testing or hold himself or herself out as performing radon testing 4 without a valid radon tester or mitigation specialist 5 6 license:
- (2) No individual may provide professional or expert 7 advice on radon testing, radon exposure or the health 8 risks related to radon exposure or hold himself or 9 herself out as providing such advice without a valid 10 radon tester or mitigation specialist license; 11
- (3) No individual may provide on-site supervision of 12 radon mitigation or hold himself or herself out as 13 providing such supervision without a valid radon 14 mitigation specialist license; 15

- 16 (4) No individual may provide professional or expert 17 advice on radon mitigation or radon entry routes or hold 18 himself or herself out as providing such advice without 19 a valid radon mitigation specialist license:
- 20 (5) No business or government entity may perform or 21 authorize any individual employed by it to perform 22 radon mitigation or hold itself out as performing radon 23 mitigation without a valid radon mitigation contractor 24 license; and
- 25 (6) No laboratory shall perform analyses of radon air 26 and soil samples or radon detection devices for the 27 purpose of assessing radon content without a valid radon 28 laboratory license.
- 29 (b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to any 30 of the following:
- 31 (1) An individual, business entity or government 32 entity performing its own radon tests or mitigation on 33 a building or real property that the individual, business 34 entity or government entity owns or leases;
- 35 (2) An individual, business entity or government 36 entity conducting research regarding radon testing or 37 mitigation in accordance with section four of this article; 38 or
- 39 (3) Employees of the department of health and 40 human resources' radiological health program.

§16-34-4. Special licensure requirements.

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- 1 (a) No licensed radon mitigation contractor may do 2 any of the following:
- (1) Perform radon mitigation without the direct on site supervision of a licensed radon mitigation specialist;
 - (2) Provide radon testing other than through the employment of a licensed radon tester or mitigation specialist;
- 8 (3) Provide advice regarding radon testing, radon 9 exposure or the health risks associated with radon 10 exposure other than through the employment of a 11 licensed radon tester or mitigation specialist; or

- (4) Provide advice regarding radon mitigation or 13 radon entry routes other than through the employment 14 of a licensed radon mitigation specialist.
- (b) (1) No licensed radon tester, licensed radon mitigation specialist or licensed radon mitigation contractor involved in the testing of a particular building, or in the provision of advice with respect to a particular building, may be involved in the performance of mitigation on that building unless the contract for mitigation is in writing and clearly and conspicuously states both of the following in language approved by the director: 23
- 24 (A) That the radon tester, mitigation specialist or mitigation contractor was involved in the testing or 25 26 provision of advice that led to the mitigation contract: 27 and
 - (B) The advantage of long-term testing and the value of a second opinion as ways to verify testing results and to assure that the proposed mitigation is appropriate. especially when the mitigation is to be performed by the tester, mitigation specialist or mitigation contractor that was involved in the testing or provision of advice that led to the mitigation contract.
 - (2) For purposes of this subsection, a radon tester, mitigation specialist or mitigation contractor involved in testing or providing advice with respect to a particular building will be considered to be "involved in the performance of mitigation on that building" if he or she has any ownership interest in, or has any contractual or employment relationship with, the individual or entity providing the mitigation.
 - (c) No licensed radon tester, licensed radon mitigation specialist or licensed radon mitigation contractor may perform radon testing or mitigation or provide any advice related to radon, radon testing or radon mitigation unless it is performed in accordance with the requirements of this article and the rules adopted under this article.
 - (d) No licensed radon tester, licensed radon mitiga-



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- 51 tion specialist, licensed radon mitigation contractor or
- 52 licensed radon laboratory may violate any requirement
- 53 of this article or any rule adopted under it.

§16-34-5. Powers and duties of the director of the division of health.

- (a) The director shall license radon testers, mitigation specialists, mitigation contractors and radon laboratories located within the state. Each applicant for a license shall submit a completed application to the director on a form prescribed and furnished by the director.
- (b) The director shall issue the appropriate license to each applicant who pays the license fee, meets the licensing criteria and complies with any other licensing and training requirements established by the director. An individual business entity or government entity may hold more than one license issued under this section, but a separate application is required for each license.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (1), subsection (a), section three of this article, the director shall issue a radon mitigation contractor license on request to the holder of a radon mitigation specialist license if the license holder is the owner or chief stockholder of a business entity for which he or she is the only individual who will work as a radon mitigation specialist. The licensing criteria and any other licensing and training requirements that the individual was required to meet to qualify for the radon mitigation specialist license are hereby considered to satisfy any and all criteria and requirements for a radon mitigation contractor license. A license issued under this section expires at the same time as the individual's radon mitigation specialist license.
- (d) A license issued under this section expires annually and may be renewed by the director in accordance with criteria and procedures established by the director under section six of this article and upon payment of the prescribed license renewal fee.
- 33 (e) The director may:
- 34 (1) Refuse to issue a license to an individual, business

- entity or government entity that does not meet the requirements of this article or the rules adopted under this article or that has violated the provisions of this article or of any rules promulgated under this article; or
- 40 (2) Suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of 41 an individual, business entity or government entity that 42 is or has been in violation of the requirements of this 43 article or the rules adopted under this article.
- 44 (f) The director shall approve and assess fees for all of the following:
- 46 (1) Licenses for radon testers, mitigation specialists, 47 mitigation contractors and radon laboratories;
- 48 (2) Accredited training courses for radon testers and 49 mitigation specialists; and
- 50 (3) Training courses for employees of mitigation contractors.

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- (g) Each applicant for approval shall submit a completed application to the director on a form the director shall prescribe and furnish.
- 55 (h) In accordance with rules adopted under section 56 six of this article, the director shall issue the approp-57 riate approval to each applicant that pays the approval 58 fee and meets the criteria for approval.
 - (i) The director may refuse to issue an approval and may revoke or suspend an approval issued under this section if the operator of the course or laboratory fails to meet the established criteria.
 - (j) The director shall do all of the following:
- 64 (1) Administer the radon licensing program estab-65 lished by this article and enforce the requirements of 66 this article and the rules adopted under this article;
- 67 (2) Examine the records of radon testers, mitigation 68 specialists, mitigation contractors and radon laborato-69 ries and training courses approved under section seven 70 of this article as he or she considers necessary to 71 determine whether they are in compliance with the

- 72 requirements of this article and the rules adopted under this article:
- 74 (3) Coordinate the radon licensing program with any 75 radon programs in schools:
- 76 (4) Collect and disseminate information relating to radon in this state; and
- 78 (5) Conduct research on indoor radon contamination, 79 which may include a statewide survey on radon 80 contamination.
- 81 (k) The director may do any of the following:
- 82 (1) Conduct inspections as he considers necessary to 83 determine whether the requirements of this article and 84 the rules adopted under this article have been met;
- 85 (2) Conduct training programs and establish and collect fees to cover the cost of conducting them:
- (3) Advise, consult, cooperate with and, with the consent of the secretary, enter into contracts or grant agreements with any individual business entity, government entity, interstate agency or the federal government as he or she considers appropriate to fulfill the requirements of this article and the rules adopted under this article; and
- 94 (4) Collect the information required to be reported to 95 him or her under any rules adopted under section six 96 of this article.
- 97 (l) Nothing in this article shall be construed to allow the director to:
- (1) Require the performance of a test for radon;
- 100 (2) Regulate construction practices; or
- 101 (3) Regulate the retail sales of radon test kits for use 102 by individuals to do their own radon testing in buildings 103 owned by them.

§16-34-6. Rules.

1 (a) To protect the health of individuals inhabiting, occupying or frequenting buildings, the department of

health and human resources shall adopt rules to implement the requirements of this article. All rules adopted under this section shall be adopted in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

(b) The secretary shall adopt rules:

- (1) Establishing criteria and procedures to be fol-lowed in issuing and renewing licenses to radon testers. mitigation specialists or mitigation contractors, as well as the fees for the licenses. The rules may require that all applicants for licensure as a radon tester or mitigation specialist pass an examination. If an exam-ination is required, the rules may require applicants to pass an examination conducted by the division of health or by a training center accredited by the director;
 - (2) Establishing criteria and procedures to be followed in approving and accrediting training courses under section five of this article. The rules shall require the participants in training courses to pass an examination conducted by the operator of the course;
 - (3) Establishing criteria and procedures in approving and licensing radon laboratories;
 - (4) Establishing standards to be followed by licensed radon testers, mitigation specialists, mitigation contractors and radon laboratories for the prevention of hazards to the public health, including standards for worker protection, record keeping and the training of employees or radon testers and mitigation contractors;
 - (5) Establishing procedures to be followed by an individual business entity or government entity licensed by another state to practice as a radon tester, mitigation specialist, mitigation contractor or radon laboratory in providing notice to the director prior to commencing practice in this state pursuant to section three of this article; and
 - (6) That require licensed radon testers and mitigation specialists to report to the director, by street address, radon test results. The rules shall require the reporting of the identity of the radon laboratory involved,

- 42 screening measurements, follow-up measurements.
- 43 postmitigation measurements and, if it is known that
- mitigation was performed, the methods of mitigation 44
- 45 that were used. Any information required to be reported
- 46 to the director under the rules is not a public record and
- 47 shall not be released except in aggregate statistical
- 48 form.

§16-34-7. Complaints.

- 1 (a) Any individual, business entity or government 2 entity may file a complaint with the director concerning
- 3 any radon tester, mitigation specialist, mitigation
- 4 contractor or a radon laboratory or a training course
- approved under section six of this article. The complain-5
- ant's name shall be confidential and shall not be released 6
- 7 without his or her written consent. The director shall
- 8 investigate complaints and take action under this
- 9 article.
- (b) If a radon tester, mitigation specialist, mitigation 10
- contractor or radon laboratory violates any rules 11
- 12 promulgated pursuant to this article and as a result of
- the violation harms or injures in any manner an 13
- individual or business entity, that radon tester, mitiga-14
- tion specialist, mitigation contractor or radon laboratory 15
- shall be considered to have committed an unfair act or 16
- practice within the meaning of section one hundred four. 17
- article six, chapter forty-six-a of this code. 18

Licensed tester, mitigator and contractor list. **§16-34-8.**

- The director shall maintain a list of all licensed radon 1
- 2 testers, mitigation specialists, mitigation contractors
- 3 and radon laboratories located in the state. On request,
- the director shall provide a copy of all or part of the list 4
- to any individual, business entity or government entity. 5
- 6 The director shall not impose a charge for providing the
- 7 copy that exceeds the actual and necessary expense of
- 8 copying it.

§16-34-9. Record keeping and confidentiality.

- (a) The director, any employee of the department of 1 health and human resources, or any individual, business 2
- entity or government entity with which the director 3

- 4 enters into an agreement under subdivision (3), subsec-5 tion (k), section five of this article, shall not release 6 information collected pursuant to this article concerning 7 a specific building used as a private residence or the 8 real property upon which it is located to anyone other 9 than the owner or occupant of the building or real 10 property without his or her consent: Provided. That the 11 director may release information if he or she determines 12 that the release is necessary for use in conducting 13 legitimate scientific studies or the information is released in summary statistical or other form that does 14 not reasonably tend to disclose the address of the 15 16 building or real property or the identity of the owner 17 or occupant.
- 18 (b) The division of health shall maintain information 19 pursuant to this article and the rules adopted under this 20 article for at least three years. The division may destroy 21 any information that it has maintained for three years.

§16-34-10. Special revenue account.

The funds collected from the fees applicable in this 1 article shall be deposited in a special revenue account

3 in the state treasury to be used by the secretary and

4 dedicated to the purposes of this article which include.

5 but are not limited to, licensing, training, enforcement

and program development for radon.

§16-34-11. Reciprocity.

- The director may set standards for accepting licenses 1
- 2 issued by other states. The director may grant licenses
- to individuals from other states if that other state has 3
- licensing requirements which are as stringent as the 4
- licensing requirements in this state.

§16-34-12. Records review.

If the director requests to examine records, no 1 licensed radon tester, mitigation specialist, mitigation 2 contractor or operator of a radon laboratory or a 3 training course approved under section six of this article 4

shall fail to make available to the director any records 5

pertinent to the activities regulated by this article and 6

rules adopted under it. 7

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§16-34-13. Reprimands; suspension or revocation of license; orders; hearings.

- 1 (a) The director shall suspend or revoke the license 2 of or reprimand a radon tester, mitigator, contractor or 3 laboratory if the licensee:
- 4 (1) Fraudulently or deceptively obtains or attempts to obtain a license;
 - (2) Fails at any time to meet the qualifications for a license or to comply with the requirements of this article or any applicable rules adopted by the secretary;
- 9 (3) Fails to meet applicable federal or state standards for radon testing or radon mitigation; or
- 11 (4) Employs or permits an individual without a radon 12 tester's license or a radon mitigator's license to supervise 13 work on a radon project.
- 14 (b) The director shall investigate all alleged violations 15 reported to the division of health. Upon the finding of a violation in connection with any project involving 16 radon testing or mitigation, the director shall issue a 17 cease and desist order directing that all work be halted 18 immediately. Where practicable, the director shall 19 deliver a copy of the order by certified mail, return 20 receipt requested, to the radon tester and radon 21 22 mitigator.
- 23 (c) Hearings regarding violations of this article shall 24 be conducted in accordance with the administrative 25 procedures act of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§16-34-14. Penalties.

- 1 Any person violating any of the provisions of this
- 2 article, or any of the rules or orders issued pursuant to
- 3 this article, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
- 4 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two
- 5 hundred fifty dollars for each violation.

CHAPTER 98

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 389-By Senator Lucht)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, six, nine, eleven. twelve-b, thirteen and thirteen-b, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to horse and dog racing; defining the term pari-mutuel clerk; powers and authority of racing commission; requiring the racing commission to mediate certain disputes involving pari-mutuel clerks; relating to commissions from pari-mutuel pools; removing certain provisions relating to commissions to be paid for certain breeder's awards and other expenses; deleting obsolete revenue language: reorganizing special fund and transferring excess to general revenue; requiring audits; relating to the thoroughbred development fund; limiting the distribution of awards and purses; prioritizing the distribution of funds: limiting certain bonuses for certain breeders and raisers; specifying the time in which revenues must be remitted; relating to televised racing days for horse and dog racing; defining new terms: removing restrictions on telecasts at certain tracks; increasing the threshold for pari-mutuel pools for which a tax may be imposed; restructuring the disposition of funds for payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets; requiring publication of notice; relating to funding stake races; restricting the use of the money for certain purposes; requiring quarterly reports and separate accounting; and requiring and authorizing the promulgation of separate rules on pari-mutuel racing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, six, nine, eleven, twelve-b, thirteen and thirteen-b, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

PART II. DEFINITIONS: WEST VIRGINIA RACING COMMISSION—ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION.

- §19-23-3. Definitions.
- §19-23-6. Powers and authority of racing commission.
- §19-23-9. Pari-mutuel system of wagering authorized; licensee authorized to deduct commissions from pari-mutuel pools; retention of breakage; auditing; minors.
- §19-23-11. Revenues from horse racing and dog racing to be paid into a special account to fund commission expenses and salaries for professional educators.
- §19-23-12b. Televised racing days; merging of pari-mutuel wagering pools.
- §19-23-13. Disposition of funds for payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets; publication of notice; irredeemable tickets; stake races for dog tracks.
- §19-23-13b. West Virginia thoroughbred development fund; distribution; restricted races; nonrestricted purse supplements.

§19-23-3. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (1) "Horse racing" means any type of horse racing,
- 4 including, but not limited to, thoroughbred racing and
- 5 harness racing;
- 6 (2) "Thoroughbred racing" means flat or running type
- 7 horse racing in which each horse participating therein
- 8 is a thoroughbred and is mounted by a jockey;
- 9 (3) "Harness racing" means horse racing in which the
- 10 horses participating therein are harnessed to a sulky,
- 11 carriage or other vehicle and shall not include any form
- 12 of horse racing in which the horses are mounted by
- 13 jockeys;
- 14 (4) "Horse race meeting" means the whole period of
- 15 time for which a license is required by the provisions
- 16 of section one of this article;
- 17 (5) "Dog racing" means any type of dog racing, 18 including, but not limited to, greyhound racing:
- 19 (6) "Purse" means any purse, stake or award for
- 20 which a horse or dog race is run;
- 21 (7) "Racing association" or "person" means any

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- individual, partnership, firm, association, corporation or other entity or organization of whatever character or description;
 - (8) "Applicant" means any racing association making application for a license under the provisions of this article or any person making application for a permit under the provisions of this article, or any person making application for a construction permit under the provisions of this article, as the case may be:
- 31 (9) "License" means the license required by the 32 provisions of section one of this article;
 - (10) "Permit" means the permit required by the provisions of section two of this article;
- 35 (11) "Construction permit" means the construction 36 permit required by the provisions of section eighteen of 37 this article:
- 38 (12) "Licensee" means any racing association holding 39 a license required by the provisions of section one of this 40 article and issued under the provisions of this article;
- 41 (13) "Permit holder" means any person holding a 42 permit required by the provisions of section two of this 43 article and issued under the provisions of this article;
 - (14) "Construction permit holder" means any person holding a construction permit required by the provisions of section eighteen of this article and issued under the provisions of this article;
- 48 (15) "Hold or conduct" includes "assist, aid or abet in holding or conducting";
- 50 (16) "Racing commission" means the West Virginia 51 racing commission;
 - (17) "Stewards" means the steward or stewards representing the racing commission, the steward or stewards representing a licensee and any other steward or stewards, whose duty it is to supervise any horse or dog race meeting, all as may be provided by reasonable rules and regulations of the racing commission, and the reasonable rules and regulations shall specify the

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- number of stewards to be appointed, the method and manner of their appointment and their powers, authority and duties;
 - (18) "Pari-mutuel" means a mutuel or collective pool that can be divided among those who have contributed their wagers to one central agency, the odds to be reckoned in accordance to the collective amounts wagered upon each contestant running in a horse or dog race upon which the pool is made, but the total to be divided among the first three contestants on the basis of the number of wagers on these;
- 70 (19) "Pari-mutuel clerk" means any employee of a 71 licensed racing association who is responsible for the 72 collection of wagers, the distribution of moneys for 73 winning pari-mutuel tickets, verification of the validity 74 of pari-mutuel tickets and accounting for pari-mutuel 75 funds;
- 76 (20) "Pool" means a combination of interests in a joint 77 wagering enterprise or a stake in such enterprise;
 - (21) "Legitimate breakage" is the percentage left over in the division of a pool;
- 80 (22) "To the dime" means that wagers shall be figured and paid to the dime;
 - (23) "Code" means the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as heretofore and hereinafter amended;
 - (24) "Accredited thoroughbred horse" means a thoroughbred horse that is either: (a) Foaled in West Virginia; or (b) sired by an accredited West Virginia sire; or (c) as a yearling, finished twelve consecutive months of verifiable residence in the state, except for thirty days grace for the horse to be shipped to and from horse sales where the horse is officially entered in the sales catalogue of a recognized thoroughbred sales company. No thoroughbred horse qualifies under paragraph (c) of this subdivision after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety;
- 96 (25) "Accredited West Virginia sire" is a sire that is

- 97 permanently domiciled in West Virginia, stands a full 98 season in West Virginia and is registered with West 99 Virginia thoroughbred breeders association;
- 100 (26) "Breeder of an accredited West Virginia horse" 101 is the owner of the foal at the time it was born in West 102 Virginia;
- 103 (27) "Raiser of an accredited West Virginia horse" is 104 the owner of the yearling at the time it finished twelve 105 consecutive months of verifiable residence in the state. 106 During the period, the raiser will be granted one month 107 of grace for his or her horse to be shipped to and from thoroughbred sales where the horse is officially entered 108 109 in the sales catalogue of a recognized thoroughbred sales 110 company. Prior to the horse being shipped out of the 111 state for sales, the raiser must notify the racing 112 commission of his or her intentions:
- 113 (28) The "owner of an accredited West Virginia sire" 114 is the owner of record at the time the offspring is 115 conceived;
- 116 (29) The "owner of an accredited West Virginia horse"
 117 means the owner at the time the horse earned designated purses to qualify for restricted purse supplements
 119 provided for in section thirteen-b of this article; and
- 120 (30) "Fund" means the West Virginia thoroughbred 121 development fund established in section thirteen-b of 122 this article.

PART IV. Powers and Authority of Racing Commission.

§19-23-6. Powers and authority of racing commission.

- The racing commission has full jurisdiction over and shall supervise all horse race meetings, all dog race meetings and all persons involved in the holding or conducting of horse or dog race meetings and, in this regard, it has plenary power and authority:
- 6 (1) To investigate applicants and determine the 7 eligibility of the applicants for a license or permit or 8 construction permit under the provisions of this article;

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- 9 (2) To fix, from time to time, the annual fee to be paid 10 to the racing commission for any permit required under 11 the provisions of section two of this article;
- 12 (3) To promulgate reasonable rules and regulations 13 implementing and making effective the provisions of this article and the powers and authority conferred and 14 15 the duties imposed upon the racing commission under 16 the provisions of this article, including, but not limited 17 to, reasonable rules and regulations under which all 18 horse races, dog races, horse race meetings and dog race 19 meetings shall be held and conducted, all of which 20 reasonable rules and regulations shall be promulgated 21 in accordance with the provisions of article three. 22 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided, That in 23 accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a. 24 the racing commission shall promulgate separate rules 25 pertaining to the kinds of legal combination wagers which may be placed in connection with the pari-mutuel 26 27 system of wagering authorized by this article:
 - (4) To register colors and assumed names and to fix, from time to time, the annual fee to be paid to the racing commission for any such registration;
- 31 (5) To fix and regulate the minimum purse to be 32 offered during any horse or dog race meeting;
 - (6) To fix a minimum and a maximum number of horse races or dog races to be held on any respective racing day;
 - (7) To enter the office, horse racetrack, dog racetrack, kennel, facilities and other places of business of any licensee to determine whether the provisions of this article and its reasonable rules and regulations are being complied with, and for this purpose, the racing commission, its racing secretary, representatives and employees may visit, investigate and have free access to any such office, horse racetrack, dog racetrack, kennel, facilities and other places of business:
- 45 (8) To investigate alleged violations of the provisions 46 of this article, its reasonable rules and regulations, 47 orders and final decisions and to take appropriate

- disciplinary action against any licensee or permit holder or construction permit holder for the violation thereof or institute appropriate legal action for the enforcement thereof or take such disciplinary action and institute such legal action;
 - (9) By reasonable rules and regulations, to authorize stewards, starters and other racing officials to impose reasonable fines or other sanctions upon any person connected with or involved in any horse or dog racing or any horse or dog race meeting; and to authorize stewards to rule off the grounds of any horse or dog racetrack any tout, bookmaker or other undesirable individual determined inimical to the best interests of horse and dog racing or the pari-mutuel system of wagering in connection therewith;
 - (10) To require at any time the removal of any racing official or racing employee of any licensee, for the violation of any provision of this article, any reasonable rule and regulation of the racing commission or for any fraudulent practice;
 - (11) To acquire, establish, maintain and operate, or to provide by contract for the maintenance and operation of, a testing laboratory and related facilities, for the purpose of conducting saliva, urine and other tests on the horse or dog or horses or dogs run or to be run in any horse or dog race meeting, and to purchase all equipment and supplies considered necessary or desirable in connection with the acquisition, establishment, maintenance and operation of any testing laboratory and related facilities and all such tests;
 - (12) To hold up, in any disputed horse or dog race, the payment of any purse, pending a final determination of the results thereof;
 - (13) To require each licensee to file an annual balance sheet and profit and loss statement pertaining to the licensee's horse or dog racing activities in this state, together with a list of each licensee's stockholders or other persons having any beneficial interest in the horse or dog racing activities of the licensee;

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- (14) To issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the production of any books, records and other pertinent documents, and to administer oaths and affirmations to such witnesses, whenever, in the judgment of the racing commission, it is necessary to do so for the effective discharge of its duties under the provisions of this article;
- (15) To keep accurate and complete records of its proceedings and to certify the same as may be appropriate;
- (16) To take any other action that may be reasonable or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this article and its reasonable rules and regulations;
- (17) To provide breeders' awards, purse supplements and moneys for capital improvements at racetracks in compliance with section thirteen-b of this article; and
- 103 (18) To mediate on site, upon request of a party, all disputes existing between the racetrack licensees 104 105 located in this state and representatives of a majority of the horse owners and trainers licensed at the track 106 107 which threaten to disrupt any scheduled racing event or 108 events. The racing commission shall, upon the request 109 of a party, mediate on site, all disputes existing between 110 racetrack licensees and representatives of pari-mutuel 111 clerks which threaten to disrupt any scheduled racing 112 event or events. When a request for mediation is made, 113 the commission shall designate from among its members 114 one person to act as mediator in each dispute that arises. 115 Each opposing party involved in any dispute shall 116 negotiate in good faith with the goal of reaching a fair and mutual resolution. The mediator may issue recom-117 118 mendations designed to assist each side toward reaching a fair compromise: Provided, That no owner or operator 119 120 or any horse owner or trainer or any pari-mutuel clerk 121 licensed at the track may be required to abide by any 122 recommendation made by any mediator acting pursuant 123 to this subsection.
 - The racing commission shall not interfere in the internal business or internal affairs of any licensee.

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PART VI. PARI-MUTUEL SYSTEM OF WAGERING AUTHORIZED;
COMMISSIONS DEDUCTED FROM PARI-MUTUEL POOLS.

- §19-23-9. Pari-mutuel system of wagering authorized; licensee authorized to deduct commissions from pari-mutuel pools; retention of breakage; auditing; minors.
 - 1 (a) The pari-mutuel system of wagering upon the 2 results of any horse or dog race at any horse or dog race meeting conducted or held by any licensee is hereby 4 authorized, if and only if such pari-mutuel wagering is 5 conducted by the licensee within the confines of the 6 licensee's horse racetrack or dog racetrack, and the 7 provisions of section one, article ten, chapter sixty-one 8 of this code, relating to gaming, shall not apply to the 9 pari-mutuel system of wagering in manner and form as provided for in this article at any horse or dog race 10 11 meeting within this state where horse or dog racing shall be permitted for any purse by any licensee. A 12 13 licensee shall permit or conduct only the pari-mutuel system of wagering within the confines of the licensee's 14 15 racetrack at which any horse or dog race meeting is 16 conducted or held.
 - 17 (b) A licensee is hereby expressly authorized to deduct 18 a commission from the pari-mutuel pools, as follows:
 - (1) The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on thoroughbred horse racing, except from thoroughbred horse racing pari-mutuel pools involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two or more winning horses, shall not exceed seventeen and one-fourth percent of the total of the pari-mutuel pools for the day. Out of the commission, as is mentioned in this subdivision, the licensee: (i) Shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided for in subsection (b), section ten of this article; (ii) shall make a deposit into a special fund to be established by the licensee and to be used for the payment of regular purses offered for thoroughbred racing by the licensee,

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which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools for each day during the months of January, February, March. October, November and December shall be seven and three hundred seventy-five one-thousandths percent of the pari-mutuel pools and which, out of pari-mutuel pools for each day during all other months, shall be six and eight hundred seventy-five one-thousandths percent of the pari-mutuel pools, which shall take effect beginning fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety: (iii) shall, after allowance for the exclusion given by subsection (b), section ten of this article, make a deposit into a special fund to be established by the racing commission and to be used for the payment of breeders. awards and capital improvements as authorized by section thirteen-b of this article, which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools shall from the effective date of this section and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, be four-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, be seven-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, be one percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be one and one-half percent; and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and each year thereafter, be two percent of the pools; and (iv) shall pay one tenth of one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, then to the municipal general fund. The remainder of the commission shall be retained by the licensee.

The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on thoroughbred horse racing involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two winning horses shall not exceed nineteen percent and by a combination of three or more winning horses shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the total of such pari-mutuel pools for the day. Out of the commission, as is mentioned in this paragraph, the licensee: (i) Shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided for in subsection (b), section ten of this article; (ii) shall make a deposit into a special fund to be established by

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the licensee and to be used for the payment of regular purses offered for thoroughbred racing by the licensee, which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools for each day during the months of January, February, March. October, November and December for pools involving a combination of two winning horses shall be eight and twenty-five one-hundredths percent and out of parimutuel pools for each day during all other months shall be seven and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of the pari-mutuel pools; and involving a combination of three or more winning horses for the months of January. February, March, October, November and December the deposits out of the fund shall be eleven and twentyfive one-hundredths percent of the pari-mutuel pools; and which, out of pari-mutuel pools for each day during 90 all other months, shall be ten and seventy-five one-91 hundredths percent of the pari-mutuel pools; (iii) shall, 92 after allowance for the exclusion given by subsection (b), 93 section ten of this article, make a deposit into a special 94 fund to be established by the racing commission and to 95 be used for the payment of breeders' awards and capital 96 improvements as authorized by section thirteen-b of this 97 article, which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools shall 98 from the effective date of this section and for fiscal year 99 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, be four-tenths 100 percent: for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, be seven-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, be one percent; for 102 103 fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be one and one-half percent; and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and each vear thereafter, be two percent of the pools; and (iv) shall pay one tenth of one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, then to the municipal general fund. The remainder of the commission shall be retained by the licensee.

The commission deducted by the licensee under this subdivision may be reduced only by mutual agreement between the licensee and a majority of the trainers and horse owners licensed by subsection (a), section two of

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- 117 this article or their designated representative. The 118 reduction in licensee commissions may be for a partic-119 ular race, racing day or days or for a horse race 120 meeting. Fifty percent of the reduction shall be retained 121 by the licensee from the amounts required to be paid 122 into the special fund established by the licensee under the provisions of this subdivision. The racing commis-123 124 sion shall promulgate any reasonable rules and regula-125 tions that are necessary to implement the foregoing 126 provisions.
 - (2) The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on harness racing shall not exceed seventeen and one-half percent of the total of the parimutuel pools for the day. Out of the commission the licensee shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided for in subsection (c), section ten of this article, and shall pay one tenth of one percent into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, then to the municipal general fund. The remainder of the commission shall be retained by the licensee.
 - (3) The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on dog racing, except from dog racing pari-mutuel pools involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two or more winning dogs, shall not exceed sixteen and thirty onehundredths percent of the total of all pari-mutuel pools for the day. The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on dog racing involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning parimutuel ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two winning dogs shall not exceed nineteen percent, by a combination of three winning dogs shall not exceed twenty percent, and by a combination of four or more winning dogs shall not exceed twenty-one percent of the total of such pari-mutuel pools for the day. The foregoing commissions are in effect for the fiscal years one thousand nine hundred ninety and one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Thereafter, the commission shall be at the percentages in effect prior

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158 to the effective date of this article unless the Legislature. 159 after review, determines otherwise. Out of the commis-160 sions, the licensee shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax 161 provided for in subsection (d), section ten of this article. 162 and one tenth of one percent of such pari-mutuel pools 163 into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located. In addition, out 164 165 of the commissions, if the racetrack is located within a 166 municipality, then the licensee shall also pay three 167 tenths of one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the 168 general fund of the municipality; or, if the racetrack is 169 located outside of a municipality, then the licensee shall 170 also pay three tenths of one percent of the pari-mutuel 171 pools into the state road fund for use by the division of 172 highways in accordance with the provisions of this 173 subdivision. The remainder of the commission shall be 174 retained by the licensee.

For the purposes of this section, "municipality" means and includes any Class I, Class II and Class III city and any Class IV town or village incorporated as a municipal corporation under the laws of this state prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

181 Each dog racing licensee, when required by the 182 provisions of this subdivision to pay a percentage of its 183 commissions to the state road fund for use by the division of highways, shall transmit the required funds. 184 185 in such manner and at such times as the racing 186 commission shall by procedural rule direct, to the state 187 treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to the credit 188 of the division of highways state road fund. All funds 189 collected and received in the state road fund pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision shall be used by the 190 division of highways in accordance with the provisions 191 of article seventeen-a, chapter seventeen of this code for 192 the acquisition of right-of-way for, the construction of. 193 the reconstruction of and the improvement or repair of 194 any interstate or other highway, secondary road, bridge 195 and toll road in the state. If on the first day of July, one 196 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, any area encom-197 passing a dog racetrack has incorporated as a Class I. 198

Class II or Class III city or as a Class IV town or village, whereas such city, town or village was not incorporated as such on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, then on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, any balances in the state road fund existing as a result of payments made under the provisions of this subdivision may be used by the state road fund for any purpose for which other moneys in the fund may lawfully be used, and in lieu of further payments to the state road fund. the licensee of a racetrack which is located in the municipality shall thereafter pay three tenths of one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the municipality. If no incorporation occurs before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, then payments to the state road fund shall thereafter continue as provided for under the provisions of this subdivision.

A dog racing licensee, before deducting the commissions authorized by this subdivision, shall give written notification to the racing commission not less than thirty days prior to any change in the percentage rates for the commissions. The racing commission shall prescribe blank forms for filing the notification. The notification shall disclose the following: (A) The revised commissions to be deducted from the pari-mutuel pools each day on win, place and show betting and on different forms of multiple bettings; (B) the dates to be included in the revised betting; (C) such other information as may be required by the racing commission.

The licensee shall establish a special fund to be used only for capital improvements or long-term debt amortization or both: *Provided*, That any licensee, heretofore licensed for a period of eight years prior to the effective date of the amendment made to this section during the regular session of the Legislature held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall establish the special fund to be used only for capital improvements or physical plant maintenance, or both, at the licensee's licensed facility or at the licensee's commonly owned racing facility located within this

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240 state. Deposits made into the funds shall be in an 241 amount equal to twenty-five percent of the increased 242 rate total over and above the applicable rate in effect 243 as of the first day of January, one thousand nine 244 hundred eighty-seven, of the pari-mutuel pools for the 245 day. Any amount deposited into the funds must be 246 expended or liability therefor incurred within a period 247 of two years from the date of deposit. Any funds not 248 expended shall be transferred immediately into the state 249 general fund after expiration of the two-year period.

The licensee shall make a deposit into a special fund established by the licensee and used for payment of regular purses offered for dog racing, which deposits out of the licensee's commissions for each day shall be three and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of the pari-mutuel pools.

The licensee shall further establish a special fund to be used exclusively for marketing and promotion programs; the funds shall be in an amount equal to five percent over and above the applicable rates in effect as of the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, of the total pari-mutuel pools for the day.

The racing commission shall prepare and transmit annually to the governor and the Legislature a report of the activities of the racing commission under this subdivision. The report shall include a statement of: The amount of commissions retained by licensees; the amount of taxes paid to the state; the amounts paid to municipalities, counties and the division of highways dog racing fund; the amounts deposited by licensees into special funds for capital improvements or long-term debt amortization, and a certified statement of the financial condition of any licensee depositing into the fund: the amounts paid by licensees into special funds and used for regular purses offered for dog racing; the amounts paid by licensees into special funds and used for marketing and promotion programs; and such other information as the racing commission may consider appropriate for review.

The racing commission shall report to the governor,

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280 president of the Senate, speaker of the House and the 281 Legislature on or before the thirty-first day of De-282 cember, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, on the 283 effects of the amendments to this article by the acts of 284 the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine 285 hundred eighty-seven, on dog racing licensees and pari-286 mutuel taxation for use by the Legislature in review of 287 the amendments.

- (c) In addition to any commission, a licensee of horse race or dog race meetings shall also be entitled to retain the legitimate breakage, which shall be made and calculated to the dime, and from the breakage, the licensee of a horse race meeting (excluding dog race meetings), shall deposit daily fifty percent of the total of the breakage retained by the licensee into the special fund created pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section for the payment of regular purses.
- (d) The director of audit, and any other auditors employed by the racing commission who are also certified public accountants or experienced public accountants, shall have free access to the space or enclosure where the pari-mutuel system of wagering is conducted or calculated at any horse or dog race meeting for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the licensee is deducting and retaining only a commission as provided in this section and is otherwise complying with the provisions of this section. They shall also, for the same purposes only, have full and free access to all records and papers pertaining to the parimutuel system of wagering, and shall report to the racing commission in writing, under oath, whether or not the licensee has deducted and retained any commission in excess of that permitted under the provisions of this section or has otherwise failed to comply with the provisions of this section.
- (e) No licensee shall permit or allow any individual under the age of eighteen years to wager at any horse or dog racetrack, knowing or having reason to believe that the individual is under the age of eighteen years.

- 320 (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of 321 subdivision (1). subsection (b) of this section, to the 322 contrary, a thoroughbred licensee qualifying for and paving the alternate reduced tax on pari-mutuel pools 323 324 provided in section ten of this article shall distribute the 325 commission authorized to be deducted by subdivision (1). 326 subsection (b) of this section as follows: (i) The licensee shall pay the alternate reduced tax provided in section 327 328 ten of this article: (ii) the licensee shall pay one tenth 329 of one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the general 330 fund of the county commission of the county in which 331 the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality. 332 then to the municipal general fund: (iii) the licensee 333 shall pay one half of the remainder of the commission 334 into the special fund established by the licensee and to 335 be used for the payment of regular purses offered for 336 thoroughbred racing by the licensee; and (iv) the 337 licensee shall retain the amount remaining after making 338 the payments required in this subsection.
- 339 (g) Each kennel which provides or races dogs owned 340 or leased by others shall furnish to the commission a 341 surety bond in an amount to be determined by the 342 commission to secure the payment to the owners or 343 lessees of the dogs the portion of any purse owed to the 344 owner or lessee.

PART VII. TAXATION OF HORSE AND DOG RACING AND PARI-MUTUEL WAGERING; DISPOSITION OF REVENUES.

§19-23-11. Revenues from horse racing and dog racing to be paid into a special account to fund commission expenses.

All revenues collected pursuant to the provisions of 1 this article as license taxes or pari-mutuel pools taxes 2 on horse racing and dog racing shall be paid by the 3 racing commission to the state treasurer who shall 4 deposit the revenues in a special account to be denom-5 inated by him or her. The revenues in the special 6 account shall first be available to the commission to pav 7 salaries and other budgeted expenses for the commis-8 sion, not to exceed the amounts appropriated for such 9

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- 10 purposes in the budget bill for each fiscal year.
- 11 Revenues in excess of the budgeted expenses of the
- 12 commission shall be accumulated and transferred to the
- 13 general revenue fund. The racing commission shall
- 14 remit all collected revenues to the state treasurer at
- 15 least one time during each thirty-day period of each
- 16 racing season, and a final remittance as to any partic-
- 17 ular horse race or dog race meeting shall be made
- 18 within thirty days from and after the close of each horse
- 19 race or dog race meeting.

§19-23-12b. Televised racing days; merging of parimutuel wagering pools.

- (a) For the purposes of this section:
- 2 (1) "Televised racing day" means a calendar day, assigned by the commission, at a licensed racetrack on
 - assigned by the commission, at a licensed racetrack on which pari-mutuel betting is conducted on horse or dog
- which pari-mutuel betting is conducted on horse or dog races run at racetracks outside of the state which are
- 6 broadcast by television at a licensed racetrack and
- 7 which day or days have had the prior written approval
- 8 of the representative of the majority of the owners and
- 9 trainers who hold permits required by section two of
- 10 this article; and
- 11 (2) "Host racing association" means any person who, 12 pursuant to a license or other permission granted by the
- host state, conducts the horse or dog race subject to the
- 14 interested waren
- 14 interstate wager.
- 15 (b) A licensee conducting not less than two hundred
- 16 twenty live racing dates for each horse or dog race
- 17 meeting may, with the prior approval of the state racing
- 18 commission, contract with any legal wagering entity in
- any other state to receive telecasts and accept wagers on races conducted by the legal wagering entity. The
- 21 telecasts may be received and wagers accepted at any
- 22 location authorized by the provisions of section twelve-
- 23 a of this article. The contract must receive the approval
- 24 of the representative of the majority of the owners and
- 25 trainers who hold permits required by section two of
- 26 this article at the receiving racetrack.
 - (c) The commission may allow the licensee to commin-

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gle its wagering pools with the wagering pools of the 28 29 host racing association. If the pools are commingled, the 30 wagering at the licensee's racetrack must be on 31 tabulating equipment capable of issuing pari-mutuel 32 tickets and be electronically linked with the equipment 33 at the sending racetrack. Subject to the approval of the 34 commission, the types of betting, licensee commissions 35 and distribution of winnings on pari-mutuel pools of the 36 sending licensee racetrack are those in effect at the 37 licensee racetrack. Breakage for pari-mutuel pools on a 38 televised racing day must be calculated in accordance 39 with the law or rules governing the sending racetrack 40 and must be distributed in a manner agreed to between 41 the licensee and the sending racetrack.

- (d) The commission may assign televised racing days at any time. When a televised racing day is assigned, the commission shall assign either a steward or an auditor to preside over the televised races at the licensee racetrack.
- (e) From the licensee commissions authorized by subsection (c) of this section, there is imposed and the licensee shall pay, for each televised racing day on which the total pari-mutuel pool exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, the greater of either: (i) The total of the daily license tax and the pari-mutuel pools tax required by section ten of this article; or (ii) a daily license tax of one thousand two hundred fifty dollars. For each televised racing day on which the total parimutuel pool is one hundred thousand dollars or less, the licensee shall pay a daily license tax of five hundred dollars plus an additional license tax of one hundred dollars for each ten thousand dollars, or part thereof, that the pari-mutuel pool exceeds fifty thousand dollars, but does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars. Payments of the tax imposed by this section are subject to the requirements of subsection (e), section ten of this article.
- (f) After deducting the tax required by subsection (e) of this section, the amount required to be paid under the terms of the contract with the legal wagering entity of another state and the cost of transmission, the horse

- 69 racing association shall make a deposit equal to fifty
- 70 percent of the remainder into the purse fund established
- 71 under the provisions of subdivision (b) (1), section nine
- 72 of this article.
- 73 (g) The provisions of the "Federal Interstate Horse-74 racing Act of 1978", also known as Public Law 95-515, 75 Section 3001-3007 of Title 15, U.S. Code, as amended,
- 76 controls in determining the intent of this section.
- 77 (h) The handle from televised simulcast racing shall 78 not be included in the calculation of "average daily
- 79 handle" as it is calculated in section ten of this article
- 79 handle" as it is calculated in section ten of this article 80 to determine the alternative daily pari-mutuel pool tax.
 - PART VIII. DISPOSITION OF FUNDS FOR PAYMENT OF OUTSTANDING AND UNREDEEMED PARI-MUTUEL TICKETS; IRREDEEMABLE TICKETS; AWARDS.
- §19-23-13. Disposition of funds for payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets; publication of notice; irredeemable tickets; stake races for dog tracks.
 - 1 (a) All moneys held by any licensee for the payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if 2 not claimed within ninety days after the close of a horse 3 or dog race meeting or the televised racing day, as the 4 5 case may be, in connection with which the tickets were issued, shall be turned over by the licensee to the racing 6 7 commission within fifteen days after the expiration of such ninety-day period, and the licensee shall give such 8 9 information as the racing commission may require concerning such outstanding and unredeemed tickets. 10 All such money shall be deposited by the racing 11 12 commission in a banking institution of its choice in a special account to be known as "West Virginia Racing 13 Commission Special Account-Unredeemed Pari-Mu-14 tuel Tickets". Notice of the amount, date and place of 15 such deposit shall be given by the racing commission, 16 in writing, to the state treasurer. The racing commission 17 18 shall then cause to be published a notice to the holders 19 of such outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, notifying them to present such tickets for 20 21 payment at the principal office of the racing commission

within ninety days from the date of the publication of such notice. Such notice shall be published within fifteen days following the receipt of said moneys by the commission from the licensee as a Class I legal adver-tisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county in which such horse or dog race meeting was held and the county in which the televised racing day wagering conducted in this state.

- (b) Any such pari-mutuel tickets that shall not be presented for payment within ninety days from the date of the publication of the notice shall thereafter be irredeemable, and the moneys theretofore held for the redemption of such pari-mutuel tickets shall become the property of the racing commission and shall be expended as provided in this subsection. The racing commission shall maintain separate accounts for each licensee and shall record therein the moneys turned over by such licensee and the amount expended at such licensee's track for the purposes set forth in this subsection. The moneys in the "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account--Unredeemed Pari-Mutuel Tickets" shall be expended as follows:
- (1) To the owner of the winning horse in any horse race at a horse race meeting held or conducted by any licensee: *Provided*, That the owner of such horse is at the time of such horse race a bona fide resident of this state, a sum equal to ten percent of the purse won by such horse. The commission may require proof that the owner was, at the time of the race, a bona fide resident of this state. Upon proof by the owner that he filed a personal income tax return in this state for the previous two years and that he owned real or personal property in this state and paid taxes in this state on said property for the previous two years, he shall be presumed to be a bona fide resident of this state; and
- (2) To the breeder (that is, the owner of the mare) of the winning horse in any horse race at a horse race meeting held or conducted by any licensee: *Provided*, That the mare foaled in this state, a sum equal to ten

63 percent of the purse won by such horse; and

- (3) To the owner of the stallion which sired the winning horse in any horse race at a horse race meeting held or conducted by any licensee: *Provided*, That the mare which foaled such winning horse was served by a stallion standing and registered in this state, a sum equal to ten percent of the purse won by such horse; and
- (4) To those horse racing licensees not participating in the thoroughbred development fund authorized in section thirteen-b of this article the unexpended balance of such licensee's account not expended as provided in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection: Provided, That all moneys distributed under this subdivision shall be expended solely for capital improvements at the licensee's track: Provided, however, That such capital improvements must be approved, in writing, by the West Virginia racing commission before funds are expended by the licensee for that capital improvement; and
- (5) When the moneys in the special account, known as the "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account-Unredeemed Pari-Mutuel Tickets" will more than satisfy the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection, the West Virginia racing commission shall have the authority to expend the excess moneys from unredeemed horse racing parimutuel tickets as purse money in any race conditioned exclusively for West Virginia bred or sired horses, and to expend the excess moneys from unredeemed dog racing pari-mutuel tickets in supplementing purses and establishing stake races and dog racing handicaps at the dog tracks: Provided, That beginning with the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety, and subject to the availability of funds, the commission shall, after the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection have been satisfied, transfer annually three hundred thousand dollars of such excess moneys into a separate account to be used for promotional activities and purses for stake races for the West Virginia thoroughbred breeders classic, which shall give equal consideration to all horses qualifying under the West

- Virginia breeders program for each stake race, based solely on the horses' sex, age and earnings.
- The commission shall submit to the legislative auditor a quarterly report and accounting of the income, expenditures and unobligated balance in the special account created by this section known as the "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account—Unredeemed Pari-Mutuel Tickets".
- (c) Nothing contained in this article shall prohibit one person from qualifying for all or more than one of the aforesaid awards or for awards under section thirteenb of this article.
- (d) The cost of publication of the notice provided for in this section shall be paid from the funds in the hands of the state treasurer collected from the pari-mutuel pools' tax provided for in section ten of this article, when not otherwise provided in the budget; but no such costs shall be paid unless an itemized account thereof, under oath, be first filed with the state auditor.

PART IX. DISPOSITION OF PERMIT FEES, REGISTRATION AND FINES.

§19-23-13b. West Virginia thoroughbred development fund; distribution; restricted races; non-restricted purse supplements.

The racing commission shall deposit moneys required 1 to be withheld by an association or licensee in subsection 2 (b), section nine of this article in a banking institution 3 of its choice in a special account to be known as "West 4 Virginia Racing Commission Special Account - West 5 Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund". Notice of 6 the amount, date and place of the deposit shall be given 7 by the racing commission, in writing, to the state 8 treasurer. The purpose of the fund is to promote better 9 breeding and racing of thoroughbred horses in the state 10 through awards and purses for accredited breed-11 ers/raisers, sire owners and thoroughbred race horse 12 owners. A further objective of the fund is to aid in the 13 rejuvenation and development of the present horse 14 tracks now operating in West Virginia for capital 15

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16 improvements, operations or increased purses between 17 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-18 four, and the thirty-first day of October, one thousand 19 nine hundred ninety-two: Provided, That five percent of 20 the deposits required to be withheld by an association 21 or licensee in subsection (b), section nine of this article 22 shall be placed in a special revenue account hereby 23 created in the state treasury called the "administration 24 and promotion account". The racing commission is authorized to expend the moneys deposited in the 25 26 administration and promotion account at such times and 27 in such amounts as the commission determines to be necessary for purposes of administering and promoting 28 29 the thoroughbred development program: Provided, however. That during any fiscal year in which the 30 31 commission anticipates spending any money from the account, the commission shall submit to the executive 32 department during the budget preparation period prior 33 to the Legislature convening before that fiscal year for 34 inclusion in the executive budget document and budget 35 36 bill the recommended expenditures, as well as requests 37 of appropriations for the purpose of administration and 38 promotion of the program. The commission shall make 39 an annual report to the Legislature on the status of the administration and promotion account, including the 40 previous year's expenditures and projected expenditures 41 42 for the next year.

The funds shall be established immediately and operate on an annual basis.

- (a) Funds will be expended for awards and purses in the following manner:
- (i) Fifteen percent of the fund shall be available for distribution for events taking place between the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five;
- (ii) Fifty percent of the fund shall be available for distribution for events taking place between the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine

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- 56 hundred eighty-six;
- 57 (iii) Seventy-five percent of the fund shall be available 58 for distribution for events taking place between the first 59 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-50 seven, and the thirty-first day of December, one 51 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven:
 - (iv) One hundred percent of the fund shall be available thereafter; and
 - (v) After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and annually thereafter, the first one hundred thousand dollars of the fund shall be available for distribution for a maximum of four stakes races. One of these races shall be the West Virginia futurity and the second shall be the Frank Gall memorial stakes. The remaining races may be chosen by the committee set forth in subsection (b) of this section.
 - (b) Awards and purses will be distributed as follows:
- 75 (i) The breeders/raisers of accredited thoroughbred horses that earn a purse at any West Virginia meet will 76 receive a bonus award calculated at the end of the year 77 as a percentage of the fund dedicated to the breed-78 ers/raisers, which shall be sixty percent of the fund 79 available for distribution in any one year. The total 80 81 amount available for the breeders'/raisers' awards shall be distributed according to the ratio of purses earned 82 by an accredited race horse to the total amount earned 83 in the races by all accredited race horses for that year 84 as a percentage of the fund dedicated to the breed-85 ers/raisers. However, no breeder/raiser may receive 86 from the fund dedicated to breeders'/raisers' awards an 87 amount in excess of the earnings of the accredited horse 88 at West Virginia meets. In addition, should a horse's 89 breeder and raiser qualify for the same award on the 90 same horse, they will each be awarded one half of the 91 proceeds. Of the funds available for distribution in any 92 one year to breeders/raisers, neither the breeders as a 93 group nor the raisers as a group shall, until the first day 94 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, 95

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- qualify for more than sixty and one-tenth percent of such funds. The bonus referred to in this subdivision shall only be paid on the first one hundred thousand dollars of any purse, and not on any amounts in excess thereof.
- 101 (ii) The owner of a West Virginia sire of an accredited 102 thoroughbred horse that earns a purse in any race at 103 a West Virginia meet will receive a bonus award 104 calculated at the end of the year as a percentage of the 105 fund dedicated to sire owners, which shall be fifteen percent of the fund available for distribution in any one 106 107 year. The total amount available for the sire owners' 108 awards shall be distributed according to the ratio purses 109 earned by the progeny of accredited West Virginia 110 stallions in the races for a particular stallion to the total 111 purses earned by the progeny of all accredited West 112 Virginia stallions in the races. However, no sire owner 113 may receive from the fund dedicated to sire owners an amount in excess of thirty-five percent of the accredited 114 earnings for each sire. The bonus referred to in this 115 116 subsection shall only be paid on the first one hundred 117 thousand dollars of any purse, and not on any amounts 118 in excess thereof.
 - (iii) The owner of an accredited thoroughbred horse that earns a purse in any race at a West Virginia meet will receive a restricted purse supplement award calculated at the end of the year, which shall be twentyfive percent of the fund available for distribution in any one year, based on the ratio of the earnings in such races of a particular race horse to the total amount earned by all accredited race horses in the races during that year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to purse supplements. However, the owners may not receive from the fund dedicated to purse supplements an amount in excess of thirty-five percent of the total accredited earnings for each accredited race horse. The bonus referred to in this subsection shall only be paid on the first one hundred thousand dollars of any purse, and not on any amounts in excess thereof.
- (iv) In no event shall purses earned at a meet held at a track which did not make a contribution to the

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thoroughbred development fund out of the daily pool on the day the meet was held qualify or count toward eligibility for an award under this section.

(v) Any balance in the breeders/raisers, sire owners and purse supplement funds after yearly distributions shall: (1) Be utilized to fund the races established in subsection (d) of this section; and (2) revert back into the general account of the fund for distribution in the next year.

Distribution shall be made on the fifteenth of each February for the preceding year's achievements.

- 148 (c) The remainder, if any, of the fund that is not 149 available for distribution in the above program in any one year is reserved for regular purses, marketing 150 151 expenses and for capital improvements in the amounts 152 and under the conditions provided in this subsection. 153 Fifty percent of the remainder shall be reserved for 154 payments into the regular purse fund established in 155 subsection (b), section nine of this article. Up to five 156 hundred thousand dollars per year shall be available for: 157 (1) Capital improvements at the eligible licensed horse 158 racing tracks in the state; and (2) marketing and 159 advertising programs above and beyond two hundred 160 fifty thousand dollars for the eligible licensed horse 161 racing tracks in the state: Provided, That moneys shall 162 be expended for capital improvements or marketing and 163 advertising purposes as described above only in accor-164 dance with a plan filed with and receiving the prior approval of the racing commission, and on a basis of 165 fifty percent participation by the licensee and fifty 166 percent participation by moneys from the fund, in the 167 total cost of approved projects: Provided, however, That 168 169 funds approved for one track may not be used at another track unless the first track ceases to operate or is viewed 170 by the commission as unworthy of additional investment 171 due to financial or ethical reasons. 172
 - (d) Each pari-mutuel thoroughbred horse track shall provide at least the following restricted races in accordance with the following time schedules:
 - (i) From the first day of July, one thousand nine

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- hundred eighty-four, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four — one restricted race per eight racing days:
- (ii) From the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five — one restricted race per seven racing days;
- (iii) From the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six — one restricted race per six racing days;
- (iv) From the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven one restricted race per five racing days;
 - (v) From the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight one restricted race per four racing days;
- (vi) From the first day of January, one thousand nine
 hundred eighty-nine, to the thirty-first day of December,
 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine one restricted
 race per three racing days; and thereafter.

The restricted races established in this subsection shall be administered by a three-member committee consisting of: (A) The racing secretary; (B) a member appointed by the authorized representative of a majority of the owners and trainers at the thoroughbred track; and (C) a member appointed by a majority of the thoroughbred breeders. The purses shall be twenty percent larger than the purses for similar type races at each track. Restricted races shall be funded by each racing association from:

- 210 (1) Moneys placed in the general purse fund up to a 211 maximum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars per 212 year.
- 213 (2) Moneys as provided in subdivision (v), subsection 214 (b) of this section shall be placed in a special fund called

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the "West Virginia accredited race fund". The racing schedules, purse amounts and types of races are subject to the approval of the West Virginia racing commission.

(e) No association or licensee qualifying for the alternate tax provision of subsection (b), section ten of this article is eligible for participation in any of the provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 99

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4459—By Delegates Johnson and Rowe)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a, relating to horse and dog racing; and requiring fingerprinting of all new applicants for licenses; allowing the racing commission to require applicants for the issuance or renewal of licenses or permits to furnish fingerprints; providing for review of fingerprints by division of public safety and federal bureau of investigation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

§19-23-7a. Applicants for licenses and permits to provide fingerprints.

1 (a) All new applicants for licenses issued by the
2 racing commission, pursuant to section one of this
3 article, shall be required to furnish fingerprints for
4 examination by the criminal identification bureau of the
5 division of public safety and the federal bureau of
6 investigation. The fingerprints shall be furnished by all

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- persons required to be named in the application pursuant to subsection (a), section seven of this article and shall be accompanied by a signed authorization for the release of information by the criminal investigation bureau and the federal bureau of investigation.
 - (b) The racing commission may require any applicant seeking the renewal of a license or the issuance or renewal of a permit to furnish fingerprints for examination by the criminal identification bureau of the division of public safety and the federal bureau of investigation. The racing commission may require all or any part of the persons required to be named in an application pursuant to section seven of this article to provide fingerprints and the fingerprints shall be accompanied by a signed authorization for the release of information by the criminal investigation bureau and the federal bureau of investigation.

CHAPTER 100

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4228—By Delegates Prunty and Stewart, By Request)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a, relating to economic development and permitting the economic development authority to negotiate with the Marion County commission to establish a national horseshoe pitcher's hall of fame.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

§31-15-12a. Horseshoe pitcher's hall of fame.

- Not later than the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred ninety-two, the West Virginia economic
- 3 development authority may enter into negotiations with
- 4 the county commission of Marion County to develop,
- 5 organize, construct and manage a national horseshoe
- 6 pitcher's hall of fame shrine and multipurpose building
- 7 project.
- 8 The authority may provide funds through a loan, staff
- 9 support and technical assistance to the Marion County
- 10 commission to target the project for completion within
- 11 five years: Provided, That the Marion County commis-
- 12 sion has the commitment, support and assistance of the
- 13 National Horseshoe Pitcher's Association to locate the
- 14 hall of fame in Marion County.

CHAPTER 101

(S. B. 606—Originating in the Committee on Labor)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three and nine, article nine, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to manufactured housing construction and safety standards; dealer defined; reducing per diem compensation for West Virginia manufactured housing construction and safety board members; and license fee for contractors.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three and nine, article nine, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9. MANUFACTURED HOUSING CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY STANDARDS.

- §21-9-3. Board created; appointment, qualifications, terms, oath, etc., of members; quorum; meetings; when members disqualified from participation; compensation; records; office space; personnel.
- \$21-9-9. License required: fees: form of license; display of license; denial: suspension or revocation.

§21-9-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Board" means the West Virginia manufactured
- 2 housing construction and safety board created in this
- 3 article.
- (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the 4
- West Virginia state department of labor. 5
- 6 (c) "Contractor" means any person who performs
- operations in this state at the occupancy site which 7 render a manufactured home fit for habitation. This
- 8
- definition does not include persons who do work on a 9
- manufactured home which is owned or leased by such 10
- 11 person doing the work. Such operations include, without
- limitation, installation or construction of the foundation, 12
- positioning, blocking, leveling, supporting, tying down, 13
- connecting utility systems, making minor adjustments 14
- or assembling multiple or expandable units. Such 15
- operations also include transporting the unit to the 16
- occupancy site by other than a motor carrier regulated 17
- by the West Virginia public service commission. 18
- 19 (d) "Dealer" means any person engaged in this state
- in the sale, leasing or distribution of new or used 20
- manufactured homes, primarily to persons who in good 21
- faith purchase or lease a manufactured home for 22
- 23 purposes other than resale.
- 24 (e) "Defect" includes any defect in the performance,
- 25 construction, components or material of a manufactured
- 26 home that renders the home or any part thereof not fit
- 27 for the ordinary use for which it was intended.
- 28 (f) "Distributor" means any person engaged in this 29 state in the sale and distribution of manufactured homes
- 30 for resale.
- 31 (g) "Federal standards" means the National Manufac-32
- tured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act
- of 1974 (42 U.S.C. §5401, et seq.), and federal manufac-33

- tured home construction and safety standards and regulations promulgated by the secretary of HUD to implement such act.
- 37 (h) "HUD" means the United States department of housing and urban development.

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- (i) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in manufacturing or assembling manufactured homes, including any person engaged in importing manufactured homes for resale.
- 43 (i) "Manufactured home" means a structure, transpor-44 table in one or more sections, which in the traveling 45 mode is eight body feet or more in width or forty body 46 feet or more in length or, when erected on site, is three 47 hundred twenty or more square feet, and which is built 48 on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a 49 dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when 50 connected to the required utilities, and includes the 51 plumbing, heating, air-conditioning and electrical 52 systems contained therein: except that such term shall 53 include any structure which meets all the requirements 54 of this definition except the size requirements and with 55 respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a 56 certificate which complies with the applicable federal 57 standards. Calculations used to determine the number 58 of square feet in a structure will be based on the 59 structure's exterior dimensions measured at the largest horizontal projections when erected on site. 60
- 61 (k) "Purchaser" means the first person purchasing a 62 manufactured home in good faith for purposes other 63 than resale.
- §21-9-3. Board created; appointment, qualifications, terms, oath, etc., of members; quorum; meetings; when members disqualified from participation; compensation; records; office space; personnel.
 - 1 (a) There is hereby created the West Virginia board 2 of manufactured housing construction and safety, which 3 shall consist of six members and the commissioner, who 4 shall be chairman. At least two of the six members of

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5 the said board shall represent and be consumers who are not related or employed in the manufactured housing and construction industry. The six members shall be 8 appointed by the governor by and with the advice and 9 consent of the Senate. No more than three of the 10 members so appointed may be of the same political party.

- (b) The members of the board shall be appointed for overlapping terms of six years, except that of the original appointments, two members shall be appointed for a term of two years, two members shall be appointed for a term of four years and two members shall be appointed for a term of six years, and in every instance until their respective successors have been appointed and qualified. Before entering upon the performance of his duties, each member shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section 5, article IV of the Constitution of the state of West Virginia, and shall certify that he is and during the term of his appointment shall remain free of any conflict of interest. The governor shall, within sixty days following the occurrence of a vacancy on the board, fill the same by appointing a person for the unexpired term of the person vacating said office. Any member may be removed by the governor in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office.
- (c) A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum. The board shall meet at least once in each calendar quarter on a date fixed by the board. The commissioner may, upon his own motion, or shall upon the written request of three members of the board. call additional meetings of the board upon at least twenty-four hours' notice. No member shall participate in a proceeding before the board to which a corporation, partnership or unincorporated association is a party. and of which he is or was at any time in the preceding twelve months a director, officer, owner, partner, employee, member or stockholder. A member may disqualify himself from participation in a proceeding for any other cause deemed by him to be sufficient. Each member shall receive fifty dollars for each day or

- portion thereof spent in attending meetings of the board and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred incident to his duties as a member of the board.
- 50 (d) The board shall keep an accurate record of all its 51 proceedings and make certificates thereupon as may be 52 required by law. The commissioner shall make available 53 necessary office space and secretarial and other assist-54 ance as the board may reasonably require.

§21-9-9. License required; fees; form of license; display of license; denial, suspension or revocation.

- 1 (a) No manufacturer, dealer, distributor or contractor shall engage in business in this state without first 2 3 having applied for and received a license pursuant to 4 this section. The license shall authorize the holder to 5 engage in the business permitted by the license. All 6 license applications shall be accompanied by the 7 required fee and surety bond or other form of assurance 8 as required by rule or regulation promulgated by the 9 board.
- 10 (b) All licenses shall be granted or refused within 11 thirty days after proper and complete application. All 12 licenses shall expire on the thirtieth day of June of each 13 year, unless sooner revoked or suspended. Applications 14 shall be deemed valid for a period of thirty days.
- 15 (c) The annual license fees shall be in the amounts 16 prescribed from time to time by rules and regulations 17 promulgated by the board but in no event less than the 18 following amounts:
- (1) For manufacturers, three hundred dollars;
- 20 (2) For dealers, one hundred dollars;
- 21 (3) For distributors, one hundred dollars; and
- 22 (4) For contractors, fifty dollars: *Provided*, That if a 23 contractor has met the licensing requirements of this 24 article and the West Virginia contractor licensing act in 25 article eleven of this chapter, has paid the annual license 26 fee under section eight, article eleven of this chapter and 27 has furnished bond or other assurance under section ten

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- of this article, he or she shall not be required to pay the annual license fee set forth in this section.
- 30 (d) The board shall prescribe the form of license and each license shall have affixed thereon the seal of the state department of labor.
 - (e) Each licensee shall conspicuously display the license in its established place of business.
- 35 (f) Pursuant to such rules and regulations as may be 36 promulgated by the board, the board may deny the 37 issuance of a license or revoke or suspend any license.
- 38 (g) The proceeds of such fees shall be deposited in a 39 special account in the state treasury to be used by the 40 department of labor for the administration of the 41 provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 102

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4007—By Delegate Gallagher)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article ten, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to county humane officers and providing for the designation of the county dog warden as an alternative or additional humane officer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article ten, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. HUMANE OFFICERS.

§7-10-1. Deputy sheriffs as humane officers.

- The sheriff of each county of this state shall annually designate, by a record made in the office of the clerk
- 3 of the county commission, one of his or her deputies to

4 act as humane officer of the county; or, if the county 5 commission and sheriff agree, the county dog warden may be designated to act as the humane officer or as 6 an additional humane officer; any person designated to 7 8 act as a humane officer and all peace officers designated by law as a humane officer or an additional humane 9 10 officer shall investigate all complaints made to him or 11 her of cruel or inhumane treatment of animals within 12 the county and he or she shall personally see that the 13 law relating to the prevention of cruelty to animals is enforced. The wilful failure of such designee to inves-14 15 tigate any complaint made to him or her and to take proper measures in such case or to perform his or her 16 17 duty in any other respect may constitute good cause for 18 removal from employment.

CHAPTER 103

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2121—By Delegates Love and Pethtel)

[Passed February 13, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article two by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-a, relating to authorizing trappers checking traps on Sundays to carry only a twenty-two caliber firearm for the purpose of humanely dispatching trapped animals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-5. Unlawful methods of hunting and fishing. §20-2-19a. Trappers authorized to possess only twenty-two caliber firearm on Sundays.

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§20-2-5. Unlawful methods of hunting and fishing.

- Except as authorized by the director, it is unlawful at any time for any person to:
- 3 (1) Shoot at or to shoot any wild bird or animal unless
 4 it is plainly visible to him;
 - (2) Dig out, cut out or smoke out, or in any manner take or attempt to take, any live wild animal or wild bird out of its den or place of refuge, except as may be authorized by regulations promulgated by the director or by law;
- 10 (3) Make use of, or take advantage of, any artificial 11 light in hunting, locating, attracting, taking, trapping, 12 or killing any wild bird or wild animal, or to attempt to do so, while having in his possession or subject to his 13 control, or for any person accompanying him to have in 14 his possession or subject to his control, any firearm, 15 whether cased or uncased, bow, arrow, or both, or other 16 17 implement or device suitable for taking, killing or trapping a wild bird or animal: Provided, That it shall 18 not be unlawful to hunt or take raccoon, opossum or 19 20 skunk by the use of artificial lights. No person shall be guilty of a violation of this subdivision merely because 21 22 he looks for, looks at, attracts or makes motionless a wild bird or wild animal with or by the use of an artificial 23 light, unless at such time he has in his possession a 24 25 firearm, whether cased or uncased, bow, arrow, or both, 26 or other implement or device suitable for taking, killing or trapping a wild bird or wild animal, or unless such 27 28 artificial light (other than the head lamps of an 29 automobile or other land conveyance) is attached to, a 30 part of, or used from within or upon an automobile or 31 other land conveyance.

Any person violating the provisions of this subdivision shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall for each offense be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten days nor more than one hundred days;

(4) Hunt for, take, kill, wound or shoot at wild

- animals or wild birds from an airplane, or other airborne conveyance, an automobile, or other land conveyance, or from a motor-driven water conveyance, except as may be authorized by regulations promulgated by the director;
 - (5) Take any beaver or muskrat by any means other than by trap;
 - (6) Catch, capture, take or kill by seine, net, bait, trap or snare or like device of any kind, any wild turkey, ruffed grouse, pheasant or quail;
 - (7) Destroy or attempt to destroy needlessly or willfully the nest or eggs of any wild bird or have in his possession such nest or eggs unless authorized to do so under regulations or under a permit by the director:
 - (8) Except as provided in section six of this article, carry an uncased or loaded gun in any of the woods of this state except during the open firearms hunting season for wild animals and nonmigratory wild birds within any county of the state, unless he has in his possession a permit in writing issued to him by the director: *Provided*, That this section shall not prohibit hunting or taking of unprotected species of wild animals and wild birds and migratory wild birds, during the open season, in the open fields, open water and open marshes of the state:
 - (9) Except as provided in section six of this article, carry an uncased or loaded gun after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday in any woods or on any highway, railroad right-of-way, public road, field or stream of this state, except at a regularly used rifle, pistol, skeet, target or trapshooting ground or range;
 - (10) Have in his possession a loaded firearm or a firearm from the magazine of which all shells and cartridges have not been removed, in or on any vehicle or conveyance, or its attachments, within the state, except as may otherwise be provided by law or regulation. Except as hereinafter provided, between five o'clock postmeridian of one day and seven o'clock antemeridian, eastern standard time of the day follow-

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- 78 ing, any unloaded firearm, being lawfully carried in 79 accordance with the foregoing provisions, shall be so 80 carried only when in a case or taken apart and securely wrapped. During the period from July first to Sep-81 82 tember thirtieth, inclusive, of each year, the foregoing 83 requirements relative to carrying certain unloaded 84 firearms shall be permissible only from eight-thirty 85 o'clock postmeridian to five o'clock antemeridian. eastern standard time: 86
- 87 (11) Hunt, catch, take, kill, trap, injure or pursue 88 with firearms or other implement by which wildlife may 89 be taken after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on 90 Sunday any wild animals or wild birds: Provided. That traps previously and legally set may be tended after the 91 hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday, and the 92 93 person so doing may carry only a twenty-two caliber firearm for the purpose of humanely dispatching 94 trapped animals. 95
- 96 (12) Hunt with firearms or long bow while under the influence of intoxicating liquor;
- 98 (13) Hunt, catch, take, kill, injure or pursue a wild 99 animal or bird with the use of a ferret;
- 100 (14) Buy raw furs, pelts or skins of fur-bearing 101 animals unless licensed to do so;
 - (15) Have in his possession or about his premises, without the written permission of the director, any hunting or fishing paraphernalia which cannot be used lawfully in this state for hunting or fishing, and any conservation officer shall remove and destroy such hunting and fishing paraphernalia, whenever found in this state, and the person or persons claiming ownership shall have no recourse at law against such confiscation and destruction;
- 111 (16) Catch, take, kill, or attempt to catch, take or kill
 112 any fish at any time by any means other than by rod,
 113 line and hooks with natural or artificial lures unless
 114 otherwise authorized by law or regulation issued by the
 115 director: *Provided*, That snaring of any species of
 116 suckers, carp, fallfish and creek chubs shall at all times
 117 be lawful;

- (17) Employ or hire, or induce or persuade, by the use of money or other things of value, or by any means, any person to hunt, take, catch or kill, any wild animal or wild bird except those species on which there is no closed season, or to fish for, catch, take or kill any fish, amphibian or aquatic life which is protected by the provisions of this chapter or regulations of the director. or the sale of which is prohibited:
- (18) Hunt, catch, take, kill, capture, pursue, trans-port, possess or use any migratory game or nongame birds included in the terms of conventions between the United States and Great Britain and between the United States and United Mexican States for the protection of migratory birds and wild mammals concluded, respectively, August sixteen, one thousand nine hundred sixteen, and February seven, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six, except during the time and in the manner and numbers prescribed by the Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act and regulations made thereunder:
 - (19) Kill, take, catch or have in his possession, living or dead, any wild bird, other than a game bird; or expose for sale, or transport within or without the state any such bird, except as aforesaid. No part of the plumage, skin or body of any protected bird shall be sold or had in possession for sale, except mounted or stuffed plumage, skin, bodies or heads of such birds legally taken and stuffed or mounted, irrespective of whether such bird was captured within or without this state, except the English or European sparrow (Passer domesticus), starling (Sturnus vulgaris), crow (Corvus brachyrhynchos) and cowbird (Molothrus ater), which shall not be protected and the killing thereof at any time is lawful;
 - (20) Use dynamite or any like explosive or poisonous mixture placed in any waters of the state for the purpose of killing or taking fish. Any person violating the provisions of this subdivision shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned for not less than six months nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned;

- 160 (21) Have a bow and gun, or have a gun and any arrow or arrows, in the fields or woods at the same time;
- 162 (22) Have a crossbow in the woods or fields or use a 163 crossbow to hunt for, take or attempt to take any 164 wildlife:
- 165 (23) Take or attempt to take turkey, bear, elk or deer 166 with any arrow unless the same is equipped with a point 167 having at least two sharp cutting edges measuring in 168 excess of three fourths of an inch wide;
- 169 (24) Take or attempt to take any wildlife with an 170 arrow having an explosive head or shaft, a poisoned 171 arrow, or an arrow which would affect wildlife by any 172 chemical action;
- 173 (25) Shoot an arrow across any public highway or 174 from aircraft, motor-driven watercraft, motor vehicle or 175 other land conveyance;
- 176 (26) Permit any dog owned by him or under his control to chase, pursue or follow upon the track of any 177 wild animal or wild bird, either day or night, between 178 the first day of May and the fifteenth day of August next 179 following: Provided, That dogs may be trained on wild 180 181 animals and wild birds, except deer and wild turkeys, and field trials may be held or conducted on the grounds 182 or lands of the owner or by his bona fide tenant or 183 tenants or upon the grounds or lands of another person 184 with his written permission or on public lands, at any 185 time: Provided, however, That notwithstanding any of 186 the above provisions, no person may train a dog in any 187 188 county, or portion thereof, in which a legal bear hunting season has been established prior to the first day of July. 189 190 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, except that 191 residents may train dogs in such counties after the 192 twenty-fourth day of August through the end of the legal 193 small game hunting season: Provided further, That 194 nonresidents shall not train dogs in this state at any time 195 except during the legal small game hunting season; And 196 provided further. That the person training said dogs does 197 not have firearms or other implements in his possession 198 during the closed season on such wild animals and wild

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199 birds, whereby wild animals or wild birds could be 200 taken or killed;

201 (27) Conduct or participate in a field trial, shoot-to-202 retrieve field trial, water race or wild hunt hereafter referred to as trial: Provided, That any person, group 203 204 of persons, club or organization may hold such trial at 205 any time of the year upon obtaining such permit as is 206 provided for in section fifty-six of this article. The 207 person responsible for obtaining said permit shall 208 prepare and keep an accurate record of the names and 209 addresses of all persons participating in said trial, and 210 make same readily available for inspection by any 211 conservation officer upon request; and

212 (28) Except as provided in section four of this article, 213 hunt, catch, take, kill or attempt to hunt, catch, take or 214 kill any wild animal, wild bird or wild fowl except 215 during the open season established by regulation of the 216 director as authorized by subdivision six, section seven, 217 article one of this chapter.

§20-2-19a. Trappers authorized to possess only twentytwo caliber firearm on Sundays.

Any person authorized by the provisions of this article to trap any game or fur-bearing animal is also authorized, if that person is checking his or her traps on Sunday, to carry only a twenty-two caliber firearm for the purpose of humanely dispatching trapped animals.

CHAPTER 104

(S. B. 515—By Senator Minard)

[Passed March 4, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections five, six, seven, eight, ten, twelve, fifteen, seventeen, twenty, twenty-five and twenty-eight, article seven, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, eleven, thirteen, fourteen, sixteen, eighteen,

nineteen, twenty-four, twenty-six and twenty-seven of said article, all relating to industrial banks and industrial loan companies; redefining terms; eliminating industrial banks; organizational requirements of industrial loan companies; powers of industrial loan companies: eliminating the ability of industrial loan companies to issue certificates of indebtedness to the public or buy and sell bonds; restricting the practices of industrial loan companies; permitting industrial loan companies to hold real estate for ten years; requiring supervision of the banking commissioner; annual assessments by the commissioner; branch offices permitted; penalties for violations: annual meetings and reports; bonds for directors: personal liability of directors for manager's acts; rights of stockholders; advertising requirements and restrictions; and powers of the banking commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, six, seven, eight, ten, twelve, fifteen, seventeen, twenty, twenty-five and twenty-eight, article seven, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections one, two, three, four, eleven, thirteen, fourteen, sixteen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty-four, twenty-six and twenty-seven of said article be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. INDUSTRIAL LOAN COMPANIES.

- §31-7-1. Short title.
- §31-7-2. Construction of article; general corporation laws applicable.
- §31-7-3. Definitions.
- §31-7-4. Incorporators; name; minimum capital stock; voting rights of classes of stock; common stock to be paid in before business commenced; use of certain words in corporate name prohibited.
- §31-7-11. Powers of industrial loan companies; limitation of powers.
- §31-7-13. Supervision and control.
- §31-7-14. Branch industrial loan company permitted; penalties.
- §31-7-16. Annual and special meetings of stockholders; quorum; annual report; voting; proxies.
- §31-7-18. Chief executive and other officers to be bonded; personal liability of directors for manager's defalcation.
- §31-7-19. List of stockholders; right of inspection.
- \$31-7-24. Advertising requirements and prohibitions.
- §31-7-26. Rules and regulations.

§31-7-27. Additional powers and duties of the commissioner; fees; powers of the board; appeals and judicial review.

§31-7-1. Short title.

This article shall be known and may be cited as the "West Virginia Industrial Loan Company Act".

§31-7-2. Construction of article; general corporation laws applicable.

- 1 (a) Except as otherwise specified herein, the provisions of chapter thirty-one-a of this code, insofar as the 2 same relates to the inspection, examination, supervision, 3 regulation and control of banking institutions, includ-4 ing, but not limited to, all of the penalty provisions 5 contained in said chapter, shall apply to industrial loan 6 7 companies organized pursuant to this article to the 8 extent that the provisions of this article and the 9 provisions of said chapter are not inconsistent. To the 10 extent of any inconsistencies between the provisions of this article and provisions of said chapter, the provisions 11 12 of this article shall prevail to the extent of such 13 inconsistencies.
- (b) The general corporation laws of the state, including the provisions of article one of this chapter, shall
 govern industrial loan companies.

§31-7-3. Definitions.

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- As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires a different meaning, the term:
- (a) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of banking"
 means the commissioner of banking of West Virginia
 and includes the division of banking of West Virginia;
 - (b) "Deposit" or "deposits" means the unpaid balance of money or its equivalent received or held in the usual course of business and for which there is given or there is obligated to give credit, either conditionally or unconditionally, to a checking, savings, time or thrift account, or which is evidenced by a certificate of deposit; and
- 12 and
 (a) "Industrial loan company" means any cor
- 13 (c) "Industrial loan company" means any corporation 14 formed under the provisions of this article with the

- 15 approval of the commissioner of banking of this state.
- §31-7-4. Incorporators; name; minimum capital stock; voting rights of classes of stock; common stock to be paid in before business commenced; use of certain words in corporate name prohibited.
 - 1 Any number of persons may become an industrial 2 loan company on the terms and conditions and subject 3 to the liabilities prescribed in this article. The name of any industrial loan company formed under this article 4 shall not contain the words "savings" or "savings and 5 loan" and shall not be that of any other existing 6 corporation of this state: Provided, That any such 7 corporation heretofore organized which uses the words 8 "savings and loan" as a part of its corporate name shall 9 be authorized to continue to use such words. The capital 10 stock of any such corporation shall not be less than 11 12 twenty-five thousand dollars, and shall consist of shares of common stock. The voting power and control of the 13 corporation during its life shall be vested in the common 14 stock only if more than one class of stock is to be issued. 15 16 Such common stock, with which it will commence business, shall be paid in before such corporation shall 17 18 be authorized to engage in business, except such business as is incidental and necessarily preliminary to 19 20 its organization.

§31-7-11. Powers of industrial loan companies; limitation of powers.

- 1 (a) In addition to the general powers conferred upon 2 corporations by the laws of this state, each industrial 3 loan company shall have power to exercise by its board 4 of directors or duly authorized officers or agents, subject 5 to law, all such powers as shall be necessary to:
- 6 (1) Lend money to any person, firm or corporation, 7 secured by the obligation of such person, firm or 8 corporation, or otherwise:
- 9 (2) Demand and receive for loans or for notes, bills 10 or evidences of debt discounted or purchased, such rate 11 of interest as may be agreed upon by the parties, not

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- 12 exceeding the lawful rate of interest, and it shall be lawful to receive such interest in advance. This section 13 14 does not limit or restrict the manner of calculating the 15 loan finance charge, whether by way of add-on, discount 16 or otherwise, so long as the rate of loan finance charge 17 does not exceed that permitted by this section;
 - (3) Charge for a loan made pursuant to this section, one dollar for each fifty dollars, or fraction thereof, loaned, for expenses including any examination or investigation of the character and circumstances of the borrower, comaker or surety, and the drawing and taking the acknowledgment of necessary papers, or other expenses, incurred in making the loan. No additional charge shall be made except to reimburse the corporation for money actually expended for additional service actually rendered the borrower. No charge shall be collected unless a loan shall have been made as the result of such examination or investigation:
- 30 (4) Purchase, hold and convey real estate as follows:
- 31 (A) Such as shall be necessary for the convenient 32 transaction of its business:
- 33 (B) Such as is mortgaged to it in good faith by way 34 of security for loans made by or money due to such 35 industrial loan company:
- 36 (C) Such as is conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its dealings; 37
 - (D) Such as is acquired by sale on execution or judgment or decree of any court in its favor.
 - (b) Industrial loan companies shall not purchase, hold or convey any real estate in any other case or for any other purpose whatever. Real estate shall be conveyed only by authority of the board of directors of any such industrial loan company. No real estate acquired in the cases contemplated in paragraphs (B), (C) and (D), subdivision (4), subsection (a) of this section shall be held for a longer time than ten years, unless such period shall be extended by the commissioner of banking.
 - (c) An industrial loan company shall not:

- 50 (1) Accept or receive deposits or sell or offer for sale 51 its secured or unsecured evidences or certificates of 52 indebtedness:
- 53 (2) Pay any fees, bonuses, commissions, rewards or 54 other consideration to any person, firm or corporation 55 for the privilege of using any plan of operation, scheme 56 or device for the organization or carrying on of business 57 under this article, or the use of any name, trademark 58 or copyright to be so used.

§31-7-13. Supervision and control.

- 1 (a) Every industrial loan company shall be subject to 2 the inspection, examination, supervision, jurisdiction 3 and control of the commissioner. Where forty percent or more of the common stock of any industrial loan 4 5 company is owned or is held in trust for the benefit of 6 or by any other single firm, corporation, partnership or association, such other firm, corporation, partnership or 7 8 association shall also be subject to the same jurisdiction and powers of inspection, examination, supervision and 9 10 control of the commissioner, as if such other firm, 11 corporation, partnership or association were an indus-12 trial loan company.
- 13 (b) The commissioner of banking shall charge and collect from each industrial loan company and pay into 14 a special revenue account for the department of banking 15 an annual assessment payable on the first day of July. 16 computed upon the total assets of the industrial loan 17 company shown on the report of condition of the 18 industrial loan company as of the last business day in 19 December of the previous year as is set out in section 20 21 eight, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.

§31-7-14. Branch industrial loan company permitted; penalties.

1 (a) No industrial loan company shall install or 2 maintain any branch industrial loan company, unless it 3 has applied for and received a branch office certificate 4 from the commissioner. Application for a branch office 5 certificate shall be filed in duplicate with the commis-6 sioner, on forms prescribed by the commissioner,

- 7 accompanied by an examination and investigation fee of 8 one thousand dollars payable to the commissioner. The
- 9 provision of section five, article two, chapter thirty-one-
- 10 a of this code, insofar as the same relates to financial
- 11 institutions, other than banking institutions, shall apply
- 12 to the application and issuance of a branch office
- 13 certificate or license by the commissioner to an indus-
- 14 trial loan company.
- 15 (b) Any violation of any provision of this section shall
- 16 constitute a misdemeanor offense punishable by appli-
- 17 cable penalties as provided in section fifteen, article
- 18 eight, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.

§31-7-16. Annual and special meetings of stockholders: quorum; annual report; voting; proxies.

- 1 (a) The stockholders of each industrial loan company 2
- shall meet annually, a majority of the outstanding voting 3 stock to constitute a quorum; and it shall be the duty
- 4 of the secretary to prepare and submit to the stock-
- 5 holders a clear and concise statement of the financial
- 6 condition of the corporation as of the close of business
- 7 on the last day of the year next preceding. At such
- 8 meeting the stockholders shall elect a board of directors
- 9 of not less than five nor more than twenty-five. Special
- 10 meetings may be called by order of the board of
- 11 directors or by request in writing of ten percent of the
- 12 stockholders.

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- 13 (b) In all elections of directors of the corporation, each 14 stockholder shall have the right to cast one vote for each
- 15 share of stock owned by him and entitled to vote, and
- 16 he may cast the same in person or by proxy, for as many
- 17 persons as there are directors to be elected, or he may
- 18 cumulate such votes and give one candidate as many
- 19 votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied
- 20 by the number of his shares of stock shall equal; or he
- 21 may distribute them on the same principle among as
- many candidates and in such manner as he may desire, 22
- and the directors shall not be elected in any other 23
- manner, and on any other question to be determined by
- a vote of shares at any meeting of stockholders each 25
- stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share 26

- 27 of stock owned by him and entitled to vote, and he may
- 28 exercise this right in person or by proxy, but if by
- 29 proxy, in no instance can it be voted in any meeting
- 30 other than which it was first intended.

§31-7-18. Chief executive and other officers to be bonded; personal liability of directors for manager's defalcation.

The directors of every industrial loan company shall 1 2 require the manager or other chief executive officer appointed by them in lieu of a manager, before he 3 4 performs or enters upon any duties as such manager or 5 chief executive officer, to give a bond or bonds, with a 6 surety company authorized to transact business in this state as surety thereon, the amount to be fixed by them, 7 but in no case shall the penalty be less than five 8 thousand dollars. Other officers and personnel are to be 9 bonded in amounts commensurate with their duties and 10 responsibilities, to be fixed by the board of directors, 11 12 and all bonds are to be approved by the commissioner of banking and a copy filed with his department; and 13 it shall be the duty of the directors, as often as once in 14 every year, to pass upon the sufficiency of such bond or 15 bonds, and if insufficient, to require without delay new 16 and additional bonds and securities to be given. If the 17 directors shall fail to perform any or all of the require-18 19 ments of this section, they shall be jointly and severally 20 liable to the industrial loan company, as the case may 21 be, to the extent of any defalcation of or deficiency in 22 the funds of such company created or caused by such 23 manager, not in excess of the penalty of his bond, the 24 same to be recovered by such industrial loan company 25 in any court of competent jurisdiction of this state.

§31-7-19. List of stockholders; right of inspection.

The president, manager or treasurer of every industrial loan company shall at all times cause to be kept a true and accurate list of the names of stockholders of record, with the amount of stock held by each, which list shall at all times during business hours be open to the inspection of any stockholder or to the inspection of the commissioner or his duly authorized representative

- 8 or to the authorized personnel or representatives of the
- 9 federal deposit insurance corporation.

§31-7-24. Advertising requirements and prohibitions.

- 1 (a) An industrial loan company shall not advertise
- 2 itself as a bank nor shall any of its advertisements,
- 3 irrespective of the media used, contain the word or term
- "bank", "banker", "banking company", "banking associ-4
- ation", "bankers association", "savings bank" or "trust 5
- 6 company".
- 7 (b) An industrial loan company shall not use in any 8
- of its advertisements, signs, displays, stationery or documents nor in any other manner use any symbol, 9
- 10 device, trademark or seal which is alike or deceptively
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- similar to any device, symbol, trademark, or seal of the
- 12 federal deposit insurance corporation or of any other
- 13 federal agency or of any other corporation authorized to
- 14 transact business in this state. Any such symbol, device,
- 15 trademark or seal proposed to be adopted or used by any
- 16 industrial loan company shall, prior to its adoption or
- 17 use, be approved in writing by the commissioner.

§31-7-26. Rules and regulations.

- 1 The commissioner may, from time to time, adopt and
- 2 promulgate such rules as are deemed necessary and
- appropriate to carry into effect the provisions of this
- 4 article in accordance with the provisions of chapter
- 5 thirty-one-a of this code. All such rules shall be adopted
- and promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 6
- twenty-nine-a of this code.

§31-7-27. Additional powers and duties of the commissioner; fees; powers of the board; appeals and judicial review.

- 1 Except as may be inconsistent with the provisions of
- this article, all of the duties, powers and authority 2
- vested in the commissioner of banking pursuant to the 3
- provisions of chapter thirty-one-a of this code shall apply 4
- to industrial loan companies. Appeals from any orders 5
- or actions of the commissioner or judicial review thereof 6
- shall be in the same manner as may be prescribed in 7
- chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. 8

CHAPTER 105

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 536—By Senator Burdette, Mr. President, By Request)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five, ten, thirteen. fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, twenty-two and twenty-four. article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article nine-a, chapter eighteen of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-four, all relating to public employees insurance: costs to retired employees; transfer of certain funds to the medicaid program; providing that the finance board establish certain premium costs; removing pregnancy as a preexisting condition and providing for continuity of coverage for previously insured new employees with preexisting conditions; requiring county boards of education and other employers to fund premium costs in excess of general revenue appropriations, requiring notification of maximum amount of such costs, setting a maximum amount of such costs of five million dollars, and limiting use of school aid appropriations to employer premiums for employees whose positions are funded by state funds; requiring employers to pay contributions as determined by the finance board; providing for payment of premium contributions of retired employees; and authorizing use of school aid funds for employer premiums.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, ten, thirteen, fifteen, seventeen, eighteen, twenty-two and twenty-four, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that article ninea, chapter eighteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-four, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 18. Education.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.

§5-16-5. Purpose, powers and duties of the finance board; initial financial plan; financial plan for following year; and annual financial plans.

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- §5-16-10. Contract provisions for group hospital and surgical, group major medical, group prescription drug and group life and accidental death insurance for retired employees, their spouses and dependents.
- §5-16-13. Payment of costs by employer and employee; coverage for employee's spouse and dependents generally; short term continuance of coverage for involuntary employee termination; extended insurance coverage for retired employees with accrued annual leave and sick leave; increased retirement benefits for retired employees with accrued annual and sick leave; additional eligible retired employees; option for health insurance coverage without life insurance coverage made available to retirees; health insurance for surviving dependents of deceased employees.
- §5-16-15. Optional dental, optical, disability and prepaid retirement plan, and audiology and hearing-aid service plan.
- §5-16-17. Preexisting conditions not covered; defined.
- §5-16-18. Payment of costs by employer; schedule of insurance; special funds created; duties of treasurer with respect thereto.
- §5-16-22. Permissive participation; exemptions.
- §5-16-24. Rules and regulations for administration of article; eligibility of certain retired employees and dependents of deceased members for coverage; employees on medical leave of absence entitled to coverage; life insurance.
- §5-16-5. Purpose, powers and duties of the finance board; initial financial plan; financial plan for following year; and annual financial plans.
 - 1 (a) The purpose of the finance board created by this

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2 article is to bring fiscal stability to the public employees 3 insurance agency through development of an annual 4 financial plan designed to meet the agency's estimated 5 total financial requirements, taking into account all revenues projected to be made available to the agency, 6 7 and apportioning necessary costs equitably among 8 participating employers, employees and retired em-9 ployees and providers of health care services.

(b) The finance board shall retain the services of an impartial, professional actuary, with demonstrated experience in analysis of large group health insurance plans, to estimate the total financial requirements of the public employees insurance agency for each fiscal year and to review and render written professional opinions as to financial plans proposed by the finance board. The finance board shall also employ the actuary to develop alternative financing options and to perform such other services as may be requested by the finance board. All reasonable fees and expenses for actuarial services shall be paid by the public employees insurance agency. Any financial plan or modifications to a financial plan approved or proposed by the finance board pursuant to this section shall be submitted to and reviewed by the actuary, and may not be finally approved and submitted to the governor and to the Legislature without the actuary's written professional opinion that the plan may be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the agency, excluding incurred but unreported claims, for the fiscal year for which the plan is proposed. The actuary's opinion on the initial plan required by subsection (d) of this section shall allow for a target of forty-five days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. The actuary's opinion on the financial plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall allow for between thirty and forty-five days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. The actuary's opinion on the financial plan for any succeeding fiscal year shall allow for no more than thirty days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. The actuary's opinion for any fiscal year shall not include a requirement for establishment of a reserve fund.

45 (c) All financial plans required by this section shall 46 include the design of a benefit plan or plans. All 47 financial plans shall establish:

- (1) Maximum levels of reimbursement which the public employees insurance agency makes to categories of health care providers;
- 51 (2) Any necessary cost containment measures for implementation by the director;
 - (3) The levels of premium costs to participating employers; and
 - (4) The types and levels of cost to participating employees and retired employees.

The financial plans may provide for different levels of costs based on the insureds' ability to pay. The finance board may establish different levels of costs to retired employees based upon length of employment with a participating employer, ability to pay, or other relevant factors. The financial plans may also include optional alternative benefit plans with alternative types and levels of cost. The finance board may develop policies which encourage the use of West Virginia health care providers.

In addition, the finance board may allocate a portion of the premium costs charged to participating employers to subsidize the cost of coverage for participating retired employees, on such terms as the finance board determines are equitable and financially responsible.

(d) Initial plan. — The director shall convene the first meeting of the finance board no later than the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety. For presentation by the director at the first meeting, the governor shall prepare an estimate of the total amount of general and special revenues which the state has or will have available to fund the public employees insurance agency and its programs for the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the

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contrary, during any meeting authorized by subsection (h) of this section to review implementation of the initial financial plan in light of actual experience, the finance board, in its discretion, may elect to redesign the initial financial plan so that revenues generated will meet all incurred and projected program and administrative costs of the public employees insurance agency by the end of the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of June. one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, rather than by the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Before implementing any such modifications, the finance board shall obtain a written professional opinion from its actuary stating that the modified plan may be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the public employees insurance agency for the remainder of fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, allowing for between thirty and forty-five days of accounts payable to be carried over into fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. The finance board shall also afford interested and affected persons an opportunity to offer comment on the modified plan at a public meeting of the finance board. Regardless of whether or not the finance board modifies the initial financial plan as authorized by this subsection, the finance board shall prepare a financial plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two in accordance with subsection (e) of this section.

The finance board shall prepare, no later than the tenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, a proposed financial plan designed to generate revenues sufficient to meet all program and administrative costs of the public employees insurance agency which have already been incurred but are unpaid, or which the actuary estimates will be incurred and paid during the remainder of fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, excluding incurred but unreported claims. The finance board shall establish in the proposed financial plan a target of forty-five days of accounts payable which may be carried over into the next fiscal year.

The finance board shall request its actuary to review the proposed financial plan and to render a written professional opinion stating whether the plan may be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the public employees insurance agency for the fiscal year. The actuary's report shall explain the basis of his or her opinion. If the actuary concludes that the proposed financial plan will not generate sufficient revenues to meet all anticipated costs, then the finance board shall make necessary modifications to the proposed plan to ensure that all actuarially-determined financial requirements of the agency will be met.

Upon obtaining the actuary's opinion and making all necessary modifications to the proposed plan, the finance board shall conduct two or more public hearings to receive public comment on the proposed financial plan, shall review such comments, and shall finalize and approve the financial plan no later than the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety. Employees shall be notified of any changes in the types and levels of employee costs or benefits contained in the financial plan at least thirty days prior to the date of implementation of the financial plan.

The finance board shall submit to the governor and to the Legislature the final, approved financial plan no later than the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety. The financial plan shall become effective and shall be implemented by the director on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

(e) Plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. — No later than the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the governor shall prepare and provide to the finance board an estimate of the total amount of general and special revenues which the state will have available to fund the public employees insurance agency and its programs for the fiscal year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The finance board shall request its actuary to estimate the total financial

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requirements of the public employees insurance agency for the fiscal year.

The finance board shall prepare a proposed financial 168 169 plan designed to generate revenues sufficient to meet all 170 estimated program and administrative costs of the 171 public employees insurance agency for the fiscal year. 172 The proposed financial plan shall allow for between 173 thirty and forty-five days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. Before final 174 175 adoption of the proposed financial plan, the finance 176 board shall request its actuary to review the plan and 177 to render a written professional opinion stating whether 178 the plan will generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the 179 public employees insurance agency for the fiscal year. 180 181 The actuary's report shall explain the basis of its 182 opinion. If the actuary concludes that the proposed 183 financial plan will not generate sufficient revenues to 184 meet all anticipated costs, then the finance board shall 185 make necessary modifications to the proposed plan to 186 ensure that all actuarially-determined financial require-187 ments of the agency will be met.

Upon obtaining the actuary's opinion, the finance board shall conduct one or more public hearings in each congressional district to receive public comment on the proposed financial plan, shall review such comments, and shall finalize and approve the financial plan.

The finance board shall submit to the governor and to the Legislature its final, approved financial plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, together with the actuary's final written opinion, no later than the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The financial plan shall become effective and shall be implemented by the director on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

(f) Annual plans. — The finance board shall prepare, in the manner provided in subsection (e) of this section, an annual financial plan for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three and each fiscal year thereaf-

ter during which the finance board remains in exist-ence. Any such financial plan shall be designed to allow thirty days or less of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. For each such fiscal year, the governor shall provide his or her estimate of total revenues to the finance board no later than the first day of July of the preceding fiscal year. The finance board shall submit its final, approved financial plan, after obtaining the necessary actuary's opinion and conduct-ing one or more public hearings in each congressional district, to the governor and to the Legislature no later than the first day of January preceding the fiscal year. The financial plan for a fiscal year shall become effective and shall be implemented by the director on the first day of July of such fiscal year.

(g) The provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall not apply to the preparation, approval and implementation of the financial plans required by this section.

- (h) The finance board shall meet on at least a quarterly basis to review implementation of its current financial plan in light of the actual experience of the public employees insurance agency. The board shall review actual costs incurred, any revised cost estimates provided by the actuary, expenditures, and any other factors affecting the fiscal stability of the plan, and may make any additional modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met. The financial board may not increase the types and levels of cost to employees during its quarterly review except in the event of a true emergency.
- (i) For any fiscal year in which legislative appropriations differ from the governor's estimate of general and special revenues available to the agency, the finance board shall, within thirty days after passage of the budget bill, make any modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met.
 - (i) The types and levels of costs to employers,

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246 employees and retired employees participating in public 247 employees insurance agency group insurance plans 248 which are currently in effect on the effective date of this 249 article are hereby authorized. The types and levels of costs to employees participating in public employees 250 251 insurance agency group insurance plans which are 252 currently in effect on the effective date of this article 253 shall remain in effect unless and until changed or authorized to be changed by the finance board in a 254 255 financial plan prepared and approved in accordance 256 with this section.

§5-16-10. Contract provisions for group hospital and surgical, group major medical, group prescription drug and group life and accidental death insurance for retired employees, their spouses and dependents.

Any contract or contracts entered into hereunder may provide for group hospital and surgical, group major medical, group prescription drug and group life and accidental death insurance for retired employees and their spouses and dependents as defined by rules and regulations of the public employees insurance agency, and on such terms as the director may deem appropriate.

9 In the event the public employees insurance agency 10 provides the above benefits for retired employees, their 11 spouses and dependents, the public employees insurance 12 agency shall adopt rules and regulations prescribing the 13 conditions under which retired employees may elect to 14 participate in or withdraw from the plan or plans. Any contract or contracts herein provided for shall be 15 16 secondary to any hospital, surgical, major medical, 17 prescription drug or other health insurance plan administered by the United States department of health 18 and human services to which the retired employee, 19 20 spouse or dependent may be eligible under any law or regulation of the United States. If an employee, eligible 21 to participate in the public employees insurance agency 22 plans, is also eligible to participate in the state medicaid 23 program, and chooses to do so, then the public employees 24 insurance agency may transfer to the medicaid program 25

funds to pay the required state share of such employee's participation in medicaid except that the amount transferred may not exceed the amount that would be allocated by the agency to subsidize the cost of coverage for the retired employee if he or she were enrolled in

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§5-16-13. Payment of costs by employer and employee; coverage for employee's spouse and dependents generally; short term continuance of coverage for involuntary employee termination; extended insurance coverage for retired employees with accrued annual leave and sick leave; increased retirement benefits for retired employees with accrued annual and sick leave; additional eligible retired employees; option for health insurance coverage without life insurance coverage without life insurance coverage without life insurance for surviving dependents of deceased employees.

(a) The director is hereby authorized to provide under any contract or contracts entered into under the provisions of this article that the costs of any such group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, group prescription drug insurance, group life and accidental death insurance benefit plan or plans may be paid by the employer and employee. In addition. each employee shall be entitled to have his or her spouse and dependents, as defined by the rules and regulations of the public employees insurance agency, included in any group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance or group prescription drug insurance coverage: Provided, That such spouse and dependent coverage shall be limited to excess or secondary coverage for each spouse and dependent who has primary coverage from any other source. For purposes of this section, the term "primary coverage" means individual or group hospital and surgical insurance coverage or individual or group major medical insurance coverage or group prescription drug coverage in which the spouse or dependent is the named insured or

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- certificate holder. The director may require proof regarding spouse and dependent primary coverage and shall adopt rules and regulations governing the nature, discontinuance and resumption of any employee's coverage for his or her spouse and dependents.
 - (b) Should a participating employee be terminated from employment involuntarily or in reduction of work force, the employee's insurance coverage provided under this article shall continue for a period of three months at no additional cost to the employee: Provided, That an employee discharged for misconduct shall not be eligible for extended benefits under this section: Provided. however, That coverage may be extended up to the maximum period of three months, while administrative remedies contesting the charge of misconduct are pursued: Provided further, That should the discharge for misconduct be upheld, the full cost of the extended coverage shall be reimbursed by the employee. If the employee is again employed or recalled to active employment within twelve months of his or her prior termination, he or she shall not be considered a new enrollee and shall not be required to again contribute his or her share of the premium cost, if he or she had already fully contributed such share during the prior period of employment.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (f) for higher education full-time faculty employed on an annual contract basis other than for twelve months. when a participating employee, who has elected to participate in the plan before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, is compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of sixty-five, or when a participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by law, that employee's accrued annual leave and sick leave, if any, shall be credited toward an extension of the insurance coverage provided by this article, according to the following formulae: Such insurance coverage for a retired employee shall continue one additional month for every two days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her

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retirement. For a retired employee, his or her spouse and dependents, such insurance coverage shall continue one additional month for every three days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her retirement.

(d) Notwithstanding the preceding subsection, except as otherwise provided in subsection (f) for higher education full-time faculty employed on an annual contract basis other than for twelve months, when a participating employee who elects to participate in the plan on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, is compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of sixty-five, or when such a participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by law, that employee's annual leave or sick leave, if any, shall be credited toward one half of the premium cost of the insurance provided by this article, for periods and scope of coverage determined according to the following formulae: (1) One additional month of single retiree coverage for every two days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her retirement: or (2) one additional month of coverage for a retiree, his or her spouse and dependents for every three days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her retirement. The remaining premium cost shall be borne by such retired employee if he or she elects such coverage. For purposes of this subsection, an employee who has been a participant under spouse or dependent coverage and who reenters the plan within twelve months after termination of his or her prior coverage shall be considered to have elected to participate in the plan as of the date of commencement of the prior coverage. For purposes of this subsection, an employee shall not be considered a new employee after returning from extended authorized leave on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight.

(e) In the alternative to the extension of insurance coverage through premium payment provided in the two preceding subsections, on and after the first day of July,

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104one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, the participat-105 ing employee's accrued annual leave and sick leave may 106 be applied, on the basis of two days retirement service 107credit for each one day of accrued annual and sick leave, 108 toward an increase in the employee's retirement benefits 109 with such days constituting additional credited service 110 in computation of such benefits under any state retire-111 ment system. However, such credited service shall not 112 be used in meeting initial eligibility for retirement 113 criteria, but only as additional service credited in excess 114 thereof.

(f) When a participating employee, who is a higher education full-time faculty member employed on an annual contract basis other than for twelve months, is compelled or required by law to retire, on or after the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eightyeight, before reaching the age of sixty-five, or when such a participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by law, on or after the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, that employee's insurance coverage, as provided by this article, shall be extended according to the following formulae: Such insurance coverage for a retired higher education full-time faculty member, formerly employed on an annual contract basis other than for twelve months, shall continue beyond the effective date of his or her retirement one additional year for each three and one-third years of teaching service, as determined by uniform guidelines established by the university of West Virginia board of trustees and the board of directors of the state college system, for individual coverage, or one additional year for each five years of teaching service for "family" coverage.

(g) Any employee who retired prior to the twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, and who also otherwise meets the conditions of the "retired employee" definition in section two of this article, shall be eligible for insurance coverage under the same terms and provisions of this article. The retired employee's premium contribution for any such coverage shall be established by the finance board.

(h) All retirees under the provisions of this article. 145 146 including those defined in section two of this article; those retiring prior to the twenty-first day of April, one 147 thousand nine hundred seventy-two; and those hereafter 148 149 retiring shall be eligible for and permitted to obtain 150 health insurance coverage. The retired employee's 151 premium contribution for any such coverage shall be 152 established by the finance board.

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- (i) A surviving spouse and dependents of a deceased employee, who was either an active or retired employee just prior to such decease, shall be entitled to be included in any group insurance coverage provided under this article, and such spouse and dependents shall bear the premium cost of such insurance coverage. The finance board shall establish the premium cost of any such coverage.
- (j) In construing the provisions of this section or any 161 162 other provisions of this code, the Legislature declares 163 that it is not now nor has it ever been the Legislature's 164 intent that elected public officials be provided any sick 165 leave, annual leave or personal leave, and the enactment 166 of this section is based upon the fact and assumption that no statutory or inherent authority exists extending 167 168 sick leave, annual leave or personal leave to elected public officials and the very nature of such positions 169 preclude the arising or accumulation of such, so as to 170 be thereafter usable as premium paying credits for 171 which such officials may claim extended insurance 172 173 benefits.

§5-16-15. Optional dental, optical, disability and prepaid retirement plan, and audiology and hearing-aid service plan.

On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 hundred eighty-nine, the director shall make available 2 to participants in the public employees insurance 3 system: (1) A dental insurance plan; (2) an optical 4 insurance plan; (3) a disability insurance plan; (4) a 5 prepaid retirement insurance plan; and (5) an audiology 6 and hearing-aid services insurance plan. Public em-7 ployees insurance participants may elect to participate 8

9 in any one of these plans separately or in combination. 10 Notwithstanding anything in this article to the contrary. 11 all actuarial and administrative costs of each plan shall 12 be totally borne by the premium payments of the 13 participants or local governing bodies electing to 14 participate in that plan. The director is authorized to 15 employ such administrative practices and procedures 16 with respect to these optional plans as are authorized for 17 the administration of other plans under this article. The 18 director shall establish separate funds: (1) For deposit 19 of dental insurance premiums and payment of dental 20 insurance claims; (2) for deposit of optical insurance 21 premium payments and payment of optical insurance 22 claims; (3) for deposit of disability insurance premium 23 payments and payment of disability insurance claims: 24 and (4) for deposit of audiology and hearing-aid service 25 insurance premiums and payment of audiology and 26 hearing-aid insurance claims. Such funds shall not be supplemented by nor be used to supplement any other 27 28 funds.

§5-16-17. Preexisting conditions not covered; defined.

1 A preexisting condition is an injury, or sickness, or 2 any condition relating to that injury, or sickness, for 3 which a participant is diagnosed, receives treatment, or incurs expenses within three months prior to the 4 5 effective date of coverage: Provided, That a preexisting 6 condition shall not include a condition which meets the 7 definition of handicap as provided in section three. article eleven, chapter five of this code. In determining 8 9 whether the preexisting condition limitation provision applies to an eligible employee or dependent, the public 10 11 employees insurance agency shall credit the time such 12 person was covered under any previous employer-based 13 health benefit plan, any comparable individual health 14 benefit plan, or any self-insured plan if the previous coverage was continuous to a date not more than thirty 15 days prior to the effective date of the new coverage, 16 17 exclusive of an applicable waiting period under such 18 plan.

For all participants enrolling in the plan after the effective date of this section, no payment shall be made

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- 21 for expenses incurred for or in connection with a
- 22 preexisting condition unless the expenses are incurred
- 23 after the expiration of a one-year period during which
- 24 the participant is continuously participating in the plan.

§5-16-18. Payment of costs by employer; schedule of insurance; special funds created; duties of treasurer with respect thereto.

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All employers operating from state general revenue or special revenue funds or federal funds or any combination thereof shall budget the cost of insurance coverage provided by the public employees insurance agency to current and retired employees of the employer as a separate line item, titled "PEI", in its respective annual budget and shall be responsible for the transfer of funds to the director for the cost of insurance for employees covered by the plan. Each spending unit shall pay to the director its proportionate share from each source of funds. Any agency wishing to charge general revenue funds for insurance benefits for retirees under section thirteen of this article must provide documentation to the director that such benefits cannot be paid for by any special revenue account or that the retiring employee has been paid solely with general revenue funds for twelve months prior to retirement.

Should the general revenue appropriation for any employer, including a county board of education, be insufficient to cover the cost of insurance coverage for such employer's participating employees, retired employees and surviving dependents, the employer shall pay the reminder of such cost from its "personal services" or "unclassified" line items or, in the case of a county board of education, from other funds: Provided, That local excess levy funds shall be used only for the purposes for which they were raised: Provided, however. That after approval of its annual financial plan but in no event later than the thirty-first day of December of each year, the finance board shall notify the Legislature and county boards of education of the maximum amount of employer premiums that the county boards of education will be required to pay for covered employees during the following fiscal year: Provided further, That

said amount shall not exceed five million dollars during fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three: And provided further, That the finance board and department of education shall determine the extent to which state school aid appropriations are being used by the county school boards to pay employer premiums for employees whose positions are not funded by state revenues and shall develop and implement a plan to minimize such expenditures.

All other employers not operating from the state general revenue fund shall pay to the director their share of premium costs from their respective budgets. The finance board shall establish such employers' share of premium costs to reflect and pay the actual costs of such coverage including incurred but not reported claims.

The contribution of such other employers (namely: A county, city or town in the state; any separate corporation or instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities or towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities or towns; any public corporation charged by law with the performance of a governmental function and whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities or towns; any comprehensive community mental health center or comprehensive mental retardation facility established, operated or licensed by the secretary of health and human resources pursuant to section one, article two-a, chapter twentyseven of this code, and which is supported in part by state, county or municipal funds; and a combined citycounty health department created pursuant to article two, chapter sixteen of the code) for their employees shall be such percentage of the cost of the employees' insurance package as the employers deem reasonable and proper under their own particular circumstances.

The employee's proportionate share of the premium or cost shall be withheld or deducted by the employer from such employee's salary or wages as and when paid and such sums shall be forwarded to the director with such supporting data as the director may require.

76 All moneys received by the public employees insu-77 rance agency shall be deposited in a special fund or 78 funds as are necessary in the state treasury and the 79 treasurer of the state shall be custodian of such fund or 80 funds and shall administer such fund or funds in 81 accordance with the provisions of this article or as the 82 director may from time to time direct. The treasurer 83 shall pay all warrants issued by the state auditor against 84 such fund or funds as the director may direct in accordance with the provisions of this article. On and 85 86 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, all payments previously required to be 87 88 made to the public employees insurance board shall be 89 made to the public employees insurance agency.

§5-16-22. Permissive participation; exemptions.

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The provisions of this article shall not be mandatory upon any employee or employer who is not an employee of or is not the state of West Virginia, its boards, agencies, commissions, departments, institutions or spending units or a county board of education, and nothing contained in this article shall be construed so as to compel any employee or employer to enroll in or subscribe to any insurance plan authorized by the provisions of this article.

Those employees enrolled in the insurance program authorized under the provisions of article two-b, chapter twenty-one-a of this code shall not be required to enroll in or subscribe to an insurance plan or plans authorized by the provisions of this article, and the employees of any department which has an existing insurance program for its employees to which the government of the United States contributes any part or all of the premium or cost thereof may be exempted from the provisions of this article. Any employee or employer exempted under the provisions of this paragraph may enroll in any insurance program authorized by the provisions of this article at any time, to the same extent as any other qualified employee or employer, but any such employee or employer shall not remain enrolled in both such programs. The provisions of articles fourteen. fifteen and sixteen, chapter thirty-three of this code.

relating to group life insurance, accident and sickness insurance, and group accident and sickness insurance, shall not be applicable to the provisions of this article whenever the provisions of said articles and chapter are in conflict with or contrary to any provision set forth herein or to any plan or plans established by the public employees insurance agency.

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Employers, other than the state of West Virginia, its boards, agencies, commissions, departments, institutions, spending units, or a county board of education shall be exempt from participating in the insurance program provided for by the provisions of this article unless participation by the employer has been approved by a majority vote of the employer's governing body. It shall be the duty of the clerk or secretary of the governing body of an employer who by such majority vote becomes a participant in the insurance program to notify the director not later than ten days after such vote.

Any employer, whether such employer participates in the public employees insurance agency insurance program as a group or not, which has retired employees, their dependents, or surviving dependents of deceased retired employees who participate in the public emplovees insurance agency insurance program as authorized by this article, shall pay to the agency the same contribution toward the cost of coverage for its retired employees, their dependents, or surviving dependents of deceased retired employees as the state of West Virginia, its boards, agencies, commissions, departments, institutions, spending units, or a county board of education pay for their retired employees, their dependents, and surviving dependents of deceased retired employees, as determined by the finance board. Each employer is hereby authorized and required to budget for and make such payments.

§5-16-24. Rules and regulations for administration of article; eligibility of certain retired employees and dependents of deceased members for coverage; employees on medical leave of absence entitled to coverage; life insurance.

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The director shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be required for the effective administration of the provisions of this article. Except as specifically provided in subsection (e), section four of this article, all rules and regulations of the public employees insurance agency and all hearings held by the public employees insurance agency shall be exempt from the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Any rules and regulations now in existence promulgated by the public employees insurance board or director shall remain in full force and effect until they are amended or replaced by the director.

Such regulations shall provide that any employee of the state who has been compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of sixty-five years shall be eligible to participate in the public employees' health insurance program at the premium contribution established by the finance board after any extended coverage to which he or she, his or her spouse and dependents may be entitled by virtue of his or her accrued annual leave or sick leave, pursuant to the provisions of section thirteen of this article, has expired. Any employee who voluntarily retires, as provided by law, shall be eligible to participate in the public employees' health insurance program at the premium contribution established by the finance board after any extended coverage to which he or she, his or her spouse and dependents may be entitled by virtue of his or her accrued annual leave or sick leave, pursuant to the provisions of section thirteen of this article, has expired. The dependents of any deceased retired employee shall be entitled to continue their participation and coverage upon payment of the premium contribution established by the finance board. In establishing the cost of health insurance coverage for retired employees and their spouses and dependents, the finance board, in its discretion, may cause the claims experience of such retired employees and their spouses and dependents to be rated separately from that of active employees and their spouses and dependents. or may cause the claims experience of retired and active employees, and their spouses and dependents, to be rated together.

43 Any employee who is on a medical leave of absence. approved by his or her employer, shall, subject to the 44 45 following provisions of this paragraph, be entitled to 46 continue his or her coverage until he or she returns to his or her employment, and such employee and employer 47 48 shall continue to pay their proportionate share of 49 premium costs as provided by this article: Provided. 50 That the employer shall be obligated to pay its proportionate share of the premium cost only for a period of 51 one year: Provided, however, That during the period of 52 53 such leave of absence, the employee shall, at least once 54 each month, submit to the employer the statement of a 55 qualified physician certifying that the employee is 56 unable to return to work.

57 Any retiree, retiring heretofore or hereafter, shall be eligible to participate in the public employees' life 58 59 insurance program, including the optional life insurance 60 coverage as already available to active employees under this article, at his or her own expense for the cost of 61 62 coverage, based upon actuarial experience; and the director shall prepare, by rule and regulation, for such 63 participation and coverages under declining term 64 insurance and optional additional coverage for such 65 66 retirees.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

§18-9A-24. Payments to public employee insurance agency.

1 Nothing in this article shall be construed to limit the 2 ability of county boards of education to use funds 3 appropriated to county boards of education pursuant to this article to pay employer premiums to the public 4 employees insurance agency for employees whose 5 positions are funded pursuant to this article. Funds 6 appropriated to county boards of education pursuant to 7 this article shall not be used to pay employer premiums 8 for employees of such boards whose positions are not, or 9 will not be within twenty months, funded by funds 10 appropriated pursuant to this article. 11

CHAPTER 106

(H. B. 4752—By Delegates L. White and Farris)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven and nine, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section fifteen, article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of said code; and to amend and reenact sections two, three and four, article sixteen-c of said chapter, all relating to accident and sickness insurance policies; requiring that coverage for mammograms, pap smears and prostate cancer checkups be included in the benefits for public employees; requiring basic policy benefits to be approved by the insurance commissioner; adding prostate checkups to the list of benefits which may be included in basic individual and group insurance policies; and requiring a twelve-month period without insurance as a prerequisite for qualifying for a basic individual or group accident and sickness insurance policy plan.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven and nine, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section fifteen, article fifteen, chapter thirty-three be amended and reenacted; and that sections two, three and four, article sixteen-c of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 33. Insurance.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL: BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS: MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES IN-SURANCE ACT.

- §5-16-7. Authorization to establish group hospital and surgical insurance plan, group major medical insurance plan, group prescription drug plan and group life and accidental death insurance plan: rules and regulations for administration of plans; mandated benefits; what plans may provide; optional plans; separate rating for claims experience purposes.
- Authorization to execute contracts for group hospital and surgical **\$5-16-9**. insurance, group major medical insurance, group prescription drug insurance, group life and accidental death insurance and other accidental death insurance; mandated benefits; limitations; awarding of contracts, reinsurance; certificates for covered employees: discontinuance of contracts.
- §5-16-7. Authorization to establish group hospital and surgical insurance plan, group major medical insurance plan, group prescription drug plan and group life and accidental death insurance plan: rules and regulations for administration of plans; mandated benefits; what plans may provide; optional plans; separate rating for claims experience purposes.
 - (a) The agency shall establish a group hospital and 1 surgical insurance plan or plans, a group prescription 2 drug insurance plan or plans, a group major medical 3 4 insurance plan or plans, and a group life and accidental death insurance plan or plans for those employees herein 5 made eligible, and to establish and promulgate rules 6 and regulations for the administration of such plans. 7 subject to the limitations contained in this article. Such 8 plans shall include coverages and benefits for X-ray and 9 10 laboratory services in connection with mammograms and pap smears when performed for cancer screening 11 or diagnostic services and annual checkups for prostate 12 cancer in men age fifty and over. Such plans may also 13 include, among other things, medicines, medical equip-

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ment, prosthetic appliances, and such other inpatient and outpatient services and expenses deemed appropriate and desirable by the agency.

- (b) The agency shall make available to each employee herein made eligible, at full cost to the employee, the opportunity to purchase optional group life and accidental death insurance in an amount not to exceed fifty thousand dollars for life insurance and fifty thousand dollars for accidental death insurance as established under the rules and regulations of the agency. In addition, each employee shall be entitled to have his spouse and dependents, as defined by the rules and regulations of the agency, included in such optional coverage, at full cost to the employee, in an amount not to exceed five thousand dollars for life insurance and five thousand dollars for accidental death insurance for the spouse and not to exceed two thousand dollars in life insurance and two thousand dollars in accidental death insurance for each eligible dependent; and with full authorization hereby to the agency to make the same available and provide such opportunity of purchase to each employee.
- 37 (c) The finance board may cause to be separately 38 rated for claims experience purposes (1) all employees 39 of the state of West Virginia, (2) all teaching and professional employees of the university of West 40 Virginia board of trustees or the board of directors of 41 the state college system and county boards of education, 42 (3) all nonteaching employees of the university of West 43 Virginia board of trustees or the board of directors of 44 the state college system and county boards of education, 45 or (4) any other categorization which would ensure the 46 stability of the overall program. 47
- §5-16-9. Authorization to execute contracts for group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, group prescription drug insurance, group life and accidental death insurance and other accidental death insurance; mandated benefits; limitations; awarding of contracts; reinsurance; certificates for covered employees; discontinuance of contracts.

- (a) The director is hereby given exclusive authorization to execute such contract or contracts as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this article and to provide the plan or plans of group hospital and surgical insurance coverage, group major medical insurance coverage, group prescription drug insurance coverage and group life and accidental death insurance coverage selected in accordance with the provisions of this article, such contract or contracts to be executed with one or more agencies, corporations, insurance companies or service organizations licensed to sell group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, group prescription drug insurance and group life and accidental death insurance in this state.
- (b) The group hospital or surgical insurance coverage and group major medical insurance coverage herein provided for shall include coverages and benefits for X-ray and laboratory services in connection with mammograms and pap smears when performed for cancer screening or diagnostic services and annual checkups for prostate cancer in men age fifty and over. Such benefits shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Baseline or other recommended mammograms for women ages thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive;
 - (2) Mammograms recommended or required for women age forty to forty-nine, inclusive, every two years or as needed:
 - (3) A mammogram every year for women age fifty and over;
 - (4) A pap smear annually or more frequently based on the woman's physician's recommendation for women age eighteen and over; and
- 34 (5) A checkup for prostate cancer annually for men 35 age fifty or over.
 - (c) The group life and accidental death insurance herein provided for shall be in the amount of ten thousand dollars for every employee. The amount of the group life and accidental death insurance to which an

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employee would otherwise be entitled shall be reduced to five thousand dollars upon such employee attaining age sixty-five.

- (d) All of the insurance coverage to be provided for under this article may be included in one or more similar contracts issued by the same or different carriers.
- 47 (e) The provisions of article three, chapter five-a of 48 this code, relating to the division of purchases of the 49 department of finance and administration, shall not 50 apply to any contracts for any insurance coverage or 51 professional services authorized to be executed under 52 the provisions of this article. Before entering into any 53 contract for any insurance coverage, as herein autho-54 rized, said director shall invite competent bids from all 55 qualified and licensed insurance companies or carriers, who may wish to offer plans for the insurance coverage 56 57 desired. The director shall deal directly with insurers 58 in presenting specifications and receiving quotations for 59 bid purposes. No commission or finder's fee, or any 60 combination thereof, shall be paid to any individual or 61 agent; but this shall not preclude an underwriting 62 insurance company or companies, at their own expense, 63 from appointing a licensed resident agent, within this 64 state, to service the companies' contracts awarded under 65 the provisions of this article. Commissions reasonably 66 related to actual service rendered for such agent or 67 agents may be paid by the underwriting company or companies: Provided, That in no event shall payment be 68 69 made to any agent or agents when no actual services are rendered or performed. The director shall award such 70 contract or contracts on a competitive basis. In award-71 ing the contract or contracts the director shall take into 72 account the experience of the offering agency, corpora-73 tion, insurance company or service organization in the 74 group hospital and surgical insurance field, group major 75 medical insurance field, group prescription drug field 76 and group life and accidental death insurance field, and 77 its facilities for the handling of claims. In evaluating 78 these factors, the director may employ the services of 79 impartial, professional insurance analysts or actuaries 80

- or both. Any contract executed by the director with a selected carrier shall be a contract to govern all eligible
- 83 employees subject to the provisions of this article.
- 84 Nothing contained in this article shall prohibit any
- 85 insurance carrier from soliciting employees covered
- 86 hereunder to purchase additional hospital and surgical.
- 87 major medical or life and accidental death insurance
- 88 coverage.
- (f) The director may authorize the carrier with whom a primary contract is executed to reinsure portions of such contract with other carriers which elect to be a reinsurer and who are legally qualified to enter into a
- 93 reinsurance agreement under the laws of this state.
- 94 (g) Each employee who is covered under any such 95 contract or contracts shall receive a statement of 96 benefits to which such employee, his or her spouse and 97 his or her dependents are entitled thereunder, setting 98 forth such information as to whom such benefits shall 99 be payable, to whom claims shall be submitted, and a 100 summary of the provisions of any such contract or
- 101 contracts as they affect the employee, his or her spouse
- 102 and his or her dependents.
- 103 (h) The director may at the end of any contract period discontinue any contract or contracts it has executed
- with any carrier and replace the same with a contract
- 106 or contracts with any other carrier or carriers meeting
- 107 the requirements of this article.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE

Article

- 15. Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- 16C. Employer Group Accident and Sickness Insurance Policies.

ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

- §33-15-15. Insurance commissioner to establish minimum benefits and coverages for an individual policy design; basic policy benefits; exemptions; legislative rules; premiums; applicability.
 - 1 (a) The insurance commissioner shall establish 2 minimum benefits which may be included in any

individual accident and sickness insurance policy issued pursuant to this article. The commissioner may accept bids on designs for such minimum plans and shall compile a final basic benefit plan for use by insurers within six months after the effective date of this article.

- (b) The basic policy plan established by the insurance commissioner may include coverage for the services of medical physicians or surgeons, podiatrists, physician assistants, osteopathic physicians or surgeons, chiropractors, midwives, advanced nurse practitioners or any other professional health care provider as deemed appropriate by the insurance commissioner.
- (c) The following shall serve as a guide to the commissioner in the design of a basic policy issued pursuant to this article:
 - (1) Inpatient hospital care up to twenty days per year;
- (2) Outpatient hospital care including, but not limited to, surgery and anesthesia, pre-admission testing, radiation therapy and chemotherapy;
- 22 (3) Accident or emergency care through emergency 23 room care and emergency admissions to a hospital;
 - (4) Physician office visits for primary, preventive, well, acute or sick care, up to four visits per year, and laboratory fees, surgery and anesthesia, diagnostic X rays, physician care in a hospital inpatient or outpatient setting;
 - (5) Prenatal care, including a minimum of one prenatal office visit per month during the first two trimesters of pregnancy, two office visits per month during the seventh and eighth months of pregnancy, and one office visit per week during the ninth month and until term. Coverage for each such visit shall include necessary appropriate screening, including history, physical examination, and such laboratory and diagnostic procedures as may be deemed appropriate by the physician based upon recognized medical criteria for the risk group of which the patient is a member. Coverage for each office visit shall also include such prenatal counseling as the physician deems appropriate;

- 42 (6) Obstetrical care, including physician's services, 43 delivery room and other medically necessary hospital 44 services; and
- 45 (7) X-ray and laboratory services in connection with 46 mammograms or pap smears when performed for 47 cancer screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction 48 of a physician, including, but not limited to, the 49 following:
 - (A) Baseline or other recommended mammograms for women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive;

- (B) Mammograms recommended or required for women age forty to forty-nine, inclusive, every two years or as needed;
- (C) A mammogram every year for women age fifty and over; or
- (D) A pap smear annually or more frequently based on the woman's physician's recommendation for women age eighteen or over. A basic policy issued pursuant to this article may apply to mammograms or pap smears the same deductibles or copayments as apply to other covered services.
- (8) Medical and laboratory services in connection with annual checkups for prostate cancer in men age fifty and over.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, any basic policy issued pursuant to this section shall be exempt from all statutorily and regulatorily mandated benefits and coverages except for the minimum benefits and coverages as established by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall preclude an insurer from offering any other benefit or coverage under a basic policy issued pursuant to this article, for an appropriate additional premium: *Provided*, That any additional benefit or coverage must first be approved by the insurance commissioner.
 - (f) A basic policy issued pursuant to this section may

- include deductibles, copayments and maximum benefits: 80
- Provided, That any additional benefit must first be 81
- 82 approved by the insurance commissioner.
- 83 (g) The insurance commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of 84 this code to implement the provisions of this section, 85 including, but not limited to, rules regarding bids, 86 forms and rates. 87
- 88 (h) The premiums paid for insurance provided pursuant to this article shall be exempt from the 89 premium tax required to be paid pursuant to sections 90 91 fourteen and fourteen-a, article three of this chapter.
- 92 (i) A basic policy provided by this section shall be issued only to individuals who have been without health 93 insurance coverage for at least one year prior to 94 95 application for the same.

ARTICLE 16C. EMPLOYER GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE POLICIES.

§33-16C-2. Definitions.

Exemption from mandatory benefits and coverages; optional §33-16C-3. benefits and coverages; deductibles and copayments.

§33-16C-4. Insurance commissioner to establish minimum benefits and coverages; basic policy benefits.

§33-16C-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Basic policy" means a group accident and sickness insurance contract for medical, surgical or hospital care 3 that is required to contain only those minimum benefits 4 and coverages mandated by this article, but which may 5 contain other benefits and coverages which have been 6 approved by the insurance commissioner. 7
- (b) "Commissioner" means the insurance commis-8 sioner of West Virginia. 9
- (c) "Department" means the department of insurance. 10
- (d) "Eligible employee" means an employee who is 11 employed by the employer for an average of at least 12 twenty hours per week; includes individuals who are 13 sole proprietors, general partners and limited partners; 14

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- and includes individuals who either work or reside in 15 16 this state.
 - (e) "Eligible employer" means a corporation, partnership or proprietorship which has done business in this state for at least one year and has not offered health insurance to all of its employees within the twelve months preceding its application for a basic policy as defined by this section.
 - (f) "Family member" means an eligible employee's spouse and any dependent child or stepchild under the age of eighteen or under age twenty-three if a full-time student at an accredited school: Provided, That the spouse, child or stepchild is not eligible for medicare. medicaid or state medical assistance.
- 29 (g) "Insurer" means any of the following entities that 30 holds a valid certificate of authority from the commis-31 sioner: An insurance company authorized to transact 32 accident and sickness insurance: a hospital service 33 corporation, medical service corporation or health 34 service corporation organized pursuant to article 35 twenty-four of this chapter; a health care corporation 36 organized pursuant to article twenty-five of this chapter: 37 or a health maintenance organization organized pursu-38 ant to article twenty-five-a of this chapter.
- (h) "Premium" means the consideration for insurance, 39 40 by whatever name called.

§33-16C-3. Exemption from mandatory benefits and coverages; optional benefits and coverages; deductibles and copayments.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, any basic policy issued pursuant to this article shall be exempt from all statutorily and regulatorily mandated benefits and coverages except for the minimum benefits and coverages provided for in section four of this article.
- (b) Nothing in this article shall preclude an insurer from offering any other benefit or coverage under a 8 basic policy issued pursuant to this article, for an appropriate additional premium: Provided, That any

- additional benefit or coverage must first be approved by the insurance commissioner.
- 13 (c) A basic policy issued pursuant to this article may 14 include deductibles, copayments and maximum benefits: 15 Provided. That any additional benefit must first be

16 approved by the insurance commissioner.

§33-16C-4. Insurance commissioner to establish minimum benefits and coverages; basic policy benefits.

- 1 (a) The insurance commissioner shall establish
 2 minimum benefits which shall be included in every
 3 insurance policy issued pursuant to this article. The
 4 commissioner may accept bids on designs for such
 5 minimum plans and shall compile a final basic benefit
 6 plan for use by insurers within six months after the
 7 effective date of this article.
- 8 (b) The basic policy plan established by the insurance 9 commissioner may include coverage for the services of 10 medical physicians or surgeons, podiatrists, physician 11 assistants, osteopathic physicians or surgeons, chiropractors, midwives, advanced nurse practitioners, or 13 any other professional health care provider as deemed 14 appropriate by the insurance commissioner.
- 15 (c) The following shall serve as a guide to the 16 commissioner in the design of a basic policy issued 17 pursuant to this article:
- 18 (1) Inpatient hospital care up to twenty days per year;
- 19 (2) Outpatient hospital care including, but not limited 20 to, surgery and anesthesia, pre-admission testing, 21 radiation therapy and chemotherapy;
- 22 (3) Accident or emergency care through emergency 23 room care and emergency admissions to a hospital;
- 24 (4) Physician office visits for primary, preventive, 25 well, acute or sick care, up to four visits per year, and 26 laboratory fees, surgery and anesthesia, diagnostic X 27 rays, physician care in a hospital inpatient or outpatient 28 setting;

- 29 (5) Prenatal care, including a minimum of one prenatal office visit per month during the first two 30 31 trimesters of pregnancy, two office visits per month during the seventh and eighth months of pregnancy, and 32 33 one office visit per week during the ninth month and 34 until term. Coverage for each such visit shall include 35 necessary appropriate screening, including history, physical examination, and such laboratory and diagnos-36 37 tic procedures as may be deemed appropriate by the 38 physician based upon recognized medical criteria for the risk group of which the patient is a member. Coverage 39 40 for each office visit shall also include such prenatal 41 counseling as the physician deems appropriate;
 - (6) Obstetrical care, including physician's services, delivery room and other medically necessary hospital services; and

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- (7) X-ray and laboratory services in connection with mammograms or pap smears when performed for cancer screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction of a physician, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 50 (A) Baseline or other recommended mammograms for women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive;
 - (B) Mammograms recommended or required for women age forty to forty-nine, inclusive, every two years or as needed:
- 55 (C) A mammogram every year for women age fifty 56 and over; or
 - (D) A pap smear annually or more frequently based on the woman's physician's recommendation for women age eighteen or over. A basic policy issued pursuant to this article may apply to mammograms or pap smears the same deductibles or copayments as apply to other covered services.
 - (8) Medical and laboratory services in connection with annual checkups for prostate cancer in men age fifty and over.

CHAPTER 107

(H. B. 4704—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty; to amend and reenact sections one and two, article three of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto fifteen new sections, designated sections eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two; and to amend and reenact section thirteen, article four of said chapter, all relating to insurance; defining "authorized insurer" and "unauthorized insurer"; requiring licenses; providing a criminal penalty for noncompliance with licensing requirements; designating certain provisions as the unauthorized insurers act; requiring insurer to be authorized in state or country of domicile; prohibiting transaction of kinds of insurance not defined in section ten, article one of said chapter; designating other unlawful insurance transactions; providing for injunctive relief; creating means of service of process on an unauthorized insurer; providing for enforcement of foreign decrees; establishing a penalty for transacting unauthorized acts of insurance; making persons providing specified coverage subject to regulation by the insurance commissioner; requiring proof of regulation by the federal government; insurers required to submit to examination by the insurance commissioner; setting forth information to be provided to agents, brokers and others; establishing requirements for the statement of charges; providing for notice of hearing and orders after hearings; administrative fines and modification and review of orders; authorizing administrative fines for violations; and providing for substitute service of process on unlicensed insurers in proceedings before the insurance commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty; that sections one and two, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto fifteen new sections, designated sections eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two; and that section thirteen, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. Definitions.
- 3. Licensing, Fees and Taxation of Insurers.
- 4. General Provisions.

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS.

§33-1-20. Authorized and unauthorized insurers.

- 1 (a) An "authorized insurer" is one authorized to
- 2 transact insurance or reinsurance in this state under a
- 3 subsisting license issued by the commissioner;
- 4 (b) An "unauthorized insurer" is one not so authorized.

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

- §33-3-1. License required.
- §33-3-2. Qualifications for license.
- §33-3-18. Purpose of enactment of provisions regarding unauthorized insurers.
- §33-3-19. Short title.
- §33-3-20. Unlawful transaction of business; exceptions.
- §33-3-21. Injuctive relief.
- §33-3-22. Service of process on unauthorized insurer.
- §33-3-23. Enforcement of foreign decrees.
- §33-3-24. Penalty.
- §33-3-25. Person providing specified coverage.
- §33-3-26. Proof of regulation by a federal government agency.
- §33-3-27. Submission to examination by commissioner.
- §33-3-28. Information to be provided to agents, brokers and others.
- §33-3-29. Statement of charges; notice of hearing.
- §33-3-30. Order after hearing; administrative fines; modification of order.

§33-3-31. Review of order.

§33-3-32. Administrative fine for violation.

§33-3-1. License required.

- (a) No person may act as an insurer and no insurer may transact insurance in West Virginia except as authorized by a valid license issued by the commissioner, except as to such transactions as are expressly otherwise provided for in this chapter.
 - (b) No such license may be required for an insurer, formerly holding a valid license, to enable it to investigate and settle losses under its policies lawfully written in West Virginia while such license was in effect, or to liquidate such assets and liabilities of the insurer (other than the collection of new premiums) as may have resulted from its former authorized operations in West Virginia.
 - (c) An insurer not transacting new insurance business in West Virginia but continuing collection of premiums on and servicing of policies remaining in force as to residents of or risks located in West Virginia, is transacting insurance in West Virginia for the purpose of premium and annuity tax requirements but is not required to have a license therefor.
 - (d) A domestic insurer or a foreign insurer from offices or by personnel or facilities located in this state shall not solicit insurance applications or otherwise transact insurance in another state or country unless it holds a subsisting license granted to it by the commissioner authorizing it to transact the same kind or kinds of insurance in this state.
- 28 (e) Any officer, director, agent, representative or 29 employee of any insurer who willfully authorizes, 30 negotiates, makes or issues any insurance contract in 31 violation of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, 32 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than ten 33 thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not 34 more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

§33-3-2. Qualifications for license.

1 (a) To qualify for a license to transact insurance in

- West Virginia an insurer must be otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and with its charter, and must be an incorporated stock insurer, or an incorporated mutual insurer or a reciprocal insurer.
 - (b) No license to transact insurance in this state may be issued, renewed or continued in effect to any domestic, foreign or alien insurer which is owned, or financially controlled, in whole or in part, by any state, or by a foreign government, or any political subdivision, instrumentality or agency of either, or which is an agency of any such state, government or subdivision, unless such insurer was so owned, controlled or constituted prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, and licensed to transact insurance in this state prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five.
 - (c) No foreign insurer may be authorized to transact insurance in this state if it is domiciled in a state that does not have reserve requirements that are equal to or greater than those required by article seven of this chapter, as applicable to the kind or kinds of insurance transacted by such insurer, wherever transacted in the United States of America, or which transacts business anywhere in the United States of America on the assessment plan, the stipulated premium plan or any similar plan.
 - (d) No insurer may be authorized to transact a kind of insurance in this state unless duly authorized or qualified to transact such insurance in the state or country of its domicile.
- (e) No insurer may be authorized to transact in this state any kind of insurance which is not defined in section ten, article one of this chapter.
 - (f) No authority to transact such insurance may be granted or continued to any insurer that is in arrears to the state for fees, licenses, taxes, assessments, fines or penalties accrued on insurance previously transacted in this state.

§33-3-18. Purpose of enactment of provisions regarding unauthorized insurers.

1 The purpose of the enactment of this section and sections nineteen through thirty-two, inclusive, of this 2 3 article in the regular session of the Legislature during the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, is to 4 5 subject certain persons and insurers to the jurisdiction of the commissioner and the courts of this state in suits 7 by or on behalf of the state. The Legislature declares 8 that it is concerned with the protection of residents of 9 this state against acts by insurers not authorized to transact an insurance business in this state, by the 10 11 maintenance of fair and honest insurance markets, by protecting authorized insurers which are subject to 12 regulation from unfair competition by unauthorized 13 insurers, and by protecting against the evasion of the 14 insurance regulatory laws of this state. In furtherance 15 16 of such state interest, the Legislature provides methods 17 in this article for substituted service of process upon 18 such insurers in any proceeding, suit or action in any 19 court and substituted service of any notice, order, 20 pleading or process upon such insurers in any proceed-21 ing by the commissioner to enforce or effect full 22 compliance with the insurance laws of this state.

§33-3-19. Short title.

- Sections eighteen through thirty-two, inclusive, of this
- 2 article constitute and may be cited as the "Unauthorized
- 3 Insurers Act."

§33-3-20. Unlawful transaction of business; exceptions.

- 1 (a) As used in this section unless otherwise indicated, 2 "insurer" includes:
- 3 (1) All corporations, associations, trusts, partnerships,
 4 natural persons and other legal entities engaged as
 5 principals in the business of insurance, including a
 6 fraternal benefit society, a nonprofit corporation
 7 offering dental, hospital and medical services, a health
 8 maintenance organization and an organization for
 9 dental care; and
- 10 (2) Interinsurance exchanges and mutual benefit 11 societies.
- 12 (b) It is unlawful for any insurer to transact an

insurance business in this state as set forth in subsection
(c) of this section, without a license from the commissioner. This section does not apply to:

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- (1) Any transaction for which a license is not required pursuant to section one of this article including, but not limited to, the lawful transaction of surplus lines insurance and reinsurance by insurers;
- (2) Attorneys at law acting in the ordinary relation of attorney and client in the adjustment of claims or losses; and
- (3) Transactions in this state relative to a policy issued or to be issued outside this state involving insurance on cargo vessels, their craft or hulls, their cargoes, marine builder's risk, commercial marine protection and indemnity or other risk, including strikes and war risks commonly insured under ocean marine forms of policy. Transactions in this state involving group life insurance. group accident and sickness insurance or group annuities providing coverage under policies that are recognized under articles fourteen and sixteen, respectively, of this chapter where (1) the master policy of such groups was lawfully issued and delivered in and pursuant to the laws of a state in which the insurer was authorized to do an insurance business, to a group organized for purposes other than the porcurement of insurance, and where the policyholder is domiciled or otherwise has a bona fide situs, and (2) except for group annuities, the insurer complies with section thirty-five, article six of this chapter. The commissioner may require the insurer which has issued such master policy to submit such information as the commissioner requires in order to determine if probable cause exists to convene a hearing to determine whether the total charges for the insurance to the persons insured are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided under such policy.
- (c) Any of the following acts in this state effected by mail or otherwise by or on behalf of an unauthorized insurer constitutes the transaction of an insurance business in this state:

53 (1) The making of or proposing to make, as an insurer, an insurance contract;

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- (2) The making of or proposing to make, as guarantor or surety, any contract of guaranty or suretyship as a vocation and not merely incidental to any other legitimate business or activity of the guarantor or surety;
- (3) The taking or receiving of any application for insurance;
- (4) The receiving or collection of any premium, commission, membership fees, assessments, dues or other consideration for any insurance or any part thereof;
- (5) The issuance or delivery of contracts of insurance to residents of this state or to persons authorized to do business in this state;
- (6) The acting, directly or indirectly, as an agent for or otherwise representing or aiding on behalf of another any person or insurer in the solicitation, negotiation. procurement or effectuation of insurance or renewals thereof or in the dissemination of information as to coverage or rates, forwarding of applications, delivery of policies or contracts, inspection of risks, fixing of rates, investigating or adjusting of claims or losses, transacting of matters after effectuation of the contract and arising out of it, or in any other manner representing or assisting a person or insurer in the transaction of insurance with respect to subjects of insurance that are resident, located or to be performed in this state. The provisions of this paragraph do not prohibit fulltime salaried employees of a corporate insured from acting in the capacity of an insurance manager or buyer in placing insurance on behalf of such an insured;
- (7) The transacting of any kind of insurance business specifically recognized as transacting an insurance business or transacting insurance within the meaning of provisions of this chapter;
- (8) The transacting of or proposing to transact any insurance business in substance equivalent to any of the activities described in this subsection, in a manner designed to evade the provisions of this chapter.

- 93 (d) The venue of an act committed by mail is at the 94 point where the matter transmitted by mail is delivered 95 and takes effect, or in any action filed on behalf of the 96 commissioner is at such point as above described or, at 97 the election of the commissioner, in the circuit court of 98 Kanawha County.
- 99 (e) The failure of an insurer transacting insurance 100 business in this state to obtain a license does not impair 101 the validity of any act or contract of the insurer and does 102 not prevent the insurer from defending any action at 103 law or suit in equity in any court of this state: Provided. 104 That no insurer transacting insurance business in this 105 state without a license may maintain an action in any 106 court of this state to enforce any right, claim or demand 107 arising out of the transaction of such business until the 108 insurer has obtained a license. In the event of a failure 109 by an unauthorized insurer to pay any claim or loss 110 within the provisions of an insurance contract, any 111 person who assisted or in any manner aided directly or 112 indirectly in the procurement of the insurance contract 113 is liable to the insured for the full amount of the claim 114 or loss in the manner provided by the provisions of the 115 insurance contract.

§33-3-21. Injunctive relief.

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- (a) Whenever the commissioner believes, from evidence satisfactory to him or her, that any insurer is violating or is about to violate the provisions of sections eighteen through thirty-two, inclusive, of this article, the commissioner may cause a complaint to be filed in any appropriate circuit court of this state seeking to enjoin and restrain such insurer from continuing such violation or engaging therein or doing any act in furtherance thereof.
- (b) The circuit court shall have jurisdiction of the proceeding and have the power to make and enter an order or judgment awarding such preliminary or final injunctive relief as in its judgment is proper. The commissioner may elect to file such complaint in any circuit where transactions have occurred or in the circuit court of Kanawha County.

§33-3-22. Service of process on unauthorized insurer.

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- (a) Any act of transacting an insurance business as set forth in section twenty of this article by any unauthorized insurer is equivalent to and constitutes an irrevocable appointment by such an insurer, binding upon him or her, his or her executor or administrator, or successor in interest, of the secretary of state or his or her successor in office, to be the true and lawful attorney of such an insurer upon whom may be served all lawful process in any action, suit or proceeding in any court by the commissioner or by the state and upon whom may be served any notice, order, pleading or process in any proceeding before the commissioner and which arises out of transacting an insurance business in this state by such an insurer. Any act of transacting an insurance business in this state by any unauthorized insurer is signification of its agreement that any such lawful process in such a court action, suit or proceeding any such notice, order, pleading or process in such an administrative proceeding before the commissioner so served is of the same legal force and validity as personal service or process in this state upon such an insurer.
 - (b) Service of process in such an action must be made by delivering to and leaving with the secretary of state, or some person in apparent charge of his or her office, two copies thereof and by payment to the secretary of state the fees prescribed by law. Service upon the secretary of state as attorney is service upon the principal.
 - (c) Upon receipt by the secretary of state of two copies of the process to be served, as set forth in subsection (b) of this section and the payment of all relevant fees, the secretary of state shall cause such process to be served in the manner dictated by section thirteen, article four of this chapter, for service of process on unauthorized or unlicensed insurers.
 - (d) For the purposes of this section, "process" in an action in a court includes only a summons or the initial documents served in such an action. The secretary of state is not required to serve any documents in such an action after the initial service of process.

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- 41 (e) Nothing in this section limits or affects the right 42 to serve any process, notice, order or demand upon any
- 43 person or insurer in any other manner permitted by law.

§33-3-23. Enforcement of foreign decrees.

- (a) As used in this section:
- 2 (1) "Foreign decree" means any decree or order of a 3 court located in a reciprocal state or other state 4 including a court of the United States located therein, 5 against any insurer incorporated or authorized to do 6 business in this state.
- 7 (2) "Qualified party" means a state regulatory agency 8 acting in its capacity to enforce the insurance laws of 9 its state.
- 10 (3) "Reciprocal state" means any state or territory of 11 the United States the laws of which contain procedures 12 substantially similar to those specified in this section for 13 the enforcement of decrees or orders issued by courts 14 located in other states or territories of the United States, 15 against any insurer incorporated or authorized to do 16 business in such state or territory.
- (b) The commissioner may proceed in the courts of this state, any reciprocal state, or any other state to enforce an order or decision in any court proceeding or in any administrative proceeding before the commissioner.
 - (c) The commissioner shall determine which states and territories qualify as reciprocal states and shall maintain at all times an up-to-date list of such states.
- 25 (d) A copy of any foreign decree authenticated in 26 accordance with federal statutes may be filed in the 27 office of the clerk of any circuit court of this state. The 28 clerk of the circuit court, upon verifying with the 29 commissioner that the decree or order qualified as a foreign decree, shall treat the foreign decree in the same 30 31 manner as a decree of a circuit court of this state. A 32 foreign decree, so filed, has the same effect and shall be 33 deemed as a decree of a circuit court of this state, and 34 is subject to the same procedures, defenses and proceed-

ings for reopening, vacating or staying as a decree of a circuit court of this state and may be enforced or satisfied in like manner.

- (e) At the time of the filing of the foreign decree, counsel for the commissioner shall make and file with the clerk of the circuit court an affidavit setting forth the name and last known post office address of the defendant. Promptly upon the filing of the foreign decree and the affidavit, the clerk of the circuit court shall mail notice of the filing of the foreign decree to the defendant at the address given and to the commissioner and shall make a note of the mailing in the docket. In addition, counsel for the commissioner may mail a notice of the filing of the foreign decree to the defendant and to the commissioner and may file proof of mailing with the clerk of the circuit court. Lack of mailing notice of filing by the clerk of the circuit court shall not affect the enforcement proceedings if proof of mailing by the counsel for the commissioner has been filed. No execution or other process for enforcement of a foreign decree filing under this section may issue until thirty days after the date the decree is filed.
 - (f) If the defendant shows the circuit court:
 - (1) That an appeal from the foreign decree is pending or will be taken, or that a stay of execution has been granted, the court shall stay enforcement of the foreign decree until the appeal is concluded, the time for appeal expires or the stay of execution expires or is vacated upon proof that the defendant has furnished the security for the satisfaction of the decree required by the state in which it was rendered.
 - (2) Any ground upon which enforcement of a decree of any circuit court of this state would be stayed, the court may stay enforcement of the foreign decree which is required in this state.
- 70 (g) Any person filing a foreign decree shall pay to the 71 clerk of the circuit court such fees as are otherwise 72 authorized by this code.

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- 1 Any unauthorized insurer who transacts any unauth-
- 2 orized act of an insurance business as set forth in
- 3 sections eighteen through thirty-two of this article,
- 4 inclusive, may be fined by the commissioner, after notice
- 5 and hearing, pursuant to section thirteen, article two of
- 6 this chapter, such fine not to exceed twenty thousand
- 7 dollars.

§33-3-25. Person providing specified coverage.

- 1 Any person who transacts insurance, transacts an
- 2 insurance business or provides insurance coverage in
- 3 this state for the cost of:
- 4 (a) Medical care;
- 5 (b) Surgery;
- 6 (c) Chiropractic;
- 7 (d) Physical therapy;
- 8 (e) Speech pathology;
- 9 (f) Audiology;
- 10 (g) Professional care of mental health;
- 11 (h) Dental care;
- 12 (i) Hospital care; or
- 13 (j) Ophthalmic care, whether the coverage provides
- 14 for direct payment, reimbursement or any other method
- 15 of payment, is subject to regulation by the commissioner
- 16 and to the provisions of this code unless he or she shows
- 17 that while transacting insurance, or transacting an
- 18 insurance business or providing such coverage he or she
- 19 is subject to regulation by an agency of federal govern-
- 20 ment.

§33-3-26. Proof of regulation by a federal government agency.

- 1 A person may show that he or she is subject to
- 2 regulation by an agency of the federal government by
- 3 providing the commissioner with the appropriate
- 4 certificate or other document which permits the person
- 5 to provide those services.

§33-3-27. Submission to examination by commissioner.

- 1 Any such person who is unable to show, upon request
- 2 by the commissioner, that he or she is subject to
- 3 regulation by an agency of the federal government shall
- 4 submit to an examination by the commissioner to
- 5 determine the organization and solvency of the person
- 6 and to determine whether he or she is in compliance
- 7 with the applicable provisions of this code.

§33-3-28. Information to be provided to agents, brokers and others

- An administrator who advertises or administers coverage in this state which is:
- 3 (a) Of a kind described in section twenty-five of this 4 article; and
- 5 (b) Provided by a person described in section twenty-6 seven of this article shall inform each agent, broker or
- 7 other person who advertises, procures, renews, con-
- 8 tinues, sells or negotiates or solicits the sale of such
- 9 coverage, of the elements of the coverage, including the
- 10 amount of excess insurance or reinsurance in effect.

§33-3-29. Statement of charges; notice of hearing.

- 1 (a) If the commissioner has reason to believe that a
- 2 person described in section twenty-seven of this article
- 3 is providing any type of coverage described in section
- 4 twenty-five of this article, the commissioner may:
- 5 (1) Issue a statement of charges and a notice of a 6 hearing to be held on those charges; and
- 7 (2) Serve the statement and notice upon the person so charged.
- 9 (b) The statement and notice must be:
- 10 (1) Issued pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter; and
- 12 (2) Served personally, or by certified or registered
- 13 mail at the last known address of such person, or in
- 14 compliance with section twenty-two of this article.

§33-3-30. Order after hearing; administrative fines; modification of order.

- (a) After the commissioner conducts a hearing 1 2 pursuant to section twenty-nine of this article, he or she 3 shall issue an order pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter. If the commissioner determines that 4 5 the person being charged has engaged in a practice 6 prohibited by this chapter, the commissioner shall order 7 him or her to cease and desist from that practice.
- 8 (b) If the person knew or reasonably should have 9 known that he or she was in violation of this chapter, the commissioner may order him or her to pay an 10 administrative fine of not more than one thousand 11 12 dollars for each act or violation up to an aggregate 13 penalty of twenty thousand dollars.
- 14 (c) The commissioner may modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any order issued by him or her 15 pursuant to this section, but any such action must be 16 made before the expiration of the period for appeal or 17 before the official record in the proceeding has been 18 19 filed with the court pursuant to section fourteen, article 20 two of this chapter.

§33-3-31. Review of order.

- An order issued pursuant to section thirty of this 1
- article may be reviewed pursuant to section fourteen,
- article two of this chapter.

§33-3-32. Administrative fine for violation.

- If a person violates an order issued pursuant to section 1
- 2 thirty of this article, the commissioner may impose an
- administrative fine after giving notice and a hearing 3
- pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter.
- Such fine may not exceed five thousand dollars for each 5
- violation.

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§33-4-13. Service of process on unlicensed insurers.

- (a) The purpose of this section is to subject certain 1
- insurers to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state in
- suits by or on behalf of insureds or beneficiaries under 3
- certain insurance contracts and to subject said insurers 4
- to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state in suits by 5

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or on behalf of the insurance commissioner of West Virginia. The Legislature declares that it is a subject of concern that certain insurers, while not licensed to transact insurance in this state, are soliciting the sale of insurance and selling insurance to residents of this state, thus presenting the insurance commissioner with the problem of resorting to courts of foreign jurisdictions for the purpose of enforcing the insurance laws of this state for the protection of our citizens. The Legislature declares that it is also a subject of concern that many residents of this state hold policies of insurance issued or delivered in this state by insurers not licensed to transact insurance in this state, thus presenting to such residents the often insuperable obstacle of resorting to distant fora for the purpose of asserting legal rights under such policies. In furtherance of such state interest, the Legislature herein provides a method of substituted service of process upon such insurers and declares that in so doing it exercises its powers to protect its residents and to define, for the purpose of this section, what constitutes transacting insurance in this state, and also exercises powers and privileges available to the state by virtue of public law number fifteen, seventy-ninth Congress of the United States, chapter twenty, first session, Senate number three hundred forty, as amended, which declares that the business of insurance and every person engaged therein shall be subject to the laws of the several states.

(b) (1) Any of the following acts in this state, effected by mail or otherwise, by an unlicensed foreign or alien insurer: (i) The issuance or delivery of contracts of insurance to residents of this state or to corporations authorized to do business therein, (ii) the solicitation of applications for such contracts, (iii) the collection of premiums, membership fees, assessments or other considerations for such contracts, or (iv) any other transaction of business, is equivalent to and shall constitute an appointment by such insurer of the secretary of state and his or her successor in office, to be its true and lawful attorney, upon whom may be served all lawful process in any action, suit or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of an insured or benefi-

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ciary arising out of any such contract of insurance, and in any action, suit or proceeding which may be instituted by the insurance commissioner in the name of any such insured or beneficiary or in the name of the state of West Virginia, and in any administrative proceeding before the commissioner, and any such act shall be signification of its agreement that such service of process is of the same legal force and validity as personal service of process in this state upon such insurer.

(2) Such service of process upon any such insurer or upon an insurer pursuant to section twenty-two, article three of this chapter in any such action or proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction of this state, or in any administrative proceeding before the commissioner, may be made by serving the secretary of state or his or her chief clerk with two copies and an original thereof and the payment to him or her of a fee of five dollars. The secretary of state shall forward a copy of such process by registered or certified mail to the defendant at its last-known principal place of business and shall keep a record of all process so served upon him or her. Such service of process is sufficient, provided notice of such service and a copy of the process are sent within ten days thereafter by or on behalf of the plaintiff or moving party to the defendant, or responding party, at its last-known principal place of business by registered or certified mail with return receipt requested. The plaintiff or moving party shall file with the clerk of the court in which the action is pending, or with the judge or magistrate of such court in case there be no clerk, or in the official records of the commissioner if an administrative proceeding before the commissioner, an affidavit of compliance herewith, a copy of the process and either a return receipt purporting to be signed by the defendant or responding party or a person qualified to receive its registered or certified mail in accordance with the rules and customs of the post-office department; or, if acceptance was refused by the defendant or responding party or an agent thereof, the original envelope bearing a notation by the postal authorities that receipt was refused. Service of process

so made shall be deemed to have been made within the territorial jurisdiction of any court in this state.

- (3) Service of process in any such action, suit or proceeding shall in addition to the manner provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection (b) be valid if served upon any person within this state who, in this state on behalf of such insurer, is
 - (A) Soliciting insurance, or

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- (B) Making, issuing or delivering any contract of insurance, or
- 100 (C) Collecting or receiving any premium, member-101 ship fee, assessment or other consideration for insu-102 rance: Provided. That notice of such service and a copy 103 of such process are sent within ten days thereafter, by or on behalf of the plaintiff or moving party to the 104 105 defendant or responding party at the last-known 106 principal place of business of the defendant or respond-107 ing party, by registered or certified mail with return 108 receipt requested. The plaintiff or moving party shall 109 file with the clerk of the court in which the action is 110 pending, or with the judge or magistrate of such court 111 in case there be no clerk, or in the official records of 112 the commissioner if an administrative proceeding before 113 the commissioner, an affidavit of compliance herewith. a copy of the process and either a return receipt 114 115 purporting to be signed by the defendant or responding 116 party, or a person qualified to receive its registered or 117 certified mail in accordance with the rules and customs 118 of the post-office department; or, if acceptance was 119 refused by the defendant or responding party, or an 120 agent thereof, the original envelope bearing a notation 121 by the postal authorities that receipt was refused.
 - (4) The papers referred to in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection (b) shall be filed within thirty days after the return receipt or other official proof of delivery or the original envelope bearing a notation of refusal, as the case may be, is received by the plaintiff or moving party. Service of process shall be complete ten days after such process and the accompanying papers are filed in accordance with this section.

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- 130 (5) Nothing in this section contained shall limit or 131 abridge the right to serve any process, notice or demand 132 upon any insurer in any other manner now or hereafter 133 permitted by law.
 - (c) (1) Before any unauthorized or unlicensed foreign or alien insurer shall file or cause to be filed any pleading in any action, suit or proceeding instituted against it, or any notice, order, pleading or process in an administrative proceeding before the commissioner instituted against such insurer, such unauthorized or unlicensed insurer shall either (i) deposit with the clerk of the court in which such action, suit or proceeding is pending, or with the commissioner in an administrative proceeding before the commissioner, cash or securities or file with such clerk or the commissioner a bond with good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the court or the commissioner, in an amount to be fixed by the court or commissioner sufficient to secure the payment of any final judgment which may be rendered in such action or administrative proceeding: Provided. That the court or the commissioner may in its, his or her respective discretion make an order dispensing with such deposit or bond where the auditor of the state shall have certified to such court or commissioner that such insurer maintains within this state funds or securities in trust or otherwise sufficient and available to satisfy any final judgment which may be entered in such action. suit or proceeding; or (ii) procure a license to transact insurance in this state.
 - (2) The court or the commissioner in any action, suit or proceeding in which service is made in the manner provided in subdivision (2) or (3), subsection (b) of this section may, in its, his or her respective discretion, order such postponement as may be necessary to afford the defendant or responding party reasonable opportunity to comply with the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) and to defend such action or proceeding.
 - (3) Nothing in subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) is to be construed to prevent an unauthorized or unlicensed foreign or alien insurer from filing a motion to set aside service thereof made in the manner provided in

subdivision (2) or (3), subsection (b) of this section on the grounds that such insurer has not done any of the acts enumerated in subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, or in section twenty-two, article three of this chapter.

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(d) In any action against an unauthorized or unlicensed foreign or alien insurer upon a contract of insurance issued or delivered in this state to a resident thereof or to a corporation authorized to do business therein, if the insurer has failed for thirty days after demand prior to the commencement of the action to make payment in accordance with the terms of the contract, and it appears to the court that such refusal was vexatious and without reasonable cause, the court may allow to the plaintiff a reasonable attorney's fee and include such fee in any judgment that may be rendered in such action. Such fee shall not exceed twelve and onehalf percent of the amount which the court finds the plaintiff is entitled to recover against the insurer, but in no event shall such fee be less than twenty-five dollars. Failure of an insurer to defend any such action shall be deemed prima facie evidence that its failure to make payment was vexatious and without reasonable cause.

CHAPTER 108

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4666—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section twenty-seven, article five, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section three, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections fourteen and fifteen, article four of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fifteen-a and fifteen-b; to amend and reenact section

twenty-six, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section five, article ten of said chapter; to amend and reenact section three-d, article sixteen of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections two, thirteen and eighteen, article twenty-two of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two, article twenty-three of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections four and eighteen, article twenty-four of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections six, article twenty-five of said chapter: to amend and reenact section twenty-four. article twenty-five-a of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five and nine, article twenty-seven of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-a and thirteen; to amend and reenact section five-b, article twenty-eight of said chapter; to amend and reenact section six, article thirty-one of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, eight, nine, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen and twenty-one, article thirty-two of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-four; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles thirty-six and thirty-seven, all relating to insurance; making technical and other changes in order to comply with federal insurance oversight requirements; insurance commissioner; duties of commissioner; general provisions; financial statement filings; reinsurance; credits allowed for reinsurance: life reinsurance agreements; reduction of liability: establishment of asset; organization and procedures of domestic stock and mutual insurance companies; reinsurance by domestic stock insurers and domestic mutual insurers; bulk reinsurance; rehabilitation and liquidation; grounds for rehabilitation of domestic insurers: medicare supplement insurance; removing references to eligibility for medicare by reason or reasons of age; farmers' mutual fire insurance companies; applicability of other provisions; reinsurance; joint policies; mergers and consolidations; fraternal benefit societies: applicability of other provisions; hospital service corporations, medical service

corporations, dental service corporations and health service corporations; exemptions; applicability of insurance laws: grounds for rehabilitation of a corporation; health care corporations, exemption from insurance laws: health maintenance organization act. statutory construction and relationship to other laws: insurance holding company systems; definitions; kinds of subsidiaries: investment authority and limitations in subsidiaries: acquisition of control of or merger with domestic insurer; registration, member of insurance holding company system; standards for transactions; criminal proceedings; recovery of funds by receiver; captive insurers; corporate organization; risk retention act: purpose: definitions: charter and license requirements of domestic risk retention group; registration required of foreign risk retention group prior to conducting business in state: risk retention groups required to file financial condition report annually; registration and filing fees for risk retention groups: premium tax rate for risk retention groups; examinations regarding financial condition: notification to purchaser; compulsory associations, no coverage by state guaranty funds: registration of risk purchasing groups: restrictions on insurance purchased by risk purchasing groups; notification to purchaser; administrative and procedural authority regarding risk retention groups and risk purchasing groups; agents to obtain licenses; duties of groups operating prior to enactment; business transacted with producer-controlled property/casualty insurer: definitions: limitations on business placed with controlled insurer; liabilities of controlling producer in the event of insolvency, managing general agents: definitions: licensure requirements; required contract provisions; duties of insurers; examination authority: penalties and liabilities; fines; revocation or suspension of license; commissioner authorized to promulgate rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-seven, article five, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section three, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections

fourteen and fifteen, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fifteen-a and fifteen-b: that section twenty-six, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section five, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section three-d. article sixteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that sections two, thirteen and eighteen, article twenty-two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two, article twenty-three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections four and eighteen, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section six, article twenty-five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twentyfour, article twenty-five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three, four, five and nine, article twenty-seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-a and thirteen; that section five-b, article twenty-eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section six, article thirty-one of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three, four, five, eight, nine, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen and twenty-one, article thirty-two of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twentyfour: and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles thirty-six and thirty-seven, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Insurance Commissioner.
- 4. General Provisions.
- Organization and Procedures of Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurers.
- 10. Rehabilitation and Liquidation.
- 16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- 22. Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Companies.
- 23. Fraternal Benefit Societies.
- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations,
 Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corpora-
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.
- 27. Insurance Holding Company Systems.
- 28. Individual Accident and Sickness Insurance Minimum Standards.

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- 31. Captive Insurance.
- 32. Risk Retention Act.
- 36. Business Transacted With Producer-Controlled Property/Casualty Insurer Act.
- 37. Managing General Agents.

ARTICLE 2. INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

*§33-2-3. Duties of the commissioner; employment of legal counsel.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall enforce the provisions of 2 this chapter and perform the duties required there-
- 3 under; shall affix the commissioner's official seal to all
- 4 documents and papers required to be filed in other
- 5 states by domestic insurers and to other papers when an
- 6 official seal is required; and shall, on or before the tenth
- 7 day of each month, pay into the state treasury all fees
- 8 and moneys which he or she has received during the
- 9 preceding calendar month.
- 10 (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the
- 11 contrary, the commissioner may acquire such legal
- 12 services as are deemed necessary, including representa-
- 13 tion of the commissioner before any court or adminis-
- 14 trative body. Such counsel may be employed either on
- a salaried basis or on a reasonable fee basis. In addition. 15
- the commissioner may call upon the attorney general for 16
- 17 legal assistance and representation as provided by law.

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- Financial statement filings; annual and quarterly statements; §33-4-14. required format; foreign insurers; agents of the commissioner.
- §33-4-15. Reinsurance.
- Credit for reinsurance: definitions; requirements; trust accounts; §33-4-15a. reductions from liability; security; effective date.
- §33-4-15b. Life reinsurance agreements; reduction of liability; requirements.

Financial statement filings; annual and quar-§33-4-14. terly statements; required format; foreign insurers; agents of the commissioner.

(a) Each licensed insurer shall annually on or before 1 the first day of March, unless the time is extended by

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4759 (Chapter 54). which passed subsequent to this act.

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the commissioner for good cause shown, file with the commissioner a true statement of its financial condition. transactions and affairs as of the preceding thirty-first day of December. Such statement shall be on the appropriate national association of insurance commissioners annual statement blank; shall be prepared in accordance with the national association of insurance commissioners annual statement instructions handbook; and shall follow the accounting practices and procedures prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners accounting practices and procedures manual as amended: Provided. That each licensed insurer shall also file true statements of financial condition on a more frequent basis if the commissioner so orders. The commissioner shall establish the frequency, due date and form acceptable to him or her for such filings: Provided, however. That the statement of an alien insurer shall relate only to its transactions and affairs in the United States unless the commissioner requires otherwise.

- (b) Each domestic insurer shall also file with the commissioner a true quarterly statement of its financial condition, transactions and affairs as of the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, and the thirtieth day of September of each year. Quarterly statements shall be due forty-five days after the end of each quarter. All quarterly statements shall be submitted on the appropriate national association of insurance commissioners quarterly statement blank; shall be prepared in accordance with the national association of insurance commissioners quarterly statement instructions; and shall follow the accounting practices and procedures prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners accounting practices and procedures manual, as amended. The commissioner may subject any licensed insurer to the requirements of this section whenever the commissioner deems it necessary.
- (c) The commissioner may require that all or part of the information contained in the annual statement blank and the quarterly statement blanks be submitted to the department in a computer-readable form compatible with the electronic data processing system of the department.
 - (d) Each domestic, foreign and alien insurer, organ-

ization or corporation who is subject to the requirements of this section shall annually, on or before the first day of March each year, and forty-five days after the end of the first, second and third calendar quarters, file with the national association of insurance commissioners a copy of its annual statement convention blank and the quarterly statement blanks, along with such additional filings as prescribed by the commissioner and shall pay the fee established by the national association of insurance commissioners for filing, review or processing of the information. The information filed with the national association of insurance commissioners shall be in the same format and scope as that required by the commissioner and shall include the signed jurat page and any other required information. Any amendments and addenda to the annual statement filing and quarterly statement filings subsequently filed with the commissioner shall also be filed with the national association of insurance commissioners.

- (e) Foreign insurers that are domiciled in a state which has a law substantially similar to subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed in compliance with this section.
- (f) In the absence of actual malice, members of the national association of insurance commissioners, their duly authorized committees, subcommittees and task forces, their delegates, national association of insurance commissioners employees and all others charged with the responsibility of collecting, reviewing, analyzing and disseminating the information developed from the filing of the annual statement convention blanks and the quarterly statement blanks shall be acting as agents of the commissioner under the authority of this article and shall not be subject to civil liability for libel, slander or any other cause of action by virtue of their collection, review, and analysis or dissemination of the data and information collected from the filings required hereunder.
- (g) All financial analysis ratios and examination synopses concerning insurance companies that are submitted to the department by the national association of insurance commissioners insurance regulatory information system are confidential and may not be disclosed

- 89 by the department.
- 90 (h) The commissioner may suspend, revoke or refuse 91 to renew the certificate of authority of any insurer failing 92 to file its annual statement or the quarterly statement 93 blanks, or any other statement of financial condition 94 required by this section, when due or within any 95 extension of time which the commissioner, for good 96 cause, may have granted.
- 97 (i) Any variance to the requirements of this section 98 shall require the express authorization of the 99 commissioner.
- (j) The commissioner shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code to effectuate the requirements of this article.

§33-4-15. Reinsurance.

- 1 (a) An insurer shall reinsure its risks, or any part
 2 thereof, only in solvent insurers having surplus to
 3 policyholders not less in amount than the paid-in capital
 4 required under this chapter of a stock insurer licensed
 5 to transact like kinds of insurance.
- 6 (b) Credit for reinsurance shall be governed by the 7 provisions of sections fifteen-a and fifteen-b of this 8 article.
- 9 (c) Any licensed insurer may accept reinsurance for 10 the same kinds of insurance and within the same limits 11 as it is authorized to transact direct insurance.
- 12 (d) An insurer may not reinsure all or substantially 13 all of its risks on property or lives located in West 14 Virginia, or substantially all of a major class thereof, 15 unless the reinsurance agreement be filed with and 16 approved by the commissioner.

§33-4-15a. Credit for reinsurance; definitions; requirements; trust accounts; reductions from liability; security; effective date.

- 1 (a) For purposes of this section, an "accredited reinsurer" is one which:
- 3 (1) Has filed an application for accreditation and received a letter of accreditation from the commissioner;

5 (2) Is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one of the fifty states of the United States or 7 the District of Columbia or, in the case of a United 8 States branch of an alien assuming insurer, is entered 9 through and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one of the fifty states of the United States or the District of Columbia;

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- (3) Has filed with the application a certified statement that the company submits to this state's jurisdiction and that the company will comply with the laws, rules and regulations of the state of West Virginia;
- (4) Has filed with the application a certified statement that the company submits to the examination authority granted the commissioner by section nine, article two of this chapter and will pay all examination costs and fees as required by that section;
- (5) Has filed with the application a copy of its most recent annual statement in a form consistent with the requirements of subdivision (8) of this subsection and a copy of its last audited financial statement;
- (6) Has filed any other information the commissioner requests to determine that the company qualifies for accreditation under this section;
- (7) Has remitted the applicable processing fee with its application for accreditation;
- (8) Files with the commissioner after initial accreditation on or before the first day of March of each year a true statement of its financial condition, transactions and affairs as of the preceding thirty-first day of December. Such statement shall be on the appropriate national association of insurance commissioners annual statement blank: shall be prepared in accordance with the national association of insurance commissioners annual statement instructions; and shall follow the accounting practices and procedures prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners accounting practices and procedures manual as amended. Such statement shall be accompanied by the applicable annual statement filing fee. The commissioner may grant extensions of time for filing of this annual statement upon application by the accredited reinsurer: and

- (9) Files with the commissioner after initial accreditation by the first day of June of each year a copy of its audited financial statement for the period ending the preceding thirty-first day of December.
- (b) If the commissioner determines that the assuming insurer has failed to continue to meet any of these qualifications, he or she may upon written notice and hearing, as prescribed by section thirteen, article two of this chapter, revoke an assuming insurer's accreditation. Credit shall not be allowed to a ceding insurer if the assuming insurers' accreditation has been revoked by the commissioner after notice and hearing.
- (c) Credit for reinsurance shall be allowed a domestic ceding insurer or any foreign or alien insurer transacting insurance in West Virginia that is domiciled in a jurisdiction that employs standards regarding credit for reinsurance that are not substantially similar to those applicable under this article as either an asset or a deduction from liability on account of reinsurance ceded only when the reinsurer meets one of the following requirements:
- (1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer which is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in this state.
- (2) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer which is accredited as a reinsurer in this state prior to the thirty-first day of December of the year for which the ceding insurer is claiming a credit for reinsurance.
- (3) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer which is domiciled and licensed in, or in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, is entered through one of the fifty states of the United States or the District of Columbia and which employs standards regarding credit for reinsurance substantially similar to those applicable under this statute, and the ceding insurer provides evidence suitable to the commissioner that the assuming insurer:
- (A) Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than twenty million dollars: Pro-

wided, That the requirements of this paragraph do not apply to reinsurance ceded and assumed pursuant to pooling arrangements among insurers in the same holding company system; and

- (B) The ceding insurer provides the commissioner with a certified statement from the assuming insurer that the assuming insurer submits to the authority of this state to examine its books and records granted the commissioner by section nine, article two of this chapter and will pay all examination costs and fees as required by that section; and
- 99 (C) The reinsurer complies with the provisions of 100 subdivision (6), subsection (c) herein.
 - (4) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer which maintains a trust fund as required by subsection (d) herein in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined by this section, for the payment of the valid claims of its United States policyholders and ceding insurers, their assigns and successors in interest, and complies with the provisions of subdivision (6) herein.
 - (5) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of subdivisions (1) through (4), subsection (c) of this section, but only with respect to the insurance of risks located in jurisdictions where such reinsurance is required by applicable law or regulation of that jurisdiction.
 - (6) If the assuming insurer is not licensed or accredited to transact insurance or reinsurance in this state, the credit permitted by subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall not be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees in the reinsurance agreements:
 - (A) That in the event of the failure of the assuming insurer to perform its obligations under the terms of the reinsurance agreement, the assuming insurer, at the request of the ceding insurer, shall submit to the jurisdiction of any court of competent jurisdiction in any state of the United States, shall comply with all

requirements necessary to give such court jurisdiction, and shall abide by the final decision of such court or of any appellate court in the event of an appeal; and

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- (B) To designate the secretary of state as its true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served any lawful process in any action, suit or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding company. Such process shall be served upon the secretary of state, or accepted by him or her, in the same manner as provided for service of process upon unlicensed insurers under section thirteen of this article: *Provided*, That this provision is not intended to conflict with or override the obligation of the parties to a reinsurance agreement to arbitrate their disputes, if such an obligation is created in the agreement.
- (d) Whenever an assuming insurer establishes a trust fund for the payment of claims pursuant to the provisions of this section, the following requirements shall apply:
- 146 (1) The assuming insurer shall report annually to the 147 commissioner information substantially the same as that 148 required to be reported on the national association of 149 insurance commissioners annual statement form by 150 licensed insurers to enable the commissioner to deter-151 mine the sufficiency of the trust fund. In the case of a single assuming insurer, the trust shall consist of a 152 153 trusteed account representing the assuming insurer's 154 liabilities attributable to business written in the United 155 States and, in addition, the assuming insurer shall 156 maintain a trusteed surplus of not less than twenty million dollars. In the case of a group of individual 157 158 unincorporated underwriters, the trust shall consist of 159 a trusteed account representing the group's liabilities attributable to business written in the United States 160 and, in addition, the group shall maintain a trusteed 161 surplus of which one hundred million dollars shall be 162 held jointly for the benefit of United States ceding 163 insurers of any member of the group. Such group shall 164 make available to the commissioner an annual certifi-165 cation of the solvency of each underwriter by the group's 166

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167 domiciliary regulator and its independent public accountants.

- (2) In the case of a group of incorporated insurers under common administration which complies with the filing requirements contained in the previous paragraph; which has continuously transacted an insurance business outside the United States for at least three years immediately prior to making application for accreditation; which submits to this state's authority to examine its books and records and bears the expense of the examination; and which has aggregate policyholders' surplus of ten billion dollars, the trust shall be in an amount equal to the group's several liabilities attributable to business ceded by United States ceding insurers to any member of the group pursuant to reinsurance contracts issued in the name of such group. The group shall also maintain a joint trusteed surplus of which one hundred million dollars shall be held jointly for the benefit of United States ceding insurers of any member of the group as additional security for any such liabilities. Each member of such group shall make available to the commissioner an annual certification of the member's solvency by the member's domiciliary regulator and its independent public accountant.
- (3) Any trust that is subject to the provisions of this section shall be established in a form approved by the commissioner. The trust instrument shall provide that contested claims shall be valid and enforceable upon the final order of any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States. The trust shall vest legal title to its assets in the trustees of the trust for its United States policyholders and ceding insurers, their assigns and successors in interest. The trust and the assuming insurer shall be subject to examination as determined by the commissioner. The trust described herein shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer shall have outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance agreements subject to the trust.
- (4) No later than the twenty-eighth day of February of each year the trustees of the trust shall report to the

commissioner in writing setting forth the balance of the trust and listing the trust's investments at the preceding year's end. The trustees shall certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the trust shall not expire prior to the next following December thirty-first.

- (e) A reduction from liability for the reinsurance ceded by a ceding insurer subject to the requirements of this article to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of subsection (c) of this section shall be allowed in an amount not exceeding the liabilities carried by the ceding insurer. Such reduction shall be in the amount of funds held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer, including funds held in trust for the ceding insurer, under a reinsurance contract with such assuming insurer as security for the payment of obligations thereunder: Provided, That such security is held in the United States subject to withdrawal solely by, and under the exclusive control of, the ceding insurer; or, in the case of a trust, held in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined by this section. Such security may be in the form of:
 - (1) Cash:

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- (2) Securities listed by the securities valuation office of the national association of insurance commissioners and qualifying as admitted assets; or
- (3) Clean, irrevocable, unconditional letters of credit, issued or confirmed by a qualified United States financial institution, as defined by this section, no later than the thirty-first day of December of the year for which filing is being made, and in the possession of the ceding company on or before the filing date of its annual statement: *Provided*, That letters of credit meeting applicable standards of issuer acceptability as of the dates of their issuance or confirmation shall, notwith-standing the issuing or confirming institution's subsequent failure to meet applicable standards of issuer acceptability, continue to be acceptable as security until their expiration, extension, renewal, modification or amendment, whichever first occurs.

- 248 (f) For purposes of this section, a "qualified United 249 States financial institution" means an institution that:
- 250 (1) Is organized or licensed under the laws of the 251 United States or any state thereof;
- 252 (2) Is regulated, supervised and examined by United 253 States federal or state authorities having regulatory 254 authority over banks and trust companies; and

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- (3) Has been determined by either the commissioner, or the securities valuation office of the national association of insurance commissioners, to meet such standards of financial condition and standing as are considered necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions whose letters of credit will be acceptable to the commissioner.
 - (g) A "qualified United States financial institution" means, for purposes of those provisions of this law specifying those institutions that are eligible to act as a fiduciary of a trust, an institution that:
- 266 (1) Is organized or, in the case of a United States 267 branch or agency office of a foreign banking organiza-268 tion, licensed under the laws of the United States or any 269 state thereof and has been granted authority to operate 270 with fiduciary powers; and
- 271 (2) Is regulated, supervised and examined by federal 272 or state authorities having regulatory authority over 273 banks and trust companies.
- 274 (h) The provisions of this section shall apply to all 275 cessions on or after the first day of January, one 276 thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

§33-4-15b. Life reinsurance agreements; reduction of liability; requirements.

- 1 (a) This section applies to all domestic life insurers 2 and to all other licensed life insurers who are not subject 3 to a substantially similar law or regulation in their 4 domiciliary state.
- (b) A life insurer subject to this article shall not, for
 reinsurance ceded, reduce any liability or establish any

asset in any financial statement filed with the department if, by the terms of the reinsurance agreement, in substance or effect, any of the following conditions exist:

- (1) The primary effect of the reinsurance agreement is to transfer deficiency reserves or excess interest reserves to the books of the reinsurer for a "risk charge" and the agreement does not provide for significant participation by the reinsurer in one or more of the following risks: Mortality, morbidity, investment or surrender benefit;
- (2) The reserve credit taken by the ceding insurer is not in compliance with this chapter, including actuarial interpretations or standards adopted by the department;
- (3) The reserve credit taken by the ceding insurer is greater than the underlying reserve of the ceding company supporting the policy obligations transferred under the reinsurance agreement;
- (4) The ceding insurer is required to reimburse the reinsurer for negative experience under the reinsurance agreement: *Provided*, That neither offsetting experience refunds against prior years' losses nor payment by the ceding insurer of an amount equal to prior years' losses upon voluntary termination of in-force reinsurance by that ceding insurer shall be considered such a reimbursement to the reinsurer for negative experience;
- (5) The ceding insurer can be deprived of surplus at the reinsurer's option or automatically upon the occurrence of some event, such as the insolvency of the ceding insurer: *Provided*, That termination of the reinsurance agreement by the reinsurer for nonpayment of reinsurance premiums shall not be considered to be such a deprivation of surplus;
- (6) The ceding insurer shall, at specific points in time scheduled in the agreement, terminate or automatically recapture all or part of the reinsurance ceded;
- (7) No cash payment is due from the reinsurer, throughout the lifetime of the reinsurance agreement, with all settlements prior to the termination date of the agreement made only in a "reinsurance account," and no

- funds in such account are available for the payment of benefits; or
 - (8) The reinsurance agreement involves the possible payment by the ceding insurer to the reinsurer of amounts other than from income reasonably expected from the reinsured policies.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, a life insurer subject to this article may, with the prior approval of the commissioner, take such reserve credit as the commissioner may deem consistent with this chapter, including actuarial interpretations or standards adopted by the commissioner.
 - (d) A reinsurance agreement or amendment to any agreement shall not be used to reduce any liability or to establish any asset in any financial statement filed with the commissioner, unless the agreement, amendment or a letter of intent has been duly executed by both parties no later than the "as of date" of the financial statement.
 - (e) In the case of a letter of intent, a reinsurance agreement or an amendment to a reinsurance agreement shall be executed within a reasonable period of time, not exceeding ninety days from the execution date of the letter of intent, in order for credit to be granted for the reinsurance ceded.
 - (f) Life insurers subject to this article may continue to reduce liabilities or establish assets in financial statements filed with the commissioner for reinsurance ceded under types of reinsurance agreements described in subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That:
 - (1) The agreements were executed and in force prior to the effective date of this article;
 - (2) No new business is ceded under the agreements after the effective date of this article;
- 80 (3) The reduction of the liability or the asset estab-81 lished for the reinsurance ceded is reduced to zero by 82 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 83 hundred ninety-four, or such later date approved by the

- commissioner as a result of an application made by the ceding insurer prior to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two;
- 87 (4) The reduction of the liability or the establishment 88 of the asset is otherwise permissible under all other 89 applicable provisions of this chapter, including actuarial 90 interpretations or standards adopted by the commis-91 sioner; and
- 92 (5) The department is notified, within ninety days 93 after the effective date of this section, of the existence 94 of such reinsurance agreements and all corresponding 95 credits taken in the ceding insurer's annual statement 96 for the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

ARTICLE 5. ORGANIZATION AND PROCEDURES OF DOMESTIC STOCK AND MUTUAL INSURERS.

§33-5-26. Reinsurance.

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- 1 (a) A domestic stock or mutual insurer may accept 2 reinsurance for the same kinds of insurance and within 3 the same limits as it is authorized to transact direct 4 insurance, unless such reinsurance is prohibited by its 5 articles of incorporation.
- 6 (b) A domestic stock or mutual insurer may reinsure
 7 all or substantially all its business in force, or substan8 tially all of a major class thereof, with another insurer
 9 by an agreement of bulk reinsurance; but such agree10 ments shall not become effective unless filed in advance
 11 with and approved in writing by the commissioner.
 - (c) The commissioner shall approve such agreement within a reasonable time after such filing unless he or she finds that it is inequitable to the domestic insurer, its stockholders or members, or would substantially reduce the protection or service to its policyholders or members. If the commissioner does not approve the agreement, he or she shall so notify the insurer in writing specifying his or her reasons therefor.
 - (d) For the purposes of this section, "bulk reinsurance" means any quota share, surplus aid or portfolio reinsurance agreement which, of itself or in combination with other similar agreements, assumes fifty-one

- 24 percent or more of the liability of the reinsured 25 company.
- 26 (e) Any contract of reinsurance whereby a domestic 27 stock or mutual insurer cedes more than seventy-five 28 percent of the total of its outstanding insurance 29 liabilities shall be subject to the approval, in writing, by 30 the commissioner.
- 31 (f) A filing shall not be made pursuant to this section 32 unless the reinsurance agreement be certified under 33 oath by responsible officers of the reinsurer and the 34 reinsured to contain the entire agreement between the 35 parties to the reinsurance agreement.
- 36 (g) Credit for reinsurance shall be subject to the 37 provisions of section fifteen, article four of this chapter.

ARTICLE 10. REHABILITATION AND LIQUIDATION.

§33-10-5. Grounds for rehabilitation of domestic insurers.

- 1 The commissioner may apply to the court for an order
- 2 appointing him or her as receiver of and directing him
- 3 or her to rehabilitate a domestic insurer or of the United
- 4 States branch of an alien insurer having trusteed assets
 - in this state, upon one or more of the following grounds.
- 6 That the insurer:

- 7 (a) Is impaired or insolvent.
- 8 (b) Has refused to submit to reasonable examination
 9 by the commissioner its property, books, records,
 10 accounts or affairs or those of any subsidiary or related
 11 company within the control of the insurer, or those of
 12 any person having executive authority in the insurer as
 13 far as they pertain to the insurer.
- 14 (c) Has failed to comply with an order of the commis-15 sioner to make good an impairment of capital or surplus 16 or both.
- (d) Has transferred or attempted to transfer substantially its entire property or business, or has entered into any transaction the effect of which is to merge substantially its entire property or business in that of any other insurer or other legal entity without having first

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- 22 obtained the written approval of the commissioner.
 - (e) Has willfully violated its charter, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, or any law of this state or any valid order of the commissioner.
 - (f) Has an officer, director or manager who has refused to be examined under oath concerning its affairs, for which purpose the commissioner is hereby authorized to conduct and to enforce by all appropriate and available means any such examination under oath in any other state or territory of the United States, in which any such officer, director or manager may then presently be, to the full extent permitted by the laws of such other state or territory, this special authorization considered.
 - (g) Has been the subject of an application for the appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or sequestrator of the insurer or its property otherwise than pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, but only if such appointment has been made or is imminent and its effect is or would be to oust the courts of this state of jurisdiction hereunder.
- (h) Has consented to such an order through a majority of its directors, stockholders, members or subscribers.
- (i) Has failed to pay a final judgment rendered against it in this state upon any insurance contract issued or assumed by it, within thirty days after the judgment became final or within thirty days after the time for taking an appeal has expired or within thirty days after dismissal of an appeal before final determination, whichever date is the later.
- 52 (j) Has been deemed in hazardous financial condition 53 pursuant to the provisions of article thirty-four-a of this 54 chapter.

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-16-3d. Medicare supplement insurance.

- 1 (a) Definitions:
- 2 (1) "Applicant" means, in the case of a group medicare

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supplement policy or subscriber contract, the proposed 4 certificate holder.

- (2) "Certificate" means, for the purposes of this section, any certificate issued under a group medicare supplement policy, which policy has been delivered or issued for delivery in this state.
- (3) "Medicare supplement policy" means a group policy of accident and sickness insurance or a subscriber contract (of hospital and medical service associations) which is advertised, marketed or designed primarily as a supplement to reimbursements under medicare for the hospital, medical or surgical expenses of persons eligible for medicare. Such term does not include:
- (A) A policy or contract of one or more employers or labor organizations, or of the trustees of a fund established by one or more employers or labor organizations, or a combination thereof, for employees or former employees, or combination thereof, or for members or former members, or combination thereof, of the labor organizations, or
- (B) A policy or contract of any professional, trade or occupational association for its members or former or retired members, or combination thereof, if such association is composed of individuals all of whom are actively engaged in the same profession, trade or occupation: has been maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance; and has been in existence for at least two years prior to the date of its initial offering of such policy or plan to its members.
- (C) Individual policies or contracts issued pursuant to a conversion privilege under a policy or contract of group or individual insurance when such group or individual policy or contract includes provisions which are inconsistent with the requirements of this section.
- (4) "Medicare" means the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social Security Amendments of 1965, as then constituted or later amended.
 - (b) Standards for policy provisions:

- 41 (1) The commissioner shall issue reasonable rules to
 42 establish specific standards for policy provisions of
 43 medicare supplement policies. Such standards shall be
 44 in addition to and in accordance with the applicable
 45 laws of this state and may cover, but shall not be limited
 46 to:
- 47 (A) Terms of renewability;
- 48 (B) Initial and subsequent conditions of eligibility:
- 49 (C) Nonduplication of coverage;
- 50 (D) Probationary period;
- 51 (E) Benefit limitations, exceptions and reductions;
- 52 (F) Elimination period;
- 53 (G) Requirements for replacement;
- 54 (H) Recurrent conditions; and
- 55 (I) Definitions of terms.
- 56 (2) The commissioner may issue reasonable rules that 57 specify prohibited policy provisions not otherwise 58 specifically authorized by statute which, in the opinion 59 of the commissioner, are unjust, unfair or unfairly 60 discriminatory to any person insured or proposed for 61 coverage under a medicare supplement policy.
- 62 (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law, 63 a medicare supplement policy may not deny a claim for losses incurred more than six months from the effective 64 65 date of coverage for a preexisting condition. The policy may not define a preexisting condition more restric-66 67 tively than a condition for which medical advice was 68 given or treatment was recommended by or received 69 from a physician within six months before the effective 70 date of coverage.
 - (c) Minimum standards for benefits.
- 72 The commissioner shall issue reasonable rules to 73 establish minimum standards for benefits under med-74 icare supplement policies.
- 75 (d) Loss ratio standards.

76 Medicare supplement policies shall be expected to 77 return to policyholders benefits which are reasonable in 78 relation to the premium charge. The commissioner shall 79 issue reasonable rules to establish minimum standards 80 for loss ratios and medicare supplement policies on the 81 basis of incurred claims experience and earned premi-82 ums for the entire period for which rates are computed 83 to provide coverage and in accordance with accepted 84 actuarial principles and practices. For purposes of rules 85 issued pursuant to this paragraph, medicare supplement 86 policies issued as a result of solicitations of individuals 87 through the mail or mass media advertising, including both print and broadcast advertising, shall be treated 88 89 as individual policies.

(e) Disclosure standards:

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- (1) In order to provide for full and fair disclosure in the sale of accident and sickness policies, to persons eligible for medicare, the commissioner may require by rule that no policy of accident and sickness insurance may be issued for delivery in this state and no certificate may be delivered pursuant to such a policy unless an outline of coverage is delivered to the applicant at the time application is made.
- (2) The commissioner shall prescribe the format and content of the outline of coverage required by paragraph (1) of this section. For purposes of this paragraph, "format" means style, arrangements and overall appearance, including such items as size, color and prominence of type and the arrangement of text and captions. Such outline of coverage shall include:
- 106 (A) A description of the principal benefits and 107 coverage provided in the policy;
- 108 (B) A statement of the exceptions, reductions and 109 limitations contained in the policy;
- (C) A statement of the renewal provisions including any reservation by the insurer of the right to change premiums;
- 113 (D) A statement that the outline of coverage is a 114 summary of the policy issued or applied for and that the

policy should be consulted to determine governing contractual provisions.

- (3) The commissioner may prescribe by rule a standard form and the contents of an informational brochure for persons eligible for medicare, which is intended to improve the buyer's ability to select the most appropriate coverage and improve the buyer's understanding of medicare. Except in the case of direct response insurance policies, the commissioner may require by rule that the information brochure be provided to any prospective insureds eligible for medicare concurrently with delivery of the outline of coverage. With respect to direct response insurance policies, the commissioner may require by rule that the prescribed brochure be provided upon request to any prospective insureds eligible for medicare, but in no event later than the time of policy delivery.
- (4) The commissioner may further promulgate reasonable rules to govern the full and fair disclosure of the information in connection with the replacement of accident and sickness policies, subscriber contracts or certificates by persons eligible for medicare.

(f) Notice of free examination.

Medicare supplement policies or certificates, other than those issued pursuant to direct response solicitation, shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy or attached thereto stating in substance that the applicant shall have the right to return the policy of certificate within ten days from its delivery and have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy or certificate, the applicant is not satisfied for any reason. Medicare supplement policies or certificates issued pursuant to a direct response solicitation to persons eligible for medicare shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page or attached thereto stating in substance that the applicant shall have the right to return the policy or certificate within thirty days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination, the applicant is not satisfied for any reason.

- 155 (g) Administrative procedures.
- Rules promulgated pursuant to this section shall be subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a (West
- 158 Virginia Administrative Procedures Act).
- 159 (h) Separability.
- 160 If any provision of this section or the application
- thereof to any person or circumstance is for any reason
- 162 held to be invalid, the remainder of the section and the
- 163 application of such provision to other persons or
- 164 circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

ARTICLE 22. FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANIES.

- §33-22-2. Applicability of other provisions.
- §33-22-13. Reinsurance; joint policies.
- §33-22-18. Mergers and consolidations.

§33-22-2. Applicability of other provisions.

- Each company to the same extent such provisions are applicable to domestic mutual insurers shall be gov-
- 2 applicable to domestic mutual insurers shall be gov-3 erned by and be subject to the following articles of this
- 4 chapter: Article one (definitions), article two (insurance
- 5 commissioner), article four (general provisions) except
- 6 that section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable
- 7 thereto, article seven (assets and liabilities), article ten
- 8 (rehabilitation and liquidation) except that under the
- 9 provisions of section thirty-two of said article ten
- 10 assessments shall not be levied against any former
- 11 member of a farmers' mutual fire insurance company
- who is no longer a member of the company at the time the order to show cause was issued, article eleven (unfair
- 14 trade practices), article twelve (agents, brokers and
- 15 solicitors) except that the agent's license fee shall be five
- 16 dollars, article twenty-six (West Virginia Insurance
- 17 Guaranty Association Act), article twenty-seven (insu-
- 18 rance holding company systems), article thirty (mine
- 19 subsidence insurance) except that under the provisions
- 20 of section six, article thirty, a farmers' mutual insurance
- 21 company shall have the option of offering mine subsi-
- dence coverage to all of its policyholders but shall not
- be required to do so, article thirty-three (annual audited

- 24 financial report), article thirty-four (administrative
- 25 supervision), article thirty-four-a, (standards and
- 26 commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in
- 27 hazardous financial condition), article thirty-five,
- 28 (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment),
- 29 article thirty-six (business transacted with producer-
- 30 controlled property/casualty insurer) and article thirty-
- 31 seven (managing general agents); but only to the extent
- 32 these provisions are not inconsistent with the provisions
- 33 of this article.

§33-22-13. Reinsurance; joint policies.

- 1 (a) Such company may procure reinsurance or issue 2 policies of reinsurance to other licensed insurers
- 3 transacting like kinds of insurance, subject to the
- 4 provisions of section fifteen, article four of this chapter.
- 5 (b) Two or more such companies may issue policies 6 jointly.

§33-22-18. Mergers and consolidations.

- 1 (a) A farmers' mutual fire insurance company shall 2 not merge or consolidate with any stock insurer.
- 3 (b) A farmers' mutual fire insurance company may
- 4 merge or consolidate with another farmers' mutual fire
 5 insurance company or merge into a domestic mutual
- 6 insurer in the manner provided in section twenty-eight,
- 7 article five of this chapter for the merger or consolida-
- 8 tion of other types of domestic mutual insurers. In the
- 9 event of a merger between a farmers' mutual fire
- 10 insurance company and a domestic mutual insurer, the
- 11 domestic mutual insurer shall be the surviving entity.

ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

§33-23-2. Applicability of other provisions.

- 1 Every fraternal benefit society shall be governed and
- 2 be subject, to the same extent as other insurers
- 3 transacting like kinds of insurance, to the following
- 4 articles of this chapter: Article one (definitions), article
- 5 two (insurance commissioner), article four (general
- 6 provisions), article six, section thirty (fee for form and
- 7 rate filing), article seven (assets and liabilities), article

- 8 ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), article eleven
- 9 (unfair trade practices), article twelve (agents, brokers,
- 10 solicitors and excess lines), article thirteen (life insu-
- 11 rance), article fifteen-a (long-term care insurance),
- 12 article twenty-seven (insurance holding company sys-
- 13 tems), article thirty-three (annual audited financial
- 14 report), article thirty-four (administrative supervision),
- 15 article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's
- 16 authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous
- 17 financial condition), article thirty-five (criminal sanc-
- 18 tions for failure to report impairment), and article
- 19 thirty-seven (managing general agents).

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

§33-24-18. Grounds for rehabilitation of a corporation.

*§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such

3 the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such 4 corporation, to the same extent such provisions are

5 applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of

6 insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this

7 article, shall be governed by and be subject to the 8 provisions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following

9 articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commis-

10 sioner), except that under section nine of article two

examinations shall be conducted at least once every four

12 years, article four (general provisions) except that

13 section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable

thereto, article six, section thirty-four (fee for form and

15 rate filing), article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article

16 seven (assets and liabilities), article eleven (unfair trade

17 practices), article twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors)

17 practices), article twelve (agents, blokels and solicitors)
18 except that the agent's license fee shall be five dollars,

19 section fourteen, article fifteen (individual accident and

20 sickness insurance), article fifteen-a (long-term care

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4184 (Chapter 113), which passed prior to this act.

21 insurance), section three-a, article sixteen (mental 22 illness), section three-c, article sixteen (group accident 23 and sickness insurance), section three-d, article sixteen 24 (medicare supplement insurance), section three-f, article 25 sixteen (treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder 26 and craniomandibular disorder), article sixteen-c (small 27 employer group policies), article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small employers), article twenty-28 29 six-a (West Virginia life and health insurance guaranty association act), after the first day of October, one 30 31 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, article twenty-seven 32 (insurance holding company systems), article twenty-33 eight (individual accident and sickness insurance minimum standards), article thirty-three (annual 34 35 audited financial report), article thirty-four (administrative supervision), article thirty-four-a, (standards and 36 37 commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition), article thirty-five, 38 39 (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment) and article thirty seven (managing general agents); and 40 no other provision of this chapter may apply to such 41 corporations unless specifically made applicable by the 42 provisions of this article. If, however, any such corpo-43 ration is converted into a corporation organized for a 44 pecuniary profit, or if it transacts business without 45 having obtained a license as required by section five of 46 this article, it shall thereupon forfeit its right to these 47 exemptions. 48

§33-24-18. Grounds for rehabilitation of a corporation.

The commissioner may apply to the court for an order appointing him or her as receiver of and directing him or her to rehabilitate a corporation upon one or more of the following grounds. That the corporation:

(a) Is impaired or insolvent.

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6 (b) Has refused to submit to reasonable examination
7 by the commissioner its property, books, records,
8 accounts or affairs or those of any subsidiary or related
9 company within the control of the corporation, or those
10 of any person having executive authority in the corpo11 ration as far as they pertain to the corporation.

- (c) Has failed to comply with an order of the commissioner to make good an impairment of surplus.
 - (d) Has transferred or attempted to transfer substantially its entire property or business, or has entered into any transaction the effect of which is to merge substantially its entire property or business in that of any other corporation or other legal entity without having first obtained the written approval of the commissioner.
 - (e) Has willfully violated its charter, articles of incorporation, or bylaws, or any law of this state or any valid order of the commissioner.
 - (f) Has an officer, director or manager who has refused to be examined under oath concerning its affairs, for which purpose the commissioner is hereby authorized to conduct and to enforce by all appropriate and available means any such examination under oath in any other state or territory of the United States, in which any such officer, director or manager may then presently be, to the full extent permitted by the laws of such other state or territory, this special authorization considered.
 - (g) Has been the subject of an application for the appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or sequestrator of the corporation or its property otherwise than pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, but only if such appointment has been made or is imminent and its effect is or would be to oust the courts of this state of jurisdiction hereunder.
 - (h) Has consented to such an order through a majority of its directors, stockholders, members or subscribers.
 - (i) Has failed to pay a final judgment rendered against it in this state upon any insurance contract issued or assumed by it, within thirty days after the judgment became final or within thirty days after the time for taking an appeal has expired or within thirty days after dismissal of an appeal before final determination, whichever date is the later.
- (j) Has been deemed in hazardous financial condition pursuant to the provisions of article thirty-four-a of this chapter.

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

*§33-25-6. Supervision and regulation by insurance commissioner; exemption from insurance laws.

Corporations organized under this article shall be 1 2 subject to supervision and regulation of the insurance 3 commissioner. Such corporations organized under this 4 article, to the same extent such provisions are applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of insurance and 5 6 not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, shall be governed by and be subject to the provisions as 7 8 hereinbelow indicated, of the following articles of this chapter: Article four (general provisions) except that 9 section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 10 11 thereto, article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article seven. (assets and liabilities), article eight (investments), 12 article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), section 13 fourteen, article fifteen (individual accident and sick-14 ness insurance), article sixteen-c (small employer group 15 policies), article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices 16 17 for small employers), article twenty-six-a (West Virginia life and health insurance guaranty association act), 18 19 article twenty-seven (insurance holding company systems), article thirty-three (annual audited financial 20 21 report), article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous 22 23 financial condition), article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment) and article 24 thirty-seven (managing general agents); and no other 25 provision of this chapter may apply to such corporations 26 unless specifically made applicable by the provisions of 27 28 this article.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

*§33-25A-24. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.

- 1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this article,
- 2 provisions of the insurance law and provisions of
- 3 hospital or medical service corporation laws shall not be

^{*}Clerk's Note: These sections were also amended by H. B. 4184 (Chapter 113), which passed prior to this act.

applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article. This provision shall not apply to an insurer or hospital or medical service corporation licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance laws or the hospital or medical service corporation laws of this state except with respect to its health maintenance corporation activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this article.

- (b) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation regarding the range of services provided, the premiums and copayments charged, the sites of services and hours of operation, and any other quantifiable, nonprofessional aspects of its operation by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority, or its representative shall not be construed to violate any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professions: *Provided*, That nothing contained herein shall be construed as authorizing any solicitation or advertising which identifies or refers to any individual provider, or makes any qualitative judgment concerning any provider.
- (c) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this article shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and shall be exempt from the provision of chapter thirty of this code, relating to the practice of medicine.
- (d) The provisions of section fifteen, article four (general provisions), article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article seven (assets and liabilities), article eight (investments), section fourteen, article fifteen (individual accident and sickness insurance), section three-f, article sixteen (treatment of temporomandibular disorder and craniomandibular disorder), article sixteen-c (small employer group policies), article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small employers), article twenty-seven (insurance holding company systems), article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition), article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment) and article

- 45 thirty-seven (managing general agents) shall be appli-
- 46 cable to any health maintenance organization granted a
- 47 certificate of authority under this article.
- 48 (e) Any long-term care insurance policy delivered or
- 49 issued for delivery in this state by a health maintenance
- 50 organization shall comply with the provisions of article
- 51 fifteen-a of this chapter.

ARTICLE 27. INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEMS.

- §33-27-2. Definitions.
- §33-27-2a. Subsidiaries of insurers; authorization; investment authority; exemptions; qualifications; cessation of controls.
- §33-27-3. Acquisition of control of or merger with domestic insurer; filing requirements; statements; alternative filing material; approval by the commissioner; hearings; notice; mailings to shareholders; expenses; exemptions; violations and jurisdiction.
- §33-27-4. Registration of insurers; forms required; materiality; amendments reporting of dividends; information of insurers; termination of registration; consolidated filing; violations.
- §33-27-5. Standards; transactions with affiliates; adequacy of surplus; dividends; domestic insurers.
- §33-27-9. Criminal proceedings; penalties.
- §33-27-13. Recovery.

§33-27-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
 - 2 (a) An "affiliate" of, or person "affiliated" with, a
 - 3 specific person, is a person that, directly or indirectly
 - 4 through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is
 - 5 controlled by, or is under common control with, the
 - 6 person specified.
 - 7 (b) "Commissioner" means the insurance commis-8 sioner, his or her deputies, or the insurance department, 9 as appropriate.
- 10 (c) "Control" (including the terms "controlling," 11 "controlled by" and "under common control with")
- means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to
- 13 direct or cause the direction of the management and
- 14 policies of a person, whether through the ownership of
- 15 voting securities, by contract other than a commercial
- 16 contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or
- 17 otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official
- 18 position with or corporate office held by the person.

Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing ten percent or more of the voting securities of any other person or controls or appoints a majority of the board of directors, voting members or similar governing body of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by subsection (b)(i), section four of this article that control does not exist in fact. The commissioner may determine, after furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support such determination, that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect.

- (d) "Insurance holding company system" consists of two or more affiliated persons, one or more of which is an insurer.
- (e) "Insurer" means any person or persons or corporation, partnership or company authorized by the laws of this state to transact the business of insurance in this state, except that it shall not include agencies, authorities or instrumentalities of the United States, its possessions and territories, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, or a state or political subdivision of a state.
- (f) A "person" is an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an association, a joint-stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization, any other legal entity or any combination of the foregoing acting in concert, but does not include any securities broker performing no more than the usual and customary broker's function and holding less than twenty percent of the voting securities of an insurance company or of any person which controls an insurance company.
- (g) A "security holder" of a specified person is one who owns any security of such person, including common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations and any other security convertible into or evidencing the right to acquire any of the foregoing.
 - (h) A "subsidiary" of a specified person is an affiliate

- 59 controlled by such person directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries.
- 61 (i) "Voting security" includes any security convertible 62 into or evidencing a right to acquire a voting security.

§33-27-2a. Subsidiaries of insurers; authorization; investment authority; exemptions; qualifications; cessation of controls.

- 1 (a) Any domestic insurer, either by itself or in 2 cooperation with one or more persons, may organize or 3 acquire one or more subsidiaries engaged in the 4 following kinds of business with the commissioner's prior approval:
- 6 (1) Any kind of insurance business authorized by the jurisdiction in which it is incorporated;
- 8 (2) Acting as an insurance agent for its parent or for any of its parent's insurer subsidiaries;
- 10 (3) Investing, reinvesting or trading in securities for 11 its own account, that of its parent, any subsidiary of its 12 parent, or any affiliate or subsidiary;
- 13 (4) Management of any investment company subject 14 to or registered pursuant to the Investment Company 15 Act of 1940, as amended, including related sales and 16 services;
- 17 (5) Acting as a broker-dealer subject to or registered 18 pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as 19 amended:
- 20 (6) Rendering investment advice to governments, 21 government agencies, corporations or other organiza-22 tions or groups;
- 23 (7) Rendering other services related to the operations 24 of an insurance business, including, but not limited to, 25 actuarial, loss prevention, safety engineering, data 26 processing, accounting, claims, appraisal and collection 27 services;
- 28 (8) Ownership and management of assets which the parent corporation could itself own or manage;

- 30 (9) Acting as administrative agent for a governmental instrumentality which is performing an insurance 32 function;
- 33 (10) Financing of insurance premiums, agents and 34 other forms of consumer financing;
- 35 (11) Any other business activity determined by the 36 commissioner to be reasonably ancillary to an insurance 37 business; and

- (12) Owning a corporation or corporations engaged or organized to engage exclusively in one or more of the businesses specified in this section.
- (b) In addition to investments in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations and other securities permitted under any other provision of this chapter, a domestic insurer may also with the commissioner's prior approval:
- (1) Invest in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations and other securities of one or more subsidiaries, amounts which do not exceed the lesser of ten percent of such insurer's assets or fifty percent of such insurer's surplus as regards policyholders: *Provided*, That after such investments, the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders will be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs. In calculating the amount of such investments, investments in domestic or foreign insurance subsidiaries shall be excluded, and there shall be included:
 - (A) Total net moneys or other consideration expended and obligations assumed in the acquisition or formation of a subsidiary, including all organizational expenses and contributions to capital and surplus of such subsidiary whether or not represented by the purchase of capital stock or issuance of other securities, and
- (B) All amounts expended in acquiring additional common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations and other securities, and all contributions to the capital or surplus, of a subsidiary subsequent to its acquisition or formation;

- (2) Invest any amount in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations and other securities of one or more subsidiaries engaged or organized to engage exclusively in the ownership and management of assets authorized as investments for the insurer: Provided. That each such subsidiary agrees to limit its invest-ments in any asset so that such investments will not cause the amount of the total investment of the insurer to exceed any of the investment limitations specified in subsection (b)(1) of this section or in article eight of this chapter applicable to the insurer. For the purpose of this subdivision, "the total investment of the insurer" includes:
- 82 (A) Any direct investment by the insurer in an asset; 83 and

- (B) The insurer's proportionate share of any investment in an asset by any subsidiary of the insurer, which shall be calculated by multiplying the amount of the subsidiary's investment by the percentage of the ownership of such subsidiary.
- (3) With the approval of the commissioner, invest any greater amount in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations or other securities of one or more subsidiaries: *Provided*, That after such investment the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders will be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
- (c) Investments in common stock, preferred stock, debt obligations or other securities of subsidiaries made pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall not be subject to any of the otherwise applicable restrictions or prohibitions contained in this chapter applicable to such investments of insurers except section twenty-one, article eight of this chapter.
- (d) Whether any investment pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section meets the applicable requirements thereof is to be determined before such investment is made, by calculating the applicable investment limitations as though the investment had already been made, taking into account the then outstanding principal

balance on all previous investments in debt obligations, and the value of all previous investments in equity securities as of the day they were made, net of any return of capital invested, not including dividends.

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- (e) If an insurer ceases to control a subsidiary, it shall dispose of any investment therein made pursuant to this section within three years from the time of the cessation of control or within such further time as the commissioner may prescribe, unless at any time after such investment shall have been made, such investment shall have met the requirements for investment under any other provision of this chapter, and the insurer has notified the commissioner thereof.
- §33-27-3. Acquisition of control of or merger with domestic insurer; filing requirements; statements; alternative filing material; approval by the commissioner; hearings; notice; mailings to shareholders; expenses; exemptions; violations and jurisdiction.
- 1 (a) Any person other than the issuer shall not make 2 a tender offer for or a request or invitation for tenders 3 of, or enter into any agreement to exchange securities 4 for, seek to acquire or acquire, in the open market or otherwise, any voting security of a domestic insurer if, 5 after the consummation thereof, such person would, 6 directly or indirectly (or by conversion or by exercise of 7 8 any right to acquire) be in control of such insurer, and 9 a person shall not enter into an agreement to merge with or otherwise to acquire control of a domestic insurer or 10 any person controlling a domestic insurer unless, at the 11 time any such offer, request or invitation is made or any 12 such agreement is entered into, or prior to the acqui-13 sition of such securities if no offer or agreement is 14 involved, such person has filed with the commissioner 15 and has sent to such insurer, and, to the extent 16 permitted by applicable federal laws, rules and regula-17 tions, such insurer has sent to its shareholders a 18 statement containing the information required by this 19 section and such offer, request, invitation, agreement or 20 acquisition has been approved by the commissioner in 21 the manner hereinafter prescribed. 22

- (b) For purposes of this section, a "domestic insurer" includes any other person controlling a domestic insurer unless such other person as determined by the commissioner is either directly or through its affiliates primarily engaged in business other than the business of insurance.
- (c) The statement to be filed with the commissioner hereunder shall be made under oath or affirmation and shall contain the following information:
- (1) The name and address of each person by whom or on whose behalf the merger or other acquisition of control referred to in subsection (a) is to be effected (hereinafter called "acquiring party").
- (2) If such person is an individual, his or her principal occupation and all offices and positions held during the past five years, and any conviction of crimes other than minor traffic violations during the past ten years.
- (3) If such person is not an individual, a report of the nature of its business operations during the past five years or for such lesser period as such person and any predecessors thereof shall have been in existence; an informative description of the business intended to be done by such person and such person's subsidiaries; and a list of all individuals who are or who have been selected to become directors or executive officers of such person, or who perform or will perform functions appropriate to such positions. Such list shall include for each such individual the information required by subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (4) The source, nature and amount of the consideration used or to be used in effecting the merger or other acquisition of control, a description of any transaction wherein funds were or are to be obtained for any such purpose, including any pledge of the insurer's stock, or the stock of any of its subsidiaries or controlling affiliates, and the identity of persons furnishing such consideration: *Provided*, That where a source of such consideration is a loan made in the lender's ordinary course of business, the identity of the lender shall remain confidential, if the person filing such statement so requests.

(5) Fully audited financial information as to the earnings and financial condition of each acquiring party for the preceding five fiscal years of each such acquiring party (or for such lesser period as such acquiring party and any predecessors thereof shall have been in existence), and similar unaudited information as of a date not earlier than ninety days prior to the filing of the statement.

- (6) Any plans or proposals which each acquiring party may have to liquidate such insurer, to sell its assets or merge or consolidate it with any person, or to make any other material change in its business or corporate structure or management.
- (7) The number of shares of any security referred to in subsection (a) which each acquiring party proposes to acquire, and the terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement or acquisition referred to in subsection (a), and a statement as to the method by which the fairness of the proposal was arrived at.
- (8) The amount of each class of any security referred to in subsection (a) which is beneficially owned or concerning which there is a right to acquire beneficial ownership by each acquiring party.
- (9) A full description of any contracts, arrangements or understanding with respect to any security referred to in subsection (a) in which any acquiring party is involved, including, but not limited to, transfer of any of the securities, joint ventures, loan or option arrangements, puts or calls, guarantees of loans, guarantees against loss or guarantees of profits, division of losses or profits, or the giving or withholding of proxies. Such description shall identify the persons with whom such contracts, arrangements or understandings have been entered into.
- (10) A description of the purchase of any security referred to in subsection (a) during the twelve calendar months preceding the filing of the statement, by any acquiring party, including the dates of purchase, names of the purchasers, and consideration paid or agreed to be paid therefor.

- 104 (11) A description of any recommendations to pur-105 chase any security referred to in subsection (a) made 106 during the twelve calendar months preceding the filing 107 of the statement, by an acquiring party, or by anyone 108 based upon interviews or at the suggestion of such 109 acquiring party.
 - (12) Copies of all tender offers for, requests or invitations for tenders of, exchange offers for, and agreements to acquire or exchange any securities referred to in subsection (a), and (if distributed) of additional soliciting material relating thereto.

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- (13) The terms of any agreement, contract or understanding made with any broker-dealer as to solicitation of securities referred to in subsection (a) for tender, and the amount of any fees, commissions or other compensation to be paid to broker-dealers with regard thereto.
- (14) Such additional information as the commissioner may by rule prescribe as necessary or appropriate for the protection of policyholders and security holders of the insurer or in the public interest.
- (d) If the person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (a) is a partnership, limited partnership, syndicate or other group, the commissioner may require that the information called for by subdivisions (1) through (14) of this subsection shall be given with respect to each partner of such partnership or limited partnership, each member of such syndicate or group, and each person who controls such partner or member. If any partner, member or person is a corporation or the person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (a) is a corporation, the commissioner may require that the information called for by subdivisions (1) through (14) shall be given with respect to such corporation, and each person who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than ten percent of the outstanding voting securities of such corporation.
- (e) If any material change occurs in the facts set forth in the statement filed with the commissioner and sent to such insurer pursuant to this section, an amendment

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setting forth such change, together with copies of all documents and other material relevant to such change, shall be filed with the commissioner and sent to such insurer within two business days after the person learns of such change. Such insurer shall send such amendment to its shareholders.

- (f) If any offer, request, invitation, agreement or acquisition referred to in subsection (a) is proposed to be made by means of a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 or in circumstances requiring the disclosure of similar information under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or under a state law requiring similar registration or disclosure, the person required to file the statement referred to in subsection (a) may utilize such documents in furnishing the information called for by that statement.
- 160 (g) The commissioner shall approve any merger or 161 other acquisition of control referred to in subsection (a) 162 unless, after a public hearing thereon, he or she finds 163 that any of the following conditions exists:
- 164 (1) After the change of control the domestic insurer 165 referred to in subsection (a) would not be able to satisfy 166 the requirements for the issuance of a license to write 167 the line or lines of insurance for which it is presently 168 authorized:
- 169 (2) The effect of the merger or other acquisition of 170 control would be substantially to lessen competition in 171 insurance in this state or tend to create a monopoly 172 therein;
 - (3) The financial condition of any acquiring party is such as might jeopardize the financial stability of the insurer, or prejudice the interest of its policyholders or the interests of any remaining security holders who are unaffiliated with such acquiring party;
 - (4) The terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement or acquisition referred to in subsection (a) are unfair and unreasonable to the security holders of the insurer;
 - (5) The plans or proposals which the acquiring party

has to liquidate the insurer, sell its assets or consolidate or merge it with any person, or to make any other material change in its business or corporate structure or management, are unfair and unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer and not in the public interest;

- (6) The competence, experience and integrity of those persons who would control the operation of the insurer are such that it would not be in the interest of policyholders of the insurer and of the public to permit the merger or other acquisition of control; or
- (7) The acquisition is likely to be hazardous or prejudicial to the insurance-buying public.
- (h) The public hearing required by this section shall be held within sixty days after the statement required by subsection (a) is filed, and at least fifteen days' notice thereof shall be given by the commissioner to the person filing the statement. Not less than seven days' notice of such public hearing shall be given by the person filing the statement to the insurer and to such other persons as may be designated by the commissioner. The insurer shall give such notice to its security holders. The commissioner shall make a determination within forty-five days after the conclusion of such hearing.
- (i) The commissioner may retain at the acquiring person's expense any attorneys, actuaries, accountants and other experts not otherwise a part of the commissioner's staff as may be reasonably necessary to assist the commissioner in reviewing the proposed acquisition of control.
- (j) To the extent permitted by applicable federal laws, rules and regulations, all statements, amendments or other material filed pursuant to the provisions of this section, and all notices of public hearings held pursuant to the provisions of this section, shall be mailed by the insurer to its shareholders within five business days after the insurer has received such statements, amendments, other material or notices. The expenses of mailing shall be borne by the person making the filing. As security for the payment of such expenses, such person shall file with the commissioner an acceptable

- bond or other deposit in an amount to be determined by the commissioner.
- 225 (k) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any 226 offer, request, invitation, agreement or acquisition 227 which the commissioner by order shall exempt there-228 from as (1) not having been made or entered into for the 229 purpose of, and not having the effect of, changing or influencing the control of a domestic insurer; or (2) as 230 231 otherwise not comprehended within the purposes of this 232 section.
- 233 (l) The following are violations of this section:

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- 234 (1) The failure to file any statement, amendment or 235 other material required to be filed pursuant to subsec-236 tion (a) or (b) of this section; or
 - (2) The effectuation or any attempt to effectuate an acquisition of control of, or merger with, a domestic insurer unless the commissioner has given his or her approval thereto.
- 241 (m) The courts of this state are hereby vested with 242 jurisdiction over every person not resident, domiciled or 243 authorized to do business in this state who files a 244 statement with the commissioner under this section, and 245 over all actions involving such person arising out of 246 violations of this section, and each such person shall be 247 deemed to have performed acts equivalent to and 248 constituting an appointment by such a person of the 249 secretary of state to be his or her true and lawful attorney upon whom may be served all lawful process 250 in any action, suit or proceeding arising out of violations 251 of this section. Copies of all such lawful process shall be 252 served on the secretary of state and transmitted by 253 254 registered or certified mail by the secretary of state to such person at his or her last known address. 255
- §33-27-4. Registration of insurers; forms required; materiality; amendments reporting of dividends; information of insurers; termination of registration; consolidated filing; violations.
 - (a) Every insurer which is authorized to do business

2 in this state and which is a member of an insurance 3 holding company system shall register with the commis-4 sioner, except a foreign insurer subject to disclosure 5 requirements and standards adopted by statute or 6 regulation in the jurisdiction of its domicile which are 7 substantially similar to those contained in this section. 8 Any insurer which is subject to registration under this 9 section shall register within sixty days after the effective date of this article or fifteen days after it 10 becomes subject to registration, whichever is later, and 11 12 annually thereafter by June first of each year for the 13 previous calendar year, unless the commissioner for 14 good cause shown extends the time for registration, and 15 then within such extended time. The commissioner may 16 require any authorized insurer which is a member of a holding company system which is not subject to regis-17 18 tration under this section to furnish a copy of the registration statement, the summary described in 19 subsection (c) of this section, or other information filed 20 21 by such insurance company with the insurance regula-22 tory authority of domiciliary jurisdiction.

(b) Every insurer subject to registration shall file a registration statement on a form prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners, which shall contain current information about:

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- 27 (1) The capital structure, general financial condition, 28 ownership and management of the insurer and any 29 person controlling the insurer.
- 30 (2) The identity and relationship of every member of 31 the insurance holding company system.
 - (3) The following agreements in force, relationships subsisting, and transactions currently outstanding or which have occurred during the last calendar year between such insurer and its affiliates:
 - (A) Loans, other investments, or purchases, sales or exchanges of securities of the affiliates by the insurer or of the insurer by its affiliates;
 - (B) Purchases, sales or exchanges of assets;

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- 40 (C) Transactions not in the ordinary course of 41 business;
- 42 (D) Guarantees or undertakings for the benefit of an 43 affiliate which result in an actual contingent exposure 44 of the insurer's assets to liability, other than insurance 45 contracts entered into in the ordinary course of the 46 insurer's business;
- 47 (E) All management and service contracts and all 48 cost-sharing arrangements, other than cost allocation 49 arrangements based upon generally accepted account-50 ing principles:
 - (F) Reinsurance agreements covering all or substantially all of one or more lines of insurance of the ceding company;
 - (G) Dividends and other distributions to shareholders; and
- 56 (H) Any pledge of the insurer's stock, including stock 57 of any subsidiary or controlling affiliate, for a loan made 58 to any member of the insurance holding company 59 system.
 - (4) Other matters concerning transactions between registered insurers and any affiliates as may be included from time to time in any registration forms adopted or approved by the commissioner.
 - (c) All registration statements shall contain a summary outlining all items in the current registration statement representing changes from the prior registration statement.
- (d) Information need not be disclosed on the registra-68 tion statement filed pursuant to subsection (b) of this 69 70 section if such information is not material for the purpose of this section. Unless the commissioner by rule 71 or order provides otherwise, sales, purchases, ex-72 changes, loans or extensions of credit, or investments, 73 involving one half of one percent or less of an insurer's 74 admitted assets as of the thirty-first day of December 75 next preceding shall not be deemed material for 76 purposes of this section. 77

(e) Each registered insurer shall keep current the information required to be disclosed in its registration statement by reporting all material changes or additions on amendment forms provided by the commissioner within fifteen days after the end of the month in which it learns of each such change or addition.

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- (f) Subject to subsection (c) of section five of this article, each registered insurer shall report to the commissioner all dividends and other distributions to shareholders within fifteen business days following the declaration thereof.
- (g) Any person within an insurance holding company system subject to registration shall be required to provide complete and accurate information to an insurer, when such information is reasonably necessary to enable the insurer to comply with the provisions of this article.
- (h) The commissioner shall terminate the registration of any insurer which demonstrates that it no longer is a member of an insurance holding company system.
- (i) The commissioner may require or allow two or more affiliated insurers subject to registration hereunder to file a consolidated registration statement or consolidated reports amending their consolidated registration statement or their individual registration statements.
- (j) The commissioner may allow an insurer which is authorized to do business in this state and which is a part of an insurance holding company system to register on behalf of any affiliated insurer which is required to register under subsection (a) of this section and to file all information and material required to be filed under this section.
- (k) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any insurer, information or transaction if and to the extent that the commissioner by rule or order shall exempt the same from the provisions of this section.
- (l) Any person may file with the commissioner a disclaimer of affiliation with any authorized insurer or

117 such a disclaimer may be filed by such insurer or any 118 member of an insurance holding company system. The 119 disclaimer shall fully disclose all material relationships 120 and bases for affiliation between such person and such 121 insurer as well as the basis for disclaiming such 122 affiliation. After a disclaimer has been filed, the insurer 123 shall be relieved of any duty to register or report under 124 this section which may arise out of the insurer's relationship with such person unless and until the 125 126 commissioner disallows such a disclaimer. The commis-127 sioner shall disallow such a disclaimer only after 128 furnishing all parties in interest with notice and 129 opportunity to be heard and after making specific 130 findings of fact to support such disallowance.

(m) The failure to file a registration statement or any amendment thereto required by this section within the time specified for such filing shall be a violation of this section.

§33-27-5. Standards; transactions with affiliates; adequacy of surplus; dividends; domestic insurers.

- 1 (a) Material transactions by registered insurers with 2 their affiliates shall be subject to the following 3 standards:
- 4 (1) The terms shall be fair and reasonable;

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- 5 (2) Charges or fees for services performed shall be reasonable;
 - (3) Expenses incurred and payment received shall be allocated to the insurer in conformity with customary insurance accounting practices consistently applied;
 - (4) The books, accounts and records of each party shall be so maintained as to clearly and accurately disclose the precise nature and details of the transactions, including such accounting information as is necessary to support the reasonableness of the charges or fees to the respective parties; and
- 16 (5) The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders 17 following any dividends or distributions to shareholder

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- affiliates shall be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
 - (b) For purposes of this article, in determining whether an insurer's surplus as regards policyholders is reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs, the following factors, among others, shall be considered:
- 26 (1) The size of the insurer as measured by its assets, 27 capital and surplus, reserves, premium writings, 28 insurance in force and other appropriate criteria;
- 29 (2) The extent to which the insurer's business is diversified among the several lines of insurance;
- 31 (3) The number and size of risks insured in each line 32 of business;
- 33 (4) The extent of the geographical dispersion of the insurer's insured risks;
- 35 (5) The nature and extent of the insurer's reinsurance program;
- 37 (6) The quality, diversification and liquidity of the 38 insurer's investment portfolio;
- 39 (7) The recent past and projected future trend in the size of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders;
- 41 (8) The surplus as regards policyholders maintained 42 by other comparable insurers;
- 43 (9) The adequacy of the insurer's reserves; and
- (10) The quality and liquidity of investments in affiliates. The commissioner may treat any such investment as a disallowed asset for purposes of determining the adequacy of surplus as regards policy-holders whenever in his or her judgment such investment so warrants.
- 50 (c) An insurer subject to registration under section 51 four of this article shall not pay any extraordinary 52 dividend or make any other extraordinary distribution 53 to its shareholders until (1) thirty days after the

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commissioner has received notice of the declaration thereof and has not within such period disapproved such payment, or (2) the commissioner shall have approved such payment within such thirty-day period.

- (d) For purposes of this section, an extraordinary dividend or distribution includes any dividend or distribution of cash or other property, whose fair market value together with that of other dividends or distributions made within the preceding twelve months exceeds the lesser of (1) ten percent of such insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding, or (2) the net gain from operations of such insurer, if such insurer is a life insurer, or the net income, if such insurer is not a life insurer, not including realized capital gains, for the twelve-month period ending the thirty-first day of December next preceding, but shall not include pro rata distributions of any class of the insurer's own securities. In determining whether a dividend or distribution is extraordinary, an insurer other than a life insurer may carry forward net income from the previous two calendar years that has not already been paid out as dividends. This carry-forward shall be computed by taking the net income from the second and third preceding calendar years, not including realized capital gains, less dividends paid in the second and immediate preceding calendar years.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer may declare an extraordinary dividend or distribution which is conditional upon the commissioner's approval thereof, and such a declaration shall confer no rights upon shareholders until (1) the commissioner has approved the payment of such dividend or distribution, or (2) the commissioner has not disapproved such payment within the thirty-day period referred to above.
- (f) The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any person in its holding company system may not be entered into unless the insurer has notified the commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into such transaction at least thirty days prior thereto, or such shorter period as the commissioner may permit,

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- and the commissioner has not disapproved it within suchperiod:
- 97 (1) Sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit, guarantees or investments provided such transactions are equal to or exceed: The lesser of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets or ten percent of surplus as regards policyholders; each as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding:
 - (2) Loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an affiliate, where the insurer makes such loans or extensions of credit with the agreement or understanding that the proceeds of such transactions, in whole or in substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions of credit to, purchase assets of, or to make investments in, any affiliate of the insurer making such loans or extensions of credit provided such transactions are equal to or exceed: The lesser of one percent of the insurer's admitted assets or ten percent of surplus as regards policyholders: each as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding;
- 115 (3) Reinsurance agreements or modifications thereto 116 in which the reinsurance premium or a change in the 117 insurer's liabilities equals or exceeds five percent of the 118 insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of the 119 thirty-first day of December next preceding, including those agreements which may require as consideration 120 the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate. 121 if an agreement or understanding exists between the 122 123 insurer and nonaffiliate that any portion of such assets 124 will be transferred to one or more affiliates of the 125 insurer:
 - (4) All management agreements, service contracts and all cost-sharing arrangements not within the ordinary course of business; and
 - (5) Any material transactions, specified by rule, which the commissioner determines may adversely affect the interests of the insurer's policyholders.
- 132 (g) Nothing contained in subsection (h) herein shall be deemed to authorize or permit any transactions which,

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- in the case of an insurer not a member of the same holding company system, would be otherwise contrary to law.
- 137 (h) A domestic insurer shall not enter into transac-138 tions which are part of a plan or series of like transac-139 tions with persons within the holding company system 140 if the purpose of those separate transactions is to avoid 141 the statutory threshold amount and thus avoid the 142 review that would occur otherwise. If the commissioner 143 determines that such separate transactions were entered 144 into over any twelve month period for such purpose, he 145 or she may exercise his or her authority under section 146 nine.
- (i) The commissioner, in reviewing transactions pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, shall consider whether the transactions comply with the standards set forth in subsection (a) and whether they may adversely affect the interests of policyholders.
 - (j) The commissioner shall be notified within thirty days of any investment of the domestic insurer in any one corporation if the total investment in such corporation by the insurance holding company system exceeds ten percent of such corporation's voting securities.
- 157 (k) With regard to domestic insurers, the following 158 requirements apply:
- (1) Notwithstanding the control of a domestic insurer by any person, the officers and directors of the insurer shall not thereby be relieved of any obligation or liability to which they would otherwise be subject by law, and the insurer shall be managed so as to assure its separate operating identity consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
- 166 (2) Nothing herein shall preclude a domestic insurer
 167 from having or sharing a common management or
 168 cooperatively, or jointly using personnel, property or
 169 services with one or more other persons under arrange170 ments meeting the standards of subsection (a) of this
 171 section.

- (a) Any insurer failing, without just cause, to file any registration statement as required by this article shall be required, after notice and hearing, to pay a penalty of up to one thousand dollars for each day's delay, to be recovered by the commissioner. Any penalty so recovered shall be paid into the general revenue fund of this state. The commissioner may reduce the penalty if the insurer demonstrates to the commissioner that the imposition of the penalty would constitute a financial hardship to the insurer.
- (b) Every director or officer of an insurance holding company system who knowingly violates, participates in, or assents to, or who knowingly permits any of the officers or agents of the insurer to engage in transactions or make investments which have not been properly reported or submitted pursuant to subsection (a), section four, and subsections (c) and (d) of section five of this article, or which violate any other provision of this article, shall pay, in his or her individual capacity, a civil forfeiture of not more than five thousand dollars per violation, after notice and hearing before the commissioner. In determining the amount of the civil forfeiture, the commissioner shall take into account the appropriateness of the forfeiture with respect to the gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations, and such other matters as justice may require.
- (c) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any insurer subject to this article or any director, officer, employee or agent thereof has engaged in any transaction or entered into a contract which is subject to section five of this article and which would not have been approved had such approval been requested, the commissioner may order the insurer to cease and desist immediately any further activity under that transaction or contract. After notice and hearing the commissioner may also order the insurer to void any such contracts and restore the status quo if such action is in the best interest of the policyholders, creditors or the public.
- (d) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any person or any director, officer, employee or agent thereof has committed a willful violation of this article,

the commissioner may cause criminal proceedings to be instituted against such person or the responsible director, officer, employee or agent thereof. Any insurer who willfully violates this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars. Any individual who willfully violates this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in his or her individual capacity not more than ten thousand dollars or, if such willful violation involves the deliberate perpetration of a fraud upon the commissioner, is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned not less than one year nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned.

(e) Any officer, director or employee of an insurance holding company system who willfully and knowingly subscribes to or makes or causes to be made any false statements or false reports or false filings with the intent to deceive the commissioner in the performance of his or her duties under this article, is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned not less than one year nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned. Any fines imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be paid by the officer, director or employee in his or her individual capacity.

§33-27-13. Recovery.

(a) If an order for liquidation or rehabilitation of a domestic insurer has been entered, the receiver ap-pointed under such order shall have a right to recover on behalf of the insurer, (1) from any parent corporation or holding company or person or affiliate who otherwise controlled the insurer, the amount of distributions (other than distributions of shares of the same class of stock) paid by the insurer on its capital stock, or (2) any payment in the form of a bonus, termination settlement or extraordinary lump sum salary adjustment made by the insurer or its subsidiary or subsidiaries to a director. officer or employee, when the distribution or payment pursuant to (1) or (2) is made at any time during the one year preceding the petition for liquidation, conser-

- vation or rehabilitation, as the case may be, subject to the limitations of subsections (b), (c) and (d) of this section.
- 18 (b) No such distribution may be recoverable if the parent corporation or affiliate shows that when paid such distribution was lawful and reasonable, and that the insurer did not know and could not reasonably have known that such distribution might adversely affect the ability of the insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations.
- 24 (c) Any person who was a parent corporation or 25 holding company or a person who otherwise controlled 26 the insurer or affiliate at the time such distributions 27 were paid shall be liable up to the amount of distribu-28 tions or payments under subsection (a) of this section 29 that such person received. Any person who otherwise 30 controlled the insurer at the time such distributions 31 were declared is liable up to the amount of distributions 32 he or she would have received if they had been paid 33 immediately. If two or more persons are liable with 34 respect to the same distributions, they shall be jointly 35 and severally liable.
- 36 (d) The maximum amount recoverable under this 37 subsection shall be the amount needed in excess of all 38 other available assets of the impaired or insolvent 39 insurer to pay the contractual obligations of the 40 impaired or insolvent insurer and to reimburse any 31 guaranty funds.
- 42 (e) To the extent that any person liable under 43 subsection (c) of this section is insolvent or otherwise 44 fails to pay claims due from it pursuant to subsection 45 (c), its parent corporation or holding company or person 46 who otherwise controlled it at the time the distribution 47 was paid, shall be jointly and severally liable for any 48 resulting deficiency in the amount recovered from such 49 parent corporation or holding company or person who otherwise controlled it. 50

ARTICLE 28. INDIVIDUAL ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSUR-ANCE MINIMUM STANDARDS.

74 relation to the premium charge. The commissioner shall 75 issue reasonable rules to establish minimum standards 76 for loss ratios and medicare supplement policies on the basis of incurred claims experience and earned premi-77 78 ums for the entire period for which rates are computed 79 to provide coverage and in accordance with accepted 80 actuarial principles and practices. For purposes of rules 81 issued pursuant to this paragraph, medicare supplement 82 policies issued as a result of solicitations of individuals 83 through the mail or mass media advertising, including 84 both print and broadcast advertising, shall be treated 85 as individual policies.

(e) Disclosure standards:

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- (1) In order to provide for full and fair disclosure in the sale of accident and sickness policies, to persons eligible for medicare, the commissioner may require by rule that no policy of accident and sickness insurance may be issued for delivery in this state and no certificate may be delivered pursuant to such a policy unless an outline of coverage is delivered to the applicant at the time application is made.
- (2) The commissioner shall prescribe the format and content of the outline of coverage required by paragraph (1). For purposes of this paragraph, "format" means style, arrangements and overall appearance, including such items as size, color and prominence of type and the arrangement of text and captions. Such outline of coverage shall include:
- 102 (A) A description of the principal benefits and 103 coverage provided in the policy;
- 104 (B) A statement of the exceptions, reductions and 105 limitations contained in the policy;
 - (C) A statement of the renewal provisions including any reservation by the insurer of the right to change premiums;
- 109 (D) A statement that the outline of coverage is a 110 summary of the policy issued or applied for and that the 111 policy should be consulted to determine governing contractual provisions.

- (3) The commissioner may prescribe by rule a 113 114 standard form and the contents of an informational 115 brochure for persons eligible for medicare, which is 116 intended to improve the buyer's ability to select the most appropriate coverage and improve the buyer's under-117 standing of medicare. Except in the case of direct 118 response insurance policies, the commissioner may 119 120 require by rule that the information brochure be 121 provided to any prospective insureds eligible for 122 medicare concurrently with delivery of the outline of 123 coverage. With respect to direct response insurance 124 policies, the commissioner may require by rule that the 125 prescribed brochure be provided upon request to any 126 prospective insureds eligible for medicare, but in no 127 event later than the time of policy delivery.
 - (4) The commissioner may further promulgate reasonable rules to govern the full and fair disclosure of the information in connection with the replacement of accident and sickness policies, subscriber contracts or certificates by persons eligible for medicare.

(f) Notice of free examination.

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Medicare supplement policies or certificates, other than those issued pursuant to direct response solicitation, shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy or attached thereto stating in substance that the applicant shall have the right to return the policy of certificate within ten days from its delivery and have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy or certificate, the applicant is not satisfied for any reason. Medicare supplement policies or certificates issued pursuant to a direct response solicitation to persons eligible for medicare shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page or attached thereto stating in substance that the applicant shall have the right to return the policy or certificate within thirty days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination, the applicant is not satisfied for any reason.

- (g) Administrative procedures.
- Rules promulgated pursuant to this section shall be

- subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a (West Virginia Administrative Procedures Act).
- 155 (h) Separability.

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156 If any provision of this section or the application 157 thereof to any person or circumstance is for any reason 158 held to be invalid, the remainder of the section and the 159 application of such provision to other persons or 160 circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

ARTICLE 31. CAPTIVE INSURANCE.

§33-31-6. Corporate organization.

- 1 (a) A pure captive insurance company shall be 2 incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided 3 into shares and held by the stockholders.
- 4 (b) An association captive insurance company or an industrial insured captive insurance company may be incorporated:
- 7 (1) As a stock insurer with its capital divided into 8 shares and held by the stockholders; or
- 9 (2) As a mutual insurer without capital stock, the 10 governing body of which is elected by the member 11 organizations of its association.
- 12 (c) A captive insurance company shall have at least one incorporator who shall be a resident of this state.
- (d) Before the articles of association are transmitted to the secretary of state, the incorporators shall petition the commissioner to issue a certificate setting forth his or her finding that the establishment and maintenance of the proposed corporation will promote the general good of the state. In arriving at such finding the commissioner shall consider:
- 21 (1) The character, reputation, financial standing and 22 purpose of the incorporators;
 - (2) The character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience and business qualifications of the officers and directors; and
- 26 (3) Such other aspects as the commissioner deems

- 27 advisable.
- 28 (e) The articles of association, such certificate and the 29 organization fee shall be transmitted to the secretary of 30 state, who shall thereupon record both the articles of 31 incorporation and the certificate.
- 32 (f) The capital stock of a captive insurance company 33 incorporated as a stock insurer shall be issued at not less 34 than par value.
- 35 (g) At least one of the members of the board of 36 directors of a captive insurance company incorporated 37 in this state shall be a resident of this state.
- 38 (h) Captive insurance companies formed under the provisions of this chapter shall have the privileges and 39 40 be subject to the provisions of the general corporation law as well as the applicable provisions contained in this 41 42 chapter. Captive insurance companies are subject to the provisions of article thirty-three, article thirty-four and 43 44 article thirty-seven of this chapter. In the event of 45 conflict between the provisions of said general corporation law and the provisions of this chapter, the latter 46 47 shall control.

ARTICLE 32. RISK RETENTION ACT.

Purpose and short title. §33-32-1. §33-32-2. Definitions. §33-32-3. Charter and license requirements for domestic groups. Risk retention groups not chartered in this state. §33-32-4. §33-32-5. Tax on premiums collected. Examination regarding financial condition. §33-32-8. §33-32-9. Notice to purchasers. Compulsory associations. §33-32-14. §33-32-16. Purchasing groups; exemption from certain laws relating to the group purchase of insurance. §33-32-17. Notice and registration requirements of purchasing groups. Restrictions on insurance purchased by purchasing groups. §33-32-18. Administrative and procedural authority regarding risk retention §33-32-19. groups and purchasing groups.

Duty on agents or brokers to obtain license.

§33-32-1. Purpose and short title.

§33-32-24. Operation prior to enactment,

§33-32-21.

The purpose of this act is to regulate the formation and operation of risk retention groups and purchasing

- 3 groups in this state formed pursuant to the provisions
- of the federal liability risk retention act of 1986. 4
- hereinafter referred to as "RRA 1986." This article may 5
- be referred to as the "Risk Retention Act of West

7 Virginia."

§33-32-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the term:
- 2 (a) "Commissioner" means the insurance commis-3 sioner of the state of West Virginia or the commissioner.
- 4 director or superintendent of insurance in any other 5
- state.

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- 6 (b) "Completed operations liability" means liability 7 arising out of the installation, maintenance or repair of 8 any product at a site which is now owned or controlled 9 by:
- 10 (1) Any person who performs that work; or
- 11 (2) Any person who hires an independent contractor 12 to perform that work; but shall include liability for 13 activities which are completed or abandoned before the
- 14 date of the occurrence giving rise to the liability.
- (c) "Domicile" for purposes of determining the state 15 16 in which a purchasing group is domiciled, means:
- 17 (1) For a corporation, the state in which the purchas-18 ing group is incorporated; and
- 19 (2) For an unincorporated entity, the state of its 20 principal place of business.
 - (d) "Hazardous financial condition" means that, based on its present or reasonably anticipated financial condition, a risk retention group, although not yet financially impaired or insolvent, is unlikely to be able:
- (1) To meet obligations to policyholders with respect 25 to known claims and reasonably anticipated claims; or 26
- (2) To pay other obligations in the normal course of 27 business. 28
- (e) "Insurance" means primary insurance, excess 29 insurance, reinsurance, surplus lines insurance and any 30

other arrangement for shifting and distributing risk which is determined to be insurance under the laws of this state.

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- (f) "Liability" means legal liability for damages (including costs of defense, legal costs and fees, and other claims expenses) because of injuries to other persons, damage to their property or other damage or loss to such other persons resulting from or arising out of:
- 40 (1) Any business (whether profit or nonprofit), trade, 41 product, services (including professional services), 42 premises or operations;
- 43 (2) Any activity of any state or local government, or 44 any agency or political subdivision thereof; or
 - (3) Does not include personal risk liability and an employer's liability with respect to its employees other than legal liability under the Federal Employers' Liability Act.
 - (g) "Personal risk liability" means liability for damages because of injury to any person, damage to property, or other loss or damage resulting from any personal, familial, or household responsibilities or activities, rather than from responsibilities or activities referred to in subsection (f);
 - (h) "Plan of operation" or a "feasibility study" means an analysis which presents the expected activities and results of a risk retention group including at a minimum:
 - (1) Information sufficient to verify that its members are engaged in businesses or activities similar or related with respect to the liability to which such members are exposed by virtue of any related, similar or common business, trade, product services, premises or operations;
 - (2) For each state in which the risk retention group intends to operate, the coverages, deductibles, coverage limits, rates and rating classification systems for each line of insurance the group intends to offer;

- (3) Historical and expected loss experience of the proposed members and national experience of similar exposures to the extent that this experience is reasonably available:
- 73 (4) Pro forma financial statements and projections;
 - (5) Appropriate opinions by a qualified, independent casualty actuary, including a determination of minimum premium or participation levels required to commence operations and to prevent a hazardous financial condition;
 - (6) Identification of management, underwriting procedures, managerial oversight methods, investment policies and reinsurance agreements:
 - (7) Identification of each state in which the risk retention group has obtained, or sought to obtain, a charter and license, and a description of the risk retention group's status in each such state; and
 - (8) Such other matters as may be prescribed by the commissioner for liability insurance companies authorized by the insurance laws of the state in which the risk retention group is chartered.
 - (i) "Product liability" means liability for damages because of any personal injury, death, emotional harm, consequential economic damage, or property damage (including damages resulting from the loss of use of property) arising out of the manufacture, design, importation, distribution, packaging, labeling, lease or sale of a product, but does not include the liability of any person for those damages if the product involved was in the possession of such a person when the incident giving rise to the claim occurred.
 - (j) "Purchasing group" means any group which:
 - (1) Has as one of its purposes the purchase of liability insurance on a group basis;
- 103 (2) Purchases such insurance only for its group 104 members and only to cover their similar or related 105 liability exposure, as described in subsection (j)(3) of this 106 section;

- 107 (3) Is composed of members whose businesses or 108 activities are similar or related with respect to the 109 liability to which members are exposed by virtue of any 110 related, similar, or common business, trade, product, 111 services, premises or operations; and
- 112 (4) Is domiciled in any state.

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- 113 (k) "Risk retention group" means any corporation or 114 other limited liability association formed under the laws 115 of any state:
 - (1) Whose primary activity consists of assuming and spreading all, or any portion, of the liability exposure of its group members;
 - (2) Which is organized for the primary purpose of conducting the activity described under subdivision (1), subsection (k) of this section;
 - (3) Which: (A) Is chartered and licensed as a liability insurance company and authorized to engage in the business of insurance under the laws of any state; or
 - (B) Before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, was chartered or licensed and authorized to engage in the business of insurance under the laws of Bermuda or the Cayman Islands, and, before such date, had certified to the insurance commissioner of at least one state that it satisfied the capitalization requirements of such state, except that any such group shall be considered to be a risk retention group only if it has been engaged in business continuously since such date and only for the purpose of continuing to provide insurance to cover product liability or completed operations liability as such terms were defined in the product liability risk retention act of 1981 before the date of the enactment of the risk retention act of 1986;
 - (4) Which does not exclude any person from membership in the group solely to provide for members of such a group a competitive advantage over such a person;
 - (5) Which: (A) Has as its owners only persons who comprise the membership of the risk retention group and who are provided insurance by such group; or

- (B) Has as its sole owner an organization which has as: (i) Its members only persons who comprise the membership of the risk retention group; and
- (ii) Its owners only persons who comprise the membership of the risk retention group and who are provided insurance by such group;
- 151 (6) Whose members are engaged in businesses or 152 activities similar or related with respect to the liability 153 of which such members are exposed by virtue of any 154 related, similar, or common business trade, product, 155 services, premises or operations:
- 156 (7) Whose activities do not include the provision of 157 insurance other than:
- 158 (A) Liability insurance for assuming and spreading 159 all or any portion of the liability of its group members; 160 and
- 161 (B) Reinsurance with respect to the liability of any 162 other risk retention group or any members of such other 163 group which is engaged in businesses or activities so 164 that such group or member meets the reinsurance 165 requirement set forth herein, from membership in the 166 risk retention group which provides such reinsurance; 167 and
- 168 (8) The name of which includes the phrase "Risk Retention Group."
- 170 (l) "State" means any state of the United States or the 171 District of Columbia.

§33-32-3. Charter and license requirements for domestic groups.

(a) A risk retention group shall, pursuant to the 1 2 provisions of article five of this chapter, be chartered and licensed to write only liability insurance pursuant 3 to this article and, except as provided elsewhere in this 4 article, shall comply with all of the laws, rules and 5 requirements applicable to insurers chartered and 6 licensed in this state and with section four of this article. 7 to the extent such requirements are not a limitation on 8 laws. rules or requirements of this state. 9

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, all risk retention groups chartered in this state shall file with the commissioner and the national association of insurance commissioners, an annual statement on a form prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners and in diskette form, if required by the commissioner and completed in accordance with the national association of insurance commissioners' instructions and the national association of insurance commissioners accounting practices and procedures manual.
- (c) Before it may offer insurance in any state, each risk retention group shall also submit for approval by the insurance commissioner of this state a plan of operation or feasibility study. The risk retention group shall submit an appropriate revision of such plan or study, in the event of any subsequent material change in any item of the plan of operation or feasibility study, within ten days of any such change. The risk retention group shall not offer any additional kinds of liability insurance, in this state or in any other state, until a revision of the plan or study is approved by the commissioner.
- (d) At the time of filing its application for a charter, the risk retention group shall provide to the commissioner in summary form the following information: The identity of the initial members of the group, the identity of those individuals who organized the group or who will provide administrative services or otherwise influence or control the activities of the group, the amount and nature of initial capitalization, the coverages to be afforded, and the states in which the group intends to operate. Upon receipt of this information, the commissioner shall forward the information to the national association of insurance commissioners. Providing notification to the national association of insurance commissioners is in addition to and shall not be sufficient to satisfy the requirements of section four or any other sections of this article.
- (e) Risk retention groups are subject to the provisions of article thirty-three, article thirty-four and article

51 thirty-seven of this chapter.

- §33-32-4. Risk retention groups not chartered in this state.
 - (a) Risk retention groups chartered in states other than this state and seeking to do business as a risk retention group in this state must observe and abide by the laws of this state.
 - (b) Before offering insurance in this state, a risk retention group shall submit the following information to the commissioner on a form prescribed by the national association of insurance commissioners:
 - (1) A statement identifying the state or states in which the risk retention group is chartered and licensed as a liability insurance company, date of chartering, its principal place of business, and such other information including information on its membership, as the commissioner of this state may require to verify that the risk retention group is qualified under this article;
 - (2) A copy of its plan of operations or a feasibility study and revisions of such plan or study submitted to its state of domicile: *Provided*, That the provision relating to the submission of a plan of operation or a feasibility study shall not apply with respect to any line or classification of liability insurance which (i) was defined in the federal product liability risk retention act of 1981 before the twenty-seventh day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and (ii) was offered before such date by any risk retention group which had been chartered and operating for not less than three years before such date;
 - (3) A statement of registration which designates the commissioner as its agent for the purpose of receiving service of legal documents or process; and
 - (4) A risk retention group that has been chartered and operating in any state and has previously filed an annual financial statement as required by this section with its state of domicile, must submit a copy of the most recent annual statement with the registration form required by this subsection.

- 37 (c) The risk retention group shall submit a copy of any 38 revision to its plan of operation or feasibility study 39 required by section three of this article at the same time 40 that the revision is submitted to the commissioner of its 41 chartering state.
- 42 (d) A risk retention group shall not commence 43 offering insurance in this state prior to receiving a 44 certificate of registration from the commissioner.
- 45 (e) Any risk retention group doing business in this 46 state shall submit to the commissioner:
- 47 (1) Annually a copy of the group's financial statement 48 submitted to its state of domicile, which shall be 49 certified by an independent public accountant and 50 contain a statement of opinion on loss and loss adjust-51 ment expense reserves made by a member of the 52 American academy of actuaries or a qualified loss 53 reserve specialist (under criteria established by the 54 national association of insurance commissioners):
- 55 (2) A copy of each examination of the risk retention 56 group as certified by the commissioner or public official 57 conducting the examination;
- 58 (3) Upon request by the commissioner, a copy of any 59 audit performed with respect to the risk retention 60 group; and
- 61 (4) Such information as may be required to verify its 62 continuing qualification as a risk retention group under 63 this article.
- 64 (f) The commissioner shall promulgate rules pursuant 65 to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code 66 regarding all fees to be submitted with the filings 67 required by this section.

§33-32-5. Tax on premiums collected.

- 1 (a) Each risk retention group shall be subject to the same interests, fines and penalties for nonpayment as that generally applicable to insurers under article three, chapter thirty-three of this code: *Provided*, That the premium tax or other taxes on each risk retention group
- 6 shall be in accordance with the provisions of this section.

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Each risk retention group insurance company shall pay to the commissioner, in the month of February of each year, a tax at the rate of three quarters of one percent on the gross amount of all premiums collected or contracted for on policies or contracts of insurance covering property or risks in this state and on risk and property situated elsewhere upon which no premium tax is otherwise paid during the year ending December 31 next preceding, after deducting from the gross amount of premiums subject to the tax amount received as reinsurance premiums on business in the state and the amount paid to policyholders as return premiums which shall include dividends on unabsorbed premiums or premium deposits returned or credited to policyholders: Provided, however, That the three quarters of one percent premium tax provided for herein shall be waived for a period of five years and thereafter be applicable at a reduced rate of one half of one percent of the gross amount of premiums provided for hereinabove, if the said risk retention groups make a minimum qualified investment of two million dollars in the state of West Virginia during the five-year waiver period, as a direct result thereof and the tax commissioner so certifies.

- (b) The tax provided for in this section shall constitute all taxes collectible under the laws of this state from any risk retention group, and no other premium tax or other taxes shall be levied or collected from any risk retention group by the state or any county, city or municipality within this state, except ad valorem taxes.
- (c) To the extent that a risk retention group utilizes insurance agents, each such agent shall keep a complete and separate record of all policies procured from each risk retention group, which record shall be open to examination by the commissioner, as provided in section nine, article two of this chapter. These records shall, for each policy and each kind of insurance provided thereunder, include the following:
 - (1) The limit of liability;
 - (2) The time period covered;

- 47 (3) The effective date:
- 48 (4) The name of the risk retention group which issued 49 the policy;
- 50 (5) The gross premium charged; and
- 51 (6) The amount of return premiums, if any.

§33-32-8. Examination regarding financial condition.

1 Any risk retention group must submit to an exami-2 nation by the commissioner to determine its financial 3 condition if the commissioner of the jurisdiction in 4 which the group is chartered has not initiated an 5 examination or does not initiate an examination within sixty days after a request by the commissioner of this 6 7 state. Any such examination shall be coordinated to 8 avoid unjustified repetition and conducted in an 9 expeditious manner. The risk retention group shall be 10 subject to the provisions of section nine, article two of this chapter in regard to the expense and conduct of the 11 12 examination. Any such examination shall be conducted 13 in accordance with the national association of insurance

§33-32-9. Notice to purchasers.

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Every application form for insurance from a risk retention group and any policy issued by a risk retention group shall contain in ten-point type on the front page and the declaration page, the following notice:

5 NOTICE

commissioners examiners handbook.

This policy is issued by your risk retention group.
Your risk retention group may not be subject to all of
the insurance laws and rules of your state. State
insurance insolvency guaranty funds are not available
for your risk retention group.

§33-32-14. Compulsory associations.

1 (a) A risk retention group shall not be permitted to 2 join or contribute financially to any insurance insolvency 3 guaranty fund, or similar mechanism, in this state, nor 4 shall any risk retention group, or its insureds, or 5 claimants against its insureds, receive any benefit from

- 6 any such fund for claims arising out of the operations 7 of such risk retention group.
- 8 (b) When a purchasing group obtains insurance 9 covering its members' risks from an insurer not 10 authorized in this state or a risk retention group, such 11 risks, wherever resident or located, shall not be covered 12 by any insurance guaranty fund or similar mechanism 13 in this state.
- (c) When a purchasing group obtains insurance covering its members' risks from an authorized insurer, only risks resident or located in this state shall be covered by the state guaranty fund subject to article twenty-six of this chapter.

§33-32-16. Purchasing groups; exemption from certain laws relating to the group purchase of insurance.

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A purchasing group and its insurer or insurers shall be subject to all applicable laws of this state, except that a purchasing group and its insurer or insurers shall be exempt, in regard to liability insurance for the purchasing group, from any law that would:

- (1) Prohibit the establishment of a purchasing group;
- 7 (2) Make it unlawful for an insurer to provide or offer 8 to provide insurance on a basis providing, to a purchasing group or its members, advantages based on their 10 loss and expense experience not afforded to other 11 persons with respect to rates, policy forms, coverages or 12 other matters;
 - (3) Prohibit a purchasing group or its members from purchasing insurance on a group basis described in subsection (b) of this section;
 - (4) Prohibit a purchasing group from obtaining insurance on a group basis because the group has not been in existence for a minimum period of time or because any member has not belonged to the group for a minimum period of time;
- 21 (5) Require that a purchasing group have a minimum number of members, common ownership or affiliation,

- 23 or a certain legal form;
- 24 (6) Require that a certain percentage of a purchasing group obtain insurance on a group basis;
- 26 (7) Otherwise discriminate against a purchasing 27 group or any of its members; or
- 28 (8) Require that any insurance policy issued to a 29 purchasing group or any of its members be counter-30 signed by an insurance agent or broker residing in this 31 state.

§33-32-17. Notice and registration requirements of purchasing groups.

- 1 (a) A purchasing group which intends to do business
- 2 in this state shall, prior to doing business, furnish notice
- 3 to the commissioner which shall, on forms prescribed by
- 4 the national association of insurance commissioners:
- 5 (1) Identify the state in which the group is domiciled;
- 6 (2) Identify all other states in which the group intends to do business;
- 8 (3) Specify the lines and classifications of liability 9 insurance which the purchasing group intends to 10 purchase;
- 11 (4) Identify the insurance company or companies from 12 which the group intends to purchase its insurance and 13 the domicile of such company;
- 14 (5) Specify the method by which, and the person or 15 persons, if any, through whom insurance will be offered 16 to its members whose risks are resident or located in 17 this state:
- 18 (6) Identify the principal place of business of the groups; and
- 20 (7) Provide such other information as may be required 21 by the commissioner to verify that the purchasing group 22 is qualified under this article.
- 23 (b) A purchasing group shall, within ten days, notify 24 the commissioner of any changes in any of the items set 25 forth in this section.

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- (c) The purchasing group shall register with and 27 designate the commissioner (or other appropriate 28 authority) as its agent solely for the purpose of receiving 29 service of legal documents or process: Provided, That 30 such requirements shall not apply in the case of a 31 purchasing group which:
- 32 (1) Was domiciled before the first day of April, one 33 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, in any state of the 34 United States: and
- 35 (2) Is domiciled on and after the second day of 36 October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, in any 37 state of the United States and which:
- 38 (A) Before the twenty-seventh day of October, one 39 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, purchased insurance 40 from an insurance carrier licensed in any state; and
- 41 (B) Since the twenty-seventh day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, purchased its insu-42 43 rance from an insurance carrier licensed in any state:
 - (3) Which was a purchasing group under the requirements of the product liability risk retention act of 1981. before the twenty-seventh day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six; and
- 48 (4) Which does not purchase insurance that was not 49 authorized for purposes of an exemption under that act, 50 as in effect before the twenty-seventh day of October, 51 one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.
 - (d) Each purchasing group that is required to give notice pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall also furnish such information as may be required by the commissioner to:
- (1) Verify that the entity qualifies as a purchasing 56 57 group;
- (2) Determine where the purchasing group is located; 58 59 and
- (3) Determine appropriate tax treatment. 60
- (e) The insurance commissioner shall promulgate 61 rules pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-62

a of this code regarding the amount of all registration or filing fees required by this section.

§33-32-18. Restrictions on insurance purchased by purchasing groups.

- 1 (a) A purchasing group may not purchase insurance
 2 from a risk retention group that is not chartered in a
 3 state or from an insurer not admitted in the state in
 4 which the purchasing group is located, unless the
 5 purchase is effected through a licensed agent or broker
 6 acting pursuant to the surplus lines laws and regula7 tions of such state.
- 8 (b) A purchasing group which obtains liability 9 insurance from an insurer not admitted in this state or 10 a risk retention group shall inform each of the members 11 of the group which has a risk resident or located in this state that the risk is not protected by an insurance 12 13 insolvency guaranty fund in this state, and that the risk 14 retention group or insurer may not be subject to all 15 insurance laws and regulations of this state. To give 16 notice as required by this section, the purchasing group 17 shall ensure that each group certificate or evidence of 18 insurance has printed or stamped in contrasting color 19 on the front page the following statement:
- THIS INSURER IS NOT LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN WEST VIRGINIA, AND IS NOT SUBJECT
 TO THE WEST VIRGINIA INSURANCE GUARANTY ACT OR TO ALL OF THE PROTECTIONS OF
 THE INSURANCE LAWS AND RULES OF THIS
 STATE.
- 26 (c) A purchasing group shall not purchase insurance 27 providing for a deductible or self-insured retention 28 applicable to the group as a whole: *Provided*, That 29 coverage may provide for a deductible or self-insured 30 retention applicable to individual members.
- 31 (d) Purchases of insurance by purchasing groups are 32 subject to the same standards regarding aggregate 33 limits which are applicable to all purchases of group 34 insurance.

regarding risk retention groups and purchasing groups.

The commissioner is authorized to make use of any 1 2 of the powers established under this chapter of this code to enforce the laws of this state so long as those powers 3 are not specifically preempted by the national product 4 5 liability risk retention act of 1981, as amended by the 6 risk retention amendments of 1986. This includes, but 7 is not limited to, the commissioner's administrative authority to investigate, issue subpoenas, conduct 8 9 depositions and hearings, issue orders, and impose 10 penalties and seek injunctive relief. With regard to any 11 investigation, administrative proceedings, or litigation, 12 the commissioner can rely on the law and rules of the state. The injunctive authority of the commissioner in 13 14 regard to risk retention groups is restricted by the 15 requirement that any injunction be issued by a court of 16 competent jurisdiction.

§33-32-21. Duty on agents or brokers to obtain license.

- 1 (a) A person, or a person working for a firm, association or corporation, shall not act or aid in any 3 manner in soliciting, negotiating or procuring liability 4 insurance in this state from a risk retention group unless such person, or person working for a firm, association or corporation, is licensed as an insurance agent in accordance with article twelve of this chapter.
- 8 (b) A person, or a person working for a firm, 9 association or corporation, shall not act or aid in any manner in soliciting, negotiating or procuring liability 10 11 insurance in this state for a purchasing group from an 12 authorized insurer or a risk retention group chartered 13 in a state unless such person, or person working for a firm, association or corporation, is licensed as an 14 insurance agent in accordance with article twelve of this 15 16 chapter.
- 17 (c) A person, or a person working for a firm, 18 association or corporation, shall not act or aid in any 19 manner in soliciting, negotiating or procuring liability 20 insurance coverage in this state for any member of a 21 purchasing group under a purchasing group's policy

unless such person, or person working for a firm, association or corporation, is licensed as an insurance agent in accordance with article twelve of this chapter.

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- (d) A person, or a person working for a firm, association or corporation, shall not act or aid in any manner in soliciting, negotiating or procuring liability insurance from an insurer not authorized to do business in this state on behalf of a purchasing group located in this state unless such person, or person working for a firm, association or corporation, is licensed as an excess line broker in accordance with section thirteen, article twelve of this chapter.
- 34 (e) For purposes of acting as an agent for a risk 35 retention group or purchasing group pursuant to the 36 provisions of this section, the requirement of residence 37 in this state shall not apply.
- 38 (f) Every person, or person working for a firm, association or corporation, licensed pursuant to the 39 40 provisions of this chapter, on business placed with risk retention groups or written through a purchasing group, 41 shall inform each prospective insured of the provisions 42 of the notice required by section nine of this article in 43 the case of a risk retention group and in the case of a 44 purchasing group, the notice required by subsection (b), 45 section eighteen of this article. 46

§33-32-24. Operation prior to enactment.

- (a) In addition to complying with the requirements of 1 2 this article, any risk retention group operating in this 3 state prior to enactment of the amendments made to this article in the regular session of the Legislature during 4 the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall 5 6 comply with the provisions of subsection (a), section four of this article before the thirty-first day of December, 7 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. 8
- 9 (b) Any purchasing group which was doing business 10 in this state prior to enactment of the amendments made 11 to this article in the regular session of the Legislature 12 during the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two 13 shall furnish notice to the commissioner pursuant to the

- 14 provisions of section seventeen of this article before the
- 15 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred
- 16 ninety-two.

ARTICLE 36. BUSINESS TRANSACTED WITH PRODUCER-CONTROLLED PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURER

- §33-36-1. Short title.
- §33-36-2. Definitions.
- §33-36-3. Limitation on business placed with controlled insurer.
- §33-36-4. Liability of controlling producer in the event of insolvency of controlled insurer.

§33-36-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "Business Transacted
- 2 with Producer-Controlled Property/Casualty Insurer
- 3 Act".

§33-36-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Producer" means an insurance broker or brokers
- 3 or any other person, firm, association or corporation,
- 4 when, for any compensation, commission or other thing
- 5 of value, such person, firm, association or corporation
- 6 acts or aids in any manner in soliciting, negotiating or
- 7 procuring the making of any insurance contract on
- 8 behalf of an insured other than himself, herself or itself:
- 9 Provided, That the term "producer" is not intended to
- 10 expand upon or provide for activities beyond those
- 11 permitted by article twelve of this chapter.
- 12 (b) "Reinsurance intermediary" means any person,
- 13 firm, association or corporation that acts as a producer
- 14 in soliciting, negotiating or procuring the making of any
- 15 reinsurance contract or binder on behalf of a ceding
- 16 insurer or acts as a producer in accepting any reinsu-
- 10 model of acts as a producer in accepting any remode
- 17 rance contract or binder on behalf of an assuming
- 18 insurer.
- 19 (c) "Control" or "controlled" means the possession, 20 direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the
- direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person,
- whether through the ownership of voting securities, by
- 23 contract other than a contract for goods or nonmanage-

ment services, or otherwise. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the powers to vote, or holds proxies representing a majority of the outstanding voting securities of any other person. A person may not be deemed to control another person solely by reason of being an officer or director of such other person.

- (d) "Licensed property/casualty insurer" or "insurer" means any person, firm, association or corporation duly licensed to transact a property/casualty insurance business in this state and which issues policies covered by the provisions of the West Virginia Insurance Guaranty Association Act contained in article twenty-six of this chapter: *Provided*, That entities which are not licensed property/casualty insurers for the purposes of this article include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 40 (1) All nonadmitted insurers;

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- 41 (2) All risk retention groups as defined in the 42 Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act of 1986, 43 Pub. L. No. 99-499, 100 Stat. 1613 (1986) and the Risk 44 Retention Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 3901 et seq. (1982 & 45 Supp. 1986) and article thirty-two of this chapter;
- 46 (3) All residual market pools and joint underwriting authorities or associations; and
 - (4) All captive insurers as defined in article thirty-one of this chapter.
 - (e) "Independent casualty actuary" means a casualty actuary who is a member of the American academy of actuaries and who is not affiliated with, nor an employee, principal, nor the direct or indirect owner of, or in any way controlled by the insurer or producer.
 - (f) "Violation" means, for purposes of this article, a finding by the commissioner that:
 - (1) The controlling producer did not materially comply with section three of this article; or
 - (2) The controlled insurer, with respect to business placed by the controlling producer, engaged in a pattern of charging premiums that were lower than those being

charged by such insurer or other insurers for similar risks written during the same period and placed by noncontrolling producers. When determining whether premiums were lower than those prevailing in the market, the commissioner shall take into consideration applicable industry or actuarial standards at the time the business was written; or

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- (3) The controlling producer failed to maintain records sufficient to:
- 71 (A) Demonstrate that such producer's dealings with 72 its controlled insurer were fair and equitable and in 73 compliance with article twenty-seven of this chapter; 74 and
- 75 (B) Accurately disclose the nature and details of its 76 transactions with the controlled insurer, including such 77 information as is necessary to support the charges or 78 fees to the respective parties; or
- 79 (4) The controlled insurer, with respect to business 80 placed by the controlling producer, either failed to 81 establish or deviated from its underwriting procedures; 82 or
- (5) The controlled insurer's capitalization at the time the business was placed by the controlling producer and with respect to such business was not in compliance with criteria established by the commissioner or this chapter; or
- 88 (6) The controlling producer or the controlled insurer 89 failed to substantially comply with article twenty-seven 90 of this chapter and any rules relative thereto.

§33-36-3. Limitation on business placed with controlled insurer.

(a) A producer that has control of a licensed property/casualty insurer shall not directly or indirectly place business with such insurer in any transaction in which such producer, at the time the business is placed, is acting as such on behalf of the insured for any compensation, commission or other thing of value, unless:

- (1) There is a written contract between the controlling producer and the insurer, which contract has been approved by the board of directors of the insurer;
- (2) Such producer, prior to the effective date of the policy, delivers written notice to the prospective insured disclosing the relationship between such producer and the controlled insurer. Such disclosure, signed by the insured, shall be retained in the underwriting file until the filing of the report on examination covering the period in which the coverage is in effect: *Provided*, That if the business is placed through a subproducer who is not a controlling producer, the controlling producer shall retain in his or her records a signed commitment from the subproducer that the subproducer is aware of the relationship between the insurer and the producer and that the subproducer has notified or will notify the insured:
- (3) All funds collected for the account of the insurer by the controlling producer shall be paid, net of commissions, cancellations and other adjustments, to the insurer no less often than quarterly;
- (4) In addition to any other required loss reserve certification, the controlled insurer shall annually, on the first day of April of each year, file with the commissioner an opinion of an independent casualty actuary, or such other independent loss reserve specialist acceptable to the commissioner, reporting loss ratios for each line of business written and attesting to the adequacy of loss reserves established for losses incurred and outstanding as of year-end, including incurred but not reported on business placed by such producer;
- (5) The controlled insurer shall report annually to the commissioner the amount of commissions paid to such producer, the percentage such amount represents of the net premiums written and comparable amounts and percentage paid to noncontrolling producers for placements of the same kinds of insurance; and
- (6) Every controlled insurer shall have an audit committee of its board of directors composed of independent directors. Prior to approval of the annual

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- financial statement, the audit committee shall meet with management, the insurer's independent certified public accountants, and an independent casualty actuary or such other independent loss reserve specialist acceptable to the commissioner to review the adequacy of the insurer's loss reserves.
- (b) Any reinsurance intermediary that has control of an assuming insurer shall not directly or indirectly place business with such insurer in any transaction in which such reinsurance intermediary is acting as a broker on behalf of the ceding insurer. Any reinsurance intermediary that has control of a ceding insurer shall not directly or indirectly accept business from such insurer in any transaction in which such reinsurance intermediary is acting as a producer on behalf of the assuming insurer. The prohibitions in this subsection shall not apply to a reinsurance intermediary which makes a full and complete written disclosure to the parties of its relationship with the assuming or ceding insurer prior to completion of the transaction.

§33-36-4. Liability of controlling producer in the event of insolvency of controlled insurer.

- (a) If the commissioner has reason to believe that a controlling producer has committed or is committing an act which could be determined to be a violation, as defined in subsection (f), section two of this article, he or she shall serve upon the controlling producer in the manner provided by section twelve, article two of this chapter a statement of the charges and notice of a hearing to be conducted in accordance with section thirteen, article two of this chapter.
- (b) At such hearing, the commissioner must establish that the controlling producer engaged in a violation, as defined in subsection (f), section two of this article. The controlling producer shall have an opportunity to be heard and to present evidence rebutting the charges and to establish that the insolvency of the controlled insurer arose out of events not attributable to the violation. The decision, determination or order of the commissioner shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to section

- 19 fourteen, article two of this chapter.
- 20 (c) Upon the finding, pursuant to the hearing des-21 cribed in subsection (b) of this section, that the controlling producer committed a violation, as defined 22 23 in subsection (f), section two of this article, and the controlling producer failed to establish that such 24 25 violation did not substantially contribute to the insol-26 vency, the controlling producer shall reimburse the 27 West Virginia insurance guaranty association for all 28 payments made for losses, loss adjustment and adminis-29 trative expenses on the business placed by such pro-30 ducer in excess of gross earned premiums and invest-31 ment income earned on premiums and loss reserves for
- 33 (d) Nothing contained in this section shall affect the 34 right of the commissioner to impose any other penalties 35 provided for in this chapter.
- 36 (e) Nothing contained in this article is intended to or 37 shall in any manner alter or affect the rights of 38 policyholders, claimants, creditors or other third 39 parties.

ARTICLE 37. MANAGING GENERAL AGENTS.

- §33-37-1. Definitions.
- §33-37-2. Licensure.

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- §33-37-3. Required contract provisions.
- §33-37-4. Duties of insurers.
- §33-37-5. Examination authority.

such business.

- §33-37-6. Penalties and liabilities.
- §33-37-7. Rule-making authority.

§33-37-1. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) "Actuary" means a person who is a member in good standing of the American academy of actuaries.
- 4 (b) "Insurer" means any person, firm, association or corporation engaged as indemnitor, surety or contractor
- 6 in the business of entering into contracts of insurance
- 7 or of annuities as limited to:
- 8 (1) Any insurer who is doing an insurance business.

or has transacted insurance in this state, and against whom claims arising from that transaction may exist now or in the future:

- 12 (2) This includes, but is not limited to. any domestic 13 insurer as defined in section six, article one of this 14 chapter and any foreign insurer as defined in section 15 seven, article one of this chapter, including any stock 16 insurer, mutual insurer, reciprocal insurer, farmers' 17 mutual fire insurance company, fraternal benefit society, hospital service corporation, medical service 18 19 corporation, dental service corporation, health service 20 corporation, health care corporation, health mainte-21 nance organization, captive insurance company or risk 22 retention group.
- 23 (c) "Managing general agent" means any person, firm, 24 association or corporation who negotiates and binds 25 ceding reinsurance contracts on behalf of an insurer or 26 manages all or part of the insurance business of an 27 insurer, including the management of a separate 28 division, department or underwriting office, and acts as an agent for such insurer whether known as a managing 29 30 general agent, manager or other similar term, who, with or without the authority, either separately or together 31 with affiliates, produces, directly or indirectly, and 32 33 underwrites an amount of gross direct written premium 34 equal to or greater than five percent of the policyholder surplus as reported in the last annual statement of the 35 36 insurer in any one quarter or year, together with one 37 or more of the following:
- 38 (1) Adjusts or pays claims in excess of an amount 39 determined by the commissioner; or
- 40 (2) Negotiates reinsurance on behalf of the insurer.

Notwithstanding the preceding provision, the following persons are not to be considered as managing general agents for the purposes of this article:

(1) An employee of the insurer;

- 45 (2) A United States manager of the United States 46 branch of an alien insurer;
- 47 (3) An underwriting manager that, pursuant to

- 48 contract, manages all or part of the insurance operations
- 49 of the insurer, is under common control with the 50
- insurer, is subject to the holding company regulatory
- 51 act, and whose compensation is not based on the volume
- 52 of premiums written without regard to the profitability
- 53 of the business written:
- 54 (4) The attorney-in-fact authorized by and acting for 55 the subscribers of a reciprocal insurer or inter-insu-56 rance exchange under powers of attorney.
- (d) "Underwrite" means to accept or reject risk on 57 58 behalf of the insurer, as authorized by the insurer.

§33-37-2. Licensure.

- 1 (a) Any person, or a person working for a firm, association or corporation, shall not act in the capacity 2 of a managing general agent with respect to risks 3 located in this state for an insurer licensed in this state 4 unless such person is licensed and appointed as an agent of the insurer in this state.
- (b) Any person, or a person working for a firm, 7 8 association or corporation, shall not act in the capacity of a managing general agent representing an insurer 9 domiciled in this state with respect to risks located 10 outside this state unless such person is licensed and 11 appointed as an agent of the insurer in this state. The 12 license held by such person may be a nonresident 13 14 license.
- 15 (c) The commissioner may require a bond in an 16 amount acceptable to him or her for the protection of 17 the insurer.
- 18 (d) The commissioner may require the managing 19 general agent to maintain an errors and omissions policy 20 of liability insurance.

§33-37-3. Required contract provisions.

Any person, or a person working for a firm, associ-1 2 ation or corporation, acting in the capacity of a managing general agent shall not place business with 3 an insurer unless there is in force a written contract 4 5 between the parties which sets forth the responsibilities

- of each party and whereby both parties share responsibility for a particular function, which specifies the division of such responsibilities, and which contains the following minimum provisions:
 - (a) The insurer may terminate the contract for cause upon written notice to the managing general agent. The insurer may suspend the underwriting authority of the managing general agent during the pendency of any dispute regarding the cause for termination.
 - (b) The managing general agent will render accounts to the insurer detailing all transactions and remit all funds due under the contract to the insurer on not less than a monthly basis.
 - (c) All funds collected for the account of an insurer will be held by the managing general agent in a fiduciary capacity in a bank which is a member of the federal reserve system. This account shall be used for all payments on behalf of the insurer. The managing general agent may retain no more than three months' estimated claims payments and allocated loss adjustment expenses.
 - (d) The managing general agent shall maintain separate records of business that he or she writes. The insurer shall have access to and the right to copy all accounts and records related to its business, in a form usable by it. The commissioner shall have access to all books, bank accounts and records of the managing general agent in a form usable to him or her.
- 34 (e) The contract may not be assigned, in whole or in 35 part, by the managing general agent.
- 36 (f) The contract shall contain appropriate underwrit-37 ing guidelines including:
- 38 (1) The maximum annual premium volume;
- 39 (2) The basis of the rates to be charged;
- 40 (3) The types of risks that may be written;
- 41 (4) Maximum limits of liability;
- 42 (5) Applicable exclusions;

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- 43 (6) Territorial limitations;
- 44 (7) Policy cancellation provisions; and
- 45 (8) The maximum policy period. The insurer shall 46 have the right to cancel or nonrenew any policy of 47 insurance subject to applicable laws and rules concern-
- 48 ing cancellation and nonrenewal of insurance policies.
- 49 (g) If the contract permits the managing general agent to settle claims on behalf of the insurer:
- 51 (1) All claims must be reported to the company in a 52 timely manner.
- 53 (2) A copy of the claim file will be sent to the insurer 54 at its request or as soon as it becomes known that the 55 claim:
- 56 (A) Has the potential to exceed an amount determined 57 by the commissioner or exceeds the limit set by the 58 company, whichever is less;
- 59 (B) Involves a coverage dispute;
- 60 (C) May exceed the managing general agent's claims settlement authority:
- 62 (D) Is open for more than six months; or
- 63 (E) Is closed by payment of an amount set by the 64 commissioner or an amount set by the company, 65 whichever is less.
- 66 (3) All claim files will be the joint property of the insurer and managing general agent. However, upon an order of liquidation of the insurer, such files shall become the sole property of the insurer or its estate. The managing general agent shall have reasonable access to and the right to copy the files on a timely basis.
 - (4) Any settlement authority granted to the managing general agent may be terminated for cause upon the insurer's written notice to the managing general agent or upon termination of the contract. The insurer may suspend the settlement authority during the pendency of any dispute regarding the cause for termination.
- 78 (h) If electronic claims files are in existence, the

79 contract must address the timely transmission of the 80 data contained in such files.

- (i) If the contract provides for a sharing of interim profits by the managing general agent, and the managing general agent has the authority to determine the amount of the interim profits by establishing loss reserves or controlling claim payments, or in any other manner, interim profits shall not be paid to the managing general agent until one year after they are earned for property insurance business and five years after they are earned on casualty business: *Provided*, That no such profits may be paid until they have been verified pursuant to section four of this article.
- 92 (j) The managing general agent shall not:

- (1) Bind reinsurance or retrocessions on behalf of the insurer, except that the managing general agent may bind facultative reinsurance contracts pursuant to obligatory facultative agreements if the contract with the insurer contains reinsurance underwriting guidelines including, for both reinsurance assumed and ceded, a list of reinsurers with which such automatic agreements are in effect, the coverages and amounts or percentages that may be reinsured and commission schedules;
- (2) Commit the insurer to participate in insurance or reinsurance syndicates;
- (3) Appoint any agent without assuring that the agent is lawfully licensed to transact the type of insurance for which he or she is appointed;
- (4) Without prior approval of the insurer, pay or commit the insurer to pay a claim over a specified amount, net of reinsurance, which shall not exceed one percent of the insurer's policyholders' surplus as of the thirty-first day of December off the last completed calendar year;
- (5) Collect any payment from a reinsurer or commit the insurer to any claim settlement with a reinsurer, without prior approval of the insurer. If prior approval is given, a report must be promptly forwarded to the

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- 118 insurer;
- 119 (6) Permit its subproducer to serve on the insurer's board of directors:
- 121 (7) Jointly employ an individual who is employed by 122 the insurer; or
- 123 (8) Appoint a sub-managing general agent.

§33-37-4. Duties of insurers.

- 1 (a) The insurer shall have on file an independent 2 financial examination, in a form acceptable to the 3 commissioner, of each managing general agent with 4 which it has done business.
- (b) If a managing general agent establishes loss 5 reserves, the insurer shall annually obtain the opinion 6 7 of an actuary in a form consistent with the requirements for actuarial certifications as imposed upon the insurer 8 9 by statute or rule of the commissioner, attesting to the adequacy of loss reserves established for losses incurred 10 and outstanding on business produced by the managing 11 general agent. This required actuary's opinion is in 12 addition to any other required loss reserve certification. 13
- 14 (c) The insurer shall at least semiannually conduct an 15 on-site review of the underwriting and claims process-16 ing operations of the managing general agent.
 - (d) Binding authority for all reinsurance contracts or participation in insurance or reinsurance syndicates shall rest with an officer of the insurer, who shall not be affiliated with the managing general agent.
 - (e) Within thirty days of entering into or terminating a contract with a managing general agent, the insurer shall provide written notification of such appointment or termination to the commissioner. A notice of appointment of a managing general agent shall include a statement of duties which such agent is expected to perform on behalf of the insurer, the lines of insurance for which such agent is to be authorized to act, and any other information the commissioner may request.
- 30 (f) An insurer shall review its books and records each

- 31 quarter to determine if any producer as defined by 32 subsection (c), section one of this article has become, by 33 operation of that subsection, a managing general agent as defined therein. If the insurer determines that a 34 producer has become a managing general agent as 35 36 defined in subsection (c), section one, the insurer shall 37 promptly notify the producer and the commissioner of 38 such determination and the insurer and producer must fully comply with the provisions of this article within 39 thirty days thereafter. 40
- 41 (g) An insurer shall not appoint to its board of 42 directors an officer, director, employee, subproducer or 43 controlling shareholder of its managing general agents. 44 This subsection shall not apply to relationships governed 45 by the Insurance Holding Company Act or the Business 46 Transacted with Producer-Controlled Insurer Act.

§33-37-5. Examination authority.

- 1 The acts of a managing general agent are considered
- 2 to be the acts of the insurer on whose behalf such agent
- 3 is acting. A managing general agent may be examined
- 4 as if it were the insurer pursuant to the provisions of
- 5 section nine, article two of this chapter.

§33-37-6. Penalties and liabilities.

- 1 (a) If the commissioner finds after a hearing con-
- 2 ducted in accordance with section thirteen, article two
- 3 of this chapter that any person has violated any
- 4 provision of this article, the commissioner may order:
- 5 (1) For each separate violation, a penalty in an 6 amount of one thousand dollars;
- 7 (2) Revocation or suspension of the producer's license;8 and
- 9 (3) Reimbursement by the managing general agent of 10 the insurer, the rehabilitator or liquidator of the insurer
- 11 for any losses incurred by the insurer caused by a
- 12 violation of this article committed by the managing
- 13 general agent.

- 14 (b) The decision, determination or order of the
- 15 commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this section
- 16 shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to section
- 17 fourteen, article two of this chapter.
- 18 (c) Nothing contained in this section shall affect the 19 right of the commissioner to impose any other penalties 20 provided for in this chapter.
- 21 (d) Nothing contained in this article is intended to or 22 shall in any manner limit or restrict the rights of 23 policyholders, claimants and creditors.

§33-37-7. Rule-making authority.

- 1 The commissioner is thereby authorized to promul-
- 2 gate reasonable rules for the implementation and
- 3 administration of the provisions of this article, pursuant
- 4 to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

CHAPTER 109

(H. B. 4207—By Delegates Susman and Williams)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to life insurance policies and defining those parties having an insurable interest in the same, including relatives, those with business or economic interests, and charitable institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. THE INSURANCE POLICY.

§33-6-2. Insurable interest in one's own life or life of another; actions to recover benefits; insurable interests defined; requirements for charitable institutions

- (a) Any individual of competent legal capacity may procure or effect an insurance contract upon his own life or body for the benefit of any person. But no person shall procure or cause to be procured any insurance contract upon the life or body of another individual unless the benefits under such contract are payable to the individ-ual insured or his personal representative or to a person having, at the time when such contract was made, an insurable interest in the individual insured.
 - (b) If the beneficiary, assignee, or other payee under any contract made in violation of this section receives from the insurer any benefits thereunder accruing upon the death, disablement, or injury of the individual insured, the individual insured or his executor or administrator, as the case may be, may maintain an action to recover such benefits from the person so receiving them.
- 18 (c) "Insurable interest" with reference to personal insurance includes only interests as follows:
 - (1) In the case of individuals related closely by blood or by law, a substantial interest engendered by love and affection.
 - (2) In the case of other persons, a lawful and substantial economic interest in having the life, health, or bodily safety of the individual insured continue, as distinguished from an interest which would arise only by, or would be enhanced in value by, the death, disablement or injury of the individual insured.
 - (3) An individual heretofore or hereafter party to a contract or option for the purchase or sale of an interest in a business partnership or firm, or of shares of stock of a closed corporation or of an interest in such shares, has an insurable interest in the life of each individual party to such contract and for the purposes of such contract only, in addition to any insurable interest which may otherwise exist as to the life of such individual.
 - (4) A charitable institution as defined under Sections 501(c)(3), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(8) and 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

CHAPTER 110

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4212-By Delegates Roop and Susman)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-nine, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to motor vehicle insurance; designating the primary insurance coverage on a motor vehicle owned by certain types of businesses while being operated permissively in specified circumstances by an individual who is otherwise insured; and providing that the business owner's motor vehicle insurance shall be primary if the vehicle is being operated with permission by an employee of the business owner who is acting within the scope of his or her employment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-nine, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. THE INSURANCE POLICY.

- §33-6-29. Motor vehicle policy; injuries to guest passengers; coverage for loaned or leased motor vehicles; exceptions.
 - 1 (a) An insurer shall not issue any policy of bodily 2 injury or property damage liability insurance which
 - 3 excludes coverage to the owner or operator of a motor
 - 4 vehicle on account of bodily injury or property damage
 - 5 to any guest or invitee who is a passenger in such motor
 - 6 vehicle.
 - 7 (b) Every policy or contract of liability insurance 8 which insures a motor vehicle licensed in this state with
 - 9 collision, comprehensive, property or bodily injury
 - 10 coverage shall extend these coverages to cover the
- 11 insured individual while operating a motor vehicle

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which he or she is permitted to use by a person, firm or corporation that owns the vehicle and is engaged in the business of selling, repairing, leasing or servicing motor vehicles. Coverage under any motor vehicle insurance policy available to such insured individual shall be primary, and any collision, comprehensive, property or bodily injury insurance coverage owned or obtained by a person, firm or corporation that owns the motor vehicle and is engaged in the business of selling, repairing, leasing or servicing motor vehicles shall be secondary. Recovery under the motor vehicle owner's insurance policy shall not be permitted until the insured individual has exhausted the limits of all other insurance policies available to him or her: Provided. That the following conditions are met: (1) No separate consideration is paid by or on behalf of the insured individual at the time of his or her use of the vehicle; and (2) the insured individual is operating the vehicle with the business owner's permission as a replacement vehicle provided to the insured individual while his or her vehicle is out of use because it is being repaired or serviced by the business owner or another person with the permission of the business owner.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, any insurance coverage available to the insured individual as described in the foregoing paragraph shall be secondary to any motor vehicle liability insurance owned or obtained by the person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of selling, repairing, leasing or servicing motor vehicles, if the insured individual is an employee of the business owner and is operating the motor vehicle with the permission of the business owner while acting within the scope of his or her employment or the insured individual is testing the vehicle for possible purchase or for a lease with more than a thirty-day term.

CHAPTER 111

(H. B. 4506—By Delegates Phillips and Ashley)

[Passed February 25, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six-a, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to motor vehicle insurance policies; notice of cancellation of the same; definition of loss payee; and notification of cancellation and nonrenewal to loss payee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six-a, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6A. CANCELLATION OR NONRENEWAL OF AUTOMO-BILE LIABILITY POLICIES.

§33-6A-1a. Loss payee defined; notification of cancellation and nonrenewal to loss payee.

- 1 (a) For purposes of this article, a loss payee is defined
- 2 as the person or persons not a named insured designated
- 3 on an automobile liability insurance policy contract as
- being entitled to the proceeds of or payments under suchpolicy.
- 6 (b) In every instance in which an insurer notifies an 7 insured of its intent to cancel or not renew an automo-8 bile liability insurance contract or policy, the insurer
- 9 shall also provide notice to the loss payee of such
- 10 cancellation and nonrenewal in accordance with the
- 11 same notice requirements established for the insured
- 12 pursuant to sections one and four of this article.

CHAPTER 112

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4182—By Delegates Morgan and Houvouras)

[Passed February 25, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-d, relating to insurance policies covering motor vehicles; prohibiting any insurer, agent or adjuster from requiring an insured or claimant to use a particular company or location providing automobile glass replacement or repair services or products; prohibiting the use of intimidation, coercion or other specified acts in order to require an insured or claimant to use a particular company or location providing such services or products; permitting agreements or arrangements with particular companies; permitting distribution of lists which include glass companies in the area; requirement of payment of repair or replacement services at the prevailing market rate; and prohibiting waiver of insurance deductibles, offering of rebates or discounts or other incentives for automobile glass repair by any automobile glass company.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-d, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6D. MOTOR VEHICLE REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT REFERRALS.

- §33-6D-1. Required use of particular companies or locations providing automobile glass replacement or repair services or products prohibited.
- §33-6D-2. Intimidation, coercion and other acts prohibited; permissive agreements.
- §33-6D-3. Permissible referrals; freedom of choice; payment of costs at prevailing market rates.

§33-6D-1. Required use of particular companies or locations providing automobile glass replacement or repair services or products prohibited.

- No insurer issuing or renewing in this state any motor
- 2 vehicle insurance policy, nor any agent or adjuster
- 3 thereof, may require the insured or any person making
- 4 a claim under such policy to use a particular company
- 5 or location to obtain automobile glass replacement or
- 6 repair services or products insured, in whole or in part,
- 7 by that policy.

§33-6D-2. Intimidation, coercion and other acts prohibited; permissive agreements.

- 1 No such insurer, agent or adjuster may engage in any
- 2 act or practice of intimidation, coercion or threat for or
- 3 against any such insured or claimant to use a particular
- 4 company or location to obtain automobile glass replace-
- 5 ment or repair services or products covered, in whole
- 6 or in part, by the insurance policy: Provided, That
- 7 nothing contained in this article shall prohibit an
- 8 insurer, agent or adjuster from entering into an
- 9 agreement or arrangement with any company regard-
- 10 ing automobile glass prices or services for the repair or
- 11 replacement of automobile glass.

§33-6D-3. Permissible referrals; freedom of choice; payment of costs at prevailing market rates.

- 1 (a) Nothing contained in this article prohibits any 2 insurer, agent or adjuster from providing to an insured
- or claimant a list that includes the names of automobile
 glass companies or locations that are reasonably close
- 5 and convenient to the insured or claimant, and with
- 6 which the insurer may have made special arrangements
- 7 with respect to automobile glass prices or services.
- 8 (b) If an insurer, agent or adjuster provides an 9 insured or claimant with a list of automobile glass 10 companies or locations, such insurer, agent or adjuster
- shall advise the insured or claimant that he or she may
- 12 use any other automobile glass company or location of
- 13 his or her choice.

- (c) All insurers shall fully and promptly pay the cost of automobile glass replacement or repair services or products from any nonlisted automobile glass company or location, less any applicable deductible amount payable by the insured according to the terms of the insurance policy, at no less than the prevailing market price charged by other automobile glass companies or locations providing comparable services or products in the same geographic area within the state.
- (d) No automobile glass company or location may waive insurance deductibles or offer rebates, discounts or other incentives for automobile glass repair which is being reimbursed by insurance. An insurer may limit payment of all glass claims to a glass company or location that has violated this provision to the lowest competitive price. The glass company or location may not seek reimbursement for any amounts not paid directly from the insured or claimant.

CHAPTER 113

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4184—By Delegates Lane and Kiss)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article fifteen-b; to amend and reenact section four, article twenty-four; section six, article twenty-five; and section twenty-four, article twenty-five-a of said chapter, all relating to health care administration; creating the uniform health care administration act; setting forth policies and procedures; authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legislative rules; creating an advisory panel; creating a compliance period; reserving rights to additional information; and requiring the participation of certain health care providers, insurers, health care corporations and other such agencies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fifteen-b; and that section four, article twenty-four; section six, article twenty-five; and section twenty-four, article twenty-five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

Article

- 15B. Uniform Health Care Administration Act.
- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations,
 Dental Service Corporations and Health Service
 Corporations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

ARTICLE 15B. UNIFORM HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION ACT.

- §33-15B-1. Policy provisions.
- §33-15B-2. Scope of article.
- §33-15B-3. Insurance commissioner to promulgate rules; use of standardized forms and classifications; advisory panel and appointments.
- §33-15B-4. Compliance period; reservation of right to additional information.

§33-15B-1. Policy provisions.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds that there is a need to
- 2 provide guidelines regarding uniform health care
- 3 administration in order to best serve consumers, health
- 4 care providers and insurers and to organize and
- 5 streamline the claims process. The purpose of this
- 6 article is to require the insurance commissioner to
- 7 develop standard forms and procedures regarding 8 health care claims and to require that all insurers, third
- 9 party providers, and health care providers implement
- 10 and use such standards in a uniform manner.

§33-15B-2. Scope of article.

- 1 The provisions of this article apply to all health care
 - 2 providers in the state; all insurers writing or issuing
- 3 accident and sickness policies covered by article fifteen
- 4 of this chapter; hospital service corporations, health
- 5 service corporations, medical service corporations, and
- 6 dental service corporations organized in accordance

- 7 with the provisions of article one, chapter thirty-one and
- 8 chapter thirty-three of this code; all third party
- 9 providers; all state agencies and departments, including,
- 10 but not limited to, the public employees insurance
- 11 agency; workers' compensation insurance; and providers
- 12 of services under medicare and medicaid.

§33-15B-3. Insurance commissioner to promulgate rules; use of standardized forms and classifications; advisory panel and appointments.

- 1 (a) The insurance commissioner shall promulgate 2 legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of 3 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code regarding the 4 implementation and use of uniform health care administrative forms. Such rules shall be developed no later 5 6 than the first day of December, one thousand nine 7 hundred ninety-two, and shall establish, where practi-8 cable, the acceptance and use throughout the health care 9 system of standard administrative forms, terms or 10 procedures, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 11 (1) The standard health care financing administration 12 fifteen hundred (HCFA 1500) health insurance claim 13 form, or other similar forms, and terms and definitions 14 to be used therewith which are consistent with insur-15 ance industry standards.
- 16 (2) International classification of disease, ninth 17 clinical modifications (ICD-9-CM) and common proced-18 ural terminology (CPT) codes, as amended, or another 19 similar standard code.

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- (3) Consideration of current practices involving reimbursement of claims and explanation of benefits, and the implementation of standards and guidelines regarding explanation of benefits, including, but not limited to, consideration of line item explanations of payments or denial of payments.
- 26 (b) The legislative rules required herein shall be 27 developed by the insurance commissioner with the 28 advice of a thirteen-member panel to be appointed by 29 the commissioner. Such panel shall consist of the 30 insurance commissioner; one allopath and one osteopath

- 31 who shall be recommended by the West Virginia State 32 medical association; a representative of the hospital
- industry who shall be recommended by the West 33
- 34 Virginia hospital association; one dentist recommended
- 35 by the West Virginia dental association and one
- 36 pharmacist recommended by the West Virginia phar-
- macists association; two members representing commer-37
- cial health insurers who shall be recommended by the 38
- association representing accident and sickness insu-39
- rance; a representative of third party administrators; a 40
- 41 representative of the public employees insurance
- agency; a representative from the workers' compensa-42
- tion commission; and two members representing consu-43
- mers. The insurance commissioner shall make such 44
- appointments thirty days after the effective date of this 45
- 46 section.
- 47 (c) The insurance commissioner and the advisory
- panel shall review the legislative rules effected pursuant 48
- to this section as necessary on at least an annual basis 49
- and update the same in a timely manner in order to 50
- conform to current legislation and health care adminis-51
- trative trends. 52

§33-15B-4. Compliance period; reservation of right to additional information.

- (a) All health care providers, insurers, third party 1
- providers and state agencies or departments shall have 2
- one year from the date the insurance commissioner 3
- establishes the legislative rules required by section three 4
- 5 herein to comply with the requirements of the same.
- 6 (b) This section shall not limit the right of any insurer,
- third party provider, state agency or department to 7
- require additional information on any claim. 8

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4666 (Chapter 108). which passed subsequent to this act.

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Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such corporation, to the same extent such provisions are applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, shall be governed by and be subject to the provisions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commissioner), article four (general provisions) except that section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable thereto, article six, section thirty-four (fee for form and rate filing), article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article seven (assets and liabilities), article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), article eleven (unfair practices and frauds), article twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors), section fourteen, article fifteen (individual policies), article fifteen-a (long-term care insurance), article fifteen-b (uniform health care administration act), section three-a, article sixteen, (mental illness), section three-c, article sixteen (group accident and sickness insurance), section three-d, article sixteen (medicare supplement), section three-f, article sixteen (treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder), article sixteen-c (small employer group policies), article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small employers), article twenty-six-a (West Virginia life and health insurance guaranty association act), after the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, article twenty-seven (insurance holding company systems), article twenty-eight (individual accident and sickness insurance minimum standards), article thirty-three (annual audited financial report), article thirty-four (administrative supervision), article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition) and article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment); and no other provision of this chapter shall apply to such corporations unless specifically made applicable by the provisions of this article. If, however, any such corporation shall be converted into a corporation organized for a pecuniary

- 43 profit, or if it shall transact business without having
- 44 obtained a license as required by section five of this
- 45 article, it shall thereupon forfeit its right to these
- 46 exemptions.

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ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

*§33-25-6. Supervision and regulation by insurance commissioner; exemption from insurance laws.

Corporations organized under this article shall be

subject to supervision and regulation by the insurance 2 3 commissioner. Such corporations organized under this 4 article, to the same extent such provisions are applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of insurance and 5 not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, shall 6 be governed by and be subject to the provisions as 7 hereinbelow indicated, of the following articles of this 8 chapter: Article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article 9 seven (assets and liabilities), article eight (investments), 10 article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), section 11 fourteen, article fifteen (individual policies), article 12 fifteen-b (uniform health care administration act). 13 article sixteen-c (small employer group policies), article 14 sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small 15 employers), article twenty-seven (insurance holding 16 company systems), article thirty-three (annual audited 17 financial report), article thirty-four-a (standards and 18 commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in 19

23 corporations unless specifically made applicable by the

hazardous financial condition) and article thirty-five

(criminal sanctions for failure to report impairment):

and no other provision of this chapter shall apply to such

24 provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

*§33-25A-24. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.

1 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this article, 2 provisions of the insurance law and provisions of

^{*}Clerk's Note: These sections were also amended by H. B. 4666 (Chapter 108), which passed subsequent to this act.

- hospital or medical service corporation laws shall not be applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article. This provision shall not apply to an insurer or hospital or medical service corporation licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance laws or the hospital or medical service corporation laws of this state except with respect to its health maintenance corporation activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this article.
 - (2) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation regarding the range of services provided, the premiums and copayments charged, the sites of services and hours of operation, and any other quantifiable, nonprofessional aspects of its operation by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority, or its representative shall not be construed to violate any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professions: *Provided*, That nothing contained herein shall be construed as authorizing any solicitation or advertising which identifies or refers to any individual provider, or makes any qualitative judgment concerning any provider.
 - (3) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this article shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and shall be exempt from the provision of chapter thirty of this code, relating to the practice of medicine.
 - (4) The provisions of article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio), article seven (assets and liabilities), article eight (investments), section fourteen, article fifteen (individual policies), article fifteen-b (uniform health care administration act), section three-f, article sixteen (concerning treatment of temporomandibular disorder and craniomandibular disorder), article sixteen-c (small employer group policies), article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for small employers), article twenty-seven (insurance holding company systems), article thirty-four-a (standards and commissioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition) and article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for

- 44 failure to report impairment) shall be applicable to any
- 45 health maintenance organization granted a certificate of
- 46 authority under this article.
- 47 (5) Any long-term care insurance policy delivered or
- 48 issued for delivery in this state by a health maintenance
- 49 organization shall comply with the provisions of article
- 50 fifteen-a of this chapter.

CHAPTER 114

(H. B. 4734—By Delegates Rutledge and Browning)

[Passed March 2, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the board of investments; charges for expenses of the board; creation of loss expenses account; purpose of the account; expenditures from the account; transfer of funds remaining in the account to the liquidity investment pool; and transfer of excess funds and appropriation of the funds by the Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA STATE BOARD OF INVESTMENTS.

- §12-6-6. Costs and expenses; fees for services; special revenue account; costs of determining third parties' liability; recoupment of investment losses.
 - 1 (a) The board shall make a charge against the 2 earnings of the various funds managed by the board for
 - 3 all necessary expenses of the board. The charge shall be
 - 4 on a pro rata basis of actual earnings of the various
 - 5 funds managed by the board. The charge shall be

6 deposited to the credit of the general revenue fund.

7 (b) There is hereby created in the state treasury a 8 special revenue account to be known as the "loss 9 expenses account." The purpose of this account is to 10 provide funds to the board of investments to pay costs. 11 fees and expenses incurred, or to be incurred, for the 12 following: (1) Investigation and pursuit of claims against 13 third parties for the investment losses incurred during the period beginning the first day of August, one 14 15 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and ending on the 16 thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 17 eighty-nine; (2) consulting services regarding the 18 restructuring of the office of the treasurer following said 19 losses; and (3) implementation of the recommendations 20 made as a result of the consultations regarding restruc-21 turing. That special revenue account shall be funded by 22 depositing income derived by the board from securities 23 lending and recoveries from third parties. The board is 24 authorized to deposit into the special revenue account. 25 and to expend in accordance with the provisions of this 26 section, those funds received from such recoveries and 27 not more than two million dollars annually from income 28 derived by the board from securities lending. Funds in 29 the loss expense account in excess of reasonably 30 estimated costs, fees and expenses for any fiscal year and any funds remaining in such special revenue 31 32 account at the end of each fiscal year after expenditures. 33 for the purposes specified above, may be transferred by 34 the board to its "liquidity investment pool," to be used. 35 in such manner as the board determines, to eliminate 36 the present imbalance in the state accounts caused by 37 the investment losses described above in this subsection: 38 Provided. That amounts collected which are found from 39 time to time to exceed the funds needed for the purposes set forth in this section may be transferred to other 40 accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes 41 by appropriation of the Legislature. The authority for 42 this special revenue account expires on the thirtieth day 43 of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five. 44

CHAPTER 115

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4373—By Delegate Brown)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, five-a and eight, article one, chapter fifty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section seven, article five, chapter fifty-seven of said code, all relating to providing that a citizen may not be excluded from jury services because of a disability; providing accommodation to jurors with disabilities other than physical; requiring interpreters to assist a juror who is deaf or a deaf mute because of any hearing impairment and readers for those who are visually impaired; and providing for payment therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, five-a and eight, article one, chapter fifty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section seven, article five, chapter fifty-seven of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 52. Juries.
- 57. Evidences and Witnesses.

CHAPTER 52. JURIES.

ARTICLE 1. PETIT JURIES.

- §52-1-2. Prohibition of discrimination.
- §52-1-5a. Jury qualification form; contents; procedure for use; penalties.
- §52-1-8. Disqualification from jury service.

§52-1-2. Prohibition of discrimination.

- 1 A citizen may not be excluded from jury service on
- 2 account of race, color, religion, sex, national origin,
- geonomic status or being a qualified individual with a
 disability.
- §52-1-5a. Jury qualification form; contents; procedure for use; penalties.

- 1 (a) Not less than twenty days before the date for 2 which persons are to report for jury duty, the clerk may, 3 if directed by the court, serve by first class mail, upon 4 each person listed on the master list, a juror qualifica-5 tion form accompanied by instructions necessary for its 6 completion: Provided, That the clerk may, if directed by 7 the court, mail the juror qualification form to only those 8 prospective jurors drawn for jury service under the 9 provisions of section seven of this article. Each prospec-10 tive juror shall be directed to complete the form and 11 return it by mail to the clerk within ten days after its 12 receipt. The juror qualification form is subject to 13 approval by the circuit court as to matters of form and 14 shall elicit the following information concerning the 15 prospective juror:
 - (1) The juror's name, sex, race, age and marital status;
- 17 (2) The juror's level of educational attainment, 18 occupation and place of employment;

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- 19 (3) If married, the name of the juror's spouse, and the 20 occupation and place of employment of the spouse;
- 21 (4) The juror's residence address and the juror's 22 mailing address if different from the residence address;
 - (5) The number of children which the juror has and their ages;
 - (6) Whether the juror is a citizen of the United States and a resident of the county;
 - (7) Whether the juror is able to read, speak and understand the English language;
- 29 (8) Whether the juror has any physical or mental disability substantially impairing the capacity to render satisfactory jury service: *Provided*, That a juror with a physical disability, who can with reasonable accommodation render competent service, is eligible for service;
 - (9) Whether the juror has, within the preceding two years, been summoned to serve as a petit juror, grand juror or magistrate court juror, and has actually attended sessions of the magistrate or circuit court and been compensated as a juror;

- 39 (10) Whether the juror has lost the right to vote 40 because of a criminal conviction; and
- 41 (11) Whether the juror has been convicted of perjury, 42 false swearing or other infamous offense.

The juror qualification form may also request information concerning the prospective juror's religious preferences and organizational affiliations, except that the form and the accompanying instructions shall clearly inform the juror that this information need not be provided if the juror declines to answer such inquiries.

- (b) The juror qualification form shall contain the prospective juror's declaration that the responses are true to the best of the prospective juror's knowledge and an acknowledgment that a willful misrepresentation of a material fact may be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than thirty days, or both fine and imprisonment. Notarization of the juror qualification form shall not be required. If the prospective juror is unable to fill out the form, another person may assist the prospective juror in the preparation of the form and indicate that such person has done so and the reason therefor. If an omission, ambiguity or error appear in a returned form, the clerk shall again send the form with instructions to the prospective juror to make the necessary addition, clarification or correction and to return the form to the clerk within ten days after its second receipt.
- (c) Any prospective juror who fails to return a completed juror qualification form as instructed shall be directed by the jury commission to appear forthwith before the clerk to fill out the juror qualification form. At the time of the prospective juror's appearance for jury service, or at the time of any interview before the court or clerk, any prospective juror may be required to fill out another juror qualification form in the presence of the court or clerk. At that time the prospective juror may be questioned, with regard to the responses to questions contained on the form and the grounds for the prospective juror's excuse or disquali-

- fication. Any information thus acquired by the court or clerk shall be noted on the juror qualification form.
- 81 (d) Any person who willfully misrepresents a material 82 fact on a juror qualification form or during any 83 interview described in subsection (c) of this section, for 84 the purpose of avoiding or securing service as a juror. is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall 85 86 be fined not more than five hundred dollars or impri-87 soned not more than thirty days, or both fined and 88 imprisoned.

§52-1-8. Disqualification from jury service.

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- 1 (a) The court, upon request of the jury commission or 2 a prospective juror or on its own initiative, shall 3 determine on the basis of information provided on the 4 juror qualification form or interview with the prospec-5 tive juror or other competent evidence whether the prospective juror is disqualified for jury service. The 6 7 clerk shall enter this determination in the space provided on the juror qualification form and on the 8 9 alphabetical lists of names drawn from the jury wheel 10 or jury box.
- 11 (b) A prospective juror is disqualified to serve on a 12 jury if the prospective juror:
- 13 (1) Is not a citizen of the United States, at least 14 eighteen years old and a resident of the county;
- 15 (2) Is unable to read, speak and understand the 16 English language. For the purposes of this section, the 17 requirement of speaking and understanding the English 18 language is met by the ability to communicate in 19 American sign language or signed English;
 - (3) Is incapable, by reason of substantial physical or mental disability, of rendering satisfactory jury service; but a person claiming this disqualification may be required to submit a physician's certificate as to the disability and the certifying physician is subject to inquiry by the court at its discretion;
- 26 (4) Has, within the preceding two years, been summoned to serve as a petit juror, grand juror or magis-

trate court juror, and has actually attended sessions of the magistrate or circuit court and been compensated as a juror pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-one of this article, section thirteen, article two of this chapter, or pursuant to an applicable rule or regulation of the supreme court of appeals promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section eight, article five, chapter fifty of this code:

(5) Has lost the right to vote because of a criminal conviction; or

- (6) Has been convicted of perjury, false swearing or other infamous offense.
- (c) A prospective juror sixty-five years of age or older is not disqualified from serving, but shall be excused from service by the court upon the juror's request.
- (d) A prospective grand juror is disqualified to serve on a grand jury if the prospective grand juror is an officeholder under the laws of the United States or of this state except that the term "officeholder" does not include notaries public.
- (e) A person who is physically disabled and can render competent service with reasonable accommodation shall not be ineligible to act as juror or be dismissed from a jury panel on the basis of disability alone: *Provided*, That the circuit judge shall, upon motion by either party or upon his or her own motion, disqualify a disabled juror if the circuit judge finds that the nature of potential evidence in the case including, but not limited to, the type or volume of exhibits or the disabled juror's ability to evaluate a witness or witnesses, unduly inhibits the disabled juror's ability to evaluate the potential evidence. For purposes of this section:
- (1) Reasonable accommodation includes, but is not limited to, certified interpreters for the hearing impaired, spokespersons for the speech impaired and readers for the visually impaired.
 - (2) The court shall administer an oath or affirmation to any person present to facilitate communication for a disabled juror. The substance of such oath or affirma-

- tion shall be that any person present as an accommodation to a disabled juror will not deliberate on his or her own behalf, although present throughout the
- 70 proceedings, but act only to accurately communicate for and to the disabled juror.
- 72 (f) Nothing in this article shall be construed so as to 73 limit in any way a party's right to preemptory strikes 74 in civil or criminal actions.

CHAPTER 57. EVIDENCES AND WITNESSES.

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

§57-5-7. Interpreters required.

- 1 (a) In any court proceeding wherein a party or witness 2 or juror cannot readily understand or verbally commun-3 icate the English language because the witness or juror 4 is deaf or a deaf mute or because of any other hearing 5 impairment, such person shall have the right to have a 6 qualified interpreter to assist the witness or juror at 7 every stage of the proceeding. Such right shall also 8 pertain in any proceeding before administrative boards, commissions or agencies of this state or any political 9 subdivision or municipality thereof, and in coroners' 10 11 inquests and grand jury proceedings.
- 12 (b) The director of the administrative office of the 13 supreme court of appeals shall establish a program to 14 facilitate the use of interpreters in courts of this state 15 and in extra-judicial criminal proceedings as provided 16 for in this section.
- 17 (1) The director shall prescribe, determine and certify the qualifications of persons who may serve as certified 18 interpreters in courts of this state in proceedings 19 involving the hearing impaired. Persons certified by the 20 director shall be interpreters certified by the national 21 registry of interpreters for the deaf, or the West 22 Virginia registry of interpreters for the deaf or 23 approved by the chief of services for the deaf and 24 hearing impaired of West Virginia of the West Virginia 25 division of vocational rehabilitation, or shall be such 26 other persons deemed by the director to be qualified by 27 education, training and experience. The director shall 28

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maintain a current master list of all interpreters certified by the director and shall report annually on the frequency of requests for, and the use and effectiveness of, interpreters.

- (2) Each circuit court shall maintain on file in the office of the clerk of the court a list of all persons who have been certified as oral or manual interpreters for the hearing impaired by the director of the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals in accordance with the certification program established pursuant to this section.
- (3) In any criminal or juvenile proceeding, or other proceeding described in section five, article eleven. chapter fifty-one of this code, the judge of the circuit court in which such proceeding is pending, or, if such proceeding is in a magistrate court, then the judge of the circuit court to which such proceeding may be appealed or presented for judicial review, shall, with the assistance of the director of the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals, utilize the services of the most available certified interpreter, or when no certified interpreter is reasonably available, as determined by the judge, the services of an otherwise competent interpreter, if the judge determines on his own motion or on the motion of a party that such party or a witness who may present testimony in the proceeding suffers from a hearing impairment so as to inhibit such party's comprehension of the proceedings or communication with counsel or the presiding judicial officer, or so as to inhibit such witness' comprehension of questions and the presentation of such testimony. The utilization of an interpreter shall be appropriate at any stage of the proceeding, judicial or extrajudicial, at which a person would be entitled to representation by an attorney and a waiver of the right to counsel shall not constitute a waiver of the right to an interpreter as provided for by this section.
- (c) Whenever a qualified interpreter is appointed pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, or to accommodate a juror, the court shall, at the conclusion of the proceedings or interrogation, by

70 order, fix the compensation of such interpreter. The compensation shall include reimbursement for all 71 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in 72 73 the performance of such duties, but expenses shall not 74 be incurred in excess of the prevailing rate for state 75 employees. In all such appointments arising from 76 subdivision (3), subsection (b) of this section, the 77 compensation shall be paid by the state auditor from the 78 fund administered by the supreme court of appeals for other court costs. In other proceedings before any circuit 79 or magistrate court, supreme court of appeals or before 80 81 any administrative boards, commissions and agencies, 82 the compensation shall be fixed by such court, board, commission or agency and paid, within the limit of 83 84 available funds, by such court, board, commission or 85 agency.

(d) In any proceeding described in subdivision (3), subsection (b) of this section, if the circuit judge does not appoint an interpreter, an individual requiring the services of an interpreter may seek the assistance of the clerk of the circuit court or the director of the administrative office of the supreme court of appeals in obtaining the assistance of a certified interpreter.

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(e) Whenever an interpreter is necessary in any court proceeding because a witness or party speaks only a foreign language or for any other reason, an interpreter shall be sworn truly to interpret.

CHAPTER 116

(H. B. 4713-By Delegates Damron and Reid)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eight, article four, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections five, seven-a, nineteen and twenty, article one, chapter fifty-two of said code; and to amend and reenact section two, article one-c, chapter sixty-two of said code, all

relating to court administration generally, repealing the requirement that circuit clerks keep an execution book. allowing the master list to be compiled by a merge sampling; setting a time schedule for compilation of the master list; requiring electronic methods of jury selection be documented in writing and approved by the chief judge; requiring that jury commissioners be notified of all selections from jury lists; requiring attendance at selections only if required by chief judge: eliminating requirement that clerk transmit juror payment order to the auditor; updating language on payment records kept by clerk; allowing method of payment of jurors to be determined by tax commissioner; allowing payment of jurors in cash; and allowing magistrate court to receive cash bail in excess of two thousand five hundred dollars.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article four, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections five, seven-a, nineteen and twenty, article one, chapter fifty-two of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article one-c, chapter sixty-two of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 52. Juries.
- 62. Criminal Procedure.

CHAPTER 52. JURIES.

ARTICLE 1. PETIT JURIES.

- §52-1-5. Master list; method for compilation; additional freeholder list; lists to be available to public.
- §52-1-7a. Alternate procedure for selection of jury by electronic data processing methods.
- §52-1-19. Record of allowance to jurors.
- §52-1-20. Payment of compensation.

§52-1-5. Master list; method for compilation; additional freeholder list; lists to be available to public.

1 (a) In each county, the jury commission shall compile 2 and maintain a master list of residents of the county

- from which prospective jurors are to be chosen. The master list shall be a list of individuals compiled from not less than two of the following source lists:
- 6 (1) Persons who have filed a state personal income tax return for the preceding tax year;
- (2) Persons who are registered to vote in the county;
- 9 (3) Persons who hold a valid motor vehicle operator's 10 or chauffeur's license as determined from the drivers' 11 license lists provided by the department of motor 12 vehicles.

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The jury commission shall compile the master list by combining all the names from each source used and eliminating all duplicates or by selecting a sample of names from each source used by means of a random key number system. If a sample of names is selected from each source list, the same percentage of names must be selected from each list. One source list shall be designated a primary source. Names selected from the second source shall be compared with the entire list of names on the primary source. Duplicate names shall be removed from the second source sample, and the remaining names shall be combined with the sample of names selected from the primary source to form the master list. If more than two source lists are used, this process shall be repeated, using the previously combined list for comparison with the third source list, and so on.

- 29 (b) The master list so compiled shall be used for a 30 period of two years or such other period as designated 31 by the chief judge.
 - (c) In addition to the master list required to be compiled under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the jury commission shall compile a list of persons who pay real property taxes to compile and maintain a list of freeholders to be used as jurors in condemnation cases.
 - (d) Any public officer of an agency, department or political subdivision of this state having custody, possession or control of any of the source lists designated to be used in compiling the master list, shall make the

- 42 source list available to the jury commission for inspec-
- 43 tion, reproduction and copying at all reasonable times:
- 44 Provided, That the tax commissioner shall be exempt
- 45 from this requirement. The master list and the free-
- 46 holder list shall be open to the public for examination.

§52-1-7a. Alternate procedure for selection of jury by electronic data processing methods.

- Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, the court may, after conferring with the clerk
- 3 and the jury commissioners and documenting in writing
- 4 the methods to be used, with such documentation to be
- 5 approved by the chief judge, direct the use of electronic
- 6 data processing methods, or a combination of manual
- 7 and machine methods, for any combination of the 8 following tasks:
- 9 (a) Recording in machine readable form names that are initially selected manually from source lists autho-

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rized by this article.

- 12 (b) Copying of names from source lists authorized by 13 this article, from any counties or other sources that 14 maintain those lists in machine readable form such as 15 punched cards, magnetic tapes or magnetic discs.
- 16 (c) Selecting names from source lists for inclusion in the jury list.
- 18 (d) Selecting names from the jury list for the list of jurors summoned to attend at any term of court.
 - (e) Sorting or alphabetizing lists of names, deleting duplicate selections of names and deleting names of persons exempt, disqualified or excused from jury service.
 - (f) Selecting and copying names for the creation of any papers, records or correspondence necessary to recruit, select and pay jurors and for other clerical tasks.

If the court elects to use electronic machine methods for any tasks described above, the selection system shall be planned and programmed in order to ensure that any group of names chosen will represent all segments of source files from which drawn and that the mathematical odds of any single name being picked are substantially equal.

35 When machine methods for jury selection are em-36 ployed, both the jury list and the jury list as recorded 37 in machine readable form shall be safely kept in a 38 secure location with the office of the clerk of the circuit 39 court. The jury commissioners shall be notified of any selection of jurors from a source list and may be present 40 for such selections or shall be in attendance if directed 41 42 by the chief circuit judge.

§52-1-19. Record of allowance to jurors.

1 The clerk of any court upon which juries are in 2 attendance shall make an entry upon its record stating 3 separately the amount which each jury is entitled to 4 receive out of the state treasury for services or attend-5 ance during the term. Any clerk who fails to pay over, 6 as required by law, any moneys so received by the clerk or otherwise to comply with the provisions of this article, 7 is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 8 shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than 9 three hundred dollars. 10

§52-1-20. Payment of compensation.

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The method of payment of jurors shall be determined by the chief judge and approved by the state tax commissioner. It is the duty of the clerk, as soon as practicable after the adjournment of the court or before the adjournment of the court at such time as the chief judge may direct, to deliver to the sheriff of the county a certified accounting of the amount to which each juror is entitled. If any sheriff fails to pay any allowance as required by law, the sheriff may be proceeded against as for a contempt of court.

Any allowance paid by the sheriff under the provisions of this section shall be repaid to the sheriff out of the state treasury upon the production of satisfactory proof that the same has actually been paid by the sheriff. Proof of payment shall be in the form of a complete itemized statement indicating the total amount eligible for reimbursement.

CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

ARTICLE 1C. BAIL.

§62-1C-2. Bail defined: form: receipts.

- Bail is security for the appearance of a defendant to 2
- answer to a specific criminal charge before any court 3
- or magistrate at a specific time or at any time to which
- 4 the case may be continued. It may take any of the
- 5 following forms:
- 6 (a) The deposit by the defendant or by some other 7 person for him of cash.
- 8 (b) The written undertaking by one or more persons 9 to forfeit a sum of money equal to the amount of the bail
- if the defendant is in default for appearance, which shall 10
- 11 be known as a recognizance.
- 12 (c) Such other form as the judge of the court that will 13 have jurisdiction to try the offense may determine.
- 14 All bail shall be received by the clerk of the court.
- or by the magistrate and, except in case of recognizance, 15
- 16 receipts shall be given therefor by him.

CHAPTER 117

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 458-By Senator Chernenko)

[Passed March 2, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen, relating to prohibiting discrimination against employees and prospective employees for the use of tobacco products off the premises during nonworking hours.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-one, article three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. SAFETY AND WELFARE OF EMPLOYEES.

§21-3-19. Discrimination for use of tobacco products prohibited.

- 1 (a) It shall be unlawful for any employer, whether 2 public or private, or the agent of such employer to refuse to hire any individual or to discharge any employee or 3 otherwise to disadvantage or penalize any employee 4 with respect to compensation, terms, conditions or 5 6 privileges of employment solely because such individual uses tobacco products off the premises of the employer 7 8 during nonworking hours.
- 9 (b) This section shall not apply with respect to an 10 employer which is a nonprofit organization which, as 11 one of its primary purposes or objectives, discourages 12 the use of one or more tobacco products by the general 13 public.
- 14 (c) This section shall not prohibit an employer from offering, imposing or having in effect a health, disability 15 or life insurance policy which makes distinctions 16 between employees for type of coverage or price of 17 coverage based upon the employee's use of tobacco 18 products: Provided, That any differential premium rates 19 charged to employees must reflect differential costs to 20 the employer: Provided, however, That the employer 21 must provide employees with a statement delineating 22 the differential rates used by its insurance carriers. 23
 - (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit an employer from making available to smokers and other users of tobacco products, programs, free of charge or at reduced rates, which encourage the reduction or cessation of smoking or tobacco use.

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CHAPTER 118

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4190—By Delegates Damron and Reed)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to compensatory time in lieu of overtime pay for employees of county or municipal governments; providing a rate of compensation time; limiting the maximum accrual of compensation time; limiting the usage of compensation time; requiring agreement prior to performance of work; and providing for monetary compensation in event of termination of employment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5C. MINIMUM WAGE AND MAXIMUM HOURS STAND-ARDS FOR EMPLOYEES.

§21-5C-3. Maximum hours; overtime compensation.

- 1 (a) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 2 nine hundred eighty, no employer shall employ any of 3 his employees for a workweek longer than forty hours, 4 unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of the hours above specified at a rate of not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he is employed.
- 8 (b) As used in this section the "regular rate" at which
 9 an employee is employed shall be deemed to include all
 10 remuneration for employment paid to, or on behalf of,
 11 the employee, but shall not be deemed to include:
- 12 (1) Sums paid as gifts; payments in the nature of gifts 13 made at Christmas time or on other special occasions. 14 as a reward for service, the amounts of which are not

measured by or dependent on hours worked, production,or efficiency;

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- (2) Payments made for occasional periods when no work is performed due to vacation, holiday, illness, failure of the employer to provide sufficient work, or other similar cause; reasonable payments for traveling expenses, or other expenses, incurred by an employee in the furtherance of his employer's interests and properly reimbursable by the employer, and other similar payments to an employee which are not made as compensation for his hours of employment;
- (3) Sums paid in recognition of services performed during a given period if either: (a) Both the fact that payment is to be made and the amount of the payment are determined at the sole discretion of the employer at or near the end of the period and not pursuant to any prior contract, agreement or promise causing the employee to expect such payments regularly; or (b) the payments are made pursuant to a bona fide profitsharing plan or trust or bona fide thrift or savings plan. meeting the requirements of the commissioner set forth in appropriate regulation which he shall issue, having due regard among other relevant factors, to the extent to which the amounts paid to the employee are determined without regard to hours of work, production or efficiency: or (c) the payments are talent fees (as such talent fees are defined and delimited by regulations of the commissioner) paid to performers, including announcers, on radio and television programs;
- (4) Contributions irrevocably made by an employer to a trustee or third person pursuant to a bona fide plan for providing old-age, retirement, life, accident, or health insurance or similar benefits for employees;
- (5) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid for certain hours worked by the employee in any day or workweek because such hours are hours worked in excess of eight in a day or in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under subsection (a) or in excess of the employee's normal working hours or regular working hours, as the case may be;

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- (6) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid for work by the employee on Saturdays, Sundays, holidays or regular days of rest, or on the sixth or seventh day of the workweek, where such premium rate is not less than one and one-half times the rate established in good faith for like work performed in nonovertime hours on other days; or
- (7) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid to the employee, in pursuance of an applicable employment contract or collective bargaining agreement, for work outside of the hours established in good faith by the contract or agreement as the basic, normal or regular workweek where such premium rate is not less than one and one-half times the rate established in good faith by the contract or agreement for like work performed during such workweek.
- (c) No employer shall be deemed to have violated subsection (a) by employing any employee for a workweek in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under subsection (a) if such employee is employed pursuant to a bona fide individual contract, or pursuant to an agreement made as a result of collective bargaining by representatives of employees, if the duties of such employee necessitate irregular hours of work, and the contract or agreement (1) specifies a regular rate of pay of not less than the minimum hourly rate provided in section two and compensation at not less than one and one-half times such rate for all hours worked in excess of such maximum workweek, and (2) provides a weekly guaranty of pay for not more than sixty hours based on the rates so specified.
- (d) No employer shall be deemed to have violated subsection (a) by employing any employee for a workweek in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under such subsection if, pursuant to an agreement or understanding arrived at between the employer and the employee before performance of the work, the amount paid to the employee for the number of hours worked by him in such workweek in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under such subsection:

- 96 (1) In the case of an employee employed at piece rates, 97 is computed at piece rates not less than one and one-half 98 times the bona fide piece rates applicable to the same 99 work when performed during nonovertime hours; or
- 100 (2) In the case of an employee performing two or more kinds of work for which different hourly or piece rates 102 have been established, is computed at rates not less than 103 one and one-half times such bona fide rates applicable 104 to the same work when performed during nonovertime 105 hours; or
- 106 (3) Is computed at a rate not less than one and one-107 half times the rate established by such agreement or 108 understanding as the basic rate to be used in computing 109 overtime compensation thereunder: Provided, That the 110 rate so established shall be authorized by regulation by 111 the commissioner as being substantially equivalent to 112 the average hourly earnings of the employee, exclusive 113 of overtime premiums, in the particular work over a 114 representative period of time; and if (i) the employee's 115 average hourly earnings for the workweek exclusive of 116 payments described in subdivisions (1) through (7) of 117 subsection (b) are not less than the minimum hourly rate required by applicable law, and (ii) extra overtime 118 compensation is properly computed and paid on other 119 forms of additional pay required to be included in 120 121 computing the regular rate.
 - (e) Extra compensation paid as described in subdivisions (5), (6) and (7) of subsection (b) shall be creditable toward overtime compensation payable pursuant to this section.

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- (f) (1) Employees of county and municipal governments may receive, in accordance with this subsection and in lieu of overtime compensation, compensatory time off at a rate not less than one and one-half hours for each hour of employment for which overtime is required pursuant to this section.
- (2) County and municipal governments may provide compensatory time under subdivision (1) of this subsection, only pursuant to a written agreement arrived at between the employer and employee before the perfor-

136 mance of the work, and recorded in the employer's 137 record of hours worked, and if the employee has not 138 accrued compensatory time in excess of the limit prescribed in subdivision (3) of this subsection. Any 139 140 written agreement may be modified at the request of 141 either the employer or the employee, but under no 142 circumstances shall changes in the agreement deny an 143 employee compensatory time heretofore acquired.

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- (3) An employee may accrue up to four hundred eighty hours of compensatory time if the employee's work is a public safety activity, an emergency response activity or a seasonal activity. An employee engaged in other work for a county or municipal government may accrue up to two hundred forty hours of compensatory time. Any such employee who has accrued four hundred eighty or two hundred forty hours of compensatory time. as the case may be, shall for additional overtime hours of work, be paid overtime compensation. If compensation is paid to an employee for accrued compensatory time off, such compensation shall be paid at the regular rate earned by the employee at the time the employee receives such payment.
- 158 (4) An employee who has accrued compensatory time 159 off authorized to be provided under subdivision (1) of 160 this subsection shall, upon termination of employment, 161 be paid for the unused compensatory time at a rate of 162 compensation not less than:
- 163 (A) The average regular rate received by such employee during the last three years of the employee's 164 165 employment; or
- (B) The final regular rate received by such employee, 166 167 whichever is higher.
 - (5) An employee of a county or municipal government:
- 169 (A) Who has accrued compensatory time off autho-170 rized to be provided under subdivision (1) of this subsection: and
- 172 (B) Who has requested the use of such compensatory 173 time, shall be permitted by the employee's employer to use such time within a reasonable time after making the 174

- request if the use of the compensatory time does not unduly disrupt the operation of the public agency.
- 177 Compensatory time must be used within one year from
- 178 the time it was acquired.
- 179 (6) For purposes of this subsection the terms "compen-180 satory time" and "compensatory time off" mean hours
- 181 during which an employee is not working, which are not
- 182 counted as hours worked during the applicable work-
- 183 week or other work period for purposes of overtime
- 184 compensation, and for which the employee is compen-
- 185 sated at the employee's regular rate.

CHAPTER 119

(H. B. 4043—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Damron)

[Passed January 10, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article two, chapter one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to apportionment of membership of the House of Delegates; making technical corrections to delegate districts to reflect the intent of the Legislature in its original reenactment of this section in one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article two, chapter one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATION.

- §1-2-2. Apportionment of membership of House of Delegates.
 - 1 (a) This section shall be known and may be cited as 2 "The House of Delegates Apportionment Act of 1991."
 - 3 (b) As used in this section:
 - 4 (1) "County" means the territory comprising a county

of this state as it existed on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty, notwithstanding any boundary changes made subsequent thereto;

8 (2) "Block," "block group," "census tract," "place" and "voting district" mean those geographic areas as defined 9 by the bureau of the census of the United States 10 11 department of commerce for the taking of the one thousand nine hundred ninety census of population and 12 13 described on census maps prepared by the bureau of the census. Such maps are, at the time of this enactment. 14 maintained by the bureau of the census and filed in the 15 16 office of legislative services;

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- (3) "Magisterial district" means the territory comprising a magisterial district of this state as reported to and used by the bureau of the census of the United States department of commerce for the taking of the one thousand nine hundred ninety census of population and described on census maps prepared by the bureau of the census;
- (c) The House of Delegates shall be composed of one hundred members elected from the delegate districts hereinafter described:
- (1) The county of Hancock and Block 101, Block 102, 27 Block 103, Block 104, Block 105, Block 106, Block 107, 28 29 Block 108, Block 110, Block 111, Block 125, Block 126, Block 131 and Block 132 of Block Group 1 in Census 30 Tract 0301 contained in voting district EP 26, Block 31 32 101. Block 102, Block 103, Block 104, Block 105, Block 106, Block 107, Block 108, Block 111, Block 114 and 33 Block 115 of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 0302 34 35 contained in voting district EP 26, Block 202, Block 203, Block 204, Block 205 and Block 206 of Block Group 2 36 37 in Census Tract 0302 contained in voting district EP 26. 38 and Block 109, Block 112, Block 113, Block 114, Block 39 115, Block 119, Block 120, Block 121, Block 122 and Block 130 of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 0301 40 41 contained in voting district EP 34B of the Weirton 42 magisterial district in the county of Brooke shall 43 constitute the first delegate district and shall elect two 44 delegates:

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45 (2) That portion of Brooke county not included in the 46 first delegate district, voting district EP 12, voting 47 district EP 13, voting district EP 142, voting district EP 48 146, voting district EP 147, voting district EP 158, voting district EP 159, voting district EP 160, voting 49 50 district EP 161, and Block 101A, Block 101B, Block 51 101C, Block 102, Block 103, Block 104, Block 105A, 52 Block 105B, Block 106A, Block 106B, Block 107, Block 53 108A, Block 108B, Block 109A, Block 109B, Block 110A, Block 110B, Block 111A, Block 111B, Block 112, Block 54 55 113A, Block 113B, Block 114, Block 115A, Block 115B 56 and Block 118 of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 0020 57 contained in voting district EP 14, and Block 315A. 58 Block 315C, Block 316A and Block 316C of Block Group 59 3 in Census Tract 0020 contained in voting district EP 60 14 of the District One magisterial district of Ohio county 61 and voting district EP 134, voting district EP 135, 62 voting district EP 138, voting district EP 141, Block 63 319, Block 320, Block 321, Block 322 and Block 335 of 64 Block Group 3 in Census Tract 0018 contained in voting 65 district EP 137, and Block 413, Block 424, Block 428, Block 429, Block 430, Block 431, Block 432 and Block 66 67 433 of Block Group 4 in Census Tract 0018 contained in voting district EP 137, and Block 504A of Block 68 69 Group 5 in Census Tract 0018 contained in voting 70 district EP 137, and Block 601A, Block 602A, Block 71 603A, Block 607A, Block 610, Block 611, Block 612 and 72 Block 613 of Block Group 6 in Census Tract 0018 contained in voting district EP 137, and Block 701A of 73 74 Block Group 7 in Census Tract 0018 contained in voting district EP 137 of the District Three magisterial district 75 76 of Ohio county shall constitute the second delegate 77 district and shall elect two delegates;

(3) That portion of Ohio county not included in the second delegate district, except Block 206, Block 216, Block 217, Block 218, Block 220, Block 221, Block 222 and Block 299 of Block Group 2 in Census Tract 0025 contained in voting district EP 100 of magisterial District Three of Ohio county shall constitute the third delegate district and shall elect two delegates;

(4) The county of Marshall and Block 206, Block 216,

- 86 Block 217, Block 218, Block 220, Block 221, Block 222
- 87 and Block 299 of Block Group 2 in Census Tract 0025
- 88 contained in voting district EP 100 of magisterial
- 89 District Three of Ohio county shall constitute the fourth
- 90 delegate district and shall elect two delegates;

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- 91 (5) The county of Wetzel except for voting district EP 92 37 and voting district EP 38 of magisterial District Two 93 shall constitute the fifth delegate district and shall elect 94 one delegate;
 - (6) The counties of Doddridge and Tyler and voting district EP 37 and voting district EP 38 of magisterial District Two of Wetzel county shall constitute the sixth delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (7) The counties of Pleasants and Ritchie and voting district EP 27 and voting district EP 31 of the DeKalb-Troy magisterial district of Gilmer county shall constitute the seventh delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
- (8) All of the Union magisterial district, all of the 104 105 Walker magisterial district, voting district EP 56A, that 106 portion of voting district EP 56 and voting district EP 107 58 of the Clay magisterial district, voting district EP 40 108 and voting district EP 36C of the Parkersburg magisterial district, and Block 101A, Block 102, Block 103, 109 Block 104, Block 106B, Block 107, Block 108, Block 109, 110 111 Block 110, Block 111, Block 112, Block 113, Block 114, Block 115, Block 116, Block 117, Block 118, Block 119A 112 113 of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 0104 contained in voting district EP 46, voting district EP 47, voting 114 district EP 48, voting district EP 49, voting district EP 115 49A, voting district EP 50, voting district EP 51, voting 116 117 district EP 51A and voting district EP 52 of the 118 Williams magisterial district of Wood county shall 119 constitute the eighth delegate district and shall elect one 120 delegate:
 - (9) The county of Wirt and all of the Steele magisterial district, all of the Slate magisterial district, that portion of voting district EP 81 in the Tygart magisterial district, that portion of voting district EP 81 and voting district EP 82 of the Harris magisterial district,

- voting district EP 57 and voting district EP 57A of the Clay magisterial district, and voting district EP 27,
- voting district EP 37A, voting district EP 37C, voting district EP 37D and voting district EP 38 of the
- 130 Parkersburg magisterial district of Wood county shall
- 131 constitute the ninth delegate district and shall elect one
- 132 delegate;

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- 133 (10) That portion of Wood county not included in the 134 eighth or ninth delegate district shall constitute the 135 tenth delegate district and shall elect three delegates;
- 136 (11) The county of Roane and voting district EP 23 137 of the Ripley magisterial district and all of the Washing-138 ton magisterial district of Jackson county shall consti-139 tute the eleventh delegate district and shall elect one 140 delegate:
- 141 (12) All of the Grant magisterial district of Jackson 142 county, and that portion of voting district EP 5, voting 143 district EP 6, voting district EP 10, voting district EP 11, voting district EP 12 and the place of the city of 144 145 Ravenswood in the Ravenswood magisterial district of 146 Jackson county, and voting district EP 21, voting 147 district EP 22, voting district EP 24, voting district EP 25, voting district EP 26, voting district EP 28, voting 148 district EP 29, voting district EP 33 and the place of 149 150 the city of Ripley in the Ripley magisterial district of 151 Jackson county shall constitute the twelfth delegate 152 district and shall elect one delegate:
 - (13) All of the Union magisterial district and voting district EP 13 and voting district EP 14 of the Ravenswood magisterial district of Jackson county, and all of the Cologne magisterial district, all of the Copper magisterial district, all of the Graham magisterial district, all of the Waggener magisterial district and voting district EP 1, voting district EP 10 and voting district EP 12 of the Robinson magisterial district of Mason county, and all of the Buffalo-Union magisterial district, all of the Pocatalico magisterial district, and voting district EP 27, voting district EP 28 of the Scott magisterial district and that portion of voting district EP 28 in the Teays

- magisterial district of Putnam county shall constitute the thirteenth delegate district and shall elect two delegates;
- 169 (14) That portion of Mason county not in the thir-170 teenth delegate district and that portion of Putnam 171 county not in the thirteenth delegate district shall 172 constitute the fourteenth delegate district and shall elect 173 two delegates;
- 174 (15) That portion of voting district EP 29, voting 175 district EP 46, that portion of voting district EP 47 and 176 voting district EP 48 of the District One magisterial 177 district, voting district EP 13, that portion of voting 178 district EP 19, voting district EP 26, voting district EP 179 27, voting district EP 28, that portion of voting district 180 EP 29, voting district EP 30, voting district EP 31, 181 voting district EP 32, voting district EP 33, voting 182 district EP 34, voting district EP 38, voting district EP 183 39, that portion of voting district EP 40, that portion of voting district EP 42, voting district EP 43 and voting 184 district EP 45 of the District Two magisterial district, 185 voting district EP 14, voting district EP 15, voting 186 187 district EP 16, voting district EP 17, voting district EP 188 18, that portion of voting district EP 19, voting district EP 20, voting district EP 21, voting district EP 22, 189 190 voting district EP 23, that portion of voting district EP 191 24, that portion of voting district EP 40, voting district 192 EP 41 and that portion of voting district EP 42 of the 193 District Three magisterial district, that portion of 194 voting district EP 24, that portion of voting district EP 195 47, that portion of Census Tract 0103, Block 199F of 196 Block Group 1 in Census Tract 0104, Block 405A, Block 410. Block 411. Block 412. Block 414C, Block 417, Block 197 198 499B, Block 499H and Block 499K of Block Group 4 in 199 Census Tract 0104, and Block 502A, Block 502B and 200 Block 503A of Block Group 5 in Census Tract 0104 of 201 the District Four magisterial district, and that portion 202 of Census Tract 0103, that portion of Census Tract 0104, 203 Block 401 and Block 402 of Block Group 4 in Census Tract 0105, Block Group 1, Block Group 2, Block Group 204 205 3, Block 401 and Block 411 of Block Group 4, and Block 206 501, Block 511, Block 512, Block 513, Block 514, Block

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- 207 522, Block 523, Block 531 and Block 532 of Block Group 208 5 in Census Tract 0106, Block 116, Block 117, Block 118, 209 Block 119, Block 120, Block 121, Block 132, Block 133A 210 and Block 133B of Block Group 1, Block Group 2, Block 211 Group 3, Block Group 4 and Block Group 5 in Census 212 Tract 0107, and Census Tract 0108 of the District Five 213 magisterial district of Cabell county and all of the 214 Carroll magisterial district of Lincoln county shall 215 constitute the fifteenth delegate district and shall elect 216 three delegates:
- 217 (16) That portion of Cabell county not included in the 218 fifteenth delegate district and voting district EP 59. voting district EP 60, voting district EP 61 and voting 219 220 district EP 63 of the Westmoreland magisterial district 221 and that portion of voting district EP 59 in the Ceredo 222 magisterial district of Wayne county shall constitute the 223 sixteenth delegate district and shall elect three 224 delegates:
- 225 (17) All of the Union magisterial district except 226 voting district EP 54 of Wayne county, and voting 227 district EP 26, voting district EP 30, voting district EP 228 36, voting district EP 37, voting district EP 41, voting 229 district EP 42 and voting district EP 45 of the Stonewall 230 magisterial district of Wayne county, and voting district 231 EP 56, voting district EP 57, voting district EP 58, 232 voting district EP 62, that portion of voting district EP 233 14, and that portion of voting district EP 19 of the 234 Westmoreland magisterial district of Wayne county, and 235 voting district EP 22 of the Butler magisterial district 236 of Wayne county shall constitute the seventeenth 237 delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (18) That portion of Wayne county not in the sixteenth or seventeenth delegate district shall constitute the eighteenth delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
- 241 (19) The county of Mingo and voting district EP 43 242 of the West magisterial district of Logan county shall 243 constitute the nineteenth delegate district and shall elect 244 two delegates;
- 245 (20) All of the county of Logan except voting district 246 EP 43 of the West magisterial district and all of the

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- 247 county of Lincoln except the Carroll magisterial district and voting district EP 1, that portion of voting district 248 EP 2, voting district EP 3, voting district EP 7, voting 249 district EP 15, voting district EP 16, voting district EP 250 251 17 and voting district EP 18 of the District Three 252 magisterial district and that portion of voting district 253 EP 2, voting district EP 5 and voting district EP 9 of 254 the District Two magisterial district of Boone county 255 shall constitute the twentieth delegate district and shall 256 elect four delegates: Provided, That not more than three 257 delegates may be nominated, elected or appointed who 258 are residents of any single county within the twentieth 259 delegate district:
- 260 (21) That portion of Boone county not included in the 261 twentieth delegate district shall constitute the twenty-262 first delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (22) The county of McDowell shall constitute the twenty-second delegate district and shall elect two delegates;
- 266 (23) The county of Wyoming and voting district EP 267 3 and voting district EP 5 of magisterial District I, and Block 201, Block 202 and Block 204B of Block Group 268 269 2 in Census Tract 9518 contained in voting district EP 270 96 and that portion of Census Tract 9517 contained in 271 voting district EP 96 of magisterial District II of Mercer county, and voting district EP 41, voting district 272 273 EP 42, voting district EP 46, voting district EP 49, 274 voting district EP 51, voting district EP 55, voting district EP 60, voting district EP 69 of magisterial 275 276 District III of Mercer county shall constitute the twenty-277 third delegate district and shall elect two delegates;
 - (24) All of magisterial District I except voting district EP 1, voting district EP 3 and voting district EP 5, and voting district EP 79 of magisterial District II, and voting district EP 61, voting district EP 63, voting district EP 67 and voting district EP 68 of magisterial District III of Mercer county shall constitute the twenty-fourth delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (25) That portion of Mercer county not included in the twenty-third or twenty-fourth delegate district shall

constitute the twenty-fifth delegate district and shall elect two delegates;

- 289 (26) The county of Monroe and voting district EP 1, 290 voting district EP 13, voting district EP 30, voting 291 district EP 31, voting district EP 32 and voting district 292 EP 33 of the Greenbrier River magisterial district of 293 Summers county shall constitute the twenty-sixth 294 delegate district and shall elect one delegate:
- 295 (27) The county of Raleigh except Block 101, Block 102, Block 103, Block 104, Block 106, Block 107, Block 296 108, Block 109, Block 137, Block 138, Block 142 and 297 298 Block 143 of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 0112 299 contained in voting district EP 61, and Block 301, Block 300 302, Block 303, Block 305, Block 330, Block 331, Block 301 332, Block 333, Block 334, Block 347, Block 348, Block 302 353 and Block 354 of Block Group 3 in Census Tract 303 0112 contained in voting district EP 61 in the District 304 Two magisterial district and that portion of Summers 305 county not included in the twenty-sixth delegate district 306 shall constitute the twenty-seventh delegate district and shall elect five delegates: Provided, That not more than 307 four delegates may be nominated, elected or appointed 308 309 who are residents of any county within the twenty-310 seventh delegate district:
- 311 (28) The county of Greenbrier except voting district 312 EP 54 in the Meadow Bluff magisterial district shall 313 constitute the twenty-eighth delegate district and shall elect two delegates;
- (29) All of the county of Fayette, voting district EP 315 54 in the Meadow Bluff magisterial district of Green-316 brier county, voting district EP 131 and voting district 317 EP 132 in the District One magisterial district of 318 Kanawha county, voting district EP 25 in the Jefferson 319 magisterial district of Nicholas county, and Block 101, 320 Block 102, Block 103, Block 104, Block 106, Block 107, 321 Block 108, Block 109, Block 137, Block 138, Block 142 322 and Block 143 of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 0112 323 contained in voting district EP 61 and Block 301. Block 324 302, Block 303, Block 305, Block 330, Block 331, Block 325 332, Block 333, Block 334, Block 347, Block 348, Block 326

327 353 and Block 354 of Block Group 3 in Census Tract 328 0112 contained in voting district EP 61 in the District 329 Two magisterial district of Raleigh county shall 330 constitute the twenty-ninth delegate district and shall 331 elect three delegates;

332 (30) That portion of magisterial District One not 333 included in the twenty-ninth delegate district, all of the 334 magisterial District Two, voting district EP 307, voting 335 district EP 310, voting district EP 312, voting district 336 EP 313, voting district EP 314, voting district EP 350. 337 voting district EP 352, voting district EP 353, voting 338 district EP 355, voting district EP 356, that portion of 339 voting district EP 357, voting district EP 360, voting 340 district EP 379 and that portion of Block Group 1 in 341 Census Tract 0132 contained in voting district EP 311. 342 Block 201, Block 206, Block 207 and Block 208 of Block 343 Group 2 in Census Tract 0132 contained in voting 344 district EP 311, that portion of Block Group 3 in Census 345 Tract 0132 contained in voting district EP 311, Block 346 101, Block 102B, Block 120, Block 121, Block 122, Block 347 123, Block 124, Block 125, Block 126, Block 127, Block 348 128. Block 129. Block 130. Block 131. Block 132, Block 349 133, Block 134, Block 140, Block 141, Block 142, Block 350 143 and Block 199B of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 0134 contained in voting district EP 311 of magisterial 351 352 District Three, voting district EP 412, voting district 353 EP 414, voting district EP 444, voting district EP 447, 354 voting district EP 448, voting district EP 449, voting 355 district EP 450, voting district EP 453, voting district 356 EP 454, voting district EP 455, voting district EP 459, voting district EP 462, voting district EP 463, that 357 358 portion of voting district EP 311, that portion of voting 359 district EP 350, that portion of voting district EP 355, 360 that portion of voting district EP 360 and that portion 361 of voting district EP 504 of the magisterial District 362 Four, voting district EP 501, voting district EP 502, that portion of voting district EP 504, voting district EP 363 508, voting district EP 509, voting district EP 510, 364 365 voting district EP 513, voting district EP 515, voting 366 district EP 526, voting district EP 527, voting district 367 EP 528, voting district EP 529, voting district EP 542, voting district EP 546, voting district EP 547, voting 368

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- 369 district EP 549, voting district EP 553, voting district EP 573, Block 201, Block 202, Block 203, Block 204, 370 371 Block 205, Block 206, Block 207, Block 208, Block 209, 372 Block 210, Block 211, Block 212, Block 213, Block 214 373 and Block 215 of Block Group 2 in Census Tract 0005 374 contained in voting district EP 541. Block 304 of Block 375 Group 3 in Census Tract 0005 contained in voting 376 district EP 541. Block 305 of Block Group 3 in Census 377 Tract 0011 contained in voting district EP 541, that 378 portion of Census Tract 0110 contained in voting district 379 EP 541. Block 501A and Block 504 of Block Group 5 in Census Tract 0011 contained in voting district EP 572 380 381 of magisterial District Five and voting district EP 617, 382 voting district EP 620, voting district EP 641, voting 383 district EP 642, voting district EP 644 and voting 384 district EP 653 of magisterial District Six of Kanawha 385 county shall constitute the thirtieth delegate district and 386 shall elect seven delegates:
- 387 (31) That portion of magisterial District Five of 388 Kanawha county not included in the thirtieth delegate 389 district shall constitute the thirty-first delegate district 390 and shall elect one delegate;
 - (32) That portion of Kanawha county not included in the twenty-ninth, thirtieth or thirty-first delegate district shall constitute the thirty-second delegate district and shall elect four delegates;
 - (33) The counties of Calhoun and Clay and voting district EP 12 and voting district EP 13 of the DeKalb-Troy magisterial district of Gilmer county shall constitute the thirty-third delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (34) The county of Braxton and the Center magisterial district, the City magisterial district and the Glenville magisterial district of Gilmer county shall constitute the thirty-fourth delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
- 405 (35) The Grant magisterial district, the Hamilton magisterial district, the Summersville magisterial district, the Wilderness magisterial district, voting district EP 16 of the Beaver magisterial district, voting

- 409 district EP 24, voting district EP 26 and voting district
- 410 EP 27 of the Jefferson magisterial district, and voting
- 411 district EP 28, voting district EP 29 and voting district
- 412 EP 30 of the Kentucky magisterial district of Nicholas
- 413 county shall constitute the thirty-fifth delegate district
- 414 and shall elect one delegate:
- 415 (36) The county of Webster and that portion of 416 Nicholas county not included in the twenty-ninth or 417 thirty-fifth delegate district shall constitute the thirty-
- 418 sixth delegate district and shall elect one delegate:
- 419 (37) The counties of Pocahontas and Randolph shall constitute the thirty-seventh delegate district and shall
- 421 elect two delegates;
- 422 (38) The county of Lewis and voting district EP 4 and 423 voting district EP 7 of the Banks magisterial district of 424 Upshur county shall constitute the thirty-eighth dele-425 gate district and shall elect one delegate;
- 426 (39) The Buckhannon magisterial district, the Meade 427 magisterial district, the Washington magisterial dis-428 trict, voting district VTD 10, voting district EP 35, that 429 portion of voting district EP 14 and that portion of 430 voting district EP 15 of the Union magisterial district and voting district EP 6 of the Banks magisterial 431 432 district of Upshur county shall constitute the thirty-433 ninth delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
- 434 (40) The county of Barbour and that portion of 435 Upshur county not included in the thirty-eighth or 436 thirty-ninth delegate district shall constitute the fortieth 437 delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
- 438 (41) The county of Harrison shall constitute the forty-439 first delegate district and shall elect four delegates;
- 440 (42) The county of Taylor, voting district EP 125 of 441 the Palatine magisterial district of Marion county, and 442 voting district EP 62 of the Eastern magisterial district 443 of Monongalia county shall constitute the forty-second 444 delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
- 445 (43) That portion of Marion county not included in the 446 forty-second delegate district shall constitute the forty-

- 447 third delegate district and shall elect three delegates;
- 448 (44) That portion of Monongalia county not included in the forty-second delegate district shall constitute the 449 450 forty-fourth delegate district and shall elect four 451 delegates:
- 452 (45) All of the Grant magisterial district, all of the 453 Kingwood magisterial district, all of the Pleasant 454 magisterial district, voting district EP 25 of the Reno 455 magisterial district, that portion of voting district EP 456 6, voting district EP 17, voting district EP 18 and voting 457 district EP 19 of the Portland magisterial district and voting district EP 9, voting district EP 12, that portion 458 of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 9639 contained in 459 460 voting district EP 10, that portion of Block Group 4 in 461 Census Tract 9639 contained in voting district EP 10. 462 and Block 301, Block 302, Block 303, Block 304, Block 463 305B. Block 312B. Block 313, Block 314, Block 319, Block 320, Block 321, Block 322, Block 323, Block 324, 464 Block 326, Block 337, Block 338 and Block 399 of Block 465 466 Group 3 in Census Tract 9639 contained in voting district EP 10, and Block 331, Block 332, Block 333, 467 Block 334, Block 335, Block 336, Block 337, Block 338B, 468 469 Block 340B, Block 349, Block 350, Block 351, Block 352, Block 353, Block 354, Block 355, Block 356, Block 357, 470 471 Block 358, Block 359, Block 360, Block 361, Block 362, Block 363, Block 364, Block 365, Block 366, Block 367, 472 473 Block 368 and Block 399C of Block Group 3 in Census 474 Tract 9643 contained in voting district EP 11 of the Valley magisterial district of Preston county shall 475 constitute the forty-fifth delegate district and shall elect 476 one delegate: 477
- 478 (46) The county of Tucker and that portion of Preston county not included in the forty-fifth delegate district 479 shall constitute the forty-sixth delegate district and shall elect one delegate:

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- (47) The county of Hardy and all of the county of Pendleton except voting district EP 13 of the Union magisterial district shall constitute the forty-seventh delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (48) The county of Grant and voting district EP 1,

voting district EP 2, voting district EP 3, voting district EP 6, voting district EP 8, voting district EP 27, voting district EP 28. voting district EP 29, voting district EP 30, voting district EP 31, voting district EP 34 and voting district EP 35 of magisterial District One of Mineral county, and voting district EP 13 of the Union magisterial district of Pendleton county shall constitute the forty-eighth delegate district and shall elect one delegate:

- (49) All of magisterial District Two, voting district EP 4 and voting district EP 5 of magisterial District One, and that portion of voting district EP 5, voting district EP 7, voting district EP 10, voting district EP 12, voting district EP 13, voting district EP 14 and voting district EP 15 of magisterial District Three of Mineral county shall constitute the forty-ninth delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
- 504 (50) The county of Hampshire and that portion of 505 Mineral county not included in the forty-eighth or forty-506 ninth delegate district shall constitute the fiftieth delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (51) The county of Morgan and voting district EP 40, voting district EP 41 and voting district EP 42 of the Hedgesville magisterial district of Berkeley county shall constitute the fifty-first delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (52) All of the Martinsburg magisterial district, that portion of voting district EP 2, voting district EP 2A, that portion of voting district EP 5, voting district EP 9, voting district EP 11, voting district EP 12, voting district EP 13 and that portion of voting district EP 22 of the Arden magisterial district, voting district EP 10, voting district EP 38, voting district EP 39 and voting district VTD 99 of the Hedgesville magisterial district, and voting district EP 15 and voting district EP 17A of the Opequon magisterial district of Berkeley county shall constitute the fifty-second delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
 - (53) All of the Gerrardstown magisterial district, all of the Mill Creek magisterial district and voting district

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- 527 EP 29, voting district EP 31, voting district EP 34. 528 voting district EP 35 and Block 119, Block 127, Block 529 128, Block 130, Block 134, Block 135, Block 136, Block 137, Block 138, Block 139, Block 140, Block 141, Block 530 142 and Block 143 of Block Group 1 in Census Tract 531 532 9720 contained in voting district EP 25 of the Arden magisterial district of Berkeley county shall constitute 533 534 the fifty-third delegate district and shall elect one 535 delegate;
 - (54) That portion of Berkeley county not included in the fifty-first, fifty-second or fifty-third delegate district shall constitute the fifty-fourth delegate district and shall elect one delegate;
- 540 (55) All of the Middleway magisterial district, all of 541 the Shepherdstown magisterial district, voting district 542 EP 22 of the Kabletown magisterial district and voting 543 district EP 13 of the Harpers Ferry magisterial district 544 of Jefferson county shall constitute the fifty-fifth 545 delegate district and shall elect one delegate; and
 - (56) That portion of Jefferson county not included in the fifty-fifth delegate district shall constitute the fiftysixth delegate district and shall elect one delegate.
- 549 (d) Regardless of the changes in delegate district boundaries made by the provisions of subsection (c) of 550 551 this section, the delegates elected at the general election held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety shall 552 continue to hold their offices as members of the House 553 554 of Delegates for the term, and as representatives of the 555 county or delegate district, for which each thereof, respectively, was elected. Any appointment made prior 556 to the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 557 ninety-two, to fill a vacancy in the office of a member 558 559 of the House of Delegates shall be made for the remainder of the term, and as representative of the 560 county or delegate district, for which the vacating 561 delegate was elected or appointed. 562
 - (e) In amending and reenacting this section, it is not the intention of the Legislature to alter or change the arrangement of the delegate districts and the apportionment of delegates as they were intended to be adopted

567 in the prior enactment of this section subsequent to the 568 United States census for the year one thousand nine 569 hundred ninety. Rather, it is the intent of the Legisla-570 ture in amending this section to have the language 571 comport with the maps relied upon by the Legislature 572 and the map attached to Enrolled House Bill 301 (1991 573 third extraordinary session) and to correct certain other 574 technical errors, such amendments being necessary to 575 reflect the intention of the Legislature at the time of its 576 initial reenactment of this section after the census.

CHAPTER 120

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4655—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate J. Martin)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-c, relating to restructuring and reorganizing joint legislative agencies, personnel and services; creation of divisions; and placing the operation of the divisions, joint agencies, personnel and services under the direction and policies of the joint committee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-c. to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. JOINT COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE.

§4-3-3c. Reorganization of joint legislative agencies.

- 1 (a) The joint committee on government and finance
- 2 has the authority over and direction of joint legislative
- 3 agencies, personnel and services, including, but not
- 4 limited to, the following:

- 5 (1) The commission on special investigations provided for in article five, chapter four of this code;
- 7 (2) The court of claims provided for in article two and crime victims compensation provided for in article two-9 a, chapter fourteen of this code;
- 10 (3) The legislative auditor provided for in article two, 11 chapter four of this code;
- 12 (4) The legislative rule-making review committee 13 provided for in article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of 14 this code:
- 15 (5) The legislative reference library provided for in section three of this article;
 - (6) The legislative automated systems division;
- 18 (7) Legislative services;

- 19 (8) Public information; and
- 20 (9) Joint services provided by one or more of the joint 21 agencies set forth in this subsection. The following joint 22 services are included:
- 23 (A) Bill drafting;
- 24 (B) Budget analysis;
- 25 (C) Duplicating;
- 26 (D) Financial, payroll, personnel and purchasing for joint agencies and personnel;
- 28 (E) Fiscal analysis;
- 29 (F) Post audits and performance audits;
- 30 (G) Research; and
- 31 (H) Joint services to other joint legislative committees 32 created and authorized by this code, to joint standing 33 committees of the Senate and House of Delegates, to 34 standing committees of the Senate and House of 35 Delegates and to legislative interim committees.
- 36 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 37 chapter to the contrary, the joint committee on govern-38 ment and finance has the authority to reorganize and

restructure the joint legislative agencies, personnel and 89 90 services as provided in subsection (a) of this section for 91 the purposes of improving their efficiency and the service they provide to the Legislature and to improve 92 93 the management thereof by the joint committee. To 94 accomplish these purposes, the joint committee may 95 create divisions as it determines necessary and transfer 96 and assign the joint agencies, personnel and services to 97 the divisions. The divisions, joint agencies, personnel and services shall operate under the direction and 98 99 policies of the joint committee: Provided. That nothing 100 in this section shall be construed to permit the joint 101 committee to alter or redefine the powers, duties and 102 responsibilities vested in the commission on special 103 investigations pursuant to article five of this chapter.

CHAPTER 121

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 48—By Senators J. Manchin, Hawse, Felton, Chernenko and Dittmar)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article five, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article seven of said chapter, relating to littering and criminal penalties therefor; presumption; responsibility for animals; alternative sentences and courts authorized to impose them; verification of compliance with alternative sentence; penalties for failure to comply with alternative sentence; requirement that litter control fund be appropriated; and requirement that commissioner of highways place signs informing persons of maximum penalties for littering.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article five, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twentysix, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Article

- 5. Water Resources.
- 7. Law Enforcement, Motorboating, Litter.

ARTICLE 5. WATER RESOURCES.

§20-5-15. Litter along streams, criminal penalties, enforcement.

- 1 (a) It shall be unlawful to place, deposit, dump or 2 throw, or cause to be placed, deposited, dumped or 3 thrown, any litter as defined in section twenty-four.
- 3 thrown, any litter as defined in section twenty-four, 4 article seven of this chapter and also any garbage,
- 5 refuse, trash, can, bottle, paper, ashes, carcass of any
- 6 dead animal or any part thereof, offal or any other
- 7 offensive or unsightly matter into any river, stream,
- 8 creek, branch, brook, lake or pond, or upon the surface
- 9 of any land within one hundred yards thereof, or in such
- 10 location that high water or normal drainage conditions
- will cause any such materials or substances to be
- washed into any river, stream, creek, branch, brook,
- 13 lake or pond.

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14 (b) No portion of this section shall be construed to 15 restrict an owner, renter or lessee in the use of his own 16 private property or rented or leased property or to 17 prohibit the disposal of any industrial and other wastes 18 into waters of this state in a manner consistent with the 19 provisions of article five-a of this chapter. But if any owner, renter or lessee, private or otherwise, knowingly 20 permits any such materials or substances to be placed, 21 22 deposited, dumped or thrown in such location that high water or normal drainage conditions will cause any such 23 materials or substances to wash into any river, stream, 24 creek, branch, brook, lake or pond, it shall be deemed 25 prima facie evidence that such owner, renter or lessee 26 intended to violate the provisions of this section: 27 Provided. That if a landowner, renter or lessee, private 28 or otherwise, reports any such placing, depositing. 29 dumping or throwing of any such substances or mate-30 rials upon his or her property to the prosecuting 31

attorney, county commission, or the division of natural

- resources, then the landowner, renter or lessee will be presumed to not have knowingly permitted such placing, depositing, dumping or throwing of such materials or substances.
 - (c) In addition to enforcement by the director, the chief of the division of water resources, and the division's chief law-enforcement officer, the provisions of this section may be enforced by all other proper law-enforcement agencies.
 - (d) (1) Any person violating any provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon his or her first conviction, shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars. At the request of the defendant or in the discretion of the court, the court may sentence the defendant to pick up and remove from any area of a bank of any river, stream, creek, branch, brook, lake or pond, or other property with prior permission of the owner, the area to be specified by the court, any and all litter, garbage, refuse, trash, cans, bottles, papers, ashes, carcass of any dead animal or any part thereof, offal or any other offensive or unsightly matter placed, deposited, dumped or thrown contrary to the provisions of this section by anyone prior to the date of such conviction. For the first offense, the alternative sentence of litter pickup shall be not less than eight hours nor more than sixteen hours in lieu of a fine. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "court" shall include circuit, magistrate and municipal courts.
 - (2) Upon his or her second conviction, such person shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and imprisoned in the county jail not less than twenty-four hours nor more than six months. At the request of the defendant or in the discretion of the court, the court may sentence the defendant to pick up and remove from any area of a bank of any river, stream, creek, branch, brook, lake or pond, or other property with prior permission of the owner, the area to be specified by the court, any and all litter, garbage, refuse, trash, cans, bottles, papers, ashes, carcass of any dead animal or any part thereof, offal or any other offensive or unsightly matter placed.

deposited, dumped or thrown contrary to the provisions of this section by anyone prior to the date of such conviction. For the second offense, the alternative sentence of litter pickup shall be not less than sixteen hours nor more than thirty-two hours in lieu of such fine or incarceration, but not both. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "court" shall include circuit and magistrate courts.

- (3) Upon such person's third and successive conviction, he or she shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than two thousand dollars and imprisoned in the county jail not less than forty-eight hours nor more than one year. At the request of the defendant or in the discretion of the court, the court may sentence the defendant to pick up and remove from any area of a bank of any river, stream, creek, branch, brook, lake or pond, or other property with prior permission of the owner, the area to be specified by the court, any and all litter, garbage, refuse, trash, cans, bottles, papers, ashes, carcass of any dead animal or any part thereof. offal or any other offensive or unsightly matter placed. deposited, dumped or thrown contrary to the provisions of this section by anyone prior to the date of such conviction. Upon a third conviction the alternative sentence of litter pickup shall be not less than thirtytwo hours nor more than sixty-four hours in lieu of such fine or incarceration, but not both. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "court" shall include circuit and magistrate courts.
- (4) The alternative sentence of litter pickup herein set forth shall be verified by the conservation officers or environmental inspectors from the division of natural resources, office of environmental enforcement or a regional engineering technician from the division of natural resources, pollution prevention and open dumps program (PPOD) of the county in which the offense occurred. Any defendant receiving the herein specified alternative sentence of litter pickup shall provide within a time to be set by the court written acknowledgement from said conservation officers or environmental officers that the sentence has been completed.

- 115 (5) Any person who has been found by the court to 116 have willfully failed to comply with the terms of an 117 alternative sentence imposed by the court pursuant to
- this section shall be subject at the discretion of the court
- to up to twice the original penalty provisions available
- 120 to the court at the time of conviction.

ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, MOTORBOATING, LITTER.

- §20-7-26. Unlawful disposal of litter; civil and criminal penalties; litter control fund; evidence; notice of violations; litter receptacle placement; penalties; duty to enforce violations.
 - 1 (a) (1) Any person who places, deposits, dumps or 2 throws or causes to be placed, deposited, dumped or 3 thrown any litter as defined in section twenty-four of 4 this article, in or upon any public or private highway, 5 road, street or alley, or upon any private property without the consent of the owner, or in or upon any 6 7 public park or other public property other than in such 8 place as may be set aside for such purpose by the 9 governing body having charge thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon his or her first conviction, shall 10 be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five 11 12 hundred dollars: Provided, That a person shall not be held responsible for the actions of animals under their 13 direct control. At the request of the defendant or in the 14 15 discretion of the court, the court may sentence the defendant to pick up and remove from any public 16 17 highway, road, street, alley or any other public park or 18 public property as designated by the court, any and all 19 litter, garbage, refuse, trash, cans, bottles, papers, 20 ashes, carcass of any dead animal or any part thereof. 21 offal or any other offensive or unsightly matter placed, 22 deposited, dumped or thrown contrary to the provisions of this section by anyone prior to the date of such 23 conviction. For the first offense, the alternative sentence 24 25 of litter pickup shall be not less than eight hours nor more than sixteen hours in lieu of other such fine. For 26 purposes of this subdivision, the term "court" shall 27 include circuit, magistrate and municipal courts. 28
 - (2) Upon his or her second conviction, such person

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shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and imprisoned in the county jail not less than twenty-four hours nor more than six months: Provided, That a person shall not be held responsible for the actions of animals under their direct control. At the request of the defendant or in the discretion of the court, the court may sentence the defendant to pick up and remove from any public highway, road, street, alley or any other public park or public property as designated by the court, any and all litter, garbage, refuse, trash, cans, bottles, papers, ashes, carcass of any dead animal or any part thereof. offal or any other offensive or unsightly matter placed. deposited, dumped or thrown contrary to the provisions of this section by anyone prior to the date of such conviction. For the second offense, the alternative sentence of litter pickup shall be not less than sixteen hours nor more than thirty-two hours in lieu of such fine or incarceration, but not both. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "court" shall include circuit and magistrate courts.

(3) Upon such person's third and successive conviction, he or she shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than two thousand dollars and imprisoned in the county jail not less than forty-eight hours nor more than one year: Provided, That a person shall not be held responsible for the actions of animals under their direct control. At the request of the defendant or in the discretion of the court, the court may sentence the defendant to pick up and remove from any public highway, road, street, alley or any other public park or public property as designated by the court, any and all litter, garbage, refuse, trash, cans, bottles, papers, ashes, carcass of any dead animal or any part thereof, offal or any other offensive or unsightly matter placed. deposited, dumped or thrown contrary to the provisions of this section by anyone prior to the date of such conviction. Upon a third conviction, the alternative sentence of litter pickup shall be not less than thirtytwo hours nor more than sixty-four hours in lieu of such fine or incarceration, but not both. For purposes of this

- subdivision, the term "court" shall include circuit and magistrate courts.
 - (4) The alternative sentence of litter pickup herein set forth shall be verified by the conservation officers or environmental inspectors from the division of natural resources, office of environmental enforcement or a regional engineering technician from the division of natural resources, pollution prevention and open dumps program (PPOD) of the county in which the offense occurred. Any defendant receiving the herein specified alternative sentence of litter pickup shall provide within a time to be set by the court written acknowledgement from said conservation officers or environmental officers that the sentence has been completed.
 - (5) Any person who has been found by the court to have willfully failed to comply with the terms of an alternative sentence imposed by the court pursuant to this section shall be subject at the discretion of the court to up to twice the original penalty provisions available to the court at the time of conviction.
 - (6) If any litter be thrown or cast from a motor vehicle or boat, such action is prima facie evidence that the driver of such motor vehicle or boat intended to violate the provisions of this section. If any litter be dumped or discharged from a motor vehicle or boat, such action is prima facie evidence that the owner and driver of such motor vehicle or boat intended to violate the provisions of this section.
 - (b) Any litter found on any public or private property with any indication of ownership on it will be evidence creating a rebuttable inference it was deposited improperly by the person whose identity is indicated, and any person who improperly disposes of litter shall be subject to either a civil fine of up to five hundred dollars for such litter or required to pay the costs of removal of such litter if the removal of such litter is required to be done by the division, at the discretion of the director. All such fines and costs shall be deposited to the litter control fund: *Provided*, That no inference shall be drawn solely from the presence of any logo, trademark, trade

111 name or other similar mass reproduced identifying 112 character appearing on litter found.

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(c) Every person who is convicted of or pleads guilty 114 to disposing of litter in violation of subsection (a) of this 115 section shall pay the sum of not less than fifty dollars 116 nor more than five hundred dollars as costs for clean-117 up, investigation and prosecution in such case, in 118 addition to any other court costs that the court is 119 otherwise required by law to impose upon such con-120 victed person.

121 The clerk of the circuit court, magistrate court or municipal court wherein such additional costs are 122 123 imposed shall, on or before the last day of each month. 124 transmit all such costs received under this subsection to 125 the state treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to 126 the credit of a special revenue fund to be known as the litter control fund which is hereby continued. Expendi-127 128 tures for purposes set forth in this section are not 129 authorized from collections but are to be made only in 130 accordance with appropriation and in accordance with 131 the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this 132 code and upon fulfillment of the provisions set forth in 133 article two, chapter five-a of this code: Provided, That 134 for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one 135 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, expenditures shall 136 be authorized from collections. Amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed 137 138 for the purposes set forth in this article may be 139 transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated 140 for other purposes by appropriation of the Legislature.

- (d) (1) The commissioner of motor vehicles, upon registering a motor vehicle or issuing an operator's or chauffeur's license, shall issue to the owner or licensee, as the case may be, a copy of subsection (a) of this section.
- (2) The commissioner of highways shall cause approp-146 riate signs to be placed at the state boundary on each 147 primary and secondary road, and at other locations 148 throughout the state, informing those entering the state 149

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- of the maximum penalty provided for disposing of litter in violation of subsection (a) of this section.
- 152 (e) Any state agency or political subdivision that owns. 153 operates or otherwise controls any public area as may 154 be designated by the director by rule promulgated 155 pursuant to subdivision (8), subsection (a), section 156 twenty-five of this article, shall procure and place litter 157 receptacles at his own expense upon his premises and 158 shall remove and dispose of litter collected in such litter 159 receptacles. After receiving two written warnings from 160 any law-enforcement officer or officers to comply with 161 this subsection or the said rules of the director, any 162 person who fails to place and maintain such litter 163 receptacles upon his or her premises in violation of this 164 subsection or the rules of the director shall be fined 165 fifteen dollars per day of such violation.
 - (f) No portion of this section shall be construed to restrict a private owner in the use of his own private property in any manner otherwise authorized by law.
 - (g) Any law-enforcement officer who shall observe a person violating the provisions of this section shall have a mandatory duty to arrest or otherwise prosecute the violator to the limits provided herein. The West Virginia division of highways shall investigate and cause to be prosecuted violations of this section occurring upon the highways of the state as the term "highways" is defined in chapter seventeen of this code.

CHAPTER 122

(H. B. 4094-By Delegates Love and L. White)

[Passed February 27, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the state lottery commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-six, article twenty-two, chapter twentynine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. STATE LOTTERY ACT.

§29-22-26. Continuation of state lottery commission.

- 1 After having conducted a performance audit through
- 2 its joint committee on government operations, pursuant
- 3 to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the
- 4 Legislature hereby finds and declares that the state
- 5 lottery commission should be continued and reestab-
- 6 lished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of
- 7 section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the
- 8 state lottery commission shall continue to exist until the
- 9 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 10 eight.

CHAPTER 123

(H. B. 4077—By Delegates Gallagher and Ashley)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four and fourteen, article one; section one, article two; sections two-a, four and six, article three; sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, nine and ten, article four; sections two, eight, ten, eleven and thirteen, article five; and section one, article six, all of chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to magistrate courts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four and fourteen, article one; section one, article two; sections two-a, four and six, article three; sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, nine and ten, article four;

sections two, eight, ten, eleven and thirteen, article five; and section one, article six, all of chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

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- 1. Courts and Officers.
- 2. Jurisdiction and Authority.
- 3. Costs, Fines and Records.
- 4. Procedure Before Trial.
- 5. Trials, Hearings and Appeals.
- 6. Enforcement of Civil Judgments.

ARTICLE 1. COURTS AND OFFICERS.

- §50-1-4. Qualifications of magistrates; training; oath; continuing education, time devoted to public duties.
- §50-1-14. Duties of sheriff; service of process; bailiff.

§50-1-4. Qualifications of magistrates; training; oath; continuing education; time devoted to public duties.

Each magistrate shall be at least twenty-one years of 1 age, shall have a high school education or its equivalent, 2 3 shall not have been convicted of any felony or any misdemeanor involving moral turpitude and shall reside 4 in the county of his election. No magistrate shall be a 5 member of the immediate family of any other magis-6 trate in the county. In the event more than one member 7 of an immediate family shall be elected in a county, only 8 9 the member receiving the highest number of votes shall be eligible to serve. For purposes of this section, 10 immediate family means the relationship of mother, 11 father, sister, brother, child or spouse. Notwithstanding 12 the foregoing provisions of this section, each person who 13 14 held the office of justice of the peace on the fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, 15 16 and who served in or performed the functions of such 17 office for at least one year immediately prior thereto shall be deemed qualified to run for the office of 18 magistrate in the county of his residence. 19

No person shall assume the duties of magistrate unless he shall have first attended and completed a course of instruction in rudimentary principles of law and procedure which shall be given in accordance with

24 the supervisory rules of the supreme court of appeals.

All magistrates shall be required to attend such other courses of continuing educational instruction as may be required by supervisory rule of the supreme court of appeals. Failure to attend such courses of continuing educational instruction without good cause shall constitute neglect of duty. Such courses shall be provided at least once every other year. Persons attending such courses outside of the county of their residence shall be reimbursed by the state for expenses actually incurred in accordance with the supervisory rules of the supreme court of appeals.

Each magistrate shall, before assuming the duties of office, take an oath of office to be administered by the circuit judge of the county, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court. Each magistrate shall maintain the qualifications for office at all times.

Each magistrate who serves five thousand or less in population shall devote such time to his public duties as shall be required by rule or regulation of the judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court. Each magistrate who serves more than five thousand in population shall devote full time to his public duties. As nearly as practicable, the workload and the total number of hours required shall be divided evenly among the magistrates in a county by such judge.

§50-1-14. Duties of sheriff; service of process; bailiff.

1 (a) It shall be the duty of each sheriff to execute all civil and criminal process from any magistrate court 3 which may be directed to such sheriff. Process shall be 4 served in the same manner as provided by law for process from circuit courts.

Subject to the supervision of the chief justice of the supreme court of appeals or of the judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court, it shall be the duty of the sheriff, or his designated deputy, to serve as bailiff of

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as judgments.

- 11 a magistrate court upon the request of the magistrate.
- 12 Such service shall also be subject to such administrative
- 13 rules as may be promulgated by the supreme court of
- appeals. A writ of mandamus shall lie on behalf of a 14
- 15 magistrate to enforce the provisions of this section.
- 16 (b) The sheriff of any county may employ, by and with
- 17 the consent of the county commission, one or more
- 18 persons whose sole duties shall be the service of civil
- 19 process and the service of subpoenas and subpoenas
- 20 duces tecum. Any such person shall not be considered
- 21 a deputy or deputy sheriff within the meaning of
- 22 subdivision (2), subsection (a), section two, article
- 23 fourteen, chapter seven of this code, nor shall any such
- 24 person be authorized to carry deadly weapons in the

Except as limited herein and in addition to jurisdic-

25 performance of his duties.

ARTICLE 2. JURISDICTION AND AUTHORITY.

§50-2-1. Civil jurisdiction.

- 2 tion granted elsewhere to magistrate courts or justices 3 of the peace, magistrate courts shall have jurisdiction of 4 all civil actions wherein the value or amount in controversy or the value of property sought, exclusive of 5 6 interest and cost, is not more than three thousand 7 dollars. Magistrate courts shall have jurisdiction of all 8 matters involving unlawful entry or detainer of real 9 property or involving wrongful occupation of residential 10 rental property, so long as the title to such property is 11 not in dispute. Except as the same may be in conflict 12 with the provisions of this chapter, the provisions of 13 article three, chapter fifty-five of this code, regarding 14 unlawful entry and detainer, shall apply to such actions 15 in magistrate court. Magistrate courts shall have jurisdiction of actions on bonds given pursuant to the 16 provisions of this chapter. Magistrate courts shall have 17 continuing jurisdiction to entertain motions in regard to 18
- 22 Magistrate courts shall not have jurisdiction of actions 23 in equity, of matters in eminent domain, of matters in

post-judgment process issued from magistrate court and decisions thereon may be appealed in the same manner

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- which the title to real estate is in issue, of proceedings seeking satisfaction of liens through the sale of real estate, of actions for false imprisonment, of actions for malicious prosecution or of actions for slander or libel or of any of the extraordinary remedies set forth in
- 29 chapter fifty-three of this code.
- Magistrates, magistrate court clerks, magistrate court deputy clerks, and magistrate assistants shall have
- 32 the authority to administer any oath or affirmation, to
- 33 take any affidavit or deposition, unless otherwise
- 34 expressly provided by law, and to take, under such
- 35 regulations as are prescribed by law, the acknowledg-
- 36 ment of deeds and other writings.

ARTICLE 3. COSTS, FINES AND RECORDS.

- §50-3-2a. Payment of fines by credit card or payment plan; suspension of licenses for failure to pay fines.
- §50-3-4. Disposition of costs; magistrate court fund.
- §50-3-6. Collection of costs and fines.

§50-3-2a. Payment of fines by credit card or payment plan; suspension of licenses for failure to pay fines.

- 1 (a) A magistrate court may accept credit cards in 2 payment of all costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties. The supreme court of appeals shall adopt rules and regula-3 4 tions regarding the use of credit cards to pay fines, and 5 such rules and regulations shall state that any charges made by the credit company shall be paid by the person 6 responsible for paying the fine. A magistrate court may 7 8 collect a substantial portion of all costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties at the time such amount is imposed by the 9 court so long as the court requires the balance to be paid 10 within ninety days and in accordance with a payment 11 plan which specifies: (1) The number of additional 12 payments to be made; (2) the dates on which such 13 payments and amounts shall be made; and (3) amounts 14 due on such dates. 15
 - (b) If costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties imposed by the magistrate court for hunting or fishing violations as described in chapter twenty of this code, or for motor vehicle violations as described in section three-a, article

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three, chapter seventeen-b of this code are not paid in full within ninety days of the judgment, the magistrate court clerk or, upon a judgment rendered on appeal, the circuit clerk must notify the director of the division of natural resources or the division of motor vehicles, whichever is applicable, of such failure to pay.

Upon such notice, the division of motor vehicles shall suspend the operator's or commercial driver's license and the director of the division of natural resources shall suspend the hunting or fishing license of the person defaulting on payment until such time that the costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties are paid.

- (c) If a person charged with a motor vehicle violation, as defined in section three-a, article three, chapter seventeen-b of this code, fails to appear or otherwise respond in court, the magistrate court must notify the director of the division of motor vehicles thereof within fifteen days of the scheduled date to appear, unless such person sooner appears or otherwise responds in court to the satisfaction of the magistrate. Upon such notice, the division of motor vehicles shall suspend the operator's or commercial driver's license of the person failing to appear or otherwise respond in accordance with the provisions of section six, article three, chapter seventeen-b of this code.
- (d) In every criminal case which involves a misdemea nor violation, a magistrate may order restitution when
 rendering judgment.

§50-3-4. Disposition of costs; magistrate court fund.

1 Except for the funds specified in section four-a, all 2 costs collected in magistrate courts in a civil or criminal 3 proceeding shall be submitted on or before the tenth day 4 of the month following the month of their collection to the magistrate court clerk or, if there is no magistrate 5 6 court clerk, to the clerk of the circuit court along with 7 such information as may be required by the rules of the supreme court and by the rules of the chief inspector 8 of public offices. Such clerk shall pay costs into the 9 special county fund hereafter created during each fiscal 10 11 year until there shall have been paid a sum equal to

- 12 twelve thousand five hundred dollars multiplied by the
- 13 number of magistrates authorized for such county. All
- 14 costs collected in excess of such sum during a fiscal year
- 15 shall be paid to the state. All costs and fees collected by
- 16 magistrates on or after the first day of July, one
- 17 thousand nine hundred seventy-six, shall be paid into
- 18 said special county fund hereinafter created.
- 19 There is hereby created in each county a special
- 20 county fund designated as the magistrate court fund. No
- 21 moneys shall be appropriated from the fund except for
- 22 the purposes provided for in this section. Any money
- 23 remaining in the magistrate court fund on the thirtieth
- 24 day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine.
- 25 and on the thirtieth day of June of each year thereafter.
- 25 and on the infrieth day of June of each year thereafter
- 26 shall be paid to the state.
- 27 A county may, in accordance with the supervisory
- 28 rules of the supreme court of appeals, appropriate and
- 29 spend from such fund such sums as shall be necessary
- 30 to defray the expenses of providing services to magis-
- 31 trate courts.

§50-3-6. Collection of costs and fines.

- 1 On motion of the prosecuting attorney, the magistrate
- 2 court may issue execution or employ other means of
- 3 enforcing judgment to collect fines and costs imposed in
- 4 proceedings before the court and tax the cost thereof as
- 5 a part of the execution or other process. Such execution
- 6 or other process shall be directed to the sheriff for
- 7 collection. The sheriff shall collect the fees prescribed
- 8 for his services from the party from whom the fine or
- 9 costs are being collected. Money so collected shall be
- 10 paid by the sheriff to the magistrate court and shall be
- 11 paid by the magistrate court in the manner provided by
- 12 law.

ARTICLE 4. PROCEDURE BEFORE TRIAL.

- §50-4-1. Commencement of civil actions.
- §50-4-2. Commencement of criminal actions.
- 850-4-3. Appointment of counsel in criminal proceeding.
- 850-4-4. Long-arm jurisdiction; manner of service in civil cases.
- §50-4-5. Return date in civil action; setting of trial date; failure to appear

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§50-4-6. Return date in criminal proceedings; setting trial date.

§50-4-7. Transfer to another magistrate.

§50-4-9. Counterclaim.

§50-4-10. Judgment before trial.

§50-4-1. Commencement of civil actions.

1 There shall be one form of civil action in magistrate 2 court. Civil actions shall be commenced by the payment 3 of the fees required by article three of this chapter and 4 by providing any magistrate court clerk, magistrate 5 court deputy clerk, or magistrate assistant with a 6 concise statement, either oral or written, of the nature 7 of the cause of action. Where such statement is filed by a commercial creditor, the statement shall include, but 8 9 not be limited to, a setting forth of the amount of the 10 original obligation, the portion thereof which constitutes 11 principal, the portion thereof which represents interest, 12 the date and amount of payments thereon, the amount, if any, credited for the sale of repossessed collateral, and 13 14 the amount alleged to be due. The magistrate court 15 clerk, the magistrate court deputy clerk, or magistrate 16 assistant shall immediately prepare a summons in such 17 form and containing such information as may be 18 required by the rules of the supreme court of appeals. The summons shall be dated the same day the request 19 20 therefor is received and the appropriate fees received, 21 and the action shall be deemed commenced as of that 22 date. The magistrate assistant shall thereupon forward 23 the matter to the magistrate court clerk together with 24 any service of process fees which may have been 25 collected.

Upon receipt of the matter by the magistrate court clerk, such clerk shall docket the same in a central docket, and shall sign the summons and forward it, together with any service of process fees, to the sheriff for service. Such clerk shall assign the action for trial in the manner as shall be prescribed by the judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court, to promote and secure the convenient and expeditious transaction of the business of the court.

§50-4-2. Commencement of criminal actions.

- 1 Criminal actions shall be commenced by a complaint
- 2 filed in compliance with the provisions of article one,
- 3 chapter sixty-two of this code.

§50-4-3. Appointment of counsel in criminal proceeding.

In any criminal proceeding in a magistrate court in 1 2 which the applicable statutes authorize a sentence of 3 confinement the magistrate shall at the time of the initial appearance advise a defendant of his right to 4 counsel and his right to have counsel appointed if such 5 defendant cannot afford to retain counsel. In the event 6 7 a defendant requests that counsel be appointed and 8 executes an affidavit that he is unable to afford counsel, 9 the magistrate shall stay further proceedings and shall 10 request the judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge 11 thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit 12 court, to appoint counsel. Such judge shall thereupon 13 appoint counsel. If there is no judge sitting in the county 14 at the time of the request, then the clerk of the circuit 15 court shall appoint counsel from a list of attorneys in 16 accordance with the rules established by such judge of 17 the circuit court. Counsel shall be paid for his services 18 and expenses in accordance with the provisions of article 19 twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

§50-4-4. Long-arm jurisdiction; manner of service in civil cases.

1 Magistrate courts shall have long-arm jurisdiction as follows: Over domestic and foreign corporations as 2 provided in section fifteen, article one, chapter thirty-3 one of this code; over nonresident holders of consumer 4 instruments as provided in section one hundred thirty-5 seven, article two, chapter forty-six-a of this code; over 6 domestic and foreign limited partnerships as provided 7 in section four, article nine, chapter forty-seven of this 8 code; over voluntary associations and business trusts as 9 provided in section five, article nine-a, chapter forty-10 seven of this code; over nonresident motorists as 11 provided in section thirty-one, article three, chapter 12 fifty-six of this code; and over nonresidents with certain 13 contacts with this state as provided in section thirtv-14 three, article three, chapter fifty-six of this code. 15

- 16 Service of process in civil actions shall be made in the
- same manner as is provided for service of process in 17
- 18 trial courts of record.

§50-4-5. Return date in civil action; setting of trial date; failure to appear or notify.

- 1 Except as may otherwise be provided by law, each 2
 - summons in a civil action shall notify the defendant that
- 3 he must appear within twenty days after service of the
- 4 summons upon him or that he must otherwise notify the
- 5 magistrate court by that time that he wishes to contest
- the matter. 6
- 7 If the magistrate court is notified by the defendant
- 8 that he wishes to contest the matter a trial date shall
- 9 be set in accordance with the supervisory rules of the
- 10 supreme court of appeals.
- 11 If no appearance or other notification is made within
- 12 twenty days after the service of the summons on the
- defendant, or within such other time as may be provided 13
- by law, judgment by default may be entered in accor-14
- dance with the provisions of section ten of this article. 15
- 16 At any trial in any matter involving unlawful entry
- 17 and detainer and in the trial of any case in any way
- involving the possession, use or control of rental 18
- property, it is permissible for a party to plead, prove 19
- and obtain judgment for all rent due and owing the 20
- 21 party.

§50-4-6. Return date in criminal proceedings; setting trial date.

- 1 When a warrant has been duly executed or when a
- 2 defendant appears in response to a summons, the
- 3 defendant shall be notified of the return date set by the
- court. The defendant shall appear before the magistrate 4
- 5 on or before the return date. In the event a trial or
- preliminary examination is not expressly waived by 6
- such defendant, the magistrate shall set a date for such 7
- trial or preliminary examination and shall notify all 8
- 9 parties.

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§50-4-7. Transfer to another magistrate.

1 Any party to a civil or criminal proceeding before a magistrate in any county wherein there is more than one 2 3 magistrate may file an affidavit that the magistrate 4 before whom the matter is pending has a personal bias or prejudice either against him or in favor of any 5 6 opposite party or that such magistrate has counseled 7 with any opposite party with respect to the merits of the 8 proceeding. The affidavit shall state the facts and 9 reasons for belief in the truth thereof. Such affidavit must be filed within such time as may be provided by 10 the supervisory rules of the supreme court of appeals. 11 The supreme court of appeals shall provide a form 12 13 affidavit which shall be made available to all parties 14 and which shall comply with the requirements of this 15 section.

Upon the timely filing of such affidavit, the magistrate shall transfer all matters relating to the case to the magistrate court clerk, who shall thereupon assign and transfer the matter to be heard by some other magistrate within the county upon a basis to be established by the judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court. Such transfer and assignment shall be permitted, however, only if there is some other magistrate in the county before whom the matter had not been previously pending. No party shall be entitled to cause such a transfer more than once.

The magistrate to whom the matter is assigned shall set a new return date not more than five days from his receipt of the matter, shall notify all parties thereof, and shall proceed with the matter as if it had been originally assigned to him.

§50-4-9. Counterclaim.

A defendant in a civil action may file a counterclaim and if such counterclaim arises from the same transaction or occurrence that is the subject matter of the initial claim they shall be tried together. The failure to institute a counterclaim permitted by this section shall not preclude the institution of an action on such claim

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- 7 at a later date. The adjudication of the original claim
- 8 shall not constitute res judicata as to any such permitted
- 9 counterclaim nor shall it act as an estoppel as to such
- 10 permitted counterclaim.

§50-4-10. Judgment before trial.

- If a defendant in a civil action fails to appear or otherwise notify the magistrate court within the time limits prescribed by section five of this article that he wishes to contest the action, the magistrate may enter
- 5 judgment as justice may require as follows:
- 6 (a) The magistrate shall enter judgment by default 7 only upon affidavit or sworn testimony reflecting the 8 nature of the claim, whether or not it is for a sum certain or for a sum which can by computation be made 9 10 certain, the defendant's failure to appear or otherwise 11 notify the court within the time limits prescribed by 12 section five of this article that he wishes to contest the 13 action and supporting the relief sought. In the event the 14 plaintiff's claim is not for a sum certain or for a sum 15 which can by computation be made certain, the court 16 shall require such further proof by affidavit or sworn 17 testimony as is necessary to determine the propriety of 18 the relief sought.
 - (b) No judgment by default shall be rendered against a person who is an infant, incompetent person or incarcerated convict unless such person is represented in the action by a guardian ad litem, guardian, committee, curator or other like fiduciary.

Upon motion made by the defendant within twenty days after the entry of such judgment, the magistrate may, for good cause shown, set aside the judgment and set the matter for trial.

If a defendant offers to confess judgment at any time, the magistrate shall take the same in writing and enter judgment for the amount confessed plus costs. In the event the amount claimed by the plaintiff exceeds the amount confessed by the defendant the plaintiff may request that the matter be set for trial. If the plaintiff's recovery therein does not exceed the amount confessed,

35 costs shall be assessed against the plaintiff.

ARTICLE 5. TRIALS, HEARING AND APPEALS.

§50-5-2. Continuances.

§50-5-8. Trial by jury.

§50-5-10. Setting aside judgment.

§50-5-11. Contempt.

§50-5-13. Appeals in criminal cases.

§50-5-2. Continuances.

A magistrate may continue the holding of a trial or

2 hearing as provided in the supervisory rules of the 3 supreme court of appeals. In criminal proceedings when

4 the defendant is in custody, the state shall not have the

5 right to a continuance but may be granted a continuance

6 for no more than five days if good cause is shown. In

7 criminal proceedings when the defendant is in custody,

8 the magistrate may continue the matter no more than

9 once on his own motion over the objection of the

defendant and such continuance over the objection of the

defendant shall not be for more than two days.

§50-5-8. Trial by jury.

Any party to a civil action is entitled to a trial by jury

when the amount in controversy exceeds twenty dollars
or involves possession to real estate. Any defendant in

4 any criminal action shall be entitled to a trial by jury,

5 and any such verdict must be unanimous. A defendant

6 in a criminal proceeding may waive a jury trial if he

7 is advised of his right to a jury trial and such waiver

8 is made in writing. A magistrate court jury shall consist

9 of six persons, to be selected from a panel of ten persons.

10 The selection and summoning of jurors shall be con-

11 ducted in accordance with the provisions of article one,

12 chapter fifty-two of this code and with the supervisory

13 rules of the supreme court of appeals. Jurors shall be

paid by the state in accordance with such rules.

§50-5-10. Setting aside judgment.

1 Upon motion made within twenty days after judg-

2 ment by any party in a civil action or by the defendant

3 in a criminal action, the magistrate who heard the

4 matter or his successor or designee may, upon good

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- 5 cause shown, set aside judgment and order a new trial.
- All parties shall be given notice of such motion and an
- 7 opportunity to be heard.

§50-5-11. Contempt.

- A magistrate may punish for contempt of court a person guilty of any of the following acts:
- 3 (a) Contemptuous or insolent behavior toward such 4 magistrate while engaged in the trial of a case or in any 5 other judicial proceeding;
 - (b) Any breach of the peace, willful disturbance, or indecent conduct in the presence of such magistrate while so engaged, or so near as to obstruct or interrupt the proceedings;
- 10 (c) Violence or threats of violence to such magistrate, 11 or any officer, juror, witness, or party going to, 12 attending, or returning from, any judicial proceeding 13 before the court with respect to anything done or to be 14 done in the course of such proceeding;
- (d) Flagrant misbehavior of any officer of the county
 acting in his official capacity with respect to any action
 or judicial proceeding had or pending before the court,
 or any process, judgment, order or notice therein; or
 - (e) Willful resistance by an officer of the court, juror, witness, party or other person to any lawful process or order of the court.

A magistrate may, if necessary, issue a warrant of arrest for such person, who shall be given an opportunity to be heard. In the event such person is adjudged guilty of contempt, the person may be fined not more than fifty dollars for the first offense. For a second offense pertaining to the same matter the person may be fined not more than one hundred dollars. For the third or any subsequent offense pertaining to the same matter the person may be fined not more than one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than ten days, or both fined and imprisoned.

An appeal to the circuit court of such conviction shall lie as in criminal cases.

§50-5-13. Appeals in criminal cases.

1 Any person convicted of an offense in a magistrate 2 court may appeal such conviction to circuit court as a 3 matter of right by requesting such appeal within twenty 4 days of the sentencing for such conviction. The magis-5 trate may require the posting of bond with good security 6 conditioned upon the appearance of the defendant as required in circuit court, but such bond may not exceed 7 the maximum amount of any fine which could be 8 9 imposed for the offense. Such bond may be upon the 10 defendant's own recognizance. If no appeal is perfected 11 within such twenty-day period, the circuit court of the 12 county may, not later than ninety days after the 13 sentencing, grant an appeal upon a showing of good cause why such appeal was not filed within such twenty-14 day period. The filing or granting of an appeal shall 15 16 automatically stay the sentence of the magistrate. Trial 17 in circuit court shall be de novo. Notwithstanding any 18 other provision of this code to the contrary, there shall 19 be no appeal from a plea of guilty where the defendant 20 was represented by counsel at the time the plea was 21 entered: Provided, That the defendant shall have an 22 appeal from a plea of guilty where an extraordinary 23 remedy would lie or where the magistrate court lacked 24 jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 6. ENFORCEMENT OF CIVIL JUDGMENTS.

§50-6-1. Enforcement of judgments.

(a) The provisions of articles three, four, five, five-a, 1 five-b and six, chapter thirty-eight of this code, except 2 as the same are in conflict with the provisions of this 3 4 chapter or are clearly applicable only to courts of record, shall apply to the enforcement of judgments 5 rendered in magistrate court and process therefor shall 6 issue from magistrate court. Process issued in violation 7 of such provisions shall be void. The form of such 8 process shall be in accord with the rules of the supreme 9 court of appeals. No such process shall issue until after 10 twenty days after the judgment is rendered or. if a 11 motion to set aside such judgment is then pending, until 12 after twenty days after the determination of such 13 motion. 14

- 15 (b) A magistrate court clerk, deputy clerk or magis-
- 16 trate assistant before whom a suggestion of salary and
- 17 wages is instituted pursuant to the provisions of articles
- 18 five-a and five-b, chapter thirty-eight of this code shall
- 19 forward all post judgment process directly to the sheriff
- 20 of any county in the same manner and with the same
- 21 authority as has been given to circuit clerks, pursuant
- 22 to section five, article three, chapter fifty-six.

CHAPTER 124

(H. B. 4208—By Delegates Lane and Manuel)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nine and nine-a, article one, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to removing the requirement that a magistrate assistant or magistrate court deputy clerk reside in the county where appointed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine and nine-a, article one, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. COURTS AND OFFICERS.

§50-1-9. Magistrate assistants; salary; duties.

§50-1-9a. Magistrate court deputy clerks; salary; duties.

§50-1-9. Magistrate assistants; salary; duties.

- 1 In each county there shall be one magistrate assistant
- 2 for each magistrate. Each magistrate assistant shall be
- 3 appointed by the magistrate under whose authority and
- 4 supervision and at whose will and pleasure he or she
- 5 shall serve. The assistant shall not be a member of the
- 6 immediate family of any magistrate and shall not have
- been convicted of a felony or any misdemeanor involving
 moral turpitude and shall reside in the state of West

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- 9 Virginia. For the purpose of this section, "immediate family" means the relationships of mother, father, sister, brother, child or spouse.
- 12 A magistrate assistant shall have such duties, clerical 13 or otherwise, as may be assigned by the magistrate and 14 as may be prescribed by the rules of the supreme court 15 of appeals or the judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the 16 17 circuit court. In addition to these duties, magistrate 18 assistants shall perform and be accountable to the 19 magistrate court clerks with respect to the following 20 duties:
- 21 (1) The preparation of summons in civil actions:
 - (2) The assignment of civil actions to the various magistrates;
- 24 (3) The collection of all costs, fees, fines, forfeitures and penalties which may be payable to the court;
 - (4) The submission of such moneys, along with an accounting thereof, to appropriate authorities as provided by law;
 - (5) The daily disposition of closed files which are to be located in the magistrate clerk's office;
 - (6) All duties related to the gathering of information and documents necessary for the preparation of administrative reports and documents required by the rules of the supreme court of appeals or the judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court;
- 37 (7) All duties relating to the notification, certification 38 and payment of jurors serving pursuant to the terms of 39 this chapter;
- 40 (8) All other duties or responsibilities whereby the 41 magistrate assistant is accountable to the magistrate 42 court clerk as the magistrate determines.

Magistrate assistants shall be paid a monthly salary by the state. Magistrate assistants serving magistrates who serve less than ten thousand in population shall be

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46 paid up to nine hundred sixty-seven dollars per month 47 and magistrate assistants serving magistrates who serve 48 ten thousand or more in population shall be paid up to 49 one thousand two hundred twenty-five dollars per 50 month: Provided. That on and after the first day of 51 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, mag-52 istrate assistants serving magistrates who serve less 53 than ten thousand in population shall be paid up to one 54 thousand fifty-one dollars per month and magistrate 55 assistants serving magistrates who serve ten thousand 56 or more in population shall be paid up to one thousand 57 three hundred nine dollars per month: Provided. 58 however, That on and after the first day of January, one 59 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, magistrate assist-60 ants serving magistrates who serve less than eight 61 thousand five hundred in population shall be paid up to 62 one thousand one hundred seventy-six dollars per month 63 and magistrate assistants serving magistrates who serve 64 eight thousand five hundred or more in population shall 65 be paid up to one thousand four hundred thirty-four 66 dollars per month: Provided further, That after the 67 effective date of this section, any general salary increase 68 granted to all state employees, whose salaries are not set by statute, expressed as a percentage increase or an 69 "across-the-board" increase, may also be granted to 70 71 magistrate assistants. For the purpose of determining 72 the population served by each magistrate, the number of magistrates authorized for each county shall be 73 74 divided into the population of each county. The salary 75 of the magistrate assistant shall be established by the 76 magistrate within the limits set forth in this section.

§50-1-9a. Magistrate court deputy clerks; salary; duties.

Whenever required by workload and upon the recommendation of the judge of the circuit court, or the chief 2 judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court, the supreme court of appeals may by rule provide for the appointment of magistrate court deputy clerks, not to exceed fifty-two in number. Such magistrate court deputy clerks shall be appointed by the judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court, with such

10 appointee to serve at his will and pleasure under the immediate supervision of the magistrate court clerk. 11 Such magistrate court deputy clerk shall have such 12 13 duties, clerical or otherwise, as may be assigned by the 14 magistrate court clerk and as may be prescribed by the 15 rules of the supreme court of appeals or the judge of the 16 circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more 17 than one judge of the circuit court. Such magistrate court deputy clerks shall also have authority to exercise 18 19 the power and perform the duties of the magistrate 20 court clerk as may be delegated or assigned by such 21 magistrate court clerk.

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Such magistrate court deputy clerk shall not be a member of the immediate family of any magistrate, magistrate court clerk, magistrate assistant or circuit court judge within the same county, shall not have been convicted of a felony or any misdemeanor involving moral turpitude and shall reside in the state of West Virginia. For the purpose of this section, "immediate family" shall mean the relationships of mother, father, sister, brother, child or spouse.

Magistrate court deputy clerks shall be paid a monthly salary by the state. Such salary shall be paid on the same basis and in the same applicable amounts as for magistrate assistants in each county as provided in section nine of this article.

CHAPTER 125

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 76-By Senators Blatnik, Holliday and Boley)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven and ten, article one, chapter twenty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections one, two, three and four, article five of said chapter, relating to mental health facilities and proceedings for involuntary hospitalization; setting forth requirements and duties of adminis-

trators and clinical directors of facilities: changing certain terminology consistent with government reorganization; defining and redefining certain terms: providing for the appointment of additional mental hygiene commissioners; providing for the designation of magistrates to hold probable cause and emergency detention hearings; mandating the supreme court of appeals to conduct a training course and to promulgate rules providing therefor; requiring the sheriff to maintain custody of individuals prior to and during involuntary hospitalization hearings; provisions for county commissions to pay for security; setting forth duty of the supreme court of appeals to provide forms for proceedings; establishing civil and criminal immunity for health care facilities and professionals; and making provisions gender neutral.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven and ten, article one, chapter twentyseven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections one, two, three and four, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Article

- 1. Words and Phrases Defined.
- 5. Involuntary Hospitalization.

ARTICLE 1. WORDS AND PHRASES DEFINED.

- §27-1-7. Administrator and clinical director.
- §27-1-10. Psychologists and psychiatrists.

§27-1-7. Administrator and clinical director.

- 1 (a) The administrator of a state-operated treatment
- 2 facility shall be its chief executive officer and shall have
- 3 the authority to manage and administer the financial,
- 4 business and personnel affairs of such facility. All other
- 5 persons employed at the state-operated treatment
- 6 facility shall be under the jurisdiction and authority of
- 7 the administrator of the treatment facility who need not
- 8 be a physician.
- 9 (b) The clinical director shall have the responsibility 10 for decisions involving clinical and medical treatment of

- 11 patients in a state-operated mental health facility. The
- 12 clinical director must be a physician duly licensed to
- 13 practice medicine in this state who has completed
- 14 training in an accredited program of post-graduate
- 15 education in psychiatry.
- 16 (c) In any facility designated by the secretary of the
- 17 department of health and human resources as a facility
- 18 for the mentally retarded in which programs and
- 19 services are designed primarily to provide education,
- 20 training and rehabilitation rather than medical or
- 21 psychiatric treatment, the duties and responsibilities.
- 22 other than those directly related to medical treatment
- 23 services, assigned to the clinical director by this section
- or elsewhere in this chapter, shall be assigned to and 24
- 25 become the responsibility of the administrator of such
- 26 facility, or of a person with expertise in the field of
- mental retardation, who need not be a physician, 27
- 28 designated by the administrator.

§27-1-10. Psychologists and psychiatrists.

- (a) For the purposes of this chapter, "psychologist" 1
- 2 means any person licensed under the laws of this state
- 3 to engage in the practice of psychology, or any other
- 4 psychologist not a resident of this state who engages in 5 the practice of psychology in this state and who holds
- 6 a license or certificate to engage in the practice of
- 7 psychology issued by another state with licensing or
- 8 certification requirements comparable to the licensing
- 9 requirements of this state, as may be determined by the state board of examiners of psychologists. 10
- 11 (b) For purposes of this chapter, "psychiatrist" means
- a physician licensed under the laws of this state to 12
- practice medicine who has completed training in an 13
- accredited program of post-graduate education in 14 psychiatry.

ARTICLE 5. INVOLUNTARY HOSPITALIZATION.

- §27-5-1. Appointment of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of prosecuting attorney; duties of sheriff.
- §27-5-2. Institution of proceedings for involuntary custody for examination; custody; probable cause hearing; examination of individual.

§27-5-3. Admission under involuntary hospitalization for examination; hearing; release.

§27-5-4. Institution of final commitment proceedings; hearing requirements; release.

§27-5-1. Appointment of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of prosecuting attorney; duties of sheriff.

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(a) Appointment of mental hygiene commissioners. — The chief judge in each judicial circuit of this state shall appoint a competent attorney and may, if necessary, appoint additional attorneys to serve as mental hygiene commissioners to preside over involuntary hospitalization hearings. Mental hygiene commissioners shall be persons of good moral character and of standing in their profession and they shall, before assuming the duties of such commissioner, take the oath required of other special commissioners as provided in article one, chapter six of this code.

All persons appointed to serve as mental hygiene commissioners and any magistrates designated by the chief judge of a judicial circuit to hold probable cause and emergency detention hearings involving involuntary hospitalization must attend and complete a course provided by the supreme court of appeals which course shall include, but not be limited to, instruction on the manifestations of mental illness, mental retardation and addiction. Persons attending such courses outside the county of their residence shall be reimbursed out of the budget of the supreme court—general judicial for reasonable expenses incurred. The supreme court shall establish rules for such course, including rules providing for the reimbursement of reasonable expenses as authorized herein.

(b) Duties of mental hygiene commissioners. — Mental hygiene commissioners may sign and issue summonses for the attendance, at any hearing held pursuant to section four, article five of this chapter, of the individual sought to be committed; may sign and issue subpoenas for witnesses, including subpoenas duces tecum; may place any witness under oath; and may make findings of fact on evidence and may make conclusions of law,

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35 but such findings and conclusions shall not be binding 36 on the circuit court. The circuit court, by order entered 37 of record, shall allow the commissioner a reasonable fee 38 for services rendered in connection with each case. 39 Mental hygiene commissioners shall discharge their 40 duties and hold their office at the pleasure of the chief 41 judge of the judicial circuit in which he or she is appointed and may be removed at any time by such 42 43 chief judge. It shall be the duty of a mental hygiene 44 commissioner to conduct orderly inquiries into the 45 mental health of the individual sought to be committed 46 concerning the advisability of committing the individual 47 to a mental health facility. The mental hygiene commissioner shall safeguard, at all times, the rights and 48 49 interests of the individual as well as the interests of the 50 state. The mental hygiene commissioner shall make a 51 written report of his findings to the circuit court. In any 52 proceedings before any court of record as set forth in 53 this article, the court of record shall appoint an 54 interpreter for any individual who is deaf or cannot 55 speak or who speaks a foreign language and who may 56 be subject to involuntary commitment to a mental health 57 facility.

- (c) Duties of prosecuting attorney. It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney or one of his or her assistants to represent the applicants in all proceedings filed pursuant to the provisions of this article.
 - (d) Duties of sheriff. Upon written order of the circuit court or of a mental hygiene commissioner in the county where the individual formally accused of being mentally incompetent, mentally retarded or addicted is a resident or is found, the sheriff of that county shall take said individual into custody and transport him or her to and from the place of hearing and the mental health facility. The sheriff shall also maintain custody and control of the accused individual during the period of time in which the individual is waiting for the involuntary commitment hearing to be convened and while such hearing is being conducted.
- (e) Duties of sheriff upon presentment to mental health care facility. Where a person is brought to a mental

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- 76 health care facility for purposes of evaluation for 77 commitment under the provisions of this article, if he 78 or she is violent or combative, the sheriff or his or her designee shall maintain custody of the person in the 79 facility until the evaluation is completed or the county 80 81 commission shall reimburse the mental health care 82 facility at a reasonable rate for security services 83 provided by the mental health care facility for the period of time the person is at the hospital prior to the 84 85 determination of mental competence or incompetence.
- (f) Duties of supreme court of appeals. The supreme court of appeals shall provide uniform petition, procedure and order forms which shall be used in all involuntary hospitalization proceedings brought in this state.

§27-5-2. Institution of proceedings for involuntary custody for examination; custody; probable cause hearing; examination of individual.

- (a) When application for involuntary custody for examination may be made. Any adult person may make application for involuntary hospitalization for examination of an individual when said person has reason to believe that:
- 6 (1) The individual is addicted, as defined in section 7 eleven, article one of this chapter: Provided. That for 8 purposes of this subdivision and the involuntary 9 hospitalization procedures specified in this article, the 10 sole issue to be determined is whether the individual is addicted, which by definition includes the notion of 11 12 being incapacitated, causing harm to others or being 13 unable to prevent harm to himself: Provided, however, 14 That whenever a provision of this article refers to or 15 requires a finding of likelihood to cause serious harm. a finding that an individual is addicted shall be deemed 16 to satisfy such reference or requirement; or 17
 - (2) The individual is mentally ill or mentally retarded and, because of his or her mental illness or mental retardation, the individual is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others if allowed to remain at liberty while awaiting an examination and

23 certification by a physician or psychologist.

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- 24 (b) Oath; to whom application for involuntary custody 25 for examination is made; contents of application; custody; 26 probable cause hearing; examination.—
- 27 (1) The person making such application shall do so 28 under oath.
- 29 (2) Application for involuntary custody for examina-30 tion may be made to the circuit court or a mental 31 hygiene commissioner of the county in which the 32 individual resides or of the county in which he or she 33 may be found.
 - (3) The person making such application shall give such information and state such facts therein as may be required, upon the form provided for this purpose by the supreme court of appeals.
- 38 (4) The circuit court or the mental hygiene commis-39 sioner may thereupon enter an order for the individual 40 named in such action to be detained and taken into 41 custody, for the purpose of holding a probable cause 42 hearing as provided for in subdivision (5) of this 43 subsection and for the purpose of an examination of the individual by a physician or a psychologist. Such 44 examination shall be provided or arranged by a 45 community mental health center designated by the 46 secretary of the department of health and human 47 resources to serve the county in which the action takes 48 49 place. The said order shall specify that such hearing be held forthwith and shall provide for the appointment of 50 counsel for the individual: Provided, That where a 51 physician or psychologist has performed such examina-52 tion, the community mental health center may waive 53 this requirement upon approving such examination. 54 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, 55 subsection (r), section four of this article shall apply 56 regarding payment by the county commission for 57 examinations at hearings. 58

In the event immediate detention is believed to be necessary for the protection of the individual or others at a time when no circuit court judge or mental hygiene

commissioner is available for immediate presentation of the application, a magistrate designated by the chief iudge of the iudicial circuit may accept the application and, upon a finding that such immediate detention is necessary pending presentation of the application to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner, may order the individual to be temporarily detained in custody until the earliest reasonable time that the application can be presented to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner, which temporary period of detention may not exceed twenty-four hours.

(5) A probable cause hearing shall be held before a magistrate designated by the chief judge of the judicial circuit, the mental hygiene commissioner or circuit judge of the county of which the individual is a resident or where he or she was found. If requested by the individual or his or her counsel, the hearing may be postponed for a period not to exceed forty-eight hours.

The individual must be present at the hearing and shall have the right to present evidence, confront all witnesses and other evidence against him or her and to examine testimony offered, including testimony by representatives of the community mental health center serving the area. The individual shall have the right to remain silent and to be proceeded against in accordance with the rules of evidence of the supreme court of appeals. At the conclusion of the hearing, the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court judge shall find and enter an order stating whether or not there is probable cause to believe that such individual, as a result of mental illness, mental retardation or addiction, is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others.

§27-5-3. Admission under involuntary hospitalization for examination; hearing; release.

1 (a) Admission to a mental health facility for examina-2 tion. — Any individual may be admitted to a mental 3 health facility for examination upon entry of an order 4 finding probable cause as provided in section two of this 5 article and upon certification by one physician or one

- psychologist that he or she has examined the individual and is of the opinion that the individual is mentally ill. mentally retarded or addicted and because of such mental illness, mental retardation or addiction is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others if not immediately restrained. The chief medical officer of said mental health facility may, with the approval of the secretary of health and human resources, transfer such individual to a state hospital or to another similar type of mental health facility after determining that no less restrictive treatment alternative is suitable or available. The chief medical officer of the mental health facility admitting the individual shall forthwith make a report thereof to the secretary of the department of health and human resources.
 - (b) Three-day time limitation on examination. If said examination does not take place within three days from the date the individual is taken into custody, the individual shall be released. If the examination reveals that the individual is not mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted, the individual shall be released.
 - (c) Three-day time limitation on certification. The certification required in subsection (a) of this section shall be valid for three days. Any individual with respect to whom such certification has been issued may not be admitted on the basis thereof at any time after the expiration of three days from the date of such examination.
 - (d) Findings and conclusions required for certification.
 A certification under this section must include findings and conclusions of the mental examination, the date, time and place thereof and the facts upon which the conclusion of likelihood of causing serious harm is based.
 - (e) Notice requirements. When an individual is admitted to a mental health facility pursuant to the provisions of this section, the chief medical officer thereof shall immediately give notice of the individual's admission to the individual's spouse, if any, and one of the individual's parents or guardians, or if there be no

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- 46 such spouse, parents or guardians, to one of the individual's adult next of kin: Provided. That such next 47 48 of kin shall not be the applicant. Notice shall also be 49 given to the community mental health facility, if any, having jurisdiction in the county of the individual's 50 51 residence. Such notices other than to the community 52 mental health facility shall be in writing and shall be 53 transmitted to such person or persons at his, her or their 54 last-known address by certified or registered mail. 55 return receipt requested.
 - (f) Five-day time limitation for examination and certification at mental health facility. After the individual's admission to a mental health facility, he or she may not be detained more than five days excluding Sundays and holidays, unless, within such period, the individual is examined by a staff physician and such physician certifies that in his or her opinion, the patient is mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted and is likely to injure himself or herself or others if allowed to be at liberty.
 - (g) Ten-day time limitation for institution of final commitment proceedings. - If, in the opinion of the examining physician, the patient is mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted and because of such mental illness, mental retardation or addiction is likely to injure himself or herself or others if allowed to be at liberty, the chief medical officer shall, within ten days from the date of admission, institute final commitment proceedings as provided in section four of this article. If such proceedings are not instituted within such tenday period, the patient shall be immediately released. After the request for hearing is filed, the hearing shall not be canceled on the basis that the individual has become a voluntary patient unless the mental hygiene commissioner concurs in the motion for cancellation of the hearing.
 - (h) Thirty-day time limitation for conclusion of all proceedings. If all proceedings as provided in articles three and four of this chapter are not completed within thirty days from the date of institution of such proceedings, the patient shall be immediately released.

§27-5-4. Institution of final commitment proceedings; hearing requirements; release.

- (a) Involuntary commitment. Except as provided in 1 2 section three of this article, no individual may be 3 involuntarily committed to a mental health facility 4 except by order entered of record at any time by the 5 circuit court of the county wherein such person resides 6 or was found, or if the individual is hospitalized in a 7 mental health facility located in a county other than 8 where he or she resides or was found, in the county of 9 the mental health facility, and then only after a full 10 hearing on issues relating to the necessity of committing an individual to a mental health facility: Provided. That 11 12 if said individual objects to the hearing being held in 13 the county where the mental health facility is located, 14 the hearing shall be conducted in the county of the 15 individual's residence.
- 16 (b) How final commitment proceedings are commenced. 17 - Final commitment proceedings for an individual may 18 be commenced by the filing of a written application 19 under oath and the certificate or affidavit is hereinafter 20 provided with the clerk of the circuit court or mental 21 hygiene commissioner of the county of which the individual is a resident, or where he or she may be 22 23 found, or the county of the mental health facility, if he 24 or she is hospitalized in a mental health facility located in a county other than where he or she resides or may 25 be found by an adult person having personal knowledge 26 27 of the facts of the case.
- 28 (c) Oath; contents of application; who may inspect 29 application; when application cannot be filed. —

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- (1) The person making such application shall do so under oath.
- 32 (2) The application shall contain statements by the applicant that he or she believes because of symptoms of mental illness, mental retardation or addiction, the individual is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others and the grounds for such belief, stating in detail the recent overt acts upon which such belief is based: *Provided*, That no such statement of

- recent overt acts need be made when the applicant alleges the individual is likely to cause serious harm as a result of having a complete inability to care for himself or herself by reason of mental retardation.
 - (3) The written application, certificate, affidavit and any warrants issued pursuant thereto, including any papers and documents related thereto filed with any circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner for the involuntary hospitalization of any individual shall not be open to inspection by any person other than the individual, except upon authorization of the individual or his or her legal representative or by order of the circuit court, and such records may not be published except upon the authorization of the individual or his or her legal representative.
 - (4) Applications shall not be accepted for individuals who only have epilepsy, a mental deficiency or senility.
 - (d) Certificate filed with application; contents of certificate; affidavit by applicant in place of certificate.—
 - (1) The applicant shall file with his or her application the certificate of a physician or a psychologist stating that in his or her opinion the individual is mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted and that because of such mental illness, mental retardation or addiction, the individual is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others if he or she is allowed to remain at liberty and therefore he or she should be hospitalized, stating in detail the recent overt acts upon which such conclusion is based: *Provided*, That no such statement of recent overt acts need be made when the applicant alleges the individual is likely to cause serious harm as a result of having a complete inability to care for himself or herself by reason of mental retardation.
 - (2) A certificate is not necessary only when an affidavit is filed by the applicant showing facts and the individual has refused to submit to examination by a physician or a psychologist.
 - (e) Notice requirements; eight days' notice required. -

78 Upon receipt of an application, the mental hygiene 79 commissioner or circuit court shall review the applica-80 tion and if it is determined that the facts alleged, if any. 81 are sufficient to warrant involuntary hospitalization, 82 forthwith fix a date for and have the clerk of the circuit 83 court give notice of the hearing: (1) To the individual; 84 (2) to the applicant or applicants; (3) to the individual's 85 spouse, one of the parents or guardians, or if the 86 individual does not have a spouse, parents or parent or 87 guardian, to one of the individual's adult next of kin: 88 Provided. That such person is not the applicant: (4) to 89 the mental health authorities serving the area: (5) to the 90 circuit court in the county of the individual's residence 91 if the hearing is to be held in a county other than that 92 of such individual's residence; and (6) to the prosecuting 93 attorney of the county in which the hearing is to be held. 94 Such notice shall be served on the individual by personal 95 service of process not less than eight days prior to the 96 date of the hearing, and shall specify the nature of the 97 charges against the individual; the facts underlying and 98 supporting the application of involuntary commitment: 99 the right to have counsel appointed; the right to consult 100 with and be represented by counsel at every stage of the 101 proceedings; and the time and place of the hearing. The 102 notice to the individual's spouse, parents or parent or 103 guardian, the individual's adult next of kin, or to the 104 circuit court in the county of the individual's residence 105 may be by personal service of process or by certified or 106 registered mail, return receipt requested, and shall state 107 the time and place of the hearing.

(f) Examination of individual by court-appointed physician or psychologist; custody for examination; dismissal of proceedings. —

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(1) Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, within a reasonable time after notice of the commencement of final commitment proceedings is given, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall appoint a physician or psychologist to examine the individual and report to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner his or her findings as to the mental condition of the individual and the likelihood of

- him or her causing serious harm to himself or herself or to others.
- (2) If the designated physician or psychologist reports to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner that the individual has refused to submit to an examination. the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall order him or her to submit to such examination. The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner may direct that the individual be detained or taken into custody for the purpose of an immediate examination by the designated physician or psychologist. All such orders shall be directed to the sheriff of the county or other appropriate law-enforcement officer. After such examination has been completed, the individual shall be released from custody unless proceedings are instituted pursuant to section three of this article.
 - (3) If the reports of the appointed physician or psychologist do not confirm that the individual is mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted and might be harmful to himself or herself or to others, then the proceedings for involuntary hospitalization shall be dismissed.
- 141 (g) Rights of the individual at the final commitment 142 hearing; seven days' notice to counsel required. —
 - (1) The individual shall be present at the final commitment hearing and he or she, the applicant and all persons entitled to notice of such hearing shall be afforded an opportunity to testify and to present and cross-examine witnesses.
 - (2) In the event that the individual has not retained counsel, the court or mental hygiene commissioner at least six days prior to hearing shall appoint a competent attorney, and shall inform the individual of the name, address and telephone number of his or her appointed counsel.
 - (3) The individual shall have the right to have an examination by an independent expert of his or her choice and testimony from such expert as a medical witness on his or her behalf. The cost of such independ-

- ent expert shall be borne by the individual unless he or she is indigent.
- 160 (4) The individual shall not be compelled to be a witness against himself or herself.
- 162 (h) Duties of counsel representing individual; payment 163 of counsel representing indigent. —
- 164 (1) The counsel representing an individual shall 165 conduct a timely interview, make investigation and 166 secure appropriate witnesses and shall be present at the 167 hearing and protect the interest of the individual.
- 168 (2) Any counsel representing an individual shall be 169 entitled to copies of all medical reports, psychiatric or 170 otherwise.
- 171 (3) The circuit court, by order of record, may allow 172 the attorney a reasonable fee not to exceed the amount 173 allowed for attorneys in defense of needy persons as 174 provided in article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of 175 this code.
- 176 (i) Conduct of hearing; receipt of evidence; no eviden-177 tiary privilege; record of hearing. —
- 178 (1) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner 179 shall hear evidence from all interested parties in 180 chamber, including testimony from representatives of 181 the community mental health facility.

- (2) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall receive all relevant and material evidence which may be offered.
- (3) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner 185 shall be bound by the rules of evidence promulgated by 186 the supreme court of appeals except that statements 187 made to physicians or psychologists by the individual 188 may be admitted into evidence by the physician's or 189 psychologist's testimony notwithstanding failure to 190 inform the individual that this statement may be used 191 against him or her. Any psychologist or physician 192 testifying shall bring all records pertaining to said 193 individual to said hearing. Such medical evidence 194 obtained pursuant to an examination under this section, 195

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- or section two or three of this article, is not privileged information for purposes of a hearing pursuant to this section.
- 199 (4) All final commitment proceedings shall be re-200 ported or recorded, whether before the circuit court or 201 mental hygiene commissioner, and a transcript shall be 202 made available to the individual, his or her counsel or 203 the prosecuting attorney within thirty days, if the same 204 is requested for the purpose of further proceedings. In 205 any case wherein an indigent person intends to pursue 206 further proceedings, the circuit court shall, by order 207 entered of record, authorize and direct the court 208 reporter to furnish a transcript of the hearings.

(j) Requisite findings by the court. —

- (1) Upon completion of the final commitment hearing, and the evidence presented therein, the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall make findings as to whether or not the individual is mentally ill, retarded or addicted and because of illness, retardation or addiction is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others if allowed to remain at liberty and is a resident of the county in which the hearing is held or currently is a patient at a mental health facility in such county.
- (2) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall also make a finding as to whether or not there is a less restrictive alternative than commitment appropriate for the individual. The burden of proof of the lack of a less restrictive alternative than commitment shall be on the person or persons seeking the commitment of the individual.
- 227 (3) The findings of fact shall be incorporated into the 228 order entered by the circuit court and must be based 229 upon clear, cogent and convincing proof.
- 230 (k) Orders issued pursuant to final commitment 231 hearing; entry of order; change in order of court; 232 expiration of order. —
- 233 (1) Upon the requisite findings, the circuit court may order the individual to a mental health facility for an

indeterminate period or for a temporary observatory period not exceeding six months.

- 237 (2) The individual shall not be detained in a mental 238 health facility for a period in excess of ten days after 239 a final commitment hearing pursuant to this section 240 unless an order has been entered and received by the 241 facility.
- 242 (3) If the order pursuant to a final commitment 243 hearing is for a temporary observation period, the 244 circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner may, at 245 any time prior to the expiration of such period on the 246 basis of a report by the chief medical officer of the 247 mental health facility in which the patient is confined. 248 hold another hearing pursuant to the terms of this 249 section and in the same manner as the hearing was held 250 as if it were an original petition for involuntary 251 hospitalization, to determine whether the original order 252 for a temporary observation period should be modified 253 or changed to an order of indeterminate hospitalization of the patient. At the conclusion of the hearing, the 254 circuit court shall order indeterminate hospitalization of 255 256 the patient or dismissal of the proceedings.

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- (4) An order for an indeterminate period shall expire of its own terms at the expiration of two years from the date of the last order of commitment unless prior to the expiration, the department of health, upon findings based on an examination of the patient by a physician or a psychologist, extends the order for indeterminate hospitalization: *Provided*, That if the patient or his or her counsel requests a hearing, then a hearing shall be held by the mental hygiene commissioner; or by the circuit court of the county as provided in subsection (a) of this section.
- (1) Dismissal of proceedings. If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner finds that the individual is not mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted, the proceedings shall be dismissed. If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner finds that the individual is mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted but is not because of such illness, retardation or addiction likely

to cause serious harm to himself or herself or to others if allowed to remain at liberty, the proceedings shall be dismissed.

- (m) Immediate notification of order of hospitalization.

 The clerk of the circuit court in which an order directing hospitalization is entered, if not in the county of the individual's residence, shall immediately upon entry thereof forward a certified copy of same to the clerk of the circuit court of the county of which the individual is a resident.
 - (n) Consideration of transcript by circuit court of county of individual's residence; order of hospitalization; execution of order.—
 - (1) If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is satisfied that hospitalization should be ordered but finds that the individual is not a resident of the county in which the hearing is held, and the individual is not currently a resident of a mental health facility, a transcript of the evidence adduced at the final commitment hearing of such individual, certified by the clerk of the circuit court, shall forthwith be forwarded to the clerk of the circuit court of the county of which such individual is a resident, who shall immediately present such transcript to the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of said county.
 - (2) If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of the county of the residence of the individual is satisfied from the evidence contained in such transcript that such individual should be hospitalized as determined by the standard set forth above, the circuit court shall order the appropriate hospitalization as though the individual had been brought before the circuit court or its mental hygiene commissioner in the first instance.
 - (3) This order shall be transmitted forthwith to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the hearing was held who shall execute said order promptly.
 - (o) Order of custody to responsible person. In lieu of ordering the patient to a mental health facility, the

circuit court may order the individual delivered to some responsible person who will agree to take care of the individual and the circuit court may take from such responsible person a bond in an amount to be determined by the circuit court with condition to restrain and take proper care of such individual until further order of the court.

- (p) Individual not a resident of this state. If the individual found to be mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted by the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is a resident of another state, this information shall be forthwith given to the secretary of the department of health and human resources, or to his or her designee, who shall make appropriate arrangements for transfer of the individual to the state of his or her residence conditioned on the agreement of the individual except as qualified by the interstate compact on mental health.
- 332 (q) Report to the secretary of the department of health and human resources.
 - (1) The chief medical officer of a mental health facility admitting a patient pursuant to proceedings under this section shall forthwith make a report of such admission to the secretary of the department of health and human resources or to his or her designee.
 - (2) Whenever an individual is released from custody due to the failure of an employee of a mental health facility to comply with the time requirements of this article, the chief medical officer of such mental health facility shall forthwith after the release of the individual make a report to the secretary of the department of health and human resources or to his or her designee of the failure to comply.
 - (r) Payment of some expenses by the state; mental hygiene fund established; expenses paid by the county commission.—
 - (1) The state shall pay the commissioner's fee and such court reporter fees as are not paid and reimbursed under article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this

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code out of a special fund to be established within the supreme court of appeals to be known as the "mental hygiene fund".

(2) The county commission shall pay out of the county treasury all other expenses incurred in the hearings conducted under the provisions of this article whether or not hospitalization is ordered, including any fee allowed by the circuit court by order entered of record for any physician, psychologist and witness called by the indigent individual.

CHAPTER 126

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 297—By Senator Spears)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter five-f of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section one, article two of said chapter, relating to the reorganization of the executive branch of state government; seven departments; changing the name of the department of public safety to department of military affairs and public safety; the office of secretary as the head of each department; transfer to such departments of numerous state agencies and boards and their allied, advisory, affiliated and related entities and funds; removing and correcting transfer references to certain agencies and boards; retaining the existence, powers, authority, duties and status of administrators. agencies and boards; providing for code references elsewhere; and removing the crime victims compensation fund from reorganization of the executive branch of state government.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article one, chapter five-f of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section one, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Article

- 1. General Provisions.
- Transfer of Agencies and Boards.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§5F-1-2. Executive departments created; offices of secretary created.

- 1 (a) There are hereby created, within the executive
- 2 branch of the state government, the following
- 3 departments:
- 4 (1) Department of administration;
- 5 (2) Department of commerce, labor and environmen-
- 6 tal resources:
- 7 (3) Department of education and the arts;
- 8 (4) Department of health and human resources;
- 9 (5) Department of military affairs and public safety;
- 10 (6) Department of tax and revenue; and
- 11 (7) Department of transportation.
- 12 (b) Each department shall be headed by a secretary
- 13 who shall be appointed by the governor by and with the
- 14 advice and consent of the Senate and who shall serve at
- 15 the will and pleasure of the governor.

ARTICLE 2. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES AND BOARDS.

§5F-2-1. Transfer and incorporation of agencies and boards; funds.

- 1 (a) The following agencies and boards, including all
- 2 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and
- 3 funds associated with any such agency or board, are
- 4 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be
- 5 administered as a part of the department of
- 6 administration:
- 7 (1) Building commission provided for in article six, chapter five of this code;

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- 9 (2) Public employees insurance agency and public 10 employees insurance agency advisory board provided for 11 in article sixteen, chapter five of this code:
- 12 (3) Council of finance and administration provided for in article one, chapter five-a of this code;
- 14 (4) Employee suggestion award board provided for in 15 article one-a, chapter five-a of this code;
- 16 (5) Governor's mansion advisory committee provided 17 for in article four-a, chapter five-a of this code;
 - (6) Commission on uniform state laws provided for in article one-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 20 (7) Education and state employees grievance board 21 provided for in article twenty-nine, chapter eighteen 22 and article six-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 23 (8) Board of risk and insurance management provided for in article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 25 (9) Boundary commission provided for in article twenty-three, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 27 (10) Public defender services provided for in article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 29 (11) Division of personnel provided for in article six, 30 chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 31 (12) The West Virginia ethics commission provided 32 for in article two, chapter six-b of this code; and
- 33 (13) Consolidated public retirement board provided 34 for in article ten-d, chapter five of this code.
- 35 (b) The following agencies and boards, including all 36 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 37 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 38 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 39 administered as a part of the department of commerce, 40 labor and environmental resources:
 - (1) Forest management review commission provided for in article twenty-four, chapter five of this code;
- 43 (2) Division of tourism and parks provided for in

- 44 article one, chapter five-b of this code;
- 45 (3) Office of community and industrial development 46 or successor agency provided for in article two, chapter

47 five-b of this code;

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- 48 (4) Enterprise zone authority provided for in article 49 two-b, chapter five-b of this code;
- 50 (5) Office of federal procurement assistance provided 51 for in article two-c, chapter five-b of this code;
- (6) Labor-management council provided for in article
 four, chapter five-b of this code;
 - (7) Public energy authority and board provided for in chapter five-d of this code;
- 56 (8) Air pollution control commission provided for in 57 article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 58 (9) Solid waste management board provided for in article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 60 (10) Division of forestry and forestry commission 61 provided for in article one-a, chapter nineteen of this 62 code;
- 63 (11) Division of natural resources and natural resour-64 ces commission provided for in article one, chapter 65 twenty of this code;
- 66 (12) Water resources board provided for in article five, chapter twenty of this code;
- 68 (13) Water development authority and board provided 69 for in article five-c, chapter twenty of this code;
- 70 (14) Division of labor provided for in article one, 71 chapter twenty-one of this code;
- 72 (15) Occupational safety and health review commis-73 sion provided for in article three-a, chapter twenty-one 74 of this code;
- 75 (16) Board of manufactured housing construction and 76 safety provided for in article nine, chapter twenty-one 77 of this code;
- 78 (17) Division of environmental protection provided for

- 79 in article one, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 80 (18) Reclamation board of review provided for in article four, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 82 (19) Board of appeals provided for in article five, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 84 (20) Board of coal mine health and safety and coal 85 mine safety and technical review committee provided 86 for in article six, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 87 (21) Shallow gas well review board provided for in 88 article seven, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 89 (22) Oil and gas conservation commission provided for in article eight, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 91 (23) Board of miner training, education and certifica-92 tion provided for in article nine, chapter twenty-two of 93 this code;
- 94 (24) Mine inspectors' examining board provided for in 95 article eleven, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 96 (25) Oil and gas inspectors' examining board provided 97 for in article thirteen, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 98 (26) Geological and economic survey provided for in 99 article two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 100 (27) Blennerhassett historical state park commission 101 provided for in article eight, chapter twenty-nine of this 102 code;
- 103 (28) Economic development authority provided for in article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code;
- 105 (29) Division of banking provided for in article two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code;
- 107 (30) Board of banking and financial institutions 108 provided for in article three, chapter thirty-one-a of this 109 code;
- 110 (31) Lending and credit rate board provided for in 111 chapter forty-seven-a of this code; and
- 112 (32) Bureau of employment programs provided for in 113 article one, chapter twenty-one-a of this code.

- 114 (c) The following agencies and boards, including all 115 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 116 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 117 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 118 administered as a part of the department of education 119 and the arts:
- 120 (1) Library commission provided for in article one, 121 chapter ten of this code;
- 122 (2) Educational broadcasting authority provided for 123 in article five, chapter ten of this code;

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- (3) University of West Virginia board of trustees provided for in article two and board of directors of the state college system provided for in article three, chapter eighteen-b of this code; and
- (4) Division of culture and history provided for in article one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
 - (d) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of health and human resources:
- 136 (1) Human rights commission provided for in article 137 eleven, chapter five of this code;
- 138 (2) Division of human services provided for in article two, chapter nine of this code;
- 140 (3) Division of health provided for in article one, 141 chapter sixteen of this code;
 - (4) Office of emergency medical services and advisory council thereto provided for in article four-c, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 145 (5) Hospital finance authority provided for in article twenty-nine-a, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 147 (6) Health care cost review authority provided for in 148 article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 149 (7) Structural barriers compliance board provided for

- in article ten-f, chapter eighteen of this code;
- 151 (8) Commission on aging provided for in article fourteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 153 (9) Commission on mental retardation provided for in 154 article fifteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code: and
- 155 (10) Women's commission provided for in article 156 twenty, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
- 157 (e) The following agencies and boards, including all 158 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 159 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 160 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 161 administered as a part of the department of military 162 affairs and public safety:
- 163 (1) Adjutant general's department provided for in article one-a, chapter fifteen of this code;
- 165 (2) Armory board provided for in article six, chapter 166 fifteen of this code;
- 167 (3) Military awards board provided for in article one-168 g, chapter fifteen of this code;

- (4) Division of public safety provided for in article two, chapter fifteen of this code;
- 171 (5) Office of emergency services and disaster recovery 172 board provided for in article five and emergency 173 response commission provided for in article five-a, 174 chapter fifteen of this code;
- 175 (6) Sheriffs' bureau provided for in article eight, 176 chapter fifteen of this code;
- 177 (7) Division of corrections provided for in chapter 178 twenty-five of this code;
- 179 (8) Fire commission provided for in article three, 180 chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 181 (9) Regional jail and correctional facility authority 182 provided for in article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this 183 code;
- 184 (10) Board of probation and parole provided for in

- 185 article twelve, chapter sixty-two of this code; and
- 186 (11) Division of veterans' affairs and veterans' council provided for in article one, chapter nine-a of this code.
- (f) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of tax and revenue:
- 194 (1) Tax division provided for in article one, chapter 195 eleven of this code:
- 196 (2) Appraisal control and review commission provided 197 for in article one-a, chapter eleven of this code;
- 198 (3) Municipal bond commission provided for in article 199 three, chapter thirteen of this code;
- 200 (4) Racing commission provided for in article twenty-201 three, chapter nineteen of this code;
- 202 (5) Lottery commission and position of lottery director 203 provided for in article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine 204 of this code;
- 205 (6) Agency of insurance commissioner provided for in 206 article two, chapter thirty-three of this code;
- 207 (7) Office of alcohol beverage control commissioner 208 provided for in article sixteen, chapter eleven and 209 article two, chapter sixty of this code; and
- 210 (8) Division of professional and occupational licenses 211 which may be hereafter created by the Legislature.
- 212 (g) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of transportation:
- 218 (1) Road commission provided for in article two, 219 chapter seventeen of this code;

- 220 (2) Division of highways provided for in article two-221 a, chapter seventeen of this code;
- 222 (3) Parkways, economic development and tourism 223 authority provided for in article sixteen-a, chapter 224 seventeen of this code:
- 225 (4) Division of motor vehicles provided for in article two, chapter seventeen-a of this code;
- 227 (5) Driver's licensing advisory board provided for in article two, chapter seventeen-b of this code;
- 229 (6) Aeronautics commission provided for in article two-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 231 (7) Railroad maintenance authority provided for in 232 article eighteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code; and

- (8) Port authority provided for in article sixteen-b, chapter seventeen of this code.
- (h) Except for such powers, authority and duties as have been delegated to the secretaries of the departments by the provisions of section two of this article, the existence of the position of administrator and of the agency and the powers, authority and duties of each administrator and agency shall not be affected by the enactment of this chapter.
- (i) Except for such powers, authority and duties as have been delegated to the secretaries of the departments by the provisions of section two of this article, the existence, powers, authority and duties of boards and the membership, terms and qualifications of members of such boards shall not be affected by the enactment of this chapter, and all boards which are appellate bodies or were otherwise established to be independent decisionmakers shall not have their appellate or independent decision-making status affected by the enactment of this chapter.
- (j) Any department previously transferred to and incorporated in a department created in section two, article one of this chapter by prior enactment of this section in chapter three, acts of the Legislature, first extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred

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eighty-nine, and subsequent amendments thereto, shall henceforth be read, construed and understood to mean a division of the appropriate department so created. Wherever elsewhere in this code, in any act, in general or other law, in any rule or regulation, or in any ordinance, resolution or order, reference is made to any department transferred to and incorporated in a department created in section two, article one of this chapter, such reference shall henceforth be read, construed and understood to mean a division of the appropriate department so created, and any such reference elsewhere to a division of a department so transferred and incorporated shall henceforth be read, construed and understood to mean a section of the appropriate division of the department so created.

CHAPTER 127

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 447—By Senator Bailey)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty, article one-e, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the code of military justice; and authorizing appointment of a member of the bar of a federal court or the highest court of any state to serve as trial counsel or defense counsel at courts-martial.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty, article one-e, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

PART V. APPOINTMENT AND COMPOSITION OF COURTS-MARTIAL.

ARTICLE 1E. CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

§15-1E-30. Appointment of trial counsel and defense counsel.

1 (a) For each general and special court-martial the authority convening the court shall appoint trial counsel

3 and defense counsel, and such assistants as he considers appropriate. No person who has acted as investigating 4 officer, military judge or court member in any case shall 5 6 act subsequently as trial counsel, assistant trial counsel 7 or, unless expressly requested by the accused, as defense 8 counsel or assistant defense counsel in the same case. No 9 person who has acted for the prosecution shall act later 10 in the same case for the defense, nor shall any person who has acted for the defense act later in the same case

- who has acted for the defense act later in the same case for the prosecution.
- 13 (b) Any person who is appointed trial counsel or 14 defense counsel in the case of a general or a special 15 court-martial:
- 16 (1) Shall be a person who is a member in good 17 standing of the federal bar or the bar of any state of 18 the United States; and
- 19 (2) Shall be certified as competent to perform such duties by the state judge advocate.

CHAPTER 128

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 6—By Senators Wooton, Spears and Felton)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one-f, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to military leave of absence from educational institutions for members of the national guard and members of a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States called or ordered to active duty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one-f, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1F. PRIVILEGES AND PROHIBITIONS.

§15-1F-1a. Educational leave of absence for active duty.

1 Whenever any member of the national guard or other 2 reserve component of the armed forces of the United States is called or ordered to active duty, other than 4 active duty for training, including, in the case of 5 members of the national guard, active state duty, the 6 educational institution in which the member is enrolled 7 shall grant the member a military leave of absence from 8 their education. Persons on military leave of absence 9 from their educational institution shall be entitled, upon 10 release from military duty, to be restored to the 11 educational status they had attained prior to their being 12 ordered to military duty without loss of academic credits 13 earned, scholarships or grants awarded or tuition and 14 other fees paid prior to the commencement of the military duty. It shall be the duty of the educational 15 16 institution to refund tuition or fees paid or to credit the 17 tuition and fees to the next semester or term after the 18 termination of the educational military leave of absence 19 at the option of the student. The provisions of this section 20 shall not supercede federal laws, rules and regulations 21 at the time of the military leave of absence.

CHAPTER 129

(S. B. 37—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President, and Boley, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 17, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article one-f, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to extending reemployment rights to members of the organized militia who perform active state service for less than thirty days.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article one-f, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1F. PRIVILEGES AND PROHIBITIONS.

§15-1F-8. Reemployment rights of members of the organized militia.

- 1 Members of the organized militia in the active service
- 2 of the state shall be entitled to the same reemployment
- 3 rights granted to members of the reserve components of
- 4 the armed forces of the United States by applicable
- 5 federal law.

CHAPTER 130

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4630—By Delegate Collins)

[Passed March 2, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections thirty-two and thirtythree, article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the establishment and training of state mine rescue crews; specifying compensation for state mine rescue crews; authorizing the director to remove members of mine rescue crews; requiring every mine operator to establish mine rescue teams; specifying manner for providing mine rescue coverage; specifying the terms of availability of mine rescue teams; specifying the director's authority to assign mine rescue teams; specifying limitations of mine rescue coverage for mine rescue stations: specifying membership requirements for mine rescue teams; specifying training and experience requirements for mine rescue teams; specifying compensation for mine rescue teams; requiring reimbursement to employers of mine rescue team members for services rendered; specifying certain procedures to be used while performing mine rescue; specifying certain equipment required for mine rescue stations: specifying maintenance and inspection requirements for breathing apparatuses; requiring inspection records at mine rescue stations; requiring inspection of mine rescue stations; authorizing representatives of the director to inspect mine rescue stations; authorizing

representatives of the director to issue notices of violation for noncompliance; specifying the time frame within which operators receiving such notice must submit a revised mine rescue plan; requiring underground mine operators to submit a mine rescue program to the director; requiring the posting of the mine rescue program; and requiring notification to the director of any conditions materially affecting said program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections thirty-two and thirty-three, article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. ADMINISTRATION; ENFORCEMENT.

§22A-1A-32. Mine rescue crews.

§22A-1A-33. Mine rescue teams.

§22A-1A-32. Mine rescue crews.

- 1 The director is hereby authorized to have trained and
- 2 employed at the rescue stations, operated by the division
- 3 within the state, such rescue crews as he may deem
- 4 necessary. Each member of a rescue crew shall devote
- 5 four hours each month for training purposes and shall
- 6 be available at all times to assist in rescue work at
- 7 explosions and mine fires. Regular members shall
- 8 receive for such services the sum of thirty-two dollars
- 9 per month, and captains shall receive thirty-five dollars
- 10 per month, payable on requisition approved by the director. The director may remove any member of a
- 12 rescue crew at any time.

§22A-1A-33. Mine rescue teams.

- 1 (a) It shall be the responsibility of the operator to
- 2 provide mine rescue coverage at each active under-
- 3 ground mine.
- 4 (b) Mine rescue coverage may be provided by:
- 5 (1) Establishing at least two mine rescue teams which
- 6 are available at all times when miners are underground;
- 7 or

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- 8 (2) Entering into an arrangement for mine rescue 9 services which assures that at least two mine rescue 10 teams are available at all times when miners are 11 underground.
 - (c) As used in this section, mine rescue teams shall be considered available where teams are capable of presenting themselves at the mine site(s) within a reasonable time after notification of an occurrence which might require their services. Rescue team members will be considered available even though performing regular work duties or while in an off-duty capacity. The requirement that mine rescue teams be available shall not apply when teams are participating in mine rescue contests or providing rescue services to another mine.
 - (d) In the event of a fire, explosion or recovery operations in or about any mine, the director is hereby authorized to assign any mine rescue team to said mine to protect and preserve life and property. The director may also assign mine rescue and recovery work to inspectors, instructors or other qualified employees of the division as he deems necessary.
 - (e) The ground travel time between any mine rescue station and any mine served by that station shall not exceed two hours. To ensure adequate rescue coverage for all underground mines, no mine rescue station may provide coverage for more than seventy mines within the two-hour ground travel limit as defined in this subsection.
 - (f) Each mine rescue team shall consist of five members and one alternate, who are fully qualified, trained and equipped for providing emergency mine rescue service. Each mine rescue team shall be trained by a state certified mine rescue instructor.
 - (g) Each member of a mine rescue team must have been employed in an underground mine for a minimum of one year. For the purpose of mine rescue work only, miners who are employed on the surface but work regularly underground meet the experience requirement. The underground experience requirement is

waived for those members of a mine rescue team on the effective date of this statute.

- (h) An applicant for initial mine rescue training must not have reached his fiftieth birthday, and shall pass, on at least an annual basis, a physical examination by a licensed physician certifying his fitness to perform mine rescue work. A record that such examination was taken, together with pertinent data relating thereto, shall be kept on file by the operator and a copy shall be furnished to the director.
- (i) Upon completion of the initial training, all mine rescue team members shall receive at least forty hours of refresher training annually. This training shall be given at least four hours each month, or for a period of eight hours every two months, and shall include:
- 63 (1) Sessions underground at least once every six 64 months;
 - (2) The wearing and use of a breathing apparatus by team members for a period of at least two hours, while under oxygen, once every two months:
 - (3) Where applicable, the use, care, capabilities and limitations of auxiliary mine rescue equipment, or a different breathing apparatus:
- 71 (4) Mine map training and ventilation procedures.
 - (j) When engaged in rescue work required by an explosion, fire or other emergency at a mine, all members of mine rescue teams assigned to rescue operations shall, during the period of their rescue work, be employees of the operator of the mine where the emergency exists, and shall be compensated by the operator at the rate established in the area for such work. In no case shall this rate be less than the prevailing wage rate in the industry for the most skilled class of inside mine labor. During the period of their emergency employment, members of mine rescue teams shall be protected by the workers' compensation subscription of such emergency employer.
 - (k) During the recovery work and prior to entering

- any mine at the start of each shift, all rescue or recovery teams shall be properly informed of existing conditions and work to be performed by the designated company official in charge.
 - (1) For every two teams performing rescue or recovery work underground, one six-member team shall be stationed at the mine portal.
 - (2) Each rescue or recovery team performing work with a breathing apparatus shall be provided with a backup team of equal number, stationed at each fresh air base.
 - (3) Two-way communication and a lifeline or its equivalent shall be provided at each fresh air base for all mine rescue or recovery teams and no mine rescue team member shall advance more than one thousand feet inby the fresh air base: Provided, That if a life may possibly be saved and existing conditions do not create an unreasonable hazard to mine rescue team members, the rescue team may advance a distance agreed upon by those persons directing the mine rescue or recovery operations: Provided, however, That a lifeline or its equivalent shall be provided in each fresh air base for all mine rescue or recovery teams.
 - (4) A rescue or recovery team shall immediately return to the fresh air base when the atmospheric pressure of any member's breathing apparatus depletes to sixty atmospheres, or its equivalent.
 - (I) Mine rescue stations shall provide a centralized storage location for rescue equipment. This storage location may be either at the mine site, affiliated mines or a separate mine rescue structure. All mine rescue teams shall be guided by the mine rescue apparatus and auxiliary equipment manual. Each mine rescue station shall be provided with at least the following equipment:
- 120 (1) Twelve self-contained oxygen breathing appara-121 tuses, each with a minimum of two hours capacity, and 122 any necessary equipment for testing such breathing 123 apparatuses;
- 124 (2) A portable supply of liquid air, liquid oxygen, 125 pressurized oxygen, oxygen generating or carbon 126 dioxide absorbent chemicals, as applicable to the

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- supplied breathing apparatuses and sufficient to sustain each team for six hours while using the breathing apparatuses during rescue operations;
- 130 (3) One extra, fully charged, oxygen bottle for each self-contained compressed oxygen breathing apparatus, as required under subdivision (1) of this subsection;
- 133 (4) One oxygen pump or a cascading system, compatible with the supplied breathing apparatuses;
- 135 (5) Twelve permissible cap lamps and a charging 136 rack;
- 137 (6) Two gas detectors appropriate for each type of gas which may be encountered at the mines served;
 - (7) Two oxygen indicators or two flame safety lamps;
 - (8) One portable mine rescue communication system or a sound-powered communication system. The wires or cable to the communication system shall be of sufficient tensile strength to be used as a manual communication system. The communication system shall be at least one thousand feet in length; and
 - (9) Necessary spare parts and tools for repairing the breathing apparatuses and communication system, as presently prescribed by the manufacturer.
 - (m) Mine rescue apparatuses and equipment shall be maintained in a manner that will ensure readiness for immediate use. A person trained in the use and care of breathing apparatuses shall inspect and test the apparatuses at intervals not exceeding thirty days and shall certify by signature and date that the inspections and tests were done. When the inspection indicates that a corrective action is necessary, the corrective action shall be made and recorded by said person. The certification and corrective action records shall be maintained at the mine rescue station for a period of one year and made available on request to an authorized representative of the director.
- 162 (n) Authorized representatives of the director have 163 the right of entry to inspect any designated mine rescue 164 station.
- 165 (o) When an authorized representative finds a viola-166 tion of any of the mine rescue requirements, he shall

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- take appropriate corrective action in accordance with section thirteen, article one-a of this chapter.
- (p) Operators affiliated with a station issued an order by an authorized representative will be notified of that order and that their mine rescue program is invalid. The operators shall have twenty-four hours to submit to the director a revised mine rescue program.
 - (q) Every operator of an underground mine shall develop and adopt a mine rescue program for submission to the director within thirty days of the effective date of this statute: *Provided*, That a new program need only be submitted when conditions exist as defined in subsection (p) of this section, or when information contained within the program has changed.
 - (r) A copy of the mine rescue program shall be posted at the mine and kept on file at the operator's mine rescue station or rescue station affiliate and the state regional office where the mine is located. A copy of the mine emergency notification plan filed pursuant to 30 CFR §49.9(a) will satisfy the requirements of subsection (q) of this section if submitted to the director.
 - (s) The operator shall immediately notify the director of any changed conditions materially affecting the information submitted in the mine rescue program.

CHAPTER 131

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4559—By Delegate Pethtel)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article three, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to monuments, tablets and memorials; setting the minimum number of members of county memorial board at five; setting the maximum number of members of county memorial board at eleven; and requiring at least one member be appointed from each magisterial district within the county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article three, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. MONUMENTS, TABLETS AND MEMORIALS.

§10-3-2. Memorials to soldiers and sailors; sale of existing memorials; memorial fund; levies; board of directors; report of board to county commission; use of memorial; itemized report for public inspection; itemized budget estimate.

(a) The county commission of any county shall have 1 the power, upon petition of twenty percent of the voters 3 of such county, based on the number of votes cast at the last general election for governor, to acquire and 4 5 establish at the county seat, or at any other suitable place within the county, by purchase or otherwise, 6 7 ground, park or grove, and to erect and maintain 8 thereon a building or buildings, structure or structures, 9 monument or monuments, to remodel, repair, remove or 10 replace existing buildings or structures, or, within its 11 discretion, to contribute money out of the county 12 treasury to aid in the erection or the maintenance, or both, of any building or buildings, structure or struc-13 14 tures, where same is to be used with educational 15 institutions operated by the state or any political 16 subdivision thereof, or to aid in the erection or the 17 maintenance, or both, of any memorial hospital owned 18 and operated by a nonprofit corporation incorporated 19 under the laws of this state, as a memorial or memorials, and, also shall have the power to sell any existing 20 building or structure established and owned by the 21 county commission as a war memorial and use the funds 22 realized from the sale thereof together with other funds 23 hereby authorized to create and establish and maintain 24 new memorials, for the use of the public and to render 25 the greatest benefit to the greatest number, in memory 26 and in recognition of the virtues and sacrifices of the 27 soldiers, sailors and marines from the state of West 28 Virginia and each county thereof, and who served in the 29 armed forces of the United States in the world wars. It 30

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- is the declared purpose of this section to create or assist in creating memorials to the memory of such soldiers, sailors and marines by aiding all the living, for their health, safety and betterment.
 - (b) The county commission is authorized to and may lay a tax on all property in the county for the purposes of acquiring and establishing such memorials, remodeling, repairing, removing or replacing existing memorials, or making the initial contribution to memorials, said tax to be not in excess of the following maximum levies on each one hundred dollars' assessed valuation: On Class I property, six cents; on Class II property, twelve cents: and on Classes III and IV property, twenty-four cents; and thereafter for maintenance purposes a like tax to be not in excess of the following maximum levies on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation: On Class I property, two cents; on Class II property, four cents; and on Classes III and IV property, eight cents, such tax to be levied and collected in like manner as the general taxes of the county, which shall be kept separate in a fund to be known as the "memorial fund": Provided. That in any county where such memorial has been established and under construction or partly completed the amount of tax for acquiring and establishing the same, or making the initial contribution thereto, shall not be in excess of the following maximum levies on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation: On Class I property, three cents; on Class II property. six cents; and on Classes III and IV property, twelve cents; and thereafter for maintenance purposes a like tax to be not in excess of the following maximum levies on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation: On Class I property, two cents; on Class II property, four cents; and on Classes III and IV property, eight cents.
 - (c) Whenever such memorial is acquired or established wholly by the county commission under this section, the county commission shall appoint a board of directors composed of at least five members with at least one member from each of the magisterial districts of the county not to exceed a total of eleven members. Such directors shall hold office for four years from the first

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72 day of July following their appointment, and until their 73 successors are appointed. No person shall be ineligible 74 to appointment by reason of sex. Vacancies in the board 75 shall be reported to the county commission and filled by 76 appointment in like manner as original appointments 77 for the unexpired term. The county commission may 78 remove any director for misconduct or neglect of duty. 79 No compensation shall be paid or allowed any director.

The board of directors of each memorial shall, immediately after their appointment, meet and organize by electing one of their number as president and one as secretary; a majority of all the members of any board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. They shall make and adopt such bylaws, rules and regulations from time to time, for their own guidance and for the government and use of the memorial, as may be expedient and not inconsistent with this section. Such board shall have authority to contract for the construction or purchase of a memorial established under this section and for repairs thereon or maintenance thereof and the supervision, care and custody of the ground, structure or structures: Provided, That all contracts shall be approved by the county commission and that the expenditures of all funds shall be subject to the approval of the county commission, and all moneys belonging to the memorial fund shall be deposited in the treasury of such county to the credit of the memorial fund and shall be drawn therefrom on orders issued by the county commission. Such orders shall not be drawn except upon requisition of the memorial board attached to proper authenticated vouchers. Ground, park or a grove for a memorial may be acquired by condemnation by such board in the same manner as the county commission may acquire other real estate for public uses and purposes, and the title of all such property shall be and vest in the county commission. The board shall have power to appoint a suitable custodian and assistants and prescribe rules for their conduct, fix their duties and compensation, and shall have power to remove such appointees and, in general, to carry out the spirit and intention of this section.

Each memorial operated by a board of directors as provided hereby shall be free for the use of the inhabitants of the county, subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the board may adopt, in order to render the use of such building or structure of greatest benefit to the greatest number; and the board may exclude from the use of the building any and all persons who shall wilfully violate such rules. The board of directors may extend the use and privileges of the building and structure to an educational institution or to nonresidents of the county upon such terms and conditions as the board may prescribe.

The board of directors shall, on or before the first day of July in each year, make a report to the county commission, stating the condition of the property, the various sums of money received from the memorial fund, and from all other sources, how much money was expended and for what expended; also an itemized budget estimate of expense of the property for the ensuing year, with such other information and suggestions as they deem of general interest, or that may be required by the county commission.

Any person or persons, including corporations, desiring to make donations of cash or other personal property or real estate for the benefit of the memorial, shall have the right to do so, and shall have the right to vest the title thereof in the county commission, to be held in trust and controlled by such board, the same as the other property owned or acquired, and according to the terms and for the purposes set out in the deed, gift, devise or bequest.

(d) Whenever the county commission contributes money out of the county treasury to aid in the erection or the maintenance, or both, of any building or buildings, structure or structures, where same is or are operated by the state or any political subdivision thereof, or to aid in the erection or the maintenance, or both, of a memorial hospital owned and operated by a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of this state, as such memorial or memorials, there shall be filed with the county commission, on or before the first day of July

154 in each year, an annual itemized report, for public 155 inspection, of the operation, income and expenditures for 156 the twelve months preceding as of the thirty-first day 157 of May in each year, and the condition of the property. 158 by the officials, or board of directors, as the case may 159 be, in charge thereof, and in the case of such memorial hospital such report also shall contain a complete 160 161 schedule of the rates and charges to the public and the 162 services rendered free to the indigent and needy unable 163 to pay therefor; and there also shall be filed with the 164 county commission, on or before the first day of July in 165 each year, an itemized budget estimate of the expense 166 and operation of such memorial or memorials for the 167 ensuing year, with such other information and sugges-168 tions as may be deemed of public interest, or that may 169 be required by the county commission.

CHAPTER 132

(S. B. 317—By Senators Sharpe, Whitlow, Helmick and Hawse)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to motor vehicle registration; increasing from ten to twenty-five miles the distance that a farm use vehicle or trailer may be moved along a public highway under certain circumstances in order to be exempt from motor vehicle registration and licensing requirements; providing that a farm use exemption certificate be displayed on a vehicle otherwise subject to registration; and providing that farm use exemption certificate be issued and fee collected by county assessor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

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ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION; ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.

- §17A-3-2. Every motor vehicle, etc., subject to registration and certificate of title provisions; exceptions.
 - (a) Every motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, pole trailer and recreational vehicle when driven or moved upon a highway shall be subject to the registration and certificate of title provisions of this chapter except:
 - (1) Any such vehicle driven or moved upon a highway in conformance with the provisions of this chapter relating to manufacturers, transporters, dealers, lienholders or nonresidents or under a temporary registration permit issued by the department as hereinafter authorized:
 - (2) Any implement of husbandry upon which is securely attached a machine for spraying fruit trees and plants of the owner or lessee or for any other implement of husbandry which is used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural purposes on lands owned or leased by the owner thereof and which is not operated on or over any public highway of this state for any other purpose other than for the purpose of operating it across a highway or along a highway other than an expressway as designated by the commissioner of the division of highways from one point of the owner's land to another part thereof, irrespective of whether or not the tracts adjoin: Provided. That the distance between the points shall not exceed twenty-five miles, or for the purpose of taking it or other fixtures thereto attached, to and from a repair shop for repairs. The foregoing exemption from registration and license requirements shall also apply to any vehicle hereinbefore described or to any farm trailer owned by the owner or lessee of the farm on which such trailer is used, when such trailer is used by the owner thereof for the purpose of moving farm produce and livestock from such farm along a public highway for a distance not to exceed twenty-five miles to a storage house or packing plant, when such use is a seasonal operation.

- (A) The exemptions contained in this section shall also apply to farm machinery and tractors: *Provided*, That such machinery and tractors may use the highways in going from one tract of land to another tract of land regardless of whether such land be owned by the same or different persons.
 - (B) Any vehicle exempted hereunder from the requirements of annual registration certificate and license plates and fees therefor shall not be permitted to use the highways between sunset and sunrise.
 - (C) Any vehicle exempted hereunder from the requirements of annual registration certificate and license plates shall be permitted to use the highways as herein provided whether such exempt vehicle is self-propelled, towed by another exempt vehicle or towed by another vehicle for which registration is required.
 - (D) Any vehicle used as an implement of husbandry exempt hereunder must have the words "farm use" affixed to both sides of the implement in ten inch letters. Any vehicle which would be subject to registration as a Class A or B vehicle if not exempted by this section shall display a farm use exemption certificate on the lower driver's side of the windshield.
 - (i) The farm use exemption certificate shall be provided by the commissioner and shall be issued annually by the assessor of the applicant's county of residence. The assessor shall issue a farm use exemption certificate upon his or her determination pursuant to an examination of the property books or documentation provided by the applicant that the vehicle has been properly assessed as Class I personal property. The assessor shall charge a fee of two dollars for each certificate, one dollar of the fee shall be retained by the assessor and one dollar shall be remitted by the assessor to the commissioner of the division of motor vehicles to be deposited in a special revolving fund to be used in the administration of this section.
- (ii) A farm use exemption certificate shall in no way exempt the applicant from maintaining the security as required by chapter seventeen-d of this code on any

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- vehicle being operated on the roads or highways of this state.
- (iii) No person charged with operating a vehicle without a farm use exemption certificate, if required under this section, shall be convicted if he or she produces in court or in the office of the arresting officer a valid farm use exemption certificate for the vehicle in question within five days;
- 84 (3) Any vehicle which is propelled exclusively by 85 electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires 86 though not operated upon rails;
 - (4) Any vehicle of a type subject to registration owned by the government of the United States;
 - (5) Any wrecked or disabled vehicle which is being towed by a licensed wrecker or dealer on the public highways of this state;
 - (6) The following recreational vehicles shall be exempt from the requirements of annual registration, license plates and fees, unless otherwise specified by law, but shall be subject to the certificate of title provisions of this chapter regardless of highway use: Motorboats, all-terrain vehicles and snowmobiles.
- 98 (b) The provisions of this article relating to recrea-99 tional vehicles shall become effective on the first day of 100 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

CHAPTER 133

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4156—By Delegates Reid and L. White)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections four, ten and thirteen, article six of said chapter, all relating to automobile dealers and owners; vehicle owners' application for

certificate of title: tax for privilege of certification of title: providing that the division of motor vehicles may issue a certificate of registration and title to an applicant if the applicant provides proof that the dealership has gone out of business and not paid the fees to the division; providing for transfer of certificates of registration and title among members of the same controlled group; criminal penalty for false swearing; application for license certificate: information required in an application; insurance; requiring an applicant for a new or used motor vehicle dealer's license to disclose on the application form information regarding retail and wholesale sales of motor vehicles during the preceding fiscal year: requiring a license applicant who sold no motor vehicles during the preceding fiscal year to disclose the information regarding anticipated sales during the ensuing fiscal year; authorizing the increase from two thousand dollars to ten thousand dollars the amount of the surety bond to be posted by an applicant for a motor vehicles dealer's license; application and renewal fees: issuance of dealers' plates; changing the formula under which new and used car dealers apply for and receive dealers' plates: limiting the use of dealer plates on courtesy vehicles to one per dealership; and maintenance of records.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections four, ten and thirteen, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 3. Original and Renewal of Registration; Issuance of Certificates of
- Licensing of Dealers and Wreckers or Dismantlers; Special Plates; Temporary Plates or Markers, Etc.
- ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION; ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.
- §17A-3-4. Application for certificate of title; tax for privilege of certification of title; penalty for false swearing.

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- (a) Certificates of registration of any vehicle or registration plates therefor, whether original issues or duplicates, shall not be issued or furnished by the division of motor vehicles or any other officer charged with the duty, unless the applicant therefor already has received, or at the same time makes application for and is granted, an official certificate of title of the vehicle. The application shall be upon a blank form to be furnished by the division of motor vehicles and shall contain a full description of the vehicle, which description shall contain a manufacturer's serial or identification number or other number as determined by the commissioner and any distinguishing marks, together with a statement of the applicant's title and of any liens or encumbrances upon the vehicle, the names and addresses of the holders of the liens and any other information as the division of motor vehicles may require. The application shall be signed and sworn to by the applicant.
- (b) A tax is hereby imposed upon the privilege of effecting the certification of title of each vehicle in the amount equal to five percent of the value of the motor vehicle at the time of the certification. If the vehicle is new, the actual purchase price or consideration to the purchaser thereof is the value of the vehicle; if the vehicle is a used or secondhand vehicle, the present market value at time of transfer or purchase is the value thereof for the purposes of this section: Provided. That so much of the purchase price or consideration as is represented by the exchange of other vehicles on which the tax imposed by this section has been paid by the purchaser shall be deducted from the total actual price or consideration paid for the vehicle, whether the same be new or secondhand: if the vehicle is acquired through rift. or by any manner whatsoever, unless specifically exempted in this section, the present market value of the vehicle at the time of the gift or transfer is the value thereof for the purposes of this section. No certificate of title for any vehicle shall be issued to any applicant unless the applicant has paid to the division of motor vehicles the tax imposed by this section which is five percent of the true and actual value of the vehicle

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43 whether the vehicle is acquired through purchase, by 44 gift or by any other manner whatsoever except gifts 45 between husband and wife or between parents and children: Provided, however. That the husband or wife. 46 47 or the parents or children previously have paid the tax 48 on the vehicles transferred to the state of West Virginia: 49 Provided further. That the division of motor vehicles 50 may issue a certificate of registration and title to an 51 applicant if the applicant provides sufficient proof to the 52 division of motor vehicles that the applicant has paid the taxes and fees required by this section to a motor vehicle 53 dealership that has gone out of business or has filed 54 55 bankruptcy proceedings in the United States bank-56 ruptcy court and the taxes and fees so required to be 57 paid by the applicant have not been sent to the division 58 by the motor vehicle dealership or have been impounded 59 due to the bankruptcy proceedings: And provided 60 further, That the applicant makes an affidavit of the 61 same and assigns all rights to claims for money the 62 applicant may have against the motor vehicle dealership 63 to the division of motor vehicles: And provided further. 64 That the division of motor vehicles shall issue a 65 certificate of registration and title to an applicant 66 without payment of the tax imposed by this section if 67 the applicant is a corporation, partnership or limited liability company transferring the vehicle to another 68 69 corporation, partnership or limited liability company when the entities involved in the transfer are members 70 71 of the same controlled group and the transferring entity has previously paid the tax on the vehicle transferred. 72 For the purposes of this section, control means owner-73 ship, directly or indirectly, of stock or equity interests 74 75 possessing fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of a corporation 76 or equity interests of a partnership or limited liability 77 company entitled to vote or ownership, directly or 78 indirectly, of stock or equity interests possessing fifty 79 percent or more of the value of the corporation. 80 partnership or limited liability company. 81

The tax imposed by this section does not apply to vehicles to be registered as Class H vehicles, or Class S vehicles, as defined in section one, article ten of this

85 chapter, which are used or to be used in interstate 86 commerce. Nor does the tax imposed by this section 87 apply to the titling of Class B. Class K or Class E vehicles registered at a gross weight of fifty-five 88 89 thousand pounds or more, or to the titling of Class C or 90 Class L semitrailers, full trailers, pole trailers, and 91 converter gear: Provided, That if an owner of a vehicle 92 has previously titled the vehicle at a declared gross 93 weight of fifty-five thousand pounds or more and the 94 title was issued without the payment of the tax imposed 95 by this section, then before the owner may obtain 96 registration for the vehicle at a gross weight less than 97 fifty-five thousand pounds, the owner must surrender to 98 the commissioner the exempted registration, the exemp-99 ted certificate of title, and pay the tax imposed by this 100 section based upon the current market value of the vehicle: Provided, however. That notwithstanding the 101 102 provisions of section nine, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code, the exemption from tax under this section 103 for Class B. Class K or Class E vehicles in excess of fifty-104 105 five thousand pounds and Class C or Class L semitrailers, full trailers, pole trailers and converter gear shall 106 107 not subject the sale or purchase of the vehicles to the 108 consumers sales tax. The tax imposed by this section 109 does not apply to titling of vehicles by a registered dealer of this state for resale only, nor does the tax 110 111 imposed by this section apply to titling of vehicles by this state or any political subdivision thereof, or by any 112 113 volunteer fire department or duly chartered rescue or 114 ambulance squad organized and incorporated under the 115 laws of the state of West Virginia as a nonprofit 116 corporation for protection of life or property. The total 117 amount of revenue collected by reason of this tax shall 118 be paid into the state road fund and expended by the commissioner of highways for matching federal funds 119 allocated for West Virginia. In addition to the tax, there 120 121 is a charge of five dollars for each original certificate 122 of title or duplicate certificate of title so issued: Provided 123 further, That this state or any political subdivision 124 thereof, or any volunteer fire department, or duly 125 chartered rescue squad, is exempt from payment of the 126 charge.

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The certificate is good for the life of the vehicle, so long as the same is owned or held by the original holder of the certificate, and need not be renewed annually, or any other time, except as provided in this section.

If, by will or direct inheritance, a person becomes the owner of a motor vehicle and the tax imposed by this section previously has been paid, to the division of motor vehicles, on that vehicle, he or she is not required to pay the tax.

A person who has paid the tax imposed by this section is not required to pay the tax a second time for the same motor vehicle, but is required to pay a charge of five dollars for the certificate of retitle of that motor vehicle, except that the tax shall be paid by the person when the title to the vehicle has been transferred either in this or another state from such person to another person and transferred back to such person.

(c) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, the owners of trailers, semitrailers, recreational vehicles and other vehicles not subject to the certificate of title tax prior to the enactment of this chapter are subject to the privilege tax imposed by this section: Provided, That the certification of title of any recreational vehicle owned by the applicant on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, is not subject to the tax imposed by this section: Provided, however, That mobile homes, house trailers, modular homes and similar nonmotive propelled vehicles, except recreational vehicles, susceptible of being moved upon the highways but primarily designed for habitation and occupancy, rather than for transporting persons or property, or any vehicle operated on a nonprofit basis and used exclusively for the transportation of mentally retarded or physically handicapped children when the application for certificate of registration for the vehicle is accompanied by an affidavit stating that the vehicle will be operated on a nonprofit basis and used exclusively for the transportation of mentally retarded and physically handicapped children, are not subject to the tax imposed by this section, but are taxable under the provisions of articles fifteen and

- 168 fifteen-a, chapter eleven of this code.
- 169 (d) Any person making any affidavit required under 170 any provision of this section, who knowingly swears
- 171 falsely, or any person who counsels, advises, aids or
- 172 abets another in the commission of false swearing, is on
- 173 the first offense guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
- 174 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five
- hundred dollars or be imprisoned in the county jail for
- 176 a period not to exceed six months, or, in the discretion
- 177 of the court, both fined and imprisoned. For a second
- 178 or any subsequent conviction within five years, that
- person is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof,
- 180 shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars or be
- 181 imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one year
- 182 nor more than five years or, in the discretion of the
- 183 court, fined and imprisoned.
- 184 (e) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this
- 185 section, any person in the military stationed outside
- 186 West Virginia, or his or her dependents who possess a
- 187 motor vehicle with valid registration, are exempt from
- 188 the provisions of this article for a period of nine months
- 189 from the date that that person returns to this state or
- 190 the date his or her dependent returns to this state,
- 191 whichever is later.

ARTICLE 6. LICENSING OF DEALERS AND WRECKERS OR DISMANTLERS; SPECIAL PLATES; TEMPORARY PLATES OR MARKERS, ETC.

- §17A-6-4. Application for license certificate; insurance; bonds; investigation: information confidential.
- §17A-6-10. Fee required for license certificate; dealer special plates.
- §17A-6-13. Use of special plates, records to be maintained by dealer.

§17A-6-4. Application for license certificate; insurance; bonds; investigation; information confidential.

- 1 (a) Application for any license certificate required by
- 2 section three of this article shall be made on a form
- 3 prescribed by the commissioner. There shall be attached
- 4 to the application a certificate of insurance certifying
- 5 that the applicant has in force an insurance policy issued
- 6 by an insurance company authorized to do business in

- this state insuring the applicant and any other person, as insured, using any vehicle or vehicles owned by the applicant with the express or implied permission of the named insured, against loss from the liability imposed by law for damages arising out of the ownership. operation, maintenance or use of the vehicle or vehicles. subject to minimum limits, exclusive of interest and costs, with respect to each vehicle, as follows: Twenty thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident and, subject to the limit for one person, forty thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and ten thousand dollars because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident.
 - (b) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of new motor vehicle dealer, used motor vehicle dealer or house trailer dealer, the application shall disclose, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) The type of business for which a license certificate is sought;
 - (2) If the applicant is an individual, the full name and address of the applicant and any trade name under which he or she will engage in the business;
 - (3) If the applicant is a copartnership, the full name and address of each partner therein, the name of the copartnership, its post-office address and any trade name under which it will engage in the business;
 - (4) If the applicant is a corporation, its name, the state of its incorporation, its post-office address and the full name and address of each officer and director thereof;
 - (5) The location of each place in this state at which the applicant will engage in the business and whether the business is owned or leased by the applicant;
 - (6) Whether the applicant, any partner, officer or director thereof has previously engaged in the business or any other business required to be licensed under the provisions of this article and if so, with or for whom, at what location and for what periods of time;

- 46 (7) Whether the applicant, any partner, officer, 47 director or employer thereof has previously applied for 48 a license certificate under the provisions of this article 49 or a similar license certificate in this or any other state, 50 and if so, whether the license certificate was issued or 51 refused, and, if issued, whether it was ever suspended 52 or revoked;
 - (8) A statement of previous general business experience and the past history of the applicant; and
 - (9) Any other information that the commissioner may reasonably require which may include information relating to any contracts, agreements or understandings between the applicant and other persons respecting the transaction of the business, and any criminal record of the applicant if an individual, or of each partner if a copartnership, or of each officer and director, if a corporation.
 - (c) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of new motor vehicle dealer, the application shall, in addition to the matters outlined in subsection (b) of this section disclose:
 - (1) The make or makes of new motor vehicles which the applicant will offer for sale in this state during the ensuing fiscal year; and
 - (2) The exact number of new and used motor vehicles, if any, sold at retail and wholesale by the applicant or his or her predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, and if no new and used motor vehicles were sold at retail and wholesale by the applicant or his or her predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, the number of new and used motor vehicles the applicant reasonably expects to sell at retail and wholesale during the ensuing fiscal year.
 - (d) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of used motor vehicle dealer, the application shall in addition to the matters outlined in subsection (b) of this section, disclose the exact number of used motor vehicles, if any, sold at

retail and wholesale by the applicant or his or her predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, and if no used motor vehicles were sold at retail and wholesale by the applicant or his or her predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, the number of used motor vehicles the applicant reasonably expects to sell at retail and wholesale during the ensuing fiscal vear.

- (e) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of trailer dealer, recreational vehicle dealer, motorcycle dealer, used parts dealer or wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder, the application shall disclose any information that the commissioner may reasonably require.
- (f) The application shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the applicant, if an individual, or if the applicant is a copartnership or corporation, by a partner or officer thereof, as the case may be. The application must be accompanied by a bond of the applicant in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, in the form prescribed by the commissioner, conditioned that the applicant will not in the conduct of his or her business practice any fraud which, or make any fraudulent representation which, shall cause a financial loss to any purchaser, seller or financial institution or agency, or the state of West Virginia, with a corporate surety thereon authorized to do business in this state, which bond shall be effective as of the date on which the license certificate sought is issued.
- (g) Upon receipt of any fully completed application, together with any bond required under subsection (f) of this section, the certificate of insurance as aforesaid and the appropriate fee provided for in section ten of this article, the commissioner may conduct any investigation as he considers necessary to determine the accuracy of any statements contained in the application and the existence of any other facts which he deems relevant in considering such application. To facilitate the investigation, the commissioner may withhold issuance or refusal

- of the license certificate for a period not to exceed twenty days.
- (h) Any application for a license certificate under the provisions of this article and any information submitted
- with the application is confidential for the use of the
- 128 division. No person shall divulge any information
- 129 contained in any application or any information submit-
- 130 ted with the application except in response to a valid
- 131 subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued pursuant to
- 132 law.

PART III. FEES AND DEALER SPECIAL PLATES GENERALLY.

§17A-6-10. Fee required for license certificate; dealer special plates.

- 1 (a) The initial application fee for a license certificate
 2 to engage in the business of a new motor vehicle dealer,
 3 used motor vehicle dealer, house trailer dealer, trailer
- 4 dealer, motorcycle dealer, recreational vehicle dealer or
- 5 wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder is two hundred fifty
- 6 dollars: Provided, That if an application for a license
- 7 certificate is denied or refused in accordance with
- 8 section six of this article, one hundred twenty-five 9 dollars shall be refunded to the applicant. The initial
- 10 application fee entitles the licensee to dealer special
- 11 plates as prescribed by subsections (b), (c), (d) and (e)
- 12 of this section.

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- (b) The annual renewal fee required for a license certificate to engage in the business of new motor vehicle dealer is one hundred dollars. This fee shall also entitle the licensee to one dealer's special plate which shall be known as a Class D special plate. Up to two additional Class D special plates shall be issued to the licensee upon application on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars for each additional Class D special plate. Any licensee is also entitled to receive additional Class D special plates on a formula basis, that is, one additional Class D special plates on a formula basis, that is, one
- 24 additional Class D special plate per twenty new and
- 25 used motor vehicles sold at retail and wholesale by the

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26 licensee or predecessor during the preceding fiscal year, 27 upon application on a form prescribed by the commis-28 sioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five 29 dollars for each additional Class D special plate: 30 Provided, That in the case of a licensee who did not own 31 or operate the business during the preceding fiscal year 32 and who has no predecessor who owned or operated a 33 business during the fiscal year, additional Class D plates 34 shall be issued for the ensuing fiscal year only on a formula basis of one additional Class D plate per twenty 35 36 new and used motor vehicles which the licensee esti-37 mates on his or her application for his or her license 38 certificate he or she will sell at retail and wholesale 39 during the ensuing fiscal year. The licensee may revise 40 his or her estimate if actual sales of new and used motor 41 vehicles in the initial year exceed the estimate by filing 42 an amended application for his or her license certificate. 43 Additional Class D plates shall be issued for the 44 remaining portion of the fiscal year only on a formula 45 basis of one additional Class D plate per twenty new and 46 used vehicles in the revised estimate.

47 (c) The annual renewal fee required for a license 48 certificate to engage in the business of used motor 49 vehicle dealer is one hundred dollars. This fee also 50 entitles the licensee to one dealer's special plate which 51 shall be known as a Class D-U/C special plate. Up to 52 two additional Class D-U/C special plates shall be issued to the licensee upon application on a form prescribed by 53 the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of 54 55 a fee of five dollars for each additional Class D-U/C special plate. Any licensee is also entitled to receive 56 additional Class D-U/C special plates on a formula basis, 57 that is, one additional Class D-U/C special plate per 58 twenty used motor vehicles sold at retail and/or 59 wholesale by the licensee or his or her predecessor 60 during the preceding fiscal year, upon application 61 therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars for each additional Class D-U/C special plate: Provided. That in the case of a licensee who did not own or operate

- the business during the preceding fiscal year and who has no predecessor who owned or operated the business during the preceding fiscal year, additional Class D-U/C plates shall be issued for the ensuing fiscal year only on a formula basis of one additional Class D-U/C plate per twenty used motor vehicles which the licensee estimates on his or her application for the license certificate he or she will sell at retail and/or wholesale during the ensuing fiscal year. The licensee may revise his or her estimate if actual sales of used motor vehicles in the ensuing fiscal year exceed the estimate by filing an amended application for his or her license certificate. Additional Class D-U/C plates shall be issued for the remaining portion of the fiscal year only on a formula basis of one additional Class D-U/C plate per twenty used vehicles in the revised estimate.
 - (d) The annual renewal fee required for a license certificate to engage in the business of house trailer dealer or trailer dealer, as the case may be, is twenty-five dollars. This fee also entitles the licensee to four dealer's special plates which shall be known as Class D-T/R special plates. Additional Class D-T/R special plates shall be issued to any licensee upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars for each such additional Class D-T/R special plate.
 - (e) The annual renewal fee required for a license certificate to engage in the business of recreational vehicle dealer is one hundred dollars. This fee shall also entitle the licensee to four dealer special plates which shall be known as Class D-R/V special plates. Additional Class D-R/V special plates shall be issued to any licensee upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars for each additional Class D-R/V special plate.
 - (f) The annual renewal fee required for a license certificate to engage in the business of motorcycle dealer is ten dollars. This fee shall also entitle the licensee to

- two dealer's special plates which shall be known as Class F special plates. Additional Class F special plates shall be issued to any dealer upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars for each additional Class F special plate.
- 111 (g) The annual renewal fee required for a license 112 certificate to engage in the business of wrecker/ 113 dismantler/rebuilder is fifteen dollars. Upon payment of 114 the fee for the license certificate, a licensee is entitled to up to four special license plates which shall be known 115 116 as Class WD special plates. The plates shall be issued 117 to any licensee upon application therefor on a form 118 prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars for each 119 120 plate. The plate issued under the provisions of this subsection shall have the words "Towing Only" affixed 121 thereon. A wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder is entitled to 122 123 one special plate known as a Class WD/Demo special 124 plate upon payment of a twenty-five dollar fee. This 125 plate shall only be used for demonstrating rebuilt 126 automobiles owned by the wrecker/dismantler/ 127 rebuilder.
- (h) All of the special plates provided for in this section shall be of such form and design and contain such other distinguishing marks or characteristics as the commissioner may prescribe.

§17A-6-13. Use of special plates; records to be maintained by dealer.

(a) The Class D special plates and the Class D-U/C 1 special plates authorized in this article may be used for 2 any purpose on any motor vehicle owned by the dealer 3 to whom issued and which is being operated with his 4 or her knowledge and consent and not otherwise: 5 Provided. That under no circumstances whatever shall 6 a Class D special plate or Class D-U/C special plate be 7 used on any work or service vehicle owned by a dealer. 8 on any vehicle owned by a dealer and offered for hire 9 or lease, or on any vehicle which has been sold by a 10

- dealer to a customer: *Provided, however*, That a dealer is authorized to use a Class D or Class D-U/C special plate on no more than one courtesy vehicle per dealership.
 - (b) Under no circumstances whatever shall a Class D-T/R special plate be used for the purpose of operating a motor vehicle upon the streets and highways, or on any house trailer or other trailer owned by a dealer and offered for hire or lease, or on any house trailer or other trailer which has been sold by a dealer to a customer: *Provided*, That notwithstanding the sale or any provision of this code to the contrary, a Class D-T/R special plate may be used in moving a house trailer sold by a house trailer dealer to a customer for one trip only from the house trailer dealer's established place of business to a place designated by the customer.
 - (c) Under no circumstances whatever shall a Class D-R/V special plate be used for the purpose of operating a motor vehicle upon the streets and highways, or on any recreational vehicle owned by a dealer and offered for hire or lease, or on any recreational vehicle which has been sold by a dealer to a customer: *Provided*, That notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, a Class D-R/V special plate may be used upon the streets and highways for demonstration purposes only on those recreational vehicles that are subject to registration under article three of this chapter.
 - (d) Under no circumstances whatever shall a Class F special plate be used for the purpose of operating any type of motor vehicle other than a motorcycle on the streets and highways, or on a motorcycle owned by a dealer and offered for hire or lease, or on any motorcycle which has been sold by a dealer to a customer.
 - (e) Every dealer entitled to and issued a special plate or plates under the provisions of this article shall keep a written record of the salesman, mechanic, employee, agent, officer or other person to whom a special plate or plates have been assigned by the dealer. Every record shall be open to inspection by the commissioner or his or her representatives or any law-enforcement officer.

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CHAPTER 134

(H. B. 4710—By Delegate Love)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article five, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to special permit and certificate in lieu of registration for nonresident owners of special mobile equipment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article five, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- §17A-5-1. Exemptions from registration of nonresident owners; special permit and certificate in lieu of registration for nonresidents maintaining temporary and recurrent or seasonal residence in state.
- (a) A nonresident owner, except as otherwise pro-1 vided in this section, owning any vehicle registered in 2 a foreign state or country of a Class A type otherwise 3 4 subject to registration hereunder may operate or permit 5 the operation of such vehicle within this state for a period of thirty days without registering such vehicle in, 6 7 or paying any fees to, this state subject to the condition that such vehicle at all times when operated in this state 8 is duly registered in and displays upon it a valid 9 registration card and registration plate or plates issued 10 for such vehicle in the place of residence of such owner 11 and that such vehicle is not operated for commercial 12 13 purposes.
 - (b) Every nonresident, including any foreign corporation, carrying on business within this state and owning and regularly operating in such business any motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer or special mobile equipment as defined in section one, article one, chapter seventeena, within this state, shall be required to register each

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- such vehicle and pay the same fee therefor as is required with reference to like vehicles owned by residents of this state, except as otherwise provided by reciprocal agreements with other states accomplished pursuant to sections ten and ten-a, article two of this chapter.
- 25 (c) Any nonresident who accepts or engages in temporary and recurrent or seasonal employment, 26 business, profession or occupation in this state and 27 28 maintains temporary and recurrent or seasonal resi-29 dence in this state in connection with such employment. 30 business, profession or occupation, and any nonresident. including any corporation carrying on business of a 31 32 temporary and recurrent or seasonal nature in this state 33 and owning and temporarily and recurrently or seasonally operating in such business any motor vehicle. 34 35 trailer, semitrailer or special mobile equipment as 36 defined in section one, article one, chapter seventeen-a, within this state, may operate or permit the operation 37 38 of such vehicle within this state without causing said vehicle to be registered as otherwise required by article 39 three of this chapter: Provided, That such nonresident, 40 in lieu of registration of such vehicle, shall make 41 application to the department and receive a special 42 43 permit for such vehicle which shall be evidenced by a metal identification plate and certificate in writing, 44 which special permit plate and certificate shall together 45 46 identify the vehicle for which such special permit and plate shall issue and such certificate shall bear the name 47 and address of the owner of such vehicle. Such special 48 49 permit shall be issued without previous certification of 50 title to such vehicle as otherwise required by article 51 three of this chapter or the provisions of subsection (b) 52 of this section.
 - (1) Every owner of a vehicle for which such special permit is desired shall make a verified application to the division for such special permit upon the appropriate form or forms furnished by the division and shall bear the signature of the owner written with pen and ink and shall contain the character of information called for by section three, article three of this chapter, a description of the employment, residence, business and location of

- such business set forth in such manner as to show the temporary and recurrent or seasonal nature of such residence, employment, business, profession or occupation, and that such vehicle is duly registered in the state of residence of such owner. There shall be an application for each vehicle for which a special permit is desired.
 - (2) Any special permit or plate issued by the division under this section shall be effective and valid for a period of sixty consecutive days from and including the date of issuance and, upon similar application by the owner, the commissioner may renew any such special permit for immediately ensuing similar period or periods of sixty days in any fiscal year. The division shall charge a fee of fifty dollars for each special permit issued under this section.
 - (A) A special permit shall be issued for one vehicle only and no combination of two or more vehicles shall be operated under fewer special permits than the number of vehicles in such combination. A special permit shall not be issued for any vehicle which is not duly registered in the state of residence of the owner thereof.
 - (B) The registration plate issued for such vehicle by the state of residence of the owner shall not be displayed on such vehicle while being operated over any highway during any period for which a special permit shall have been issued for such vehicle under this section, but there shall be carried in such vehicle the certificate of registration issued for such vehicle by the state of residence of such owner.
 - (C) Any owner of any vehicle making application to operate such vehicle upon the highways of this state pursuant to the provisions of this article shall also be required to comply with the provisions of chapter seventeen-d of this code prior to commencing such operation.
 - (3) The commissioner shall prescribe the substance, form, color and context of the certificate or special permit and the special permit plate, each of which shall be visually distinguishable from the certificates of

- registration and registration plates issued under article three of this chapter.
 - (4) It is a misdemeanor for any person to drive or move or knowingly to permit to be moved or driven upon any highway any vehicle for which a special permit shall have been issued under this section unless such vehicle shall bear the special plate called for by the certificate evidencing such special permit.
 - (5) When the employment, business, profession, occupation or residence of the owner of a vehicle for which such special permit shall have been issued shall cease to be temporary and recurrent or seasonal, any special permit issued for such vehicle pursuant to this section shall immediately terminate and become void and such vehicle shall thereupon become subject to registration under article three of this chapter or the provisions of subsection (b) of this section.
 - (6) Any special permit issued pursuant to this section shall be valid and effective on and after the first day of a month; that is, such special permit issued between the first and fifteenth days of a month shall be effective during sixty consecutive days from and including the first day of the month in which the permit shall issue; and a special permit issued after the fifteenth day of any month shall be effective during sixty consecutive days commencing with and including the first day of the month next following the month in which such special permit shall be issued.
 - (d) Any other provision of this section notwithstanding any nonresident referred to in subsection (c) of this section who is engaged by a public utility, as the later is defined in chapter twenty-four of this code, for the exclusive purpose of restoring the service of said utility as a result of an emergency in which such service is affected shall be permitted to operate such motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer or special mobile equipment as defined in section one, article one, chapter seventeena within this state without causing said motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer or special mobile equipment as defined in section one, article one, chapter seventeen-a

to be registered as otherwise provided by this section 141 142 and article three of this chapter for the period actually necessary for such restoration but not to exceed a period 143 of ten consecutive days: Provided, That said motor 144 145 vehicle, trailer, semitrailer or special mobile equipment shall be registered in another state upon entry into this 146 147 state. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect 148 the requirements of reciprocal agreements with other states accomplished pursuant to sections ten and ten-a. 149 150 article two of this chapter.

CHAPTER 135

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4136—By Delegates Reid and Brum)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article six, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to licensed motor vehicle dealers; and mandating minimum requirements relating to the display area, office space, telephone service and public hours of operation for a motor vehicle dealer's established place of business.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article six, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. LICENSING OF DEALERS AND WRECKERS OR DISMANTLERS; SPECIAL PLATES; TEMPORARY PLATES OR MARKERS, ETC.

§17A-6-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) Unless the context in which used clearly requires 2 a different meaning, as used in this article:
- (1) "New motor vehicle dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public the engaged in the business in this state of selling five
- to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling five or more new motor vehicles or new and used motor

- 9 vehicles in any fiscal year of a type required to be 10 registered under the provisions of this chapter, except, 11 for the purposes of this article only, motorcycles.
 - (2) "Used motor vehicle dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling five or more used motor vehicles in any fiscal year of a type required to be registered under the provisions of this chapter, except, for the purposes of this article only, motorcycles.
 - (3) "House trailer dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling new and/or used house trailers, or new and/or used house trailers and trailers.
 - (4) "Trailer dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling new and/or used trailers.
 - (5) "Motorcycle dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling new and/or used motorcycles.
 - (6) "Used parts dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling any used appliance, accessory, member, portion or other part of any vehicle.
 - (7) "Wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder" means every

- person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of dealing in wrecked or damaged motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts for the purpose of selling the parts thereof or scrap therefrom or who are in the business of rebuilding salvage motor vehicles for the purpose of resale to the public.
 - (8) "New motor vehicles" means all motor vehicles, except motorcycles and used motor vehicles, of a type required to be registered under the provisions of this chapter.
 - (9) "Used motor vehicles" means all motor vehicles, except motorcycles, of a type required to be registered under the provisions of this chapter which have been sold and operated, or which have been registered or titled, in this or any other state or jurisdiction.
 - (10) "House trailers" means all trailers designed or intended for human occupancy and commonly referred to as mobile homes or house trailers, but shall not include fold down camping and travel trailers.
 - (11) "Trailers" means all types of trailers other than house trailers, and shall include, but not be limited to, pole trailers and semitrailers but excluding recreational vehicles.
 - (12) "Sales instrument" means any document resulting from the sale of a vehicle, which shall include, but not be limited to, a bill of sale, invoice, conditional sales contract, chattel mortgage, chattel trust deed, security agreement or similar document.
 - (13) "Sell," "sale" or "selling" shall, in addition to the ordinary definitions of such terms, include offering for sale, soliciting sales of, negotiating for the sale of, displaying for sale, or advertising for sale, any vehicle, whether at retail, wholesale or at auction. "Selling" shall, in addition to the ordinary definition of that term, also include buying and exchanging.
 - (14) "Applicant" means any person making applica-

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- tion for an original or renewal license certificate under the provisions of this article.
- (15) "Licensee" means any person holding any license certificate issued under the provisions of this article.
 - (16) "Predecessor" means the former owner or owners or operator or operators of any new motor vehicle dealer business or used motor vehicle dealer business.
 - (17) "Established place of business" shall, in the case of a new motor vehicle dealer, mean a permanent location, not a temporary stand or other temporary quarters, owned or leased by the licensee or applicant and actually occupied or to be occupied by him or her, as the case may be, which is or is to be used exclusively for the purpose of selling new motor vehicles or new and used motor vehicles, which shall have space under roof for the display of at least one new motor vehicle and facilities and space therewith for the servicing and repair of at least one motor vehicle, which servicing and repair facilities and space shall be adequate and suitable to carry out servicing and to make repairs necessary to keep and carry out all representations, warranties and agreements made or to be made by such dealer with respect to motor vehicles sold by him or her, which shall be easily accessible to the public, which shall conform to all applicable laws of the state of West Virginia and the ordinances of the municipality in which it is located. if any, which shall display thereon at least one permanent sign, clearly visible from the principal public street or highway nearest said location and clearly stating the business which is or shall be conducted thereat, and which shall have adequate facilities to keep, maintain and preserve records, papers and documents necessary to carry on such business and to make the same available to inspection by the commissioner at all reasonable times: Provided, That each established place of business shall have a display area which may be outside or inside or a combination thereof of at least twelve hundred square feet which is to be used exclusively for the display of vehicles which are offered for sale by the dealer, office space of at least one hundred forty-four square feet, and a telephone listed in the name

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of the dealership. Each established place of business shall be open to the public a minimum of twenty hours per week at least forty weeks per calendar year with at least ten of those hours being between the hours of ninethirty a.m. and eight-thirty p.m., Monday through Saturday: Provided, however. That the requirement of exclusive use shall be met even though (i) some new and any used motor vehicles sold or to be sold by such dealer or sold or are to be sold at a different location or locations not meeting the definition of an established place of business of a new motor vehicle dealer, if each such location is or is to be served by other facilities and space of such dealer for the servicing and repair of at least one motor vehicle, adequate and suitable as aforesaid, and each such location used for the sale of some new and any used motor vehicles otherwise meets the definition of an established place of business of a used motor vehicle dealer: (ii) house trailers, trailers and/or motorcycles are sold or are to be sold thereat, if. subject to the provisions of section five of this article. a separate license certificate is obtained for each such type of vehicle business, which license certificate remains unexpired, unsuspended and unrevoked; (iii) farm machinery is sold thereat: and (iv) accessory. gasoline and oil, or storage departments are maintained thereat, if such departments are operated for the purpose of furthering and assisting in the licensed business or businesses.

(18) "Farm machinery" means all machines and tools used in the production, harvesting or care of farm products.

(19) "Established place of business" shall, in the case of a used motor vehicle dealer, mean a permanent location, not a temporary stand or other temporary quarters, owned or leased by the licensee or applicant and actually occupied or to be occupied by him, as the case may be, which is or is to be used exclusively for the purpose of selling used motor vehicles, which shall have facilities and space therewith for the servicing and repair of at least one motor vehicle, which servicing and repair facilities and space shall be adequate and suitable

169 to carry out servicing and to make repairs necessary to 170 keep and carry out all representations, warranties and 171 agreements made or to be made by such dealer with 172 respect to used motor vehicles sold by him or her, which 173 shall be easily accessible to the public, shall conform to 174 all applicable laws of the state of West Virginia, and the 175 ordinances of the municipality in which it is located, if 176 any, which shall display thereon at least one permanent 177 sign, clearly visible from the principal public street or 178 highway nearest said location and clearly stating the business which is or shall be conducted thereat, and 179 180 which shall have adequate facilities to keep, maintain 181 and preserve records, papers and documents necessary 182 to carry on such business and to make the same 183 available to inspection by the commissioner at all reasonable times: Provided. That each established place 184 185 of business shall have a display area which may be 186 outside or inside or a combination thereof of at least twelve hundred square feet which is to be used exclu-187 188 sively for the display of vehicles which are offered for 189 sale by the dealer, office space of at least one hundred 190 forty-four square feet, and a telephone listed in the name of the dealership. Each established place of business 191 shall be open to the public a minimum of twenty hours 192 per week at least forty weeks per calendar year with at 193 least ten of those hours being between the hours of nine-194 thirty a.m. and eight-thirty p.m., Monday through 195 Saturday: Provided, however, That if a used motor 196 197 vehicle dealer has entered into a written agreement or 198 agreements with a person or persons owning or operating a servicing and repair facility or facilities adequate 199 200 and suitable as aforesaid, the effect of which agreement 201 or agreements is to provide such servicing and repair 202 services and space in like manner as if said servicing 203 and repair facilities and space were located in or on said 204 dealer's place of business, then, so long as such an agreement or agreements are in effect, it shall not be 205 206 necessary for such dealer to maintain such servicing and 207 repair facilities and space at the place of business in 208 order for such place of business to be an established place of business as herein defined: Provided further, 209 That the requirement of exclusive use shall be met even 210

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- 211 though (i) house trailers, trailers and/or motorcycles are 212 sold or are to be sold thereat, if, subject to the provisions 213 of section five of this article, a separate license 214 certificate is obtained for each such type of vehicle 215 business, which license certificate remains unexpired. 216 unsuspended and unrevoked: (ii) farm machinery is sold 217 thereat: and (iii) accessory, gasoline and oil, or storage 218 departments are maintained thereat, if such depart-219 ments are operated for the purpose of furthering and 220 assisting in the licensed business or businesses.
- (20) "Established place of business" shall, in the case 221 222 of a house trailer dealer, trailer dealer, recreational 223 vehicle dealer, motorcycle dealer, used parts dealer and 224 wrecker or dismantler, mean a permanent location, not 225 a temporary stand or other temporary quarters, owned 226 or leased by the licensee or applicant and actually 227 occupied or to be occupied by him, as the case may be, 228 which shall be easily accessible to the public, which 229 shall conform to all applicable laws of the state of West 230 Virginia and the ordinances of the municipality in 231 which it is located, if any, which shall display thereon 232 at least one permanent sign, clearly visible from the 233 principal public street or highway nearest said location 234 and clearly stating the business which is or shall be 235 conducted thereat, and which shall have adequate 236 facilities to keep, maintain and preserve records, papers 237 and documents necessary to carry on such business and to make the same available to inspection by the 238 commissioner at all reasonable times. 239
 - (21) "Manufacturer" means every person engaged in the business of reconstructing, assembling or reassembling vehicles with a special type body required by the purchaser if said vehicle is subject to the title and registration provision of the code.
 - (22) "Transporter" means every person engaged in the business of transporting vehicles to or from a manufacturing, assembling or distributing plant to dealers or sales agents of a manufacturer, or purchasers.
 - (23) "Recreational vehicle dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while

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- acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling new and/or used recreational vehicles.
 - (24) "Motorboat" means any vessel propelled by an electrical, steam, gas, diesel or other fuel propelled or driven motor, whether or not such motor is the principal source of propulsion, but shall not include a vessel which has a valid marine document issued by the bureau of customs of the United States government or any federal agency successor thereto.
 - (25) "Motorboat trailer" means every vehicle designed for or ordinarily used for the transportation of a motorboat.
 - (26) "All-terrain vehicle" (ATV) means any motor vehicle designed for off-highway use and designed for operator use only with no passengers, having a seat or saddle designed to be straddled by the operator, and handlebars for steering control.
 - (27) "Travel trailer" means every vehicle, mounted on wheels, designed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping or travel use of such size or weight as not to require special highway movement permits when towed by a motor vehicle and of gross trailer area less than four hundred square feet.
 - (28) "Fold down camping trailer" means every vehicle consisting of a portable unit mounted on wheels and constructed with collapsible partial sidewalls which fold for towing by another vehicle and unfold at the camp site to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping or travel use.
 - (29) "Motor home" means every vehicle, designed to provide temporary living quarters, built into an integral part of or permanently attached to a self-propelled motor vehicle, chassis or van including: (1) Type A motor home built on an incomplete truck chassis with the truck cab constructed by the second stage manufacturer; (2) Type B motor home consisting of a van-type vehicle which has been altered to provide temporary

- living quarters; and (3) Type C motor home built on an incomplete van or truck chassis with a cab constructed by the chassis manufacturer.
 - (30) "Snowmobile" means a self-propelled vehicle intended for travel primarily on snow and driven by a track or tracks in contact with the snow and steered by a ski or skis in contact with the snow
 - (31) "Recreational vehicle" means a motorboat, motorboat trailer, all-terrain vehicle, travel trailer, fold down camping trailer, motor home or snowmobile.
 - (32) "Major component" means any one of the following subassemblies of a motor vehicle: (i) Front clip assembly consisting of fenders, grille, hood, bumper and related parts; (ii) engine; (iii) transmission; (iv) rear clip assembly consisting of quarter panels and floor panel assembly; or (v) two or more doors.
 - (b) Under no circumstances whatever shall the terms "new motor vehicle dealer," "used motor vehicle dealer," "house trailer dealer," "trailer dealer," "recreational vehicle dealer," "motorcycle dealer," "used parts dealer" or "wrecker/dismantler/rebuilder" be construed or applied under this article in such a way as to include a banking institution, insurance company, finance company, or other lending or financial institution, or other person, the state or any agency or political subdivision thereof, or any municipality, who or which owns or shall come in possession or ownership of, or acquire contract rights, or security interests in or to, any vehicle or vehicles or any part thereof and shall sell such vehicle or vehicles or any part thereof for purposes other than engaging in and holding himself or itself out to the public to be engaged in the business of selling vehicles or any part thereof.
 - (c) It is recognized that throughout this code the term "trailer" or "trailers" is used to include, among other types of trailers, house trailers. It is also recognized that throughout this code the term "trailer" or "trailers" is seldom used to include semitrailers or pole trailers. However, for the purposes of this article only, the term "trailers" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in subsection (a) of this section.

CHAPTER 136

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 122—By Senator Blatnik)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-c, relating to special demonstration plates for motor vehicle dealers which sell trailers, truck-tractors, road-tractors or trucks; application requirements; fees; record keeping; prohibitions; and certificates of insurance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-c, to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 6. LICENSING OF DEALERS AND WRECKERS OR DISMANTLERS; SPECIAL PLATES; TEMPORARY PLATES OR MARKERS. ETC.
 - PART III. FEES AND DEALER SPECIAL PLATES GENERALLY.
- §17A-6-10c. Special demonstration plates for dealers in trailers, truck-tractors, road-tractors and trucks; application; fee.
 - (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, 1 anv new motor vehicle dealer or used motor vehicle 2 dealer engaged in the business of selling trailers, truck-3 tractors, road-tractors or trucks who demonstrates the 4 motor vehicles under actual work conditions to potential 5 purchasers shall obtain a special demonstration plate 6 from the division of motor vehicles. The motor vehicle 7 dealer may obtain special demonstration plates without 8 9 first titling or registering each vehicle.
 - 10 (b) The commissioner shall prescribe the application 11 form for these special demonstration plates and shall 12 require the applicant to submit proof of the applicant's 13 status as a bona fide dealer in motor vehicles and to 14 certify that the applicant needs special demonstration

15 plates in the ordinary course of business.

The commissioner, upon approving any application, shall issue to the new motor vehicle dealer or used motor vehicle dealer up to four special demonstration plates which shall display the term "demonstration" or "demo" and a distinguishing number assigned to the motor vehicle dealer.

- (c) The annual fee for special demonstration plates is one hundred dollars for the first plate and fifty dollars for each additional plate, not to exceed a total of four plates per dealer.
- (d) Each motor vehicle dealer who is issued special demonstration plates shall keep a written record, on a form approved by the commissioner, containing the following information: Identification of the motor vehicles upon which the special demonstration plates are used; the times and dates during which each special demonstration plate is used; the name and address of the company or individual using a motor vehicle on which a special demonstration plate is used; and any other information considered necessary by the commissioner. This record shall be open to inspection by any police officer or employee of the division.
- (e) Each motor vehicle operated under the provisions of this section is considered to be registered at the maximum vehicle weights allowable under article seventeen, chapter seventeen-c of this code.
- (f) A motor vehicle dealer shall not: (1) Use any special demonstration plates issued under the provisions of this section on any motor vehicle which is not being demonstrated; (2) use any special demonstration plates to demonstrate any single motor vehicle for more than seven calendar days in any calendar year for any single customer; (3) use any special demonstration plates on any motor vehicle leased or rented to any customer; or (4) use any special demonstration plates in any way other than to demonstrate the on-the-job capabilities of a motor vehicle to a potential purchaser.
- (g) The motor vehicle dealer is required to furnish a certificate of insurance in the amount required by

regulations of the West Virginia public service commission or the United States department of transportation for the class of motor carrier for which the motor vehicle is to be demonstrated

CHAPTER 137

(H. B. 4499-By Delegate J. Martin)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-a, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to registration of antique motor vehicles, providing for restricted and general use of antique motor vehicles, providing a system of numbering license plates with the model year of the antique motor vehicle and authorizing the commissioner to promulgate certain rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-a, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. FEES FOR REGISTRATION, LICENSING, ETC.

§17A-10-3a. Special registration of antique motor vehicles.

- The annual registration fee for any antique motor vehicle as defined in this section is two dollars. "Antique motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle which is over twenty-five years old, and is owned solely as a collector's item.
- 6 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section,
 7 antique motor vehicles may not be used for general
 8 transportation but may only be used for:
- 9 (1) Participation in club activities, exhibits, tours, 10 parades and similar events;
- 11 (2) The purpose of testing their operation, obtaining 12 repairs or maintenance, and transportation to and from 13 events as described in subdivision (1); and

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- 14 (3) Recreational purposes on Saturdays, Sundays and 15 holidays.
- 16 (b) A West Virginia motor vehicle displaying license 17 plates of the same year of issue as the model year of the 18 antique motor vehicle, as authorized in this section, may 19 be used for general transportation purposes if the 20 following conditions are met:
 - (1) The license plate's physical condition has been inspected and approved by the division of motor vehicles;
- 24 (2) The license plate is registered to the specific 25 motor vehicle by the division of motor vehicles;
- 26 (3) The owner of the motor vehicle annually registers 27 the motor vehicle and pays an annual registration fee 28 for the motor vehicle equal to that charged to obtain 29 regular state license plates;
- 30 (4) The motor vehicle passes an annual safety inspec-31 tion; and
- 32 (5) The motor vehicle displays a sticker attached to 33 the license plate, issued by the division, indicating that 34 the motor vehicle may be used for general 35 transportation.
- If more than one request is made for license plates having the same number, the division shall accept only the first application.
- The commissioner may promulgate rules necessary or convenient for the carrying out of the provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 138

(H. B. 4716—By Delegates Manuel and Staton)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, one-a, two, three, four, five, six, seven, seven-b, seven-c, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, article two,

chapter seventeen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section three-a, article three of said chapter seventeen-b; to amend and reenact section five. article two-a, chapter seventeen-d; and to amend and reenact sections twelve and fourteen, article one, chapter seventeen-e of said code, all relating to driver's licenses generally; classification of driver's licenses; nonoperator identification cards and fees therefor: surrender of driver's licenses issued by other states: removal of lawful authority to retain certain commercial driver's licenses issued by another state; persons exempt from requirement of driver's license; persons to whom the issuance of driver's licenses are prohibited and exceptions; persons prohibited from driving school buses or transporting persons or property for compensation; instruction permits; applications; examinations and legislative rules therefor; motorcycle examinations and endorsements: window for receiving motorcycle endorsement without examination; motorcycle license examination fund; issuance and contents of driver's licenses and fees therefor; removal of requirement that division of motor vehicles mark reissued driver's licenses with information of prior suspensions; requirement that driver's licenses be in the immediate possession of operator of motor vehicle and that the same be displayed upon demand; restricted licenses; duplicate permits and licenses: expiration of driver's licenses; renewals of driver's licenses and fees therefor; notice of change of name or address: records to be kept by the division of motor vehicles; removal of requirement that the division of motor vehicles file all accident reports; legislative rules necessary to implement certain provisions of chapter; suspension of driver's licenses for failure to pay municipal or magistrate court fines or costs; cancellations of insurance policy; suspension of registration; minimum policy term; classifications of commercial driver's licenses and endorsements or restrictions thereon; and criminal penalties for persons who, having been issued a commercial driver's license, operate a commercial motor vehicle while having any measurable alcohol in such person's system or while having an

alcohol concentration of blood, breath or urine of four hundredths of one percent or more, or who refuse to take a breath test.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, one-a, two, three, four, five, six, seven, seven-b, seven-c, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, article two, chapter seventeen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section three-a, article three of said chapter seventeen-b be amended and reenacted; that section five, article two-a, chapter seventeen-d be amended and reenacted; and that sections twelve and fourteen, article one, chapter seventeen-e of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 17B. Motor Vehicle Operators' and Chauffeurs' Licenses.
- 17D. Motor Vehicle Safety Responsibility Law.
- 17E. Uniform Commercial Driver's License Act.

CHAPTER 17B. MOTOR VEHICLE OPERATORS' AND CHAUFFEURS' LICENSES.

Article

- 2. Issuance of License, Expiration and Renewal.
- 3. Cancellation, Suspension or Revocation of Licenses.

ARTICLE 2. ISSUANCE OF LICENSE, EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.

- §17B-2-1. Drivers must be licensed; types of licenses; licensees need not obtain local government license; motorcycle driver license; indentification cards.
- §17B-2-1a. Surrender of license from other state or jurisdiction prior to receipt of license from this state; examination; fees required.
- §17B-2-2. Persons exempt from license.
- §17B-2-3. What persons shall not be licensed; exceptions.
- §17B-2-4. Persons prohibited from driving school buses or transporting persons or property for compensation.
- §17B-2-5. Qualifications, issuance and fee for instruction permits.
- §17B-2-6. Application for license or instruction permit; fee to accompany application.
- §17B-2-7. Examination of applicants.
- §17B-2-7b. Separate examination and endorsement for a license valid for operation of motorcycle.
- \$17B-2-7c. Motorcycle license examination fund.

- §17B-2-8. Issuance and contents of licenses; fees.
- §17B-2-9. License to be carried and exhibited on demand.
- §17B-2-10. Restricted licenses.
- §17B-2-11. Duplicate permits and licenses.
- §17B-2-12. Expiration of licenses; renewal; renewal fees.
- §17B-2-13. Notice of change of address or name.
- §17B-2-14. Records and indexes to be kept by the division.
- §17B-2-15. Authority for regulations.

§17B-2-1. Drivers must be licensed; types of licenses; licensees need not obtain local government license; motorcycle driver license; identification cards.

- (a) No person, except those hereinafter expressly exempted, may drive any motor vehicle upon a street or highway in this state or upon any subdivision street, as used in article twenty-four, chapter eight of this code, when the use of such subdivision street is generally used by the public unless the person has a valid driver's license under the provisions of this code for the type or class of vehicle being driven.
- Any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle as provided in this code may exercise the privilege thereby granted as provided in this code and, except as otherwise provided by law, shall not be required to obtain any other license to exercise such privilege by any county, municipality or local board or body having authority to adopt local police regulations.
- (b) The division, upon issuing a driver's license shall indicate on the license the type or general class or classes of vehicle or vehicles the licensee may operate in accordance with the provisions of this code, federal law or rule.
- 21 (c) Driver's licenses issued by the division shall be 22 classified in the following manner:
 - (1) Class A, B, or C license shall be issued to those persons eighteen years of age or older with two years driving experience and who have qualified for the commercial driver's license established by chapter seventeen-e of this code and the federal commercial motor vehicle safety act of 1986, Title XII of public law 99870 and subsequent rules, and have paid the required fee.

- (2) Class D license shall be issued to those persons eighteen years and older with one year driving expe-rience who operate motor vehicles other than those types of vehicles which require the operator to be licensed under the provisions of chapter seventeen-e of this code and federal law and rule for the transportation of persons or property for compensation and have paid the required fee. For the purposes of the regulation of the operation of a motor vehicle, wherever the term chauffeur's license is used in this code, it shall be construed to mean the Class A. B. C or D license described in this section or chapter seventeen-e of this code or federal law or rule.
 - (3) Class E license shall be issued to those persons who have qualified under the provisions of this chapter and who are not required to obtain a Class A, B, C or D license and who have paid the required fee. The Class E license may be endorsed under the provisions of section seven-b, article two of this chapter for motorcycle operation.
 - (4) Class F license shall be issued to those persons who successfully complete the motorcycle examination procedure provided for by this chapter and have paid the required fee, but who do not possess a Class A, B, C and D or E driver's license.
 - (d) No person, except those hereinafter expressly exempted, shall drive any motorcycle upon a street or highway in this state or upon any subdivision street, as used in article twenty-four, chapter eight, when the use of such subdivision street is generally used by the public unless the person has a valid motorcycle license or a valid license which has been endorsed under section seven-b, article two of this chapter for motorcycle operation or has a valid motorcycle instruction permit.
 - (e) (1) A nonoperator identification card may be issued to any person who:
 - (A) Is a resident of this state in accordance with the provisions of section one-a, article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code;

- 70 (B) Does not have a valid driver's license;
- 71 (C) Has reached the age of sixteen years;
- 72 (D) Has paid the required fee of ten dollars: *Provided*, 73 That such fee is not required if the applicant is sixty-
- 74 five years or older or is legally blind; and
- 75 (E) Presents a birth certificate or other proof of age 76 and identity acceptable to the division with a completed 77 application on a form furnished by the division.
- 78 (2) The nondriver identification card shall contain the 79 same information as a driver's license, except that such 80 identification card shall be clearly marked as identifi-81 cation card. The identification card shall expire every 82 four years. It may be renewed on application and 83 payment of the fee required by this section.
- (3) The identification card shall be surrendered to the division when the holder is issued a driver's license. The division may issue an identification card to an applicant whose privilege to operate a motor vehicle has been refused, cancelled, suspended or revoked under the provisions of this code.

§17B-2-1a. Surrender of license from other state or jurisdiction prior to receipt of license from this state: examination: fees required.

The division of motor vehicles shall not issue a driver's 1 2 license to a person who holds a valid license to operate 3 a motor vehicle issued by another state or jurisdiction 4 unless or until the applicant shall surrender to the 5 division the foreign license, or such person has signed and submitted to the division an affidavit to the effect 6 that such person has surrendered all valid licenses 7 8 issued to him or her by other states or jurisdictions. Any surrendered license issued by any other state or 9 iurisdiction shall be returned to the division of motor 10 vehicles or similar agency in that state or jurisdiction 11 together with a notice that the person who surrendered 12 the license has been licensed in this state. It shall be 13 14 unlawful for a person to possess more than one valid driver's license at any time. 15

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- 16 All other applicable provisions of this article relating
- 17 to issuance, fees, expiration and renewal of licenses, and
- 18 driver examination of applicants shall also apply to this
- 19 section.

§17B-2-2. Persons exempt from license.

- 1 The following persons are exempt from license 2 hereunder:
- 3 (1) Any person while operating a motor vehicle in the 4 armed services of the United States while in the 5 performance of his official duties:
- 6 (2) A nonresident who is at least sixteen years of age
 7 and who has in his immediate possession a valid driver's
 8 license issued to such person in such person's home state
 9 or country may operate a motor vehicle in this state only
 10 as an operator for a period not to exceed ninety days in
 11 any one calendar year:
- 12 (3) A nonresident who is at least sixteen years of age. 13 who has in such person's immediate possession a valid driver's license issued to such person in such person's 14 15 home state or country and who is employed in this state, or owns, maintains or operates a place or places of 16 17 business in this state, or engages in any trade, profession 18 or occupation in this state, in addition to the driving privileges extended under subdivision (2) of this section, 19 may operate a motor vehicle in this state only as an 20 21 operator in traveling to and from such person's place or places of employment, place or places of business or 22 place or places at which such person engages in such 23 trade, profession or occupation and in the discharge of 24 the duties of such person's employment, business, trade, 25 profession or occupation if such duties are such that, if 26 performed by a resident of the state of West Virginia 27 over the age of eighteen years of age, such resident 28 would not be required under the provisions of this 29 chapter to obtain a Class A, B, C or D driver's license: 30
 - (4) A nonresident who is at least eighteen years of age and who has in such person's immediate possession a valid commercial driver's license issued to such person in such person's home state or country may operate a

- motor vehicle in this state either as a commercial operator subject to the age limits applicable to commercial operators in this state, or as an operator subject to the limitations imposed on nonresident operators in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this section:
- 40 (5) Any person who is a student, properly enrolled and 41 registered in an accredited school, college or university in this state, who is at least sixteen years of age and who 42 43 has in such person's immediate possession a valid 44 driver's license issued to such person in such person's 45 home state, notwithstanding the limitations of subdivi-46 sions (2) and (3) of this section may operate a motor 47 vehicle in this state only as an operator: Provided. That 48 the state of which such person is a resident shall extend 49 the same privileges to residents of this state. This 50 exemption shall be cancelled immediately when such 51 student is graduated from school, college or university 52 or is expelled or ceases to be a student.

§17B-2-3. What persons shall not be licensed; exceptions.

The division shall not issue any license hereunder:

2 (1) To any person, as an operator, who is under the 3 age of eighteen years: Provided, That under rules and regulations to be established by the commissioner and 4 5 in accordance with the provisions hereinafter set forth in this subdivision (1), a junior driver's license may be 6 7 issued to any person between the ages of sixteen and 8 eighteen years, who complies with section eleven, article 9 eight, chapter eighteen of this code and is not otherwise disqualified by law, upon application therefor on a form 10 11 prescribed by the commissioner and successful comple-12 tion of all examinations and driving tests required by 13 law for the issuance of a driver's license to a person 14 eighteen years of age or older. The commissioner may 15 impose reasonable conditions or restrictions on the operation of a motor vehicle by a person holding such 16 junior driver's license, which conditions or restrictions 17 shall be printed on each such license. In addition to all 18 other provisions of this chapter for which a driver's 19 20 license may be revoked, suspended or cancelled, whenever a person holding such a junior driver's license (A) 21

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does not comply with the provisions of section eleven, article eight, chapter eighteen of this code. (B) operates a motor vehicle in violation of the conditions or restrictions set forth on such license, or (C) has a record of two convictions for moving violations of the traffic regulations and laws of the road, which convictions have become final, the junior driver's license of such person shall be permanently revoked, with like effect as if such person had never held a junior driver's license: Provided. That a junior driver's license shall be suspended for noncompliance with the provisions of section eleven. article eight, chapter eighteen of this code, and may be reinstated upon compliance: Provided, however, That such junior driver's license shall be revoked upon one final conviction for any offense specified in section five, article three of this chapter. Under no circumstances shall such a license be revoked for convictions of offenses in violation of any regulation or law governing the standing or parking of motor vehicles. A person whose iunior driver's license has been revoked shall not thereafter receive a junior driver's license, but such person, upon attaining the age of eighteen, shall be eligible, unless otherwise disqualified by law, for examination and driver testing for a regular driver's license. No person shall receive a junior driver's license unless the application therefor is accompanied by a writing, duly acknowledged, consenting to the issuance of such junior driver's license and executed by the parents of the applicant; or if only one parent is living, then by such parent; or if the parents be living separate and apart, by the one to whom the custody of the applicant was awarded; or if there is a guardian entitled to the custody of the applicant, then by such guardian. Upon attaining the age of eighteen years, a person holding an unrevoked junior driver's license shall, upon payment of the prescribed fee, be entitled to receive a regular driver's license without further examination or driver testing:

- (2) To any person, as a Class A, B, C or D driver, who is under the age of eighteen years;
 - (3) To any person, whose license has been suspended,

- during such suspension, nor to any person whose license (other than a junior driver's license) has been revoked, except as provided in section eight, article three of this
- 66 chapter;
- 67 (4) To any person who is an habitual drunkard or is 68 addicted to the use of narcotic drugs;
- 69 (5) To any person, as an operator or chauffeur, who 70 has previously been adjudged to be afflicted with or 71 suffering from any mental disability or disease and who 72 has not at the time of application been restored to competency by judicial decree or released from a 73 74 hospital for the mentally incompetent upon the certif-75 icate of the superintendent of such institution that such 76 person is competent, and not then unless the commis-77 sioner is satisfied that such person is competent to 78 operate a motor vehicle with a sufficient degree of care 79 for the safety of persons or property;
- 80 (6) To any person who is required by this chapter to 81 take an examination, unless such person shall have 82 successfully passed such examination;
- 83 (7) To any person when the commissioner has good 84 cause to believe that the operation of a motor vehicle on 85 the highways by such person would be inimical to public 86 safety or welfare.

§17B-2-4. Persons prohibited from driving school buses or transporting persons or property for compensation.

No person who is under the age of eighteen years and 1 2 no person who has been convicted of an offense described in section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c 3 of this code, and which conviction has become final shall 4 5 drive any school bus transporting school children or any motor vehicle when in use for the transportation of 6 persons or property for compensation nor in either event 7 until such person has been licensed as a Class A, B, C 8 or D driver for either such purpose and the license so 9 indicates. 10

§17B-2-5. Qualifications, issuance and fee for instruction permits.

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Any person who is at least fifteen years of age may apply to the division for an instruction permit. The division may, in its discretion, after the applicant has appeared before the department of public safety and successfully passed all parts of the examination other than the driving test and presented documentation of compliance with the provisions of section eleven, article eight, chapter eighteen of this code, issue to the applicant an instruction permit which shall entitle the applicant while having such permit in such person's immediate possession to drive a motor vehicle upon the public highways when accompanied by a licensed driver of at least twenty-one years of age or a driver's education or driving school instructor that is acting in an official capacity as an instructor, who is occupying a seat beside the driver, except in the event the permittee is operating a motorcycle, but in no event shall the permittee be allowed to operate a motorcycle upon a public highway until reaching sixteen years of age. Any such instruction permit issued to a person under the age of sixteen years shall expire sixty days after the permittee reaches sixteen years of age: Provided. That only permittees who have reached their sixteenth birthday are eligible to take the driving examination as provided in section six of this article. The instruction permit may be renewed for one additional period of sixty days. Any such permit issued to a person who has reached the age of sixteen years shall be valid for a period of sixty days and may be renewed for an additional period of sixty days or a new permit issued. The fee for such instruction permit shall be four dollars, one dollar of which shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the state road fund, and the other three dollars of which shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the general fund to be appropriated to the department of public safety for application in the enforcement of the road law.

Any person sixteen years of age or older may apply to the division for a motorcycle instruction permit. The division of motor vehicles may, in its discretion, after the applicant has appeared before the division of public safety and successfully passed all parts of the motorcycle examination other than the driving test, and presented

documentation of compliance with the provisions of 43 44 section eleven, article eight, chapter eighteen of this 45 code, issue to the applicant an instruction permit which entitles the applicant while having such permit in such 46 person's immediate possession to drive a motorcycle 47 upon the public streets or highways for a period of sixty 48 49 days, during the daylight hours between sunrise and 50 sunset only. No holder of a motorcycle instruction 51 permit shall operate a motorcycle while carrying any 52 passenger on the vehicle. A motorcycle instruction permit is not renewable, but a qualified applicant may 53 apply for a new permit. The fee for a motorcycle 54 55 instruction permit shall be five dollars, which shall be 56 paid into a special fund in the state treasury known as the motorcycle license examination fund as established 57 58 in section seven-c, article two of this chapter.

§17B-2-6. Application for license or instruction permit; fee to accompany application.

1 Every application for an instruction permit or for a 2 driver's license shall be made upon a form furnished by 3 the division. Every application shall be accompanied by the proper fee and payment of such fee shall entitle the 4 applicant to not more than three attempts to pass the 5 6 examination within a period of sixty days from the date 7 of application, except that no applicant may be exam-8 ined twice within a period of one week.

9 Every said application shall state the full name, date 10 of birth, sex, and residence address of the applicant, and briefly describe the applicant, and shall state whether 11 the applicant has theretofore been a licensed driver. 12 and, if so, when and by what state or country, and 13 14 whether any such license has ever been suspended or revoked within the five years next preceding the date 15 of application, or whether an application has ever been 16 refused, and, if so, the date of and reason for such 17 18 suspension, revocation or refusal, and such other 19 pertinent information as the commissioner may require.

§17B-2-7. Examination of applicants.

1 (a) Upon the presentment by the applicant under the age of eighteen years of the applicant's birth certificate.

3 or a certified copy thereof, as evidence that the applicant 4 is of lawful age, the division of public safety shall 5 examine every applicant for a license to operate a motor 6 vehicle in this state, except as otherwise provided in this 7 section. Such examination shall include a test of the 8 applicant's evesight, the applicant's ability to read and 9 understand highway signs regulating, warning, and 10 directing traffic, the applicant's knowledge of the traffic laws of this state, and the applicant's knowledge of the 11 effects of alcohol upon persons and the dangers of 12 13 driving a motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol, 14 and shall include an actual demonstration of ability to 15 exercise ordinary and reasonable control in the opera-16 tion of a motor vehicle, and such further physical and 17 mental examination as the division of motor vehicles and 18 the division of public safety deems necessary to determine the applicant's fitness to operate a motor vehicle 19 20 safely upon the highways.

(b) The commissioner and superintendent of public safety shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code concerning the examination of applicants for licenses and the qualifications required of such applicants, and the examination of such applicants by the division of public safety shall be in accordance with such rules. Such rules shall provide for the viewing of educational material or films on the effects of alcohol upon persons and the dangers of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

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§17B-2-7b. Separate examination and endorsement for a license valid for operation of motorcycle.

The division of public safety shall administer a 1 separate motorcycle examination for applicants for a 2 license valid for operation of a motorcycle. Any appli-3 cant for a license valid for operation of a motorcycle 4 shall be required to successfully complete the motorcy-5 cle examination, which shall be in addition to the 6 examination administered pursuant to section seven of 7 this article: Provided, That the commissioner of motor 8 vehicles may exempt an applicant for a motorcycle 9 driver license or endorsement from all or part of the 10

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11 motorcycle license examination as provided in section 12 six, article one-d of this chapter. The motorcycle 13 examination shall test the applicant's knowledge of the 14 operation of a motorcycle and of any traffic laws 15 specifically relating thereto and shall include an actual 16 demonstration of the ability to exercise ordinary and 17 reasonable control in the operation of a motorcycle. An 18 applicant for a license valid for the operation of only a 19 motorcycle shall be tested as provided in this section and 20 in section seven of this article, but need not demonstrate actual driving ability in any vehicle other than a 21 22 motorcycle. The examination provided in this section 23 shall not be made a condition upon the renewal of the 24 license of any person under this section.

For an applicant who successfully completes the motorcycle examination, upon payment of the required fee, the division shall issue a motorcycle endorsement on the driver's license of the applicant, or shall issue a special motorcycle-only license if the applicant does not possess a driver's license.

31 Any person who already holds a valid driver's license 32 on or before the first day of April, one thousand nine 33 hundred ninety-two, upon application and payment of 34 the required fee to the division of motor vehicles at any 35 time between the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and the thirtieth day of June, one 36 37 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, may be issued a 38 motorcycle endorsement without being required to take 39 the examination specified in this section. On or after the 40 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. 41 every person, including those holding a valid driver's 42 license, shall be required to take the examination 43 specified in this section to obtain a motorcycle license or endorsement. 44

§17B-2-7c. Motorcycle license examination fund.

There is hereby created a special revolving fund in the state treasury which shall be designated as the "motorcycle license examination fund". The fund shall consist of all moneys received from fees collected for motorcycle instruction permits under this article and

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any other moneys specifically allocated to the fund. The fund shall not be treated by the auditor or treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state. The fund shall be a special revolving fund to be used and paid out upon order of the superintendent of public safety solely for the purposes specified in this article.

The fund shall be used by the division of public safety to defray the costs of implementing and administering a special motorcycle license examination, including a motorcycle driving test.

§17B-2-8. Issuance and contents of licenses; fees.

- 1 (1) The division shall, upon payment of the required 2 fee, issue to every applicant qualifying therefor a 3 driver's license, which shall indicate the type or general 4 class or classes of vehicle or vehicles the licensee may 5 operate in accordance with this chapter, or chapter 6 seventeen-e of this code, or motorcycle-only license. Each 7 license shall contain a coded number assigned to the 8 licensee, the full name, date of birth, residence address, 9 a brief description and a color photograph of the licensee 10 and either a facsimile of the signature of the licensee 11 or a space upon which the signature of the licensee shall 12 be written with pen and ink immediately upon receipt 13 of the license. No license shall be valid until it has been 14 so signed by the licensee: Provided, That the commis-15 sioner may issue a valid without-photo license for applicants temporarily out of state. A driver's license 16 17 which is valid for operation of a motorcycle shall contain a motorcycle endorsement. The division shall use such 18 process or processes in the issuance of licenses that will. 19 insofar as possible, prevent any alteration, counterfeit-20 ing, duplication, reproduction, forging or modification 21 22 of, or the superimposition of a photograph on, such 23 license.
 - (2) The fee for the issuance of a Class E driver's license shall be ten dollars and fifty cents. The fee for issuance of a Class D driver's license shall be twenty-five dollars and fifty cents. Fifty cents of each such fee shall be deposited in the "combined voter registration and driver's licensing fund", established pursuant to the

- 30 provisions of section twenty-two-a, article two, chapter
- 31 three of this code. The one-time only additional fee for
- 32 adding a motorcycle endorsement to a driver's license
- 33 shall be five dollars. The fee for issuance of a motorcy-
- 34 cle-only license shall be ten dollars. The fees for the
- 35 motorcycle endorsement or motorcycle-only license shall
- 36 be paid into a special fund in the state treasury known
- 37 as the motorcycle safety fund as established in section
- 38 seven, article one-d of this chapter.

§17B-2-9. License to be carried and exhibited on demand.

- 1 Every licensee shall have his or her driver's license
- 2 in such person's immediate possession at all times when
- 3 operating a motor vehicle and shall display the same,
- 4 upon demand of a magistrate, municipal judge, circuit
- 5 court judge, peace officer, or an employee of the division.
- 6 However, no person charged with violating this section
- 7 shall be convicted if such person produces in court or
- 8 the office of the arresting officer a driver's license
- 9 theretofore issued to such person and valid at the time
- 10 of such person's arrest.

§17B-2-10. Restricted licenses.

- 1 The division upon issuing a driver's license shall have
- 2 authority whenever good cause appears to impose 3 restrictions suitable to the licensee's driving ability with
- 4 respect to the type of or special mechanical control
- 5 devices required on a motor vehicle which the licensee
- 6 may operate or such other restrictions applicable to the
- 7 licensee as the division may determine to be appropriate
- 8 to assure the safe operation of a motor vehicle by the
- 9 licensee.
- 10 The division may either issue a special restricted
- 11 license or may set forth such restrictions upon the usual
- 12 license form.
- 13 The division may upon receiving satisfactory evidence
- 14 of any violation of the restrictions of such license
- 15 suspend or revoke the same but the licensee shall be
- 16 entitled to a hearing as upon a suspension or revocation
- 17 under this chapter.

- 18 It is a misdemeanor for any person to operate a motor
- 19 vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions
- 20 imposed in a restricted license issued to such person.

§17B-2-11. Duplicate permits and licenses.

- 1 In the event that an instruction permit or driver's
- 2 license issued under the provisions of this chapter is lost
- 3 or destroyed, the person to whom such permit or license
- 4 was issued may upon making proper application and
- 5 upon payment of a fee of five dollars obtain a duplicate
- 6 thereof upon furnishing proof satisfactory to the division
- 7 that such permit or license has been lost or destroyed.

§17B-2-12. Expiration of licenses; renewal; renewal fees.

- 1 (a) Every driver's license shall expire four years from
- 2 the date of its issuance, except that the driver's license
- 3 of any person in the armed forces shall be extended for
- 4 a period of six months from the date the person is
- 5 separated under honorable circumstances from active
- 6 duty in the armed forces.
- 7 (b) A person who allows such person's driver's license
- 8 to expire may apply to the division for renewal thereof.
- 9 Application shall be made upon a form furnished by the
- 10 division and shall be accompanied by payment of the fee 11 required by section eight of this article plus an
- 12 additional fee of five dollars. The commissioner shall
- determine whether such person qualifies for a renewed
- 14 license and may, in the commissioner's discretion, renew
- 15 any expired license without examination of the
- 16 applicant.
- 17 (c) Each renewal of a driver's license shall contain a
- 18 new color photograph of the licensee. By first class mail
- 19 to the address last known to the division, the commis-
- 20 sioner shall notify each person who holds a valid driver's
- 21 license of the expiration date of the license. The notice
- 22 shall be mailed at least thirty days prior to the
- 23 expiration date of the license and shall include a
- 24 renewal application form.

§17B-2-13. Notice of change of address or name.

1 Whenever any person after applying for or receiving

- 2 a driver's license moves from the address named in such
- 3 application or in the license issued to such person, or
- 4 when the name of a licensee is changed by marriage or
- 5 otherwise, such person shall within twenty days thereaf-
- 6 ter notify the division in writing of the old and new
- 7 addresses or of such former and new names and of the
- 8 number of any license then held by such person on the
- 9 forms prescribed by the division.

§17B-2-14. Records and indexes to be kept by the division.

- 1 The division shall file every application for a license
- 2 received by it and shall maintain suitable indexes
- 3 containing, in alphabetical order:
- 4 (1) All applications denied and on each a notation of the reasons for such denial:
- 6 (2) All applications granted; and
- 7 (3) The name of every licensee whose license has been
- 8 suspended or revoked by the division and after each
- 9 such name a notation of the reasons for such action.
- 10 The division shall also file all abstracts of court
- 11 records of convictions received by it under the laws of
- 12 this state and in connection therewith maintain conve-
- 13 nient records or make suitable notations in order that
- 14 an individual record of each licensee showing the convictions of such licensee shall be readily ascertaina-
- 16 ble and available for the consideration of the division
- 17 upon any application for renewal of license and at other
- 18 suitable times.

§17B-2-15. Authority for regulations.

- 1 (a) The commissioner of the division of motor vehicles
- 2 is authorized to promulgate such legislative rules as are
- 3 necessary to carry out the license and endorsement 4 provisions of this chapter and the provisions regarding
- 5 motor vehicle registration in accordance with the
- 6 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 7 (b) The superintendent of the division of public safety
- 8 is authorized to promulgate such legislative rules as are
- 9 necessary to carry out the provisions relating to the

- 10 issuance of an instruction permit and conducting the
- 11 license qualifying examinations provided for in this
- 12 chapter in accordance with the provisions of chapter
- 13 twenty-nine-a of this code.

ARTICLE 3. CANCELLATION, SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSES.

§17B-3-3a. Suspending license for failure to pay fines or penalties imposed by magistrate court or municipal court.

1 The division shall suspend the license of any resident 2 of this state or the privilege of a nonresident to drive 3 a motor vehicle in this state upon receiving notice from 4 a magistrate court or municipal court of this state, 5 pursuant to subsection (b), section two-a, article three, 6 chapter fifty or subsection (b), section two-a, article ten, 7 chapter eight of this code, that such person has 8 defaulted on the payment of costs, fines, forfeitures or 9 penalties, which were imposed on the person by the 10 magistrate court or municipal court upon conviction of any motor vehicle violation, after ninety days following 11 12 such conviction, or that such person has failed to appear 13 in court when charged with a motor vehicle violation. For the purposes of this section, section two-a, article 14 15 three, chapter fifty and section two-a, article ten, 16 chapter eight, "motor vehicle violation" shall be defined as any violation designated in chapter seventeen-a, 17 seventeen-b, seventeen-c, seventeen-d or seventeen-e of 18 this code, or the violation of any municipal ordinance 19 20 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle for which the violation thereof would result in a fine or penalty: 21 Provided. That any parking violation or other violation 22 23 for which a citation may be issued to an unattended vehicle shall not be considered a motor vehicle violation 24 for the purposes of this section, section two-a, article 25 three, chapter fifty or section two-a, article ten, chapter 26 eight of this code. 27

CHAPTER 17D. MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY RESPONSIBILITY LAW.

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§17D-2A-5. Cancellation of insurance policy; suspension of registration; minimum policy term.

- 1 (a) An insurance company shall provide the division 2 of motor vehicles with a cancellation notice within ten days of the effective date of cancellation whenever the 3 4 company issues or causes to be issued a cancellation under the provisions of subsections (b) through (e), 5 6 section one, article six-a, chapter thirty-three of this 7 code. Unless the division of motor vehicles by legislative 8 rule allows for an alternative to suspension, the division 9 shall then suspend the driver license of the owner of 10 such vehicle for a period of thirty days and shall suspend 11 the motor vehicle registration until proof of insurance 12 is presented to the division. If, within the thirty-day 13 period a license or registration is suspended, the owner shows proof of insurance, the owner's license and 14 15 registration shall be immediately removed from suspension. If a license or registration is not suspended as 16 result of the cancellation of insurance, the owner of the 17 18 motor vehicle shall submit a statement under penalty of false swearing, that the cancellation will not result in 19 20 the operation of an uninsured motor vehicle upon the highways of this state, and this verification shall be sent 21 to the commissioner within twenty days of the notice of 22 23 cancellation.
 - (b) On or before the fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the commissioner of motor vehicles shall report to the Legislature upon proceedings pursuant to this section. The report shall include the total number of statements selected for verification as required by section three, article three, chapter seventeen-a, the total number of notices received from insurers, the total number of notices of pending suspensions issued and the total number of cases in which cancellation was found to have resulted in a lapse of coverage upon a vehicle operated upon the highways of this state during the prior year.
 - (c) No policy of motor vehicle liability insurance issued or delivered for issuance in this state shall be contracted for a period of less than ninety days: *Provided*, That the insurance commissioner may estab-

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- 40 lish exceptions thereto by rules and regulations to
- 41 chapter twenty-nine-a.

CHAPTER 17E. UNIFORM COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE ACT.

ARTICLE 1. COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE.

- §17E-1-12. Classifications, endorsements and restrictions.
- §17E-1-14. Commercial drivers prohibited from operating with any alcohol in system; driving with blood alcohol concentration of four hundredths of one percent or more; refusal of preliminary breath test to determine alcohol content of blood; criminal penalties.

§17E-1-12. Classifications, endorsements and restrictions.

- Commercial driver's licenses may be issued, with the 1
- 2 following classifications, endorsements, and restrictions;
- the holder of a valid commercial driver's license may 3
- drive all vehicles in the class for which that license is 4
- 5 issued, and all lesser classes of vehicles and vehicles
- which require an endorsement, unless the proper 6
- 7 endorsement appears on the license:
- 8 (1) Classifications:
- 9 (A) Class A - Any combination of vehicles with a gross
- 10 combined vehicle weight rating of twenty-six thousand
- 11 one pounds or more, provided the gross vehicle weight
- 12 rating of the vehicle(s) being towed is in excess of ten
- 13 thousand pounds.
- (B) Class B Any single vehicle with a gross vehicle 14
- weight rating of twenty-six thousand one pounds or 15 more, and any such vehicle towing a vehicle not in 16
- 17 excess of ten thousand pounds.
- (C) Class C Any single vehicle or combination vehicle 18
- with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than twenty-19 six thousand one pounds or any such vehicle towing a
- 20 vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating not in excess
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- of ten thousand pounds comprising: 22
- (i) Vehicles designed to transport sixteen or more 23 passengers, including the driver; and 24
- (ii) Vehicles used in the transportation of hazardous 25

- 26 materials which requires the vehicle to be placarded 27 under 49 C.F.R., part 172, sub-part F.
- 28 (2) Endorsements and restrictions:
- The commissioner upon issuing a commercial driver's license shall have the authority to impose such endorsements or restrictions as the commissioner may determine to be appropriate to assure the safe operation of a motor vehicle, and to comply with the Federal Motor Vehicle Act of 1986 and Federal Rules implementing such act.
 - (3) Applicant record check. Before issuing a commercial driver's license, the commissioner must obtain driving record information through the commercial driver's license information system, the national driver register and from each state in which the person has been commercially licensed.
 - (4) Notification of license issuance. Within ten days after issuing a commercial driver's license, the commissioner shall notify the commercial driver's license information system of that fact, providing all information required to ensure identification of the person.
- 47 (5) Expiration of license. The commercial driver's license shall expire four years from date of issuance.

Commercial driver's licenses held by any person in the armed forces which expire while that person is on active duty shall remain valid for thirty days from the date on which that person reestablishes residence in West Virginia.

Any person applying to renew a commercial driver's license which has been expired for two years or more must follow the procedures for an initial issuance of a commercial driver's license, including the testing provisions.

(6) License renewal procedures. — When applying for renewal of a commercial driver's license, the applicant must complete the application form, and provide updated information and required certifications. If the applicant wishes to retain a hazardous materials

- endorsement, the written test for a hazardous materials endorsement must be taken and passed.
- §17E-1-14. Commercial drivers prohibited from operating with any alcohol in system; driving with blood alcohol concentration of four hundredths of one percent or more; refusal of preliminary breath test to determine alcohol content of blood; criminal penalties.
 - (a) In addition to any other penalties provided by this code, any person who:
 - (1) Drives, operates or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle while having any measurable alcohol in his or her system; or
 - (2) Drives, operates, or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of his or her blood, breath or urine of four hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; or
 - (b) Upon conviction of an offense described in subsection (a) of this section:
 - (1) For a violation of subdivision (1) thereof, such person shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars; for a second offense of subdivision (1) thereof, such person shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than three hundred dollars or confined in the county jail for a period not to exceed thirty days, and, for a third or any subsequent offense, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and shall be confined in the county jail for a period of time of not less than twenty-four hours and not more than thirty days.
 - (2) For a violation of subdivision (2) thereof, such person shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than twenty-four hours nor more than six months and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. A person violating the provisions of subdivision (2) thereof shall be, for the second or any subsequent offense, guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than six months

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- 32 nor more than one year, and the court may, in its 33 discretion, impose a fine of not less than one thousand 34 dollars.
 - (c) A person who violates the provisions of subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section shall be taken immediately before a magistrate or court within the county in which the offense charged is alleged to have been committed and who has jurisdiction of the offense.
 - (d) In addition to any other penalties provided by this code, a person who drives, operates or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle having any measurable alcohol in such person's system or who refuses to take a preliminary breath test to determine such person's blood alcohol content as provided by section fifteen of this article must be placed out of service for twenty-four hours.

CHAPTER 139

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4131—By Delegate Kessel)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article five-a, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article five-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, all relating to revocation of driver's licenses for conduct related to alcohol or drugs; enhancement of periods of revocation for prior suspensions or revocations occurring within the ten years preceding the arrest date; revocation periods for persons under twenty-one years of age; establishment of motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program; users fee: legislative rules: definition of motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system; eligibility to participate in program; minimum revocation periods; restricted driver's licenses: restoration of driver's licenses; and criminal penalties.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article five-a, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article five-a be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5A. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPEN-SION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCO-HOL, CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR DRUGS.

\$17C-5A-2. Hearing; revocation; review.

§17C-5A-3a. Establishment of and participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program.

(a) Upon the written request of a person whose license

to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been revoked

§17C-5A-2. Hearing; revocation; review.

under the provisions of section one of this article or 3 4 section seven, article five of this chapter, the commis-5 sioner of motor vehicles shall extend the temporary license issued under section one of this article, if 6 7 applicable, and afford the person an opportunity to be 8 heard. Such written request must be filed with the 9 commissioner in person or by registered or certified 10 mail, return receipt requested, within ten days after 11 receipt of a copy of the order of revocation. The hearing 12 shall be before said commissioner or a hearing examiner 13 retained by the commissioner who shall rule on eviden-14 tiary issues and submit proposed findings of fact and 15 conclusions of law for the consideration of said commis-16 sioner and all of the pertinent provisions of article five. chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply: Provided, 17 That in the case of a resident of this state the hearing

(b) Any such hearing shall be held within twenty days after the date upon which the commissioner received the timely written request therefor, unless there is a postponement or continuance. The commissioner may

shall be held in the county wherein the arrest was made

in this state unless the commissioner or the commission-

er's authorized deputy or agent and such person agree

that the hearing may be held in some other county.

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postpone or continue any hearing on the commissioner's own motion, or upon application for each person for good cause shown. The commissioner shall adopt and implement by a procedural rule written policies governing the postponement or continuance of any such hearing on the commissioner's own motion or for the benefit of any lawenforcement officer or any person requesting such hearing, and such policies shall be enforced and applied to all parties equally. For the purpose of conducting such hearing, the commissioner shall have the power and authority to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in accordance with the provisions of section one. article five. chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided, That the notice of hearing to the appropriate lawenforcement officers by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, shall constitute a subpoena to appear at such hearing without the necessity of payment of fees by the division of motor vehicles. All subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall be issued and served within the time and for the fees and shall be enforced, as specified in section one, article five of said chapter twenty-nine-a, and all of the said section one provisions dealing with subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall apply to subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued for the purpose of a hearing hereunder.

- (c) Law-enforcement officers shall be compensated for the time expended in their travel and appearance before the commissioner by the law-enforcement agency by whom they are employed at their regular rate if they are scheduled to be on duty during said time or at their regular overtime rate if they are scheduled to be off duty during said time.
- (d) The principal question at such hearing shall be whether the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did refuse to submit to the designated secondary chemical test.

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compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, which rule may provide that if a person accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, intends to challenge the results of any secondary chemical test of blood, breath or urine, or intends to cross-examine the individual or individuals who administered the test or performed the chemical analysis, the person shall, within an appropriate period of time prior to the hearing, notify the commissioner in writing of such intention. Such rule may provide that when there is a failure to comply with the notice requirement, the results of the secondary test, if any, shall be admissible as though the person and the commissioner had stipulated the admissibility of such evidence. Any such rule shall provide that the rule shall not be invoked in the case of a person who is not represented by counsel unless the communication from the commissioner to the person establishing a time and place for the hearing also informed the person of the consequences of the person's failure to timely notify the commissioner of the person's intention to challenge the results of the secondary chemical test or cross-examine the individual or individuals who administered the test or performed the chemical analysis.

(e) In the case of a hearing wherein a person is accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner shall make specific findings as to (1) whether the arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe such person to have been driving while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or while having an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, (2) whether such person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense involv-

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- ing driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, and (3) whether the tests, if any, were administered in accordance with the provisions of this article and article five of this chapter.
 - (f) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol. controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of a person and was committed in reckless disregard of the safety of others, and if the commissioner further finds that the influence of alcohol. controlled substances or drugs or the alcoholic concentration in the blood was a contributing cause to the death, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of ten years: Provided. That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of such person.
 - (g) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of a person, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of five years: Provided, That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of

- arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of such person.
- 152 (h) If, in addition to a finding that the person did 153 drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of 154 alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a 155 motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in 156 the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or 157 more, by weight, the commissioner also finds by a 158 preponderance of the evidence that the person when so 159 driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform 160 a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately 161 caused bodily injury to a person other than himself or 162 herself, the commissioner shall revoke the person's 163 license for a period of two years: Provided. That if the 164 commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the 165 person's license under the provisions of this section or 166 section one of this article within the ten years imme-167 diately preceding the date of arrest, the period of 168 revocation shall be ten years: Provided, however. That if 169 the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked 170 the person's license more than once under the provisions 171 of this section or section one of this article within the 172 ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the 173 period of revocation shall be for the life of such person.
- 174 (i) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle 175 while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substan-176 ces or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having 177 178 an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or finds 179 that the person, being an habitual user of narcotic drugs 180 or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, did drive a 181 motor vehicle, or finds that the person knowingly 182 permitted the person's vehicle to be driven by another 183 person who was under the influence of alcohol. con-184 trolled substances or drugs, or knowingly permitted the 185 person's vehicle to be driven by another person who had 186 an alcoholic concentration in his or her blood of ten 187 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the 188 commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a 189 period of six months: Provided, That if the commissioner 190

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- has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: Provided, however, That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license more than once under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years imme-diately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of such person.
 - (j) For purposes of this section, where reference is made to previous suspensions or revocations under this section, the following types of criminal convictions or administrative suspensions or revocations shall also be regarded as suspensions or revocations under this section or section one of this article:
 - (1) Any administrative revocation under the provisions of the prior enactment of this section for conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest.
 - (2) Any suspension or revocation on the basis of a conviction under a municipal ordinance of another state or a statute of the United States or of any other state of an offense which has the same elements as an offense described in section two, article five of this chapter, for conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest.
 - (3) Any revocation under the provisions of section seven, article five of this chapter, for conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest.
 - (k) In the case of a hearing wherein a person is accused of refusing to submit to a designated secondary test, the commissioner shall make specific findings as to (1) whether the arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe such person had been driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, (2) whether such person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle in this

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231 state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled 232 substances or drugs. (3) whether such person refused to 233 submit to the secondary test finally designated in the 234 manner provided in section four, article five of this 235 chapter, and (4) whether such person had been given a 236 written statement advising the person that the person's 237 license to operate a motor vehicle in this state would be 238 revoked for at least one year and up to life if the person 239 refused to submit to the test finally designated in the 240 manner provided in section four, article five of this 241 chapter.

> (l) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that (1) the arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe such person had been driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, (2) such person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, (3) such person refused to submit to the secondary chemical test finally designated, and (4) such person had been given a written statement advising the person that the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state would be revoked for a period of at least one year and up to life if the person refused to submit to the test finally designated, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for the periods specified in section seven, article five of this chapter.

> (m) If the commissioner finds to the contrary with respect to the above issues, the commissioner shall rescind the commissioner's earlier order of revocation or shall reduce the order of revocation to the appropriate period of revocation under this section, or section seven, article five of this chapter.

A copy of the commissioner's order made and entered following the hearing shall be served upon such person by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. During the pendency of any such hearing, the revocation of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be stayed.

272 If the commissioner shall after hearing make and 273 enter an order affirming the commissioner's earlier 274 order of revocation, such person shall be entitled to 275 judicial review as set forth in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. except that the commissioner shall not stay 276 277 enforcement of the order; and, pending such appeal, the 278 court may grant a stay or supersedeas of such order only 279 upon motion and hearing, and a finding by the court 280 upon the evidence presented, that there is a substantial 281 probability that the appellant shall prevail upon the 282 merits, and the appellant will suffer irreparable harm 283 if such order is not stayed: Provided, That in no event 284 shall the stay or supersedeas of such order exceed thirty 285 davs.

- (n) In any revocation pursuant to this section, if the driver whose license is revoked had not reached the driver's twenty-first birthday at the time of the conduct for which the license is revoked, the driver's license shall be revoked until the driver's twenty-first birthday, or the applicable statutory period of revocation prescribed by this section, whichever is longer.
- 293 (o) Funds for this section's hearing and appeal process 294 may be provided from the drunk driving prevention 295 fund, as created by section sixteen, article fifteen, 296 chapter eleven of this code, upon application for such 297 funds to the commission on drunk driving prevention.

§17C-5A-3a. Establishment of and participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program.

(a) On or before the first day of January, one thousand 1 2 nine hundred ninety-three, the division of motor vehicles 3 shall establish a motor vehicle alcohol test and lock 4 program for persons whose licenses have been revoked 5 pursuant to this article or the provisions of article five 6 of this chapter. Such program shall include the estab-7 lishment of a users fee for persons participating in the 8 program which shall be paid in advance and deposited into the driver's rehabilitation fund. Except where 9 specified otherwise, the use of the term "program" in 10 this section refers to the motor vehicle alcohol test and 11

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lock program. The commissioner of the division of motor vehicles shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this section. Such rules shall also prescribe those requirements which, in addition to the requirements specified by this section for eligibility to participate in the program, the commissioner determines must be met to obtain the commissioner's approval to operate a motor vehicle equipped with a motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system. For purposes of this section, a "motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system" means a mechanical or computerized system which, in the opinion of the commissioner, prevents the operation of a motor vehicle when, through the system's assessment of the blood alcohol content of the person operating or attempting to operate the vehicle, such person is determined to be under the influence of alcohol.

- (b) (1) Any person whose license has been revoked pursuant to this article or the provisions of article five of this chapter is eligible to participate in the program when such person's minimum revocation period as specified by subsection (c) of this section has expired and such person is enrolled in or has successfully completed the safety and treatment program: Provided, That no person whose license has been revoked pursuant to the provisions of subsection (f) or (g), section two of this article shall be eligible for participation in the program: Provided, however, That any person whose license is revoked pursuant to this article or pursuant to article five of this chapter for an act which occurred either while participating in or after successfully completing the program shall not again be eligible to participate in such program.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the contrary, no person eligible to participate in the program shall operate a motor vehicle unless approved to do so by the commissioner.
- (c) For purposes of this section, "minimum revocation period" means the portion which has actually expired of the period of revocation imposed by the commissioner

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- 53 pursuant to this article or the provisions of article five 54 of this chapter upon a person eligible for participation 55 in the program as follows:
- 56 (1) For a person whose license has been revoked for six months pursuant to subsection (i), section two of this 57 58 article, the minimum period of revocation is thirty days:
- 59 (2) For a person whose license has been revoked for 60 one year pursuant to section seven, article five of this 61 chapter, the minimum period of revocation is ninety 62 days:
 - (3) For a person whose license has been revoked for any other period of time pursuant to section two of this article or pursuant to section seven, article five of this chapter, the minimum period of revocation is one year.
 - (d) Upon permitting an eligible person to participate in the program, the commissioner shall issue to such person, and such person shall be required to exhibit on demand, a driver's license which shall reflect that such person is restricted to the operation of a motor vehicle which is equipped with an approved motor vehicle alcohol test and lock system.
 - (e) Any person who has completed the safety and treatment program and who has not violated the terms required by the commissioner of such person's participation in the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program shall be entitled to the restoration of such person's driver's license upon the expiration of:
- (1) One hundred eighty days of the full revocation period imposed by the commissioner for a person 82 described in subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section:
 - (2) The full revocation period imposed by the commissioner for a person described in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section;
 - (3) One year from the date a person described in subdivision (3), subsection (c) of this section is permitted to operate a motor vehicle by the commissioner.
- (f) In addition to any other penalty imposed by this 89 code, any person who operates a motor vehicle not 90

- 91 equipped with an approved motor vehicle alcohol test 92 and lock system during such person's participation in 93 the motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program is guilty 94 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 95 confined in the county jail for a period not less than one 96 month nor more than six months and fined not less than 97 one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. 98 Any person who assists another person required by the 99 terms of such other person's participation in the motor 100 vehicle alcohol test and lock program to use a motor 101 vehicle alcohol test and lock system in any effort to 102 bypass the system, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 103 conviction thereof, shall be confined in the county jail not more than six months and fined not less than one 104 105 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.
- 106 (g) No person shall be eligible to participate in the 107 motor vehicle alcohol test and lock program prior to the 108 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-109 three.

CHAPTER 140

(H. B. 2102—By Delegate D. Cook)

[Passed March 4, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to requiring lighted headlights during fog, smoke or rain.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

§17C-15-2. When lighted lamps are required.

1 Every vehicle other than a motorcycle, motor-driven 2 cycle or moped operated upon a highway within this 3 state at any time from sunset to sunrise, or during fog. 4 smoke, rain or other unfavorable atmospheric condi-5 tions, or at any other time when there is not sufficient 6 light to render clearly discernible persons and vehicles 7 on the highway at a distance of five hundred feet ahead. 8 shall display lighted lamps and illuminating devices as 9 hereinafter respectively required for different classes of 10 vehicles, subject to exceptions with respect to parked 11 vehicles as hereinafter stated. Every motorcycle, motordriven cycle and moped shall display lighted head lamps 12 13 at all times when upon the highway.

CHAPTER 141

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4070—By Delegates Mezzatesta and Schoonover)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to special restrictions on motor vehicle lamps; removing language requiring all firefighting vehicles to be designated by the fire chief and state fire marshal's office; requiring the fire chief and state fire marshal's office to authorize all fire department vehicles; requiring the squad chief, the sheriff and the department of health and human resources to authorize all rescue squad vehicles not operating out of a fire department; removing language requiring county sheriffs to authorize the use of certain lamps on school buses; and requiring the division of highways to authorize the use of certain lamps on snow removal equipment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-six, article fifteen, chapter seventeenc of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

§17C-15-26. Special restrictions on lamps.

- (a) Any lighted lamp or illuminating device upon a motor vehicle other than head lamps, spot lamps, auxiliary lamps or flashing front-direction signals which projects a beam of light of an intensity greater than three hundred candlepower shall be so directed that no part of the beam will strike the level of the roadway on which the vehicle stands at a distance of more than seventy-five feet from the vehicle.
- 9 (b) No person shall drive or move any vehicle or 10 equipment upon any highway with any lamp or device 11 thereon displaying other than a white or amber light 12 visible from directly in front of the center thereof except 13 as authorized by subsection (d) of this section.
 - (c) Except as authorized in section nineteen, flashing lights are prohibited on motor vehicles, except on an authorized emergency vehicle, school bus, snow removal equipment or on any vehicle as a means for indicating right or left turn, or on any vehicle as a means of indicating the same is disabled or otherwise stopped for an emergency.
 - (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the following colors of flashing warning lights are restricted for the use of the type of vehicle designated:
 - (1) Blue flashing warning lights are restricted to police vehicles. Authorization for police vehicles shall be designated by the chief administrative official of each police department.
 - (2) Except for standard vehicle equipment authorized by section nineteen of this article, red flashing warning lights are restricted to ambulances, firefighting vehicles, school buses, Class A vehicles, as defined by section one, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of this code, of those firefighters who are authorized by their fire chiefs to have such lights and to Class A vehicles of members of ambulance services or duly chartered rescue squads who are authorized by their respective chiefs to have such

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- 38 lights: *Provided*, That red flashing warning lights 39 attached to such Class A vehicles may be operated only 40 when responding to or engaged in handling an emergency requiring the attention of such firefighters or members of such ambulance services or chartered 43 rescue squads.
- Authorization for all ambulances shall be designated by the department of health and human resources and the sheriff of the county of residence.
- Authorization for all fire department vehicles shall be designated by the fire chief and the state fire marshal's office.
 - Authorization for all rescue squad vehicles not operating out of a fire department shall be designated by the squad chief, the sheriff of the county of residence and the department of health and human resources.
 - Authorization for school buses shall be designated as set out in section twelve, article fourteen, chapter seventeen-c.
 - Authorization for firefighters to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their fire chiefs and the state fire marshal's office.
 - Authorization for members of ambulance services or any other emergency medical service personnel to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their chief official, the department of health and human resources and the sheriff of the county of residence.
 - Authorization for members of duly chartered rescue squads not operating out of a fire department to operate Class A vehicles shall be designated by their squad chiefs, the sheriff of the county of residence and the department of health and human resources.
 - (3) All other emergency vehicles, including tow trucks and wreckers, authorized by this chapter and by section twenty-seven of this article shall be restricted to amber or yellow flashing warning lights.
- Authorization for tow trucks, wreckers, flag car services, vehicles providing road service to disabled

vehicles, service vehicles of a public service corporation, and postal service vehicles shall be designated by the sheriff of the county of residence. Authorization for snow removal equipment shall be designated by the commissioner of the division of highways.

(e) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, any vehicle belonging to a county board of education may be equipped with a white flashing strobotron warning light. This strobe light may be installed on the roof of a school bus not to exceed one-third the body length forward from the rear of the roof edge. The light shall have a single clear lens emitting light three hundred sixty degrees around its vertical axis and may not extend above the roof more than six and one-half inches. A manual switch and a pilot light must be included to indicate the light is in operation.

It shall be unlawful for flashing warning lights of an unauthorized color to be installed or used on a vehicle other than as specified in this section, except that a police vehicle may be equipped with either or both blue or red warning lights.

CHAPTER 142

(H. B. 4709—By Delegates Taylor and Schadler)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-four, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, requiring motorcycle helmets, safety glasses, goggles and windscreens to meet current performance safety standards; abolishing motorcycle safety standards and specifications board; removing requirement that commissioner of motor vehicles approve safety equipment for motorcycles; and authorizing the superintendent of the department of public safety to approve safety equipment for motorcyclists.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section forty-four, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§17C-15-44. Safety equipment and requirements for motorcyclists, motorcycles, motor-driven cycles and mopeds: motorcycle safety standards and specifications board.

- 1 (a) No person shall operate or be a passenger on any 2 motorcycle or motor-driven cycle unless he is wearing 3 securely fastened on his head by either a neck or chin strap a protective helmet designed to deflect blows. 4 5 resist penetration and spread impact forces. Any helmet 6 worn by an operator or passenger shall meet the current 7 performance specifications established by the American National Standards Institute Standard, Z 90.1. the 8 United States Department of Transportation Federal 9 10 Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 218 or Snell Safety 11 Standards for Protective Headgear for Vehicle Users.
- 12 (b) No person shall operate or be a passenger on any motorcycle or motor-driven cycle unless he is wearing 13 safety, shatter-resistant eyeglasses (excluding contact 14 lenses), or evegoggles or face shield that complies with the performance specifications established by the American National Standards Institute for Head, Eye 18 and Respiratory Protection, Z 2.1. In addition, if any motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or moped be equipped 19 with a windshield or windscreen, the windshield or windscreen shall be constructed of safety, shatterresistant material that complies with the performance specifications established by the Department of Transportation Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 205 and American National Standards Institute, Safety Glazing Materials for Glazing Motor Vehicles Operated on Land Highways, Standard Z 26.1.
 - (c) No person shall operate a motorcycle, motordriven cycle or moped on which the handlebars or grips are more than fifteen inches higher than the uppermost part of the operator's seat when the seat is not depressed in any manner.
 - (d) A person operating a motorcycle, motor-driven

34 cycle or moped shall ride in a seated position facing forward and only upon a permanent operator's seat 35 36 attached to the vehicle. No operator shall carry any other person nor shall any other person ride on such a 37 38 vehicle unless the vehicle is designed to carry more than one person, in which event a passenger may ride behind 39 40 the operator upon the permanent operator's seat if it is designed for two persons, or upon another seat firmly 41 attached to the vehicle to the rear of the operator's seat 42 43 and equipped with footrests designed and located for use by the passenger or in a sidecar firmly attached to the 44 vehicle. No more than two persons, the operator and one 45 46 passenger, shall ride the same vehicle at the same time. No person shall ride sidesaddle on a seat. 47

(e) Every motorcycle, motor-driven cycle and moped shall be equipped with a rearview mirror affixed to the handlebars and adjusted so that the operator shall have a clear view of the road and condition of traffic behind him for a distance of at least two hundred feet.

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The superintendent of public safety is hereby authorized to approve or disapprove types and makes of protective helmets, eye protection devices and equipment offered for sale, purchased or used by any person.

CHAPTER 143

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4179-By Delegate J. Martin)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article sixteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to inspection of vehicles; authorizing temporary suspension of permits to inspect by the superintendent of the department of public safety upon a first finding that an inspection station is not properly equipped or conducted;

permitting reinstatement of permits, upon application, for persons whose permits were previously permanently revoked upon a first finding of violation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article sixteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. INSPECTION OF VEHICLES.

§17C-16-5. Permit for official inspection stations; fees for and certificate of inspection.

1 The superintendent of the department of public safety 2 shall be responsible for the inspection as provided in this 3 article and shall prescribe requirements and qualifications for official inspection stations. He or she shall 4 5 select and designate such stations and shall issue permits therefor and furnish instructions and all 6 7 necessary forms thereto for the inspection of vehicles as 8 herein required and the issuance of official certificates of inspection and approval. The certificate of inspection 9 shall be a paper sticker or decal to be affixed to the 10 windshield of a motor vehicle, shall be serially num-11 bered and shall properly identify the official inspection 12 station by which issued. A charge of one dollar per 13 sticker shall be charged by the department of public 14 15 safety to the inspection station, and the funds so received 16 shall be deposited into the state treasury and credited 17 to the account of the department of public safety for application in the administration and enforcement of the 18 provisions of this article. Any balance remaining in the 19 20 fund on the last day of June of each fiscal year, not required for operating expenses, construction, repairs or 21 alterations of police barracks for the ensuing fiscal year 22 and for the administration and enforcement of the 23 provisions of this article, shall be transferred to the state 24 road fund. The superintendent is authorized to exchange 25 stickers or to make refunds to official inspection stations 26 for stickers on hand when permits are revoked or when, 27 28 for any reason, the stickers become obsolete.

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Application for permit shall be made upon an official form prescribed by the superintendent and permits shall be granted only when the superintendent is satisfied that the station is properly equipped, and has competent personnel to make such inspections and adjustments and that the inspections and adjustments will be properly conducted. The superintendent, before issuing a permit, may require the applicant to file a bond with surety approved by the superintendent, conditioned that such applicant, as a station operator, will make compensation for any damage to a vehicle during an inspection or adjustment due to negligence on the part of such station operator or employees thereof.

The superintendent shall properly supervise and cause inspections to be made of such stations. Upon finding that a station is not properly equipped or conducted, the superintendent may, upon a first violation, suspend the permit for a period of up to one year. Upon a second or subsequent finding that a station is not properly equipped or conducted, the superintendent shall permanently revoke and require the surrender of the permit. The superintendent may reinstate the permit of any person whose permit was permanently revoked prior to the effective date of this section upon a first finding that a station was not properly equipped or conducted, upon application, at any time after the expiration of six months from the time of revocation. and shall reinstate such permit, upon application, after the expiration of one year. He or she shall maintain and post at his office and at such other places as he or she may select lists of all stations holding permits and of those whose permits have been suspended or revoked.

CHAPTER 144

(S. B. 295—By Senator Tomblin)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article sixteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the misdemeanor crime of operating a motor vehicle without a current and valid inspection; making certain technical revisions; setting forth exceptions; providing criminal penalties; and setting forth exceptions to the imposition of criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article sixteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. INSPECTION OF VEHICLES.

§17C-16-9. Operation without certificate or failure to produce certificate; penalty for misdemeanor.

It is a misdemeanor for any owner or operator, or both 1 owner and operator, of any vehicle required to be 2 inspected under subsection (a), section four of this 3 article, to operate or permit to be operated such vehicle 4 without having displayed thereon a current and valid 5 certificate of inspection and approval or fail to produce 6 same upon demand of any authorized person as desig-7 nated under said subsection: Provided. That a dealer 8 licensed to sell new vehicles under the provision of 9 article six, chapter seventeen-a of this code shall not be 10 11 required to display a certificate of inspection and approval upon any new vehicle if the vehicle is driven 12 for an operational purpose including all activities 13 associated with dealer preparation for sale of a motor 14 vehicle belonging to such dealer when such vehicle has 15 not been titled or delivered to a purchaser, and when 16 17 such car is not to be used in the demonstrator fleet or

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otherwise routinely driven on the highways or roads of this state.

Unless another penalty is by the laws of this state provided, every person convicted of a misdemeanor for operating a vehicle without having displayed thereon a current and valid certificate of inspection and approval or for failure to produce such certificate upon demand of an authorized person shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars: Provided. That any person who obtains an inspection and a current and valid certificate of inspection and who, within five days of the issuance of a citation for a violation of the provisions of this section, provides a receipt of inspection to and makes the vehicle so operated available for examination by a court of competent jurisdiction, shall not be guilty of a violation of the provisions of this section: Provided, however, That the misdemeanor penalty shall be imposed if the certificate of inspection has not been valid for a period exceeding three months prior to the date of the issuance of a citation.

CHAPTER 145

(H. B. 4730—By Delegates Leggett and Higgins)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article nineteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, requiring the commissioner of the division of motor vehicles, superintendent of the division of public safety, and the commissioner of the division of highways to approve traffic citation forms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article nineteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

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§17C-19-6. Form for and records of books of traffic citations.

- 1 (a) Every traffic-enforcement agency in this state 2 shall provide in appropriate form approved by the commissioner, the superintendent of the division of 3 public safety and the commissioner of the division of 4 highways, traffic citations containing notices to appear 5 which shall be issued in books with citations in 6 7 quadruplicate and meeting the requirements of this article. 8
 - (b) The chief administrative officer of every such traffic-enforcement agency shall be responsible for the issuance of such books and shall maintain a record of every such book and each citation contained therein issued to individual members of the traffic-enforcement agency and shall require and retain a receipt for every book so issued.

CHAPTER 146

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 383—By Senator Dittmar)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article twelve, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to building permits issued by municipalities; exempting structures and equipment owned by the state, a county or other governmental entity from such permits; and providing an exemption from such permits for certain buildings purchased from the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article twelve, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. GENERAL AND SPECIFIC POWERS, DUTIES AND ALLIED RELATIONS OF MUNICIPALITIES, GOVERNING BODIES AND MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES; SUITS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.

§8-12-14. Permits for construction and alteration.

1 The governing body of every municipality has plenary 2 power and authority to require a permit as a condition precedent to the erection, construction, repair or 3 4 alteration of any structure or of any equipment or part of a structure which is regulated by state law or municipal ordinance: Provided, That no such permits 6 7 may be required of the state, a county or other governmental entity, its contractors, agents or em-8 9 ployees for the erection, construction, repair or altera-10 tion of any structure or of any equipment or part of a 11 structure designated for use by the state, a county or 12 other governmental entity.

CHAPTER 147

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2916—By Delegate Pettit)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article nineteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to revenue bond financing for municipal and county waterworks and electric power systems; providing that electric power systems are exempt from certain taxation under specified circumstances; and providing that any payments in lieu of tax be distributed in a specified manner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article nineteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 19. MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY WATERWORKS AND ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS.

PART IV. REVENUE BOND FINANCING.

§8-19-4. Estimate of cost; ordinance or order for issuance of revenue bonds; interest on bonds; rates for services; exemption from taxation.

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Whenever a municipality or county commission shall. under the provisions of this article, determine to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, construct, establish. extend or equip a waterworks system or an electric power system, or to construct any additions, betterments or improvements to any waterworks or electric power system, it shall cause an estimate to be made of the cost thereof, and may, by ordinance or order, provide for the issuance of revenue bonds under the provisions of this article, which ordinance or order shall set forth a brief description of the contemplated undertaking, the estimated cost thereof, the amount, rate or rates of interest, the time and place of payment, and other details in connection with the issuance of the bonds. Such bonds shall be in such form and shall be negotiated and sold in such manner and upon such terms as the governing body of such municipality or county commission may by ordinance or order specify. All such bonds and the interest thereon shall be exempt from all taxation by this state, or any county, municipality or county commission, political subdivision or agency thereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the real and personal property which a municipality or county has acquired and constructed according to the provisions of this article, and any leasehold interest therein held by other persons, shall be deemed public property and shall be exempt from taxation by the state, or any county, municipality or other levying body, so long as the same is owned by such municipality or county: Provided, That with respect to electric power systems, this exemption for real and personal property shall be applicable only for such real and personal property (1) physically situate within the municipal or county boundaries of the municipality or county which acquired or constructed such electric power system and there was in place prior to the effective date of the amendments to this section made in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two an agreement between the municipality and the county commission for payments in lieu of tax, or (2) acquired or constructed with the written agreement of the county school board, county commission and any municipal authority within whose jurisdiction the electric power

44 system is or is to be physically situate. Notwithstanding 45 anything contained in this statute to the contrary, this 46 exemption shall be applicable to any leasehold or similar 47 interest held by persons other than a municipality or 48 county only if acquired or constructed with the written 49 agreement of the county school board, county commis-50 sion and any municipal authority within whose jurisdic-51 tion the electric power system is or is to be physically 52 situate: Provided, however. That payments made to any 53 county commission, county school board or municipality 54 in lieu of tax pursuant to such an agreement shall be 55 distributed as if the payments resulted from ad valorem 56 property taxation. Such bonds shall bear interest at a 57 rate per annum set by the municipality or county 58 commission, payable at such times, and shall be payable 59 as to principal at such times, not exceeding fifty years 60 from their date, and at such place or places, within or 61 without the state, as shall be prescribed in the ordinance 62 or order providing for their issuance. Unless the 63 governing body of the municipality or county commis-64 sion shall otherwise determine, such ordinance or order 65 shall also declare that a statutory mortgage lien shall 66 exist upon the property so to be acquired, constructed, 67 established, extended or equipped, fix minimum rates 68 or charges for water or electricity to be collected prior 69 to the payment of all of said bonds and shall pledge the 70 revenues derived from the waterworks or electric power system for the purpose of paying such bonds and interest 71 72 thereon, which pledge shall definitely fix and determine 73 the amount of revenues which shall be necessary to be 74 set apart and applied to the payment of the principal 75 of and interest upon the bonds and the proportion of the balance of such revenues, which are to be set aside as 76 a proper and adequate depreciation account, and the 77 remainder shall be set aside for the reasonable and 78 proper maintenance and operation thereof. The rates or 79 charges to be charged for the services from such 80 waterworks or electric power system shall be sufficient 81 at all times to provide for the payment of interest upon 82 all bonds and to create a sinking fund to pay the 83 principal thereof as and when the same become due, and 84 reasonable reserves therefor, and to provide for the 85 repair, maintenance and operation of the waterworks or 86

- 87 electric power system, and to provide an adequate
- 88 depreciation fund, and to make any other payments
- 89 which shall be required or provided for in the ordinance
- 90 or order authorizing the issuance of said bonds.

CHAPTER 148

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4185—By Delegate Kiss)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-seven, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to disability, retirement and death benefits for paid police or fire departments; and removing the provision that restricts credits to continuous service members who enter the armed services of the United States or the national guard during hostilities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-seven, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIRE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.
- §8-22-27. General provisions concerning disability pensions, retirement pensions and death benefits.
 - 1 (a) In determining the years of service of a member
 - 2 in a paid police or fire department for the purpose of
 - 3 ascertaining certain disability pension benefits, all
 - 4 retirement pension benefits and certain death benefits,
 - 5 the following provisions shall be applicable:
 - 6 (1) Absence from the service because of sickness or

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injury for a period of two years or less shall not be construed as time out of service; and

- 9 (2) Any member of any paid police or fire department 10 covered by the provisions of sections sixteen through 11 twenty-eight of this article who has been required to or 12 shall at any future time be required to enter the armed forces of the United States by conscription, by reason 13 14 of being a member of some reserve unit of the armed 15 forces or a member of the West Virginia national guard 16 or air national guard, whose reserve unit or guard unit is called into active duty for one year or more, or who 17 18 enlists in one of the armed forces of the United States. 19 and who upon receipt of an honorable discharge from 20 such armed forces presents himself for resumption of 21 duty to his appointing municipal official within six 22 months from his date of discharge, and is accepted by 23 the pension board's board of medical examiners as being 24 mentally and physically capable of performing his 25 required duties as a member of such paid police or fire 26 department, shall be given credit for continuous service 27 in said paid police or fire department, and his rights shall be governed as herein provided. No member of a 28 29 paid police or fire department shall be required to pay 30 the monthly assessment as now required by law, during 31 his period of service in the armed forces of the United 32 States.
 - (b) As to any former member of a paid police or fire department receiving disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits from a policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the following provisions shall govern and control the amount of such pension benefits:
 - (1) A former member who on June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, was receiving disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits from a policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, shall continue to receive pension benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, such pension benefits shall be no less than the amount of five hundred dollars per month; and

- (2) A former member who became entitled to disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, shall continue to receive pension benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall receive the disability pension benefits, or retirement pension benefits provided for in section twenty-four or section twenty-five of this article, as the case may be.
- (c) As to any surviving spouse, dependent child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member of a paid police or fire department, receiving any death benefits from a policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund, on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the following provisions shall govern and control the amount of such death benefits:
- (1) A surviving spouse, dependent child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member, who on June thirty. one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, was receiving any death benefits from a policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund, shall continue to receive death benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, such death benefits shall be no less than the following amounts: To a surviving spouse, until death or remarriage, the sum of three hundred dollars per month, to each dependent child the sum of thirty dollars per month, until such child shall attain the age of eighteen years or marries, whichever first occurs; to each dependent orphaned child, the sum of forty-five dollars per month, until such child attains the age of eighteen years or marries. whichever first occurs; to each dependent father and mother the sum of thirty dollars per month for each; to each dependent brother or sister, the sum of fifty dollars per month, until such individual attains the age of eighteen years or marries, whichever first occurs, but in no event shall the aggregate amount paid to such brothers and sisters exceed one hundred dollars per

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- month. If at any time, because of the number of dependents, all such dependents cannot be paid in full as herein provided, then each dependent shall receive his pro rata share of such payments. In no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and children be cut below sixty-five percent of the total amount paid to all dependents; and
 - (2) A surviving spouse, dependent child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member, who became eligible for death benefits on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, shall continue to receive death benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall receive the death benefits provided for in section twenty-six of this article.
 - (d) A former member who is receiving disability pension benefits on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall continue to receive disability pension benefits provided for in section twenty-four of this article.

CHAPTER 149

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4021-By Delegate Burk)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article twentynine-a, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the qualifications of members of county airport authorities; and providing certain exceptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article twenty-nine-a, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29A. COUNTY AIRPORT AUTHORITIES.

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§8-29A-2. Appointment of members; powers and duties; compensation; terms; removal or replacement.

- 1 (a) The management and control of the county airport 2 authority, its property, operations, business and affairs. shall be lodged in a board of five persons who shall be 3 known as "Members of the Authority". The board shall 4 5 constitute and be a public corporation under the name 6 _____ County Airport Authority" and 7 as such shall have perpetual succession, may contract 8 and be contracted with, sue and be sued, plead and be 9 impleaded, and have and use a common seal.
- 10 (b) All members shall be appointed by the county 11 commission: Provided, That one member of the author-12 ity shall be a member of the county commission: Provided, however. That of the remaining four members 13 14 of the authority no more than two shall be members of 15 the same political party. Members shall be residents of 16 the county and be appointed for a term of five years, except that as to the first four appointed to the first 17 18 board appointed, the term of one member shall expire 19 on the first day of July next ensuing and the term of 20 the next member shall expire on the first day of July 21 two years thereafter, the term of another member shall 22 expire on the first day of July three years thereafter and 23 the term of the remaining member shall expire on the 24 first day of July four years thereafter: Provided further, 25 That the county commissioner appointed to serve as a 26 member of the authority shall not serve for a term as 27 member of the authority which is longer than the term 28 of office as a member of the county commission.
 - (c) The members of said board shall receive no compensation for their services, but they shall be entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties as members of said board. They shall not be personally interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract entered into by said board, or hold any remunerative position in connection with the establish-

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37 ment, construction, improvement, extension, develop-38 ment, maintenance or operation of any of the property 39 under their control as members of said board: Provided. 40 That nothing herein shall be construed to prevent or 41 make unlawful under this chapter or any other chapter 42 of the code of West Virginia the appointment to the 43 board of any person whose only interest in any property 44 under the control of the board is that the person in a noncommercial manner leases hangar space, purchases 45 46 fuel or contracts for any other goods or service provided 47 by said airport authority subject to the control and 48 management of the board.

(d) The county commission shall have the power to remove any member of the authority for consistent violations of any provisions of this article, for reasonable cause which shall include, but not be limited to, a continued failure to attend meetings of the authority. failure to diligently pursue the objectives for which the authority was created or failure to perform any other duty prescribed by law, or for any misconduct in office: Provided. That if the county commission desires to remove a member of the authority it shall notify said member in writing, stating the reasons for the county commission desiring said removal. Within ten days of the receipt of the written notice of removal by the member of the authority, the member may request a hearing before the county commission, and any such hearing shall be held within ten days of the member's request for said hearing.

If any member of the authority shall die, resign or be removed, or for any other reason cease to be a member of the authority, the county commission shall within thirty days appoint another person to fill the unexpired portion of the term of such member.

CHAPTER 150

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4583—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Preece)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirteen-b, relating to the West Virginia Community Improvement Act: providing definitions: authorizing counties and municipalities to create assessment districts and providing other powers with respect to flood relief, wastewater and water projects; requiring determination of necessity and economic feasibility of creating an assessment district and constructing a project therein, and notice to public, prior to creation of assessment district, and requiring public hearing with respect thereto: requiring petition of property owners prior to creation of assessment district and establishing minimum number of property owners who must sign petition with respect to each type of project in order for assessment district to be created; requiring that owners of property to be affected by certain flood relief projects be provided at least thirty days to elect not to have the project undertaken with respect to their property; providing that assessment districts be public corporations and setting forth powers thereof; providing for creation of community improvement boards to administer assessment districts and setting forth powers, duties and authority thereof; providing for appointment of board and organization thereof; setting forth procedures for construction of projects: providing for levying of assessments and requiring notice to affected property owners and other procedures relating thereto; providing that assessment district may levy assessments on property improved or protected by a project and establishing procedures for determining the amount of assessments and the apportionment thereof: allowing assessments of public and charitable institutions; providing methods of paying for the costs of a

project; providing for issuance of assessment certificates and payment of assessments, and creation of liens on property improved or protected by a project and that lien will be prior to all other liens except tax liens and other preexisting, special assessment liens; requiring designation of registrar for assessment certificates: requiring payment of assessment fees to sheriff of county in which assessment district located; providing that state, counties and municipalities not liable for debt of assessment district or for payment of any assessment fees, and that assessment district not liable for payment of any assessment fees; providing for reassessments and addition of territory to assessment districts; addressing operation and maintenance of wastewater and water projects and requiring, upon payment of all assessment fees applicable to such a project, that assessment district transfer its right, title and interest in the project to utility or governmental agency operating same; and requiring liberal construction of article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

permits.

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirteen-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13B. WEST VIRGINIA COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT ACT.

§16-13B-1.	Short title.
§16-13B-2.	Definitions.
§16-13B-3.	Power and authority of counties and municipalities relating to flood relief, wastewater and water projects.
§16-13B-4.	Determination of need and feasibility of creating an assessment district.
§16-13B-5.	Notice to property owners before creation of assessment district and construction of project; form of notice; affidavit of publication.
§16-13B-6.	Petition of property owners for creation of assessment district.
§16-13B-7.	Receipt of petition of property owners; ordinance or order authorizing creation of assessment district and construction of project.
§16-13B-8.	Assessment district to be a public corporation and political subdivision; powers thereof; community improvement boards.
§16-13B-9. §16-13B-10.	Provisions for construction of a project. Notice to property owners of assessments; hearings correcting

and laying assessments; report on project completion:

- §16-13B-11. Construction of projects; assessments; corner lots, etc.
- §16-13B-12. Apportionment and assessment of cost.
- §16-13B-13. Assessment against property of public, charitable, eleemosynary, educational or religious institutions; duty of those in charge to cause assessments to be paid.
- §16-13B-14. Method of paying for cost of project; how assessments may be evidenced.
- §16-13B-15. Assessment certificates; assignments; designation of registrar for assessment certificates.
- No liability of state, county, municipality and assessment \$16-13B-16. district.
- §16-13B-17. Payment of assessment fees; releases.
- §16-13B-18. Liens; recording notice of liens; suit for enforcement; priority.
- §16-13B-19. Reassessment for void, irregular or omitted assessments.
- §16-13B-20. How additional territory may be added to assessment district.
- §16-13B-21. Operation and maintenance of wastewater and water projects; rates and charges therefor.
- §16-13B-22. Liberal construction.

§16-13B-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 1
- "West Virginia Community Improvement Act."

§16-13B-2. Definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) "Assessment certificate" means a certificate
- 3 issued by a board pursuant to section fifteen of this
- 4 article to evidence an assessment levied against property
- abutting a wastewater or water project, or on which a 5 6
 - flood relief project is completed or protects.
- (b) "Assessment district" means a community im-7 8 provement assessment district created by a governing body pursuant to section seven of this article. 9
- (c) "Assessment fee" means the fee paid by a person 10 or governmental agency owning property located within 11 12 an assessment district, based on the assessment levied
- 13 against the property pursuant to section ten of this
- article, to pay for the cost of a project abutting, 14
- 15 constructed upon or protecting such property.
- (d) "Board" means the community improvement 16 17 board of each assessment district provided under section 18 eight of this article.
- (e) "Code" means the code of West Virginia, one 19

- 20 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
- 21 (f) "Cost" means, as applied to each wastewater, 22 water or flood relief project financed, in whole or in 23 part, with the proceeds from assessment certificates, all 24 costs and expenses incurred by a county or municipality. 25 and the respective assessment districts created under 26 this article, that are reasonable and necessary for the 27 planning, development, construction and carrying out of 28 all works and undertakings necessary or incident to the 29 completion of a project, including, without limitation, 30 the cost and expense of all labor, work, supervision, 31 inspection, equipment leased and materials furnished 32 and used in completing the project, any interest charged 33 on funds borrowed to finance the construction of a 34 project, advertising expenses, and any engineering, legal, surveying, accounting or other professional fees 35 36 incurred in connection with or otherwise relating to a 37 project.
- 38 (g) "Flood relief project" means a project involving 39 one or more of the following activities: (1) The moving. 40 removing, renovating, relocation or demolition of, or any other actions taken to provide protection from flooding 41 42 to, one or more buildings, structures and other perman-43 ent improvements located on property owned by any person, which the governing body of the county or 44 45 municipality in which the project is completed, or any other governmental agency, has determined is within an 46 area threatened by flooding; or (2) the acquisition of 47 48 property which is located outside of an area threatened 49 by flooding to serve as a site on which one or more buildings, structures and other permanent improve-50 ments which are located within an area that is threat-51 ened by flooding may be relocated, or on which new 52 buildings, structures and other permanent improve-53 ments may be constructed, and the construction of such 54 new buildings, structures and improvements if relocat-55 ing existing buildings, structures and improvements is 56 not feasible; or (3) the construction of levies or stream 57 channel improvements to provide flood protection to 58 specifically identified lots or parcels of land located 59 within an area which a governing body or other 60

- governmental agency has determined is threatened by flooding, all so as to protect the health and safety of persons residing or engaged in business on such threatened property and to eliminate or minimize the risk of damage caused by flooding to such buildings, structures and permanent improvements.
 - (h) "Governing body" means, in the case of a county, the county commission, and in the case of a municipality, the mayor and council together, the council, the board of directors or other board or body of any municipality, by whatever name called, as the case may be, charged with the responsibility of enacting ordinances and determining the public policy of such municipality.
 - (i) "Governmental agency" means the state government or any agency, department, division or unit thereof; counties; municipalities; any watershed improvement districts, soil conservation districts, sanitary districts, public service districts, drainage districts, urban renewal authorities or regional governmental authorities established pursuant to this code and any other governmental agency, entity, political subdivision, public corporation or agency having the authority to acquire, construct, maintain or operate wastewater facilities; the United States government or any agency, department, division or unit thereof; and any agency, commission or authority established pursuant to an interstate compact or agreement.
- 89 (j) "Municipality" means a municipality as defined in section two, article one, chapter eight of this code.
 - (k) "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, voluntary association or any other type of entity.
 - (l) "Project" means a flood relief project, wastewater project, water project or any combination thereof.
 - (m) "Public way" means any street, alley, right-ofway, easement or other interest in real estate, or any portion or combination thereof, along or across which a wastewater or water project is constructed.

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- 100 (n) "Public service commission" means the public 101 service commission established under article one. 102 chapter twenty-four of this code.
 - (o) "Recorder" means the recorder, clerk or other municipal officer, by whatever name called, charged with the responsibility of keeping the journal of the proceedings of the governing body of the municipality and other municipal records.
 - (p) "Utility" means a public utility as defined in article one, chapter twenty-four of this code.
- (q) "Wastewater project" means the planning, acqui-110 111 sition, construction, improvement or extension of new or 112 existing sewer lines, pumps and related equipment and 113 facilities, and any land, public ways or other interests 114 in real estate, whether located within or outside of an 115 assessment district, necessary or incident to the trans-116 portation of sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes, 117 wastewater, and the residue thereof, from property 118 located within an assessment district to a wastewater 119 facility located within or outside of an assessment 120 district.
- 121 (r) "Wastewater facility" means all facilities used for 122 or in connection with treating, neutralizing, disposing 123 of, stabilizing, cooling, segregating or holding wastewater, including, without limitation, facilities for the 125 treatment and disposal of sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes, wastewater, and the residue thereof, 126 facilities for the temporary or permanent impoundment of wastewater, both surface and underground; and 128 sanitary sewers or other collection systems, whether on 129 the surface or underground, designed to transport wastewater together with the equipment and furnishings thereof and their appurtenances and systems, whether on the surface or underground including force mains and pumping facilities therefor.
 - (s) "Water project" means the planning, acquisition. construction, improvement or extension of water lines. pumps and related equipment and facilities, and any land, public ways or other interests in real estate. whether located within or outside of an assessment

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- 140 district, necessary or incident to the transportation and
- 141 distribution of water from a water facility located
- 142 within or outside of an assessment district to property
- 143 located within an assessment district, all for the purpose
- 144 of providing potable, sanitary water suitable for human
- 145 consumption and use.
- 146 (t) "Water facility" means all facilities, land and
- 147 equipment used for or in connection with the collection
- 148 of water, both surface and underground, transportation
- 149 of water, treatment of water and distribution of water
- all for the purpose of providing potable, sanitary water
- 151 suitable for human consumption and use.

§16-13B-3. Power and authority of counties and municipalities relating to flood relief, wastewater and water projects.

- 1 (a) Every county and municipality is hereby empowered and authorized, in addition to any other rights, 3 powers and authority conferred upon it elsewhere in this code. to:
 - (1) Create, modify and expand assessment districts in the manner hereinafter set forth in such county or municipality, and to develop, construct, extend or improve, or assist in the development, construction, extension or improvement of, a project located in such county or municipality;
- 11 (2) Acquire, by purchase, lease, right of eminent 12 domain, gift or otherwise, such lands, public ways and 13 other interests in real estate, or any other property, as 14 may be necessary or incident to the completion of a 15 project, and to convey such real estate and other 16 property to an assessment district;
- 17 (3) Appoint the members of the community improve-18 ment board for each assessment district created by it 19 hereunder;
 - (4) Enter into agreements with any person or governmental agency necessary or incident to the development, planning, construction or improvement of a project, or for the operation, maintenance or disposition of a project or for any other services required by a project;

- 25 (5) Expend funds to acquire, or construct part of a 26 project on, property located outside of an assessment 27 district but within the boundaries of such county or 28 municipality, as the case may be, and for any work 29 undertaken thereon, as may be necessary or incident to 30 the completion of a project;
- 31 (6) Enter into agreements with one or more counties 32 or municipalities to plan, develop, construct or improve 33 a project jointly;
- 34 (7) Merge two or more assessment districts into one 35 assessment district: *Provided*, That all such districts are 36 located within the boundaries of the county or munici-37 pality, as the case may be; and
- 38 (8) Take any and all other actions consistent with the 39 purpose of this article and not in violation of the 40 constitution of this state, as may be necessary or incident 41 to the construction and completion of a project.
- 42 (b) Unless agreed to by a municipality, the power and 43 authority hereby conferred on a county shall not extend 44 into territory within the boundaries of any municipality: Provided, That notwithstanding any provision in this 45 46 code to the contrary, the power and authority hereby 47 conferred on counties may extend within the territory 48 of a public service district created under section two, article thirteen-a of this chapter. 49

§16-13B-4. Determination of need and feasibility of creating an assessment district.

1 (a) The governing body of any county or municipality, on its own motion or upon the receipt of a petition signed 2 by at least twenty-five percent of the total number of 3 persons owning property located within the boundaries 4 of an area described in the petition, by metes and 5 bounds or otherwise in a manner sufficient to describe 6 the area, and which requests that the area be constituted 7 as an assessment district in accordance with this article. 8 may authorize and cause at any time, or from time to 9 time, a study to be prepared to determine the necessity 10 and economic feasibility of creating an assessment 11 district for such area and of developing, constructing, 12

extending or improving a project within such proposed assessment district. All such studies shall be prepared or reviewed under the supervision of a professional engineer or such other person or governmental agency charged by the governing body to prepare or review the study. The study shall describe the boundaries of the proposed assessment district and the nature of the project proposed therefore; list the names and address of all owner of property located within the proposed assessment district; set forth the necessity and economic feasibility of the project and the findings in support of such determinations; and also include plans, drawings and specifications with respect to the project, an estimate of the cost of the project and the amount of the assessments required to be levied against each lot or parcel of land located within the assessment district to pay for the cost of the project. The estimate shall specify the interest rate used in the calculation of the assessments and such other data as may be necessary for owners of property within the proposed assessment district to estimate the proportionate part of the cost of the project that may be assessed against their property.

- (b) In the case of an assessment district created, in whole or in part, to construct a wastewater or water project, the study shall also identify the utility or governmental agency operating the wastewater or water facility, as the case may be, which would serve the assessment district upon completion of the project, and confirm that such wastewater or water facility has the capacity to serve the proposed project.
- (c) In the case of an assessment district created, in whole or in part, to construct a flood relief project as defined in subparagraph (1) or (2), subsection (g), section two of this article, the study shall also set forth the minimum number of property owners who must elect to have the cost of the proposed project assessed against their property for the project to be economically feasible, and an estimate of the assessments which may be levied against the property owned by such persons if only the minimum number of property owners elect to have the project completed.

- 54 (d) After reviewing the study prepared pursuant to this section and considering alternative methods of 55 56 financing the proposed project, the governing body may 57 by order or ordinance determine the necessity and 58 economic feasibility of creating an assessment district 59 and developing, constructing, improving or extending a 60 project therein. If the governing body determines that 61 the creation of an assessment district and construction 62 of the project is necessary and economically feasible, it 63 shall set a date for the public meeting required under 64 section five of this article and shall cause the study to 65 be filed with the clerk of the county commission or the recorder of the municipality, as the case may be, and 66 67 with the executive secretary of the public service 68 commission, and made available for inspection by 69 interested persons before the hearing.
- (e) In determining the necessity and economic feasibility of an assessment district and the construction of a project, the governing body may rely, in whole or in part, on studies or reports prepared by or for any other governmental agency.

§16-13B-5. Notice to property owners before creation of assessment district and construction of project; form of notice; affidavit of publication.

1 (a) Before the adoption or enactment of an order or 2 ordinance creating an assessment district, the governing 3 body shall cause notice to be given to the owners of property abutting a proposed wastewater or water 4 project, or to the owners of property to be protected by 5 a proposed flood relief project, that such ordinance or 6 order will be considered for adoption or enactment, as 7 the case may be, at a public meeting of the governing 8 body at a date, time and place named in the notice and 9 that all persons at that meeting, or any adjournment 10 thereof, shall be given an opportunity to protest or be 11 heard concerning the adoption, enactment or rejection 12 of the order or ordinance. At or after the meeting the 13 governing body may amend, revise or otherwise modify 14 the plans, drawings and specifications for the assess-15 ment district and project as it may deem appropriate 16

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- after taking into account any comments received at such meeting.
 (b) The notice required in this section shall be
 - (b) The notice required in this section shall be published at least thirty days prior to the date of the meeting as a Class II-O legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county or municipality in which the proposed assessment district is located. The notice shall be in the form of, or substantially in the form of, the following notice:

28 "NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS OWNING PROP29 ERTY LOCATED WITHIN _______ (here
30 describe the boundaries of the proposed assessment
31 district) IN THE _______ (county or
32 municipality) OF _______ (name of county
33 or municipality):

A proposal has been made to the _____ (county commission, city council or other governing body) of the _____ (county or municipality) of ____ (name of county or municipality) to establish a community improvement assessment district under chapter sixteen, article thirteen-b of the code of West Virginia to permanently improve _____ (here describe the portion of the public ways both within and outside of the proposed assessment district to be improved, in the case of wastewater or water project, or the lots or parcels of land which may be protected, in the case of a flood relief project) in ______ (name of county or municipality) by _____ (here provide general description of the project) as the _____(county commission, city council or other governing body) may deem proper, and to assess the total cost (or, if the assessments are only necessary to pay for part of the total cost, the approximate percentage of the total cost) of such improvement on ____ (in the case of a wastewater or water project, the property abutting said portion of the public ways within the proposed assessment district, or, in the case of a flood relief project, the lots or parcels

58 59	of land on which the project may be constructed or may protect).
60 61 62 63	The proposal to create an assessment district and to make such improvements, and the plans, drawings, specifications and estimates therefor, will be considered by the (county commission, city
64	council or other governing body) at a public meeting to
65	be held on the day of
66	atm.
67	at Any owner of property who may
68	be affected by the creation of the above-described
69 70	assessment district, and any person whose property is
70 71	not located within said assessment district but wishes his property to be included, will be given an opportunity
72 73	to protest or be heard at said meeting or any adjournment thereof:
74	(name of clerk or recorder)
7 5	(official position)."
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	(c) An affidavit of publication of the notice made by the newspaper publisher, or a person authorized to do so on behalf of such publisher, and a copy of the notice shall be made part of the minutes of the governing body and spread on its records of the meeting described in the notice. The service of said notice upon all persons owning any interest in any property located within the proposed assessment district shall conclusively be deemed to have been given upon the completion of such
85	newspaper publication.

§16-13B-6. Petition of property owners for creation of assessment district.

(a) After the meeting described in section five of this article, and before the governing body may adopt or enact an order or ordinance creating an assessment district, the governing body shall receive, within ninety days after the meeting, a petition in writing of (1) persons owning, in the case of a wastewater or water project, or both, not less than sixty percent of the frontage of the lots abutting on both sides of that portion of the public way located within the proposed assess-

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ment district on which the wastewater or water project or any part thereof may be constructed; (2) in the case of a flood relief project as defined in subparagraph (1) or (2), subsection (g), section two of this article, such percentage of property owners as the governing body shall have previously determined is necessary for such project to be economically feasible; or (3) in the case of a flood relief project as defined in subparagraph (3). subsection (g), section two of this article, persons owning not less than sixty percent of the lots which may receive flood relief protection from such a project, in each case requesting the creation of the assessment district and the completion of the project according to the plans, drawings and specifications submitted at the meeting, and agreeing to have their property assessed with the total cost of the project (or, if the governing body has previously determined that the assessments are only necessary to pay for part of the total cost, agreeing to have their property assessed with that part of the cost). The governing body may prescribe the form of the petition as it may deem appropriate, and the petition shall be held at all times in the office of the county clerk or the recorder, as the case may be, and shall be open to the public for inspection and execution during the normal business hours of such office.

(b) Upon receipt of the petition required under subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section, and before the governing body may adopt or enact an order or ordinance creating an assessment district, the governing body shall establish, solely in the case of a proposed flood relief project as defined in subparagraph (1) or (2). subsection (g), section two of this article, a period which may not be less than thirty days or more than sixty days. during which any owner of property to be affected thereby may elect not to have the project undertaken with respect to his property, in which event the project shall not be undertaken on such property and such property shall not be subject to any assessments thereafter levied or any lien created pursuant to this article. Such election shall be submitted in writing to the governing body prior to the expiration of the election period so established.

52 (c) The governing body shall provide notice of the 53 election period required in subsection (b) of this section 54 to those persons whose property may be affected by such 55 flood relief projects and shall set forth in the notice the 56 property owner's election rights with respect thereto 57 and an estimate of the assessments which may be levied 58 against each lot or parcel of land so affected, based on 59 the number of persons who signed the petition described 60 in subsection (a) of this section, and shall also set forth 61 the minimum number of persons who must elect to have 62 the project completed to make the project economically 63 feasible and the assessments which may be levied if not more than the minimum number of persons so elect. The 64 65 notice shall be published as a Class II-O legal advertise-66 ment in compliance with the provisions of article three, 67 chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area 68 for such publication shall be the assessment district. After the expiration of the election period, if the number 69 70 of property owners not opting out of the flood relief 71 project is less than the minimum number of property owners necessary for the project to be economically 72 73 feasible, the governing body may, by ordinance or order, 74 terminate any further actions concerning the proposed 75 flood relief project and assessment district.

§16-13B-7. Receipt of petition of property owners; ordinance or order authorizing creation of assessment district and construction of project.

1 Upon receipt of the petition required under section six of this article and, solely in the case of a flood relief 2 project as defined in subparagraph (1) or (2), subsection 3 (g), section two of this article, not earlier than the 4 expiration of the election period required under section 5 six of this article, the governing body, by ordinance or 6 order, may create a community improvement assess-7 ment district and shall set forth in such ordinance or 8 order, as the case may be, the boundaries of the 9 assessment district and authorize the completion of the 10 project therein in accordance with the study described in section four of this article.

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§16-13B-8. Assessment district to be a public corporation and political subdivision; powers thereof; community improvement boards.

- 1 (a) From and after the date of the adoption or 2 enactment of the order or ordinance creating an 3 assessment district, it shall thereafter be a public corporation and political subdivision of this state, but 4 without any power to levy or collect ad valorem taxes. 5 6 Each assessment district is hereby empowered and 7 authorized, in addition to any other rights, powers and authorities conferred upon it in this article or elsewhere 8 9 in this code, to:
- 10 (1) Acquire, own and hold, in its corporate name, by
 11 purchase, lease, right of eminent domain, gift or
 12 otherwise, such property, both real and personal, public
 13 ways and other interests in real estate, or any other
 14 property, whether tangible or intangible, as may be
 15 necessary or incident to the construction and completion
 16 of a project;
- 17 (2) Construct and complete one or more projects, and 18 assess the cost of all or any portion of a project on 19 abutting property located in the assessment district, in 20 the case of a wastewater or water project, or on the 21 property protected by a flood relief project;
- 22 (3) Sue or be sued;

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- (4) Establish a bank account or accounts in its name;
- (5) Enter into agreements or other transactions with any person or governmental agency necessary or incident to the development, planning, construction or improvement of a project, or for the operation, maintenance or disposition of a project or for any other services required by a project;
 - (6) Provide grants to any person owning property abutting a wastewater or water project, or on which a flood relief project is undertaken, in consideration of the completion by such person of a portion of the work necessary or incident to the completion of the project;

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- 35 (7) Expend funds to acquire, or construct part of a 36 project on property located outside of an assessment 37 district, and for any work undertaken thereon, as may 38 be necessary or incident to the completion of a project;
- 39 (8) Enter into agreements with one or more counties, 40 municipalities or assessment districts to plan, develop, 41 construct or improve a project jointly;
- 42 (9) Accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests and 43 devises, and use or dispose of the same to carry out its 44 corporate purpose;
 - (10) Make and execute contracts, releases, assignments, compromises, and other instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers, or to carry out its corporate purpose;
- 49 (11) Have a seal and alter the same;
- 50 (12) Issue assessment certificates to carry out and 51 effectuate the purpose of this article;
 - (13) Borrow money to carry out and effectuate the purpose of this article and to issue its notes as evidence of any such borrowing in such principal amounts and upon such terms as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving its corporate powers;
 - (14) Obtain options to acquire real property, or any interest therein, by purchase, lease or otherwise, which is found by the board to be suitable as a site, or part of a site, for the construction of a project; and
 - (15) Take any and all other actions consistent with the purpose of this article and not in violation of the Constitution of this state, as may be necessary or incident to the construction and completion of a project.
 - (b) The powers of each assessment district shall be vested in and exercised by a community improvement board which shall be composed of five members, four of whom shall be appointed by the governing body of the county or municipality in which the assessment district is located, and one of whom shall be the sheriff of the county or the treasurer of the municipality (or

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- such other person serving in an equivalent capacity if there is no treasurer), as the case may be, in which the assessment district is located. At least one member of the board shall be a professional engineer and at least three members of the board shall be residents of the assessment district. No more than three members of the board may be from the same political party.
 - (c) The provisions of this subsection apply to the four members appointed by the governing body. They shall be appointed for overlapping terms of four years each and until their respective successors have been appointed and have qualified, except for the original appointments. For the purpose of original appointments. one member shall be appointed for a term of four years and until his or her successor has been appointed and qualified; one member shall be appointed for a term of three years and until his or her successor has been appointed and qualified; one member shall be appointed for a term of two years and until his or her successor has been appointed and qualified; and one member shall be appointed for a term of one year and until his or her successor has been appointed and qualified. Members may be reappointed for any number of terms. Before entering upon the performance of his or her duties, each member shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section five, article four of the constitution of this state. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the governing body of the county or municipality creating the assessment district for the unexpired term of the member whose office shall be vacant and such appointment shall be made within thirty days of the occurrence of such vacancy. Any such member may be removed by the governing body which appointed such member in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office. Members shall not be entitled to any compensation for their services.
 - (d) The board shall organize within thirty days following the first appointments and annually thereafter at its first meeting after the first day of January of each year by selecting one of its members to serve as

112 chairman, one to serve as treasurer and one to serve as 113 secretary. The secretary shall keep a record of all 114 proceedings of the board which shall be available for 115 inspection as other public records, and the treasurer 116 shall maintain records of all financial matters relating 117 to the assessment district, which shall also be available 118 for inspection as other public records. Duplicate records 119 shall be filed with the clerk or recorder, as the case may 120 be, of the county or municipality which created the 121 assessment district and shall include the minutes of all 122 board meetings. The secretary and treasurer shall 123 perform such other duties pertaining to the affairs of the assessment district as shall be prescribed by the board. 124

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- (e) The members of the board, and the chairman, secretary and treasurer thereof, shall make available to the governing body responsible for appointing the board, at all times, all of its books and records pertaining to the assessment district's operation, finances and affairs, for inspection and audit. The board shall meet at least monthly.
- (f) A majority of the members of the board constitutes 133 a quorum and meetings shall be held at the call of the 134 chairman.
 - (g) Staff, office facilities and costs of operation of the board shall be provided by the county or municipality which created the assessment district.
 - (h) The chairman shall preside at all meetings of the board and may vote as any other members of the board, but if he should be absent from any meeting the remaining members may select a temporary chairman, and if the member selected as chairman resigns as such or ceases for any reason to be a member of the board. the board shall select one of its members as chairman to serve until the next annual organizational meeting.
 - (i) The board shall by resolution determine its own rules of procedure, fix the time and place of its meetings and the manner in which special meetings may be called. The members of the board shall not be personally liable or responsible for any obligations of the assess-

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- ment district or the board but are answerable only for willful misconduct in the performance of their duties.
- 153 (j) The official name of an assessment district created 154 under the provisions of this article may contain the 155 name of the county or municipality, as the case may be, 156 in which it is located.
- (k) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the contrary, the power and authority hereby conferred on assessment districts may extend within the territory of a public service district created under section two, article thirteen-a of this chapter.

§16-13B-9. Provisions for construction of a project.

- 1 (a) After the creation of an assessment district and 2 the appointment of the board thereof, the board shall 3 provide by resolution for the construction of the project, 4 and shall also provide in the same or subsequent 5 resolutions for the supervision of such work by a 6 professional engineer, governmental agency or any other 7 person designated by the board. The board may provide 8 for the construction of the project by one of the two 9 following methods, or any combination thereof:
 - (1) If there exists another governmental agency with the experience, knowledge and authority to construct the project, the board may elect to enter into a contract with such agency for the construction of all or part of the project or for any other service necessary or incident to the construction of the project, in which case such governmental agency shall be responsible for entering into contracts, subject to the board's approval, with such other persons as may be necessary or incident to the construction of the project; or
 - (2) The board may elect to enter into one or more contracts with such contractors and other persons as may be necessary or incident to the construction of the project, in which case it shall provide notice to the public and appropriate contractor associations of the general nature of the project, and shall designate in such notice the place where detailed plans, drawings and

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specifications of the project may be reviewed, and call for sealed proposals for construction of the project by a date not earlier than ten days after the last of such publications. Such notice shall be published as a Class II-O legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code and the publication area for such publication shall be the assessment district. All contracts for work on any project, the expense of which will exceed five hundred dollars, shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder therefor, and the board may impose such conditions as it may deem necessary upon the bidders with regard to bond and surety, guaranteeing the good faith and responsibility of such bidders, and the faithful performance of such work according to contract, or for any other purpose. The board may reject any and all bids. and if it rejects all bids notices shall be published as originally required before any other bids may be received. The board may let portions of the work necessary to complete a project under different contracts.

(b) The resolution described in subsection (a) of this section shall also provide for payment of the cost of the project. The board shall provide in such resolution for the payment by (1) persons owning property abutting a wastewater or water project, in the case of such a project: (2) persons owning property on which a flood relief project, as defined in subparagraph (1) or (2), subsection (g), section two of this article, is constructed, in the case of such a project; or (3) persons owning property protected by a flood relief project, as defined in subparagraph (3), subsection (g), section two of this article, in the case of such a project, of the cost of the work in equal installments payable over a period of not less than five years nor more than ten years from the date of assessment, with interest payable from the date of assessment at such rate or rates as the board may determine are necessary or appropriate, and shall fix the number of installments in which the amounts assessed shall be payable: Provided, That upon failure of the owner of the property assessed to pay any installment as and when due, and if such default 69 continues for sixty days after receipt of written notice 70 of the default, then at the option of the holder of the 71 assessment certificates applicable to such property, the 72 entire balance due may be declared immediately due 73 and payable and the holder of the certificates may 74 forthwith proceed to enforce the collection thereof in 75 accordance with this article. Delivery of notice of default 76 shall be deemed complete upon the delivery of such notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, 77 78 directed to the address of the property owner in default 79 as shown on the face of the assessment certificate, or 80 such other address provided in writing to the holder of the certificate subsequent to the issuance thereof. 81

§16-13B-10. Notice to property owners of assessments; hearings, correcting and laying assessments; report on project completion; permits.

(a) After the execution of an agreement or agree-1 2 ments for the construction of a project with another governmental agency or the acceptance by the board of 3 a bid by one or more contractors as contemplated by 4 section nine of this article, but prior to the commence-5 ment of construction, the board shall cause the engineer, 6 7 governmental agency or person charged by the board with the supervision of the project, to prepare a report 8 describing each lot or parcel of land abutting the project 9 in the case of a wastewater or water project, or each lot 10 or parcel on which a flood relief project shall be 11 12 undertaken or shall protect in the case of such a project: 13 and setting forth the total cost of the project based on the contract with the governmental agency, or the 14 15 accepted bid or bids, and all other costs incurred prior to the commencement of construction, and the respective 16 amounts chargeable upon each lot or parcel of land 17 18 which may be assessed and the proper amount to be assessed against the respective lots or parcels of land in 19 accordance with sections eleven and twelve of this 20 article, with a description of the lots and parcels of land 21 as to ownership, frontage and location. If two or more 22 different kinds of projects are involved, the report shall 23 set forth the portion of the assessment attributable to 24

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25 each respective project. The board shall thereupon give 26 notice to the owners of property to be assessed that on 27 or after a date specified in the notice an assessment may 28 be levied against the property: Provided. That construc-29 tion of a project shall not commence until the assessment 30 district has laid all assessments on the property to be 31 benefitted by the project and has issued all assessment 32 certificates necessary to evidence the assessments in 33 accordance with section fifteen of this article. The notice 34 shall state that the owner of assessed property, or other 35 interested party, may on said date appear before the 36 board to move the revision or correction of the proposed 37 assessment, and shall show the total cost of the project, 38 whether the assessments will pay for all or part of the 39 total cost of the project, and the lots or parcels of property to be assessed and the respective amounts to 40 be assessed against such lots or parcels, with a descrip-41 42 tion of the respective lots and parcels of land as to 43 ownership, frontage and location. The notice shall be 44 published as a Class II-O legal advertisement in 45 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 46 fifty-nine of the code, and the publication area for such 47 publication shall be the assessment district. On or after 48 the date so advertised, the board may revise, amend, 49 correct and verify the report and proceed by resolution 50 to lay the assessments as corrected and verified.

(b) Upon completion of a project, or the completion of that portion of a project that provides water. wastewater or flood protection benefits to the property subject to the assessments, the board shall cause the engineer or committee charged by the board with the supervision of the project, to prepare a final report certifying the completion of the project and showing the total cost of the project and whether the cost is greater or less than the cost originally estimated. If the total cost of the project is less or greater than the cost shown in the report prepared prior to construction, the board may revise the assessment charged on each lot or parcel of land pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to reflect the total cost of the project as completed, and in so doing shall, in the case of an assessment increase only, (1) follow the same procedure with regard to notice and

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providing each owner of assessed property the right to appear before the board to move for the revision or correction of such proposed reassessment as required for the original assessment, and (2) issue such additional assessment certificates as may be necessary to evidence the amount by which the assessment applicable to each lot or parcel of land has increased. If an assessment is decreased, the board shall, by resolution and written notice to the sheriff of the county in which the assessment district is located, cause the next installment or installments of assessment fees then due and payable by each affected property owner to be reduced pro rata. and shall provide written notice to such property owners of the amount of such decrease by the deposit of such notice in the United States mail, postage prepaid. In such cases the hoard shall also transmit to the sheriff an amount of funds equal to the difference between the cost of the project upon which the assessments were originally laid and the cost of the project as completed, and the sheriff shall disburse such funds to the holders of the assessment certificates issued in connection with the project on a pro rata basis.

(c) Prior to the construction of a project, the board shall obtain all permits and licenses required by law for the construction and operation of the project: Provided, That the board shall not be required to obtain a certificate of public convenience from the public service commission under article two, chapter twenty-four of this code: Provided, however, That prior to the construction of each project, the board shall apply to the public service commission for authorization enabling the construction and shall submit with said application any certificate required by the division of public health, any certification or permit required by the division of natural resources, the contract for utility service, if a utility will be involved, a copy of the utility's applicable. existing rate tariff, a copy of the order or ordinance creating the board and a certificate of a qualified professional engineer that the utility providing service has the capacity to provide or treat, as the case may be. The public service commission shall render its final

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decision on any application filed under the provisions of this section within (i) ninety days in the case of a project serving twenty-five or fewer residential customers, or (ii) one hundred twenty days in the case projects serving commercial customers or more than twenty-five residential customers, following the submission of such application and all information herein required.

§16-13B-11. Construction of projects; assessments; corner lots, etc.

- 1 (a) Each board is hereby empowered and authorized 2 to order and cause to be constructed, within its 3 respective assessment district, any project for the benefit of said assessment district or any part thereof. 4 5 Upon the completion of a project or any part thereof, 6 (1) the property located within the assessment district 7 abutting on a wastewater or water project or abutting 8 upon that portion of a public way within the assessment 9 district in which such wastewater or water project shall 10 be constructed, or (2) the property protected by the flood 11 relief project, may be charged by the assessment district in which the project is located with all or any part of 12 13 the cost thereof, including the cost of such wastewater or water project across public ways. No lot or parcel of 14 land abutting any portion of a project which is located 15 outside of an assessment district shall be subject to any 16 17 assessment unless and until the owner of such lot or parcel receives any services provided by the project, in 18 which event such lot or parcel may be subject to 19 assessment under section twenty of this article. 20
 - (b) Assessments made with respect to wastewater or water projects shall be subject to the restrictions set forth in this subsection and subsection (c) of this section. In case of a corner lot, or acreage which has not been divided into lots, frontage which may be assessed shall be measured along the longest dimension thereof abutting on each public way in which a wastewater or water project is constructed, but if the project is constructed on two or more sides then such corner lot, or acreage which has not been divided into lots, shall be charged only with the side on which the project is

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32 first completed unless such lot or acreage is two 33 hundred feet or more in depth measured from such first 34 side, in which event the corner lot, or acreage which has 35 not been divided into lots, shall be charged only with the 36 footage in excess of two hundred feet. Any lot, or any acreage which has not been divided into lots, having a 37 depth of two hundred feet or more and abutting on two 38 39 or more public ways, one on the front and one in the 40 rear of said lot, or said acreage which has not been 41 divided into lots, shall be assessed on both of said public 42 ways, if a project is constructed on both such public ways. Where a corner lot, or any acreage which has not 43 44 been divided into lots, has been assessed on both ends. 45 it shall not be assessed on the side, and where it has been 46 assessed on the side, it shall not be assessed on either 47 end.

(c) In case of corner lots, or any acreage which has not been divided into lots, where the cost of a wastewater or water project along one dimension is not assessed against the owner thereof, and in the case of lots, or acreage, less than two hundred feet deep abutting at each end on a public way in which a project is completed, the cost of the project along the dimension or end not assessed against the property owner shall in every case be apportioned and assessed against the other property abutting on the public way within the assessment district being improved, in the manner of apportionment of the cost of improvements in intersections.

§16-13B-12. Apportionment and assessment of cost.

1 (a) The cost of a wastewater or water project. including the cost of all improvements at and within 2 3 intersections and the cost attributable to any portion of the project located outside an assessment district, shall 4 5 be apportioned to, and assessed against and borne by the properties abutting upon all public ways located within 6 the assessment district, in or upon which the improve-7 8 ments involved in the project shall have been made. 9 Each lot or parcel of land located within the assessment district so abutting shall be assessed, subject to the 10 11 provisions of section eleven of this article respecting

12 assessment for improvements of corner lots, acreage not 13 divided into lots and lots or acreage improved on more 14 than one side or end, with that portion of the cost of the 15 entire project, located both within and outside the 16 assessment district, which is represented by the proportion which the abutting frontage in feet of such lot or 17 parcel of land bears to the total abutting frontage in feet 18 of all the lots or parcels of land abutting on the public 19 20 ways so improved within the assessment district: 21 Provided. That if the character of the improvements 22 shall be substantially different upon different public 23 ways or portions thereof, the cost may be equitably apportioned to the respective public ways, or portions 24 25 thereof, in proportion to the character and cost of the respective improvements thereon and the part of the 26 27 cost so apportioned to each respective public way, or portion thereof, shall be apportioned to and assessed 28 29 against the respective lots or parcels of land abutting thereupon in the proportion as hereinabove provided: 30 Provided, however, That property shall be assessed only 31 32 to the extent it is benefited and if there is any property 33 abutting on the portion of the public way located within the assessment district, so improved which the board in 34 the resolution authorizing the project has determined 35 will not be specially benefited by the improvements, or 36 will not be specially benefited to the full extent of the 37 cost of the project, or for other reasons which would not 38 be liable to assessment for any of, or for some part of, 39 the cost of the project, then the cost of such project 40 abutting such part of said public way, or so much 41 thereof as is so determined to be nonassessable, shall be 42 apportioned among, assessed against and borne by the 43 remaining property abutting upon the public ways 44 located within the assessment district, improved in 45 proportion, subject to the aforesaid provisions of section 46 eleven of this article, to the frontage of such remaining 47 abutting property as hereinabove provided: Provided 48 further, That if there be property abutting the public 49 way located in the assessment district, so improved. 50 which is owned by the United States of America, and, 51 for that reason, not legally subject to assessment, then 52

- the county or municipality shall pay the proportionate part of the cost of the improvement which otherwise would be assessable against such federally owned property.
 - (b) Solely in the case of a flood relief project as defined in subparagraph (1) or (2), subsection (g), section two of this article, that portion of the cost of the project incurred in the preparation of the studies and reports required under this article prior to the construction of the project and all other costs relating to the development and planning of the project and which are incurred prior to the commencement of construction of the project and not in the actual construction of the project on or protecting one lot or parcel of land, shall be apportioned equally to each lot or parcel of land benefited and protected by the project, and all construction costs and any development costs incurred solely in completing a flood relief project benefiting and protecting a specific lot or parcel of land, shall be apportioned solely to such parcel or lot.
 - (c) Solely in the case of a flood relief project as defined in subparagraph (3), subsection (g), section two of this article, the cost of the project shall be apportioned pro rata to each lot or parcel of land benefited and protected by the project on which a house, building or other structure is situate, based on the ratio which the total square footage of protected space in such house, building or other structure bears to the total square footage of space in all houses, buildings and other structures located on property benefited and protected by the project.
 - (d) In apportioning the cost of any project to any lot or parcel of land in any circumstances not expressly covered in this article, the cost shall be apportioned equitably, as determined by the board, in keeping with the concepts and principles expressed in this article and the special benefit to the property in question from the improvements made.

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§16-13B-13. Assessment against property of public, charitable, eleemosynary, educational or religious institutions; duty of those in charge to cause assessments to be paid.

1 When any of the lots or parcels of land within an 2 assessment district abutting the portion of the public 3 way improved by a wastewater or water project consist 4 of property owned or controlled by this state, any municipality, county, board of education or other public 5 6 body, or consist of property owned by, or used for, a 7 church, or a religious, charitable, educational or eleemosynary institution, for purposes not subject to 8 9 taxation, such property shall nevertheless be assessed 10 with its proper proportion of the cost of said improve-11 ment, and it shall be the duty of those persons having 12 charge of the fiscal affairs of such owner or the 13 management of any such property or institution to make 14 proper arrangements for the payment of, and cause to 15 be paid, such assessments as and when due and payable.

§16-13B-14. Method of paying for cost of project; how assessments may be evidenced.

1 The board shall determine and provide in the resolution laying the assessments, adopted in accordance with 2 3 section ten of this article, the method of financing the 4 cost of a project, for the cost of which assessments are levied as in this article provided, and such method may 5 include the receipt of gifts, grants from any governmen-6 tal agency or appropriations from the county or 7 municipality in which the assessment district is located, 8 or borrowing funds from any person or governmental 9 agency, or any combination thereof: Provided, That any 10 funds borrowed by an assessment district, including any 11 interest accruing thereon, shall be repaid solely from the 12 proceeds of the assessment certificates issued pursuant 13 to section fifteen of this article and from the assessments 14 evidenced thereby. 15

§16-13B-15. Assessment certificates; assignments; designation of registrar for assessment certificates.

(a) All assessments levied under this article shall be 1 2 evidenced by assessment certificates issued by the 3 assessment district in accordance with this section. The 4 board may issue assessment certificates to any person or governmental agency financing the cost of a project. 5 6 and may also issue assessment certificates in the name 7 of the assessment district, on behalf of itself or as agent 8 for any other person or governmental agency. The board 9 shall issue the assessment certificates as soon as 10 practicable after it has determined the method of 11 financing the cost of the project and laid the assessments against the property, as provided in section ten of this 12 13 article. The assessment certificates shall evidence on 14 their face the assessments applicable to the property for 15 which each such certificate has been issued and each 16 installment of principal and interest payable, and a copy 17 of each assessment certificate shall be provided to the 18 owner of the property against which the assessment evidenced by the assessment certificate has been laid. 19 Each assessment certificate shall be issued in registered 20 21 form and shall show on the face thereof the name and 22 address of the owner of the property to which the 23 assessment certificate applies, the name and address of the person serving as the registrar for such certificate 24 in accordance with subsection (c) of this section, and the 25 26 name and address of the person to whom the certificate 27 is issued. Assessment certificates shall be signed by the 28 chairman and secretary of the board of the assessment 29 district issuing the certificates, shall refer to the resolution laying the assessments and shall show the 30 31 amount and date of the assessment and describe the 32 property against which the assessment is laid, describ-33 ing the same as to ownership, amount, frontage (solely 34 in case of a wastewater and water project) and briefly 35 as to location, and the mailing address of the owner 36 thereof. Assessment certificates shall also show the dates 37 on which principal and interest payments are due, shall 38 set forth that the payment of all such installments shall be made to the sheriff of the county in which the 39 40 assessment district is located, as provided in section 41 seventeen of this article, and shall contain a provision

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- that in the event there is default in the payment of any one of such installments and such default continues for a period of sixty days after written notice of such default, then all unpaid installments shall become due and payable at the election of the certificate holder and the holder may proceed to collect all of the unpaid balances of installments, with interest until paid.
 - (b) Each assessment certificate issued under this article shall be enforceable by the holder thereof, and shall be assignable by endorsement and delivery of the certificate and upon delivery to the registrar of the assessment certificates of a written notice of such assignment executed by the assignor and assignee, each of whose signatures shall be duly notarized.
- 56 (c) Prior to the issuance of any assessment certifi-57 cates, the board shall, by resolution, designate a financial institution located in this state as the registrar 58 for such certificates, who shall maintain a complete and 59 accurate record of the names and addresses of the 60 61 persons or governmental agencies to whom the assessment certificates are issued. Within ten days of the 62 63 issuance of an assessment certificate or any revised assessment certificates in lieu thereof, the board of the 64 assessment district issuing the same shall provide to 65 66 such registrar a list of the names and addresses of the 67 person or governmental agency to whom the certificates were issued, which shall be certified by the secretary of 68 the board. The record of certificate holders maintained 69 by the registrar shall be open to inspection by the sheriff 70 of the county in which the assessment district is located 71 and may be relied upon by the sheriff for purposes of 72 disbursing assessment fees in accordance with section 73 seventeen of this article or in otherwise determining the 74 lawful holders of the assessment certificates. 75

§16-13B-16. No liability of state, county, municipality and assessment district.

Neither the state nor any county or municipality shall be liable on notes or other evidences of indebtedness of an assessment district or for the payment of any assessment fees evidenced by any assessment certificate,

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- 5 and such notes or other evidences of indebtedness and
- 6 assessment certificates shall not be a debt of the state
- 7 or any county or municipality, and such notes or other
- 8 evidences of indebtedness and assessment certificates
- 9 shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such
- 10 effect. No assessment district shall be liable for the
- 11 payment of any assessment fees evidenced by any
- 12 assessment certificates issued pursuant to this article
- 13 and assessment certificates shall contain on the face
- 14 thereof a statement to such effect.

§16-13B-17. Payment of assessment fees; releases.

- 1 (a) Payments of assessment fees or any installment 2 thereof shall be made to the sheriff of the county in 3 which the assessment district is located, who shall hold and disburse all such fees as agent for the assessment 4 5 district in accordance with this section. The sheriff shall 6 promptly deposit all assessment fees upon receipt 7 thereof in a segregated account established by the 8 sheriff for such purpose and shall maintain a record of the assessment fees so received. Within thirty days of 9 receipt of assessment fees from any person or govern-10 mental agency, the sheriff shall disburse the assessment 11 fees to the holder of the assessment certificate pursuant 12 to which such assessment fees were paid, and within 13 sixty days after the receipt of all assessment fees due 14 15 for the calendar year in question, but in no event later 16 than the first day of October of such year, prepare and 17 deliver to the board of each assessment district located 18 in the county, a statement setting forth the aggregate amount of assessment fees received for such district and 19 the name of any property owner who failed to pay the 20 21 assessment fees due and pavable for the period in 22 auestion.
 - (b) On or before the thirtieth day of April of each year in which assessments are owed with respect to any lot or parcel of property within an assessment district located in a county, the sheriff of the county shall send a notice to the person owning such lot or parcel setting forth the assessment fee due for such period and that such assessment fee shall be due and payable on or

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- before the first day of June of such year. In preparing and mailing such notices, the sheriff may rely on the information contained in the records maintained by the registrar of each assessment district, as provided in section fifteen of this article.
 - (c) If payment in full is made to the holder of a certificate, the holder shall deliver the certificate to the assessment district marked "paid" to evidence the payments made of principal and interest, and the assessment district shall thereupon deliver the certificate to the payor. On presentation to the board for cancellation of all certificates for the full assessment made against a specific lot or parcel of property assessed, the chairman of the board shall on request execute and deliver a release of the lien of such assessment.

§16-13B-18. Liens; recording notice of liens; suit for enforcement; priority.

1 The property abutting the portion of the public way 2 located within the assessment district, so improved, in 3 the case of a wastewater or water project, or the 4 property improved or protected by a flood relief project. 5 against which properties an assessment has been laid as 6 herein provided, shall be subject to a lien, from the date 7 of the resolution laying the assessment, for the payment 8 of that portion of the cost of the project assessed against 9 said property. A notice of the liens of said assessments 10 referring to the assessing resolution, and setting forth 11 a list of the property assessed, described respectively as 12 to amounts of assessment and ownership, frontage 13 (solely in case of a wastewater or water project) and location of the property, shall be certified, by the 14 chairman and secretary of the board, to the clerk of the 15 16 county commission of the county wherein the project is located. The county clerk shall record the notice of such 17 lien in the appropriate trust deed book or other 18 appropriate county lien book and index the same in the 19 name of each owner of property assessed. From the date 20 of an assessment, the holder of the assessment certificate 21 shall have such lien and shall be entitled to enforce the 22 same in its, his or their name to the extent of the 23

24 amount, including principal and interest and any penalty due for any failure to pay an installment when 25 due, of such assessments and against the property to 26 27 which the assessment certificate applies, as to any 28 assessment not paid as and when due. Such assessments 29 shall be and constitute liens in the hands of the holders 30 of said certificates upon the respective lots and narcels 31 of land assessed and shall have priority over all other 32 liens except those for land taxes due the state, county 33 and municipality and except any liens for preexisting 34 special assessments provided under this code. If any 35 assessment is revised in accordance with section ten or 36 twenty of this article, the lien created by this section 37 shall extend to the assessment so revised and shall have 38 the same priority as the priority of the lien created upon 39 the laving of the original assessment. Such assessments 40 and interest thereon shall be paid by the owners of the 41 property assessed as and when the installments are due. 42 The holders of any such assessment certificates may 43 enforce the lien thereof in any proper suit, and when 44 default in the payment, as and when due, of any 45 assessment, principal or interest, or installment thereof. 46 shall occur and such default shall have continued for 47 more than sixty days after the receipt by the property 48 owner of written notice of such default from the sheriff 49 of the county in which the assessment district which 50 issued the certificates is located, the holders of any such 51 certificates may declare the whole unpaid balance due 52 and payable and by proper civil action enforce the lien 53 thereof, upon process issued and served according to law upon the owner or owners of the lots or parcels of land 54 subject to said lien at the time such suit may be brought 55 56 as shown by the records of the clerk of the county 57 commission of the county in which said lots or parcels 58 of land are located. The notice required under this 59 section shall be complete when such notice is mailed by 60 certified mail, return receipt requested, directed to the address shown on the records maintained by the 61 62 registrar under section fifteen of this article.

§16-13B-19. Reassessment for void, irregular or omitted assessments.

1 In the case of the construction of any permanent 2 improvements where an assessment has heretofore been 3 laid or may hereafter be laid for the cost thereof, which 4 said assessment is or shall be void or voidable by reason 5 of errors, irregularities or defects in the proceedings 6 under which such improvements were made, or in case 7 such assessment shall have been made against the 8 wrong person or property, or shall have been omitted 9 to be made in a case where the same was proper, it shall 10 be the duty of the board within five years after the 11 completion of such improvements, or after any court 12 shall have declared such assessment invalid, to cause 13 notice to be given to any person or persons against whom 14 the cost of said improvements might properly be or have 15 been assessed, of its intention to lay such assessment and 16 fixing a date, time and place at which the owner or 17 owners may appeal and show case against the same. 18 Said notice shall be served in the manner provided in 19 this article for the giving of notices in assessment 20 proceedings, or in any other manner provided by law. 21 At the time and place specified in the notice aforesaid 22 or at any time thereafter, the board shall proceed to lay 23 and levy an assessment or assessments for the cost of 24 such improvements as would have been lawful under 25 proper proceedings at the time said improvements were 26 completed, unless the owner or owners so notified shall 27 show good cause against the same. The reassessment or 28 reassessments so laid shall be a lien upon the property 29 liable therefor in the manner hereinabove provided from the date of the original assessment, with interest 30 therefrom, and proper assessment certificate may be 31 issued, recordation had, and the payment thereof and 32 the lien thereof may be enforced in the same manner 33 and upon the same terms as would have been proper at 34 the time of the completion of the said improvements had 35 the assessments therefor been then properly laid and 36 37 levied.

§16-13B-20. How additional territory may be added to assessment district.

1 (a) A governing body may, with respect to any 2 assessment district created by it, modify, expand or

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3 extend the boundaries of the assessment district to 4 develop, construct, improve or extend any project, or to 5 enable persons residing or engaged in business on 6 property located outside the assessment district to 7 obtain the services provided by a wastewater or water 8 facility, (1) by satisfying the same requirements 9 provided in this article for the creation of the assessment 10 district, or (2) upon the unanimous written agreement 11 of persons owning all of the property to be added to the 12 assessment district that such property be added to the 13 district and assessed in accordance with subsection (b) of this section: Provided. That no property may be added 14 15 to an assessment district for connection to a wastewater 16 or water project unless it abuts the assessment district.

- (b) Any property added to an assessment district shall be assessed for and bear a proportionate share of the cost of the project then remaining unpaid, consistent with the concepts and principles set forth in sections eleven and twelve of this article and the assessment so laid shall be a lien upon the property in the same manner hereinabove provided from the date such assessment is laid. Contemporaneously with the resolution laying the assessment against such property. all other property located in the assessment district shall be reassessed to reflect the addition of such property to the assessment district. In all such cases, the assessment district shall be the holder of the assessment certificates issued to evidence the assessments laid upon the added property, and all assessment fees received by the sheriff from such assessment certificates shall be applied, pro rata, to reduce the final installment of principal and interest due from the owners of all other property located in the assessment district as it existed prior to the addition of property to the district.
- (c) If any property is connected to a wastewater or water project after the cost of the project has been paid in full and the transfer of the project to a utility or governmental agency pursuant to section twenty-one of this article, the owner of such property shall pay to the utility or governmental agency the same rates and charges paid by other customers of the utility or

- 44 governmental agency for the services provided by the
- 45 wastewater or water facility operated and maintained
- 46 by it.

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§16-13B-21. Operation and maintenance of wastewater and water projects; rates and charges therefor.

- 1 (a) Prior to the construction of a wastewater or water 2 project, the assessment district in which the project 3 shall be located shall enter into one or more agreements 4 with a utility or governmental agency operating a 5 wastewater or water facility within the service area 6 covered by the assessment district for the operation and maintenance of the project and for the provision of 7 8 wastewater or water services, as the case may be, and such utility or governmental agency shall thereupon be 9 10 authorized and empowered to charge and collect from 11 each person connected to the project such rates and 12 charges customarily paid by customers of such utility or 13 governmental agency for similar wastewater or water services. All such agreements shall have terms of 14 duration equal to or greater than the period necessary 15 for the cost of the project to be paid in full, and may 16 17 otherwise contain such terms and conditions as may be 18 mutually agreed to by the parties, and shall be pres-19 ented as part of the application to the public service 20 commission required by section ten (c) hereof.
 - (b) Immediately upon the final payment of all assessment fees due under all assessment certificates issued in connection with a wastewater or water project constructed within an assessment district, the assessment district shall transfer and convey all of its right, title and interest in and to such project to the utility or governmental agency providing wastewater or water services, as the case may be.

§16-13B-22. Liberal construction.

This article being necessary for the public health, safety and welfare, it shall be liberally construed to

3 effectuate the purpose hereof.

CHAPTER 151

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 410—By Senators Hawse, Helmick, Brackenrich, Spears and Dittmar)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight, relating to real estate management; and procedure of the public land corporation authorizing the transfer of certain properties from the division of natural resources to any governmental agency of the state, the federal government or any political subdivision of the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT AND PROCEDURES.

§20-1A-8. Authorization to transfer from the division of natural resources to the division of tourism and parks the Stump lands located on the west bank of the south branch of the Potomac River, Romney District, Hampshire County, West Virginia, which contains 216.81 acres, more or less.

The public land corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to transfer to any governmental agency, the

- 3 federal government or any political subdivision of the
- 4 state all those certain tracts or parcels of real estate
- 5 known as "Fort Mill Ridge", situate near Romney.
- 6 Romney District of Hampshire County, West Virginia,
- 7 containing 216.81 acres, more or less, including the civil
- 8 war historical site, with all trenches, gun implacements.
- 9 fort locations and appurtenances, all being of historical

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- 10 significance, as well as all of the timber, minerals, 11 mineral rights, all roads, rights-of-way, easements and 12 appurtenances thereunto belonging: Provided. That the 13 transfer comply with the regulations contained in 50 CFR. Part 80. Sections 80.4(a) and 80.4(b) of the federal 14 15 register and that the division of natural resources shall 16 be reimbursed by said agency, the federal government 17 or any political subdivision of the state in an amount 18 equal to the amount of the purchase price or the current market value of the property, whichever is greater. 19
 - This is the same real estate surveyed by David G. Vanscoy, professional engineer and which was conveyed by James A. Stump III, and others to the state of West Virginia for the use and benefit of the West Virginia division of natural resources by deed dated the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and recorded in the office of the clerk of the county commission of Hampshire County in deed book 306, at page 693, reference to which survey plat is here made for a more particular description of the property to be transferred hereby.

CHAPTER 152

(S. B. 543—By Senators Craigo and Dittmar)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to weapon restrictions for persons attempting to kill wildlife under crop damage permits.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

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§20-2-15. Permit to kill deer or other wildlife causing damage to cultivated crops, fruit trees or commercial nurseries; weapon restrictions.

- 1 (a) Whenever it shall be found that deer or other 2 wildlife are causing damage to cultivated crops, fruit 3 trees or commercial nurseries, the owner or lessee of the 4 lands on which such damage is done may report such 5 finding to the conservation officer or biologist of the 6 county in which such lands are located or to the director. 7 The director shall then investigate the reported damage 8 and if found substantial, shall issue a permit to the 9 owner or lessee to kill one or more deer or other wildlife in the manner prescribed by the director. 10
 - (b) In addition to the foregoing, the director shall establish procedures for the issuance of permits or other authorization necessary to control deer or other wildlife causing property damage.
 - (c) All persons attempting to kill deer or other wildlife pursuant to this section are subject to the same minimum caliber restrictions and other firearm restrictions and the same minimum bow poundage and other bow and arrow restrictions that apply when hunting the same animal species during the regular hunting seasons.

CHAPTER 153

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4542-By Delegate Love)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-two, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to transporting the carcass or fresh skin and head of a deer; requiring that the fresh skin and head or carcass of a deer be checked before it is transported across certain county boundaries.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

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ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-22. Tagging, removing, transporting and reporting deer and wild turkey.

1 Each person killing a deer or wild turkey found in a wild state shall immediately after removing the 2 3 entrails, but in any event within one hour and before transporting or removing the carcass in any manner 4 from where it was killed, complete and attach thereto 5 the game tag supplied with his or her hunting license. 6 7 The game tag shall remain on the carcass until it is 8 dressed for consumption.

If such wild turkey or deer has been lawfully killed by a person not required to secure a license, or by a person who has previously killed another species of game bird or game animal for which a game tag is required, or by a person who has lost the tag supplied with his or her license, such person shall make and attach a tag to the carcass within the time specified after such killing. The tag shall bear in plain English the name and address of the hunter, and the date of killing, or, if holding a license, the license number and the date and county where the game was killed.

The carcass of such wild turkey shall be delivered to a conservation officer or an official checking station for checking and retagging before it is either skinned or transported beyond the boundaries of the county adjacent to that in which the kill was made.

The fresh skin and head or carcass of the deer shall be delivered to a conservation officer or an official checking station for checking and retagging before it is transported beyond the boundaries of the county adjacent to that in which the kill was made.

Every failure to have said tag or tags attached, or removing or transporting such animal in any manner. or failure to deliver the carcass or fresh skin and head to a conservation officer or to an official checking station for checking, as herein provided, shall subject the person so neglecting to the penalties provided in this article.

CHAPTER 154

(H. B. 4545—By Delegates Love and Stemple)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article two-b, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the wildlife endowment fund; and providing that full-time nonresident students who attend in-state colleges and universities are not eligible to purchase lifetime hunting, fishing and trapping licenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article two-b, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2B. WILDLIFE ENDOWMENT FUND.

§20-2B-7. Lifetime hunting, fishing and trapping licenses created.

- 1 Pursuant to section three of this article the following
- 2 lifetime hunting, fishing and trapping licenses are
- 3 hereby created and, for the lifetime of the licensee, shall serve in lieu of the equivalent annual license: *Provided*.
- 5 That a full-time nonresident student who attends an in-
- 6 state college or university is not eligible to purchase any
- 7 of these lifetime licenses:
- 8 (a) A Class A-L lifetime resident statewide hunting 9 and trapping license, the fee for which shall be two
- 10 hundred dollars: Provided. That the fee shall be one
- 11 hundred dollars for any resident who has not reached
- 12 his or her second birthday; for proof of age, a certified
- 13 birth certificate or other notarized record of birth shall
- 14 be submitted with the license application;
- 15 (b) A Class AB-L lifetime resident combination
- 16 statewide hunting, fishing and trapping license, the fee
- 17 for which shall be three hundred dollars: Provided, That
- 18 the fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars for any

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- resident who has not reached his or her second birthday; for proof of age, a certified birth certificate or other notarized record of birth shall be submitted with the license application:
 - (c) A Class B-L lifetime resident statewide fishing license, the fee for which shall be two hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the fee shall be one hundred dollars for any resident who has not reached his or her second birthday; for proof of age, a certified birth certificate or other notarized record of birth shall be submitted with the license application; and
 - (d) A Class O-L lifetime resident trout fishing license, the fee for which shall be one hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the fee shall be fifty dollars for any resident who has not reached his or her second birthday; for proof of age, a certified birth certificate or other notarized record of birth shall be submitted with the license application.

CHAPTER 155

(H. B. 4631-By Delegates Reid and Staton)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the specified eighteen-month extension for a permit; and to allow extension periods to be at the discretion of the chief of the water resources section of the division of natural resources.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5A. WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT.

§20-5A-7. Procedure concerning permits required under article; transfer of permits; prior permits.

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(a) The chief or his duly authorized representatives shall conduct such investigation as is deemed necessary and proper in order to determine whether any such application should be granted or denied. In making such investigation and determination as to any application pertaining solely to sewage, the chief shall consult with the director of the division of sanitary engineering of the state department of health, and in making such investigation and determination as to any application pertaining to any activity specified in subdivision (7). subsection (b), section five of this article, the chief shall consult with the director of the state geological and economic survey and the deputy director of the oil and gas division of the department of mines, and all such persons shall cooperate with the chief and assist him in carrying out the duties and responsibilities imposed upon him under the provisions of this article and the rules and regulations of the board; such cooperation shall include, but not be limited to, a written recommendation approving or disapproving the granting of the permit and the reason or reasons for such recommendation, which recommendation and the reason or reasons therefor shall be submitted to the chief within the specified time period prescribed by rules and regulations of the board.

(b) The department's permit shall be issued upon such reasonable terms and conditions as the chief may direct if (1) the application, together with all supporting information and data and other evidence, establishes that any and all discharges or releases, escapes, deposits and disposition of treated or untreated sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes, or the effluent therefrom. resulting from the activity or activities for which the application for a permit was made will not cause pollution of the waters of this state or violate any effluent limitations or any rules and regulations of the board: Provided, That the chief may issue a permit whenever in his judgment the water quality standards of the state may be best protected by the institution of a program of phased pollution abatement which under the terms of the permit may temporarily allow a limited degree of pollution of the waters of the state; and (2) in

- cases wherein it is required, such applicant shall include the name and address of the responsible agent as set forth in section eight-b of this article.
- (c) Each permit issued under this article shall have a fixed term not to exceed five years: Provided. That when the applicant, in accordance with agency rules. has made a timely and complete application for permit reissuance, the permit term may be extended by the chief, at his discretion, for a period not to exceed one hundred twenty months beyond its expiration date. Upon expiration of a permit, a new permit may be issued by the chief upon condition that the discharges or releases, escapes, deposits and disposition thereunder meet or will meet all applicable state and federal water quality standards, effluent limitations and all other requirements of this article.
 - (d) An application for a permit incident to remedial action in accordance with the provisions of section eleven of this article shall be processed and decided as any other application for a permit required under the provisions of section five of this article.
 - (e) A complete application for any permit shall be acted upon by the chief, and the department's permit delivered or mailed, or a copy of any order of the chief denying any such application delivered or mailed to the applicant by the chief, within a reasonable time period as prescribed by rules and regulations of the board.
 - (f) When it is established that an application for a permit should be denied, the chief shall make and enter an order to that effect, which order shall specify the reasons for such denial, and shall cause a copy of such order to be served on the applicant by registered or certified mail. The chief shall also cause a notice to be served with a copy of such order, which notice shall advise the applicant of his right to appeal to the board by filing a notice of appeal on the form prescribed by the board for such purpose, with the board, in accordance with the provisions of section fifteen of this article, within thirty days after the date upon which the applicant received the copy of such order. However, an applicant may alter the plans and specifications for the

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- proposed activity and submit a new application for any such permit, in which event the procedure hereinbefore outlined with respect to an original application shall apply.
 - (g) A permit shall be transferable to another person upon proper notification to the division and in accordance with applicable regulations. Such transfer shall not become effective until it is reflected in the records of the division of water resources.
 - (h) All permits for the discharge of sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes into any waters of the state issued by the water resources board prior to July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-four, and all permits heretofore issued under the provisions of this article. and which have not been heretofore revoked, are subject to review. revocation, suspension, modification and reissuance in accordance with the terms and conditions of this article and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Any order of revocation, suspension or modification made and entered pursuant to this subsection shall be upon at least twenty days' notice and shall specify the reasons for such revocation, suspension or modification and the chief shall cause a copy of such order, together with a copy of a notice of the right to appeal to the board as provided for in section eight of this article, to be served upon the permit holder as specified in said section eight.

CHAPTER 156

(H. B. 4712—By Delegates Roop and Pethtel)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five-c, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a, relating to power of the West Virginia water development authority to enter into trust agree-

ments when acting in the capacity of fiscal agent, authorizing authority or other capacity for an agency, department, instrumentality or public corporation of the state which is issuing or purchasing bonds or notes; and providing for reimbursement to the West Virginia water development authority of expenses incurred with respect thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five-c, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5C. WEST VIRGINIA WATER DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

§20-5C-9a. Trust agreements for related responsibilities; reimbursements.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 1 2 the contrary, when the authority acts in the capacity of 3 fiscal agent, authorizing authority or some other capacity for any agency, department, instrumentality or 4 public corporation of the state which is issuing or 5 purchasing bonds or notes, the authority may, in the 6 exercise of its responsibilities, enter into trust agree-7 ments with one or more trust companies or banking 8 institutions having trust powers, located within or 9 without the state, with respect to the receipt, invest-10 ment, handling, payment and delivery of funds of such 11 agency, department, instrumentality or public corpora-12 tion. The authority shall be entitled to reimbursement 13 for the expenses of the authority incident to performing 14 such services, including the fees and expenses of third 15 parties providing services to the authority with respect 16 thereto, from the proceeds of bonds or notes or of the 17 revenues derived by such agency, department, instru-18 mentality or public corporation. 19

CHAPTER 157

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 498—By Senator Brackenrich)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article five-d, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the dam control and safety act; legislative findings; intent and purpose of the act: defining terms: general powers and duties of director: maximum fee established for certificates of approval and annual registration; exempting soil conservation service from assessment of fees: prohibiting persons from placing, constructing, enlarging, altering, repairing, removing or abandoning any dam without filing an application for certificate of approval with the division and excluding certain routine repairs: requiring registered professional engineer to prepare plans and specifications; granting and rejecting applications for certificates of approval; publication of notice of application; hearing upon application; content of certificates of approval; revocation or suspension of certificates: inspections during work progress and certain exemptions; corrections of deficiencies: certificates of completion to director from soil conservation service for certain dams; procedures for handling emergencies involving dams; remedial actions; payment of costs of remedial actions; requirements for dams completed prior to effective date of section; legal responsibilities of dam owners; criminal penalties; enforcement orders; hearings; civil penalties; injunctive relief: establishing schedule of application and annual registration fees; creating dam safety fund; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five-d, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5D. DAM CONTROL AND SAFETY ACT.

- §20-5D-1. Short title.
- §20-5D-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article.
- §20-5D-3. Definition of terms used in article.
- §20-5D-4. General powers and duties of director; maximum fee established for certificates of approval and annual registration.
- §20-5D-5. Unlawful to place, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, remove or abandon dam without certificate of approval; application required to obtain certificate.
- §20-5D-6. Plans and specifications for dams to be in charge of registered professional engineer.
- §20-5D-7. Granting or rejecting applications for certificate of approval by division; publication of notice of application; hearing upon application.
- §20-5D-8. Content of certificates of approval for dams; revocation or suspension of certificates.
- §20-5D-9. Inspection during progress of work on dam.
- §20-5D-10. Procedures for handling emergencies involving dams; remedial actions to alleviate emergency; payment of costs of remedial actions to be paid by dam owner.
- §20-5D-11. Requirements for dams completed prior to effective date of this section
- §20-5D-12. Dam owner not relieved of legal responsibilities by any provision of article.
- §20-5D-13. Offenses and penalties.
- §20-5D-14. Enforcement orders; hearings.
- §20-5D-15. Civil penalties and injunctive relief.
- §20-5D-16. Schedule of application fees established.
- \$20-5D-17. Schedule of annual registration fees established.
- §20-5D-18. Creation of dam safety fund; components of fund.
- §20-5D-19. Effective date.

§20-5D-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and cited as the "Dam
- 2 Control and Safety Act".

§20-5D-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article.

- 1 The Legislature finds that dams may constitute a
- 2 potential hazard to people and property; therefore, dams
- 3 in this state must be properly regulated and controlled
- 4 to protect the health, safety and welfare of people and
- 5 property in this state. It is the intent of the Legislature
- 6 by this article to provide for the regulation and
- 7 supervision of dams in this state to the extent necessary
- 8 to protect the public health, safety and welfare. The
- 9 Legislature has ordained this article to fulfill its
- 10 responsibilities to the people of this state and to protect

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11 their lives and private and public property from the danger of a potential or actual dam failure. The 12 13 Legislature finds and declares that in light of the limited state resources available for the purposes of this 14 15 article, and in view of the high standards to which the 16 United States soil conservation service designs dams. 17 independent state review of the plans and specifications 18 for dams designed by the soil conservation service and 19 construction oversight should not be required. The 20 Legislature further finds and declares that dams 21 designed and constructed by the soil conservation 22 service but not owned or operated by it should be subject to the same provisions of inspection, after construction 23 and certification by the soil conservation service, as 24 25 other dams covered by this article, so long as any dam

§20-5D-3. Definition of terms used in article.

under this article.

As used in this article, unless used in a context that clearly requires a different meaning, the term:

under the soil conservation service program is designed

with standards equal to or exceeding state requirements

- 3 (a) "Alterations" or "repairs" means only those 4 changes in the structure or integrity of a dam which 5 may affect its safety, which determination shall be made 6 by the director.
- 7 (b) "Application for a certificate of approval" means 8 the request in writing by a person to the director 9 requesting that person be issued a certificate of approval.
 - (c) "Appurtenant works" means any structure or facility which is an adjunct of, or connected, appended or annexed to a dam, including, but not limited to, spillways, a reservoir and its rim, low level outlet works or water conduits such as tunnels, pipelines and penstocks either through the dam or its abutments.
 - (d) "Certificate of approval" means the approval in writing issued by the director to a person who has applied to the director for a certificate of approval which authorizes the person to place, construct, enlarge,

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- 21 alter, repair or remove a dam and specifies the 22 conditions or limitations under which the work is to be 23 performed by that person.
 - (e) "Director" means the director of the division of natural resources or his or her authorized agents.
 - (f) "Division" means the division of natural resources.
- 27 (g) "Dam" means an artificial barrier or obstruction. 28 including any works appurtenant to it and any reservoir 29 created by it, which is or will be placed, constructed. 30 enlarged, altered or repaired so that it does or will 31 impound or divert water and: (1) Is or will be twenty-32 five feet or more in height from the natural bed of the 33 stream or watercourse measured at the downstream toe 34 of the barrier and which does or can impound fifteen 35 acre-feet or more of water: or (2) is or will be six feet 36 or more in height from the natural bed of the stream 37 or watercourse measured at the downstream toe of the 38 barrier and which does or can impound fifty acre-feet 39 or more of water: Provided. That the term "dam" shall 40 not include: (A) Any dam owned by the federal govern-41 ment: (B) any dam for which the operation and main-42 tenance thereof is the responsibility of the federal 43 government; (C) slack-water dams constructed and 44 maintained in connection with public highways, streets, bridges, culverts or viaducts, which shall continue to be 45 46 regulated and controlled as provided in article five of 47 this chapter: (D) farm ponds constructed and used primarily for agricultural purposes, including, but not 48 49 limited to, livestock watering, irrigation, retention of animal wastes and fish culture, and which have no 50 potential to cause loss of human life in the event of 51 embankment failure: or (E) structures which do not or 52 will not impound water under normal conditions and 53 which have a designed culvert or similar conveyance or 54 such capacity as would be used under a highway at the 55 same location: Provided, however, That the director may 56 apply the provisions of section ten of this article for 57 hazardous, nonimpounding structures which are 58 brought to his or her attention. 59
 - (h) "Enlargement" means any change in or addition

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- to an existing dam which: (1) Raises the height of the dam; (2) raises or may raise the water storage elevation of the water impounded by the dam; (3) increases or may increase the amount of water impounded by the dam; or (4) increases or may increase the watershed area from which water is impounded by the dam.
- 67 (i) "Person" means any public or private corporation. institution, association, society, firm, organization or 68 69 company organized or existing under the laws of this or 70 any other state or country; the state of West Virginia: 71 any state governmental agency; any political subdivision 72 of the state or of its counties or municipalities; sanitary district; public service district; drainage district; soil 73 conservation district; watershed improvement district: 74 75 partnership: trust: estate: person or individual; group of persons or individuals acting individually or as a group; 76 or any other legal entity whatever. The term "person". 77 when used in this article, includes and refers to any 78 authorized agent, lessee or trustee of any of the 79 foregoing or receiver or trustee appointed by any court 80 81 for any of the foregoing.
- 82 (j) "Reservoir" means any basin which contains or 83 will contain impounded water.
 - (k) "Soil conservation service" means the soil conservation service of the United States department of agriculture or any successor agency.
- 87 (1) "Water" means any liquid, including any solids or 88 other matter which may be contained therein, which is 89 or may be impounded by a dam.
- 90 (m) "Water storage elevation" means the maximum 91 elevation that water can reach behind a dam without 92 encroaching on the freeboard approved for the dam 93 under flood conditions.

§20-5D-4. General powers and duties of director; maximum fee established for certificates of approval and annual registration.

- 1 The director shall have the following powers and 2 duties:
- 3 (a) To control and exercise regulatory jurisdiction

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- 4 over dams as provided for in this article:
 - (b) To review all applications for a certificate of approval for the placement, construction, enlargement, alteration, repair or removal of any dam:
 - (c) To grant, modify, amend, revoke, restrict or refuse to grant any certificate of approval if proper or necessary to protect life and property as provided in this article:
 - (d) To adopt, modify, repeal and enforce rules and issue orders, in such manner as the director may otherwise do, to implement and make effective the powers and duties vested in it by the provisions of this article:
- (e) To take any lawful action considered necessary for 18 the effective enforcement of the provisions of this article;
 - (f) To establish and charge reasonable fees not to exceed three hundred dollars for the review of applications for certificates of approval and the issuance thereof and for assessment of an annual registration fee not to exceed one hundred dollars for persons holding a certificate of approval for existing dams. The director shall promulgate rules to establish a schedule of application fees and to establish annual registration fees: Provided. That no fee shall be assessed for dams designed and constructed by the soil conservation service for soil conservation districts:
 - (g) To employ qualified consultants or additional persons as necessary to review applications for certificates of approval and to recommend whether they should be approved, to inspect dams and to enforce the provisions of this article:
 - (h) To cooperate and coordinate with agencies of the federal government, this state and counties and municinalities of this state to improve, secure, study and enforce dam safety and dam technology within this state:
- (i) To investigate and inspect dams as is necessary to 40 implement or enforce the provisions of this article and 41

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- 42 when necessary to enter the public or private property 43 of any dam owner. The director may investigate, inspect 44 or enter private or public property after notifying the 45 dam owner or other person in charge of the dam of an 46 intent to investigate, inspect or enter: Provided. That 47 where the owner or person in charge of the dam is not 48 available, the director may investigate, inspect and 49 enter without notice; and
- (j) To prepare and publish within a reasonable time,
 criteria to govern the design, construction, repair,
 inspection and maintenance of proposed dams herein
 defined, and to review these criteria annually in order
 to consider improved technology for inclusion in such

§20-5D-5. Unlawful to place, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, remove or abandon dam without certificate of approval; application required to obtain certificate.

It is unlawful for any person to place, construct, 1 enlarge, alter, repair, remove or abandon any dam 2 3 under the jurisdiction of the director until he or she has first: (a) Filed an application for a certificate of 4 approval with the division; and (b) obtained from the 5 division a certificate of approval: Provided. That routine 6 repairs which do not affect the safety of a dam are not 7 subject to the application and approval requirements. A 8 9 separate application for a certificate of approval must be submitted by a person for each dam he or she desires 10 to place, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, remove or 11 abandon. One application may be valid for more than 12 13 one dam involved in a single project or in the formation 14 of a reservoir.

Each application for a certificate of approval shall be made in writing on a form prescribed by the director and shall be signed and verified by the applicant. The application shall contain and provide information which may be reasonably required by the director to administer the provisions of this article.

In the case of dams designed by the soil conservation service for transfer to any political subdivision, the

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- 23 director shall, within sixty days after receipt of a
- 24 completed application therefor, issue a certificate of
- 25 approval without review of the plans and specifications.

§20-5D-6. Plans and specifications for dams to be in charge of registered professional engineer.

- 1 Plans and specifications for the placement, construc-
- 2 tion, enlargement, alteration, repair or removal of dams
- 3 shall be in the charge of a registered professional
- 4 engineer licensed to practice in West Virginia. Any
- 5 plans or specifications submitted to the division shall
- 6 bear the seal of a registered professional engineer.

§20-5D-7. Granting or rejecting applications for certificate of approval by division; publication of notice of application; hearing upon application.

Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of approval and the fee required under the provisions of this article, the director shall proceed to consider the application for sufficiency. The director shall approve or disapprove the application within sixty days after receipt.

7 If an application is defective, it shall be returned to the applicant by certified or registered mail, return 8 receipt requested, in order that the applicant may 9 correct any defect: Provided, That a defective applica-10 tion must be returned to the division by the applicant 11 within thirty days after it has been returned to the 12 applicant or it shall be treated as a new application: 13 Provided, however, That for good cause shown, the 14 director may extend the thirty-day period. 15

Upon approval by the director of the sufficiency of the application, the applicant shall immediately publish the application as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for the publication shall be the county in which the proposed dam is to be located or in which the existing dam is located. The notice shall include, but not be limited to, the name and address of the owner of the dam and the

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25 location of the dam for which the application was filed.

26 Any person who may be adversely affected by the 27 issuance of a certificate of approval has a right to a hearing before the director if the person demands the 28 29 hearing in writing within fifteen days of publication of 30 the certificate of approval. The written request for 31 hearing shall include specific objections to the certificate of approval.

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Upon receipt by the director of the written request for hearing, the director shall immediately set a date for the hearing and shall notify the person or persons demanding a hearing. The hearing shall be held within ten days after receipt of the written request. The 38 director shall hear evidence from all interested parties 39 and shall either: (1) Refuse to issue a certificate of 40 approval: or (2) issue a certificate of approval which shall be subject to terms, conditions and limitations as the director may consider necessary to protect life and property.

44 Unless otherwise extended by the director, a certificate of approval is valid for a period of not more than 45 46 one year.

§20-5D-8. Content of certificates of approval for dams: revocation or suspension of certificates.

Each certificate of approval issued by the director under the provisions of this article may contain other terms and conditions as the director may prescribe.

The director may revoke or suspend any certificate of approval whenever it is determined that the dam for which the certificate was issued constitutes a danger to life and property. If necessary to safeguard life and property, the director may also amend the terms and conditions of any certificate by issuing a new certificate containing the revised terms and conditions.

Before any certificate of approval is amended or 11 12 revoked by the director, the director shall hold a hearing in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter 13 twenty-nine-a of this code. 14

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Any person adversely affected by an order entered following the hearing has the right of judicial review of the order in accordance with the provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§20-5D-9. Inspections during progress of work on dam.

During the placement, construction, enlargement, repair, alteration or removal of any dam, the director shall, either with the division's own engineers or by consulting engineers or engineering organizations, make periodic inspections for the purpose of ascertaining compliance with the certificate of approval. The director shall require the owner at his or her expense to perform work or tests as necessary and to provide adequate supervision during the placement, construction, enlarge-ment, repair, alteration or removal of a dam: Provided. That with respect to dams designed by and constructed under the supervision of the soil conservation service, as to such dams no state inspections shall be required.

If at any time during placement, construction, enlargement, repair, alteration or removal of any dam, the director finds that the work is not being done in accordance with the provisions of the original or revised certificate of approval, the director shall notify the owner by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to correct the deficiency, cease and desist work or to show cause as to why the certificate of approval should not be revoked.

The notice shall state the reason or reasons why the work is not in accordance with the certificate of approval. The director may order that work on the dam cease until the owner has complied with the notice.

If the director finds that amendments, modifications or changes are necessary to ensure the safety of the dam, the director may order the owner to revise his or her plans and specifications. If conditions are revealed which will not permit the placement, construction, enlargement, repair, alteration or removal of the dam in a safe manner, the certificate of approval may be revoked.

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35 Immediately upon completion of a new dam or 36 enlargement, repair or alteration of a dam, the owner 37 shall notify the director: Provided, That immediately 38 upon completion of a dam constructed under the 39 supervision of the soil conservation service, a certifica-40 tion of completion shall be sent to the director by the 41 soil conservation service, and a complete set of design documents "as built" plans, and specifications and safety 42 43 plan of evacuation shall be provided to the director 44 within ninety days after completion of the dam.

§20-5D-10. Procedures for handling emergencies involving dams; remedial actions to alleviate emergency; payment of costs of remedial actions to be paid by dam owner.

The owner of a dam has the primary responsibility for determining when an emergency involving a dam exists. When the owner of a dam determines an emergency does exist, the owner shall take necessary remedial action and shall notify the director and the owner shall also notify any persons who may be endangered if the dam should fail.

The director shall notify any persons, not otherwise 8 9 notified, who may be endangered if the dam should fail. The director may take any remedial action necessary to 10 11 protect life and property if: (a) The condition of the dam so endangers life and property that time is not sufficient 12 13 to permit the issuance and enforcement of an order for 14 the owner to correct the condition; or (b) passing or imminent floods or other conditions threaten the safety 15 16 of the dam. Remedial actions may include, but are not 17 limited to:

- (1) Taking full charge and control of the dam.
- 19 (2) Lowering the level of water impounded by the 20 dam by releasing such impounded water.
- 21 (3) Completely releasing all water impounded by the 22 dam.
- 23 (4) Performing any necessary remedial or protective work at the site of the dam.

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25 (5) Taking any other steps necessary to safeguard life 26 and property.

Once the director has taken full charge of the dam, the director shall remain in charge and control until in the director's opinion it has been rendered safe or the emergency occasioning the action has ceased and the director concludes that the owner is competent to reassume control of the dam and its operation. The assumption of control of the dam will not relieve the owner of a dam of liability for any negligent act or acts of the owner or the owner's agent or employee.

When the director declares that making repairs to the dam or breaching the dam is necessary to safeguard life and property, repairs or breaching shall be started immediately by the owner, or by the director at the owner's expense, if the owner fails to do so. The owner shall notify the director at once of any emergency repairs or breaching the owner proposes to undertake and of work he or she has under way to alleviate the emergency. The proposed repairs, breaching and work shall be made to conform with orders of the director. The director may obtain equipment and personnel for emergency work from any person as is necessary and expedient to accomplish the required work. Any person undertaking work at the request of the division shall be paid by the division and shall be immune from civil liability under the provisions of section fifteen, article seven, chapter fifty-five of this code.

The costs reasonably incurred in any remedial action taken by the director shall be paid out of funds appropriated to the division. All costs incurred by the division shall be promptly repaid by the owner upon request or, if not repaid, the division may recover costs and damages from the owner by appropriate civil action.

§20-5D-11. Requirements for dams completed prior to effective date of this section.

The director shall give notice to file an application for a certificate of approval to every owner of a dam which was completed prior to the effective date of this section:

Provided, That no such notice need be given to a person 5 who has applied for and obtained a certificate of 6 approval on or after the first day of July, one thousand 7 nine hundred seventy-three, in accordance with the 8 provisions of the prior enactment of section five of this 9 article. Such notice shall be given by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the owner 10 11 at his last address of record in the office of the county 12 assessor of the county in which the dam is located and 13 such mailing shall constitute service. A separate 14 application for each dam a person owns shall be filed 15 with the director in writing upon forms supplied by him 16 and shall include or be accompanied by appropriate 17 information concerning the dam as the director 18 requires.

19 The director shall make inspections of such dams or 20 reservoirs at state expense. The director shall require 21 owners of such dams to perform at their expense such 22 work or tests as may reasonably be required to disclose 23 information sufficient to enable the director to deter-24 mine whether to issue a certificate of approval or to 25 issue an order directing further work at the owner's 26 expense necessary to safeguard life and property. For 27 this purpose, the director may require an owner to lower 28 the water level of, or to empty, water impounded by the 29 dam adjudged by the director to be unsafe. If, upon 30 inspection or upon completion to the satisfaction of the 31 director of all work that he ordered, the director finds 32 that the dam is safe to impound water, a certificate of 33 approval shall be issued.

§20-5D-12. Dam owner not relieved of legal responsibilities by any provision of article.

Nothing in this article shall be construed to relieve the owner of a dam of the legal duties, obligations or liabilities incident to the ownership or operation of a dam.

§20-5D-13. Offenses and penalties.

1 (a) Any person who violates any of the provisions of 2 this article or any certificate of approval, order, rule or 3 requirement of the director or division is guilty of a

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- 4 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 5 fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than 6 one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail 7 not more than six months, or both fined and imprisoned.
- 8 (b) Any person who willfully obstructs, hinders or 9 prevents the director or division or its agents or employees from performing the duties imposed on them 10 11 by the provisions of this article or who willfully resists 12 the exercise of the control and supervision conferred by 13 the provisions of this article upon the director or division or its agents or employees or any owner or any person 14 15 acting as a director, officer, agent or employee of an 16 owner, or any contractor or agent or employee of a 17 contractor who engages in the placement, construction, 18 enlargement, repair, alteration, maintenance or removal 19 of any dam who knowingly does work or permits work to be executed on the dam without a certificate of 20 21 approval or in violation of or contrary to any approval 22 as provided for by the provisions of this article; and any inspector, agent or employee of the division who has 23 24 knowledge of and who fails to notify the director of 25 unapproved modifications to a dam is guilty of a 26 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 27 fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than 28 five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail 29 not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

§20-5D-14. Enforcement orders; hearings.

- (a) If the director, upon inspection, investigation or through other means observes, discovers or learns of a violation of the provisions of this article, any certificate of approval, notice, order or rules or regulations issued or promulgated hereunder, he or she may:
- (1) Issue an order stating with reasonable specificity the nature of the violation and requiring compliance immediately or within a specified time. An order under this section includes, but is not limited to, any or all of the following: Orders suspending, revoking or amending certificates of approval, orders requiring a person to take remedial action or cease and desist orders;

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- (2) Seek an injunction in accordance with subsection
 (c), section fifteen of this article;
- 15 (3) Institute a civil action in accordance with subsec-16 tion (c), section fifteen of this article; or
 - (4) Request the attorney general, or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the alleged violation occurred, to bring a criminal action in accordance with section twelve of this article.
- 21 (b) Any person issued a cease and desist order may 22 file a notice of request for reconsideration with the 23 director not more than seven days from the issuance of 24 the order and shall have a hearing before the director 25 contesting the terms and conditions of the order within 26 ten days of the filing of the notice of a request for reconsideration. The filing of a notice of request for 27 28 reconsideration shall not stay or suspend the execution 29 or enforcement of the cease and desist order.

§20-5D-15. Civil penalties and injunctive relief.

1 (a) Any person who violates any provision of this 2 article, any certificate of approval or any rule, regula-3 tion, notice or order issued pursuant to this article is subject to a civil administrative penalty, to be levied by 4 the director, of not more than two hundred dollars for 5 each day of the violation, not to exceed a maximum of 6 four hundred dollars. In assessing any penalty, the 7 8 director shall take into account the seriousness of the 9 violation and any good faith efforts to comply with 10 applicable requirements as well as any other approp-11 riate factors as may be established by rules and 12 regulations promulgated by the director. No assessment 13 shall be levied pursuant to this subsection until after the 14 alleged violator has been notified by certified mail or personal service. The notice shall include a reference to 15 16 the section of the statute, rule, regulation, notice, order 17 or statement of the certificate of approval's terms that 18 was allegedly violated, a concise statement of the facts alleged to constitute the violation, a statement of the 19 20 amount of the administrative penalty to be imposed and 21 a statement of the alleged violator's right to an informal

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22 hearing. The alleged violator has twenty calendar days 23 from receipt of the notice within which to deliver to the 24 director a written request for an informal hearing. If 25 no hearing is requested, the notice becomes a final order 26 after the expiration date of the twenty-day period. If a 27 hearing is requested, the director shall inform the 28 alleged violator of the time and place of the hearing. 29 Within thirty days following the informal hearing, the 30 director shall issue and furnish to the violator a written 31 decision, and the reasons therefor, concerning the 32 assessment of a civil administrative penalty. The 33 authority to levy an administrative penalty is in addition 34 to all other enforcement provisions of this article and the 35 payment of any assessment does not affect the availa-36 bility of any other enforcement provision in connection 37 with the violation for which the assessment is levied: 38 Provided, That no combination of assessments against a 39 violator shall exceed four hundred dollars per day of 40 each violation: Provided, however, That any violation for which the violator has paid a civil administrative 41 42 penalty assessed under this subsection is not subject to 43 a separate civil penalty action under this article to the extent of the amount of the civil administrative penalty 44 45 paid. Civil administrative penalties shall be levied in 46 accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated 47 under the authority of section four of this article. The 48 net proceeds of assessments collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the dam safety fund 49 established pursuant to section seventeen of this article. 50 51 Any person adversely affected by the assessment of a civil administrative penalty has the right of judicial 52 53 review of the assessment in accordance with the provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-54 nine-a of this code. 55

- (b) No assessment levied pursuant to subsection (a) of this section is due and payable until the procedures for review of the assessment as set out in said subsection have been completed.
- 60 (c) The director may seek an injunction, or may 61 institute a civil action against any person in violation of

- 62 any provisions of this article or any certificate of 63 approval, rule, regulation, notice or order issued 64 pursuant to this article. In seeking an injunction, it is 65 not necessary for the director to post bond on or to allege 66 or prove at any stage of the proceeding that irreparable 67 damage will occur if the injunction is not issued or that 68 the remedy at law is inadequate. An application for injunctive relief or a civil penalty action under this 69 70 section may be filed and relief granted notwithstanding 71 the fact that all administrative remedies provided for in this article have not been exhausted or invoked against 72 73 the person or persons against whom the relief is sought.
- 74 (d) Upon request of the director, the attorney general 75 or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the 76 violation occurs, shall assist the director in any civil 77 action under this section.
- 78 (e) In any action brought pursuant to the provisions 79 of this section, the state or any agency of the state which 80 prevails, may be awarded costs and reasonable attor-81 ney's fees.

§20-5D-16. Schedule of application fees established.

The director shall promulgate rules in accordance 1 with the provisions of section four of this article, to 2 establish a schedule of application fees for which the 3 ·--- 4 appropriate fee shall be submitted by the applicant to the division together with the application for a certif-5 icate of approval filed pursuant to this article. The 6 schedule of application fees shall be designed to 7 establish reasonable categories of certificate application 8 fees based upon the complexity of the permit application 9 review process required by the director pursuant to the 10 provisions of this article and the rules promulgated 11, under this article. The director shall not process any 12 13 certificate application pursuant to this article until the certificate application fee has been received. 14

§20-5D-17. Schedule of annual registration fees established.

1 The director shall promulgate rules in accordance

2 with the provisions of section four of this article, to 3 establish a schedule of annual registration fees which 4 shall be assessed annually upon each person holding a 5 certificate of approval issued pursuant to this article. 6 Each person holding a certificate of approval shall pay 7 the prescribed annual registration fee to the division 8 pursuant to the rules and regulations promulgated 9 under this article. The schedule of annual registration 10 fees shall be designed to establish reasonable categories 11 of annual registration fees, including, but not limited to, 12 the size of the dam and its classification. Any certificate 13 of approval issued pursuant to this article shall become 14 void without notification to the person holding a 15 certificate of approval when the annual registration fee 16 is more than one hundred eighty days past due pursuant 17 to the rules promulgated under this section.

§20-5D-18. Creation of dam safety fund; components of fund.

- 1 (a) A special fund designated "The Dam Safety 2 Fund" hereinafter referred to as "the fund" shall be established in the state treasury on the thirtieth day of 4 September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.
- 5 (b) All certificate application fees and annual registration fee assessments, any interest or surcharge 6 7 assessed and collected by the division, interest accruing 8 on investments and deposits of the fund, and any other 9 moneys designated by the division shall be paid into the fund. Accrual of funds shall not exceed three hundred 10 thousand dollars per year, exclusive of application fees. 11 The division shall expend the proceeds of the fund for 12 the review of applications, inspection of dams, payment 13 of costs of remedial emergency actions and enforcement 14

§20-5D-19. Effective date.

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of the provisions of this article.

The provisions of this article take effect on the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

CHAPTER 158

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 476—By Senators Brackenrich, J. Manchin, Craigo, Dittmar, Anderson, Holliday, Tomblin, Whitlow and Felton)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-c, relating to providing a discount card for state campground rental fees for West Virginia residents who are totally and permanently disabled; requiring the commissioner to promulgate rules for documentation of residency and disability; and specifying the time of year during which the discount applies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-c. to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF TOURISM AND PARKS.

§5B-1-17c. Discounts for West Virginia residents who are totally and permanently disabled.

The commissioner shall issue a discount card to West Virginia residents who are totally and permanently

- 3 disabled which would provide a fifty percent reduction
- 4 in campground rental fees for each campsite to be used
- 5 exclusively by the eligible camper: Provided, That in
- 6 order to be eligible for the reduction, that person shall document that he or she is a resident of this state and
- 8 that he or she has a total and permanent disability. The
- 9 commissioner shall promulgate rules in accordance with
- 10 article three, chapter twenty-nine of this code setting
- 11 forth the documentation which is necessary to prove
- 12 residency and total and permanent disability: Provided,
- 13 however, That the fifty percent reduction in campground
- 14 rental fees applies only to those rentals occurring during
- 15 the period of time beginning on the day after Labor Day
- 16 and ending four days prior to Memorial Day.

CHAPTER 159

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4231—By Delegates Love and Brum)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five, six and eight, article three-b, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the supervision of electricians; changing the structure of electrician licensing requirements; reciprocity; and providing for specialty electrician licenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, four, five, six and eight, article three-b, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3B. SUPERVISION OF ELECTRICIANS.

§29-3B-2. Necessity of license; definitions.

§29-3B-3. Exemptions; nonapplicability of license requirements.

§29-3B-4. Licenses; classes of licenses; issuance of licenses by commissioner; qualifications required for license; nontransferability and nonassignability of license; expiration of license; renewal; reciprocity.

\$29-3B-5. Rules: applications and examinations: fees.

§29-3B-6. License without examination; fees.

§29-3B-8. Effect of noncompliance with article; failure to obtain license.

§29-3B-2. Necessity of license; definitions.

1 After the effective date of this article, no electrical

2 work may be performed, offered or engaged in for

3 compensation or hire within the state of West Virginia

4 by any person, firm or corporation unless such person,

5 firm or corporation possesses a license and a certificate

6 therefor issued by the state fire marshal in accordance

with this article, and a copy of such license is posted on

8 any job in which electrical work is being performed for

9 hire.

10 As used in this article:

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- 11 (a) "Apprentice electrician" means a person with 12 interest in and an aptitude for performing electrical 13 work but who alone is not capable of installing wires, 14 conduits, apparatus, equipment, fixtures and other 15 appliances.
- 16 (b) "Electrical contractor" means a person, firm or corporation who engages in the business of electrical work or employs master electricians, electricians, apprentice electricians or helpers for the construction, alteration or repair of any electrical wiring, equipment or systems for the purposes of controlling or furnishing heat, light or power.
 - (c) "Electrical work" means the installation of wires, conduits, apparatus, fixtures, other appliances, equipment or systems for transmitting, carrying, controlling or using electricity for light, heat or power purposes.
 - (d) "Journeyman electrician" means a person qualified by at least four years of electrical work experience to do any work installing wires, conduits, apparatus, equipment, fixtures and other appliances subject to supervision by a master electrician.
- 32 (e) "License" means a valid and current certificate of 33 competency issued by the state fire marshal.
- (f) "Master electrician" means a person with at least five years of electrical work experience, including experience in all phases of electrical wiring and installation, who is competent to instruct and supervise the electrical work of journeyman electricians and apprentice electricians.
- 40 (g) "Specialty electrician" means a person qualified to 41 perform electrical work in a limited or specialized 42 area.

§29-3B-3. Exemptions; nonapplicability of license requirements.

This article does not apply to and no license may be required for (a) a person who performs electrical work with respect to any property owned or leased by such person; (b) a person who performs electrical work at any

- 5 manufacturing plant or other industrial establishment
- 6 as an employee of the person, firm or corporation
- 7 operating such plant or establishment; (c) a person who
- 8 performs electrical work while employed by an em-
- ployer who engages in the business of selling appliances 9
- 10 at retail, so long as such electrical work is performed
- incident to the installation or repair of appliances sold 11
- 12 by the employer; (d) a person who, while employed by 13
- a public utility or its affiliate, performs electrical work 14 in connection with the furnishing of public utility
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- service; or (e) any government employee performing
- electrical work on government property. 16
- Licenses; classes of licenses; issuance of licenses §29-3B-4. by commissioner; qualifications required for license; nontransferability and nonassignability of licenses; expiration of license; renewal; reciprocity.
 - 1 (a) The following four classes of license may be issued by the state fire marshal: "Master electrician license," 2
 - "journeyman electrician's license," "apprentice electri-3
 - 4 cian license" and "temporary electrician license."
 - 5 Additional classes of specialty electrician license may be
 - issued by the state fire marshal. 6
 - 7 (b) The state fire marshal shall issue the appropriate 8 class of license to a person, firm or corporation upon a finding that such person, firm or corporation possesses 9
 - 10 the qualifications for the class of license to be issued.
 - 11 (c) The qualifications for each class of license to be issued are as follows: 12
- 13 (1) For a "master electrician license" a person must have five years of experience in electrical work of such 14 breadth, independence and quality that such work 15 indicates that the applicant is competent to perform all 16 types of electrical work and can direct and instruct 17 journeyman electricians and apprentice electricians in 18 the performance of electrical work. Such applicant. or 19 a member of a firm or an officer of a corporation if the 20 applicant be a firm or corporation, must also pass the 21 master electrician examination given by the state fire 22 marshal with a grade of eighty percent correct or better; 23

- (2) For a "journeyman electrician's license," a person must have at least four years of experience in perform-ing electrical work under the direction or instruction of a master electrician or must have completed a formal apprentice program, or an electrical vocational educa-tion program of at least one thousand eighty hours in length and approved by the state board of education or its successor, providing actual electrical work expe-rience and training conducted by one or more master electricians. Such applicant must also pass the journey-man electrician's examination given by the state fire marshal with a grade of eighty percent correct or better;
 - (3) For an "apprentice electrician license," a person must pass the apprentice electrician's examination given by the state fire marshal with a grade of eighty percent correct or better or be enrolled in an electrical apprentice program approved by the state fire marshal;
 - (4) A one time temporary master or journeyman electrician license of ninety-days duration may be issued to an applicant providing the applicant has completed a United States department of labor/bureau of apprenticeship and training registered electrical apprenticeship program, or an electrical vocational education program of at least one thousand eighty hours in length and approved by the state board of education or its successor, and have at least four years of experience in performing electrical work and furnishes the state fire marshal with satisfactory evidence of electrical work;
 - (5) Other specialty electrician license may be issued by the state fire marshal which limits the work in a limited area of expertise. Such applicant must pass the specialty electrician's examination given by the state fire marshal with a grade of eighty percent correct or better.
 - (d) (1) Certificates of license for a master electrician's license issued by the state fire marshal shall specify the name of the person, firm or corporation so qualifying and the name of the person, who in the case of a firm shall be one of its members and in the case

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- 63 of a corporation shall be one of its officers, passing the 64 master electrician examination
- 65 (2) Licenses issued to electricians shall specify the 66 name of the person who is thereby authorized to perform 67 electrical work or, in the case of apprentice electricians. 68 to work with other classes of electricians to perform 69 electrical work
- 70 (e) No license issued under this article is assignable 71 or transferable.
- 72 (f) All licenses issued by the state fire marshal shall 73 expire on the thirtieth day of June following the year 74 of issue or renewal.
 - (g) (1) Each expiring license may be renewed without need for examination and without limit as to the number of times renewed, for the same class of license previously issued and for the same person, firm or corporation to whom it was originally issued upon payment to the state fire marshal of a renewal fee of fifty dollars if such application for renewal and payment of such fee is made before the date of expiration of the license.
 - (2) In the case of a failure to renew a license on or before the thirtieth day of June the person named in the license may, upon payment of the renewal fee and an additional fee of fifteen dollars, receive from the state fire marshal a deferred renewal of such license which shall expire on the thirtieth day of June in the ensuing year. No person, firm or corporation may perform electrical work upon expiration of such person's, firm's or corporation's license until a deferred renewal for such license is issued by the state fire marshal even if such person, firm or corporation has applied for the deferred renewal of such license.
 - (h) To the extent that other jurisdictions provide for the licensing of electricians, the state fire marshall may grant the same or equivalent classification of license without written examination upon satisfactory proof furnished to the state fire marshall that the qualifications of such applicant are equal to the qualifications

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required by this article and upon payment of the required fee: *Provided*, That as a condition to reciprocity, the other jurisdictions must extend to licensed electricians of this state, the same or equivalent classification.

§29-3B-5. Rules; applications and examinations; fees.

- 1 (a) The state fire marshal shall promulgate necessary 2 rules pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-3 a of this code to implement the provisions of this article. 4 Rules adopted by the state fire marshal and presently 5 in effect shall remain in effect until and unless the state 6 fire marshal adopts new rules, and the state fire 7 marshal may adopt any or all of the rules presently in 8 effect
 - (b) The state fire marshal shall prepare and arrange for the receipt of applications from those who intend to perform electrical work in the state of West Virginia. Such application shall be sufficiently detailed to enable the state fire marshal to determine the presence or absence of an applicant's qualifications for a license of a particular class. The state fire marshal may, if he considers it necessary, require applicants to supply affidavits or other documents attesting to the applicant's qualifications from past employers, other electricians, engineers and others with knowledge of the applicant's qualifications. The state fire marshal may make such other inquiries as he considers necessary to determine the qualifications of the applicant. An applicant expressly consents to such inquiries by the state fire marshal by his application.
 - (c) The state fire marshal shall prepare and arrange for the giving of examinations to all applicants for licensure. There shall be a separate and different examination for each class of license, appropriate in subject matter, difficulty and depth of understanding for each class. All examinations shall be based on and derived from the national electric code as promulgated from time to time by the national fire protection association. A minimum grade of eighty percent correct for all examinations is necessary for licensure by the state fire marshal. The examinations shall be given at

- 36 least four times each year. The places, dates and times 37 of such examinations shall be made known by public 38 notice issued by the state fire marshal. The state fire 39 marshal may contract with the bureau of vocational. technical and adult education, state department of 40
- 41 education, to perform such examinations.
- 42 (d) Each person desiring to take an examination shall 43 make written application therefor at the time desig-44 nated by and on forms prescribed by the state fire 45 marshal. The applicant shall specify the class of license 46 for which he seeks licensure. The application shall be 47 accompanied by an examination fee of twenty-five dollars for licenses for master electrician or journeyman 48 49 electrician, or by an examination fee of ten dollars for 50 an apprentice electrician license applicant or twenty-51 five dollars for a specialty license. The fee is not 52 returnable.
- 53 (e) An applicant who fails to make the required 54 passing score on any examination or who lacks qualifi-55 cations for the class of license desired may retake the 56 examination or change his application to request a 57 license of a lesser class upon the payment to the state 58 fire marshal of a fee of ten dollars together with a new 59 application. Any reexamination may be taken or new 60 application may be submitted as many times as the applicant desires, but each such examination or appli-61 62 cation requires the payment of the additional fee of ten 63 dollars and the making of a new application to the state fire marshal. When the examination is successfully 64 passed and the requisite qualifications are established 65 by the applicant, the state fire marshal shall issue the 66 appropriate license as provided above. 67

License without examination; fees. §29-3B-6.

(a) An applicant who is enrolled in a formal electrical 1 apprenticeship program and registered with the United 2 States department of labor/bureau of apprenticeship 3 and training or enrolled in an electrical vocational 4 education program of at least one thousand eighty hours 5 in length and approved by the state board of education or its successor shall not be required to take the 7

- 8 apprentice examination described in section five of this 9 article for one hundred eighty days, provided a one time
- 10 temporary license shall be issued for one hundred eighty
- days. Such applicant is required to submit a completed 11
- application on forms prescribed by the state fire 12
- 13 marshal accompanied by the appropriate license fee.
- 14 (b) Such applicant who is exempt from testing is
- 15 nevertheless required to submit a complete application
- 16 on forms prescribed by the state fire marshal accompan-
- 17 ied by a license fee of twenty-five dollars.
- 18 (c) Such license issued by the state fire marshal upon
- 19 application without examination expires and is eligible
- 20 for renewal as provided in section four of this article.

\$29-3B-8. Effect of noncompliance with article: failure to obtain license.

- 1 Any person, firm, corporation or employee thereof, or
- 2 any representative, member or officer of such firm or
- 3 corporation, individually, entering upon or engaging in
- 4 the business of performing any electrical work as
- 5 defined in this article, without obtaining the required
- 6 license or otherwise complying with this article, is for
- 7 the first offense guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
- 8 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one
- 9 hundred dollars. For a second and each subsequent
- offense, the penalty and punishment is a fine of not less 10
- 11 than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred
- 12 dollars.
- 13 Each day during which such electrical work is
- performed without the required license or while in 14
- noncompliance with any of the provisions of this article. 15
- 16 after official notice that such work is unlawful, is a
- 17 separate offense.
- 18 Any electrical work performed by a person, firm or
- 19 corporation which is determined by the state fire
- marshal to constitute a safety or health hazard to 20
- members of the public or any electrical work of an 21
- extensive nature being performed by any person without 22
- the required license or otherwise in noncompliance with 23
- the requirements of this article or contrary to an order 24

or rule promulgated lawfully by the state fire marshal, is subject to being issued a citation or a civil action in the name of the state in the circuit court of the county where such work is being performed for an injunction against such person, firm or corporation, enjoining such work or violation. A circuit court by mandatory or prohibitory injunction may compel compliance with the provisions of this article, with the lawful orders of the state fire marshal and with any final decision of the state fire marshal or state fire commission. The state fire marshal shall be represented in all such proceedings by the attorney general or his assistants.

CHAPTER 160

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4511-By Delegates S. Cook and P. White)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section sixteen, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to licensure of physician assistants and expanding the use of prescriptive authority.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

§30-3-16. Physician assistants; definitions; board of medicine rules; annual report; licensure; temporary license; relicensure; job description required; revocation or suspension of licensure; responsibilities of supervising physician; legal responsibility for physician assistants; reporting by health care facilities; identification; limitations on employment and duties; fees; unlawful use of title of "physician assistant"; continuing education; unlawful representation of physician assistant as a physician; criminal penalties.

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- (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "Physician assistant" means an assistant to a physician who is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary health care or surgery, has attained a baccalaureate or master's degree, has passed the national certification examination and is qualified to perform direct patient care services under the supervision of a physician;
 - (2) "Supervising physician" means a doctor or doctors of medicine or podiatry permanently licensed in this state who assume legal and supervisory responsibility for the work or training of any physician assistant under his or her supervision;
 - (3) "Approved program" means an educational program for physician assistants approved and accredited by the committee on allied health education and accreditation on behalf of the American Medical Association; and
 - (4) "Health care facility" means any licensed hospital, nursing home, extended care facility, state health or mental institution, clinic or physician's office.
 - (b) The board shall promulgate rules governing the extent to which physician assistants may function in this state. Such rules shall provide that the physician assistant is limited to the performance of those services for which he or she is trained and that he or she performs only under the supervision and control of a physician permanently licensed in this state, but such supervision and control does not require the personal presence of the supervising physician at the place or places where services are rendered if the physician assistant's normal place of employment is on the premises of the supervising physician. The supervising physician may send the physician assistant off the premises to perform duties under his or her direction, but a separate place of work for the physician assistant shall not be established. In promulgating such rules, the board shall allow the physician assistant to perform those procedures and examinations and in the case of certain authorized physician assistants to prescribe at

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- 41 the direction of his or her supervising physician in 42 accordance with subsection (k) of this section those 43 categories of drugs submitted to it in the job description required by subsection (f) of this section. The board shall 44 45 compile and publish a biennial report that includes a list 46 of currently licensed physician assistants and their 47 employers and location in the state: a list of approved 48 programs; the number of graduates of such approved 49 programs each year; and the number of physician 50 assistants from other states practicing in this state.
 - (c) The board shall license as a physician assistant any person who files an application and furnishes satisfactory evidence to it that he or she has met the following standards:
 - (1) He or she is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary health care or surgery;
- 57 (2) He or she has passed the examination for a 58 primary care physician assistant administered by the 59 National Board of Medical Examiners on behalf of the 60 National Commission on Certification of Physician 61 Assistants and has maintained certification by said 62 commission so as to be currently certified;
 - (3) He or she is of good moral character; and
- 64 (4) He or she has attained a baccalaureate or master's degree.
 - (d) The board may license as a physician assistant any person who files an application and furnishes satisfactory evidence that he or she is of good moral character and meets either of the following standards:
- 70 (1) He or she is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary health care or surgery prior 71 to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 72 ninety-four, and has passed the examination for a 73 primary care physician assistant administered by the 74 National Board of Medical Examiners on behalf of the 75 National Commission on Certification of Physician 76 Assistants; or 77
 - (2) He or she had been certified by the board as a

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- physician assistant then classified as "Type B," prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightythree.
 - Licensure of an assistant to a physician practicing the specialty of ophthalmology is permitted under this section: *Provided*, That a physician assistant may not dispense a prescription for a refraction.
 - (e) When any graduate of an approved program, within two years of graduation, submits an application to the board, accompanied by a job description in conformity with subsection (f) of this section, for a physician assistant license, the board shall issue to such applicant a temporary license allowing such applicant to function as a physician assistant for the period of one year. Said temporary certificate may be renewed for one additional year upon the request of the supervising physician. A physician assistant who has not been certified as such by the National Board of Medical Examiners on behalf of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants will be restricted to work under the direct supervision of the supervising physician.
 - (f) Any physician applying to the board to supervise a physician assistant shall provide a job description that sets forth the range of medical services to be provided by such assistant. Before a physician assistant can be employed or otherwise use his or her skills, the supervising physician must obtain approval of the job description from the board. The board may revoke or suspend any license of an assistant to a physician for cause, after giving such person an opportunity to be heard in the manner provided by article five of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and as set forth in rules duly adopted by the board.
 - (g) The supervising physician is responsible for observing, directing and evaluating the work, records and practices of each physician assistant performing under his or her supervision. He or she shall notify the board in writing of any termination of his or her supervisory relationship with a physician assistant

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- 119 within ten days of the termination. The legal responsi-120 bility for any physician assistant remains with the 121 supervising physician at all times, including occasions 122 when the assistant under his or her direction and 123 supervision, aids in the care and treatment of a patient 124 in a health care facility. In his or her absence, a 125 supervising physician must designate an alternate 126 supervising physician, however, the legal responsibility 127 remains with the supervising physician at all times. A 128 health care facility is not legally responsible for the 129 actions or omissions of the physician assistant unless the 130 physician assistant is an employee of the facility.
 - (h) The acts or omissions of a physician assistant employed by health care facilities providing inpatient or outpatient services shall be the legal responsibility of said facilities. Physician assistants employed by such facilities in staff positions shall be supervised by a permanently licensed physician.
- 137 (i) A health care facility shall report in writing to the 138 board within sixty days after the completion of the 139 facility's formal disciplinary procedure, and also after 140 the commencement, and again after the conclusion, of 141 any resulting legal action, the name of any physician 142 assistant practicing in the facility whose privileges at 143 the facility have been revoked, restricted, reduced or 144 terminated for any cause including resignation, together 145 with all pertinent information relating to such action. The health care facility shall also report any other 146 formal disciplinary action taken against any physician 147 assistant by the facility relating to professional ethics, 148 149 medical incompetence, medical malpractice, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol abuse. Temporary suspen-150 sion for failure to maintain records on a timely basis or 151 failure to attend staff or section meetings need not be 152 153 reported.
 - (j) When functioning as a physician assistant, the physician assistant shall wear a name tag that identifies him or her as a physician assistant. A two and one-half by three and one-half inch card of identification shall be furnished by the board upon licensure of the physician assistant.

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160 (k) A physician assistant may write or sign prescrip-161 tions or transmit prescriptions by word of mouth, 162 telephone or other means of communication at the 163 direction of his or her supervising physician. The board 164 shall promulgate rules governing the eligibility and 165 extent to which such a physician assistant may prescribe 166 at the direction of the supervising physician. The rules 167 shall provide for a state formulary classifying pharma-168 cologic categories of drugs which may be prescribed by 169 such a physician assistant. In classifying such pharmacologic categories, those categories of drugs which shall 170 171 be excluded shall include, but not be limited to. 172 Schedules I and II of the Uniform Controlled Substances 173 Act, anticoagulants, antineoplastics, radiopharmaceuti-174 cals, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast 175 materials. Drugs listed under Schedule III shall be 176 limited to a seventy-two hour supply without refill. The 177 regulations shall provide that all pharmacological 178 categories of drugs to be prescribed by a physician 179 assistant shall be listed in each job description submit-180 ted to the board as required in subsection (f) of this 181 section. The rules shall provide the maximum dosage a 182 physician assistant may prescribe. The rule shall also 183 provide that to be eligible for such prescription 184 privileges, a physician assistant shall have performed 185 patient care services for a minimum of two years 186 immediately preceding the submission to the board of 187 the job description containing prescription privileges 188 and shall have successfully completed an accredited 189 course of instruction in clinical pharmacology approved 190 by the board. The regulations shall also provide that to 191 maintain prescription privileges, a physician assistant 192 shall continue to maintain national certification as a physician assistant, and in meeting such national 193 194 certification requirements shall complete a minimum of 195 ten hours of continuing education in rational drug therapy in each certification period. Nothing in this 196 subsection shall be construed to permit a physician 197 assistant to independently prescribe or dispense drugs. 198

(l) A supervising physician shall not supervise at any one time more than two physician assistants, except that a physician may supervise up to four hospital-employed physician assistants.

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203 A physician assistant shall not sign any prescription. 204 except in the case of an authorized physician assistant 205 at the direction of his or her supervising physician in 206 accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of this 207 section. A physician assistant shall not perform any service that his or her supervising physician is not 208 209 qualified to perform. A physician assistant shall not 210 perform any service that is not included in his or her 211 job description and approved by the board as provided 212 for in this section.

The provisions of this section do not authorize any physician assistant to perform any specific function or duty delegated by this code to those persons licensed as chiropractors, dentists, dental hygienists, optometrists or pharmacists or certified as nurse anesthetists.

- (m) Each application for licensure submitted by a licensed supervising physician under this section shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred dollars. A fee of fifty dollars shall be charged for the biennial renewal of the license. A fee of twenty-five dollars shall be charged for any change of supervising physician.
- (n) Beginning with the biennial renewal forms completed by physician assistants and submitted to the board in one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, as a condition of renewal of physician assistant license, each physician assistant shall provide written documentation pursuant to rules promulgated by the board in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code of participation in and successful completion during the preceding two-year period of a minimum of either forty hours of continuing education designated as Category I by the American Medical Association, American Academy of Physician Assistants or the Academy of Family Physicians, and sixty hours of continuing education designated as Category II by such association or either academy. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, failure to timely submit such required written documentation shall result in the automatic suspension of any license as a physician assistant until such time as the written documentation is submitted to and approved by the board.

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- 244 (o) It is unlawful for any person who is not licensed 245 by the board as a physician assistant to use the title of 246 "physician assistant" or to represent to any other person 247 that he or she is a physician assistant. Any person who 248 violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a 249 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 250 fined not more than two thousand dollars.
 - (p) It is unlawful for any physician assistant to represent to any person that he or she is a physician, surgeon or podiatrist. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than two years, or be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (q) All physician assistants holding valid certificates issued by the board prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall be considered to be licensed under this section.

CHAPTER 161

(S. B. 524—By Senator Spears)

[Passed March 2, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen-b, article four, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-c, relating to increasing the license renewal fees of dentists and dental hygienists; making continuing education requirements a prerequisite to license renewal; authorizing the board to establish continuing education requirements and criteria for course providers; and establishing the effective dates for compliance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section seventeen-b, article four, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. DENTISTS, DENTAL HYGIENISTS AND DENTAL CORPORATIONS.

§30-4-17b. Annual information and renewal fee; notice; reinstatement; penalty fees; waiver of payment of fee on retirement or disability; change of address.

§30-4-17c. Continuing education requirements as a prerequisite to license renewal; board's authority; compliance deadlines.

§30-4-17b. Annual information and renewal fee; notice; reinstatement; penalty fees; waiver of payment of fee on retirement or disability; change of address.

1 On or before the first day of February of each year. every dentist licensed to practice dentistry in this state, 2 3 and every dental hygienist licensed to practice dental 4 hygiene in this state, shall transmit to the secretary of the board upon a form prescribed by the board, his 5 6 signature, post-office address, office address, the serial 7 number of his license certificate, whether he has been engaged during the preceding year in the active and 8 9 continuous practice of dentistry or dental hygiene, as the case may be, whether within or without this state, and 10 11 such other information as may be required by the board, 12 together with an information and renewal fee herein 13 provided for.

The annual information and renewal fee for a dentist shall be seventy-five dollars and for a dental hygienist shall be fifty dollars.

Upon receipt of the required information and the payment of the proper renewal fee, the licensee shall be issued a renewal certificate authorizing him to continue the practice of dentistry or the practice of dental hygiene in this state for a period of one year from the first day of February.

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23 A license to practice dentistry or dental hygiene 24 granted under the authority of this article shall be canceled on the first day of May if the holder thereof fails to secure a current renewal certificate by that day. Any licensee whose license is thus canceled by reason of the failure, neglect or refusal to secure the proper renewal certificate may be reinstated by the board at any time within six months from the date of the cancellation of said license upon the payment of the proper renewal fee and an additional fee of twenty-five dollars. If the licensee shall not apply for renewal of his license as herein required within the said six months. that person shall, at the discretion of said board, be required to file an application for and take the examination provided in this article should be desire to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in this state.

Upon failure of any licensee to submit the required information and pay the annual renewal fee as herein required by the statutory date, the board shall attempt to notify such licensee in writing by mailing to his last registered address a notice of the requirements of this section apprising him of the fact that his license to practice will be canceled on the statutory date: Provided, That failure to mail or receive such notice shall not affect the cancellation of his license.

The board may waive the annual payment of the renewal fee herein required, and issue a renewal certificate to any West Virginia licensee for at least twenty-five years and who is presently retired from active practice, or to any West Virginia licensee who has retired for reasons of physical disability, so long as such retirement continues: Provided. That the licensee provides the board with the information required by this section.

Every licensed dentist within thirty days of changing his place of practice or establishing additional offices shall furnish the secretary of the board with his new professional address.

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- Every licensed dental hygienist within thirty days of changing his place of employment shall furnish the secretary of the board with his new professional address and the name of his employer.
- §30-4-17c. Continuing education requirements as a prerequisite to license renewal; board's authority; compliance deadlines.
 - 1 (a) The board of dental examiners is authorized to 2 establish continuing education requirements as a 3 prerequisite to renewal of licences for dentists and 4 dental hygienists. The board shall develop criteria for course content and publish the same for course providers.
 - Only those courses approved by the board will be accepted for purposes of fulfilling the continuing education requirements.
 - The board will determine the number of continuing education hours necessary for relicensure: *Provided*, That the requirement does not exceed twenty hours for any two-year period.
 - (b) Beginning on the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and every two years thereafter, each dentist and dental hygienist licensed to practice in this state shall return to the secretary of the board evidence satisfactory to that board that such dentist or dental hygienist has completed the required number of course hours for the previous two-year period.
 - Dentists or dental hygienists receiving their original license to practice after the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, shall comply with the provisions of this section beginning on the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.

CHAPTER 162

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 152—By Senator Spears)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, five, six, eight, thirteen and sixteen, article six, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to embalmers and funeral directors; further defining educational qualifications and requirements for license and work hours for apprentices; stating when a branch establishment is to be supervised by a funeral director; increasing or imposing certain fees; and increasing fines for criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, five, six, eight, thirteen and sixteen, article six, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. EMBALMERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

- §30-6-3. Oath of members of board; officers; salary and expenses; bond of treasurer; meetings; powers and duties; notice; rules and regulations; school of instruction; inspection.
- §30-6-5. Embalmers and funeral directors to be licensed; qualifications and requirements for license; advertising; renewal of license; registration as apprentice; courtesy cards.
- §30-6-6. Examination, registration and renewal fees; disposition of fees; report to governor.
- §30-6-8. Duty of public officers, physicians, etc., as to disposition of body of deceased person; penalty for violation of section; hearings on refusing, suspending or revoking licenses; appeals from decisions of board; penalty for engaging in business without license; purpose of article.
- §30-6-13. License required to operate funeral establishment; application and qualifications for license; renewal; fee; manager.
- §30-6-16. Reciprocity in licensing of embalmers and funeral directors.
- §30-6-3. Oath of members of board; officers; salary and expenses; bond of treasurer; meetings; powers and duties; notice; rules and regulations; school of instruction; inspection.

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Members of said board, before entering upon their duties, shall take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by the secretary of state.

4 Said board shall select from its own members a 5 president, a secretary and a treasurer. Each member 6 shall be reimbursed for his traveling expenses, incident 7 to his attendance upon the business of the board, and 8 in addition thereto, the sum of fifty dollars per day for 9 each day actually spent by such member upon the 10 business of the board. The secretary shall receive an 11 annual salary of not to exceed one thousand dollars, the 12 amount and payment of which shall be fixed by said 13 board, and in addition thereto shall receive traveling 14 and other incidental expenses incurred in the perfor-15 mance of his duties.

The board may employ an executive director and such clerks, inspectors and assistants as it shall deem necessary to discharge the duties imposed by the provisions of this article and duly promulgated rules and regulations of the board and to effect its purposes, and the board shall determine the duties and fix the compensation of such executive director, clerks, inspectors and assistants, subject to the general laws of the state. Any inspector employed by the board shall have either a West Virginia embalmer's license or a West Virginia funeral director's license. Any inspection shall be conducted in such a manner so as not to interfere with the conduct of business within the funeral establishment, and the inspector shall be absolutely prohibited from examining any books and records of the funeral establishment.

All such expenses, per diem and compensation shall be paid out of the receipts of the board, but such allowances shall at no time exceed the receipts of the board.

The treasurer of the board shall give bond to the state of West Virginia in such sum as the board shall direct with two or more sureties or a reliable surety company approved by the board, and such bond shall be conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of such

officer. Such bond, with approval of the board endorsed thereon, shall be deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia.

The board shall hold not less than two meetings during each calendar year for the purpose of examining applicants for licenses, such meeting or meetings to be held at such time and place as the board shall determine. The time and place of such meeting shall be announced by publication in three daily newspapers of general circulation in different locations in the state, and publication to be once a week for two consecutive weeks immediately preceding each such meeting.

The board may hold such other meetings as it may deem necessary and may transact any business at such meetings. Four or more members shall comprise a quorum authorizing the board to transact such business as is prescribed under this article.

The board shall have the power and it shall be its duty to make and enforce all necessary rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this article, for the examination and licensing of funeral directors, and the general practice of funeral directing; the examination and licensing of embalmers and the general practice of embalming and the registration and regulation of apprentices; the licensing and general operation of funeral establishments, except that no rules and regulations issued by the board shall require that an applicant for a license to operate a funeral establishment shall be required to have either an embalmer's or funeral director's license.

The board shall publish in its rules and regulations the subjects to be covered in the said examinations and the standards to be attained thereon. Changes in the rules and regulations shall be published and shall be given due publicity at least ninety days before becoming effective.

The board may conduct annually a school of instruction to apprise funeral directors and embalmers of the most recent scientific knowledge and developments affecting their profession. Qualified lecturers and

demonstrators may be employed by the board for this purpose. The board shall give notice of the time and place at which such school will be held for all licensed funeral directors and embalmers, and it shall be the duty of every licensed funeral director and embalmer to attend at least one such school or other approved program, every three years: Provided. That the location of any school of continuing education shall accommodate the geographic diversity of the embalmers and funeral directors of this state. Compliance with the require-ments of continuing education is a prerequisite for license renewal.

Hours of continuing education may be obtained by attending and participating in board-approved programs, meetings, seminars or activities. It is the responsibility of each licensee to finance his or her costs of continuing education.

The board, any of its members or any duly authorized employee of the board shall have the authority to enter at all reasonable hours for the purpose of inspecting the premises in which the business or profession of funeral directing is conducted or practiced or where embalming is practiced.

§30-6-5. Embalmers and funeral directors to be licensed; qualifications and requirements for license; advertising; renewal of license; registration as apprentice; courtesy cards.

No person shall engage in or hold himself out as engaging in, or discharge any of the duties of the business or profession of embalming, or preserving in any manner dead human bodies in this state, whether for himself or in the employ of another, unless he holds an embalmer's license issued to him by the board, and shall at the date of its issuance have complied with the provisions of this article.

No person shall engage in, or hold himself out as engaging in, or discharge any of the duties of the business or profession of funeral directing in this state, unless he holds a funeral director's license issued to him by the board, and shall at the date of its issuance have

- complied with the provisions of this article, or conduct a funeral unless he be a licensed funeral director.
- No person shall be entitled to an embalmer's license unless he:
- 18 (1) Is eighteen years of age or over;
- 19 (2) A citizen of the United States:
- 20 (3) Of good moral character and temperate habits;
- 21 (4) Holds a high school diploma or its equivalent;
 - (5) Holds an associate degree from an accredited college or university or has successfully completed not less than sixty semester hours or ninety quarter hours of academic work in an accredited college or university toward a baccalaureate degree with a declared major field of study, as evidenced by a transcript submitted for evaluation prior to beginning a one-year course of apprenticeship as described in subdivision (6) of this section and prior to obtaining a diploma of graduation from a school of mortuary science as described in subdivision (7) of this section;
 - (6) Has completed a one-year course of apprenticeship under the supervision of a licensed embalmer actively and lawfully engaged in the practice of embalming in this state, such apprenticeship to consist of diligent attention to the work in the course of regular and steady employment and not as a side issue to another employment, and under which said apprenticeship he shall have taken an active part in the operation of embalming not less than thirty-five dead human bodies, under the supervision of a licensed embalmer;
 - (7) Possesses a diploma of graduation from a school of mortuary science which requires as a prerequisite to graduation the completion of a course of study not less than twelve months' duration, and which said school of mortuary science must be one accredited by the American board of funeral service education, inc., and duly approved by the board; and
- 50 (8) Passes with an average score of not less than 51 seventy-five percent the national conference of funeral

services examination at a testing site provided by the national conference, passes with a score of not less than seventy-five percent the state law examination admin-istered by the board and passes such further examina-tion as the board may deem necessary to ascertain his qualification and ability to engage in the practice of embalming. Successfully passing the national confer-ence of funeral services examination is a condition precedent to taking the state law examination admin-istered by the board. The board shall offer the state law examination at least twice each year.

The board shall issue licenses separately to embalmers and to funeral directors.

An applicant for a funeral director's license must furnish satisfactory proof to the board that his business or profession of funeral directing is to be conducted in a fixed place or establishment equipped for the care and preparation for burial or disposition of dead human bodies. What shall be deemed "necessary equipment" shall be defined in the rules and regulations of the board, the same to be in compliance with the public health laws of the state or the rules of the state board of health of West Virginia. This shall not be so construed as to deny an applicant for a funeral director's license such a license because he is not the owner, or part owner, of an establishment or proposed funeral business.

Licenses issued under the provisions of this article shall not be transferable or assignable.

No person shall be eligible to receive a license as a funeral director unless he:

- (1) Holds an embalmer's license issued by this board;
- (2) Has been duly registered with the board as an apprentice;
- (3) Has served not less than a one-year apprenticeship under the personal supervision of a licensed funeral director-embalmer actively and lawfully engaged in the business or profession of funeral directing and embalming in this state, such apprenticeship to consist of diligent attention to the work in the course of regular

and steady employment and not as a side issue to another employment including taking an active part in conducting not less than thirty-five funeral services. For the purpose of this section, "regular and steady employment" means a forty-hour week or a longer period of time set at the discretion of the person by whom he is employed.

All funeral homes or establishments or any other places pertaining to funeral directing or the conducting of funerals shall display in all advertising the name of the licensed funeral director who is actually in charge of the establishment. All branch establishments must display the name of the funeral director who is actually in charge. At least one licensed funeral director shall supervise each main establishment and at least one licensed funeral director shall directly supervise each branch establishment when professional services are performed at the branch establishment.

No licensed funeral director or licensed embalmer shall be permitted to register or have registered more than five apprentices under his license at the same time.

Any person now holding a license as an embalmer or funeral director shall not be required to make a new application, or submit to an examination, but shall, upon the payment of the fee therefor, be entitled to a renewal of his license upon the terms and conditions herein provided for the renewal of licenses of those who may be licensed after the effective date of this article, but all such persons shall be subject to every provision of this article, and such rules and regulations as the board may adopt in pursuance of this article.

No person shall be registered as an apprentice funeral director or apprentice embalmer unless he is eighteen years of age, or over, a citizen of the United States, of good moral character and temperate habits, the holder of a high school diploma or its equivalent, and holds an associate degree from an accredited college or university or has successfully completed not less than sixty semester hours or ninety quarter hours of academic work in an accredited college or university toward a

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131 baccalaureate degree with a declared major field of 132 study.

133 The board may issue annual nonrenewable courtesy 134 cards to licensed funeral directors and licensed em-135 balmers of the states bordering on West Virginia, upon 136 application for same made on form prescribed by the 137 board. The annual fee for such courtesy cards shall be 138 fifty dollars and said fee shall be paid at the time 139 application is made therefor. Applications for said 140 courtesy cards shall be approved by the board before the 141 same may be issued, and said courtesy cards shall be 142 issued under the following conditions: Holders of 143 courtesy cards shall not be permitted to open or operate 144 a place of business for the purpose of conducting funerals or embalming bodies in the state of West 145 Virginia, nor shall they be permitted to maintain an 146 147 office or agency in this state. A violation of this section 148 shall be sufficient cause for the board to revoke or cancel 149 the courtesy card of the violator.

§30-6-6. Examination, registration and renewal fees; disposition of fees; report to governor.

The examination fee for a funeral director's license shall be one hundred fifty dollars and shall be remitted at the time the application for a funeral director's license is submitted to the board.

The examination fee for an embalmer's license shall be one hundred fifty dollars and shall be remitted at the time the application for an embalmer's license is submitted to the board.

All the licenses and certificates of registration shall expire on the thirtieth day of June of each calendar year and the renewal date for all licenses and certificates shall be the first day of July of each calendar year.

The annual renewal fee for embalmer's license is thirty dollars; the annual renewal fee for a funeral director's license is thirty dollars; the annual renewal fee for an apprentice embalmer's license is twenty-five dollars; the annual renewal fee for an apprentice funeral director's license is twenty-five dollars; and each shall

19 be paid on or before the first day of July of each 20 calendar year.

Any person who has been duly licensed as a funeral director or as an embalmer under the laws of this state, but who fails to renew his license within thirty days after the expiration date for renewals, may file an application for a renewal of his license, without examination, upon payment of a penalty of fifty dollars, a reinstatement fee of fifty dollars and the required renewal fee.

Any person who has been duly licensed as a funeral director or as an embalmer under the laws of this state, but who fails to renew his license within sixty days after the expiration date for renewals, may file an application for a renewal of his license, without examination, upon payment of a penalty of one hundred dollars, a reinstatement fee of one hundred dollars and the required renewal fee.

A funeral director or an embalmer whose license has lapsed one year or more shall make application to the board for a new license in compliance with the provisions of this article relating to unlicensed persons.

Any person who has been duly registered as an apprentice embalmer or apprentice funeral director and fails to renew his registration within thirty days after the expiration date for renewals may file an application for such renewal upon payment of a penalty of fifty dollars, a reinstatement fee of fifty dollars and the required renewal fee. Otherwise, after the said period of thirty days, his registration will automatically be canceled.

All fees and other moneys received by the board pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be kept in a separate fund and expended solely for the purposes of this article. After the expenditures for a fiscal year, of the remaining moneys accrued and set aside for that fiscal year, all sums in excess of twenty thousand dollars in the separate fund shall revert to the general fund of the state. The compensation provided by this article and all expenses incurred, the payment of which is autho-

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- 59 rized under this article, shall be paid from this separate
- 60 fund. No compensation or expense incurred under this
- 61 article shall be a charge against the general funds of the
- 62 state.
- §30-6-8. Duty of public officers, physicians, etc., as to disposition of body of deceased person; penalty for violation of section; hearings on refusing, suspending or revoking licenses; appeals from decisions of board; penalty for engaging in business without license; purpose of article.

1 No public officer, employee, physician or surgeon, or 2 any other person having a professional relationship with 3 the deceased, shall send, or cause to be sent, to any 4 funeral director, undertaker, mortician or embalmer, 5 the body of any deceased person without having first 6 made due inquiry as to the desires of the next of kin, 7 or any persons who may be chargeable with the funeral 8 expenses of such deceased person; and if any such kin or person can be found, his authority and direction shall 9 10 be received as to the disposal of said corpse.

Any person who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not less than ten days nor more than ninety days, or both.

The board may make investigations, subpoena witnesses, administer oaths and conduct hearings.

No order refusing, suspending or revoking a license shall be made until after a public hearing conducted by the board.

At least twenty days prior to the date of hearing, the board shall send a written notice of the time and place of such hearing to the applicant, together with a statement of the charges against him, by mailing the same to the last-known address of such person.

The testimony presented and the proceedings had at such hearings shall be taken in shorthand, at the

expense of the board, and preserved as records of the board. The board shall as soon thereafter as possible make its findings in determination thereof, and send a copy to each interested party.

Any person who has been refused a license for any cause or whose license has been revoked or suspended may file with the secretary of the board, within thirty days after the decision of the board, a written notice of appeal therefrom to the circuit court of the county within which such person whose license has been refused, revoked or suspended resides. Upon the filing of such notice, the secretary of the board shall transmit to the clerk of said court the record of such proceedings. Such court shall thereupon hear and determine such case as in other cases of appeal. The judgment of the circuit court may be reviewed upon proceedings in error in the supreme court of appeals.

No person shall engage in the profession or business of embalming or funeral directing as defined in this article unless he is duly licensed as an embalmer and/or as a funeral director within the meaning of this article, and any person who shall engage in either business or profession, or both, without having first complied with the provisions of this article, or who shall violate any other provisions of this article, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof in any court of competent jurisdiction, shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than four hundred dollars for the first offense. Upon conviction of a second or subsequent offense, the violator shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.

The sanitary preparation of dead human bodies for burial and the burial thereof is a public necessity, and it has direct relation to the health, welfare and convenience to the public, and the Legislature of this state hereby finds, determines and declares that this article is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, welfare, health and safety.

§30-6-13. License required to operate funeral establishment; application and qualifications for license; renewal; fee; manager.

On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, every funeral establishment operating in West Virginia shall obtain a license for the succeeding fiscal year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, as provided for in this section

An application for a license to operate a funeral establishment shall be in writing and verified on a form provided by the board and shall be accompanied by a fee as herein provided, and upon receipt of the same, the board shall forthwith issue or renew a license to operate a funeral establishment. Such application to operate a funeral establishment shall be made by any person. partnership, association, corporation, organization or fiduciary having controlling interest in such funeral establishment.

Such application shall be signed by the applicant and by the individual who is duly licensed as a funeral director, and who shall be in charge and responsible for all transactions conducted and services performed therein. If such funeral establishment is owned by a person who is not licensed as a funeral director or by a partnership, association, corporation or other organization, then such owner shall have in his or its employ and place in charge of such establishment a person who is duly licensed as a funeral director, who shall manage, conduct and have supervision of the work or business of such establishment and be responsible therefor.

A license to operate a funeral establishment shall expire on the thirtieth day of June of each calendar year and the renewal date for any such license shall be the first day of July of each calendar year.

Each funeral establishment license shall be valid only for one funeral establishment to be located at a specific street address or location; the fee to operate the

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principal establishment shall be one hundred twentyfive dollars per year and the fee to operate each additional funeral establishment by the same applicant shall be seventy-five dollars per year. Each separate funeral establishment shall have its own license, which license shall be prominently displayed within the funeral establishment. No additional license fee shall be charged if during any given year it shall be necessary to reapply for a license to operate a funeral establishment at the same or different location. A funeral establishment that fails to pay fees for either the principal establishment or additional establishment by the first day of July of each calendar year is subject to a penalty of fifty dollars and a reinstatement fee of fifty dollars for each establishment and the required renewal fee

The holder of any funeral establishment license who ceases to operate the funeral establishment at the location specified in the application shall, within twenty days thereafter, surrender the funeral establishment license to the board and such license shall be canceled by the board, except that in the event of the death of an individual who was the holder of a funeral establishment license, it shall be the duty of such holder's personal representative to surrender such funeral establishment license within one hundred twenty days of qualifying as such personal representative. It shall be the duty of any holder of a funeral establishment license. pursuant to this section, to notify the board within thirty days if for any reason the licensed funeral director whose name is signed to the application for the issuance thereof, ceases to be employed by such funeral establishment. Within thirty days after such notification, such holder of a funeral establishment license may execute a new application for a funeral establishment license signed by the applicant and by the licensed funeral director who shall be in charge of and responsible for all transactions conducted and services performed within the funeral establishment. Failure to comply

75 with any of these provisions shall be grounds for 76 revocation of a funeral establishment license.

77 A licensee whose embalmer's license, funeral direc-78 tor's license or license to operate a funeral establishment has been revoked under this article shall not operate. 79 either directly or indirectly, or hold any interest in any 80 funeral establishment. Nothing herein contained shall 81 prohibit a licensee whose license has been revoked from 82 leasing any property owned by him or them for use as 83 a funeral establishment so long as he or they do not 84 participate in the control or profit of such funeral 85 86 establishment otherwise than as a lessor of the premises 87 for a fixed rental not dependent upon earnings.

§30-6-16. Reciprocity in licensing of embalmers and funeral directors.

The board may recognize licenses issued to funeral 1 directors or embalmers from other states, and, upon 2 presentation of such license, may, upon the payment of 3 the sum of sixty dollars to the director of the board, 4 issue to the lawful holder thereof, the funeral director's 5 6 or embalmer's license provided for in this article: Provided. That such recognition shall not be extended 7 to funeral directors or embalmers holding licenses from 8 other states unless reciprocal rights are provided by 9 such other states to holders of funeral director's or 10 embalmer's licenses granted in this state. Such recipro-11 cal licenses may be renewed annually upon payment of 12 the renewal license fee as provided for in section six for 13 license holders residing in this state. No person is 14 entitled to a reciprocal license as a funeral director or 15 embalmer unless he furnishes proof that he has, in the 16 state in which he is regularly licensed, complied with 17 requirements substantially equal to those set out in this 18 article. 19

CHAPTER 163

(H. B. 4003—By Delegate Douglas)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, six and eight, article seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the temporary licensure of registered professional nurses duly licensed under the laws of another state; temporary license fees; increase of renewal and reinstatement fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, six and eight, article seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES.

§30-7-1. Definitions.

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\$30-7-6. Qualifications: licensure: fees: temporary permits.

\$30-7-8. Renewal of licenses: reinstatement: fees: penalties: inactive list.

§30-7-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article the term:
- 2 (a) "Board" shall mean the West Virginia board of examiners for registered professional nurses;
 - (b) The practice of "registered professional nursing" shall mean the performance for compensation of any service requiring substantial specialized judgment and skill based on knowledge and application of principles
- 8 of nursing derived from the biological, physical and
- 9 social sciences, such as responsible supervision of a
- 10 patient requiring skill in observation of symptoms and
- reactions and the accurate recording of the facts, or the supervision and teaching of other persons with respect
- 13 to such principles of nursing, or in the administration
- 14 of medications and treatments as prescribed by a
- licensed physician or a licensed dentist, or the applica-

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- 16 tion of such nursing procedures as involve understand-
- 17 ing of cause and effect in order to safeguard life and
- health of a patient and others: 18
- 19 (c) "Temporary permit" means a permit authorizing 20 the holder to practice registered professional nursing in
- 21 this state until such permit is no longer effective or the
- 22 holder is granted a license by the West Virginia state
- 23 board of examiners for registered professional nurses.

§30-7-6. Qualifications; licensure; fees; temporary permits.

1 To obtain a license to practice registered professional 2

nursing, an applicant for such license shall submit to the

3 board written evidence, verified by oath, that he or she

4 (a) is of good moral character; (b) has completed an

5 approved four-year high school course of study or the

6 equivalent thereof, as determined by the appropriate

7 educational agency; and (c) has completed an accredited

8 program of registered professional nursing education

9 and holds a diploma of a school accredited by the board.

10 The applicant shall also be required to pass a written 11 examination in such subjects as the board may deter-12 mine. Each written examination may be supplemented 13 by an oral examination. Upon successfully passing such 14 examination or examinations, the board shall issue to 15 the applicant a license to practice registered professional nursing. The board shall determine the times and 16 places for examinations. In the event an applicant shall 17 18 have failed to pass examinations on two occasions, the applicant shall, in addition to the other requirements of 19 this section, present to the board such other evidence of 20 his or her qualifications as the board may prescribe. 21

The board may, upon application, issue a license to practice registered professional nursing by endorsement to an applicant who has been duly licensed as a registered professional nurse under the laws of another state, territory or foreign country if in the opinion of the board the applicant meets the qualifications required of registered professional nurses at the time of graduation.

The board may, upon application and proper identi-

fication determined by the board, issue a temporary permit to practice registered professional nursing by endorsement to an applicant who has been duly licensed as a registered professional nurse under the laws of another state, territory or foreign country. Such temporary permit authorizes the holder to practice registered professional nursing in this state while the temporary permit is effective. A temporary permit shall be effective for ninety days, unless the board revokes such permit prior to its expiration, and such permit may not be renewed. Any person applying for a temporary license under the provisions of this paragraph shall, with his or her application, pay to the board a nonrefundable fee of ten dollars.

Any person holding a valid license designated as a "waiver license" may submit an application to the board for a license containing no reference to the fact that such person has theretofore been issued such "waiver license." The provisions of this section relating to examination and fees and the provisions of all other sections of this article shall apply to any application submitted to the board pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph.

Any person applying for a license to practice registered professional nursing under the provisions of this article shall, with his or her application, pay to the board a fee of forty dollars: Provided, That the fee to be paid for the year commencing the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, shall be seventy dollars: Provided, however, That the board in its discretion may, by rule or regulation, decrease either or both said license fees. In the event it shall be necessary for the board to reexamine any applicant for a license, an additional fee shall be paid to the board by the applicant for reexamination: Provided further, That the total of such additional fees shall in no case exceed one hundred dollars for any one examination.

Any person holding a license heretofore issued by the West Virginia state board of examiners for registered nurses and which license is valid on the date this article becomes effective shall be deemed to be duly licensed under the provisions of this article for the remainder of

the period of any such license heretofore issued. Any such license heretofore issued shall also, for all purposes, be deemed to be a license issued under this article and to be subject to the provisions hereof.

75 The board shall, upon receipt of a duly executed 76 application for licensure and of the accompanying fee of seventy dollars, issue a temporary permit to practice 77 78 registered professional nursing to any applicant who has 79 received a diploma from a school of nursing approved 80 by the board pursuant to this article after the date the 81 board last scheduled a written examination for persons eligible for licensure: Provided, That no such temporary 82 83 permit shall be renewable nor shall any such permit be 84 valid for any purpose subsequent to the date the board 85 has announced the results of the first written examina-86 tion given by the board following the issuance of such 87 permit.

§30-7-8. Renewal of licenses; reinstatement; fees; penalties; inactive list.

1 The license of every person licensed and registered 2 under the provisions of this article shall be annually 3 renewed except as hereinafter provided. At such time 4 or times as the board in its discretion may determine. 5 the board shall mail a renewal application to every 6 person whose license was renewed during the previous 7 year and every such person shall fill in such application 8 blank and return it to the board with a renewal fee of 9 twenty-five dollars within thirty days after receipt of 10 said renewal application: Provided. That the board in its 11 discretion by rule may increase or decrease the renewal 12 fee. Upon receipt of the application and fee, the board shall verify the accuracy of the application and, if the 13 same be accurate, issue to the applicant a certificate of 14 renewal for the current year. Such certificate of renewal 15 shall entitle the holder thereof to practice registered 16 professional nursing for the period stated on the 17 certificate of renewal. Any licensee who allows his or 18 her license to lapse by failing to renew the license as 19 provided above may be reinstated by the board on 20 satisfactory explanation for such failure to renew his or 21 her license and on payment to the board of the renewal 22

23 fee hereinabove provided and a reinstatement fee of fifty 24 dollars. Any person practicing registered professional 25 nursing during the time his or her license has lansed 26 shall be considered an illegal practitioner and shall be 27 subject to the penalties provided for violation of this 28 article. A person licensed under the provisions of this 29 article desiring to retire from practice temporarily shall 30 send a written notice of such desire to the board. Upon 31 receipt of such notice the board shall place the name of 32 such person upon the inactive list. While remaining on 33 this list the person shall not be subject to the payment of any renewal fees and shall not practice registered 34 35 professional nursing in this state. When the person 36 desires to resume active practice, application for renewal of license and payment of the renewal fee for 37 38 the current year shall be made to the board.

CHAPTER 164

(H. B. 4158—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 10, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections fifteen-a, fifteen-b and fifteen-c; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, five, six and seven, article fifteen of said chapter thirty; and to further amend said article fifteen by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections seven-a, sevenb and seven-c, all relating to provisions for registered professional nurses and nurse-midwives prescriptive authority for prescription drugs, collaborative relationship with physician requirements, rules, classification of drugs to be prescribed, coordination with boards. eligibility for prescriptive authority, application, fee, form of prescriptions, termination of authority, renewal, notification of termination of authority, nurse-midwives definitions, licenses, qualifications, annual registration

fee, suspension or revocation of licenses, and limitations of authority.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. be amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections fifteen-a. fifteen-b and fifteen-c: that sections one, two, three, five, six and seven, article fifteen of said chapter thirty be amended and reenacted; and that said article fifteen be further amended by adding thereto three new sections. designated section seven-a, seven-b and seven-c, all to read as follows:

Article

- 7. Registered Professional Nurses.
- 15. Nurse-Midwives

ARTICLE 7. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES.

- §30-7-15a. Prescriptive authority for prescription drugs; collaborative relationship with physician requirements; promulgation of rules; classification of drugs to be prescribed; coordination with other boards; coordination with board of pharmacy.
- §30-7-15b. Eligibility for prescriptive authority; application; fee.
- §30-7-15c. Form of prescriptions; termination of authority; renewal; notification of termination of authority.
- §30-7-15a. Prescriptive authority for prescription drugs: collaborative relationship with physician requirements: promulgation of rules: classification of drugs to be prescribed; coordination with other boards; coordination with board of pharmacy.
 - (a) The board may, in its discretion, authorize an 1 advanced nurse practitioner to prescribe prescription 2 drugs in a collaborative relationship with a physician 3
 - licensed to practice in West Virginia and in accordance 4
 - with applicable state and federal laws. An authorized 5
 - advanced nurse practitioner may write or sign prescrip-6
 - tions or transmit prescriptions verbally or by other 7
 - means of communication. 8
- (b) For purposes of this section an agreement to a 9 collaborative relationship for prescriptive practice 10

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- 11 between a physician and an advanced nurse practitioner
- 12 shall be set forth in writing. Verification of such
- 13 agreement shall be filed with the board by the advanced
- 14 nurse practitioner. The board shall forward a copy of
- 15 such verification to the board of medicine. Collaborative
- 16 agreements shall include, but not be limited to, the
- 17 following:
- 18 (1) Mutually agreed upon written guidelines or 19 protocols for prescriptive authority as it applies to the 20 advanced nurse practitioner's clinical practice;
- 21 (2) Statements describing the individual and shared 22 responsibilities of the advanced nurse practitioner and 23 the physician pursuant to the collaborative agreement 24 between them:
- 25 (3) Periodic and joint evaluation of prescriptive 26 practice: and
 - (4) Periodic and joint review and updating of the written guidelines or protocols.
 - (c) The board shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code governing the eligibility and extent to which an advanced nurse practitioner may prescribe drugs. Such rules shall provide, at a minimum, a state formulary classifying those categories of drugs which shall not be prescribed by advanced nurse practitioners, including, but not limited to, Schedules I and II of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, anticoagulants, antineoplastics, radio-pharmaceuticals and general anesthetics. Drugs listed under Schedule III shall be limited to a seventy-two hour supply without refill.
- 41 (d) The board shall consult with other appropriate 42 boards for the development of the formulary.
 - (e) The board shall transmit to the board of pharmacy a list of all advanced nurse practitioners with prescriptive authority. The list shall include:
 - (1) The name of the authorized advanced nurse practitioner;

- 48 (2) The prescriber's identification number assigned by the board; and
- 50 (3) The effective date of prescriptive authority.

§30-7-15b. Eligibility for prescriptive authority; application: fee.

- An advanced nurse practitioner who applies for authorization to prescribe drugs shall:
- 3 (a) Be licensed and certified in West Virginia as an advanced nurse practitioner holding a baccalaureate degree in science or the arts:
- 6 (b) Not be less than eighteen years of age:
- 7 (c) Provide the board with evidence of successful 8 completion of forty-five contact hours of education in 9 pharmacology and clinical management of drug therapy 10 under a program approved by the board, fifteen hours of which shall be completed within the two-year period 12 immediately before the date of application:
- 13 (d) Provide the board with evidence that he or she is 14 a person of good moral character and not addicted to 15 alcohol or the use of controlled substances; and
- 16 (e) Submit a completed, notarized application to the board, accompanied by a fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars.

§30-7-15c. Form of prescriptions; termination of authority; renewal; notification of termination of authority.

- 1 (a) Prescriptions authorized by an advanced nurse 2 practitioner must comply with all applicable state and 3 federal laws; must be signed by the prescriber with the 4 initials "A.N.P." or the designated certification title of 5 the prescriber; and must include the prescriber's 6 identification number assigned by the board.
- 7 (b) Prescriptive authorization shall be terminated if 8 the advanced nurse practitioner has:
- 9 (1) Not maintained current authorization as an

- 10 advanced nurse practitioner; or
- 11 (2) Prescribed outside the advanced nurse practition-
- 12 er's scope of practice or has prescribed drugs for other
- 13 than therapeutic purposes: or
- 14 (3) Has not filed verification of a collaborative agreement with the hoard
- 16 (c) Prescriptive authority for an advanced nurse
- 17 practitioner must be renewed biennially. Documentation
- 18 of eight contact hours of pharmacology during the
- 19 previous two years must be submitted at the time of
- 20 renewal
- 21 (d) The board shall notify the board of pharmacy and
- 22 the board of medicine within twenty-four hours after
- 23 termination of, or change in, an advanced nurse
- 24 practitioner's prescriptive authority.

ARTICLE 15. NURSE-MIDWIVES.

- §30-15-1. Definitions.
- §30-15-2. Licenses required.
- §30-15-3. Qualifications for licensing.
- §30-15-5. Form of licenses: annual registration fee.
- §30-15-6. Suspension or revocation of licenses.
- §30-15-7. Limitations of authority; collaborative relationship with physicians.
- §30-15-7a. Prescriptive authority for prescription drugs; collaborative relationship with physician requirements; promulgation of rules; classification of drugs to be prescribed; consultation with other boards; coordination with board of pharmacy.
- §30-15-7b. Eligibility for prescriptive authority; application; fee.
- §30-15-7c. Form of prescription; termination of authority; renewal; notification of termination of authority.

§30-15-1. Definitions.

- 1 The following terms wherever used or referred to in
- 2 this article shall have the following meaning:
- 3 (a) "Midwife" means a person who assists in the
- 4 management and care of a woman and her infant during
- 5 the prenatal, delivery and postnatal periods.
- 6 (b) "Midwifery" means the practice of performing the service of a midwife for a fee or compensation.
- 8 (c) "Nurse-midwife" means a qualified professional

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- 9 nurse registered with the West Virginia board of 10 examiners for registered professional nurses who by 11 virtue of additional training is specifically qualified to
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- practice nurse-midwifery according to the statement of 13 standards for the practice of nurse-midwifery as set
- 14 forth by the American college of nurse-midwives.
- (d) "Board" means the West Virginia board of 15 16 examiners for registered professional nurses.

§30-15-2. Licenses required.

- 1 (a) No person, other than a physician, shall engage or 2 hold themselves out as practicing nurse-midwifery 3 without a license to do so issued by the West Virginia 4 board of examiners for registered professional nurses: 5 Provided. That this requirement does not apply to those 6 midwives who hold a license upon the first day of July.
- 7 one thousand nine hundred seventy-three, issued by the 8 West Virginia board of health. Persons holding licenses
- 9 on said date issued by the said board of health shall be 10 permitted to practice midwifery as formerly defined
- and according to the authority granted to them upon the 11
- 12 issuance of their licenses, until the expiration of such
- 13 licenses without the privilege of renewal.
- (b) No person may practice or offer to practice as a 14 nurse-midwife with prescriptive authority without a 15
- license to do so issued by the West Virginia board of 16
- 17 examiners for registered professional nurses and issued 18 pursuant to section seven-a of this article.

§30-15-3. Qualifications for licensing.

- (a) A nurse-midwife license shall be issued by the 1 board to any applicant who provides evidence that he 2 or she: 3
- (1) Is a registered professional nurse licensed by the 4 5 board:
 - (2) Is a graduate of a nurse-midwifery education program approved by the American college of nursemidwives or any American college of nurse-midwives designated successor organization; and
- (3) Is certified by the American college of nurse-10 midwives. 11

- 12 (b) Any nurse-midwife who desires privileges for
- 13 prescriptive authority as described in section seven-a of
- 14 this article must, in addition to the evidence required
- 15 by subsection (a) of this section, submit to the board the
- 16 information required by section seven-b herein.

§30-15-5. Form of licenses; annual registration fee.

- 1 (a) Licenses or certificates issued by the board shall 2 bear a serial number, the full name of the applicant, the 3 date of issuance of any such license, the seal of the board
- 4 and the signature of the executive secretary of the
- 5 board: Provided. That if prescriptive authority has been
- 6 granted pursuant to section seven-a of this article, such
- 7 authorization shall also be included on each license or
- 8 certificate issued by the board.
- 9 (b) Every licensed nurse-midwife shall procure from 10 the secretary of the board annually, on or before the first
- the secretary of the board annually, on or before the first day of July, a certificate of registration. The certificate
- 12 shall be issued by said secretary upon the payment of
- 13 a fee to be fixed by the board, not to exceed the sum
- a fee to be fixed by the board, not to exceed the sum
- of ten dollars. The secretary shall mail annually, on or
- before the first day of June, to each licensed nurse-
- 16 midwife a printed blank form to be properly filled in
- 17 and returned by such licensed person on or before the
- 18 first day of July to the secretary of the board. Upon the
- 19 receipt of the form properly filled in, and such fee, the
- 20 annual certificate of registration shall be issued and
- 21 transmitted.
- 22 (c) The authority to practice as a nurse-midwife with
- 23 prescriptive authority shall be indicated on the appli-
- 24 cant's registered professional license issued by the
- 25 board.

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§30-15-6. Suspension or revocation of licenses.

- 1 (a) The board may suspend or revoke a license for any of the following reasons:
 - (1) Failure to remain current in annual registration;
- 4 (2) Gross negligence in performance of service as provided by the statement of standards for the practice
- 5 provided by the statement of standards for the practice 6 of nurse-midwifery by the American college of nurse-
- 7 midwives; or

- 8 (3) The commission of a crime in association with the 9 practice of nurse-midwifery.
- 10 (b) Before any license shall be revoked or suspended. 11 the accused shall be furnished with a written statement 12 of the reasons for such suspension or revocation and 13
- shall be given reasonable notice of, and be entitled to. a hearing before the board, in person, or by attorney. 14
- 15 according to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of
- 16 this code.

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§30-15-7. Limitations of authority: collaborative relationship with physicians.

The license to practice nurse-midwifery shall entitle 1 the holder to practice such profession according to the 2 3 statement of standards of the American college of nurse-4 midwives, and such holder shall be required to practice 5 in a collaborative relationship with a licensed physician 6 engaged in family practice or the specialized field of 7 gynecology or obstetrics, or as a member of the staff of any maternity, newborn or family planning service 8 approved by the West Virginia department of health 9 10 and human resources, who, as such, shall practice nursemidwifery in a collaborative relationship with a board-11 certified or board-eligible obstetrician, gynecologist or 12 the primary-care physician normally directly responsi-13 ble for obstetrical and gynecological care in said area 14 15 of practice.

Prescriptive authority for prescription drugs; §30-15-7a. collaborative relationship with physician requirements; promulgation of rules; classification of drugs to be prescribed; consultation with other boards; coordination with board of pharmacy.

(a) The board shall, in its discretion, authorize a 1 nurse-midwife to prescribe prescription drugs in a 2 collaborative relationship with a physician licensed to 3 practice in West Virginia and in accordance with applicable state and federal laws. An authorized nursemidwife may write or sign prescriptions or transmit prescriptions verbally or by other means of communication.

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- 9 (b) For purposes of this section an agreement to a 10 collaborative relationship for practice between a 11 physician and a nurse-midwife shall be set forth in writing. Verification of such agreement shall be filed 12 13 with the board by the nurse-midwife. The board shall 14 forward a copy of such verification to the board of medicine. Collaborative agreements shall include, but 15 16 not be limited to, the following:
- 17 (1) Mutually agreed upon written guidelines or 18 protocols for prescriptive practice as it applies to the 19 nurse-midwife's clinical practice;
 - (2) Statements describing the individual and shared responsibilities of the nurse-midwife and the physician pursuant to the collaborative agreement between them;
- 23 (3) Periodic and joint evaluation of prescriptive 24 practice; and
 - (4) Periodic and joint review and updating of the written guidelines or protocols.
- 27 (c) The board shall promulgate legislative rules in 28 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-29 a of this code governing the eligibility and extent to which a nurse-midwife may prescribe drugs. Such rules 30 31 shall provide, at a minimum, a state formulary classi-32 fying those categories of drugs which shall not be prescribed by nurse-midwives, including, but not 33 limited to. Schedules I and II of the Uniform Controlled 34 35 Substances Act, anticoagulants, antineoplastics, radio-36 pharmaceuticals and general anesthetics. Drugs listed 37 under schedule III shall be limited to a seventy-two hour 38 supply without refill.
- (d) The board shall consult with other appropriateboards for development of the formulary.
- 41 (e) The board shall transmit to the board of pharmacy 42 a list of all nurse-midwives with prescriptive authority. 43 The list shall include:
 - (1) The name of the authorized nurse-midwife:
- 45 (2) The prescriber's identification number assigned by the board; and

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47 (3) The effective date of prescriptive authority.

§30-15-7b. Eligibility for prescriptive authority; application; fee.

- A nurse-midwife who applies for authorization to prescribe drugs shall:
- (a) Be licensed and certified as a nurse-midwife in the
 state of West Virginia;
- 5 (b) Not be less than eighteen years of age;
- 6 (c) Provide the board with evidence of successful completion of forty-five contact hours of education in pharmacology and clinical management of drug therapy under a program approved by the board, fifteen of which shall be completed within the two-year period immediately before the date of application;
- 12 (d) Provide the board with evidence that he or she is 13 a person of good moral character and not addicted to 14 alcohol or the use of controlled substances; and
- 15 (e) Submit a completed, notarized application to the board, accompanied by a fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars.

§30-15-7c. Form of prescription; termination of authority; renewal; notification of termination of authority.

- 1 (a) Prescriptions authorized by a nurse-midwife must 2 comply with all applicable state and federal laws; must 3 be signed by the prescriber with the initials "C.N.M."; 4 and must include the prescriber's identification number 5 assigned by the board.
- 6 (b) Prescriptive authorization shall be terminated if the nurse-midwife has:
- 8 (1) Not maintained current authorization as a nurse-9 midwife; or
- 10 (2) Prescribed outside the nurse-midwife's scope of 11 practice or has prescribed drugs for other than thera-12 peutic purposes; or
- 13 (3) Has not filed verification of a collaborative agreement with the board.

- 15 (c) Prescriptive authority for a nurse-midwife must 16 be renewed biennially. Documentation of eight contact
- 17 hours of pharmacology during the previous two years
- nours of pharmacology during the previous two years must be submitted at the time of renewal.
- 19 (d) The board shall notify the board of pharmacy and
- 20 the board of medicine within twenty-four hours after
- 21 termination of, or change in, a nurse-midwife's prescrip-
- 22 tive authority.

CHAPTER 165

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 526—By Senator Burdette, Mr. President)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article thirteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to engineering; establishing an engineering board of registration; providing for legislative findings; defining certain terms; providing for registration of professional engineers; providing for the powers, duties and responsibilities of the board; allowing the board to levy fines; promulgate rules; develop certain ethical standards; and providing for certain criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article thirteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, he amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. ENGINEERS.

- §30-13-1. Legislative findings; intent.
- §30-13-2. General provisions.
- §30-13-3. Definitions.
- §30-13-4. Board of registration for professional engineers; appointment and term.
- §30-13-5. Board qualifications.
- §30-13-6. Compensation and expenses.
- §30-13-7. Removal of members and vacancies.
- §30-13-8. Organization and meetings.
- §30-13-9. Board powers.

- §30-13-10. Receipt of fees, fund established, disbursements.
- §30-13-11. Records and reports.
- §30-13-12. Roster.
- §30-13-13. General requirements for registration.
- §30-13-14. Application and registration fee.
- §30-13-15. Examinations.
- §30-13-16. Certificates and seals.
- §30-13-17. Authorization certificates.
- §30-13-18. Expirations and renewals.
- §30-13-19. Reissuance of certificates.
- §30-13-20. Public works.
- §30-13-21. Disciplinary action—Revocation, suspension, refusal to issue, restore or renew, probation, fine, reprimand.
- §30-13-22. Disciplinary action—Procedures.
- §30-13-23. Criminal offenses.
- §30-13-24. Exemptions.

§30-13-1. Legislative findings; intent.

- The Legislature hereby determines the need to regulate the practice of engineering; to provide for the
 - regulate the practice of engineering; to provide for the
 registration of qualified persons as professional engi-
 - 4 neers and the certification of engineer interns: to define
 - 5 the terms "engineer", "professional engineer", "engineer
 - 6 intern" and "practice of engineering"; to create a state
 - 7 board of registration for professional engineers and
 - 8 provide for the appointment and compensation of its
 - 9 members; to fix the term of members of the board and
- 10 define its powers and duties; to set forth the minimum
- 11 qualifications and other requirements for registration as
- 12 an engineer and certification as an engineer intern; to
- 13 establish registration fees with expiration and renewal
- requirements; to impose certain duties upon the state
- 15 and political subdivisions thereof in connection with
- 16 public works; and to provide for the enforcement of this
- 17 article and penalties for its violation.

§30-13-2. General provisions.

- In order to safeguard life, health and property and to
- 2 promote the public welfare, the practice of engineering
- 3 in this state is hereby declared to be subject to regulation in the public interest. It is unlawful for any
- regulation in the public interest. It is unlawful for any person to practice or to offer to practice engineering in
- 6 this state, as defined in the provisions of this article, or
- 7 to use in connection with his or her name or otherwise
- 8 assume or advertise any title or description tending to

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- 9 convey the impression that he or she is a registered or 10 licensed engineer, unless the person has been duly
- 11 registered or exempted under the provisions of this
- 12 article. Engineering is hereby declared a learned
- 13 profession and its practitioners are held accountable to
- the state and the public by professional standards in
- 15 keeping with the ethics and practice of other learned
- 16 professions in this state. The practice of engineering is
- 17 a privilege granted by the state.

§30-13-3. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Board" means the West Virginia state board of 4 registration for professional engineers as provided for in 5 this article.
 - (b) "Consulting engineer" means a professional engineer whose principal occupation is the independent practice of engineering; whose livelihood is obtained by offering engineering services to the public; who serves clients as an independent fiduciary; who is devoid of public, commercial and product affiliation that might tend to infer a conflict of interest; and who is cognizant of their public and legal responsibilities and is capable of discharging them.
 - (c) "Engineer" means a person who is qualified to practice engineering by reason of special knowledge and use of the mathematical, physical and engineering sciences and the principles and methods of engineering analysis and design, acquired by engineering education and engineering experience.
- 21 (d) "Engineer intern" means a person who has 22 qualified for, taken and has passed an examination in 23 the fundamental engineering subjects, as provided in 24 this article.
 - (e) "Practice of engineering" means any service or creative work, the adequate performance of which requires engineering education, training and experience in the application of special knowledge of the mathematical, physical and engineering sciences to such services

or creative work as consultation, investigation, evaluation, planning and design of engineering works and systems; planning the use of land and water: teaching of advanced engineering subjects, engineering surveys and studies; and the review of construction for the purpose of assuring compliance with drawings and specifications any of which embraces such services or work, either public or private, in connection with any utilities, structures, buildings, machines, equipment, processes, work systems, projects and industrial or consumer products or equipment of a mechanical, electrical, hydraulic, pneumatic or thermal nature. insofar as they involve safeguarding life, health or property, and including such other professional services as may be necessary to the planning, progress and completion of any engineering services. Engineering surveys include all survey activities required to support the sound conception, planning, design, construction, maintenance and operation of engineered projects.

Any person who practices any branch of the profession of engineering or who, by verbal claim, sign, advertisement, letterhead, card or in any other way represents himself or herself to be a professional engineer, or by using another title implies that he or she is a professional engineer or that he or she is registered under this article or who holds himself or herself out as able to perform, or who performs any engineering service or work or any other service designated by the practitioner which is recognized as engineering, is considered to practice or offer to practice engineering within the meaning and intent of this article.

- (f) "Professional engineer" means a person who has been duly registered or licensed as a professional engineer by the board. The board may designate a professional engineer, on the basis of education, experience and examination, as being licensed in a specific discipline or branch of engineering signifying the area in which the engineer has demonstrated competence.
- (g) "Responsible charge" means direct control and personal supervision of engineering work.

70 (h) "Rules of professional responsibility for profes-71 sional engineers" means those rules, if any, promulgated 72 by the West Virginia state board of registration for 73 professional engineers as authorized by this article.

§30-13-4. Board of registration for professional engineers; appointment and term.

1 There is hereby created the board of registration for 2 professional engineers which shall hereafter be referred 3 to as the board. The board shall be composed of five 4 members appointed by the governor, by and with the 5 consent of the Senate, preferably from a list of names 6 submitted by the West Virginia society of professional 7 engineers. The members of the board shall be qualified 8 and shall meet the requirements of section five of this 9 article. The governor shall present each board member with a certificate of appointment. Each board member 10 shall make and file an oath or affirmation with the 11 secretary of state to faithfully execute the duties of a 12 member of the board. Members of the board shall serve 13 14 a term of five years. Of the members first appointed, one shall serve a term of one year, one shall serve a term 15 16 of two years, one shall serve a term of three years, one shall serve a term of four years and one shall serve a 17 term of five years. Members are eligible for reappoint-18 ment but no member may be appointed for more than 19 20 three full consecutive terms. Each member shall hold 21 office until the expiration of the term for which 22 appointed or until a successor has been duly appointed 23 and has qualified. In the event of a vacancy on the board 24 due to resignation, death or for any cause resulting in 25 an unexpired term and if not filled within three months 26 by the governor, the board may appoint a member to 27 serve in the vacancy until the governor makes the 28 appointment. Members of the former board whose terms 29 have not expired shall fill the term on this board which corresponds with the length of the unexpired term of 30 31 that member.

§30-13-5. Board qualifications.

Each member of the board must be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this state. Each member

- 3 shall have been engaged in the lawful practice of
- 4 engineering as a professional engineer for at least
- 5 twelve years; shall have been in responsible charge of
- 6 engineering projects for at least five years; and shall be
- 7 a registered professional engineer in this state.

§30-13-6. Compensation and expenses.

- 1 Members of the board shall be compensated not to
- 2 exceed fifty dollars per diem for time spent in actually
- 3 performing the duties of the board and shall be
- 4 reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses
- 5 actually incurred in the performance of board related
- 6 duties.

§30-13-7. Removal of members and vacancies.

- 1 The governor may remove any member of the board
- 2 for misconduct, incompetency, neglect of duty or for any
- 3 reason prescribed by law for removal of state officials.
- 4 Vacancies in the membership of the board shall be filled
- 5 for the unexpired term.

§30-13-8. Organization and meetings.

- 1 The board shall hold at least one regular meeting each
- 2 year. Special meetings may be held as the bylaws of the
- 3 board provide. Each year the board shall elect the
- 4 following officers: A president, a vice president and a
- 5 secretary, who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the
- 6 board. A quorum of the board shall consist of not less
- 7 than three professional engineer members.

§30-13-9. Board powers.

- 1 (a) The board may adopt and amend bylaws not
- inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this state.
 The board may promulgate and shall adopt "rules of
- 4 professional responsibility for professional engineers".
- 5 These rules are binding to any person registered with
- 6 the board under the provisions of this article. These
- 7 rules are also applicable to firms holding a certificate
- 8 of authorization as provided in section seventeen of this
- 9 article.
- 10 (b) The board may subpoena witnesses and compel
- their attendance and it may also subpoena books,

- 12 papers, documents or other pertinent data in any
- 13 disciplinary matters or in any case involving an
- 14 allegation of a violation of the provisions of this article.
- 15 The board may apply to the circuit court of Kanawha
- 16 county to enforce compliance with any subpoena it
- 17 issues.

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- 18 (c) The board may seek an injunction in circuit court 19 to enforce the provisions of this article or to restrain a 20 person or entity from violating a provision of this article. 21 In pursuing injunctive relief under this section, the board shall not be required to prove that an adequate 22 23 remedy at law does not exist or that substantial or 24 irreparable damage would result from the continued violation. The members of the board may not be 25 personally liable for any decisions made in good faith 26 27 in pursuing injunctive relief.
- 28 (d) The board may require all applicants for registra-29 tion to take and successfully pass an examination of 30 their fitness and qualifications to become registered.
- (e) The board may require that a registered profes-32 sional engineer demonstrate continuing professional competency in engineering as a condition of renewal or reregistration.
- 35 (f) Board members are exempt from civil liability for any decision made or any act done in good faith in the 36 37 performance of any duty or the exercise of any power 38 granted under this article.

§30-13-10. Receipt of fees, fund established, disbursements.

There is hereby established within the state treasury 1 2 a "board of professional engineers fund". The board shall deposit all fees and other moneys received by the 3 board into the fund. The moneys in the fund shall be 4 5 used for expenses of the board and shall be requisitioned 6 on the signatures of the president and secretary of the board. The secretary of the board shall annually furnish 8 an accounting of all funds received and expended by the board to the governor and to each house of the Legis-

10 lature. The board may use the moneys in the fund to

- 11 employ necessary staff, pay for membership fees to the
- 12 national council of examiners for engineering and
- 13 surveying and for any other necessary and reasonable
- 14 expense of the board: Provided, That the board may not
- 15 issue warrants in excess of moneys in the fund.

§30-13-11. Records and reports.

- 1 (a) The board shall keep a record of its proceedings 2 and of all applications for registration. The record shall 3 show: (1) The name, age and last known address of each 4 applicant; (2) the date of application; (3) place of business of such applicant; (4) education, experience and 5 6 other qualifications; (5) type of examination required; (6) 7whether or not the applicant was rejected: (7) whether 8 or not a certificate of registration was granted; (8) the 9 date of the action by the board; and (9) such information 10 as may be deemed necessary by the board.
- 11 (b) The record of the board is prima facie evidence 12 of the proceedings of the board and a transcript duly 13 certified by the secretary, shall be admissible as 14 evidence with the same force and effect as if the original 15 were produced.
- 16 (c) On the first day of July of each year, the board
 17 shall submit to the governor a report of its transactions
 18 of the preceding year and shall transmit to the governor
 19 a complete statement of the receipts and expenditures
 20 of the board, attested to by affidavits of its chairman
 21 and secretary.
- (d) Board records and papers of the following class 22 are of a confidential nature and are not public records: 23 Examination material for examinations not yet given, 24 file records of examination problem solutions, letters of 25 inquiry and reference concerning applicants, board 26 inquiry forms concerning applicants, investigation files 27 where any investigation is still pending and all other 28 materials of like confidential nature. 29

§30-13-12. Roster.

A complete roster with the names and the last known addresses of all registered professional engineers shall be published by the secretary of the board at intervals

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- 4 established by the board. Copies of this roster may be
- 5 mailed to each person registered and shall be placed on
- 6 file with the secretary of state and may be distributed
- 7 or sold to county and city officials and to the public.

§30-13-13. General requirements for registration.

To be eligible for admission to examination for 1 2 professional engineer or engineer intern, an applicant 3 must be of good character and reputation and he or she 4 shall submit five references along with the application for registration as a professional engineer. Three 6 references shall be from professional engineers having personal knowledge of the engineering experience of the 8 applicant or in the case of an application for certifica-9 tion as an engineer intern. The references shall be from 10 three persons knowledgeable of the applicant's 11 character.

- (a) The minimum requirements for qualification for registration as a professional engineer are:
- (1) Registration by comity or endorsement. A person holding a certificate of registration to engage in the practice of engineering, issued by a proper authority of a state or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia or any foreign country, based on requirements that do not conflict with the provisions of this article and were of a standard not lower than that specified in the applicable registration article in effect in this state at the time such certificate was issued, may, upon application, be registered without further examination.

A person holding an active council record with the national council of examiners for engineering and surveying whose qualifications, as evidenced by the council record, meet the requirements of this article may, upon application, be registered without further examination;

(2) Graduation, experience and examination. — A graduate of an engineering curriculum of four years or more approved by the board as being of satisfactory standing and with a specific record of an additional four

- 35 years or more of progressive experience on engineering 36 projects of a grade and a character which indicates to 37 the board that the applicant may be competent to 38 practice engineering, shall be admitted to an eight-hour 39 written examination in the fundamentals of engineering 40 and, if passed, then shall be admitted to an eight-hour 41 written examination in the principles and practice of 42 engineering. Upon passing such examinations, the 43 applicant shall be granted a certificate of registration 44 to practice engineering in West Virginia, provided the 45 applicant is otherwise qualified; and
- 46 (3) Engineering teaching. — Engineering teaching of 47 advanced subjects and the design of engineering 48 research and projects in a college or university offering 49 an approved engineering curriculum of four years or 50 more may be considered as engineering experience.
- 51 (b) The minimum requirements for registration as an 52 engineer intern are:
- 53 (1) Graduation from an engineering curriculum of 54 four years or more approved by the board as being of 55 satisfactory standing; and
- 56 (2) Satisfactorily passing a written exam, eight hours in duration, covering the fundamentals of engineering. 57

§30-13-14. Application and registration fee.

- Every person seeking to become registered as a 1 2 professional engineer or seeking to become certified as 3 an engineer intern shall file an application on forms provided by the board. The application shall be made 4
- under oath and shall include: 5
- (a) The level of education of the applicant; 6
- (b) A summary of the applicant's technical expe-7 rience: and 8
- (c) The names and complete mailing addresses of any 9 references. 10
- Applicants may not use the names of board members 11 as references. 12
- In lieu of information required on the board's 13

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- 14 application forms, the board may accept the verified
- 15 information contained in a valid council record issued
- 16 by the national council of examiners for engineering and
- 17 surveying for professional engineer applicants.
- 18 The board shall set fees for all applicants for
- 19 registration and certification by promulgating legisla-
- 20 tive rules under the provisions of article three, chapter
- 21 twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 22 Fees of unsuccessful applicants and the fees of
- 23 applicants who have been refused registration or
- 24 certification for any purpose shall be retained by the
- 25 board to cover administrative costs.

§30-13-15. Examinations.

- 1 (a) The board shall establish examination criteria 2 including the acceptable passing grade.
- 3 (b) Written examinations shall be given in two 4 sections and may be taken only after the applicant has 5 met the other minimum requirements and has been 6 approved by the board for admission to the examina-7 tions which are as follows:
 - (1) Engineering fundamentals. The examination consists of an eight-hour test period on the fundamentals of engineering. Passing this examination qualifies the examinee for an engineer intern certificate, provided the examinee has met all other requirements for certification required by this article; and
- 14 (2) Principles and practice of engineering. The 15 examination consists of an eight-hour test period on 16 applied engineering. Passing this examination qualifies 17 the examinee for registration as a professional engineer, 18 provided the examinee has met the other requirements.
- 19 (c) A candidate failing one examination may apply 20 for reexamination, which may be granted upon payment 21 of a fee established by the board. In the event of a second 22 failure, the examinee may be required to appear before 23 the board to present evidence of having pursued further 24 instruction in deficit areas.
- 25 (d) The board shall publish in brochure form and

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- 26 shall make available to any person interested in being
- 27 registered the requirements and specifications of the
- 28 written examination

§30-13-16. Certificates and seals.

- 1 (a) The board shall issue a certificate of registration 2 to any applicant who, in the opinion of the board, has 3 met the requirements of this article. The certificate of 4 registration shall carry the designation "professional engineer". It shall give the full name of the registrant 5 6 with their registration number and shall be signed by 7 the chairman and the secretary under the seal of the
- 8 board. The certificate of registration grants the recip-9
 - ient authority to practice in this state.
- 10 (b) An unexpired and unrevoked certificate is prima 11 facie evidence that the person named on it is entitled to 12 all rights, privileges and responsibilities of a profes-13 sional engineer.
- 14 (c) Every registrant shall obtain a seal for use in 15 identifying his or her official professional work. The 16 design of the seal shall be determined by the board and 17 shall bear the registrant's name, registrant's registra-18 tion number, the legend "registered professional 19 engineer, state of West Virginia" and such other words 20 or figures as the board may prescribe. The seal may be 21 a rubber stamp. Whenever the seal is applied, the registrant's written signature shall be adjacent to or 22 across the seal. No further words or wording are 23 required. A facsimile signature is not acceptable. 24 Whenever presented to a client or any public or 25 governmental agency, the seal, signature and date shall 26 be placed on all specifications, reports, drawings, plans, 27 design information and calculations in accordance with 28 rules promulgated by the board. The seal and signature 29 shall be used by registrants only when the work being 30 stamped was under the registrant's complete direction 31 and control. 32

In the case of a registrant of another state using a temporary permit issued by this state, the registrant shall use the state of permanent registration seal and shall affix his or her signature and temporary permit

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number to all work. In the case of a registrant checking the work of an out-of-state registrant, the state regis-trant shall completely check and have complete domin-ion and control of the design. The complete dominion and control includes possession of the sealed and signed reproducible construction drawings with complete signed and sealed design calculations indicating all changes in design.

(d) The board shall issue to any applicant who, in the opinion of the board, has met the requirements of this article, an enrollment card as engineer intern, which indicates that his or her name has been recorded in the board office. The engineer intern enrollment card does not authorize the holder to practice as a professional engineer. It is unlawful for a registrant to affix or to permit his or her seal and signature to be affixed to any document after the expiration of his or her certificate or for the purpose of aiding or abetting any other person to evade or attempt to evade any provisions of this article.

§30-13-17. Authorization certificates.

- (a) The practice of or offer to practice engineering by consulting engineers registered under this article, through a firm, corporation, copartnership, joint stock association or private practitioner employing others, referred to hereinafter as a firm, is permitted: *Provided*, That the person in direct control or having personal supervision of the practice and all personnel who act in behalf of the firm in professional matters are registered under this article: *Provided*, *however*, That the firm has been issued a certificate of authorization by the board.
- (b) A firm desiring a certificate of authorization must file with the board an application using a form provided by the board and the firm shall provide all the information required by the board. A form as provided by the board is to be filed with the board with the renewal fee and within thirty days of the time any information contained on the form is changed or differs for any reason. If the information contained on the form warrants action, the board, in its judgment, may issue

- a certificate of authorization for the firm to practice engineering and to contract and collect fees for furnishing this service.
 - (c) No firm shall be relieved of responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees, officers or partners by reason of its compliance with the provisions of this article. No individual practicing engineering under the provisions of this article shall be relieved of responsibility for engineering services performed by reason of his or her employment or other relationship with a firm holding an authorization certificate.
 - (d) An engineer who renders occasional, part-time or consulting engineering services to or for a firm may not, for the purposes of this article, be designated as being responsible for the professional activities of the firm unless that engineer is an owner or principal of the firm.
 - (e) Effective one year from the effective date of this article, the secretary of state shall stop issuing a certificate of incorporation to an applicant or a registrant as a foreign firm to a firm which includes, among the objectives for which it is established, the words engineer, engineering or any modification or derivation thereof unless the board of registration for this profession has issued to the applicant or registrant a certificate of authorization or a letter indicating eligibility to receive the certificate. The certificate or letter from the board shall be filed with the firm's application for incorporation or registration.
 - (f) Effective one year after the effective date of this article, the secretary of state shall decline to register any trade name or service mark which includes the words engineer, engineering or modifications or derivatives thereof in its firm name or logotype except those firms holding authorization certificates issued under the provisions of this article.
 - (g) The certificate of authorization may be renewed.

§30-13-18. Expirations and renewals.

1 Certificates of registration and certificates of authorization for firms expire on the last day of the month of

- 3 June following issuance and are invalid after that date
- 4 unless renewed. The secretary of the board shall notify
- 5 every person registered and every firm holding a
- 6 certification of authorization under this article of the
- 7 pending expiration of a certificate of registration or
- 8 certificate of authorization issued to that person or firm
- 9 including notice of the fee required to renew the
- 10 registration or certificate. The notice shall be mailed to
- 11 the registrant or firm at their last known address at
- 12 least one month in advance of the date of the expiration.
- 13 An expired certificate may be renewed under rules
- 14 promulgated by the board and may require reexamina-
- 15 tion and the payment of penalty fees.

§30-13-19. Reissuance of certificates.

- 1 A new certificate of registration or certificate of
- 2 authorization to replace any certificate lost, destroyed or
- 3 mutilated may be issued subject to the rules of the
- 4 board. A charge established by rule shall be made for
- 5 each new certificate.

§30-13-20. Public works.

- 1 Government agencies, authorities, officials and
- 2 employees may not engage in the practice of engineering
- 3 involving either public or private property unless the
- 1 provisions of this article are met.

§30-13-21. Disciplinary action—Revocation, suspension, refusal to issue, restore or renew, probation, fine, reprimand.

- 1 (a) The board may suspend or revoke or refuse to
- 2 issue, restore or renew a certificate of registration of,
- 3 or place on probation, fine or reprimand any profes-
- 4 sional engineer who has:
- 5 (1) Perpetrated any fraud or deceit in obtaining or
- 6 attempting to obtain or renew a certificate of registra-
- 7 tion or certificate of authorization:
- 8 (2) Been negligent, incompetent or committed an act of misconduct in the practice of engineering:
- 9 of misconduct in the practice of engineering;
- 10 (3) Been convicted of or has entered a plea of nolo
- 11 contendere to any crime under the laws of the United

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- 12 States or any state or territory thereof, which is a felony
- 13 whether related to practice or not; and conviction of or
- 14 entry of a plea of nolo contendere to any crime, whether
- 15 a felony, misdemeanor or otherwise, an essential
- 16 element of which is dishonesty, or which is directly
- 17 related to the practice of engineering;
 - (4) Failed to comply with any of the provisions of this article or any of the rules promulgated under it;
 - (5) Been disciplined by another state, territory, the District of Columbia, foreign country, the United States government or any other governmental agency, if at least one of the grounds for discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those grounds for discipline contained in this article:
 - (6) Failed within thirty days to provide information requested by the board as a result of a formal or informal complaint to the board which would indicate a violation of this article;
 - (7) Knowingly made false statements or signed false statements, certificates or affidavits to induce payment;
- 32 (8) Aided or assisted another person in violating any 33 provision of this article or the rules promulgated;
 - (9) Violated any terms of probation imposed by the board or using a seal or practicing engineering while the professional engineer's license is suspended, revoked, nonrenewed or inactive:
- 38 (10) Signed or affixed the professional engineer's seal 39 or permitted the professional engineer's seal or signa-40 ture to be affixed to any specifications, reports, 41 drawings, plans, design information, construction documents or calculations or revisions which have not 42 been prepared or completely checked by the professional 43 engineer or under the professional engineer's direct 44 supervision or control; 45
- 46 (11) Engaged in dishonorable, unethical or unprofes-47 sional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud 48 or harm the public;
 - (12) Provided false testimony or information to the

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- 50 board: and
- 51 (13) Been habitually intoxicated or addicted to or by 52 the use of drugs or alcohol.
- In addition to any other penalty provided in this 53 54 article, any person who violates any provision of this article or any rule promulgated by the board may be 55 56 fined by the board for each offense in an amount 57 determined by the board.
- 58 (b) The board shall prepare and shall adopt "rules of 59 professional responsibility for professional engineers". 60 The board may revise and amend these "rules of 61 professional responsibility for professional engineers" 62 from time to time and shall notify each registrant in writing of any revisions or amendments. 63
- 64 (c) The board may:
 - (1) Revoke a certificate of authorization:
- (2) Suspend a certificate of authorization of any firm 66 for a period of time not exceeding two years where one 67 68 or more of its officers or directors of the firm have been found guilty of any conduct which would authorize a 69 revocation or suspension of his or her certificate of 70 registration under the provisions of this article; 71
- 72 (3) Place the person or firm on probation for a period 73 of time and make the person or firm subject to conditions as the board may specify: 74
- (4) Levy a fine for each count or separate offense in 75 an amount set by the board. 76

§30-13-22. Disciplinary action—Procedures.

- (a) Any person may file a complaint with the board 1 that a person or firm subject to the provisions of this 2 article has committed a fraud, been deceitful. been grossly negligent, incompetent, guilty of misconduct or 4 has violated the "rules of professional responsibility for 5 6 professional engineers".
- (b) All complaints, unless dismissed by the board as unfounded, trivial or unless settled informally, shall be heard by the board within six months after the date 9 each complaint was received by the board.

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- 11 (c) The board shall fix the time and place for 12 hearings on complaints and a copy of all charges, 13 together with a notice of the time and place of hearing 14 on the complaint the person or firm complained against 15 or mailed to the last known address of the person or firm holding a certificate of authorization at least thirty days 16 17 prior to the hearing. At the hearing, the individual 18 registrant or firm holding a certificate of authorization shall have the right to appear in person or by counsel, 19 20 or both, to cross-examine witnesses and to produce 21 evidence and witnesses in his, her or its defense. If the 22 accused person or corporation fails or refuses to appear, 23 the board may proceed to hear the complaint and 24 determine the validity of the charges.
- 25 (d) If after the hearing a majority of the board votes in favor of sustaining the charges, the board shall 26 27 reprimand or fine the person or firm complained 28 against. The board may also suspend, revoke, refuse to 29 issue or refuse to restore or renew an individual's 30 certificate of registration or a firm's certificate of 31 authorization. In addition, the board may place a 32 registrant on probation.
 - (e) An individual registrant, having a certificate of registration, or a firm, having a certificate of authorization, aggrieved by any action of the board in levying a fine, denying, suspending, refusing to issue, refusing to restore or renew or revoking a certificate of registration or a certificate of authorization, may appeal the board's decision to the circuit court.
- 40 (f) Any penalty assessed as a result of a hearing shall 41 be paid within fifty days after the decision becomes 42 final.
- (g) The board may, upon petition of an individual registrant or firm holding a certificate of authorization, reissue a certificate of registration or authorization, provided that a majority of the members of the board votes in favor of such issuance.

§30-13-23. Criminal offenses.

1 Any person who practices or offers to practice

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2 engineering in this state without being registered in 3 accordance with the provisions of this article, or any 4 person, firm, partnership, organization, association. 5 corporation or other entity using or employing the words 6 engineer, engineering or any modification or derivative 7 thereof in its name or form of business activity except 8 as authorized in this article, or any person presenting 9 or attempting to use the certificate of registration or the 10 seal of another, or any person who gives any false or 11 forged evidence of any kind to the board or to any 12 member thereof in obtaining or attempting to obtain a certificate of registration, or any person who falsely 13 14 impersonates any other registrant of like or different 15 name, or any person who attempts to use an expired, 16 suspended or revoked or nonexistent certificate of 17 registration, or who practices or offers to practice when not qualified, or any person who falsely claims that he 18 19 or she is registered or authorized under this article, or 20 any person who violates any of the provisions of this 21 article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 22 thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred 23 dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than 24 six months, or both fined and imprisoned.

Any person who commits a second or subsequent offense under this section is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than ten nor more than twenty years.

The attorney general may act as legal adviser to the board and render any legal assistance as may be necessary in carrying out the provisions of this article. The board may employ counsel and necessary assistance to aid in the enforcement of this article and the compensation and expenses of the council shall be paid from the funds of the board.

§30-13-24. Exemptions.

- This article may not be construed to prevent the practice by:
- 3 (a) Other professions. The practice of any other 4 legally recognized profession;

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- (b) Temporary permits. The practice or offer to practice engineering by a person not a resident of or having no established place of business in this state, provided the person is legally qualified by registration to practice engineering, as defined in this article, in their own state or country. The person shall make application to the board in writing and after payment of a fee established by the board may be granted a written permit for a definite period of time not to exceed one year to do a specific job: Provided, That no right to practice engineering shall accrue to the applicant with respect to any other works not set forth in the permit; and
 - (c) Employees and subordinates. The work of an employee or a subordinate of a person holding a certificate of registration under this article, or an employee of a person practicing lawfully: Provided, That the work does not include final engineering designs or decisions and is done under the direct supervision of and verified by a person holding a certificate of registration under this article or a person practicing lawfully. Any regular full-time employee of a person, partnership. corporation or other business entity who is engaged solely and exclusively in performing services for such person, partnership, corporation or other business entity, who is not required by any provision of the law other than this article to be a registered professional engineer and whose services are performed on, or in connection with, property owned or leased by such person, partnership, corporation or other business entity, or in which such person, partnership, corporation or other business entity has an interest, estate or possessory right, and are not offered or made available to the public. This exemption includes the use of job title and personal classification by such person, but no name. title or words may be used which tend to convey the impression that an unlicensed person is offering professional engineering services to the public.

CHAPTER 166

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4489-By Delegates Campbell and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article thirteena, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing a surveyor-in-training examination.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article thirteen-a, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13A. LAND SURVEYORS.

- §30-13A-5. Qualifications of applicants for licenses; surveyor-in-training applications; fees; examinations.
 - 1 (a) To be eligible for a license to engage in the 2 practice of land surveying, the applicant must:
 - 3 (1) Be at least eighteen years of age:
 - 4 (2) Be of good moral character;
 - (3) Have been a resident of the United States for one 5 6 year immediately preceding the date of application;
 - (4) Not have been convicted of a crime involving 7 8 moral turpitude:
- 9 (5) Have four years or more experience in the practice of land surveying under the supervision of a person 10 authorized to practice land surveying in this state, or a 11 12 person authorized in another state or country to engage 13 in the practice of land surveying; and each year of satisfactory study in a surveying or equivalent curric-14 ulum shall be substituted for one year of experience, but 15 only two years of such experience requirement may be fulfilled by such study. On and after the first day of
- 16
- 17 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, six years 18
- or more of such experience under the supervision of a 19

licensee or a person authorized in another state or country to engage in the practice of land surveying shall be required by those applicants who are graduates of a surveying or equivalent curriculum of two scholastic years or more. However, only three years of such experience may be fulfilled by such study, and eight years of such experience under the supervision of a person authorized to practice land surveying in this state, or a person authorized in another state or country to engage in the practice of land surveying, shall be required for those applicants who are not graduates of a surveying or equivalent curriculum; and

- (6) Have passed the examination prescribed by the board, which examination shall cover the basic subject matter of land surveying and land surveying skills and techniques.
- (b) Any applicant for any such license shall submit an application therefor on forms provided by the board. Such application shall be verified and shall contain a statement of the applicant's education and experience, the names of five persons for reference (at least three of whom shall be licensees or persons authorized in another state or country to engage in the practice of land surveying, who have knowledge of his work) and such other information as the board may from time to time by reasonable rule prescribe.
- (c) An applicant shall pay to the board with his application an examination fee for the purpose of covering the cost of the examination not to exceed two hundred dollars as determined by the board by rule.
- (d) Examinations shall be held at least once each year at such time and place as the board shall determine. The scope of the examination and methods of procedure shall be determined by the board. An applicant who fails to pass all or any part of an examination may reapply at any time and shall furnish additional information as requested by the board. The cost of reexamination will be based on the cost of the examination as determined by the board by rule.
 - (e) The board shall offer a surveyor-in-training (SIT)

60 examination to applicants who meet the requirements of 61 subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4), subsection (a) of this 62 section, and are graduates of a surveying or equivalent 63 curriculum of two or more years which has been 64 approved by the board of examiners of land surveyors. 65 The examination shall include an eight-hour portion of 66 fundamentals in science, mathematics and surveying. 67 Applicants must pass the other portions of the surveyor-68 in-training examination and complete the work expe-69 rience and other requirements of this section before they are allowed to take the second eight-hour examination 70 71 which consists of principles and practices.

CHAPTER 167

(H. B. 4689-By Delegate Cerra)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article sixteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to license renewal fees and continuing education requirements for a chiropractic physician.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article sixteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. CHIROPRACTORS.

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§30-16-7. License; annual renewal fee; effect of failure to renew; reinstatement.

1 All holders of certificates of license to practice 2 chiropractic in this state shall renew them annually on 3 or before the first day of July of each year: (1) By paying the board an annual renewal fee in an amount deter-4 mined by the board; and (2) by presenting to the board 5 evidence of twelve hours or more of continuing educa-6 tion each year as prescribed by the board. The West

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8 Virginia board of chiropractic examiners shall establish 9 by rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-10 11 a of this code, all continuing education requirements and 12 all criteria for fulfillment of such continuing education 13 requirements. The board shall notify each certificate 14 holder by mail, at least thirty days prior to the first day of July of each year, of the necessity of renewing his or 15 her certificate. The first annual renewal fee shall be due 16 on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 17 18 sixty-five.

The failure to renew a certificate of license to practice chiropractic shall operate as an automatic suspension of the rights and privileges granted by its issuance.

A certificate of license suspended by a failure to make an annual renewal may be reinstated by the board upon presentation of evidence of completion of the required hours of continuing education for each year such license has been suspended; payment of all fees that would have been paid had the certificate holder maintained his certificate in good standing and the payment to the board of a reinstatement fee in an amount determined by the board; but no certificate shall be reinstated after a lapse of three years. After a lapse of three years, license may be issued only after the former certificate holder subsequent to said lapse has passed the examination provided for in this article.

CHAPTER 168

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4656—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Richards)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, article seventeen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the board of registration for

sanitarians and its functions; stating qualifications, appointment, compensation and expenses of members; providing for registration of sanitarians and sanitarians-in-training; certificates of registration; fees; revocation; expenditures of funds; and criminal penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, article seventeen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 17. SANITARIANS.

- §30-17-3. Registration of sanitarians required.
- §30-17-4. Qualifications for registration.
- §30-17-5. Qualifications for registration as a sanitarian-in-training.
- §30-17-6. Examination for registration as a sanitarian.
- §30-17-7. Board of registration for sanitarians.
- §30-17-8. Terms of office.
- §30-17-9. Board organization; duties of the board, officers, compensation, seal and meetings.
- §30-17-11. Application; fees; renewals, etc.
- §30-17-12. Suspension or revocation of registration.
- §30-17-13. Reciprocity.
- §30-17-14. Use of title.

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§30-17-15. Violation; penalty.

§30-17-3. Registration of sanitarians required.

- 1 On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred ninety-two, no person shall perform or offer to
- 3 perform the duties of a sanitarian in this state without
- 4 first applying for and obtaining from the state board of
- 5 registration for sanitarians a certificate of registration
- 6 as a sanitarian or a sanitarian-in-training.

§30-17-4. Qualifications for registration.

- 1 Any person desiring to be registered as a sanitarian
- 2 may make application to the board on a form prescribed 3 by the board. The board shall accept such application
- when submitted if accompanied by the required fees.
- 5 Persons meeting the following qualifications shall be
- 6 eligible for registration under this article:
 - (a) Graduate with a baccalaureate or higher degree

- 8 from an accredited college or university.
- 9 (b) Successfully completed a sanitarian's training
- 10 course of a minimum of three hundred hours approved
- 11 by the board of registration within twelve months of
- hire, employed as a sanitarian in an official health 12
- department or allied agency for a period of not less than 13
- 14 two years, and has passed an examination given and
- 15 conducted by the board under the provisions of this
- 16 article.
- 17 (c) A master's or higher degree in public health,
- 18 environmental science, sanitary science, community
- 19 hygiene or other science field as approved by the board
- 20 of registration may be substituted for one of the
- 21 required years of experience.
- 22 (d) Any person who on or before the first day of July,
- 23 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, has been
- 24 registered as a sanitarian in the state of West Virginia.

§30-17-5. Qualifications for registration as a sanitarianin-training.

- 1 Any person meeting the educational qualifications of
- 2 section four, subdivisions (a) and (c) of this article, but
- 3 who does not meet the experience requirements of said
- 4 section may make application to the board on a form
- prescribed by the board for registration as a sanitarian-5
- 6 in-training. The board shall accept such application
- when submitted, if accompanied by the required fees.

Examination for registration as a sanitarian. **§30-17-6**.

- 1 (a) On and after the first day of July, one thousand
- nine hundred ninety-two, only persons who meet the 2
- education and experience requirements in section four, 3 subdivisions (a), (b) and (c) of this article, shall be
- 4
- eligible for admission to examination for registration as 5
- a sanitarian. 6

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- (b) Examination for the registration of sanitarians-intraining may be required by the discretion of the board.
- (c) Examination for registration of sanitarians under 9 this article, shall be administered not less than once
- 10 each calendar year, in the state at such times and places 11

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- as may be specified from time to time by the board. Such examination may be written, oral, or both, and shall include applicable subjects in the field of environ-mental sanitation as it relates to public health and such other subjects pertinent to the qualifications of sanitar-ians such as, the board may prescribe, physical, biological and sanitary sciences or environmental health and community hygiene. The examination shall be objective and of practical character. The examination papers shall not disclose the name of any applicant. but shall be identified by a number assigned by the chairperson of the board.
 - (d) A person shall not be registered if he or she fails to meet the minimum grade requirements for examination specified by the board. If an applicant fails to meet such minimum grade requirements in his or her first examination, he or she may be reexamined at any time and place specified by the board for the administration of such examination and upon resubmitting his or her application accompanied by the prescribed fees.
 - (e) The board shall hold at least one meeting each year to review and evaluate applications for registration as sanitarians and sanitarians-in-training, conduct examinations, review and approve all bills, prepare and approve reports, and transact all other business as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this article.
 - (f) The board shall issue certificates of registration to which the official seal of the board has been affixed, and shall annually issue numbered identification cards to applicants who have been found qualified as sanitarians and sanitarians-in-training.
 - (g) The board may hold hearings for the purpose of administrative adjudication of such matters as may properly come before it, make the necessary determinations in conjunction therewith and issue such orders as may be consistent with the findings. The board may designate one or more of its members as a hearing agent. Such agent or representative shall conduct such hearings in the manner provided by law.
 - (h) Three members of the board shall constitute a

- 52 quorum and special meetings of the board shall be 53 called by the chairperson upon written request of any two members of the board, or upon a written request 54 55 signed by ten registered sanitarians.
- 56 (i) All board meetings shall be open to the public with 57 the exception of the executive board sessions.
- 58 (j) The chairperson of the board shall receive and 59 account for all money received from the operation of this 60 article.
- 61 (k) The examination papers and records pertaining thereto shall be filed with the board and retained for 62 63 at least one year.

§30-17-7. Board of registration for sanitarians.

1 A board for the registration and examination of 2 sanitarians and sanitarians-in-training is hereby established to be known as the board of registration for 3 sanitarians. The board shall consist of the commissioner 4 of the bureau of public health, who shall be a nonvoting, 5 6 ex officio member and secretary of the board, and five 7 registered sanitarians to be appointed by the governor, 8 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Each member appointed by the governor shall have been 9 10 engaged in active practice as a registered sanitarian in this state for at least five years prior to his or her 11 appointment, and except in the case of the original 12 13 members of the board, shall have been registered in this

Terms of office. §30-17-8.

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state as a registered sanitarian.

On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 hundred ninety-two, the governor shall name the five 2 original appointive board members for terms of one, 3 two, three, four and five years respectively, beginning 4 on that date. Thereafter each appointment shall be for 5 a term of five years, except that an appointment to fill 6 a vacancy shall be for the unexpired term. The gover-7 nor, with the concurrence of the board, may remove an 8 appointive board member for misconduct in office, 9 incompetency, conflict of interest, neglect of duty or 10

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- other sufficient cause after due notice and hearing, if requested.
- §30-17-9. Board organization; duties of the board, officers, compensation, seal and meetings.
 - 1 (a) The members of the board shall, as soon as 2 appointed, organize and annually thereafter in the 3 month of July, elect from their number a chairperson
 - 4 and vice chairperson.
 - (b) The board shall make such rules as are necessary
 to carry out the provisions of this article.
- 7 (c) Funds collected under the provisions of this article 8 shall be used exclusively to pay compensation and 9 expenses of the board and to administer the provisions 10 of this article.
- 11 (d) The board may at such times as it deems neces-12 sary employ such administrative employees or other 13 persons as may be necessary to carry out the provisions 14 of this article.

§30-17-11. Application; fees; renewals, etc.

- 1 The board shall prescribe and provide an application 2 form for use of all applicants. Applicants for registration as sanitarians shall deposit a fee of twenty dollars, 4 and applicants for registration as sanitarians-in-5 training shall deposit a fee of twenty dollars, at the time 6 of making application for registration. The board may 7 also assess an additional fee for the cost of the exam-8 ination when deemed necessary. Should the board deny 9 the issuance of a certificate to any applicant, the initial 10 fee deposited shall be retained as a fee for processing and evaluating the application. 11
- All sanitarians and sanitarians-in-training registered under the provisions of this article may renew their certificates by paying the board an annual renewal fee of twenty dollars and proof of fifteen hours of continuing education hours. These hours are to be earned annually and the courses approved by the board (excluding

retirees of an official health department). Said fee and 18 19 proof of educational hours shall be due and payable on 20 or before the first day of July for which a renewal 21 certificate for the current year shall be issued. All 22 certificates shall expire on the renewal date unless 23 renewed prior to such date. Registrations expired for 24 failure to pay renewal fees may be reinstated only upon 25 the payment of all lapsed renewal fees up to five years 26 and submit to training approved by the board if in 27 excess of five years.

§30-17-12. Suspension or revocation of registration.

1 The board shall have the power to suspend or revoke. 2 after due notice and proper hearing, a certificate of 3 registration when the holder is found guilty of unpro-4 fessional conduct, the practice of fraud or deceit in 5 obtaining a certificate of registration, dereliction of 6 duty, conflict of interest, incompetence in the practice 7 of environmental sanitation, malfeasance or misfeasance 8 in office, any criminal, infamous, dishonest, immoral or 9 notoriously disgraceful conduct, drug addiction or 10 habitual use of intoxicants to excess, any acts which 11 furnish reasonable grounds for belief by the board that 12 the certificate holder may be subject to coercion, 13 influence or pressure which may cause him or her to act 14 contrary to the best interest of the profession, or for 15 other good and sufficient cause. Notice of hearing in 16 writing shall be given not less than thirty days prior to the date of the hearing, designating the time and place 17 of hearing and providing the certificate holder with a 18 copy of the charges against him or her. The person 19 20 charged shall be entitled to be represented at the hearing and present evidence in his or her defense. 21 Every order of the board causing the suspension or 22 revocation of a certificate of registration shall be 23 predicated on findings based upon the record of hearing: 24 the determination of the board may be reviewed by a 25 court only to determine whether the board abused its 26 discretion or exceeded its jurisdiction. 27

1 The board shall, upon application therefor, and upon 2 payment of a fee of twenty dollars, issue a certificate of registration as a sanitarian to any person who holds a 4 certificate of registration issued to him or her by the proper authority of any state, or territory, or possession 6 of the United States, or any country: Provided, That the 7 requirements for the registration of sanitarians under 8 which the certificate was issued do not conflict with the 9 provisions of this article and at the time said certificate was granted were of a standard not lower than those 10 specified in section four, subdivisions (a), (b) and (c) of 11 12 this article.

§30-17-14. Use of title.

Only a person who has qualified as a registered sanitarian and who holds a valid current registration certificate for use in this state shall have the right and privilege of using the title, "registered sanitarian" and

to use the abbreviation, "R.S." after his or her name.

§30-17-15. Violation; penalty.

1 It shall be unlawful for any person to represent 2 himself or herself as, or perform duties of a registered 3 sanitarian without being duly registered and the holder 4 of a currently valid certificate of registration issued by 5 the board.

On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, each person practicing as a sanitarian shall hold a valid certificate as a registered sanitarian or sanitarian-in-training.

10 A person who violates the provisions of this article is, 11 upon conviction thereof, guilty of a misdemeanor, and 12 shall be punished by a fine not to exceed two hundred 13 dollars, or imprisoned for not more than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned. Magistrates have concurrent 14 jurisdiction with circuit courts to enforce the provisions 15 of this article. In addition, the board is authorized and 16 empowered to apply to any court having equity powers, 17 or to the judge thereof in vacation, for an injunction to 18 restrain any violation of the provisions of this article. 19

CHAPTER 169

(S. B. 311—By Senator Spears)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and two, article twenty-five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to nursing home administrators; designating such administrators as professionals; increasing from two to six the number of such administrators appointed to the nursing home administrators licensing board; specifying the terms to be served by such additional board members appointed in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two; and making technical corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and two, article twenty-five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 25. NURSING HOME ADMINISTRATORS.

§30-25-1. Definitions.

§30-25-2. West Virginia nursing home administrators licensing board; creation; appointment, qualifications, term, etc., of members; vacancies; meetings, quorum; chairman; salaries and expenses.

§30-25-1. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:
- 3 (1) The term "nursing home" means a nursing home 4 as that term is defined in subdivision (c), section two, article five-c, chapter sixteen of this code.
- 6 (2) The term "nursing home administrator" means a professional who is an individual responsible for 8 planning, organizing, directing and controlling a nursing home, or who in fact performs such functions, whether or not such individual has an ownership interest in the nursing home and whether or not such

- 12 functions are shared with one or more other persons.
- 13 (3) The term "board" shall mean the West Virginia
- 14 nursing home administrators licensing board created by
- 15 this article.
- 16 (4) The term "person" or "applicant" shall mean an
- 17 individual.

§30-25-2. West Virginia nursing home administrators licensing board; creation; appointment, qualification, term, etc., of members; vacancies; meetings, quorum; chairman; salaries and expenses.

1 There is hereby created a state board to be known and designated as the "West Virginia nursing home admin-2 3 istrators licensing board" which shall consist of eleven members, all of whom except a lay member, as provided 4 5 for in section four-a, article one, chapter thirty of this code, shall be appointed by the governor, by and with 6 the advice and consent of the Senate. One of the 7 8 members shall be a member of the medical profession whose practice involves gerontology, one member shall 9 be a licensed pharmacist, one member shall be a 10 registered nurse with experience in the care of elderly 11 patients, one member shall be a person with experience 12 13 or education in the field of aging, and six such members 14 shall be persons who have been engaged in the management of an operating nursing home for four years 15 16 immediately prior to the date of appointment, who shall 17 hereinafter be referred to as nursing home administra-18 tors. The eleventh member shall be a lay member. No 19 member of the board, other than the six nursing home 20 administrators, shall have any direct or indirect 21 financial or pecuniary interest in any nursing home in 22 this state. Of the original board members appointed, the 23 one who is a registered nurse shall serve for one year, 24 the one who has experience or education in the field of 25 aging shall serve for two years, the one who is a member 26 of the medical profession shall serve for three years, the one who is a licensed pharmacist shall serve for four 27 years, one of the two nursing home administrators shall 28 serve for five years, and the other nursing home 29

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30 administrator shall serve for six years. Of the members 31 appointed for the positions added in the year one 32 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, one shall serve for 33 six years, one shall serve for five years, one shall serve 34 for four years, and one shall serve for three years. All 35 subsequent appointments shall be for six years, except. 36 that in case of a vacancy, the appointee shall be 37 appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term. Any 38 vacancy shall be filled by appointment of the governor, 39 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from 40 the same group as was represented by the outgoing 41 member. All members of the board, unless sooner 42 removed, shall continue to serve until their respective 43 terms expire and until their successors are appointed 44 and have qualified.

CHAPTER 170

(H. B. 4597—By Delegates Rutledge and Stemple)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article twentyseven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to barbers, beauticians and manicurists; renewal of license; fee; penalty for late renewal; withdrawal from active practice.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article twenty-seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§30-27-4. Renewal of license; fee; penalty for late renewal; withdrawal from active practice.

- Every licensed barber, beautician or manicurist who desires to continue in active practice or service shall,
- annually upon or before the first day of January, renew his or her license and pay an annual renewal fee of
- his or her license and pay an annual renewal lee of twenty-five dollars. For any renewal which is more than

6 thirty days late, a penalty of five dollars shall be added 7 to the regular renewal fee, and an additional five dollar 8 penalty for each successive thirty-day period said 9 renewal fee is late, not to exceed a total renewal fee of two hundred five dollars. Any license not renewed for 10 11 three successive years shall be deemed inactive and shall not be liable for additional renewal fees, but may be 12 reactivated by written request to the board and payment 13 14 of any accrued unpaid renewal fees, not to exceed a total 15 renewal fee of two hundred five dollars. Every licensed barber, beautician or manicurist who does not desire to 16 17 continue in active practice shall notify the board in 18 writing, and shall, during such period, be listed by the board as being inactive, and shall not be required to 19 20 renew his or her license until such time as he or she shall again become active, and during such inactive 21 22 period he or she shall not be liable for any renewal fees.

CHAPTER 171

(H. B. 4388—By Delegates S. Cook and Brown)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article twentyeight, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the period of time a nonlicensed occupational therapist may practice in the state of West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article twenty-eight, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§30-28-7. License required; persons and practices not affected.

- 1 (a) No person may hold himself out as an occupational 2 therapist or an occupational therapy assistant in this 3 state unless he is licensed in accordance with the
- 4 provisions of this article.

- 5 (b) Nothing in this article shall be construed as 6 preventing or restricting the practice, services or activities of:
- 8 (1) Any person licensed under any other law of this 9 state, including physicians, nurses, clinical psycholo-10 gists, speech pathologists and audiologists, dentists and 11 physical therapists, from engaging in the profession or 12 occupation for which he is licensed;
 - (2) Any person employed as an occupational therapist or an occupational therapy assistant by the government of the United States, if such a person provides occupational therapy solely under the direction or control of the organization by which he is employed;
 - (3) Any person pursuing a course of study leading to a degree or certificate in occupational therapy in an educational program which is accredited by the American occupational therapy association in collaboration with the American medical association, or in an educational program approved by the American occupational therapy association, and if such person is designated by a title which clearly indicates his status as a student or trainee;
 - (4) Any person fulfilling the supervised field work experience, if such activities and services constitute a part of the experience necessary to meet the requirements of section eight of this article;
 - (5) Any person performing occupational therapy services in this state not licensed under this article, if such services are performed for no more than ninety consecutive days a calendar year in association with an occupational therapist licensed under this article, if such person meets the qualification for license under this article, except for the qualifying examination; or
 - (6) Any person performing occupational therapy services in this state not licensed under this article, if such services are performed for no more than ninety consecutive calendar days in a calendar year and if:
 - (A) Such a person is licensed under the law of another state which has licensure requirements equivalent to the requirements of this article; or

45 (B) Such a person meets the requirements for certi-46 fication as an occupational therapist registered (OTR) or 47 a certified occupational therapy assistant (COTA) 48 established by the American occupational therapy 49 association.

CHAPTER 172

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4416—By Delegates Ashcraft and Spencer)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirtytwo, relating to the licensure and regulation of audiologists and speech-language pathologists; stating legislative intent: providing definitions: providing requirements for speech-language pathology and audiology assistants: defining persons and practices affected; defining persons and practices not affected; providing exemption from civil liability; establishing the board of examiners for speech-language pathology and audiology; requiring meetings of the board; providing compensation: establishing powers and duties of the board: establishing special revenue account: establishing qualifications for licensure; providing for provisional license; providing for license renewal; providing for reinstatement of expired licenses; providing disciplinary actions; providing procedures for hearing; providing for judicial review; providing for action to enjoin violations; providing civil and criminal penalties; providing for termination of the board; and providing for severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-two, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 32. SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGISTS AND AUDI-OLOGISTS.

- §30-32-1. Purpose and legislative intent.
- §30-32-2. Definitions.
- §30-32-3. Speech-language pathology and audiology assistants.
- §30-32-4. Persons and practices affected.
- §30-32-5. Persons and practices not affected.
- §30-32-6. Exemption from civil liability.
- §30-32-7. Board of examiners for speech-language pathology and audiology.
- §30-32-8. Meetings of the board.
- §30-32-9. Compensation.
- §30-32-10. Powers and duties of the board.
- §30-32-11. Funds.
- §30-32-12. Qualifications for license.
- §30-32-13. Waiver of requirements.
- §30-32-14. Provisional license.
- §30-32-15. License renewal.
- §30-32-16. Reinstatement of expired licenses.
- §30-32-17. Disciplinary actions.
- §30-32-18. Procedures for hearing.
- §30-32-19. Judicial review; appeal to supreme court of appeals; legal counsel.
- §30-32-20. Actions to enjoin violations.
- §30-32-21. Penalties.
- §30-32-22. Termination of board.
- §30-32-23. Severability.

§30-32-1. Purpose and legislative intent.

- 1 It is hereby declared to be a policy of this state that
- 2 the practice of speech-language pathology and audiology
- 3 is a privilege granted to qualified persons and that, in
- order to safeguard the public health, safety and welfare, protect the public from being misled by incompetent,
- 6 unscrupulous and unauthorized persons, and protect the
- 7 public from unprofessional conduct by qualified speech-
- 8 language pathologists and audiologists, it is necessary to
- 9 provide regulatory authority over persons offering
- 10 speech-language pathology and audiology services as
- 11 designated in this article.

§30-32-2. Definitions.

- For the purpose of this article, the terms defined shall not include persons employed or contracted by the West
- 2 not include persons employed or contracted by the West 3 Virginia Board of Education, a county board of educa-
- 4 tion, or a Regional Education Service Agency:
- 5 (a) "Audiologist" means any person who engages in
- the practice of audiology and who meets the qualifications set forth in this article. A person represents
- tions set forth in this article. If person represents himself or herself to be an audiologist when he or she

- holds out to the public by any means, or by any service or function he or she performs, directly or indirectly, or by using the terms "audiology," "audiologist," "audiome-try," "audiometrist," "audiological," "audiometrics," "hearing therapy," "hearing therapist," "hearing clinic," "hearing clinician," "hearing center," "hearing aid audiologist," or any variation, synonym, coinage or whatever expresses, employs, or implies these terms, names or functions.
 - (b) "Audiology" means the application of principles, methods, and procedures related to hearing and the disorders of hearing and to related language and speech disorders. Disorders means and includes any and all conditions, whether of organic or nonorganic origin, peripheral or central, that impede the normal process of human communication including, but not limited to, disorders of auditory sensitivity, acuity, function or processing.
 - (c) "Audiology assistant," or any variation, synonym, or coinage of the term, means an individual who meets minimum qualifications established by the board, which are less than those established by this article as necessary for licensing as an audiologist; who does not act independently; and who works under the direction and supervision of an audiologist licensed under this article.
 - (d) "Board" means the West Virginia board of examiners for speech-language pathology and audiology.
 - (e) "Instruction" means: (1) Providing speech-language pathology or audiology services or teaching in infant/toddler, preschool, elementary or secondary school programs except for services provided by those persons employed or contracted by the West Virginia board of education, a county board of education or a regional education service agency; or (2) teaching students in institutions of higher education.
 - (f) "Person" means and includes any individual, partnership, trust, association, corporation or other like organization, or any combination thereof, except that only individuals can be licensed under this article.

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- (g) "Practice of audiology" means: (1) Facilitating the conservation of auditory system function, developing and implementing environmental and occupational hearing conservation programs; (2) screening, identifying, assessing and interpreting, preventing and rehabilitating peripheral and central auditory system dysfunctions: (3) providing and interpreting behavioral and (electro) physiological measurements of auditory functions: (4) providing vestibular assessment and balance system rehabilitation; (5) providing neurophysiologic intraoperative monitoring; (6) selecting, fitting and 59 60 dispensing of amplification, assistive listening and 61 alerting devices and providing training in their use: (7) evaluating candidacy, fitting and providing training in 62 63 the use of implantable devices; and (8) providing aural 64 rehabilitation and related counseling services to hearing 65 impaired individuals and their families. In accordance with rules promulgated by the board, the practice of 66 67 audiology may include screening of speech-language and other factors affecting communication function for the 68 purposes of an audiologic evaluation and/or initial 69 70 identification of individuals with other communication 71 disorders.
- 72 (h) "Practice of speech-language pathology" means: 73 (1) screening, identifying, assessing and interpreting, diagnosing, preventing, and rehabilitating disorders of 74 speech (e.g., articulation, fluency, and language); (2) 75 76 screening, identifying, assessing and interpreting, evaluating and rehabilitating disorders of oral-pharyn-77 geal function (e.g., dysphagia) voice and related dis-78 orders; (3) screening, identifying, assessing and inter-79 and rehabilitating diagnosing 80 preting. tive/communication disorders; (4) assessing, selecting 81 and developing augmentative and alternative commun-82 ication systems and providing training in their use: (5) 83 providing aural rehabilitation and related counseling 84 services to hearing impaired individuals and their 85 families; and (6) enhancing speech-language proficiency 86 and communication effectiveness (e.g., accent reduc-87 tion). In accordance with rules promulgated by the 88 board, the practice of speech-language pathology may 89 include screening of hearing and other factors affecting 90

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- ommunication function for the purposes of a speechlanguage evaluation and/or initial identification of individuals with other communication disorders.
 - (i) "Research" means a systematic investigation designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge about human communication, human communication disorders, and/or evaluation or treatment strategies. Activities meeting this definition constitute research: Provided, That as used above and for the purposes of this article, research does not include activities that take place under the auspices of a recognized institutional review board which reviews, approves, and monitors proposals and activities involving human subjects to ensure that the rights and welfare of such subjects are protected.
 - (i) "Speech-language pathologist" means any person who engages in the practice of speech-language pathology and who meets the qualifications set forth in this article. A person represents himself or herself to be a speech-language pathologist when he or she holds out to the public by any means, or by any service or function he or she performs, directly or indirectly, or by using the terms "speech therapy," "speech therapist," "speech correction," "speech correctionist," "speech clinic," "speech clinician." "language pathology," "language pathologist," "voice therapy," "voice therapist," "voice pathology," "voice pathologist," "logopedics," "logopedist," "communicology," "communicologist," "aphasiology," "aphasiologist," "phoniatrist," or any variation, synonym, coinage or whatever expresses, employs, or implies these terms, names or functions.
 - (k) "Speech-language pathology" means the application of principles, methods, and procedures related to the development and disorders of human communication. Disorders are defined to include any and all conditions, whether of organic or nonorganic origin, that impede the normal process of human communication including, but not limited to, disorders and related disorders of speech, articulation, fluency, voice, verbal and written language, auditory comprehension, cogni-

- 131 tion/communication, and oral, pharyngeal and/or 132 laryngeal sensorimotor competencies.
- 133 (1) "Speech-language pathology assistant," or any
- variation, synonym, or coinage of the term means an 134
- 135 individual who meets minimum qualifications estab-
- 136 lished by the board, which are less than those estab-
- 137 lished by this article as necessary for licensing as a
- 138 speech-language pathologist; who does not act independ-139
- ently; and who works under the direction and supervi-
- 140 sion of a speech-language pathologist licensed under this
- 141 article.

§30-32-3. Speech-language pathology and audiology assistants.

- 1 (a) Speech-language pathologists and audiologists supervising speech-language pathology and audiology 2
- 3 assistants shall:
- 4 (1) Register with the board the name of each assistant 5 working under their supervision;
- 6 (2) Be responsible for the performance of the assistant 7 and for all services provided by the assistant, consistent with the board's designated standards and require-8 9 ments: and
- (3) Ensure that persons receiving services from an 10 assistant receive prior written notification that services 11 are to be provided by an assistant. 12
- (b) The board shall establish rules to define the role 13 of the speech-language pathology or audiology assistant, 14 including, but not limited to: 15
- (1) The supervisory responsibilities of the licensee; 16
- (2) The ratio of assistants to licensees; 17
- (3) The scope of duties and restrictions of assistants' 18 responsibilities: 19
- (4) The frequency, duration and documentation of 20 direct, on-site supervision; 21
- (5) The quantity and content of preservice and 22 inservice instruction; and 23

24 (6) The procedures for renewing the registration of assistants and terminating their duties.

§30-32-4. Persons and practices affected.

1 The board shall grant licensure in either speech-2 language pathology or audiology independently. A 3 person may be licensed in both areas if he or she meets 4 the respective qualifications. Except as otherwise provided in this article, effective the first day of 6 October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, no 7 person shall practice speech-language pathology or 8 audiology or represent himself or herself as a speech-9 language pathologist or audiologist in this state, unless such person is licensed in accordance with the laws of 10 this state. A person licensed under this article as an 11 12 audiologist shall not be required to obtain a license 13 under the provisions of article twenty-six of this chapter.

§30-32-5. Persons and practices not affected.

- Nothing in this article shall be construed as preventing or restricting:
- (a) A person licensed or registered by this state in
 another profession from practicing the profession for
 which he or she is licensed or registered, so long as they
 do not hold themselves out to the public as possessing
 a license issued pursuant to this article or use a title set
 forth in section two of this article;
- 9 (b) A physician or surgeon licensed by this state while engaging in the profession for which they are licensed:
- 12 (c) Hearing testing or balance system assessment by 12 trained individuals under the direct supervision of a 13 licensed physician or surgeon, so long as such individ-14 uals do not hold themselves out to the public as 15 possessing a license issued pursuant to this article or use 16 a title set forth in section two of this article;
- 17 (d) A person employed or contracted with the West 18 Virginia Board of Education, a county board of educa-19 tion, or a Regional Education Service Agency;
- 20 (e) A person duly credentialed by this state as a 21 teacher of the deaf;

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- 22 (f) The activities and services of persons pursuing a 23 course of study leading to a degree in speech-language 24 pathology or audiology at a college or university, if:
- 25 (1) These activities and services constitute a part of 26 a planned course of study at that institution:
 - (2) Such persons are designated by a title such as intern, trainee, student, or by other such title clearly indicating the status appropriate to their level of education: and
- 31 (3) Such persons work under the supervision of a 32 person licensed by this state to practice speech-language 33 pathology or audiology.
 - (g) The activities of persons who are nonresidents of this state from engaging in the practice of speechlanguage pathology or audiology if the activities of such persons do not exceed five days in any calendar year and such persons:
- 39 (1) Meet the qualifications of this article:
- 40 (2) Register with the board in accordance with 41 procedures specified in its rules and regulations; and
- 42 (3) Agree to abide by the standards of professional 43 conduct contained in this article and rules promulgated by the board. 44
- (h) The practices and procedures of qualified licensed 45 hearing aid dealers engaged solely in the practice of 46 dealing in or fitting of hearing aids under article 47 twenty-six of this chapter; and 48
- (i) Occupational hearing conservationists engaged in 49 hearing testing as part of a hearing conservation 50 program in compliance with regulations of the Occupa-51 tional Safety and Health Administration. 52

Exemption from civil liability. §30-32-6.

While serving on any peer review committee, any 1 speech-language pathologist or audiologist shall not be 2 liable for civil damages as a result of his or her 3 decisions, findings or recommendations in connection with his or her duties on such committees, except for

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6 decisions, findings or recommendations which are arbitrary or capricious.

§30-32-7. Board of examiners for speech-language pathology and audiology.

- (a) There is hereby created a state board to be known and designated as the "West Virginia Board of Examiners for Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology" which shall consist of five members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. All members shall be residents of this state and have been residents of this state for at least two years prior to their appointments. The board shall be representative of various geographical regions of the state and of various employment settings.
- (b) Two of the members shall be speech-language pathologists who are currently practicing speechlanguage pathology or who have had three years experience practicing speech-language pathology, and who hold active and valid licensure for the practice of speech-language pathology in this state, except for the first speech-language pathologists appointed who shall meet the eligibility requirements for licensure as specified in this article. Two of the members shall be audiologists who are currently practicing audiology or who have had three years experience practicing audiology, and who hold active and valid licensure for the practice of audiology in this state, except for the first audiologists appointed who shall meet the eligibility requirements for licensure as specified in this article. The fifth member shall be a lay person who is not associated with or financially interested in the practice or business of speech-language pathology or audiology nor a member of an allied or related profession or occupation.
- (c) Within thirty days from the effective date of this article, the governor shall appoint the professional members of the first board from a list of names of at least seven speech-language pathologists and seven audiologists submitted by the state speech-language hearing association or from recommendations submitted

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37 by interested organizations or persons in the state. Each 38 subsequent appointment of professional members may 39 be made from recommendations submitted by the state 40 speech-language-hearing association which may submit 41 at least three names for each available position or from 42 recommendations submitted by other interested organ-43 izations or persons in the state. No member of the board 44 shall at the same time serve in an elected, appointed. 45 or employed position in any state-level organization 46 representing speech-language pathologists and audiolo-47 gists, or both, which presents or may present a conflict 48 of interest.

(d) Of the members first appointed, one of the audiologists and one of the speech-language pathologists shall serve for terms expiring the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, and the other of each of the professions shall serve for terms expiring the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninetyfour, and the lay member shall serve for a term expiring the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. All subsequent appointments shall be for three years. Members shall serve until the expiration of the term for which they have been appointed or until their successors have been appointed and qualified. In the event of a vacancy in the office of a member of the board other than by expiration of a term, the governor shall appoint a qualified person to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term. No member may serve more than two consecutive three year terms.

§30-32-8. Meetings of the board.

The board shall meet during the first month of each 1 calendar or fiscal year to select a chairperson and to 2 3 conduct other appropriate business, and shall hold at least one additional meeting before the end of each 4 calendar or fiscal year. Additional meetings may be held 5 at the call of the chairperson. Three members of the 6 board shall constitute a quorum to do business, includ-7 ing at least one speech-language pathologist and one 8 audiologist. 9

- 1 Members of the board shall receive a per diem of fifty
- 2 dollars for each day actually engaged in the perfor-
- 3 mance of the duties of the office, and shall also receive
- 4 reimbursement for reasonable and necessary expenses
- 5 actually incurred in the performance of their duties:
- 6 Provided, That a majority of the board shall approve
- 7 such compensation.

§30-32-10. Powers and duties of the board.

- 1 (a) The board shall:
- 2 (1) Administer, coordinate and enforce the provisions
- 3 of this article, establish licensure fees, evaluate the
- 4 qualifications of applicants, supervise the examination
- 5 of applicants, register speech-language pathology and
- 6 audiology assistants and issue and renew licenses;
- 7 (2) Investigate allegations of violations of this article 8 and impose penalties if such violations of this article
- 9 have occurred:
- 10 (3) Promulgate reasonable rules, in accordance with
- 11 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, including, but not
- 12 limited to, rules that delineate qualifications for
- 13 licensure; specify requirements for the renewal of
- 14 licensure; set forth procedures for registering speech-
- 15 language pathology and audiology assistants; and
- 16 establish standards of professional conduct. Following
- 17 their adoption, the rules shall govern and control the
- 18 professional conduct of every person who holds a license
- 19 to practice speech-language pathology or audiology or
- 20 who is registered as a speech-language pathology and
- 21 audiology assistant in this state;
- 22 (4) Have available the names of persons currently
- 23 licensed and registered under the provision of this
- 24 article;
- 25 (5) Employ such personnel as determined by its needs 26 and budget;
- 27 (6) Request legal advice and assistance, as needed, 28 from the attorney general:
- 29 (7) Enter into such contracts as necessary to carry out 30 its responsibilities under this article;

- 31 (8) Hire legal counsel, if necessary;
- 32 (9) Establish a budget;
- 33 (10) Maintain reports of its operations and finances;
- 34 (11) Adopt an official seal (or seals) by which it shall 35 authenticate its proceedings, copies of proceedings, 36 records, acts of the board and licenses; and
- 37 (12) Communicate disciplinary actions to relevant 38 state and federal authorities and to other state speech-39 language pathology and audiology licensing authorities.
- 40 (b) The conferral or enumeration of specific powers 41 elsewhere in this article shall not be construed as a 42 limitation of the general functions conferred by this 43 section.
- 44 (c) No member of the board shall be liable to civil 45 action for any act performed in good faith in the 46 performance of his or her duties as prescribed by law.

§30-32-11. Funds.

- 1 All fees and other moneys received by the board. 2 including civil penalties imposed and collected pursuant 3 to the provisions of section seventeen of this article, shall 4 be deposited in a separate account in the state treasury. 5 Expenditures for the purposes set forth in the article are 6 not authorized from collections but are to be made only 7 in accordance with appropriation and in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of 8 9 this code and upon fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of this code. 10
- Amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for the purposes set forth in this article may be transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of the Legislature.

§30-32-12. Qualifications for license.

To be eligible for licensure by the board as a speechlanguage pathologist or audiologist, the applicant shall:

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- 3 (a) Make application to the board, upon such a form 4 prescribed by the board;
 - (b) Pay to the board the appropriate application fee;
- 6 (c) Possess at least a master's degree or equivalent in
 7 speech-language pathology or audiology from an educa8 tional institution approved by the board which consists
 9 of coursework approved by the board and delineated in
 10 the rules:
- 11 (d) Complete supervised clinical practicum experien-12 ces from an educational institution or its cooperating 13 programs the content of which shall be approved by the 14 board and delineated in the rules;
- 15 (e) Complete a postgraduate professional experience 16 as approved by the board and described in the rules; and
- 17 (f) Pass the national examination in speech-language 18 pathology or audiology which is approved by the 19 American speech-language-hearing association.

§30-32-13. Waiver of requirements.

- 1 (a) The board may waive the practicum and professional experience requirements for applicants who:
- 3 (1) Provide proof of employment in the practice of 4 speech-language pathology or audiology in this state for 5 at least two out of the last five years immediately 6 preceding the effective date of this article;
- 7 (2) Pass an examination, if requested by the board;
 - (3) Apply for a license in speech-language pathology or audiology within one year after the effective date of this article; and
- 11 (4) Possess at least a master's degree or equivalent in 12 speech-language pathology or audiology from an educa-13 tional institution approved by the board which consists 14 of coursework approved by the board and delineated in 15 the rules.
- 16 (b) The board shall waive the examination requirement for applicants who either:
- 18 (1) Present proof of current licensure in a state that

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- 19 has standards that are at least equivalent to those of this 20 state; or
- 21 (2) Hold a certificate of clinical competence in speech-22 language pathology or audiology from the American 23 speech-language-hearing association in the area for 24 which they are applying for licensure.
- 25 (c) A person who holds current licensure from another state with equivalent standards or who holds the 26 certificate of clinical competence from the American 27 speech-language-hearing association may practice 28 29 speech-language pathology or audiology in this state, 30 pending board disposition of their applications, if he or 31 she:
- 32 (1) Is practicing in the area, speech-language pathol-33 ogy or audiology, in which the licensure or certificate 34 of clinical competence was granted; and
- 35 (2) Has filed an application with the board and paid 36 the appropriate application fee.

§30-32-14. Provisional license.

- 1 (a) The board shall issue a provisional license to an 2 applicant who:
- 3 (1) Except for the postgraduate professional expe-4 rience, meets the academic, practicum, and examination 5 requirements of this article:
- 6 (2) Submits an application to the board, upon such a 7 form prescribed by the board, including a plan for the content of the postgraduate professional experience; and 8
- 9 (3) Pays to the board the appropriate application fee for a provisional license. 10
- (b) The purpose of a provisional license is to permit 11 an individual to practice speech-language pathology or 12 audiology while completing the postgraduate profes-13 sional experience as required by this article. A person 14 holding a provisional license is authorized to practice 15 speech-language pathology or audiology only while 16 working under the supervision of a person fully licensed 17 by this state in accordance with this article.

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- 19 (c) The term for provisional licenses and the condi-
- 20 tions for their renewal are to be determined by the
- 21 board and delineated in its rules and regulations.

§30-32-15. License renewal.

- 1 (a) Licenses first issued under this article shall expire
- 2 on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 ninety-five, and subsequent licenses shall expire every
- 4 two years thereafter;
- 5 (b) Every person licensed under this bill shall:
- 6 (1) Pay an amount established by the board in order for his or her license to be renewed:
- 8 (2) Submit an application for renewal on a form prescribed by the board;
- 10 (3) Meet any other requirements the board establishes as conditions for license renewal; and
- 12 (4) Engage in a minimum of ten hours of continuing 13 education activities during the two-year licensing period 14 whose content is directly related to the professional 15 growth and development of speech-language patholo-16 gists and audiologists. The following are examples of 17 ways in which these hours may be obtained:
- 18 (i) Short courses, mini-seminars and teleconferences 19 of the American speech-language-hearing association;
- 20 (ii) Educational sessions of the West Virginia speech-21 language-hearing association;
 - (iii) Educational sessions provided within the licensee's work setting; or
- 24 (iv) Any other activities approved by the board.
 - (c) Licensees are granted a grace period of thirty days after the expiration of their licenses in which to renew retroactively as long as they otherwise are entitled to have their licenses renewed and pay to the board the renewal fee and any late fee set by the board.
- 30 (d) A suspended license is subject to expiration and 31 may be renewed as provided in this article, but such 32 renewal shall not entitle the licensee, while the license

- remains suspended and until it is reinstated, to engage in the licensed activity, or in any other conduct or activity in violation of the order of judgment by which
- 36 the license was suspended.
- 37 (e) A license revoked on disciplinary grounds is 38 subject to expiration as provided in this article, but it
- 39 may not be renewed. If such license is reinstated after
- 40 its expiration, the licensee, as a condition of reinstate-
- 41 ment, shall pay a reinstatement fee that shall equal the
- 42 renewal fee in effect on the last regular renewal date
- 43 immediately preceding the date of reinstatement, plus
- 44 any late fee set by the board.

§30-32-16. Reinstatement of expired licenses.

- 1 (a) A person who fails to renew his or her license by 2 the end of the thirty-day grace period may have the 3 license reinstated if he or she:
- 4 (1) Submits an application for reinstatement to the board within five years after the expiration date of the license;
- 7 (2) Meets requirements established by the board as conditions for license renewal; and
- 9 (3) Pays to the board a reinstatement fee equal to the 10 renewal fee in effect on the last regular renewal date 11 immediately preceding the date of reinstatement, and 12 any late fee set by rules of the board.
- 13 (b) A person who fails to renew his or her license within five years after the expiration date may not have
- 15 the license renewed, and the license may not be restored,
- 16 reissued, or reinstated thereafter, although such person
- 17 may apply for and obtain a new license if he or she
- 18 meets the requirements of this article and pays to the
- 19 board the appropriate fee or fees.

§30-32-17. Disciplinary actions.

- 1 (a) The board may impose any of the following disciplinary actions in those instances in which an
- disciplinary actions in those instances in which an applicant for a license or a licensee has been guilty of
- 4 conduct which has endangered, or is likely to endanger
- 5 the health, welfare or safety of the public:

- 6 (1) Refuse to issue or renew a license;
- 7 (2) Issue a letter of reprimand or concern;
- 8 (3) Require restitution of fees:
- 9 (4) Impose probationary conditions;
- 10 (5) Impose a civil penalty not to exceed five hundred
- 11 dollars; or
- 12 (6) Suspend or revoke a license.
- 13 (b) The board may take disciplinary actions for conduct that may result from but not necessarily be
- 15 limited to:
- 16 (1) Fraudulently or deceptively obtaining or attempt-
- 17 ing to obtain a license or a provisional license for the
- 18 applicant, licensee, holder or for another;
- 19 (2) Fraudulently or deceptively using a license or 20 provisional license;
- 21 (3) Altering a license or provisional license;
- 22 (4) Aiding or abetting unlicensed practice; and
- 23 (5) Committing fraud or deceit in the practice of
- 24 speech-language pathology or audiology, including, but
 25 not limited to:
- 25 not limited to:
- 26 (i) Willfully making or filing a false report or record 27 in the practice of speech-language pathology or
- 28 audiology;
- 29 (ii) Submitting a false statement to collect a fee; or
- 30 (iii) Obtaining a fee through fraud or misrepresenta-31 tion.
- 32 (6) Using or promoting or causing the use of any
- 33 misleading, deceiving, improbable or untruthful adver-
- 34 tising matter, promotional literature, testimonial,
- guarantee, warranty, label, brand, insignia or any other representation;
- 37 (7) Falsely representing the use or availability of 38 services or advice of a physician;
- 39 (8) Misrepresenting the applicant, licensee or holder

- 40 by using the word "doctor" or any similar word,
- 41 abbreviation or symbol if the use is not accurate or if
- 42 the degree was not obtained from a regionally accre-
- 43 dited institution;
- 44 (9) Committing any act of dishonorable, immoral or 45 unprofessional conduct while engaging in the practice 46 of speech-language pathology or audiology:
- 47 (10) Engaging in illegal, incompetent or habitually 48 negligent practice;
- 49 (11) Providing professional services while:
- 50 (i) Mentally incompetent;
- 51 (ii) Under the influence of alcohol;
- 52 (iii) Using any narcotic or controlled dangerous 53 substance or other drug that is in excess of therapeutic 54 amounts or without valid medical indication; or
- 55 (iv) Having a serious contagious disease.
- 56 (12) Providing services or promoting the sale of 57 devices, appliances or products to a person who cannot 58 reasonably be expected to benefit from such services, 59 devices, appliances or products:
- 60 (13) Violating any provision of this article, or any lawful order given, or rule adopted by the board;
- 62 (14) Being convicted of or pleading guilty or nolo 63 contendere to a felony or to a crime involving moral 64 turpitude, whether or not any appeal or other proceed-65 ing is pending to have the conviction or plea set aside; 66 or
- 67 (15) Being disciplined by a licensing or disciplinary 68 authority of any other state or country or convicted or 69 disciplined by a court of any state or country for an act 70 that would be grounds for disciplinary action under this 71 section.

§30-32-18. Procedures for hearing.

1 (a) Whenever the board shall deny an application for 2 any original or renewal license of any kind under this 3 article or shall suspend or revoke any such license it

- shall make and enter an order to that effect and serve a copy thereof on the applicant or licensee, as the case may be, by certified mail, return receipt requested. Such order shall state the grounds for the action taken and shall require that any license suspended or revoked thereby shall be returned to the board by the holder within twenty days after receipt of the copy of the order.
 - (b) Any person adversely affected by any such order shall be entitled to a hearing thereon as to all issues not excluded from the definition of "contested case" as set forth in article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code if, within twenty days after receipt of a copy thereof, he or she filed with the board a written demand for such hearing. A demand for hearing shall operate automatically to stay or suspend the execution of any order suspending or revoking a license or denying an application for a renewal of license. The board may require the person demanding such hearing to give reasonable security for the costs thereof, and, if such person does not substantially prevail at such hearing, such costs shall be assessed against the person and may be collected by a civil action or other proper remedy.
 - (c) Upon receipt of a written demand for a hearing, the board shall set a time and place thereof not less than ten nor more than thirty days thereafter. The person demanding the hearing may be granted one continuance as a matter of right and further continuances for good cause shown.
 - (d) All of the pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and govern the hearing, and the administrative procedures in connection with and following such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of the article were set forth in this subsection.
 - (e) Any such hearing shall be conducted by a quorum of the board. For the purpose of conducting any such hearing any member of the board may issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum which shall be issued and served within the time and for the fees and shall be enforced, as specified in section one, article five, chapter

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- twenty-nine-a of this code, and all of the provisions of such section dealing with subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall apply to those issued for the purpose of a hearing hereunder.
- (f) At any such hearing the person who demanded the same may represent himself or herself or be represented by an attorney admitted to practice law in this state.
 Upon request of the board, it shall be represented at any such hearing by the attorney general or his assistants without additional compensation.
- 54 (g) After any such hearing and consideration of all of 55 the testimony, evidence and record in the case, the board 56 shall render its decision in writing, accompanied by 57 findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in 58 section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 59 code, and a copy of such decision and accompanying 60 findings and conclusions shall be served by certified 61 mail, return receipt requested, upon the person demanding such hearing, and the person's attorney of record, 62 63 if any.
- 64 (h) The decision of the board shall be final unless 65 reversed, vacated or modified upon judicial review 66 thereof in accordance with this article.

§30-32-19. Judicial review; appeal to supreme court of appeals; legal counsel.

Any person adversely affected by a decision of the board rendered after a hearing held in accordance with the provisions of this article shall be entitled to judicial review thereof. All of the pertinent provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and govern such judicial review with like effect as if they were set forth in this section.

The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals in accordance with the provisions of article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

Legal counsel and services for the board in all appeal proceedings in any circuit court and the supreme court of appeals shall be provided by the attorney general or

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- 15 his assistants and in any circuit court by the prosecuting
- 16 attorney of the county as well, all without additional
- 17 compensation.

§30-32-20. Actions to enjoin violations.

1 Whenever it appears to the board that any person has 2 been or is violating or is about to violate any provision 3 of this article, any reasonable rule or regulation 4 promulgated hereunder or any final decision of the 5 board, the board may apply in the name of the state to 6 the circuit court of the county in which the violation or 7 violations or any part thereof has occurred, for an 8 injunction against such person and any other persons 9 who have been, are or are about to be, involved in any 10 practices, acts or omissions, so in violation, enjoining such person or persons from any such violation or 11 violations. Such application may be made and prose-12 13 cuted to conclusion whether or not any such violation or 14 violations have resulted or shall result in prosecution or conviction under other provisions of this article. 15

Upon application by the board, the circuit courts of this state may by mandatory or prohibitory injunction compel compliance with the provisions of this article, the reasonable rules promulgated hereunder and all orders and final decisions of the board. The court may issued a temporary injunction in any case pending a decision on the merits of any application filed.

The judgment of the circuit court upon any application permitted by the provisions of this section shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals. Any such appeal shall be sought in the manner and within the time provided by law for appeals from circuit courts in other civil actions.

The board shall be represented in all such proceedings by the attorney general or his assistants and in such proceedings in the circuit court by the prosecuting attorney of the several counties as well, all without additional compensation.

§30-32-21. Penalties.

1 Any person who violates this article shall be guilty of

- 2 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 3 punished by a fine of not more than five hundred
- 4 dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six
- months, or both.

§30-32-22. Termination of board.

- 1 The West Virginia board of examiners for speech-
- 2 language pathology and audiology shall be terminated
- 3 pursuant to the provisions of article ten, chapter four of
- 4 this code on the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 5 hundred ninety-eight, unless sooner terminated or
- 6 unless continued or reestablished pursuant to that
- 7 article.

§30-32-23. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application
- 2 thereof to any person or circumstance shall be held
- 3 invalid, the remainder of the article and the application
 - of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall
- 5 not be affected thereby.

CHAPTER 173

(S. B. 129-By Senators Minard, J. Manchin, Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, four, fourteen, twenty-six, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, article fourteen, chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to licensing and certification of real estate appraisers; exempting financial institutions from certain provisions; allowing the real estate licensing and certification board to set criteria for examination; establishing a new certification classification and amending other provisions of the article to comply with the new classification; and removing certain experience restrictions for examination eligibility.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, four, fourteen, twenty-six, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six, article fourteen, chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. THE REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSING AND CERTIFICATION ACT.

§37-14-2.	Definitions.
§37-14-4.	Exceptions to license or certification requirement.
§37-14-14.	Continuing education.
§37-14-26.	State certified real estate appraiser; use of term.
§37-14-28.	Classification of licensure and certification.
§37-14-29.	Experience requirement.
§37-14-30.	Qualifications.
§37-14-31.	Examination required.
§37-14-33.	Renewal of license or certification.
§37-14-34.	Basis for denial.
§37-14-35.	Use of term "state licensed or certified real estate appraiser".
§37-14-36.	Continuing education requirement.

§37-14-2. Definitions.

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As used in this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(a) "Appraisal" means an analysis, opinion or conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser relating to the nature, quality, value or utility of specified interests in, or aspects of, identified real estate or identified real property. An appraisal may be classified by the nature of the assignment as a valuation appraisal, an analysis assignment, or a review assignment. The term "valuation appraisal" refers to an analysis, opinion or conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser that estimates the value of an identified parcel of real estate or identified real property at a particular point in time. An "analysis assignment" refers to an analysis, opinion or conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser that relates to the nature, quality or utility of identified real estate or identified real property. A "review assignment" refers to an analysis, opinion or conclusion prepared by a real estate appraiser that forms an opinion as to the adequacy and appropriateness of a valuation appraisal or an analysis assignment;

- 22 (b) "Appraisal foundation" means the appraisal 23 foundation established on the thirtieth day of November, 24 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, as a not-for-25 profit corporation under the laws of Illinois;
 - (c) "Appraisal report" means any communication, written or oral, of an appraisal. An appraisal report may be classified by the nature of the assignment as a "valuation report", "analysis report" or "review report". For the purposes of this article, the testimony of an appraiser dealing with the appraiser's analyses, conclusions or opinions concerning identified real estate or identified real property is deemed to be an oral appraisal report;
 - (d) "Board" means the real estate appraiser licensing and certification board established by the provisions of this article;
 - (e) "Certified appraisal report" means a written appraisal report that is certified by a state licensed or certified real estate appraiser. When a real estate appraiser identifies an appraisal report as "certified", the real estate appraiser must indicate the type of licensure or certification he or she holds. By certifying an appraisal report, a state licensed residential real estate appraiser, a state certified general real estate appraiser or a state certified residential real estate appraiser, represents to the public that the report meets the appraisal standards established by this article;
 - (f) "Licensed real estate appraiser" means a person who holds a current, valid license as a state licensed residential real estate appraiser issued to him or her under the provisions of this article;
 - (g) "Real estate" means an identified parcel or tract of land, including improvements, if any;
 - (h) "Real estate appraisal activity" means the act or process of making an appraisal of real estate or real property and preparing an appraisal report;
- (i) "Real estate appraiser" means a person who engages in real estate appraisal activity for a fee or other valuable consideration;

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- 61 (j) "Real property interests" means one or more 62 defined interests, benefits or rights inherent in the 63 ownership of real estate; and
- 64 (k) "Certified real estate appraiser" means a person 65 who holds a current, valid certification as a state 66 certified residential real estate appraiser or a state 67 certified general real estate appraiser issued to him or 68 her under the provisions of this article.

§37-14-4. Exceptions to license or certification requirement.

- 1 This article does not apply to:
- 2 (a) A real estate broker or salesperson licensed by this state who, in the ordinary course of his or her 3 business, gives an opinion to a potential seller or third 4 party as to the recommended listing price of real estate 5 6 or an opinion to a potential purchaser or third party as 7 to the recommended purchase price of real estate, when this opinion as to the listing price or the purchase price 8 9 is not to be referred to as an appraisal, no opinion is rendered as to the value of the real estate and no fee 10 11 is charged;
 - (b) A casual or drive-by inspection of real estate in connection with a consumer loan secured by the said real estate, when the inspection is not referred to as an appraisal, no opinion is rendered as to the value of the real estate and no fee is charged for the inspection;
 - (c) An employee who renders an opinion as to the value of real estate for his full-time employer, for the employer's internal use only and performed in the regular course of the employee's position, when the opinion is not referred to as an appraisal and no fee is charged;
 - (d) Appraisals of personal property, including, but not limited to, jewelry, household furnishings, vehicles and manufactured homes not attached to real estate;
 - (e) Any officer or employee of the United States, or of the state of West Virginia or a political subdivision thereof, when the employee or officer is performing his

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- 29 official duties: Provided, That such individual does not 30 furnish advisory service for compensation to the public 31 or act as an independent contracting party in West 32 Virginia or any subdivision thereof in connection with 33 the appraisal of real estate or real property: Provided. 34 however, That this exception shall not apply with respect 35 to federally related transactions as defined in Title XI 36 of the United States Code, entitled "Financial Institu-37 tions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989": 38 and
- 39 (f) Any evaluation of the value of real estate serving 40 as collateral for a loan made by a financial institution 41 insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation: 42 Provided, That: (1) The amount of the loan is less than 43 fifty thousand dollars or such other amount not to 44 exceed one hundred thousand dollars established by the 45 federal deposit insurance corporation, the board of 46 governors of the federal reserve system, the office of the 47 comptroller of the currency or the office of thrift 48 supervision pursuant to authority granted under Title 49 XI of the United States Code, entitled "Financial 50 Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 51 1989" applicable to a particular insured financial 52 institution as the level below which collateral evalua-53 tions need not be performed by a licensed or certified 54 appraiser; (2) the evaluation is used solely by the lender 55 in its records to document the collateral value; (3) the 56 evaluation clearly indicates on its face that it is for the 57 lender's internal use only; (4) the evaluation shall not be 58 labeled an "appraisal"; and (5) the evaluation be on a 59 form approved by the board. Individuals performing 60 these evaluations may be compensated for their services.

§37-14-14. Continuing education.

- 1 (a) As a prerequisite to renewal of license, a licensed 2 or certified real estate appraiser shall present evidence 3 satisfactory to the board that he or she has had at least 4 ten hours of continuing education.
- 5 (b) The board shall adopt rules to ensure that persons 6 licensed under the provisions of this article have a 7 working knowledge of current real estate appraisal

- 8 theories, practices and techniques that will enable them
- 9 to provide competent real estate appraisal services to the
- 10 public and to financial institutions.

§37-14-26. State certified real estate appraiser; use of term.

- No person other than a state certified real estate
- 2 appraiser under this article shall assume or use that
- 3 title or any title, designation or abbreviation likely to
- 4 create the impression of certification as a real estate
- 5 appraiser by this state.

§37-14-28. Classification of licensure and certification.

- 1 There are three classifications of real estate 2 appraisers:
- 3 (a) State licensed residential real estate appraiser. —
- 4 The state licensed residential real estate appraiser
- 5 classification consists of those persons who meet the
- 6 requirements for licensure that relate to the appraisal
 7 of: (1) Complex residential real estate of one to four units
- of: (1) Complex residential real estate of one to four units having a value of less than two hundred fifty thousand
- 9 dollars: (2) noncomplex residential real estate of one to
- four units having a value of less than one million dollars;
- and (3) nonresidential real estate having a value of less
- 12 than one hundred thousand dollars.
- 13 (b) State certified residential real estate appraiser. —
- 14 The state certified residential real estate appraiser classification shall consist of those persons who meet the
- 16 requirements for certification that relate to the apprai-
- 17 sal of residential real estate of one to four units without
- 18 regard to value or complexity, and to the value of
- 19 nonresidential real estate when the value is less than one
- 20 hundred thousand dollars.
- 21 (c) State certified general real estate appraiser. The
- 22 state certified general real estate appraiser classifica-
- 23 tion shall consist of those persons who meet the
- 24 requirements for certification relating to the appraisal
- 25 of all types of real estate.
- The board is authorized to establish by rules promul-
- 27 gated pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-

- 28 a of this code classes or classifications of appraiser 29 licensing not prohibited by applicable federal law.
- 30 The application for licensure or certification or the
- 31 application to take an examination shall include the
- 32 classification of licensure or certification the applicant
- 33 is seeking and, if applicable, the class of licensure or
- 34 certification previously granted to the applicant.

§37-14-29. Experience requirement.

1 An applicant for certification shall furnish the board

with a detailed listing of the real estate appraisal 2

3 reports or file memoranda for each year for which

4 experience is claimed by the applicant. Upon request,

5 the applicant shall make available to the board for

6 examination a sample of appraisal reports which the

7 applicant has prepared in the course of his or her

8 practice. All information provided by an applicant shall

9 be under oath or affirmation that the information

10 provided is true and correct and the oath or affirmation

11 shall be notarized.

§37-14-30. Qualifications.

- 1 (a) Residential licensed classification. — As a prereq-
- 2 uisite to taking the examination for licensure as a state 3 licensed residential real estate appraiser, an applicant
- 4 shall present evidence satisfactory to the board that he
- or she has satisfied the criteria, including education and 5
- experience criteria, for licensure of licensed appraisers 6
- issued by the board pursuant to the provisions of chapter 7
- 8 twenty-nine-a of this code.
- (b) Residential and general certified classifications. 9
- As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certi-10 fication as either a state certified residential or a state
- 11 certified general real estate appraiser, an applicant 12
- shall present evidence satisfactory to the board that he 13
- or she has satisfied the criteria, including education and 14 experience criteria, for certification of residential or
- 15 general appraisers issued by the appraisal qualifications 16
- board of the appraisal foundation, which criteria shall
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- be incorporated in regulations of the board adopted 18

- pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 21 (c) Transitional license. — The board may provide for 22 satisfying the requirements of subsection (a) of this 23 section with respect to either education requirements or 24 experience requirements, but not both education and 25 experience requirements, and may issue a transitional 26 license as a state licensed residential real estate 27 appraiser so long as: (1) All other criteria for licensure 28 are satisfied; (2) the applicant passes the examination 29 required pursuant to section thirty-one of this article: 30 and (3) the educational deficiency is corrected within 31 one year of licensure.

§37-14-31. Examination required.

- An original license as a state licensed residential real estate appraiser shall not be issued to any person who has not passed an examination administered through the board.
- 5 An original certification as a state certified real estate 6 appraiser shall not be issued to any person who has not 7 passed an examination administered by the board. The 8 examination, administered by the board, shall be consistent with the uniform state examination for 9 licensure or certification issued or endorsed by the 10 appraisal qualifications board of the appraisal 11 12 foundation.
- The board may offer for the benefit of prospective applicants for licensure or certification a program of instruction and preparation for the examination.

§37-14-33. Renewal of license or certification.

To obtain a renewal of license or certification under 1 2 this article, the holder of a current, valid license or certification shall make application and pay the pres-3 cribed fee to the board no earlier than one hundred 4 twenty days nor later than thirty days prior to the 5 expiration date of the certification then held. Each 6 application for renewal shall be accompanied by evidence in the form prescribed by the board that the 8 applicant has completed the continuing education 9

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10 requirements for renewal specified in this article.

11 If the board determines that an applicant for renewal 12 has failed to meet the requirements for renewal of 13 license or certification through mistake, misunderstand-14 ing, or circumstances beyond the control of the appli-15 cant, the board may extend the term of the applicant's license or certification for a period not to exceed six 16 17 months upon payment by the applicant of a prescribed 18 fee for the extension. If the applicant for renewal of 19 license or certification satisfies the requirements for 20 renewal during the extension period, the beginning date of his or her renewal license or certificate shall be the 21 22 day following the expiration of the certificate previously 23 held by the applicant.

If a state licensed or certified real estate appraiser under this article fails to renew his or her license or certification prior to its expiration or within any period of extension granted by the board pursuant to this article, the applicant may obtain a renewal of his or her license or certification by satisfying all of the requirements for renewal and filing an application for renewal, accompanied by a late renewal fee, within two years of the date that his or her certification expired.

§37-14-34. Basis for denial.

The board may deny the issuance of a license or certificate as a state licensed or certified real estate appraiser to an applicant on any ground enumerated in this article. Any applicant whose application for license or certification is denied may demand and shall be afforded a hearing pursuant to section seven of this article.

§37-14-35. Use of term "state licensed or certified real estate appraiser".

The term "state certified real estate appraiser" or "state licensed real estate appraiser" may be used to refer only to an individual who is a state licensed or certified real estate appraiser under this article and may not be used following, or immediately in connection with, the name or signature of a firm, partnership,

- 7 corporation, group, or in such manner that it might be
- 8 interpreted as referring to a firm, partnership, corpo-
- 9 ration or group or to anyone other than the individual
- 10 who is licensed or certified under this article. This
- 11 requirement shall not be construed to prevent a state
- 12 licensed or certified real estate appraiser from signing
- 13 an appraisal report on behalf of a corporation, partner-
- 14 ship, firm or group practice if it is clear that only the
- 15 individual is licensed or certified and that the corpora-
- 16 tion, partnership, firm or group practice is not. A
- 17 license or certificate may not be issued under the
- 18 provisions of this article to a corporation, partnership,
- 19 firm or group.

§37-14-36. Continuing education requirement.

- As a prerequisite to renewal of license or certification, a state licensed or certified real estate appraiser shall present evidence satisfactory to the board of having met
- 4 the continuing education requirements of this section.
- 5 The basic continuing education requirement for
- 6 renewal of license or certification shall be the comple-
- tion by the applicant, during the immediately preceding
 term of licensure or certification, of not less than ten
- 8 term of licensure or certification, of not less than ten 9 classroom hours of instruction per year in courses or
- 9 classroom hours of instruction per year in courses or 10 seminars which have received the approval of the board.
- In lieu of meeting the requirements set forth above,
- 12 an applicant for relicensure or recertification may
- 13 satisfy all or part of the requirements by presenting
- 14 evidence of the following:
- 15 (a) Completion of an educational program of study 16 determined by the board to be equivalent, for continuing
- 17 education purposes, to courses or seminars approved by
- 18 the board; or
- 19 (b) Participation other than as a student in educa-
- 20 tional processes and programs approved by the board 21 which relate to real property appraisal theory, practices
- 22 or techniques, including, but not necessarily limited to,
- 22 or techniques, including, but not necessarily limited to,
- 23 teaching, program development and preparation of
- 24 textbooks, monographs, articles and other instructional
- 25 materials.

The board shall develop rules for the implementation of the provisions of this section to the end of assuring that an individual who renews his or her license or certification under this article has a working knowledge of current real estate appraisal theories, practices and techniques that will enable the individual to provide competent real estate appraisal services to the members of the public with whom such individual deals in a professional relationship under the authority of his or her license or certification. All rules shall be promul-gated pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and shall prescribe the following:

- (1) Policies and procedures to be followed in approval of courses of instruction and seminars:
- (2) Standards, policies and procedures to be used in evaluating an applicant's claim of equivalency;
 - (3) Standards, monitoring methods and systems for recording attendance to be employed by course and seminar sponsors as a prerequisite to approval of courses and seminars for credit.

In developing and proposing rules pursuant to this section, the board shall give consideration to courses of instruction, seminars, and other appraisal education programs developed by or under the auspices of organizations or associations of professional real estate appraisers which are utilized by such organizations or associations for the purpose of awarding real estate appraisal designations or indicating compliance with the continuing education requirements of the organizations or associations.

No amendment or repeal of a rule adopted by the board pursuant to this section shall operate to deprive a state licensed or certified real estate appraiser of credit toward renewal of his or her license or certification for any course of instruction or seminar that has been completed by the state licensed or certified real estate appraiser prior to the adoption of the rule.

On or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, a license or certification as a state 65 licensed or certified real estate appraiser that has been 66 revoked or suspended as the result of a disciplinary 67 action taken by the board shall not be reinstated unless 68 the applicant for reinstatement presents evidence that 69 he or she has completed the continuing education 70 requirement that is provided in this article for the 71 renewal of license or certification. This continuing 72 education requirement shall not be imposed upon an 73 applicant for reinstatement who has been required by 74 the board to successfully complete the examination for 75 state licensed or certified real estate appraiser required 76 by section thirty-one of this article as a condition for 77 reinstatement of certification.

CHAPTER 174

(S. B. 602—By Senators Spears, Wiedebusch, Lucht, Boley, Chernenko, Tomblin, Brackenrich, J. Manchin, Felton, Jones, Craigo, Claypole, Holliday and Wehrle)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to giving preferential recall rights to all state permanent classified employees who are laid off, such recall rights to be based on seniority and fitness; establishing eligible lists for preference; limiting eligibility for appointment to twelve months; and grounds for rejection of candidates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

§29-6-10. Rules of division.

- 1 The board shall have the authority to promulgate,
- 2 amend or repeal rules, in accordance with chapter
- 3 twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement the provisions
- 4 of this article:

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- (1) For the preparation, maintenance and revision of a position classification plan for all positions in the classified service and a position classification plan for all positions in the classified-exempt service, based upon similarity of duties performed and responsibilities assumed, so that the same qualifications may reasonably be required for and the same schedule of pay may be equitably applied to all positions in the same class. The position classification plan for classified-exempt service shall become effective not later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine. Except for persons employed by the governing boards of higher education, all persons receiving compensation in the form of a wage or salary, funded either in part or in whole by the state, shall be included in either the position classification plan for classified service or classified-exempt service. After each such classification plan has been approved by the board, the director shall allocate the position of every employee in the classified service to one of the classes in the classified plan and the position of every employee in the classified-exempt service to one of the positions in the classified-exempt plan. Any employee affected by the allocation of a position to a class shall, after filing with the director of personnel a written request for reconsideration thereof in such manner and form as the director may prescribe, be given a reasonable opportunity to be heard thereon by the director. The interested appointing authority shall be given like opportunity to be heard.
- (2) For a pay plan for all employees in the classified service, after consultation with appointing authorities and the state fiscal officers, and after a public hearing held by the board. Such pay plan shall become effective only after it has been approved by the governor after submission to him by the board. Amendments to the pay plan may be made in the same manner. Each employee shall be paid at one of the rates set forth in the pay plan for the class of position in which he is employed. The principle of equal pay for equal work in the several agencies of the state government shall be followed in the pay plan as established hereby.

(3) For open competitive examinations to test the relative fitness of applicants for the respective positions in the classified service. Such examinations need not be held until after the rules have been adopted, the service classified and a pay plan established, but shall be held not later than one year after this article takes effect. Such examinations shall be announced publicly at least fifteen days in advance of the date fixed for the filing of applications therefor, and may be advertised through the press, radio and other media. The director may however, in his discretion, continue to receive applications and examine candidates long enough to assure a sufficient number of eligibles to meet the needs of the service and may add the names of successful candidates to existing eligible lists in accordance with their respective ratings.

An additional five points shall be awarded to the score of any examination successfully completed by a veteran. A disabled veteran shall be entitled to an additional ten points, rather than five points as aforesaid, upon successful completion of any examination.

- (4) For promotions within the classified service which shall give appropriate consideration to the applicant's qualifications, record of performance and his score on a written examination, when such examination is practicable. In filling vacancies an effort should be made to achieve a balance between promotion from within the service and the introduction into the service of qualified new employees. An advancement in rank or grade or an increase in salary beyond the maximum fixed for the class shall constitute a promotion.
- (5) For layoffs by classification for reason of lack of funds or work, or abolition of a position, or material changes in duties or organization, or any loss of position because of the provisions of this subdivision and for recall of employees so laid off, consideration shall be given to an employee's seniority as measured by permanent employment in the classified service or a state agency. In the event that the agency wishes to lay off a more senior employee, the agency must demonstrate that the senior employee cannot perform any

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other job duties held by less senior employees within that agency in the job class or any other equivalent or lower job class for which the senior employee is qualified: *Provided*, That if an employee refuses to accept a position in a lower job class, such employee shall retain all rights of recall as hereinafter provided.

(6) For recall of employees, recall shall be by reverse order of layoff to any job class that the employee has previously held or a lower class in the series within the agency as that job class becomes vacant. An employee will retain his place on the recall list for the same period of time as his seniority on the date of his layoff or for a period of two years, whichever is less. No new employees shall be hired for any vacancy in his or her job class or in a lower job class in the series until all eligible employees on layoff are given the opportunity to refuse that job class. An employee shall be recalled onto jobs within the county wherein his last place of employment is located or within a county contiguous thereto. Any laid-off employee who is eligible for a vacant position shall be notified by certified mail of the vacancy. It shall be the responsibility of the employee to notify the agency of any change in his address.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the contrary, except for the provisions of section seven, article two, chapter five-b of this code, when filling vacancies at state agencies the directors of state agencies shall, for a period of twelve months after the layoff of a permanent classified employee in another agency, give preference to qualified permanent classified employees based on seniority and fitness over all but existing employees of the agency or its facilities: *Provided*, That employment of these persons who are qualified and who were permanently employed immediately prior to their layoff shall not supersede the recall rights of employees who have been laid off in such agency or facility.

(7) For the establishment of eligible lists for appointment and promotion within the classified service, upon which lists shall be placed the names of successful candidates in the order of their relative excellence in the

respective examinations. Eligibility for appointment from any such list shall continue not longer than three years. An appointing authority shall make his selection from the top ten names on the appropriate lists of eligibles, or may choose any person scoring at or above the ninetieth percentile on the examination.

For the establishment of eligible lists for preference as provided in subdivision (6) of this section, a list shall be provided according to seniority. An appointed authority shall make the selection of the most senior qualified person: *Provided*, That eligibility for appointment from any such list shall continue not longer than one year and shall cease immediately upon appointment to a classified position.

- (8) For the rejection of candidates or eligibles within the classified service who fail to comply with reasonable requirements in regard to such factors as age, physical condition, character, training and experience who are addicted to alcohol or narcotics or who have attempted any deception or fraud in connection with an examination.
- (9) For a period of probation not to exceed one year before appointment or promotion may be made complete within the classified service.
- (10) For provisional employment without competitive examination within the classified service when there is no appropriate eligible list available. No such provisional employment may continue longer than six months, nor shall successive provisional appointments be allowed, except during the first year after the effective date of this article, in order to avoid stoppage of orderly conduct of the business of the state.
- (11) For keeping records of performance of all employees in the classified service, which service records may be considered in determining salary increases and decreases provided in the pay plan; as a factor in promotion tests; as a factor in determining the order of layoffs because of lack of funds or work and in reinstatement; and as a factor in demotions, discharges and transfers.
 - (12) For discharge or reduction in rank or grade only

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for cause of employees in the classified service. Discharge or reduction of these employees shall take place only after the person to be discharged or reduced has been presented with the reasons for such discharge or reduction stated in writing, and has been allowed a reasonable time to reply thereto in writing, or upon request to appear personally and reply to the appointing authority or his deputy. The statement of reasons and the reply shall be filed as a public record with the director. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subdivision, no permanent employee shall be discharged from the classified service for absenteeism upon using all entitlement to annual leave and sick leave when such use has been due to illness or injury as verified by a physician's certification or for other extenuating circumstances beyond the employee's control unless his disability is of such a nature as to permanently incapacitate him from the performance of the duties of his position. Upon exhaustion of annual leave and sick leave credits for the reasons specified herein and with certification by a physician that the employee is unable to perform his duties, a permanent employee shall be granted a leave of absence without pay for a period not to exceed six months if such employee is not permanently unable to satisfactorily perform the duties of his position.

- (13) For such other rules and administrative regulations, not inconsistent with this article, as may be proper and necessary for its enforcement.
- (14) The board shall review and approve by rules and regulations the establishment of all classified-exempt positions to assure consistent interpretation of the provisions of this article.

The provisions of this section are subject to any modifications contained in chapter five-f of this code. The board may include in the rules provided for in this article such provisions as are necessary to conform to regulations and standards of any federal agency governing the receipt and use of federal grants-in-aid by any state agency, anything in this article to the contrary notwithstanding. The board and the director shall see that rules and practices meeting such standards are in effect continuously after the effective date of this article.

CHAPTER 175

(S. B. 159—By Senator Wooton)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen, relating to audits of corporations, associations or other organizations that receive state funds or grants; and providing for certain audits by the legislative auditor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen, to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 4. ACCOUNTS, REPORTS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS.
- §12-4-14. Audits of corporations, associations or other organizations which receive state funds or grants.
 - Any corporation, association or other organization in West Virginia, whether nonprofit or for profit, which
 - 3 receives state funds or grants in the amount of fifteen
 - 4 thousand dollars or more shall file an audit of the
 - 5 disbursement of funds with the legislative auditor's
 - 6 office. The audit shall be filed within two years of the
 - 7 disbursement of funds or grants by the grantee and
 - 8 shall be made by an independent certified public
 - 9 accountant at the cost of the corporation, association or 10 other organization, and must show that the funds or
 - 11 grants were spent for the purposes intended when the
 - 12 grant was made. State funds or audits of state funds or
 - 13 grants under fifteen thousand dollars may be authorized
 - 14 by the joint committee on government and finance to be
 - 15 conducted by the legislative auditor's office, at no cost
 - 16 to the grantee.

CHAPTER 176

(H. B. 4414—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By request of the Executive)

[Passed March 4, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-three, article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing the governor to transfer funds from the West Virginia economic development authority insurance fund to a special economic development fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-three, article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16A. WEST VIRGINIA PARKWAYS, ECONOMIC DE-VELOPMENT AND TOURISM AUTHORITY.

§17-16A-23. Special highway fund; appropriations from fund.

(a) There is hereby created a special fund in the state 1 2 treasury which shall be designated and known as the "West Virginia special highway fund." The special 3 4 highway fund shall consist of (i) all funds allocated and disbursed to the state department of highways by the 5 parkways authority, including without limitation the 6 proceeds of any parkway revenue bonds or revenue 7 refunding bonds issued by the parkways authority 8 pursuant to sections eleven, twenty-one or twenty-two of 9 this article, in repayment of the amount of state funds 10 used to upgrade the West Virginia Turnpike to federal 11 interstate standards, (ii) any appropriations, grants, 12 gifts, contributions or other revenues received by the

gifts, contributions or other revenues received by the special highway fund from any source, and (iii) all

interest earned on moneys held in the fund. When any

funds are received by the state department of highways

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from the parkways authority pursuant to this section, they shall be paid into the state treasury by the commissioner of the department of highways and credited to the special highway fund, and shall be disbursed in the manner set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. The special highway fund shall not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the state road fund or as part of the general revenues of the state.

(b) The governor shall have the authority to transfer to the insurance fund created in section eight, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code, on any date or dates after the enactment of this section, up to thirtyfive million dollars of the funds received or earned by the special highway fund, which funds may be used and applied by the West Virginia economic development authority in the manner and to the extent set forth in article fifteen of said chapter thirty-one. On or before the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the economic development authority shall retransfer to the special highway fund the thirty-five million dollars advanced to the insurance fund pursuant to this section. All interest earned on the thirty-five million dollars while being held in the insurance fund shall remain in, and be the property of, said insurance fund: Provided. That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the governor shall have the authority to transfer six million dollars from the insurance fund created in section eight, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code to a special fund hereby created in the state treasury and designated "the West Virginia economic development fund." Expenditures from the fund are to be made only in accordance with appropriations by the Legislature.

(c) Upon the transfer of thirty-five million dollars to the insurance fund as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the Legislature shall annually appropriate all or any part of the balance of the funds deposited in the special highway fund for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance or repair of any 58 parkway project or projects: Provided. That all of such 59 funds shall be appropriated to (i) the upgrading or 60 addition of interchanges: (ii) the construction of expresswavs or feeder roads; or (iii) the upgrading or construc-61 62 tion of information centers, visitors' centers, rest stops, 63 or any combination thereof, and that all such feeder 64 roads, expressways, interchanges, information centers, 65 visitors' centers or rest stops shall connect to the West 66 Virginia Turnpike and within seventy-five air miles of 67 the West Virginia Turnpike as it existed on the effective 68 date of this legislation, or any subsequent expressway, 69 turnpike or feeder road constructed pursuant to this 70 subsection. The appropriation of funds pursuant to this 71 subsection shall be expended on more than one project.

CHAPTER 177

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 423—By Senators Chafin, Dalton, Wagner, Helmick, Brackenrich, Jones, Whitlow, M. Manchin, Sharpe, Heck, Felton, Tomblin, J. Manchin, Wehrle, Minard, Anderson, Hawse and Blatnik)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to clarifying provisions concerning motor vehicles transporting recycling materials.

Re it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. PURPOSES, DEFINITIONS AND EXEMPTIONS.

§24A-1-3. Exemptions from chapter.

- The provisions of this chapter, except where specifically otherwise provided, shall not apply to:
- 3 (1) Motor vehicles operated exclusively in the trans-4 portation of United States mail or in the transportation

of newspapers: *Provided*, That such vehicles and their operators shall be subject to the safety rules promulgated by the commission;

- (2) Motor vehicles owned and operated by the United States of America, the state of West Virginia or any county, municipality or county board of education, urban mass transportation authority established and maintained pursuant to article twenty-seven, chapter eight of this code, or by any department thereof, and any motor vehicles operated under a contract with a county board of education exclusively for the transportation of children to and from school or such other legitimate transportation for the schools as the commission may specifically authorize;
- (3) Motor vehicles used exclusively in the transportation of agricultural or horticultural products, livestock, poultry and dairy products from the farm or orchard on which they are raised or produced to markets, processing plants, packing houses, canneries, railway shipping points and cold storage plants, and in the transportation of agricultural or horticultural supplies to such farms or orchards to be used thereon;
- (4) Motor vehicles used exclusively in the transportation of human or animal excreta:
- (5) Motor vehicles used exclusively in ambulance service or duly chartered rescue squad service;
- (6) Motor vehicles used exclusively for volunteer fire department service;
- (7) Motor vehicles used exclusively in the transportation of coal from mining operations to loading facilities for further shipment by rail or water carriers: *Provided*, That such vehicles and their operators shall be subject to the safety rules promulgated by the commission;
- (8) Motor vehicles used by petroleum commission agents and oil distributors solely for the transportation of petroleum products and related automotive products when such transportation is incidental to the business of selling said products: *Provided*, That such vehicles and their operators shall be subject to the safety rules promulgated by the commission; and

45 (9) Motor vehicles owned, leased by or leased to any 46 person and used exclusively for the transportation of 47 processed source-separated recycled materials, gener-48 ated by commercial. institutional and industrial custo-49 mers, transported free of charge from such customers 50 to a facility for further processing: Provided, That such 51 vehicles and their operators shall be subject to the safety 52 rules promulgated by the commission.

CHAPTER 178

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 512—By Senators Burdette, Mr. President and Boley, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen-c, relating to the division of public transit, its creation, its designation, its powers and duties; creation of public transit advisory council; and assistance to be provided by other state agencies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16C. DIVISION OF PUBLIC TRANSIT.

§17-16C-1. Creation of division.

§17-16C-2. Designation of department.

§17-16C-3. Powers and duties of the division.

§17-16C-4. Public transit advisory council.

§17-16C-5. Assistance of other state agencies.

§17-16C-1. Creation of division.

- 1 The division of public transit is hereby created and
- 2 is under the supervision of the secretary of transporta-
- 3 tion pursuant to the provisions of chapter five-f of this
- 4 code.

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§17-16C-2. Designation of department.

- 1 The department of transportation through the div-
- 2 ision of public transit is hereby designated as the agency
- 3 of this state responsible for administering all federal
- 4 and state programs relating to public transportation.

§17-16C-3. Powers and duties of the division.

- 1 The division has the power to:
- 2 (a) Assist in the development of improved public 3 transportation facilities, services, equipment, techniques 4 and methods, with the cooperation of transportation 5 carriers, both public and private;
- 6 (b) Enhance the mobility of all residents of the state,
 7 particularly those who by age, income or physical
 8 limitation experience serious transportation
 9 disadvantages;
 - (c) Manage publicly funded transportation resources in a cost effective manner and endeavor to achieve an increased ridership with available resources;
 - (d) Establish a system to adequately coordinate and distribute publicly funded transportation services within the state, including, but not limited to, transportation services for senior citizens, for participants in head start programs, for disabled citizens and for private nonprofit organizations and to establish a pilot project or projects as an initial part of implementing a system of coordination and distribution;
 - (e) Maintain a cooperative working relationship with public and private transportation providers, private nonprofit organizations, local planning and development councils, other state agencies and the federal government;
- (f) Coordinate and assist various public and private transportation entities in strengthening their development and operation of public transportation facilities and services;
 - (g) Coordinate with other states and the federal government the planning, construction, operation and

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- maintenance of public transportation facilities in the state having an interstate impact;
- 34 (h) Acquire, plan, hold, construct, improve, maintain 35 and operate, own or lease, either in the capacity of lessor 36 or lessee, all facilities necessary or incidental thereto for 37 the operation of public transportation systems in the 38 state;
- (i) Apply for and receive from the federal government or from any other person, corporation, association or other entity, any grants in aid or gifts to be used for public transportation related purposes;
 - (j) Provide financial assistance to local transportation agencies to the extent authorized by the Legislature and federal grants: *Provided*, That no county or local government may reduce the level of funding for transportation services in place upon the effective date of this section and be eligible to receive financial assistance pursuant to this section;
- 50 (k) Enter into contracts with other agencies of the 51 state, other public bodies, private firms or individuals 52 to provide technical services or public transportation 53 related services;
- (1) Exercise or perform any power, duty, responsibility or function in carrying out public transportation related activities which are essential to the completion of the projects;
- 58 (m) Insure local matching funds with state or local money, or both, for federal assistance projects; and
- 60 (n) Implement rules necessary to accomplish its 61 assigned duties.

§17-16C-4. Public transit advisory council.

There is hereby created the West Virginia public transit advisory council which shall consist of eleven members, selected by the governor, who shall serve for two-year terms commencing on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor. The membership of the council shall be broadly representa-

- 8 tive of those groups affected by the implementation of
- 9 this article: Provided, That no more than four of the
- 10 members of the council shall reside in the same
- 11 congressional district. No more than six members may
- 12 be of the same political party. The members of the
- 13 council shall serve without compensation and without
- 14 provision for their expenses related to the work of the
- 15 council. The council shall provide consultation, on an
- 16 advisory basis, to the division of public transit on
- 17 matters related to the implementation of the pilot
- 18 program or programs referred to in subdivision (d).
- 19 section three of this article.

§17-16C-5. Assistance of other state agencies.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
- the contrary, at the division's request and as mutually agreed upon, other state departments, divisions or
- 4 agencies may enter into agreements with the division to
- 5 assist or undertake projects that are beneficial to public
- assist or undertake projects that are beneficial to public
- 6 transportation. All expenses and other requirements
- 7 connected with the projects remain the responsibility of
- 8 the division of public transit.

CHAPTER 179

(H. B. 4428-By Delegate D. Miller)

[Passed March 4, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article twentya, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to vaccination of dogs and cats for rabies; and establishing requirements for rabies vaccination certificates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article twenty-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20A. VACCINATION OF DOGS AND CATS FOR RABIES.

§19-20A-4. Vaccination tag and certificate.

- 1 Each person vaccinating a dog or cat for rabies shall
- 2 provide a "certificate of rabies vaccination" which shall
- 3 contain the following information:
- 4 (a) Name of the county where the owner of the animal 5 resides;
- 6 (b) Vaccination tag number;
- 7 (c) Identification of the animal by color, weight,
- 8 breed, age and sex;
- 9 (d) Name, address and telephone number of the 10 owner;
- 11 (e) Type of vaccine, the manufacturer of the vaccine
- 12 and the serial number;
- 13 (f) Date of the vaccination;
- 14 (g) Identification of the veterinarian, doctor of 15 medicine or person administering the vaccination;
- 16 (h) Such other information as the commissioner of
- 17 agriculture may require.18 The owner of the animal shall retain the original
- certificate of vaccination in his or her records. Copies of the certificate or a computer printout that contains the information required above shall be filed with the
- 22 person administering the vaccination and the clerk of
- 23 the county commission in the county where the owner
- 24 of the animal resides.
- 25 Tags to be furnished by the county commission shall
- be of a distinctive and easily recognized color, and shall have thereon engraved, or stamped, the year of vacci-
- have thereon engraved, or stamped, the year of vaccination and the number indicating the record above
- 29 described. Such tag shall be securely fastened to the
- 30 collar worn by the dog and shall be given to the owner
- 31 by the veterinarian, the doctor of medicine or the person
- 32 vaccinating the dog or cat at the time of vaccination.

CHAPTER 180

(S. B. 448—By Senators Wiedebusch, Minard, Macnaughtan, Withers, Brackenrich, Burdette, Mr. President, and Whitlow)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, relating to the West Virginia recreational trails system; the "West Virginia Rails to Trails Program"; establishing a state rail bank procedure; powers and duties of the division of tourism and parks and railroad maintenance authority; and establishing limited liability for adjacent landowners.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. WEST VIRGINIA RAILS TO TRAILS PROGRAM.

- §5B-1A-1. Purpose.
- §5B-1A-2. Rails to trails program.
- §5B-1A-3. Definitions.
- §5B-1A-4. Powers and duties of the division.
- §5B-1A-5. Railroad maintenance authority.
- §5B-1A-6. Abandoned rights-of-way owned by the state prior to effective date of article.
- §5B-1A-7. Railroad rights-of-way preservation.
- §5B-1A-8. Limitation on liability of owner from whom state acquires land or interest therein.
- §5B-1A-9. Limitation on liability of persons making land available for trail use without charge.

§5B-1A-1. Purpose.

- The Legislature hereby declares that the long-term
- 2 value to the public of retaining networks of abandoned
- 3 railroad corridor lines is substantial, not only for the
- 4 preservation of corridors for future rail transportation
- 5 uses, but in terms of providing interim recreational use,
- 6 providing public open space and linking together other

- 7 community areas and recreational spaces, providing for
- 8 efficient and convenient placement of underground
- 9 utilities and telecommunication lines, providing environ-
- 10 mental greenways and wildlife habitat, providing public
- 11 access to other forms of recreation and improving
- 12 economic development opportunities associated with all
- 13 of the above listed multiple uses.

§5B-1A-2. Rails to trails program.

- 1 There is established within the division of tourism and
- 2 parks the "West Virginia Rails to Trails Program", the
- 3 purpose of which is to acquire or assist with the
- 4 acquisition of, and to develop or assist with the
 - development of, abandoned railroad rights-of-way for
- 6 interim use as public nonmotorized recreational trails.

§5B-1A-3. Definitions.

- 1 (1) "Abandoned railroad rights-of-way" means land 2 on which discontinuance of rail service has been
- 3 authorized by the interstate commerce commission.
- 4 (2) "Division" means the division of tourism and 5 parks.
- 6 (3) "Nonmotorized recreational trail use" means 7 bicycle, hiking, cross-country skiing, horseback riding, 8 horse drawn wagon, jogging or other similar activities.
- 9 (4) "Rail bank" means the holding intact of an 10 abandoned railroad right-of-way for future railroad 11 service.
- 12 (5) "Rail trail" means an abandoned railroad right-of-13 way utilized in the interim as a public nonmotorized 14 recreational trail.

§5B-1A-4. Powers and duties of the division.

- The commissioner of the division of tourism and parks is authorized to:
- 3 (1) Enter into agreements with any person on behalf 4 of the state to acquire an interest in any abandoned 5 railroad right-of-way, and to develop, maintain or 6 promote any rail trails created pursuant to the provi-7 sions of this article or already existing and under the

- 8 state's control at the time of the enactment of this 9 article.
- 10 (2) Assist any political subdivision or any person in 11 acquiring an interest in any abandoned railroad right-12 of-way and in developing, maintaining or promoting rail 13 trails.
- 14 (3) Evaluate existing and potential abandoned rail-15 road rights-of-way so as to identify such lands as may 16 be suitable for nonmotorized recreational trail use.
- 17 (4) Establish state rail trails, subject to the limita-18 tions on acquisition of land for state recreational 19 facilities as set forth in section twenty, article one, 20 chapter twenty of this code.

§5B-1A-5. Railroad maintenance authority.

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- 1 (a) The railroad maintenance authority, as created 2 pursuant to the provisions of section four, article 3 eighteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code, shall hold fee 4 simple title or any lesser interest in land, including 5 easements and leaseholds, on all abandoned railroad 6 rights-of-way acquired by the state, and utilized for 7 interim nonmotorized recreational trail use pursuant to 8 the provisions of this article. The railroad maintenance 9 authority may, at the option of a political subdivision of 10 this state, hold fee simple title or any lesser interest in 11 land, including easements and leaseholds, on all abandoned railroad rights-of-way acquired by such political 12 13 subdivision, and utilized for interim nonmotorized recreational trail use. Any provision of article one-a, 14 15 chapter twenty of this code to the contrary notwithstanding, the public land corporation shall not be vested 16 17 with title to any abandoned railroad right-of-way which 18 becomes vested in the state pursuant to the provisions 19 of this article.
 - (b) The railroad maintenance authority may, at the request of the commissioner of the division of tourism and parks, acquire an interest in an abandoned railroad right-of-way to be used as a rail trail, in accordance with the provisions of section six, article eighteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

26 (c) The railroad maintenance authority shall issue a 27 rail bank certificate for each abandoned railroad right-28 of-way held by the railroad maintenance authority for 29 interim nonmotorized recreational purposes in accor-30 dance with the provisions of section six of this article.

§5B-1A-6. Abandoned rights-of-way owned by the state prior to effective date of article.

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- (a) No abandoned railroad right-of-way acquired by the state prior to the effective date of this article and used as a rail trail may be used for any purpose that would unreasonably limit the ability to restore rail service over the right-of-way if such service were to be required in the future.
- (b) Any and all abandoned railroad rights-of-way 7 8 acquired by the state prior to the effective date of this article are hereby declared held for railroad transpor-9 10 tation purposes as of the date of acquisition, until, by 11 executive order of the governor, the right-of-way is 12 declared no longer suitable for a public transportation 13 purpose as a railroad right-of-way. Such abandoned 14 railroad rights-of-way shall not revert by operation of law to any other ownership while being held for future 15 16 railroad use in accordance with the provisions of this article.

§5B-1A-7. Railroad rights-of-way preservation.

- (a) Upon receipt of a notice to abandon a railroad 1 right-of-way by the owner thereof, the commissioner 2 may enter into an agreement with the owners of the 3 railroad right-of-way to preserve intact the railroad 4 right-of-way for a period of time not to exceed three 5 months to afford the state sufficient time to evaluate the 6 potential for use by the state for the purposes of this 7 article, and the funds available for acquisition. 8
- 9 (b) With regard to any land or an interest therein 10 actually acquired by the state pursuant to the provisions 11 of this article:
- 12 (1) Every specifically identified railroad right-of-13 way, including all bridges still in place, shall remain 14 intact except for necessary modifications required to

- adapt the right-of-way for use as a nonmotorized recreational trail, except for where it is necessary for a motorized vehicle to cross the trail:
- 18 (2) Any abandoned railroad right-of-way shall be 19 used solely for nonmotorized recreational purposes, 20 subject to such right-of-way being made available for 21 future rail use, if necessary; and
- 22 (3) Any abandoned railroad right-of-way acquired by 23 the state pursuant to the provisions of this article shall 24 be deemed to be held for railroad use and in continua-25 tion of the railroad easement and shall not revert by 26 operation of law to any other ownership during the term 27 of the agreement or during the term of a rail bank 28 certificate issued pursuant to section five of this article.

§5B-1A-8. Limitation on liability of owner from whom state acquires land or interest therein.

During the interim period when an abandoned railroad right-of-way is held by the state for possible future railroad use, the owner of the railroad right-of-way from whom the state acquired the land or an interest therein is relieved from civil liability for any personal injury or property damage occurring on the right-of-way during such interim period, which might otherwise arise from ownership.

§5B-1A-9. Limitation on liability of persons making land available for trail use without charge.

- 1 (a) General rule. — Except as specifically recognized 2 or provided in subsection (d) of this section, an owner 3 or lessee who provides the public with land for use as a trail under this article or who owns land adjoining any 4 trail developed under this article owes no duty of care 5 to keep the land safe for entry or use by others for 6 recreational purposes, or to give any warning to persons 7 entering or going on the trail or adjoining land of a 8 dangerous condition, use, structure or activity thereon. 9
- 10 (b) Owner. Any person, public agency or corpora-11 tion owning an interest in land utilized for recreational 12 trail purposes pursuant to this article shall be treated 13 as an "owner" for purposes of this article.

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- 14 (c) Specific limitations on liability. Except as specifically recognized by or provided in subsection (d) of this section, an owner or lessee who provides the public with land or who owns adjoining land to the trail under this article is not, by providing that trail or land or owning land adjoining the trail:
- 20 (1) Presumed to extend any assurance that the land 21 is safe for any purpose;
- 22 (2) Incur any duty of care toward a person who goes 23 on that land; or
- 24 (3) Become liable for any injury to persons or 25 property caused by an act or an act of omission of a 26 person who goes on that land.
 - (d) Exception. —
 - (1) This section does not apply to the owner or lessee of the land used as a trail if there is any charge made or usually made for entering or using the trail or land, or any part thereof.
 - (2) This section does not apply to the owner of land adjoining a trail if there is any charge made or usually made by the owner of such adjoining land for using the trail or land, or any part thereof, or if any commercial or other activity relating to the use of the trail whereby profit is derived from the patronage of the general public is conducted on such adjoining land, or on any part thereof.
- 40 (3) The foregoing applies whether the person going on 41 the land provided or adjoining is an invitee, licensee, 42 trespasser or otherwise.
 - (e) This article does not relieve any person of liability which would otherwise exist for deliberate, willful or malicious injury to persons or property. The provisions of this article do not create or increase the liability of any person.

CHAPTER 181

(H. B. 4717—By Delegates Johnson and M. Miller)

[Passed March 2, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article seven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the social security agency; the contribution fund; moneys which go into the contribution fund; authorized expenditures from the fund; transfer of excess moneys from the fund; payment to the federal agency of funds; administration of the fund; and submission of estimates to the governor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article seven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. SOCIAL SECURITY AGENCY.

§5-7-6. Contribution fund; appropriations thereto.

(a) There is hereby established a special fund to be 1 known as the contribution fund. The fund shall consist of and there shall be deposited in the fund: (1) All 3 contributions, interest and penalties collected under sections four and five of this article; (2) all moneys 5 appropriated to the fund under this article; (3) all 6 moneys paid to the state pursuant to any agreement 7 8 entered into under subsection (b), section three of this article; (4) any property or securities and earnings 9 thereof acquired through the use of moneys belonging 10 to the fund; (5) interest earned upon any moneys in the 11 fund; and (6) all sums recovered upon the bond of the 12 custodian or otherwise for losses sustained by the fund 13 and all other moneys received for the fund from any 14 other source. All moneys in the fund shall be mingled 15 and undivided. Subject to the provisions of this article, 16 the state agency is vested with full power, authority and 17

jurisdiction over the fund, including all moneys and

- property or securities belonging thereto, and may perform any and all acts whether or not specifically designated, which are necessary to the administration thereof consistent with the provisions of this article.
- (b) The contribution fund shall be established and held separate and apart from any other funds or moneys of the state and shall be used and administered exclusively for the purpose of this article: Provided, That amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for the purposes set forth in this article may be transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of the Legislature: Provided, however, That any other withdrawals from the fund shall be made for, and solely for (1) payment of amounts required to be paid to the federal agency pursuant to an agreement entered into under section three; (2) payment of refunds provided for in subsection (c), section four of this article; and (3) refunds of overpay-ments, not otherwise adjustable, made by a political subdivision or instrumentality.
 - (c) From the contribution fund the custodian of the fund shall pay to the federal agency such amounts and at such time or times as may be directed by the state agency in accordance with any agreement entered into under section three of this article and applicable federal law.
 - (d) The treasurer of the state shall be ex officio treasurer and custodian of the contribution fund and shall administer the fund in accordance with the provisions of this article and the directions of the state agency and shall pay all warrants drawn upon it in accordance with the provisions of this section and with such regulations as the state agency may prescribe pursuant thereto.
 - (e) (1) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated annually to the contribution fund, in addition to the contributions collected and paid into the contribution fund under sections four and five, to be available for the purposes of subsections (b) and (c) of this section

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- until expended, such additional sums as are found to be necessary in order to make the payments to the federal agency which the state is obligated to make pursuant to an agreement entered into under section three of this article.
 - (2) The state agency shall submit to the governor, at least ninety days in advance of the beginning of each regular session of the Legislature, an estimate of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to the contribution fund by paragraph (1) of this subsection for the next appropriation period.

CHAPTER 182

(S. B. 105-By Senator Blatnik)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and five-a, article five-f, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections two and four, article five-n of said chapter; and to amend and reenact sections two and thirteen, article nine of said chapter, relating to solid waste assessment fees exemptions; defining terms; imposing fees, collection, payment requirements, records, personal liability, officer liability, owner or operator liability; primary, secondary, joint and several liability; including by reference tax administration and procedure; providing for exemptions from fees; dedicating proceeds; and providing for criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and five-a, article five-f, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections two and four, article five-n of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that sections two and thirteen, article nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

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- 5F. Solid Waste Management Act.
- 5N. Solid Waste Landfill Closure Assistance Program.
 - 9. County and Regional Solid Waste Authorities.

ARTICLE 5F. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT

§20-5F-2. Definitions.

§20-5F-5a. Solid waste assessment fee: penalties.

§20-5F-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article the terms:
- 3 (a) "Approved solid waste facility" means a solid 4 waste facility or practice which has a valid permit 5 under this article.
- 6 (b) "Backhauling" means the practice of using the 7 same container to transport solid waste and to transport 8 any substance or material used as food by humans, 9 animals raised for human consumption or reusable item which may be refilled with any substance or material 11 used as food by humans.
- 12 (c) "Chief" means the chief of the section of waste 13 management of the division of natural resources.
- (d) "Commercial recycler" means any person, corporation or business entity whose operation involves the mechanical separation of materials for the purpose of reselling or recycling at least seventy percent by weight of the materials coming into the commercial recycling facility.
- 20 (e) "Municipal solid waste incineration" means the 21 burning of any solid waste collected by any municipal 22 or residential solid waste disposal company.
 - (f) "Commercial solid waste facility" means any solid waste facility which accepts solid waste generated by sources other than the owner or operator of the facility and shall not include an approved solid waste facility owned and operated by a person for the sole purpose of disposing of solid wastes created by that person or such person and other persons on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis and shall not include the legitimate reuse and

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- 31 recycling of materials for structural fill, road base, mine 32 reclamation and similar applications.
 - (g) "Division" means the division of natural resources.
- 34 (h) "Director" means the director of the division of natural resources
 - (i) "Open dump" means any solid waste disposal which does not have a permit under this article, or is in violation of state law, or where solid waste is disposed in a manner that does not protect the environment.
 - (j) "Person", "persons" or "applicant" mean any industrial user, public or private corporation, institution, association, firm or company organized or existing under the laws of this or any other state or country; state of West Virginia: governmental agency, including federal facilities: political subdivision: county commission: municipal corporation: industry: sanitary district; public service district: drainage district: soil conservation district; watershed improvement district; partnership; trust; estate; person or individual; group of persons or individuals acting individually or as a group; or any legal entity whatever.
 - (k) "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid, residue or precipitate, separated from or created by a municipal, commercial or industrial waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility or any other such waste having similar origin.
 - (1) "Solid waste" means any garbage, paper, litter, refuse, cans, bottles, waste processed for the express purpose of incineration, sludge from a waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility, other discarded material, including offensive or unsightly matter, solid, liquid, semisolid or contained liquid or gaseous material resulting from industrial, commercial, mining or community activities but does not include solid or dissolved material in sewage, or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows or industrial discharges which are point sources and have permits under article five-a of this chapter, or source, special nuclear or byproduct mate-

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70 rial as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as 71 amended, including any nuclear or byproduct material 72 considered by federal standards to be below regulatory 73 concern, or a hazardous waste either identified or listed 74 under article five-e of this chapter or refuse, slurry, 75 overburden or other wastes or material resulting from 76 coal-fired electric power or steam generation, the 77 exploration, development, production, storage and 78 recovery of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral 79 resources placed or disposed of at a facility which is 80 regulated under chapter twenty-two, twenty-two-a or 81 twenty-two-b of this code, so long as such placement or 82 disposal is in conformance with a permit issued 83 pursuant to such chapters. "Solid waste" shall not 84 include materials which are recycled by being used or 85 reused in an industrial process to make a product, as an effective substitute for commercial products, or are 86 87 returned to the original process as a substitute for raw 88 material feedstock.

- (m) "Solid waste disposal" means the practice of disposing of solid waste including placing, depositing, dumping or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any solid waste.
- (n) "Solid waste disposal shed" means the geographical area which the solid waste management board designates and files in the state register pursuant to section eight, article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code.
- (o) "Solid waste facility" means any system, facility, 98 land, contiguous land, improvements on the land, 99 structures or other appurtenances or methods used for 100 processing, recycling or disposing of solid waste, 101 including landfills, transfer stations, materials recovery 102 facilities and other such facilities not herein specified. 103 Such facility shall be deemed to be situated, for 104 purposes of this article, in the county where the majority 105 of the spatial area of such facility is located. 106
 - (p) "Class A facility" means a commercial solid waste facility which handles an aggregate of between ten thousand and thirty thousand tons of solid waste per

- 110 month. Class A facility shall include two or more Class
- 111 B solid waste landfills owned or operated by the same
- 112 person in the same county, if the aggregate tons of solid
- 113 waste handled per month by such landfills exceeds nine
- 114 thousand nine hundred ninety-nine tons of solid waste
- 115 per month.
- 116 (q) "Applicant" means the person applying for a
- commercial solid waste facility permit or similar 117
- 118 renewal permit and any person related to such person 119
- by virtue of common ownership, common management 120
- or family relationships as the director of the division of
- 121 natural resources may specify, including the following:
- 122 Spouses, parents and children and siblings.
- 123 (r) "Energy recovery incinerator" means any solid
- 124 waste facility at which solid wastes are incinerated with
- 125 the intention of using the resulting energy for the
- 126 generation of steam, electricity or any other use not
- 127 specified herein.
- 128 (s) "Incineration technologies" means any technology
- 129 that uses controlled flame combustion to thermally
- 130 break down solid waste, including refuse-derived fuel,
- 131 to an ash residue that contains little or no combustible
- 132 materials, regardless of whether the purpose is process-
- 133 ing, disposal, electric or steam generation or any other
- 134 method by which solid waste is incinerated.
- (t) "Incinerator" means an enclosed device using 135
- 136 controlled flame combustion to thermally break down
- 137 solid waste, including refuse-derived fuel, to an ash
- residue that contains little or no combustible materials. 138
- (u) "Materials recovery facility" means any solid 139
- 140 waste facility at which solid wastes are manually or
- mechanically shredded or separated so that materials 141
- are recovered from the general waste stream for 142
- purposes of reuse and recycling. 143

§20-5F-5a. Solid waste assessment fee: penalties.

- (a) Imposition. A solid waste assessment fee is 1
- hereby levied and imposed upon the disposal of solid 2
- waste at any solid waste disposal facility in this state 3
- to be collected and paid as follows: (1) One dollar and 4

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- 5 twenty-five cents per ton or part thereof of solid waste; and (2) one additional dollar per ton or part thereof of 6 solid waste for solid waste generated from sources 7 8 outside the solid waste disposal shed in which the solid 9 waste disposal facility is located. The fee imposed by this 10 section shall be in addition to all other fees and taxes 11 levied by law and shall be added to and constitute part 12 of any other fee charged by the operator or owner of the 13 solid waste disposal facility.
- 14 (b) Collection, return, payment and records. The 15 person disposing of solid waste at the solid waste 16 disposal facility shall pay the fee imposed by this 17 section, whether or not such person owns the solid waste, 18 and the fee shall be collected by the operator of the solid 19 waste facility who shall remit it to the tax commissioner.
- 20 (1) The fee imposed by this section accrues at the time 21 the solid waste is delivered to the solid waste disposal 22 facility.
 - (2) The operator shall remit the fee imposed by this section to the tax commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of the month next succeeding the month in which the fee accrued. Upon remittance of the fee, the operator shall be required to file returns on forms and in the manner as prescribed by the tax commissioner.
 - (3) The operator shall account to the state for all fees collected under this section and shall hold them in trust for the state until remitted to the tax commissioner.
 - (4) If any operator fails to collect the fee imposed by this section, he or she shall be personally liable for such amount as he or she failed to collect, plus applicable additions to tax, penalties and interest imposed by article ten, chapter eleven of this code.
 - (5) Whenever any operator fails to collect, truthfully account for, remit the fee or file returns with the fee as required in this section, the tax commissioner may serve written notice requiring such operator to collect the fees which become collectible after service of such notice, to deposit such fees in a bank approved by the tax commissioner, in a separate account, in trust for and

- payable to the tax commissioner, and to keep the amount of such fees in such account until remitted to the tax commissioner. Such notice shall remain in effect until a notice of cancellation is served on the operator or owner by the tax commissioner.
 - (6) Whenever the owner of a solid waste disposal facility leases the solid waste facility to an operator, the operator shall be primarily liable for collection and remittance of the fee imposed by this section and the owner shall be secondarily liable for remittance of the fee imposed by this section. However, if the operator fails, in whole or in part, to discharge his obligations under this section, the owner and the operator of the solid waste facility shall be jointly and severally responsible and liable for compliance with the provisions of this section
 - (7) If the operator or owner responsible for collecting the fee imposed by this section is an association or corporation, the officers thereof shall be liable, jointly and severally, for any default on the part of the association or corporation, and payment of the fee and any additions to tax, penalties and interest imposed by article ten, chapter eleven of this code may be enforced against them as against the association or corporation which they represent.
 - (8) Each person disposing of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility and each person required to collect the fee imposed by this section shall keep complete and accurate records in such form as the tax commissioner may require in accordance with the rules and regulations of the tax commissioner.
 - (c) Regulated motor carriers. The fee imposed by this section and section twenty-two, article five, chapter seven of this code shall be considered a necessary and reasonable cost for motor carriers of solid waste subject to the jurisdiction of the public service commission under chapter twenty-four-a of this code. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, upon the filing of a petition by an affected motor carrier, the public service commission shall, within fourteen days, reflect

84 the cost of said fee in said motor carrier's rates for solid 85 waste removal service. In calculating the amount of said 86 fee to said motor carrier, the commission shall use the 87 national average of pounds of waste generated per 88 person per day as determined by the United States 89 Environmental Protection Agency.

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- (d) Definition of solid waste disposal facility. For purposes of this section, the term "solid waste disposal facility" means any approved solid waste facility or open dump in this state, and includes a transfer station when the solid waste collected at the transfer station is not finally disposed of at a solid waste disposal facility within this state that collects the fee imposed by this section. Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize in any way the creation or operation of or contribution to an open dump.
- (e) Exemptions. The following transactions shall be 101 exempt from the fee imposed by this section:
- 102 (1) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste disposal 103 facility by the person who owns, operates or leases the 104 solid waste disposal facility if the facility is used 105 exclusively to dispose of waste originally produced by such person in such person's regular business or 106 107 personal activities or by persons utilizing the facility on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis: 108
- 109 (2) Reuse or recycling of any solid waste;
- 110 (3) Disposal of residential solid waste by an individual not in the business of hauling or disposing of solid 111 waste on such days and times as designated by the 112 director of the division of natural resources is exempt 113 from the solid waste assessment fee; and 114
 - (4) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility by a commercial recycler which disposes of thirty percent or less of the total waste it processes for recycling. In order to qualify for this exemption each commercial recycler must keep accurate records of incoming and outgoing waste by weight. Such records must be made available to the appropriate inspectors

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- from the division of natural resources of solid waste authority, upon request.
- 124 (f) Procedure and administration. — Notwithstand-125 ing section three, article ten, chapter eleven of this code. 126 each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax 127 Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article 128 ten, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fee 129 imposed by this section with like effect as if said act 130 were applicable only to the fee imposed by this section 131 and were set forth in extenso herein.
 - (g) Criminal penalties. Notwithstanding section two, article nine, chapter eleven of this code, sections three through seventeen, article nine, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fee imposed by this section with like effect as if said sections were applicable only to the fee imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso herein.
- 139 (h) Dedication of proceeds. — The net proceeds of the 140 fee collected by the tax commissioner pursuant to this 141 section shall be deposited at least monthly in an account 142 designated by the director of the division of natural 143 resources. The director shall allocate twenty-five cents 144 for each ton of solid waste disposed of in this state upon 145 which the fee imposed by this section is collected and shall deposit the total amount so allocated into the "Solid 146 147 Waste Reclamation and Environmental Response Fund" 148 to be expended for the purposes hereinafter specified. 149 The first one million dollars of the net proceeds of the 150 fee imposed by this section collected in each fiscal year shall be deposited in the "Solid Waste Enforcement 151 152 Fund" and expended for the purposes hereinafter specified. The next two hundred fifty thousand dollars 153 154 of the net proceeds of the fee imposed by this section 155 collected in each fiscal year shall be deposited in the "Resource Recovery - Solid Waste Disposal Authority 156 Reserve Fund" which shall be renamed and hereinafter 157 referred to as the "Solid Waste Management Board 158 Reserve Fund", and expended for the purposes hereinaf-159 ter specified: Provided, That in any year in which the 160 water development authority determines that the solid 161 waste management board reserve fund is adequate to 162

163 defer any contingent liability of the fund, the water 164 development authority shall so certify to the director of 165 the division of natural resources and the director shall 166 then cause no less than fifty thousand dollars nor more 167 than two hundred fifty thousand dollars to be deposited 168 to the fund: Provided, however, That in any year in 169 which the water development authority determines that 170 the solid waste management board reserve fund is 171 inadequate to defer any contingent liability of the fund, 172 the water development authority shall so certify to the 173 director of the division of natural resources and the 174 director shall then cause not less than two hundred fifty 175 thousand dollars nor more than five hundred thousand 176 dollars to be deposited in the fund: Provided further. 177 That if a facility owned or operated by the state of West 178 Virginia is denied site approval by a county or regional 179 solid waste authority, and if such denial contributes, in 180 whole or in part, to a default, or drawing upon a reserve 181 fund, on any indebtedness issued or approved by the 182 solid waste management board, then in that event the 183 solid waste management board or its fiscal agent may 184 withhold all or any part of any funds which would 185 otherwise be directed to such county or regional 186 authority and shall deposit such withheld funds in the 187 appropriate reserve fund. The director of the division of 188 natural resources shall allocate the remainder, if any, 189 of said net proceeds among the following three special 190 revenue accounts for the purpose of maintaining a 191 reasonable balance in each special revenue account, 192 which are hereby continued in the state treasury:

> (1) The "Solid Waste Enforcement Fund" which shall be expended by the director of the division of natural resources for administration, inspection, enforcement and permitting activities established pursuant to this article:

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(2) The "Solid Waste Management Board Reserve Fund" which shall be exclusively dedicated to providing a reserve fund for the issuance and security of solid waste disposal revenue bonds issued by the solid waste management board pursuant to article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code;

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- 204 (3) The "Solid Waste Reclamation and Environmental 205 Response Fund" which may be expended by the director 206 of the division of natural resources for the purposes of 207 reclamation, cleanup and remedial actions intended to 208 minimize or mitigate damage to the environment. 209 natural resources, public water supplies, water resour-210 ces and the public health, safety and welfare which may 211 result from open dumps or solid waste not disposed of 212 in a proper or lawful manner.
- 213 (i) Findings. In addition to the purposes and 214 legislative findings set forth in section one of this article, 215 the Legislature finds as follows:
 - (1) In-state and out-of-state locations producing solid waste should bear the responsibility of disposing of said solid waste or compensate other localities for costs associated with accepting such solid waste;
- 220 (2) The costs of maintaining and policing the streets 221 and highways of the state and its communities are 222 increased by long distance transportation of large 223 volumes of solid waste; and
- 224 (3) Local approved solid waste facilities are being 225 prematurely depleted by solid waste originating from 226 other locations.
- 227 (j) Severability. — If any provision of this section or 228 the application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged 229 by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such 230 judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of this section, but shall be confined in its 231 232 operation to the provision thereof directly involved in 233 the controversy in which such judgment shall have been 234 rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other 235 persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
- 236 (k) Effective date. This section is effective on the 237 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-238 eight.

ARTICLE 5N. SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

§20-5N-2. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:

- (1) "Commercial recycler" means any person, corporation or business entity whose operation involves the mechanical separation of materials for the purpose of reselling or recycling at least seventy percent by weight of the materials coming into the commercial recycling facility;
- 9 (2) "Cost of project" includes the cost of the services
 10 authorized in sections three and ten of this article,
 11 property, material and labor which are essential thereto,
 12 financing charges, interest during construction and all
 13 other expenses, including legal fees, trustees', engineers'
 14 and architects' fees which are necessarily or properly
 15 incidental to the program;
 - (3) "Director" means the director of the division of natural resources of the department of commerce, labor and environmental resources, or his or her authorized representative;
 - (4) "Landfill" means any solid waste facility for the disposal of solid waste on land, and also means any system, facility, land, contiguous land, improvements on the land, structures or other appurtenances or methods used for processing, recycling or disposing of solid waste, including landfills, transfer stations, resource recovery facilities and other such facilities not herein specified. Such facility shall be deemed to be situated, for purposes of this article, in the county where the majority of the spatial area of such facility is located;
 - (5) "Permittee" means a person who has or should obtain a permit for a commercial solid waste facility that is a landfill;
 - (6) "Project" means the providing of closure assistance to one or more landfills under this article.

The definitions provided in section two, article fivef of this chapter, to the extent they are applicable, apply in this article.

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§20-5N-4. Solid waste assessment fee; penalties.

- (a) Imposition. A solid waste assessment fee is 2 hereby levied and imposed upon the disposal of solid waste at any solid waste disposal facility in this state in the amount of four dollars per ton or like ratio on any part thereof of solid waste, except as provided in 6 subsections (e) and (i) of this section: Provided. That any solid waste disposal facility may deduct from this 8 assessment fee an amount, not to exceed the fee, equal 9 to the amount that such facility is required by the public 10 service commission to set aside for the purpose of closure 11 of that portion of the facility required by the solid waste management regulations to close by the thirtieth day of 12 November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one or 13 14 ninety-two, including any extensions authorized pursu-15 ant to section eight, article five-f of this chapter. The fee imposed by this section is in addition to all other fees 16 17 and taxes levied by law and shall be added to and constitute part of any other fee charged by the operator 18 19 or owner of the solid waste disposal facility.
 - (b) Collection, return, payment and records. The person disposing of solid waste at the solid waste disposal facility shall pay the fee imposed by this section, whether or not such person owns the solid waste, and the fee shall be collected by the operator of the solid waste facility who shall remit it to the tax commissioner.
 - (1) The fee imposed by this section accrues at the time the solid waste is delivered to the solid waste disposal facility.
 - (2) The operator shall remit the fee imposed by this section to the tax commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of the month next succeeding the month in which the fee accrued. Upon remittance of the fee, the operator shall file returns on forms and in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner.
 - (3) The operator shall account to the state for all fees collected under this section and shall hold them in trust for the state until they are remitted to the tax commissioner.

- (4) If any operator fails to collect the fee imposed by this section, he or she shall be personally liable for such amount as he or she failed to collect, plus applicable additions to tax, penalties and interest imposed by article ten, chapter eleven of this code.
- (5) Whenever any operator fails to collect, truthfully account for, remit the fee or file returns with the fee as required in this section, the tax commissioner may serve written notice requiring such operator to collect the fees which become collectible after service of such notice, to deposit such fees in a bank approved by the tax commissioner, in a separate account, in trust for and payable to the tax commissioner, and to keep the amount of such fees in such account until remitted to the tax commissioner. Such notice shall remain in effect until a notice of cancellation is served on the operator or owner by the tax commissioner.
 - (6) Whenever the owner of a solid waste disposal facility leases the solid waste facility to an operator, the operator shall be primarily liable for collection and remittance of the fee imposed by this section and the owner shall be secondarily liable for remittance of the fee imposed by this section. However, if the operator fails, in whole or in part, to discharge his obligations under this section, the owner and the operator of the solid waste facility shall be jointly and severally responsible and liable for compliance with the provisions of this section.
 - (7) If the operator or owner responsible for collecting the fee imposed by this section is an association or corporation, the officers thereof shall be liable, jointly and severally, for any default on the part of the association or corporation, and payment of the fee and any additions to tax, penalties and interest imposed by article ten, chapter eleven of this code may be enforced against them as against the association or corporation which they represent.
- (8) Each person disposing of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility and each person required to collect the fee imposed by this section shall keep

complete and accurate records in such form as the tax commissioner may require in accordance with the rules and regulations of the tax commissioner.

- (c) Regulated motor carriers. The fee imposed by this section is a necessary and reasonable cost for motor carriers of solid waste subject to the jurisdiction of the public service commission under chapter twenty-four-a of this code. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, upon the filing of a petition by an affected motor carrier, the public service commission shall, within fourteen days, reflect the cost of said fee in said motor carrier's rates for solid waste removal service. In calculating the amount of said fee to said motor carrier, the commission shall use the national average of pounds of waste generated per person per day as determined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- (d) Definitions. For purposes of this section, the term "solid waste disposal facility" means any approved solid waste facility or open dump in this state, and includes a transfer station when the solid waste collected at the transfer station is not finally disposed of at a solid waste facility within this state that collects the fee imposed by this section. Nothing in this section authorizes in any way the creation or operation of or contribution to an open dump.
- (e) Exemptions. The following transactions are exempt from the fee imposed by this section:
- (1) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility by the person who owns, operates or leases the solid waste disposal facility if the facility is used exclusively to dispose of waste originally produced by such person in such person's regular business or personal activities or by persons utilizing the facility on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis;
 - (2) Reuse or recycling of any solid waste:
- 114 (3) Disposal of residential solid waste by an individ-115 ual not in the business of hauling or disposing of solid 116 waste on such days and times as designated by the 117 director of the division of natural resources as exempt

118 from the solid waste assessment fee; and

(4) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility by a commercial recycler which disposes of thirty percent or less of the total waste it processes for recycling. In order to qualify for this exemption each commercial recycler must keep accurate records of incoming and outgoing waste by weight. Such records must be made available to the appropriate inspectors from the division of natural resources of solid waste authority, upon request.

- (f) Procedure and administration. Notwithstanding section three, article ten, chapter eleven of this code, each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article ten, chapter eleven of this code applies to the fee imposed by this section with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the fee imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso herein.
- (g) Criminal penalties. Notwithstanding section two, article nine, chapter eleven of this code, sections three through seventeen, article nine, chapter eleven of this code apply to the fee imposed by this section with like effect as if said sections were applicable only to the fee imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso herein.
- (h) Dedication of proceeds. Fifty percent of the proceeds of the fee collected pursuant to this article in excess of thirty thousand tons per month from any landfill which is permitted to accept in excess of thirty thousand tons per month pursuant to section four-d, article five-f of this chapter shall be remitted, at least monthly, to the county commission in the county in which the landfill is located. The remainder of the proceeds of the fee collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the closure cost assistance fund established pursuant to section seven of this article.
- (i) Additional fee for out-of-shed waste. In addition to the four-dollar fee imposed pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three,

- 158 there shall be imposed an additional two-dollar fee on
- 159 the disposal of solid waste generated outside of the
- 160 wasteshed wherein the solid waste disposal facility is
- 161 located.
- 162 (j) Effective date. This section is effective on the
- 163 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 164 two.

ARTICLE 9. COUNTY AND REGIONAL SOLID WASTE AUTHORITIES.

- §20-9-2. Definitions.
- §20-9-13. Solid waste assessment interim fee; regulated motor carriers; dedication of proceeds; criminal penalties.

§20-9-2. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context clearly requires a different 2 meaning, as used in this article, the terms:
- 3 (a) "Approved solid waste facility" means a commer-4 cial solid waste facility or practice which has a valid 5 permit or compliance order under article five-f of this 6 chapter.
- (b) "Commercial solid waste facility" means any solid 7 waste facility which accepts solid waste generated by 8 sources other than the owner or operator of the facility 9 and shall not include an approved solid waste facility 10 11 owned and operated by a person for the sole purpose of disposing of solid wastes created by that person or that 12 person and another person on a cost-sharing or nonprofit 13 14 basis and shall not include the legitimate reuse and recycling of materials for structural fill, road base, mine 15 16 reclamation and similar applications.
- 17 (c) "Commercial recycler" means any person, corpo-18 ration or business entity whose operation involves the 19 mechanical separation of materials for the purpose of 20 reselling or recycling at least seventy percent by weight 21 of the materials coming into the commercial recycling 22 facility.
- 23 (d) "Class A facility" means a commercial solid waste 24 facility which handles an aggregate of between ten and 25 thirty thousand tons of solid waste per month. Class A

- facility shall include two or more Class B solid waste landfills owned or operated by the same person in the same county, if the aggregate tons of solid waste handled per month by such landfills exceeds nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine tons of solid waste per month.
- (e) "Class B facility" means a commercial solid waste facility which receives or is expected to receive an average daily quantity of mixed solid waste equal to or exceeding one hundred tons each working day, or serves or is expected to serve a population equal to or exceeding forty thousand persons, but which does not receive solid waste exceeding an aggregate of ten thousand tons per month. Class B facilities do not include construction/demolition facilities: Provided, That the definition of Class B facility may include such reasonable subdivisions or subclassifications as the director may establish by legislative rule proposed in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
 - (f) "Compliance order" means an administrative order issued pursuant to section five, article five-f of this chapter authorizing a solid waste facility to operate without a solid waste permit.
 - (g) "Open dump" means any solid waste disposal which does not have a permit under this article, or is in violation of state law, or where solid waste is disposed in a manner that does not protect the environment.
 - (h) "Person" means any industrial user, public or private corporation, institution, association, firm or company organized or existing under the laws of this or any other state or country; the state of West Virginia; governmental agency, including federal facilities; political subdivision; county commission; municipal corporation; industry; sanitary district; public service district; drainage district; soil conservation district; watershed improvement district; partnership; trust; estate; person or individual; group of persons or individuals acting individually or as a group; or any legal entity whatever.

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- (i) "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid, residue or precipitate, separated from or created by a municipal, commercial or industrial waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility or any other such waste having similar origin.
- (j) "Solid waste" means any garbage, paper, litter, refuse, cans, bottles, waste processed for the express purpose of incineration, sludge from a waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility, other discarded material, including offensive or unsightly matter, solid, liquid, semisolid or contained liquid or gaseous material resulting from industrial, commercial, mining or community activities but does not include solid or dissolved material in sewage, or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows or industrial discharges which are point sources and have permits under article five-a of this chapter, or source, special nuclear or byproduct material as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, including any nuclear or byproduct material considered by federal standards to be below regulatory concern, or a hazardous waste either identified or listed under article five-e of this chapter, or refuse, slurry, overburden or other waste or material resulting from coal-fired electric power or steam generation, the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral resources placed or disposed of at a facility which is regulated under chapter twenty-two, twenty-two-a or twenty-two-b of this code, so long as such placement or disposal is in conformance with a permit issued pursuant to said chapters. "Solid waste" shall also not include materials which are recycled by being used or reused in an industrial process to make a product, as effective substitutes for commercial products, or are returned to the original process as a substitute for raw material feedstock.
- (k) "Solid waste disposal" means the practice of disposing of solid waste including placing, depositing, dumping or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any solid waste.

- 107 (l) "Solid waste disposal shed" means the geographi-108 cal area which the solid waste management board 109 designates and files in the state register pursuant to 110 section eight, article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this 111 code.
- 112 (m) "Solid waste facility" means any system, facility, 113 land, contiguous land, improvements on the land, 114 structures or other appurtenances or methods used for 115 processing, recycling or disposing of solid waste, 116 including landfills, transfer stations, resource-recovery 117 facilities and other such facilities not herein specified. 118 Such facility shall be deemed to be situated, for 119 purposes of this article, in the county where the majority 120 of the spatial area of such facility is located.
- 121 (n) "Energy recovery incinerator" means any solid 122 waste facility at which solid wastes are incinerated with 123 the intention of using the resulting energy for the 124 generation of steam, electricity or any other use not 125 specified herein.
- 126 (o) "Incineration technologies" means any technology 127 that uses controlled flame combustion to thermally 128 break down solid waste, including refuse-derived fuel, 129 to an ash residue that contains little or no combustible 130 materials, regardless of whether the purpose is process-131 ing, disposal, electric or steam generation, or any other 132 method by which solid waste is incinerated.
- 133 (p) "Incinerator" means an enclosed device using 134 controlled flame combustion to thermally break down 135 solid waste, including refuse-derived fuel, to an ash 136 residue that contains little or no combustible materials.
- 137 (q) "Materials recovery facility" means any solid 138 waste facility at which solid wastes are manually or 139 mechanically shredded or separated so that materials 140 are recovered from the general waste stream for 141 purposes of reuse and recycling.
- §20-9-13. Solid waste assessment interim fee; regulated motor carriers; dedication of proceeds; criminal penalties.
 - (a) Imposition. Effective the first day of July, one

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thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, a solid waste assessment fee is hereby levied and imposed upon the disposal of solid waste at any solid waste disposal facility in this state to be collected at the rate of one dollar per ton or part thereof of solid waste. The fee imposed by this section shall be in addition to all other fees levied by law.

- (b) Collection, return, payment and record. The person disposing of solid waste at the solid waste disposal facility shall pay the fee imposed by this section, whether or not such person owns the solid waste, and the fee shall be collected by the operator of the solid waste facility who shall remit it to the tax commissioner.
- (1) The fee imposed by this section accrues at the time the solid waste is delivered to the solid waste disposal facility.
- (2) The operator shall remit the fee imposed by this section to the tax commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of the month next succeeding the month in which the fee accrued. Upon remittance of the fee, the operator shall be required to file returns on forms and in the manner as prescribed by the tax commissioner.
- (3) The operator shall account to the state for all fees collected under this section and shall hold them in trust for the state until they are remitted to the tax commissioner.
- (4) If any operator fails to collect the fee imposed by this section, he or she shall be personally liable for such amount as he or she failed to collect, plus applicable additions to tax, penalties and interest imposed by article ten, chapter eleven of this code.
- (5) Whenever any operator fails to collect, truthfully account for, remit the fee or file returns with the fee as required in this section, the tax commissioner may serve written notice requiring such operator to collect the fees which become collectible after service of such notice, to deposit such fees in a bank approved by the tax commissioner, in a separate account, in trust for and payable to the tax commissioner, and to keep the amount

- of such fees in such account until remitted to the tax commissioner. Such notice shall remain in effect until a notice of cancellation is served on the operator or owner by the tax commissioner.
 - (6) Whenever the owner of a solid waste disposal facility leases the solid waste facility to an operator, the operator shall be primarily liable for collection and remittance of the fee imposed by this section and the owner shall be secondarily liable for remittance of the fee imposed by this section. However, if the operator fails, in whole or in part, to discharge his obligations under this section, the owner and the operator of the solid waste facility shall be jointly and severally responsible and liable for compliance with the provisions of this section.
 - (7) If the operator or owner responsible for collecting the fee imposed by this section is an association or corporation, the officers thereof shall be liable, jointly and severally, for any default on the part of the association or corporation, and payment of the fee and any additions to tax, penalties and interest imposed by article ten, chapter eleven of this code may be enforced against them as against the association or corporation which they represent.
 - (8) Each person disposing of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility and each person required to collect the fee imposed by this section shall keep complete and accurate records in such form as the tax commissioner may require in accordance with the rules and regulations of the tax commissioner.
 - (c) Regulated motor carriers. The fee imposed by this section and section twenty-two, article five, chapter seven of this code shall be considered a necessary and reasonable cost for motor carriers of solid waste subject to the jurisdiction of the public service commission under chapter twenty-four-a of this code. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, upon the filing of a petition by an affected motor carrier, the public service commission shall, within fourteen days, reflect the cost of said fee in said motor carrier's rates for solid

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- waste removal service. In calculating the amount of said fee to said motor carrier, the commission shall use the national average of pounds of waste generated per person per day as determined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
 - (d) Definition of solid waste disposal facility. For purposes of this section, the term "solid waste disposal facility" means any approved solid waste facility or open dump in this state and includes a transfer station when the solid waste collected at the transfer station is not finally disposed of at a solid waste facility within this state that collects the fee imposed by this section. Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize in any way the creation or operation of or contribution to an open dump.
 - (e) *Exemptions*. The following transactions shall be exempt from the fee imposed by this section:
 - (1) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility by the person who owns, operates or leases the solid waste disposal facility if it is used exclusively to dispose of waste originally produced by such person in such person's regular business or personal activities or by persons utilizing the facility on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis:
 - (2) Reuse or recycling of any solid waste;
 - (3) Disposal of residential solid waste by an individual not in the business of hauling or disposing of solid waste on such days and times as designated by the director of the division of natural resources as exempt from the fee imposed pursuant to section five-a, article five-f of this chapter; and
 - (4) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility by a commercial recycler which disposes of thirty percent or less of the total waste it processes for recycling. In order to qualify for this exemption each commercial recycler must keep accurate records of incoming and outgoing waste by weight. Such records must be made available to the appropriate inspectors from the division of natural resources of solid waste

120 authority, upon request.

- (f) Procedure and administration. — Notwithstand-ing section three, article ten, chapter eleven of this code, each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article ten, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fee imposed by this section with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the fee imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso herein
 - (g) Criminal penalties. Notwithstanding section two, article nine, chapter eleven of this code, sections three through seventeen, article nine, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fee imposed by this section with like effect as if said sections were the only fee imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso herein.
 - (h) Dedication of proceeds. The net proceeds of the fee collected by the tax commissioner pursuant to this section shall be deposited, at least monthly, in a special revenue account known as the "Solid Waste Planning Fund" which is hereby created. The solid waste management board shall allocate the proceeds of the said fund as follows:
 - (1) Fifty percent of the total proceeds shall be divided equally among, and paid over to, each county solid waste authority to be expended for the purposes of this article: *Provided*, That where a regional solid waste authority exists, such funds shall be paid over to the regional solid waste authority to be expended for the purposes of this article in an amount equal to the total share of all counties within the jurisdiction of said regional solid waste authority; and
 - (2) Fifty percent of the total proceeds shall be expended by the solid waste management board for:
- (A) Grants to the county or regional solid waste authorities for the purposes of this article; and
 - (B) Administration, technical assistance or other costs of the solid waste management board necessary to implement the purposes of this article and article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code.

- 160 (i) Severability. — If any provision of this section or 161 the application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged 162 by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such 163 judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the 164 remainder of this section, but shall be confined in its 165 operation to the provision thereof directly involved in 166 the controversy in which such judgment shall have been 167 rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other 168 persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
- 169 (j) Effective date. This section is effective on the 170 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

CHAPTER 183

(H. B. 4524—By Delegates Rowe and J. Martin)

[Passed March 2, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five-f, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, relating to the definition of wood waste and treatment of wood byproducts, wood residue and wood waste.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five-f, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5F. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT.

§20-5F-2a. Special provision for wood waste.

- 1 (a) The purpose of this section is to allow for the combustion of wood waste without a solid waste facility
- 3 permit and to allow facilities to use wood waste as an
- 4 alternative fuel.
- 5 (b) "Wood waste" means wood residues from logging
- 6 operations, sawmills, wood product manufacturing.

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- 7 furniture making operations, recycling of wood products
 - and other industrial processes, but does not include
- 9 wood waste which contains hazardous constituents,
- 10 including copper chromium arsenate, which would
- 11 cause such wood waste to be regulated pursuant to
- 12 article five-e, chapter twenty of the code.
- 13 (c) For purposes of section two of this article and section two, article nine of this chapter:
- (1) Wood waste is not "solid waste" unless disposed ofat a solid waste facility or an open dump;
 - (2) Wood waste is a material which may be used as an effective substitute for commercial products or raw material feedstock.
 - (d) The use of incineration technologies in an energy recovery incinerator for the purposes of combusting wood waste is not prohibited and no solid waste facility permit is required. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to allow the combustion of wood waste without a source permit from the air pollution control commission if such permit is required by article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code or the rules promulgated thereunder.
 - (e) The division of natural resources, in consultation with the air pollution control commission, may promulgate legislative rules, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to effectuate the purposes of this section.

CHAPTER 184

(H. B. 4149—By Delegates Douglas and Grubb)

[Passed February 20, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article five-f, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections five and six, article five-n

of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections four, five and five-b, article eleven of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section one-h, article two, chapter twenty-four, relating to solid waste management; amending the date of expiration of division of health issued permits; revising the imposition of a fee; extending the deadline for closure assistance for single liner facilities; extending the application deadline for closure assistance for single liner facilities; decreasing the population requirement for municipalities to draft by ordinance a materials recovery facility; redefining "coal combustion byproduct"; allowing the public service commission to add additional classified exempt employees for solid waste program purposes and making other technical corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article five-f, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections five and six, article five-n of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections four, five and five-b, article eleven of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section one-h, article two, chapter twenty-four be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 20. Natural Resources.
- 24. Public Service Commission.

CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

Article

- 5F. Solid Waste Management Act.
- 5N. Solid Waste Landfill Closure Assistance Program.
- 11. West Virginia Recycling Program.

ARTICLE 5F. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT.

§20-5F-5. Prohibitions; permits required; priority of disposal.

- 1 (a) Open dumps are prohibited and it shall be
- 2 unlawful for any person to create, contribute to or
- 3 operate an open dump or for any landowner to allow an
- 4 open dump to exist on his property unless that open

dump is under a compliance schedule approved by the chief. Such compliance schedule shall contain an enforceable sequence of actions leading to compliance and shall not exceed two years. Open dumps operated prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, by a landowner or tenant for the disposal of solid waste generated by the landowner or tenant at his or her residence or farm shall not be deemed to constitute a violation of this section if such open dump did not constitute a violation of law on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and unauthorized dumps which were created by unknown persons shall not constitute a violation of this section: Provided, That no person shall contribute additional solid waste to any such dump after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, except that the owners of the land on which unautho-rized dumps have been or are being made shall not be liable for such unauthorized dumping unless such landowners refuse to cooperate with the division of natural resources in stopping such unauthorized dumping.

- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person, unless he holds a valid permit from the division to install, establish, construct, modify, operate or abandon any solid waste facility. All approved solid waste facilities shall be installed, established, constructed, modified, operated or abandoned in accordance with this article, plans, specifications, orders, instructions and rules in effect.
- (c) Any permit issued under this article shall be issued in compliance with the requirements of this article, its rules and article five-a and the rules promulgated thereunder, so that only a single permit shall be required of a solid waste facility under these two articles. Each permit issued under this article shall have a fixed term not to exceed five years: Provided, That the chief may administratively extend a permit beyond its five-year term if the approved solid waste facility is in compliance with this article, its rules and article five-a of this chapter and the rules promulgated thereunder: Provided, however, That such administrative extension

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- may not be for more than one year. Upon expiration of a permit, renewal permits may be issued in compliance with rules and regulations promulgated by the director of the division of natural resources.
 - (d) All existing permits of the division of health for solid waste facilities under section nine, article one. chapter sixteen of this code shall continue in full force and effect until a permit is issued for that approved solid waste facility under this article: Provided. That all such existing permits of the division of health shall expire within five years of the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three. Within four years of the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, all persons holding such division of health permits shall apply to the chief for a permit under this article: Provided, however, That the chief may require persons holding such existing health division permits to reapply under this section prior to four years from the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightythree, if persistent violations of this article, any permit term or condition, orders or rules promulgated under this article, exist at that facility. Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this subsection, the division of natural resources may enter an extension order for a period of two years while an application for a permit pursuant to this article is pending.
 - (e) No person may dispose in the state of any solid waste, whether such waste originates in state or out of state, in a manner which endangers the environment or the public health, safety or welfare as determined by the director of the division of natural resources: *Provided*, That the carcasses of dead animals may be disposed of in any solid waste facility or in any other manner as provided for in this code. Upon request by the director of the division of natural resources, the director of the division of health shall provide technical advice concerning the disposal of solid waste or carcasses of dead animals within the state.
 - (f) To the extent permissible by law, a commercial solid waste facility shall first ensure that the disposal needs of the county, or if applicable the region, in which

87 it is located are met. If the county solid waste authority, 88 or regional solid waste authority if applicable, in which the facility is located determines that the present or 89 90 future disposal needs of the county, or if applicable the region, are not being, or will not be, met by the 91 92 commercial solid waste facility, such authority may 93 apply to the director of the division of natural resources 94 to modify the applicable permit in order to reduce the 95 total monthly tonnage of out of county waste, or if 96 applicable, out of region waste, the facility is permitted 97 to accept by an amount that shall not exceed the total 98 monthly tonnage generated by the county, or if appli-99 cable the region, in which the facility is located.

- 100 (g) In addition to all the requirements of this article 101 and the rules promulgated hereunder, a permit to 102 construct a new commercial solid waste facility or to 103 expand the spatial area of an existing facility, not 104 otherwise allowed by an existing permit, may not be 105 issued unless the public service commission has granted 106 a certificate of need, as provided in section one-c, article 107 two, chapter twenty-four of this code. If the director 108 approves a permit or permit modification, the certificate 109 of need shall become a part of the permit and all 110 conditions contained in the certificate of need shall be 111 conditions of the permit and may be enforced by the 112 division of natural resources in accordance with the 113 provisions of this article.
- 114 (h) The director of the division of natural resources 115 shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to chapter 116 twenty-nine-a of this code which reflect the purposes as 117 set forth in this article.

ARTICLE 5N. SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

§20-5N-5. Limitation on assistance.

§20-5N-6. Application for closure assistance.

§20-5N-5. Limitation on assistance.

- The director may provide closure assistance only to
- permittees who meet the following requirements:
- 3 (1) The permittee of a landfill that does not have a

- 4 liner and ceases accepting solid waste on or before the 5 thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 6 ninety-one, except for those landfills allowed to accept 7 solid waste pursuant to the provisions of section eight. 8 article five-f of this chapter and ceases accepting solid 9 waste on or before the extension deadline as determined 10 by the director; or the permittee of a landfill that has 11 only a single liner and ceases accepting solid waste on 12 or before the thirtieth day of September, one thousand 13
- 14 (2) The permittee of the landfill must demonstrate to 15 the satisfaction of the director that it does not have the 16 financial resources on hand or the ability to generate the 17 amounts needed to comply, in a timely manner, with the 18 closure requirements provided in article five-f of this 19 chapter and any rules promulgated pursuant thereto; 20 and
- 21 (3) The permittee must maintain a permit for the 22 landfill pursuant to the provisions of section five, article 23 five-f of this chapter and maintain the full amount of 24 the bond required to be submitted pursuant to section 25 five-b, article five-f of this chapter.

Application for closure assistance. §20-5N-6.

nine hundred ninety-three:

- (a) The director shall provide an application and 1 application procedure for all permittees of solid waste 2 landfills desiring to receive closure assistance under this 3 article. At a minimum the procedure shall require that: 4
- 5 (1) The permittee of a landfill that does not have a liner system must submit its application no later than 6 the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine 7 8 hundred ninety-two, except the permittee of a landfill that has been allowed to accept solid waste pursuant to 9 the provisions of section eight, article five-f of this 10 chapter must submit its application no later than the 11 eleven months following the expiration of the extension; 12 13 and
- (2) The permittee of a landfill that has only a single 14 liner system must submit its application no later than 15

- 16 eleven months following the date of closure of the 17 landfill
- 18 (b) The director shall, within a reasonable time after
- 19 receipt of a complete application, notify the applicant of
- 20 the acceptance or rejection of the application. If the
- 21 application is rejected the notice shall contain the
- 22 reasons for the rejection.

ARTICLE 11. WEST VIRGINIA RECYCLING PROGRAM.

- §20-11-4. Recycling plans.
- §20-11-5. Establishment of county recycling programs for solid waste; petition for referendum; ballot contents; election procedure; effect of such election.
- §20-11-5b. Solid and hazardous waste supplemental assessment fee.

§20-11-4. Recycling plans.

- 1 (a) Each county or regional solid waste authority, as 2 part of the comprehensive litter and solid waste control 3 plan required pursuant to the provisions of section 4 seven, article nine of this chapter, shall prepare and 5 adopt a comprehensive recycling plan to assist in the
- 6 implementation of the recycling goals in section three of this article.
- 8 (b) Each recycling plan required by this section shall9 include, but not be limited to:
- 10 (1) Designation of the recyclable materials that can be 11 most effectively source separated in the region or 12 county, which shall include at least three recyclable 13 materials; and
- 14 (2) Designation of potential strategies for the collec-
- tion, marketing and disposition of designated source separated recyclable materials in each region or county.
- separated recyclable materials in each region or county.

 820-11-5. Establishment of county recycling programs
- §20-11-5. Establishment of county recycling programs for solid waste; petition for referendum; ballot contents; election procedure; effect of such election.
 - 1 (a) Within twelve months following the effective date
 2 of this section, each municipality described in subsection
 3 (b) of this section shall submit a proposal to the solid

3 (b) of this section shall submit a proposal to the solid waste management board, consistent with the provisions

- of this section, describing the establishment and implementation of the mandatory recycling program. The solid waste management board shall review the submitted plans for consistency with the criteria provided in this section, the county or regional solid waste management plan and the statewide management plan. The solid waste management board may make suggested changes to the plan and shall provide technical assistance to the municipalities in the development of the plans.
 - (b) Within twenty-four months following the effective date of this section, each municipality with a population of ten thousand or more people, as determined by the most recent decennial census by the Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of Commerce, shall establish and commence implementation of a source separation and curbside collection program for recyclable materials. Implementation may be phased in over a six month time period. Such program shall include, at a minimum, the following:
 - (1) An ordinance adopted by the governing body of the municipality requiring that each person, partnership, corporation or other entity in the municipality shall separate at least three recyclable materials, as deemed appropriate by the municipality, from other solid waste: *Provided*, That the list of recyclables to be separated may be adjusted according to whether the generator is residential, commercial or other type of establishment.
 - (2) A scheduled day, at least one per month, during which separated materials are to be placed at the curbside, or similar location, for collection.
 - (3) A system that collects recyclable materials from the curbside, or similar location, at least once per month: *Provided*, That to encourage full participation, the program shall, to the maximum extent possible, provide for the collection of recyclables at the same rate of frequency, and simultaneous with, the regular collection of solid waste.
 - (4) Provisions to ensure compliance with the ordi-

- 45 nance, including incentives and penalties.
 - (5) A comprehensive public information and education program covering the importance and benefits of recycling, as well as the specific features and requirements of the recycling program. As part of the education program, each municipality shall, at a minimum, notify all persons occupying residential, commercial, institutional or other premises within its boundaries of the requirements of the program, including how the system will operate, the dates of collection, the responsibilities of persons within the municipality, and incentives and penalties.
 - (6) Consultation with the county or regional solid waste authority in which the municipality is located to avoid duplication, ensure coordination of solid waste programs, and maximize the market for recyclables.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste may be established in any county of this state by action of a county commission in accordance with the provisions of this section. Such program shall require:
 - (1) That, prior to collection at its source, all solid waste shall be segregated into separate identifiable recyclable materials by each person, partnership, corporation and governmental agency subscribing to a solid waste collection service in the county or transporting solid waste to a commercial solid waste facility in the county;
 - (2) Each person engaged in the commercial collection, transportation, processing or disposal of solid waste within the county shall accept only such solid waste from which recyclable materials in accordance with said county's comprehensive recycling program have been segregated; and
 - (3) That the provisions of the recycling plan prepared pursuant to section four of this article shall, to the extent practicable, be incorporated in said county's comprehensive recycling program.
 - (d) For the purposes of this article, recyclable

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materials shall include, but not be limited to, steel and bi-metallic cans, aluminum, glass, paper and such other solid waste materials as may be specified by either the municipality or county commission with the advice of the county or regional solid waste authority.

(e) A comprehensive recycling program for solid waste may be established in any county of this state by: (1) A petition filed with the county commission bearing the signatures of registered voters of the county equal to not less than five percent of the number of votes cast within the county for governor at the preceding gubernatorial election; and (2) approval by a majority of the voters in a subsequent referendum on the issue. A referendum to determine whether it is the will of the voters of a county that a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste be established in the county may be held at any regular primary or general election or in conjunction with any other countywide election. Any election at which the question of establishing a policy of comprehensive recycling for solid waste is voted upon shall be held at the voting precincts established for holding primary or general elections. All of the provisions of the general election laws, when not in conflict with the provisions of this article, shall apply to voting and elections hereunder, insofar as practicable. The secretary of state shall prescribe the form of the petition which shall include the printed name, address and date of birth of each person whose signature appears on the petition. Upon verification of the required number of signatures on the petition, the county commission shall, not less than seventy days before the election, order that the issue be placed on the hallot and referendum held at the next primary, general or special election to determine whether it is the will of the voters of said county that a policy of comprehensive recycling of solid waste be established in the county: Provided, That the petition bearing the necessary signatures has been filed with the county commission at least one hundred days prior to the election.

The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting machines

124 125	are used, shall have printed thereon substantially the following:
126 127 128	"Shall the County Commission be required to establish a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste in County, West Virginia?
129	☐ For Recycling
130	☐ Against Recycling
131 132	(Place a cross mark in the square opposite your choice.)"
133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147	If a majority of legal votes cast upon the question be for the establishment of a policy of comprehensive recycling of solid waste, the county commission shall, after the certification of the results of the referendum, thereafter adopt an ordinance, within one hundred eighty days of said certification, establishing a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste in the county: <i>Provided</i> , That such program shall be implemented and operational no later than twelve months following said certification. If a majority of the legal votes cast upon the question be against the establishment of a policy of comprehensive recycling of solid waste, said policy shall not take effect, but the question may again be submitted to a vote at any subsequent election in the manner herein provided.
148 149 150 151	(f) A comprehensive recycling program for solid waste established by petition and referendum may be rescinded only pursuant to the procedures set out herein to establish the program.
152 153 154	To rescind the program, the ballot, or the ballot labels where voting machines are used, shall have printed thereon substantially the following:
155 156 157 158	"Shall the County Commission be required to terminate the comprehensive recycling program for solid waste in County, West Virginia?
159	☐ Continue Recycling
160	☐ End Recycling

- 161 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your 162 choice.)"
- 163 (g) If a majority of legal votes cast upon the question 164 be for the termination of a policy of comprehensive 165 recycling of solid waste previously established in the 166 county, the county commission shall, after the certification of the results of the referendum, thereafter rescind 167 168 by ordinance the comprehensive recycling program for 169 solid waste in the county within ninety days of said 170 certification. If a majority of the legal votes cast upon 171 the question be for the continuation of the policy of 172 comprehensive recycling of solid waste, said ordinance 173 shall not be rescinded, but the question may again be 174 submitted to a vote at any subsequent election in the 175 manner herein provided.
- 176 (h) In the case of any municipality having a popula-177 tion greater than thirty thousand persons, as indicated 178 by the most recent decennial census conducted by the 179 United States, the governing body of such municipality 180 may by ordinance establish a materials recovery facility 181 in lieu of or in addition to the mandatory recycling 182 program required under the provisions of this section: 183 Provided, That such materials recovery facility shall be 184 subject to approval by both the public service commis-185 sion and the solid waste management board upon a 186 finding by both the public service commission and the 187 solid waste management board that the establishment 188 of such materials recovery facility will not hinder, and will be consistent with, the purposes of this article. 189

§20-11-5b. Solid and hazardous waste supplemental assessment fee.

- 1 (a) Imposition. — Effective the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, a solid and 2 hazardous waste supplemental assessment fee is hereby 3 levied and imposed upon the disposal of solid or 4 hazardous waste at all solid waste or hazardous waste 5 disposal facilities in this state, to be collected at the rate 6 of twenty-five cents per ton or part thereof of solid or 7
- hazardous waste. The fee imposed by this section shall 8
- be in addition to all other fees levied by law. 9

- 10 (b) Collection, return, payment and records. The person disposing of solid or hazardous waste at the solid or hazardous waste disposal facility shall pay the fee imposed by this section, whether or not such person owns the solid or hazardous waste, and the fee shall be collected by the operator of the solid or hazardous waste facility who shall remit it to the tax commissioner.
 - (1) The fee imposed by this section accrues at the time the solid or hazardous waste is delivered to the solid or hazardous waste disposal facility.
 - (2) The operator shall remit the fee imposed by this section to the tax commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of the month next succeeding the month in which the fee accrued. Upon remittance of the fee, the operator shall be required to file returns on forms and in the manner as prescribed by the tax commissioner.
 - (3) The operator shall account to the state for all fees collected under this section and shall hold them in trust for the state until they are remitted to the tax commissioner.
 - (4) If any operator fails to collect the fee imposed by this section, he or she shall be personally liable for such amount as he or she failed to collect, plus applicable additions to tax, penalties and interest imposed by article ten, chapter eleven of this code.
 - (5) Whenever any operator fails to collect, truthfully account for, remit the fee, or file returns with the fee as required in this section, the tax commissioner may serve written notice requiring such operator to collect the fees which become collectible after service of such notice, to deposit such fees in a bank approved by the tax commissioner, in a separate account, in trust for and payable to the tax commissioner, and to keep the amount of such fees in such account until remitted to the tax commissioner. Such notice shall remain in effect until a notice of cancellation is served on the operator or owner by the tax commissioner.
 - (6) Whenever the owner of a solid or hazardous waste disposal facility leases the solid or hazardous waste

- facility to an operator, the operator shall be primarily liable for collection and remittance of the fee imposed by this section and the owner shall be secondarily liable for remittance of the fee imposed by this section. However, if the operator fails, in whole or in part, to discharge his obligations under this section, the owner and the operator of the solid or hazardous waste disposal facility shall be jointly and severally responsible and liable for compliance with the provisions of this section.
 - (7) If the operator or owner responsible for collecting the fee imposed by this section is an association or corporation, the officers thereof shall be liable, jointly and severally, for any default on the part of the association or corporation, and payment of the fee and any additions to tax, penalties and interest imposed by article ten, chapter eleven of this code may be enforced against them and against the association or corporation which they represent.
 - (8) Each person disposing of solid or hazardous waste at a solid or hazardous waste disposal facility and each person required to collect the fee imposed by this section shall keep complete and accurate records in such form as the tax commissioner may require in accordance with the rules and regulations of the tax commissioner.
 - (c) Regulated motor carriers. The fee imposed by this section shall be considered a necessary and reasonable cost for motor carriers of solid or hazardous waste subject to the jurisdiction of the public service commission under chapter twenty-four-a of this code. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, upon the filing of a petition by an affected motor carrier, the public service commission shall, within fourteen days, reflect the cost of said fee in said motor carrier's rates for solid or hazardous waste removal service. In calculating the amount of said fee to said motor carrier, the commission shall use the national average of pounds of waste generated per person per day as determined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
 - (d) Definitions. For purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Solid or hazardous waste disposal facility" means

- any approved solid or hazardous waste facility or open dump in this state and includes a transfer station when the solid or hazardous waste collected at the transfer station is not finally disposed of at a solid or hazardous waste facility within this state that collects the fee imposed by this section.
 - (2) "Coal combustion byproduct" means the residuals, including fly ash, bottom ash, bed ash, and boiler slag produced by coal-fired or coal/gas-fired electrical or steam generating units. For nonelectrical steam generating units burning a combination of solid waste and coal, a carbon monoxide level of less than or equal to one hundred parts per million on a twenty-four hour average basis is required for the byproducts to meet this definition. The carbon monoxide level shall be calculated on a dry gas basis corrected to seven percent oxygen; and
- 106 (3) "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid, residue or precipitate, separated from or created by a municipal, commercial or industrial waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility or any other such waste having similar origin.
- Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize in any way the creation or operation of or contribution to an open dump.
- 114 (e) Exemptions. The following transactions shall be exempt from the fee imposed by this section:
 - (1) Disposal of solid waste in which the recycling assessment fee levied and imposed by section five-a of this article has been paid;
 - (2) Disposal of sludge or coal combustion byproducts;
- 120 (3) Reuse or recycling of any solid or hazardous waste; 121 or
 - (4) Disposal of residential solid waste by an individual not in the business of hauling or disposing of solid waste on such days and times as designated by the director of the division of natural resources by regulation as exempt from the fee imposed pursuant to section five-

127 a, article five-f, chapter twenty of this code.

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- 128 (f) Procedure and administration. - Notwithstanding 129 section three, article ten, chapter eleven of this code. 130 each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax 131 Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article 132 ten, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fee 133 imposed by this section with like effect as if said act 134 were applicable only to the fee imposed by this section 135 and were set forth in extenso herein.
 - (g) Criminal penalties. Notwithstanding section two, article nine, chapter eleven of this code, sections three through seventeen, article nine, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fee imposed by this section with like effect as if said sections were the only fee imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso herein.
- (h) Dedication of proceeds. The proceeds of the fee collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited by the tax commissioner, at least monthly, to the hazardous waste emergency response fund established in article five-g of this chapter.
- (i) Severability. If any provision of this section or 148 the application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged 149 by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such 150 judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the 151 remainder of this section, but shall be confined in its 152 153 operation to the provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been 154 155 rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby. 156
- 157 (j) Effective date. This section is effective on the 158 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-159 two.

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

- ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.
- §24-2-1h. Additional powers and duties of commission to control flow of solid waste.

- (a) Upon the petition of any county or regional solid waste authority, motor carrier or solid waste facility, or upon the commission's own motion, the commission may issue an order that solid waste generated in the surrounding geographical area of a solid waste facility and transported for processing or disposal by solid waste collectors and haulers who are "motor carriers", as defined in chapter twenty-four-a of this code, be processed or disposed of at a designated solid waste facility or facilities: *Provided*, That such order shall not include:
- 12 (1) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste facility by
 13 the person who owns, operates or leases the solid waste
 14 disposal facility if it is used exclusively to dispose of
 15 waste originally produced by such person in such
 16 person's regular business or personal activities or by
 17 persons utilizing the facility on a cost-sharing or
 18 nonprofit basis;
 - (2) Reuse or recycling of any solid waste; or
 - (3) Disposal of residential solid waste by an individual not in the business of hauling or disposing of solid waste on such days and times as designated by the director of the division of natural resources pursuant to the provisions of section four-b, article five-f, chapter twenty of this code.
 - (b) In determining whether to issue an order establishing flow control to a solid waste facility, the commission shall consider, but shall not be limited to considering, the nature and composition of the solid waste, the environmental impact of controlling the flow of solid waste, the efficient disposal of solid waste, financial feasibility of proposed or existing solid waste facilities, the county or region solid waste control plan, the statewide solid waste control plan and the public convenience and necessity.
 - (c) The public service commission shall promulgate rules providing standards and criteria to effectuate the purposes of this section.
 - (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the

contrary, excepting rules of the public service commission from legislative rule-making review, the public service commission shall propose a legislative rule in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, which shall mandate that motor carriers transport source-separated recyclable materials to a recycling facility. Such legislative rule shall provide, at a minimum, for a separate rate for the transportation of such materials or that such motor carriers may contract with a customer to waive the charge for transporting such materials in exchange for the value of such materials.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the public service commission is hereby authorized to employ ten persons, who shall be in the classified exempt service, in addition to any personnel positions otherwise authorized or allocated to the commission as of the effective date of this section to facilitate enforcement of duties imposed upon the commission in the regulation of solid waste disposal during the second extraordinary session of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 185

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4018—By Delegates Roop and Lane)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article three, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section one hundred three, article two, chapter forty-six-a of said code, all relating to student loans for post-secondary education at eligible schools including private proprietary schools; exempting lenders of guaranteed student loans after stated date from being subject to consumer credit claims and defenses under West Virginia consumer credit and protection act; directing board of directors to promul-

gate various rules relating to private, proprietary, postsecondary schools in accordance with legislative oversight commission on education accountability rulemaking provisions; exempting schools teaching preparation of tax returns; increasing initial and annual fee for permit for such schools; and requiring additional bonding for private proprietary schools under certain circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article three, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section one hundred three, article two, chapter forty-six-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

18B. Higher Education.

46A. West Virginia Consumer Credit and Protection Act.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

- ARTICLE 3. BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE STATE COLLEGE SYSTEM.
- \$18B-3-5. Permits required for correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools; surety bonds and fees; issuance, renewal and revocation of permit; reports; rules and regulations; penalty and enforcement.
 - (a) It shall be unlawful for any person representing 1 a correspondence, business, occupational or trade school 2
 - inside or outside this state, as such shall be defined by 3
 - the board of directors by rule promulgated in accor-4
 - dance with article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 5
 - code, to solicit, sell or offer to sell courses of instruction 6
 - to any resident of this state for consideration or 7
 - remuneration unless the school first obtains a permit 8
 - from the West Virginia board of directors in the manner 9 and on the terms herein prescribed: Provided, That this
- 10 section shall not apply to schools where the courses of
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- instruction offered are solely for the purpose of teaching 12
- preparation of tax returns. 13

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The application for a permit shall be made on forms to be furnished by the board. An initial application fee of not less than one thousand dollars, but not more than ten thousand dollars, shall be required for a permit for each school newly permitted after the effective date of this section, the amount of such fee to be determined in accordance with objective criteria set forth in rules which shall be promulgated by the board of directors in accordance with article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Thereafter, a five hundred dollar annual fee for each campus shall be required.

(b) The application shall be accompanied by a surety bond in the penal sum of thirty-five thousand dollars for any school which has its physical facilities located in this state and which has operated in this state for at least ten years. For any other school, a surety bond in the penal sum of not less than thirty-five thousand dollars, but not more than two hundred thousand dollars, shall be required, such amount to be determined in accordance with objective criteria set forth in rules which shall be promulgated by the board of directors in accordance with article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Such rules shall also set forth objective criteria by which any school under bond pursuant to this section may be required to post an additional amount of surety bond, but not more than two hundred thousand dollars, such criteria to indicate circumstances which may necessitate the need for additional surety bond. Schools with more than one campus within the state shall be required to provide a bond for each of its campuses in an amount equal to the bond required for its oldest established campus in this state. The bond may be continuous and shall be conditioned to provide indemnification to any student suffering loss as a result of any fraud or misrepresentation used in procuring the student's enrollment or failure of the school to meet contractual obligations. The bond shall be given by the school itself as a blanket bond covering all of its representatives. The surety on any such bond may cancel the same upon giving thirty days' notice in writing to the principal on said bond and to the state board of directors and thereafter shall be relieved of

liability for any breach of condition occurring after the effective date of said cancellation.

(c) A permit shall be valid for one year corresponding to the effective date of the bond and, upon application, accompanied by the required fee and the surety bond as herein required, may be renewed. All fees collected for the issuance or renewal of such permit shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the board of directors.

The board may refuse a permit to any school if the board finds that the school engages in practices which are inconsistent with this section or with rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto. A permit issued hereunder, upon fifteen days' notice and after a hearing, if a hearing is requested by the school, may be suspended or revoked by the board of directors for fraud or misrepresentation in soliciting or enrolling students, for failure of the school to fulfill its contract with one or more students who are residents of West Virginia, or for violation of or failure to comply with any provision of this section or with any regulation of the state board of directors pertinent thereto. Prior to the board taking any adverse action, including refusal, suspension or revocation of a permit, the school shall be given reasonable opportunity to take corrective measures. Any refusal, suspension or revocation of a permit, or any other adverse action against a school, shall comply with all constitutional provisions, including due process, relating to the protection of property rights.

(d) All correspondence, business, occupational or trade schools which have been issued a permit shall make annual reports to the board of directors on forms furnished by the board and shall provide such appropriate information as the board reasonably may require. All correspondence, business, occupational or trade schools which have been issued a permit shall furnish to the board of directors a list of its official representatives. Each school shall be issued a certificate of identification by the board of directors for each of its official representatives.

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(e) The issuance of a permit pursuant to this section does not constitute approval or accreditation of any course or school. No school nor any representative of a school shall make any representation stating, asserting or implying that a permit issued pursuant to this section constitutes approval or accreditation by the state of West Virginia, state board of directors or any other department or agency of the state.

The board of directors is hereby authorized to adopt rules and conduct on-site reviews to evaluate academic standards maintained by schools for the awarding of certificates, diplomas and specialized associate degrees, which standards may include curriculum, personnel, facilities, materials and equipment: Provided, That in the case of accredited correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools under permit on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, having their physical facilities located in this state, and which are accredited by the appropriate nationally recognized accrediting agency or association approved by the United States department of education, the accrediting agency's standards, procedures and criteria shall be accepted as meeting applicable laws, standards, rules and regulations of the board of directors: Provided. however. That such rules as shall be adopted by the board of directors which are applicable to correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools which were not under permit on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, may be different from the standards, procedures and criteria of an accrediting agency: Provided further, That the board of directors may authorize an investigation of written student complaints alleging a violation of this section, board rules, or accreditation standards and may take appropriate action based on the findings of such an investigation. All evaluations or investigations of correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools, and actions resulting from such evaluations or investigations, shall be made in accordance with rules promulgated by the board of directors pursuant to article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

The board of directors is hereby authorized to adopt rules for the awarding of any specialized associate degree by accredited proprietary institutions: Provided. That nothing contained herein shall infringe upon the rights of accredited West Virginia proprietary schools operating in West Virginia to confer specialized associate degrees, diplomas or certificates based on credit or clock hours in accordance with standards of the appropriate nationally recognized accrediting agency or association that is approved by the United States department of education. For the purposes of this section, proprietary schools that award specialized associate degrees shall be defined as institutions of higher education, and specialized associate degrees shall mean degrees awarded by such institutions pursuant to a program of not less than two academic years: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be construed to qualify the said proprietary schools for additional state moneys not otherwise qualified for under other provisions of the code.

- (f) In regard to private, proprietary educational institutions operating under this section of the code, accredited by a national or regional accrediting agency or association recognized by the United States department of education and which provide training at a campus located in this state:
- (1) Any rule or standard which is authorized by this or any section of the code or other law, and which is now in effect or promulgated hereafter by the board of directors (or other agency with jurisdiction) shall be clearly, specifically, and expressly authorized by narrowly construed enabling law and shall be unenforceable and without legal effect unless authorized by an act of the Legislature under the provisions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or other law to the contrary, the institution's accrediting agency standards, procedures, and criteria shall be accepted as the standards and rules of the board of directors (or other agency with jurisdiction), and as meeting other law or legal requirements relating to the

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- 178 operation of proprietary institutions which such board 179 or other agency has the legal authority to enforce under 180 any section of the code or other law: Provided. That 181 nothing in this section shall be construed to deny 182 students the use of remedies that would otherwise be 183 available under state or federal consumer laws or 184 federal law relating to federal college financial assist-185 ance programs.
 - (3) Accredited institutions operating hereunder are hereby recognized as postsecondary. Academic progress shall be measured and reported in credit hours and all reports/documents filed on a credit hour basis.
- 190 (g) A representative of any school violating any 191 provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemea-192 nor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars per day of violation, not 193 to exceed a maximum of two thousand dollars per 194 violation, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than 195 sixty days, or both fined and imprisoned. No correspon-196 dence, business, occupational or trade school shall 197 maintain an action in any court of this state to recover 198 for services rendered pursuant to a contract solicited by 199 the school if the school did not hold a valid permit at 200 the time the contract was signed by any of the parties 201 thereto. The attorney general or any county prosecuting 202 attorney, at the request of the board of directors or upon 203 his or her own motion, may bring any appropriate action 204 or proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction for 205 the enforcement of the provisions of this section relating 206 207 to permits, bonds and sureties.

CHAPTER 46A. WEST VIRGINIA CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION ACT.

ARTICLE 2. CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION.

§46A-2-103. Lender subject to claims and defenses arising from sales.

- 1 (a) The following provisions shall be applicable to
- 2 claims and defenses of borrowers, arising from consu-
- 3 mer sales, with respect to consumer loans:
- 4 A lender, other than the issuer of a lender credit card

or a lender of a student loan made on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, in accordance with the federal higher education act of 1965, as amended, who, with respect to a particular transaction, makes a consumer loan for the purpose of enabling a borrower to buy goods or services, other than primarily for an agricultural purpose, is subject to all claims and defenses of the borrower against the seller arising from that specific sale of goods or services if the lender participates in or is connected with the sales transaction. A lender is considered to be connected with such sales transaction if:

- (i) The lender and the seller have arranged for a commission or brokerage or referral fee for the extension of credit by the lender;
- (ii) The lender is a person related to the seller unless the relationship is remote or is not a factor in the transaction;
- (iii) The seller guarantees the loan or otherwise assumes the risk of loss by the lender upon the loan other than a risk of loss arising solely from the seller's failure to perfect a lien securing the loan;
- (iv) The lender directly supplies the seller with documents used by the borrower to evidence the transaction or the seller directly supplies the lender with documents used by the borrower to evidence the transaction;
- (v) The loan is conditioned upon the borrower's purchase of the goods or services from the particular seller, but the lender's payment of proceeds of the loan to the seller does not in itself establish that the loan was so conditioned;
- (vi) The seller in such sale has specifically recommended such lender by name to the borrower and the lender has made ten or more loans to borrowers within a period of twelve months within which period the loan in question was made, the proceeds of which other ten or more loans were used in consumer credit sales with the seller or a person related to the seller, if in

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- connection with such other ten or more loans, the seller also specifically recommended such lender by name to the borrowers involved; or
 - (vii) The lender was the issuer of a credit card other than a lender credit card which may be used by the borrower in the sales transaction as a result of a prior agreement between the issuer and the seller.
 - (b) The total of all claims and defenses which a borrower is permitted to assert against a lender under the provisions of this section shall not exceed that portion of the loan used for that sale, except (1) as to any claim or defense founded in fraud: *Provided*, That as to any claim or defense founded in fraud arising on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the total sought shall not exceed the original amount of the sale and (2) for any excess charges and penalties recoverable under section one hundred one, article five of this chapter.
 - (c) An agreement may not limit or waive the claims and defenses of a borrower under this section.
 - (d) "Lender credit card" as used in this section means an arrangement or loan agreement, other than a seller credit card, pursuant to which a lender gives a debtor the privilege of using the credit card in transactions which entitles the user thereof to purchase goods or services from at least one hundred persons not related to the issuer of the lender credit card, out of which debt arises:
 - (1) By the lender's honoring a draft or similar order for the payment of money drawn or accepted by the consumer:
- 75 (2) By the lender's payment or agreement to pay the consumer's obligation; or
 - (3) By the lender's purchase from the obligee of the consumer's obligations.
- 79 (e) A claim or defense which a borrower may assert 80 against a lender under the provisions of this section may 81 be asserted only as a defense to or setoff against a claim

82 by the lender: Provided. That if a borrower shall have 83 a claim or defense which could be asserted under the provisions of this section as a matter of defense to or 84 setoff against a claim by the lender were such lender 85 86 to assert such claim against the borrower, then the 87 borrower shall have the right to institute and maintain 88 an action or proceeding seeking to obtain the cancella-89 tion, in whole or in part, of the indebtedness evidenced 90 by a negotiable instrument or other instrument or the release, in whole or in part, of any lien upon real or 91 92 personal property securing the payment thereof: Pro-93 vided, however, That any claim or defense founded in 94 fraud, lack or failure of consideration or a violation of 95 the provisions of this chapter as specified in section one hundred one, article five of this chapter, may be 96 97 asserted by a borrower at any time, subject to the 98 provisions of this code relating to limitation of actions.

(f) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed in any manner as affecting any loan made prior to the operative date of this chapter.

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- (g) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section, a lender shall not be subject to any claim or defense arising from or growing out of personal injury or death resulting therefrom or damage to property.
- (h) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as affecting any buyer's or lessee's right of action, claim or defense which is otherwise provided for in this code or at common law.

CHAPTER 186

(S. B. 54-By Senators Spears, Brackenrich and Boley)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article eight, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the capitol building commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article eight, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. CAPITOL BUILDING COMMISSION.

§4-8-1. Creation; composition; qualifications; continuation.

1 There is continued a capitol building commission. 2

hereinafter referred to as the commission, which shall

3 be composed of five members, who shall be appointed

by the governor with the advice and consent of the 4

5 Senate, plus the secretary of the department of admin-

6 istration who shall be a nonvoting member. No more

7 than three members shall be of the same political party.

One member shall be an architect selected from three 8

9 persons recommended by the board of architects, one

member shall be a registered professional engineer 10

selected from three persons recommended by the board 11

of engineers, one member shall be the commissioner of 12

13 the division of culture and history, who is chairman of

the commission, and two members shall be selected from 14

the public at large. 15

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Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten of this chapter, the capitol building commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 187

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4211-By Delegates J. Martin and L. White)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to scheduling governmental agencies or programs for termination pursuant to the West Virginia Sunset Law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. THE WEST VIRGINIA SUNSET LAW.

§4-10-4. Termination of governmental entities or programs.

- The following governmental entities and programs 1
- 2 shall be terminated on the date indicated but no governmental entity or program shall be terminated 3
- under this article unless a performance audit has been 4
- conducted of such entity or program, except as authorized under section fourteen of this article: 6
- 7 (1) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-one: Judicial council of West Virginia; motor vehicle certificate appeal board; and child welfare 9 licensing board. 10
- 11 (2) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two: Ohio River basin commission; 12 13 commission on postmortem examination; and the state commission on manpower, training and technology. 14
- (3) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-three: Anatomical board; economic 16 opportunity advisory committee; and the community 17 development authority board. 18
- (4) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 19 hundred eighty-four: The following programs of the 20 department of natural resources: Rabies control, work 21 incentive program; and the West Virginia alcoholic 22 beverage control licensing advisory board. 23
- (5) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 24 hundred eighty-five: Beautification commission. 25
- (6) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 26 hundred eighty-six: Health resources advisory council. 27
- (7) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 28 hundred eighty-seven: Civil service commission advisory board; and the motorcycle safety standards and speci-2930

- 31 fications board.
 - (8) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight: Labor management relations board; records management and preservation advisory committee; minimum wage rate board; commission on mass transportation; and the public employees insurance board.
 - (9) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: Mental retardation advisory committee; board of school finance; veteran's affairs advisory council; and the reclamation commission.
 - (10) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety: Consumer affairs advisory council; savings and loan association; and the forest industries industrial foundation.
 - (11) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one: The following divisions or programs of the department of agriculture: Interagency committee on pesticides.
 - (12) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three: State structural barriers compliance board; the oil and gas inspectors examining board; the tree fruit industry self-improvement program; the oil and gas conservation commission; governor's cabinet on children and families; state water resources board; water resources division, department of natural resources; board of banking and financial institutions; farm management commission; state building commission; capitol building commission; West Virginia ethics commission; public service commission; family protection services board; family law masters system; and the child advocate office of the department of health and human resources.
 - (13) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four: Ohio River valley water sanitation commission; the southern regional education board; real estate commission; the division of labor; division of tourism and parks; division of corrections; and the veteran's council.

(14) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five: Emergency medical services advisory council; commission on charitable organiza-tions: information system advisory commission: West Virginia labor-management council; and the board of social work examiners; and the rural health initiative advisory panel and the marketing and development division of the department of agriculture.

- (15) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six: U.S. geological survey program and whitewater commission within the division of natural resources; state geological and economic survey; division of culture and history; and the board of investments.
- (16) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven: The driver's licensing advisory board; department of health and human resources; West Virginia health care cost review authority; division of personnel; and the West Virginia contractors licensing board.
- (17) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight: State lottery commission; the following divisions or programs of the department of agriculture: Meat inspection program and soil conservation committee; women's commission; state board of risk and insurance management; board of examiners of land surveyors; commission on uniform state laws; council of finance and administration; forest management review commission; West Virginia's membership in the interstate commission on the Potomac River basin; legislative oversight commission on education accountability; and the board of examiners in counseling.

CHAPTER 188

(S. B. 63-By Senators Spears, Brackenrich and Boley)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article six, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the state building commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article six, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. STATE BUILDING COMMISSION.

§5-6-1. Name of state office building commission changed; composition; appointment, terms and qualifications of members; chairman and secretary; compensation and expenses; powers and duties generally; frequency of meetings; continuation.

"The State Office Building Commission of West 1 2 Virginia", heretofore created, shall continue in existence 3 but on and after the ninth day of February, one 4 thousand nine hundred sixty-six, shall be known and 5 designated as "The State Building Commission of West 6 Virginia" and shall continue as a body corporate and as 7 an agency of the state of West Virginia. On and after the date aforesaid, the commission shall consist of the 8 9 governor, attorney general, state treasurer and four additional members to be appointed by the governor by 10 11 and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The 12 terms of office for said members to be appointed by the governor shall be four years, except that the terms of 13 office of the first four members so appointed by the 14 15 governor shall be for one, two, three and four years, respectively. No more than three of such members so 16 appointed by the governor shall be members of the same 17 political party, nor shall any of said members be 18 19 members or employees of the executive, legislative or judicial branches of government of West Virginia or any 20 21 political subdivision thereof. The governor shall be 22 chairman of the commission. The secretary of state shall 23 be a member of the commission and serve as its secretary, but shall not have the right to vote upon 24 matters before the commission. All members of the 25 commission shall be citizens and residents of this state. 26 The members of the commission shall be paid or 27 reimbursed for their necessary expenses incurred under 28 this article, but shall receive no compensation for their 29

30 services as members or officers of the commission: 31 Provided. That each member of the commission ap-32 pointed by the governor shall, in addition to such 33 reimbursement for necessary expenses, receive a per 34 diem of thirty-five dollars for each day or substantial 35 portion thereof that he is engaged in the work of the 36 commission. Such expenses and per diem shall be paid solely from funds provided under the authority of this 37 38 article, and the commission shall not proceed to exercise 39 or carry out any authority or power herein given it to 40 bind said commission beyond the extent to which money 41 has been provided under the authority of this article. On 42 or before the fifteenth day of each month, the commis-43 sion shall prepare and transmit to the president and 44 minority leader of the Senate and the speaker and the 45 minority leader of the House of Delegates a report 46 covering the activities of the said commission for the 47 preceding calendar month.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the state building commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 189

(S. B. 64—By Senators Spears, Brackenrich and Boley)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article two, chapter six-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the West Virginia ethics commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section eleven, article two, chapter six-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA ETHICS COMMISSION; POWERS AND DUTIES; DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES; APPEARANCES BEFORE PUBLIC AGENCIES.

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§6B-2-11. Continuation of commission.

- Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten,
- 2 chapter four of this code, the West Virginia ethics
- 3 commission shall continue to exist until the first day of
- 4 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow
- 5 for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on
- 6 government operations.

CHAPTER 190

(S. B. 61—By Senators Spears, Brackenrich, Boley and Hawse)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article twelvea, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the farm management commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article twelve-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12A. FARM MANAGEMENT COMMISSION.

- §19-12A-3. Farm management commission continued; composition; chairman; quorum; meetings; vacancies.
 - 1 The farm management commission heretofore created
 - 2 is hereby continued and shall be composed of three
 - 3 members who are the commissioner of agriculture, who
 - 4 shall be chairman, the secretary of the department of
 - 5 administration and the dean of the West Virginia
 - 6 university college of agriculture and forestry. No
 - 7 business may be transacted by the commission in the

- absence of a quorum which consists of two members including the chairman. The farm management commission shall hold meetings at least once every two months, and on call of the chairman.
- 12 If a vacancy occurs on the commission, the farm 13 management director, as provided in this article, shall 14 act as a member of the commission until the vacancy 15 is filled.
- If a vacancy occurs in the office of the commissioner of agriculture, the members of the commission and the farm management director shall select, from among them, a chairman to serve until a commissioner of agriculture is appointed or elected and qualified.
- Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the farm management commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

(S. B. 62—By Senators Spears, Brackenrich and Boley)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article one, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the water resources section of the division of natural resources; and correcting agency references to reflect current administrative structure.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article one, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION.

§20-1-14. Sections within division; continuation of the water resources section.

1 Sections of wildlife resources, of water resources and 2 of law enforcement are hereby created and established 3 within the division of natural resources. Subject to 4 provisions of law, the director of the division of natural 5 resources shall allocate the functions and services of the 6 division to the sections, offices and activities thereof and 7 may from time to time establish and abolish other 8 sections, offices and activities within the division in 9 order to carry out fully and in an orderly manner the 10 powers, duties and responsibilities of the office as 11 director. The director shall select and designate a 12 competent and qualified person to be chief of each 13 section. The chief shall be the principal administrative 14 officer of that section and shall be accountable and responsible for the orderly and efficient performance of 15 16 the duties. functions and services thereof.

Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the water resources section of the division of natural resources shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.

CHAPTER 192

(S. B. 56-By Senators Spears, Brackenrich and Boley)

[Passed March 5, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article five, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the state water resources board; and correcting agency references to reflect current administrative structure.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section three, article five, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. WATER RESOURCES.

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- §20-5-3. Water resources board created; continuation; composition and organization; appointment, qualifications, terms, oaths, removal, compensation and expenses of members; others to assist board and division; vacancies; quorum; meetings; records.
 - 1 (a) The state water resources board heretofore 2 created and established as successor to the state water 3 commission and the state water resources commission is 4 hereby abolished. A new state water resources board is 5 hereby created and established as a public corporation. 6 As such, the board may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, contract and be contracted with, and shall 7 8 have and use a common seal.
 - 9 (b) Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the state water resources board shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations.
 - (c) The board shall be composed of five members who shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than three members of the board shall be of the same political party. Individuals appointed to the board shall be persons who by reasons of previous training and experience are knowledgeable in the husbandry of the state's water resources and with at least one member with experience in industrial pollution control. No member of the board shall receive or, during the two years next preceding the member of the board's appointment, shall have received a "significant portion of the member of the board's income" directly or indirectly from a permit holder or an applicant for a permit issued under any of the provisions of this chapter. For the purposes of this subsection: (1) The term "significant portion of the member of the board's income" shall mean ten percent of gross personal income for a calendar year, except that it shall mean fifty percent of gross personal income for

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a calendar year if the recipient is over sixty years of age and is receiving such portion pursuant to retirement, a pension or similar arrangement; (2) the term "income" includes retirement benefits, consultant fees and stock dividends; (3) income is not received "directly or indirectly" from "permit holders" or "applicants for a permit" where it is derived from mutual-fund payments or from other diversified investments with respect to which the recipient does not know the identity of the primary sources of income; and (4) the terms "permit holders" and "applicants for a permit" shall not include any university or college operated by this state or political subdivision of this state.

(d) The members of the board shall be appointed for overlapping terms of five years, except that the original appointments shall be for terms of one, two, three, four and five years, respectively. Any member whose term expires may be reappointed by the governor. At its organizational meeting, one member of the board shall be selected chairman to serve as chairman at the will and pleasure of the members of the board. Members of the board shall, before performing any duty, take and subscribe to the oath required by section five, article four of the constitution of West Virginia. Members of the board may be removed only for the same causes and in like manner as elective state officers. Any vacancy in the office of a member of the board shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of the member whose office shall be vacant. Each vacancy occurring in the office of a member of the board shall be filled by appointment within sixty days after such vacancy occurs. Each member of the board shall be paid as compensation for his work as such member from funds appropriated for such purposes, seventy-five dollars per day when actually engaged in the performance of work as a board member. In addition to such compensation, each member of the board shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of the board member's duties. The director of the public health sanitation division within the state department of health and human resources, formerly known as the division of

76 sanitary engineering of the state department of health. 77 shall perform such services as the board and the chief 78 of the division of water resources may request in connection with the discharge of their duties, and the 79 80 director shall be reimbursed, out of moneys approp-81 riated for such purposes, all sums which the director 82 necessarily shall expend in the performance of such 83 service. Nothing contained in this article or in article 84 five-a of this chapter, however, shall be construed to 85 limit or interfere with the power of the state department 86 of health and human resources to select, employ and 87 direct the director of the public health sanitation 88 division of said department, or any employee thereof 89 who in any way may perform any services for the board 90 or the division of water resources. The college of engineering at West Virginia university and the schools 91 92 and departments of engineering at other institutions of higher education operated by this state, under the 93 94 direction of the dean or other head thereof, shall, insofar 95 as they can, without interfering with their usual and 96 regular activities, aid and assist the board and the 97 division of water resources in the study and research of 98 questions connected with water pollution and the control 99 and reduction thereof in accordance with the provisions 100 of article five-a of this chapter. Such dean or other head 101 shall be reimbursed, out of moneys appropriated for 102 such purposes, all sums which such dean necessarily shall expend in the performance of any services such 103 104 dean may render to the board and the division under 105 the provisions hereof.

A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The board shall meet at such times and places as it may determine and shall meet on call of the chairman. It shall be the duty of the chairman to call a meeting of the board on the written request of three members thereof. The board shall keep an accurate record of all of its proceedings and maintain such board records and make certificates thereof or therefrom as may be required by law. The board may employ a secretary and necessary scientific and clerical assistance.

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(S. B. 156—By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the public service commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§24-1-3. Commission continued; membership; chairman; compensation.

1 (a) The public service commission of West Virginia, 2 heretofore established, is continued and directed as 3 provided by this chapter, chapter twenty-four-a and chapter twenty-four-b of this code. Pursuant to the 4 provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this 5 6 code, the public service commission shall continue to 7 exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine 8 hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an 9 audit by the joint committee on government operations. The public service commission may sue and be sued by 10 11 that name. Such public service commission shall consist 12 of three members who shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The 13 commissioners shall be citizens and residents of this 14 state and at least one of them shall be duly licensed to 15 practice law in West Virginia, of not less than ten years' 16 actual experience at the bar. No more than two of said 17 commissioners shall be members of the same political 18 party. Each commissioner shall, before entering upon 19 the duties of his office, take and subscribe to the oath 20 provided by section five, article four of the constitution, 21 which oath shall be filed in the office of the secretary 22

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of state. The governor shall designate one of the commissioners to serve as chairman at the governor's will and pleasure. The chairman shall be the chief administrative officer of the commission. The governor may remove any commissioner only for incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality, malfeasance in office 29 or violation of subsection (c) of this section.

- (b) The unexpired term of members of the public service commission at the time this subsection becomes effective are continued through the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine. In accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the governor shall appoint three commissioners, one for a term of two years, one for a term of four years and one for a term of six years, all the terms beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine. All future appointments are for terms of six years, except that an appointment to fill a vacancy is for the unexpired term only. The commissioners whose terms are terminated by the provisions of this subsection are eligible for reappointment.
- (c) No person while in the employ of, or holding any official relation to, any public utility subject to the provisions of this chapter, or holding any stocks or bonds thereof, or who is pecuniarily interested therein, may serve as a member of the commission or as an employee thereof. Nor may any such commissioner be a candidate for or hold public office, or be a member of any political committee, while acting as such commissioner; nor may any commissioner or employee of said commission receive any pass, free transportation or other thing of value, either directly or indirectly, from any public utility or motor carrier subject to the provisions of this chapter. In case any of the commissioners becomes a candidate for any public office or a member of any political committee, the governor shall remove him from office and shall appoint a new commissioner to fill the vacancy created.
- (d) Effective the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and in light of the assignment of new, substantial additional duties embracing new

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- areas and fields of activity under certain legislative enactments, each commissioner shall receive an annual salary of sixty thousand dollars to be paid in monthly installments from the special funds in such amounts as follows:
- 69 (1) From the public service commission fund collected 70 under the provisions of section six, article three of this 71 chapter, forty-eight thousand dollars;
 - (2) From the public service commission motor carrier fund collected under the provisions of section six, article six, chapter twenty-four-b of this code, ten thousand dollars; and
 - (3) From the public service commission gas pipeline safety fund collected under the provisions of section three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of this code, two thousand dollars.
 - In addition to this salary provided for all commissioners, the chairman of the commission shall receive five thousand dollars per annum to be paid in monthly installments from the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

CHAPTER 194

(H. B. 4148—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eight, article three, chapter twentynine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine
hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and
reenact sections three and nine of said article, relating
to removing provisions relating to the state fire
administrator; creation of the state fire commission;
increasing and changing the composition of the commission; appointment of the commission; terms and reim-

bursement of expenses of commission members; and powers and duties of the commission and state fire marshal.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections three and nine of said article be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

- §29-3-3. State fire commission created; composition; qualifications; appointment; terms of office; removal; vacancies; compensation and expenses.
- §29-3-9. Powers, duties and authority of state fire commission and state fire marshal.
- §29-3-3. State fire commission created; composition; qualifications; appointment; terms of office; removal; vacancies; compensation and expenses.
- 1 (a) There is hereby created a state fire commission, which shall consist of thirteen members, qualified by experience and training to deal with the matters which 3 4 are the responsibilities of the commission. The officers 5 of the West Virginia fire chiefs association, the West 6 Virginia firemen's association, the West Virginia 7 professional fire fighters association, the West Virginia professional fire chiefs association, the West Virginia 8 manufacturers association, the professional independent 9 insurance agents of West Virginia, and the West 10 Virginia society of architects shall submit a list of 11 names of persons recommended by each of these 12 associations to the governor for consideration in appoint-13 ing the state fire commission. The West Virginia 14 professional fire fighters association and the West 15 Virginia professional fire chiefs association shall 16 recommend the names of two persons from full-time 17 paid fire departments. The West Virginia fire chiefs 18 association and the West Virginia firemen's association 19 shall each recommend the names of three persons from 20 volunteer fire departments. The West Virginia manu-21 facturers association shall recommend the names of

23 three persons to represent business and industry. The 24 professional independent insurance agents of West 25 Virginia shall recommend the names of two persons to 26 represent the fire insurance industry. The West Virgi-27 nia society of architects shall recommend the names of 28 two persons to represent registered architects. Appoint-29 ments to the commission shall be made by the governor, 30 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from 31 the lists of qualified persons recommended by the 32 organizations. Three members shall be appointed to 33 represent full-time paid fire departments, one member 34 shall be appointed to represent the full-time paid fire 35 chiefs, three members shall be appointed to represent 36 volunteer fire departments and two members shall be 37 appointed to represent the volunteer fire chiefs. Two 38 members shall be appointed to represent business and 39 industry and one member shall be appointed to repres-40 ent the fire insurance industry. One member shall be 41 appointed to represent registered architects. The term 42 of office of the members shall be staggered five-year terms. The terms of members first appointed shall 43 44 expire as designated by the governor at the time of 45 appointment, two at the end of one year, two at the end 46 of two years, three at the end of three years, two at the 47 end of four years and two at the end of five years. 48 Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the 49 original appointment but only for the remainder of a 50 term. Any member is subject to removal by the governor 51 at any time for neglect of his duties or other conduct 52 unbecoming his office. The governor shall make the 53 appointments within ninety days after this section takes 54 effect.

55 (b) The members of the state fire commission shall 56 serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for 57 their reasonable and necessary expenses actually 58 incurred in the performance of their duties.

§29-3-9. Powers, duties and authority of state fire commission and state fire marshal.

(a) The state fire commission may employ personnel,
 fix their compensation and, within funds available to do

so, incur expenses as necessary in the performance of the duties of its office.

- (b) The state fire commission is responsible for fire programs within this state, including the state fire marshal's office, training, uniform standards and certification, finance and planning and fire prevention.
- (c) All state and area training and education in fire service shall be coordinated by the state fire commission. The state fire marshal shall ensure that these programs are operated throughout the state at a level consistent with needs identified by the commissioner.
- (d) The state fire commission shall develop minimum training levels for fire fighters, minimum levels of equipment needed to protect life and property within fire service areas, minimum performance standards the departments must meet in response times, communications, minimum levels of water flow and pressure and other performance measures as considered necessary to meet the overall goals of improved fire prevention and control. The state fire commission may make recommendations to the state insurance commissioner regarding town classifications for fire insurance rates.
- (e) The formation of any new fire department, including volunteer fire departments, requires the concurrence of the state fire commission. The state fire commission shall develop a method of certification which can be applied to all fire departments and volunteer fire departments.
- (f) The state fire commission shall develop a plan for fire prevention and control which shall include, but not be limited to, the following areas: Manpower needs; location of training centers; location of fire prevention and control units; communications; fire fighting facilities; water sources; vehicular needs; public education and information; public participation; standardization in record keeping; evaluation of personnel; reporting of fire hazards; programs on mutual aid; location of public safety agencies; outline of fire prevention programs; and accessibility of fire prevention information.

42 (g) The state fire commission shall establish fire 43 protection areas and at such times as funds are available 44 shall establish field offices for inspection, planning and 45 certification.

CHAPTER 195

(S. B. 141—By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the state board of risk and insurance management.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. STATE INSURANCE.

§29-12-12. Reestablishment of board as state board of risk and insurance management.

After having conducted a performance and fiscal 1 2 audit through its joint committee on government 3 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and 4 declares that the state board of insurance should be 6 continued and reestablished but shall be known and 7 referred to as the state board of risk and insurance management. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this 9 code, the state board of insurance shall continue to exist 10 until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 11 ninety-eight, but shall be known and referred to as the 12

13 state board of risk and insurance management.

(S. B. 59—By Senators Spears, Brackenrich, Boley and Hawse)

[Passed February 13, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the women's commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. WOMEN'S COMMISSION.

§29-20-1. Continuation; membership; appointment and terms of members; organization; reimbursement for expenses.

1 The West Virginia commission on the status of women is hereby abolished, and there is hereby continued 2 3 within the department of health and human resources 4 the West Virginia women's commission, to consist of 5 eighteen members, seven of whom shall be ex officio 6 members, not entitled to vote: The attorney general, the 7 state superintendent of schools, the commissioner of 8 labor, the commissioner of the bureau of human 9 resources of the department of health and human resources, the director of the human rights commission, 10 the director of the division of personnel and the 11 chancellor of the board of directors of the state college 12 13 system. Each ex officio member may designate one representative employed by his or her department to 14 meet with the commission in his or her absence. The 15 governor shall appoint the additional eleven members, 16 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from 17 among the citizens of the state. The governor shall 18 designate the chairman and vice chairman of the 19 commission and the commission may elect such other 20 officers as it deems necessary. The members shall serve 21 a term beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine 22 hundred seventy-seven, three to serve for a term of one 23

year, four to serve for a term of two years and the remaining four to serve for a term of three years. The successors of the members initially appointed as provided herein shall be appointed for a term of three years each in the same manner as the members initially appointed under this article, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. Each member shall serve until the appointment and qualification of his or her successor.

No member may receive any salary for his or her services, but each may be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties out of funds received by the commission under section four of this article, except that in the event the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, the members shall not be reimbursed by the commission.

After having conducted a performance audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the West Virginia women's commission should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the West Virginia women's commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.

CHAPTER 197

(H. B. 4096-By Delegates Love and L. White)

[Passed February 12, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article threea, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the legislative oversight commission on education accountability. Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3A. HIGHER EDUCATION RULE MAKING.

§29A-3A-11. Creation of a legislative oversight commission on education accountability;

1 (a) There is hereby created a joint commission of the 2 Legislature known as the legislative oversight commis-3 sion on education accountability to review all legislative rules of the board and such other rules as the commis-4 5 sion deems appropriate. The commission shall be 6 composed of six members of the Senate appointed by the 7 president of the Senate and six members of the House 8 of Delegates appointed by the speaker of the House of 9 Delegates. No more than five of the six members 10 appointed by the president of the Senate and the speaker 11 of the House of Delegates, respectively, may be members 12 of the same political party. In addition, the president of 13 the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates 14 shall be ex officio nonvoting members of the commission 15 and shall designate the cochairmen. At least one of the 16 Senate members and one of the House members shall 17 be members of the committee on education of the Senate 18 and House, respectively, and at least one of the Senate 19 members and at least one of the House members shall 20 be a member of the committee on finance of the Senate 21 and House, respectively. The members shall serve until 22 their successors shall have been appointed as heretofore 23 provided. Members of the commission shall receive such 24 compensation and expenses as provided in article twoa, chapter four of this code. Such expenses and all other 25 expenses including those incurred in the employment of 26 legal, technical, investigative, clerical, stenographic. 27 advisory and other personnel shall be paid from an 28 appropriation to be made expressly for the legislative 29 oversight commission on education accountability, but if 30 no such appropriation be made, such expenses shall be 31 paid from the appropriation under "Account No. 103 32

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- for Joint Expenses", but no expense of any kind whatever payable under said account no. 103 for joint expenses shall be incurred unless first approved by the joint committee on government and finance. The commission shall meet at any time both during sessions of the Legislature and in the interim.
 - (b) The commission may adopt such rules of procedure as it considers necessary for the submission, presentation and consideration of rules.
 - (c) Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the legislative oversight commission on education accountability shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the completion of an audit by the joint committee on government operations. If such commission is terminated pursuant to this subsection, any report required to be submitted to it shall instead be submitted to the joint committee on education of the Legislature.

CHAPTER 198

(S. B. 143-By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article thirtyone, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the West Virginia board of examiners in counseling.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article thirty-one, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 31. LICENSED PROFESSIONAL COUNSELORS.

§30-31-15. Continuation of board.

1 After having conducted a performance audit through 2 its joint committee on government operations, pursuant 3 to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the West 4 5 Virginia board of examiners in counseling should be 6 continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstand-7 ing the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter 8 four of this code, the West Virginia board of examiners 9 in counseling shall continue to exist until the first day 10 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.

CHAPTER 199

(S. B. 140-By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 3, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article twoc, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the family protection services board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article two-c, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2C. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT.

§48-2C-14. Continuation of board.

- Pursuant to the provisions of section four, article ten, 1 chapter four of this code, the family protection services 2
- board shall continue to exist until the first day of July.
- 3
- one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to allow for the 4
- completion of an audit by the joint committee on
- government operations.

(S. B. 139—By Senators Spears and Brackenrich)

[Passed March 4, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the West Virginia child advocate office; and the monitoring of compliance by the child advocate office with the recommendations of the performance audit by the joint committee on government operations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD ADVOCATE OFFICE.

*§48A-2-1. Reestablishment of the West Virginia child advocate office.

- 1 (a) There is hereby established within the department 2 of health and human resources the child advocate office.
 - (b) After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares the child advocate office should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this
- 10 code, the child advocate office shall continue to exist
- until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 12 ninety-three, so that the joint committee on government
- 13 operations may monitor compliance by the child
- 14 advocate office with the recommendations of the
- 14 advocate office with the recommendations of the
- 15 performance audit.

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^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4759 (Chapter 54), which passed subsequent to this act.

(H. B. 4217—By Delegates J. Martin and L. White)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article four, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the family law masters system; and the monitoring of compliance by the family law masters system with the recommendations of the performance audit by the joint committee on government operations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article four, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. PROCEEDINGS BEFORE A MASTER.

§48A-4-12. Continuation of family law masters system.

- After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit through its joint committee on government
- 2 audit through its joint committee on government 3 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter
- 4 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and
- 5 declares the family law masters system should be
- 6 continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstand-
- 7 ing the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter
- 8 four of this code, the family law masters system shall
- 9 continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand
- 10 nine hundred ninety-three, so that the joint committee
- 11 on government operations may monitor compliance by
- 12 the family law masters system with the recommenda-
- 13 tions of the performance audit.

(S. B. 385-By Senator Helmick)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article eighteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the application of the proceeds from the hotel occupancy tax; and permitting the expenditure of up to one hundred thousand dollars for medical care.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article eighteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 18. HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX.

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§7-18-14. Proceeds of tax; application of proceeds.

- 1 (a) Application of proceeds. The net proceeds of the 2 tax collected and remitted to the taxing authority 3 pursuant to this article shall be deposited into the 4 general revenue fund of such municipality or county 5 commission and, after appropriation thereof, shall be expended only as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
 - (b) Required expenditures. At least fifty percent of the net revenue receivable during the fiscal year by a county or a municipality pursuant to this article shall be expended in the following manner for the promotion of conventions and tourism:
 - (1) Municipalities. If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within the municipality, county or region, the governing body of such municipality shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection to that bureau. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within such municipality, county or region, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection shall be appropriated as follows:

- (i) Any hotel located within such municipality, county or region may apply to such municipality for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such municipality, for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications and similar expenses. The portion of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed seventy-five percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to this subsection: Provided, That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel such municipality shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.
 - (ii) If there is more than one convention and visitor's bureau located within a municipality, county or region, the city council may allocate the tax authorized by this article to one or more of such bureaus in such portion as the city council in its sole discretion determines.
 - (iii) The balance of net revenue required to be expended by this subsection shall be appropriated to the regional travel council serving the area in which the municipality is located.
 - (2) Counties. If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within a county or region, the county commission shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection to that convention and visitor's bureau. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within such county or region, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection shall be appropriated as follows:
 - (i) Any hotel located within such county or region may apply to such county for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such county, for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications and similar expenses. The portion

- of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed seventy-five percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to this subsection: Provided. That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel such county shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.
 - (ii) If there is more than one convention and visitor's bureau located within a county or region, the county commission may allocate the tax authorized by this article to one or more of such bureaus in such portion as the county commission in its sole discretion determines.
 - (iii) The balance of net revenue required to be expended by this subsection shall be appropriated to the regional travel council serving the area in which the county is located.
 - (3) Legislative finding. The Legislature hereby finds that the support of convention and visitor's bureaus, hotels and regional travel councils is a public purpose for which funds may be expended. Local convention and visitor's bureaus, hotels and regional travel councils receiving funds under this subsection may expend such funds for the payment of administrative expenses, and for the direct or indirect promotion of conventions and tourism, and for any other uses and purposes authorized by subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.
 - (c) Permissible expenditures. After making the appropriation required by subsection (b) of this section, the remaining portion of the net revenues receivable during the fiscal year by such county or municipality, pursuant to this article, may be expended for one or more of the purposes set forth in this subsection, but for no other purpose. The purposes for which expenditures may be made pursuant to this subsection are as follows:
 - (1) The planning, construction, reconstruction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, renovation, extension, enlargement, equipment, maintenance, repair and

- operation of publicly owned convention facilities, including, but not limited to, arenas, auditoriums, civic centers and convention centers:
- 104 (2) The payment of principal or interest or both on 105 revenue bonds issued to finance such convention 106 facilities:
- 107 (3) The promotion of conventions:
- 108 (4) The construction, operation or maintenance of public parks, tourist information centers and recreation facilities (including land acquisition):
 - (5) The promotion of the arts:
- 112 (6) Historic sites:

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- 113 (7) Beautification projects; or
- 114 (8) Medical care, in an amount not exceeding one 115 hundred thousand dollars, in any county where: (i) 116 There is an urgent necessity to preserve the delivery of 117 acute medical care services: (ii) there is an increase in 118 need for acute medical care services directly related to 119 tourism: (iii) recurrent flooding in the county signifi-120 cantly disrupts, on a periodic basis, the delivery of acute 121 medical care services: (iv) there is an inadequate 122 economic base within the county from any source other 123 than tourism to preserve the delivery of acute medical 124 care services: (v) there is an inadequate economic base 125 directly related to low population in the county, 126 specifically, a population of less than ten thousand 127 persons according to the census of the year one thousand 128 nine hundred ninety: and (vi) there is one and only one 129 hospital within the county; and the county commission makes specific findings, by resolution, that all of the 130 foregoing conditions within the county exist. 131
 - (d) Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms are defined:
 - (1) Convention and visitor's bureau and visitor's and convention bureau. "Convention and visitor's bureau" and "visitor's and convention bureau" are interchangeable and either shall mean a nonstock, nonprofit corporation with a full-time staff working exclusively to

promote tourism and to attract conventions, conferences and visitors to the municipality, county or region in which such convention and visitor's bureau or visitor's and convention bureau is located or engaged in business within.

- (2) Convention center. "Convention center" means a convention facility owned by the state, a county, a municipality or other public entity or instrumentality and shall include all facilities, including armories, commercial, office, community service and parking facilities and publicly owned facilities constructed or used for the accommodation and entertainment of tourist and visitors, constructed in conjunction with the convention center and forming reasonable appurtenances thereto.
- 154 (3) Fiscal year. "Fiscal year" means the year 155 beginning the first day of July and ending the thirtieth day of June of the next calendar year.
- 157 (4) Net proceeds. "Net proceeds" means the gross 158 amount of tax collections less the amount of tax lawfully 159 refunded.
 - (5) Promotion of the arts. "Promotion of the arts" means activity to promote public appreciation and interest in one or more of the arts. It includes the promotion of music for all types, the dramatic arts, dancing, painting and the creative arts through shows, exhibits, festivals, concerts, musicals and plays.
 - (6) Recreational facilities. "Recreational facilities" means and includes any public park, parkway, playground, public recreation center, athletic field, sports arena, stadium, skating rink or arena, golf course, tennis courts and other park and recreation facilities, whether of a like or different nature, that are owned by a county or municipality.
 - (7) Region. "Region" means an area consisting of one or more counties that have agreed by contract to fund a convention and visitor's bureau to promote those counties.

- 177 (8) Regional travel council. "Regional travel council" means a nonstock, nonprofit corporation, with 179 a full-time staff working exclusively to promote tourism 180 and to attract conventions, conferences and visitors to 181 the region of this state served by the regional travel council.
- 183 (9) Historic site. "Historic site" means any site listed on the United States national register of historic places, or listed by a local historical landmarks commission, established under state law, when such sites are owned by a city, a county or a nonprofit historical association and are open from time to time to accommodate visitors.

(H. B. 4557—By Delegates Rutledge and Kiss)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen-b, relating to the West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act; providing for retroactive monetary relief for overpayments of unconstitutional state taxes when retroactive relief is ordered by a final decision of a state or federal court; legislative findings and purpose; legislative intent and rules of construction; criteria for retroactive monetary relief; type and manner of providing relief; finality of relief.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§11-10-14b. Monetary remedies for overpayments due to unconstitutionality.

- (a) Legislative findings and purpose. Taxpayers who successfully challenge the constitutionality of state taxes may be entitled to retroactive monetary relief for the amount of their overpayments. Because there may be many of such taxpayers and the period of retroactivity may be extensive, the amount of monetary relief owed to such taxpayers may represent a considerable and unpredictable risk to the fiscal integrity and stability of this state. This section provides the tax commissioner with greater flexibility and discretion in the manner in which such relief may be provided.
 - (b) Legislative intent and rules of construction.
- (1) Legislative intent. It is the intent of the Legislature that this section shall be construed to preserve the fiscal integrity and stability of the state of West Virginia and to provide appropriate relief to the extent required by this section and the state and federal constitutions. The provisions of section fourteen of this article shall remain in full force and effect with regard to overpayments of tax resulting from any reason including unconstitutionality.
- (2) Rules of construction.
- (A) The remedies provided by this section and section fourteen of this article are exclusive and shall be in lieu of any and all remedies provided at common law or by other statutes.
- (B) Because all legislative enactments are presumptively constitutional and because the tax commissioner is without authority to determine the constitutionality of tax laws, other than through the courts, no cause of action shall exist against said tax commissioner, in his individual capacity, for damages, attorney's fees or court costs incurred in litigating the constitutionality of any tax law administered under this article which is subsequently determined to be unconstitutional.
- (C) A holding of retroactivity shall not be deemed to override any statutes of limitation which have run, or to require relief for any cases which are res judicata.
 - (c) Criteria for retroactive monetary relief. No

person may be granted relief based on a claim of unconstitutionality, unless the decision that the tax or its application is unconstitutional also mandates retro-active monetary relief and is a final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction of this state or a federal court having appropriate jurisdiction. A final decision is one for which the availability of an appeal has been exhausted, and the time for filing a petition has elapsed or the petition has been finally denied.

- (d) Amount of relief; interest. The amount of monetary relief shall be comprised solely of the amount of overpayment, together with interest, and shall not include damages of any kind, court costs, or attorney's fees except when ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. Interest shall be paid as provided by section seventeen of this article.
- (e) Type and manner of providing relief. In addition to the powers already provided in this article, the tax commissioner may, in his discretion and in accordance with guidelines published by him in the State Register, provide retroactive monetary relief by any one or combination of the following remedies:
- (1) Refunds. The total amount of any refund to be paid to a taxpayer may be paid either in one lump sum or in periodic installments. Installment payments shall be paid in full not later than three years from the date of the final decision of entitlement to retroactive monetary relief: Provided, That the periodic installment method for payment may only be used when the total amount of any refund to an individual taxpayer exceeds one thousand dollars or the aggregate amount of all refunds resulting from a final decision of unconstitutionality of a particular tax is estimated to be more than five million dollars.
- (2) Credits. With the taxpayer's consent, the tax commissioner may issue an overpayment credit for tax.
- (f) Finality of relief. The issuance of refunds or credits shall constitute complete and final settlement of all entitlements based on the claim or claims for which such refunds or credits were made.

(H. B. 4633—By Delegates Kiss and Burk)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to repeal sections thirty-one, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven-a and fifty-four, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section eighteen-a. article ten of said chapter eleven; to further amend said article ten by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-a: to amend and reenact sections eighteen, thirty-two, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirtynine, fifty-one-a and seventy-one-a, article twenty-one of said chapter eleven; to further amend said article twenty-one by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections thirty and forty-four; and to amend and reenact section thirteen-b, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven, all relating generally to administration and collection of West Virginia personal and corporation net income taxes from nonresident taxpavers and others: changing method by which personal income tax of nonresidents and part-year residents is determined and. as to such change in method: Specifying effective date. preserving prior law for prior taxable years, and making conforming changes in other provisions of personal income tax law necessary for implementation. administration and enforcement of this change in tax computation methodology; defining West Virginia source income in the case of nonresidents and part-year residents; making conforming changes in other statutory provisions pertaining to how West Virginia source income of nonresidents and part-year residents is determined: providing for partnerships. S corporations. estates and trusts to withhold income tax on distributions, both actual and deemed, of West Virginia source income to nonresidents and, as to such, changing rate of withholding to single uniform rate; providing for payment of withholding tax by pass-through entities and for administration and collection by tax commissioner,

including exceptions, limitations, special rules, definitions, and effective date; requiring nonpartnership ventures to file information returns pertaining to West Virginia source income; allowing nonresident individuals who are partners, S corporation shareholders, or beneficiaries of an estate or trust having West Virginia source income to file composite nonresident personal income tax returns and, as to such, changing the composite return rate of tax, defining terms and specifying effective date: changing the rules for imposing, collecting and administering additions to tax for underpayment of estimated tax, with such new rules to apply to all taxpayers and to certain other taxes collected by tax commissioner for taxable years beginning after specified date: imposing money penalties for failure to file certain information returns including but not limited to those filed by pass-through entities, and for failure to file complete and accurate information returns, and, as to such, providing rules for application, waiver, exception and effective date, and for administration and collection of such penalties; eliminating specific money penalty for failure to file S corporation income tax returns, with such penalty being replaced and superseded by generic penalty applicable to such failures; eliminating requirement that S corporation information returns provide certain information, leaving content of information return to information required by tax commissioner; specifying effective for all provision dates; and preserving prior law for prior taxable years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections thirty-one, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven-a and fifty-four, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section eighteen-a, article ten of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article ten be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-a; that sections eighteen, thirty-two, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, fifty-one-a and seventy-one-a, article twenty-one of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article

twenty-one be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections thirty and forty-four; and that section thirteen-b, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

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- 10. Tax Procedure and Administration.
- 21. Personal Income Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 10. TAX PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§11-10-18a. Additions to tax for failure to pay estimated tax.

\$11-10-19a. Failure to file correct information returns.

§11-10-18a. Additions to tax for failure to pay estimated tax.

- 1 (a) Additions to tax. — Except as otherwise provided
- 2 in this section, in the case of any underpayment of
- 3 estimated tax, there shall be added to the tax due for
- 4 the taxable year, under any article or section adminis-
- 5 tered by this article, an amount determined by applying
- 6 the rate established under section seventeen or seven-
- 7 teen-a of this article, as appropriate for the taxable year,
 - to the amount of the underpayment of estimated tax, for
- the period of the underpayment.
- 10 (b) Amount of underpayment. — For purposes of 11
- subsection (a), the amount of the underpayment shall be
- 12 the excess of the amount determined under subdivision
- (1) over the amount determined under subdivision (2) of 13
- 14 this subsection.
- (1) The amount of the installment required to be paid 15
- on or before the due date for the installment, if the 16
- estimated tax due for the taxable year were an amount 17
- equal to ninety percent of the tax shown on the annual 18
- return for the taxable year divided by the number of 19
- 20 installments taxpayer was required to make for the
- 21 taxable year, or, if no return was filed, ninety percent
- of the tax for such year divided by the number of 22
- installment payments taxpayer was required to make 23
- for the taxable year. 24
- (2) The amount, if any, of the installments paid on or 25
- before the last date prescribed for payment of that 26 installment. 27

- 28 (c) Period of underpayment. The period of under-29 payment of an installment shall run from the date the 30 installment was required to be paid (due date) to 31 whichever of the following dates is the earlier:
- 32 (1) The due date of the annual return following the 33 close of the taxable year for which the installment was 34 due (determined without regard to any extension of time 35 for filing such annual return); or
 - (2) With respect to any portion of the underpayment, the date on which such portion is paid. For purposes of this subdivision (2), a payment of estimated tax shall be credited against unpaid required installments in the order in which such installments are required to be paid.
 - (d) Exception. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding subsections, the additions to tax with respect to any underpayment of any installment shall not be imposed if the total amount of all payments of estimated tax made on or before the last date prescribed for the payment of such installment equals or exceeds the amount which would have been required to be paid on or before such date if the estimated tax were whichever of the following is lesser:
 - (1) Prior year's tax. One hundred percent of the tax shown on the return of the taxpayer for the preceding taxable year, if a return showing a liability for tax was filed by the taxpayer for the preceding taxable year and such preceding year was a taxable year of twelve months:
 - (2) Annualized tax. In the case of any required installment, if the taxpayer establishes that the annualized income installment is less than the amount determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection and under subsection (b) of this section, then the amount of such required installment shall be the annualized income installment. For purposes of this subdivision (2), there shall be four required installments for each taxable year and the "annualized income installment" is the difference (if any) determined by subtracting the amount determined under paragraph (B) of this subdi-

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- 68 vision from the amount determined under paragraph
- 69 (A) of this subdivision. When making these computa-
- tions, the rules in paragraph (C) of this subdivision shallbe followed:
- 72 (A) An amount equal to the applicable percentage of 73 the tax for the taxable year computed by placing on an 74 annualized basis the taxable income:
 - (i) For the first three months of the taxable year, in the case of the first installment;
- 77 (ii) For the first three months of or the first five 78 months of the taxable year, in the case of the second 79 installment;
 - (iii) For the first six months or the first eight months of the taxable year, in the case of the third installment; and
 - (iv) For the first nine months or for the first eleven months of the taxable year, in the case of the fourth installment.
- 86 (B) The aggregate amount of any prior required 87 installments for the taxable year.
- 88 (C) Special rules. For purposes of this subdivision 89 (2):
- 90 (i) Annualization. Taxpayer's taxable income shall 91 be placed on an annualized basis in the same manner that taxable income is annualized for federal income tax 93 purposes for the taxable year.
 - (ii) Applicable percentage. The applicable percentage shall be determined from the following table:

96	In the case of the following	The applicable
97	required installments:	percentage is:
98	1st	22.5
99	2nd	45
100	3rd	67.5
101	4th	90
102	(e) Additional exceptions.	

103 (1) Where tax amount is small. — No addition to tax 104 shall be imposed under subsection (a) for any taxable year if the tax shown on the return for such taxable year

- (or, if no return is filed, the tax), reduced by the credit
 allowable for withheld tax, is less than two hundred fifty
 dollars.
- 109 (2) Where individual has no personal income tax 110 liability for preceding taxable year. — No addition to tax 111 shall be imposed under subsection (a) for any taxable 112 year if:
- 113 (A) The individual's preceding taxable year was a taxable year of twelve months;
- 115 (B) The individual did not have any West Virginia 116 personal income tax liability for the preceding taxable 117 year;
- 118 (C) The individual was a citizen or resident of the 119 United States throughout the preceding taxable year; 120 and

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- (D) The individual's West Virginia personal income tax liability for the current taxable year is less than five thousand dollars.
- 124 (3) Waiver in certain cases. No addition to tax shall 125 be imposed under subsection (a) with respect to any 126 underpayment if and to the extent the tax commissioner 127 determines that by reason of casualty, disaster, or other 128 unusual circumstances the imposition of such addition 129 to tax would be against equity and good conscience.
- 130 (f) Tax computed after application of credits against tax. - For purposes of this section, the term "tax" 131 132 means the amount of any annual tax or fee administered under this article that is generally payable in two or 133 more installment payments during the taxable year, 134 minus the amount of credits allowable against such tax 135 or fee, other than taxes withheld from the taxpayer 136 under section seventy-one or seventy-one-a, article 137 twenty-one of this chapter (relating to taxes withheld on 138 wages, or from distributions of pass-through income to 139 nonresident partners, S corporation shareholders or 140 beneficiaries of an estate or trust). 141
 - (g) Application of section in case of personal income tax withheld on wages.

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- (1) In general. For purposes of applying this 144 145 section, the amount of the credit allowed under section 146 seventy-one, article twenty-one of this chapter, for the 147 taxable year shall be deemed a payment of estimated 148 tax, and an equal part of such amount shall be deemed 149 to have been paid on each installment payment due date 150 for such taxable year, unless the taxpayer establishes 151 the specific dates on which all amounts were actually 152 withheld, in which case the amounts so withheld shall 153 be deemed payments of estimated tax on the dates on 154 which such amounts were actually withheld.
- 155 (2) Separate application. The taxpayer may apply subdivision (1) of this subsection separately with respect to:
 - (A) Wage withholding; and
 - (B) All other amounts withheld for which credit is allowed under section seventy-one of article twenty-one.
 - (h) Application of section in case of income tax withheld by pass-through entities from distributions to nonresidents. — For purposes of applying this section, the amount of credit allowed under section seventy-onea, article twenty-one of this chapter to a nonresident distributee of a pass-through entity, shall be deemed to be a payment of estimated income tax for the taxable year of the nonresident distributee, and an equal part of such amount shall be deemed (only for purposes of this section) to have been paid on each installment due date for the taxable year of the distributee, unless the distributee establishes the dates on which all amounts were actually withheld, in which case the amounts so withheld shall be deemed payments of estimated tax on the dates on which such amounts were actually withheld.
 - (i) Special rule where personal income tax return filed on or before January 31st. If on or before the last day of the first month following the end of the taxable year, the taxpayer files his or her annual personal income tax return for that taxable year and pays in full the amount computed on the return as payable, then no addition to

- 183 tax shall be imposed under subsection (a) with respect
- 184 to any underpayment of the fourth required installment
- 185 for that taxable year.
- 186 (j) Special rules for farmers. For purposes of this section, if an individual is a farmer for any taxable year:
- 188 (1) There is only one required installment for that 189 taxable year:
- 190 (2) The due date for such installment is the fifteenth day of January of the following taxable year:
- 192 (3) The amount of such installment shall be equal to 193 the required annual payment determined under subsec-194 tion (b) of this section by substituting "sixty-six and two-195 thirds percent" for "ninety percent": and
- 196 (4) Subsection (h) shall be applied:
- 197 (A) By substituting "the first day of March" for the 198 phrase "the thirty-first day of January"; and
- (B) By treating the required installment described in this subdivision (1) of this subsection as the fourth required installment.
- 202 (k) Fiscal years and short years.
- 203 (1) Fiscal years. In applying this section to a 204 taxable year beginning on any date other than the first day of January, there shall be substituted, for the 206 months specified in this section, the months of the fiscal year that correspond thereto.
- 208 (2) Short taxable year. The application of this section to taxable years of less than twelve months shall be in accordance with regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner.
- 212 (1) Reserved.
- 213 (m) Estates and trusts.
- 214 (1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, this section shall apply to any estate or trust.
- 216 (2) Exception for certain estates and certain trusts. -

With respect to any taxable year ending before the date two years after the date of the decedent's death, this section shall not apply to:

(A) The estate of such decedent, or

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- (B) Any trust all of which was treated for federal income tax purposes as owned by the decedent, and to which the residue of the decedent's estate will pass under his or her will (or, if no will is admitted to probate, which is the trust primarily responsible for paying debts, taxes, and expenses of administration).
 - (3) Special rule for annualizations. In the case of any estate or trust to which this section applies, subsection (d)(2)(A) shall be applied by substituting "ending before the date one month before the due date of the installment" for the phrase "ending before the due date for the installment"
 - (n) Regulations.— The tax commissioner may prescribe such regulations as the commissioner deems necessary to carry out the purpose of this section. This includes, but is not limited to, equitable regulations allowing payment of adjusted seasonal installments in lieu of annualized income installments when the commissioner determines, based on known facts and circumstances, that payment of the annualized income installment will result in significant hardship to the taxpayer due to the seasonal nature of taxpayer's business, and equitable regulations for payment of estimated personal income tax by an individual who is: (1) An employee, (2) employed in another state for some portion or all of the taxable year, and (3) required to pay personal income taxes to such other state on (or measured by) wages earned in that state, for which credit is allowed under section twenty, article twentyone of this chapter.
 - (o) Effective date. This section as amended in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and this section as in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, is preserved and

shall apply to taxable years beginning before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

§11-10-19a. Failure to file correct information returns.

- 1 (a) Imposition of penalty. — In addition to any 2 criminal penalty imposed by article nine of this chapter 3 for willful failure to file required return or supply 4 information or for knowingly filing false or fraudulent 5 return, in the case of a failure described in subsection 6 (b) by any person with respect to an information return, 7 such person shall pay a penalty of fifty dollars for each 8 information return with respect to which such failure 9 occurs, but the total amount imposed by this section on 10 such person for all such failures during any calendar 11 year shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
- 12 (b) Failures subject to penalty. For purposes of 13 subsection (a), the failures described in this subsection 14 are:
- 15 (1) Any failure to file an information return with the 16 tax commissioner on or before the required filing date; 17 and

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- (2) Any failure to include all of the information required to be shown on the return or the inclusion of incorrect information.
- 21 (c) Reduction of penalty where correction in specified 22 period.
 - (1) Correction within thirty days. If any failure described in subsection (b) is corrected on or before the day, thirty days after the required filing date, the penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall be fifteen dollars in lieu of fifty dollars, and the total amount imposed on the person for all such failures during any calendar year which are so corrected shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars.
 - (2) Failures corrected by August first. If any failure described in subsection (b) is corrected after the thirtieth day referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection but on or before the first day of August of the calendar year in which the required filing date

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- occurs, the penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall be calculated using thirty dollars in lieu of fifty dollars and the total amount imposed on the person for all such failures during the calendar year which are so corrected shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars.
- 41 (d) Exception for de minimis failures to include all 42 required information.
 - (1) In general. If an information return is filed with the tax commissioner, but there is a failure to include all of the information required to be shown on the return or there is inclusion of incorrect information, and such failure or error is corrected on or before the first day of August of the calendar year in which the required filing date occurs, then for purposes of this section, such return shall be treated as having been filed with all of the correct required information.
 - (2) Limitation. The number of information returns to which subdivision (1) of this subsection applies for any calendar year shall not exceed the greater of: (A) ten, or (B) one-half of one percent of the total number of information returns required to be filed with the tax commissioner by the person during the calendar year.
 - (e) Penalty in case of intentional disregard. If one or more failures described in subsection (b) are due to intentional disregard of the filing requirement or the correct information reporting requirement then, with respect to such failure, subsections (c) and (d) shall not apply and the penalty imposed under subsection (a) shall be one hundred dollars, or, if greater, ten percent of the aggregate amount of the items required to be reported correctly. When the amount of penalty is determined under this subsection, the one hundred thousand dollar limitation under subsection (a) shall not apply, and such penalty shall not be taken into account in applying such limitation (or any similar limitation under subsection (e).
 - (f) Reasonable cause waiver. No penalty shall be imposed under this section with respect to any failure if it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect.

- 76 (g) Payment of penalty. - Any penalty imposed by this section shall be paid on notice and demand by the 77 78 tax commissioner and in the same manner as tax.
- 79 (h) Definitions. — For purposes of this section:
- (1) Information return. The term "information 80 81 return" means any return required by:
- 82 (A) Subsection (a)(2) or (4), section fifty-one, article 83 twenty-one of this chapter (relating to estates and 84 trusts):
- 85 (B) Subsection (b), section fifty-eight, article twentyone of this chapter (relating to partnerships); 86
- 87 (C) Subsection (c), section fifty-eight, article twenty-88 one of this chapter relating to certain information at 89 source: and
- 90 (D) Section thirteen-b, article twenty-four of this 91 chapter relating to S corporations.
- 92 (2) Required filing date. — The term "required filing 93 date" means the date prescribed for filing an informa-94 tion return with the tax commissioner determined with regard to any extension of time for filing. 95
- 96 (i) Effective date. — The provisions of this section shall 97 apply to information returns required to be filed for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of 98 December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. 99

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

- West Virginia taxable income of resident estate or trust. §11-21-18. Computation of tax on income of nonresidents and part-year §11-21-30. residents. West Virginia source income of nonresident individual. §11-21-32. Nonresident partners and shareholders of S corporations. §11-21-37. West Virginia source income of nonresident estate or trust. \$11-21-38. Share of nonresident estate, trust or beneficiary in income from
- §11-21-39. West Virginia sources.
- West Virginia source income of part-year resident individuals. §11-21-45.
- Composite returns. §11-21-51a.
- Withholding tax on West Virginia source income of nonresident 811-21-71a. partners, nonresident S corporation shareholders, and nonresident beneficiaries of estates and trusts.

§11-21-18. West Virginia taxable income of resident estate or trust.

- 1 The West Virginia taxable income of a resident estate
- 2 or trust means its federal taxable income for the taxable
- 3 year as defined in the laws of the United States and
- 4 section nine of this article for the taxable year, with the
- 5 following modifications:
- 6 (1) There shall be subtracted six hundred dollars as
- 7 the West Virginia personal exemption of the estate or
- 8 trust, and there shall be added the amount of its federal
- 9 deduction for a personal exemption.
- 10 (2) There shall be added or subtracted, as the case
- 11 may be, the share of the estate or trust in the West
- 12 Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined under section
- 13 nineteen of this article.
- 14 (3) There shall be added to federal adjusted gross
- 15 income, unless already included therein, the amount of
- 16 a lump sum distribution for which the taxpayer has
- 17 elected under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue
- 18 Code of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, as
- 19 amended, to be separately taxed for federal income tax
- 20 purposes: Provided, That the provisions of this subdivi-
- 21 sion shall first be effective for taxable years beginning
- 22 after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine
- 23 hundred ninety.

PART III. NONRESIDENT AND PART-YEAR RESIDENTS.

§11-21-30. Computation of tax on income of nonresidents and part-year residents.

- 1 (a) Computation of tax. For taxable years begin-
- 2 ning after the thirty-first day of December, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the tax due under
- 4 this article on taxable income derived from sources in
- 5 this state by a nonresident individual, estate, or trust or
- 6 by a part-year resident individual shall be calculated as
- 7 provided in this section.
- 8 (1) Taxpayer shall first calculate tax liability under
- 9 this article as if taxpayer, whether an individual, estate
- 10 or trust, were a resident of this state for the entire

- taxable year. When determining tentative tax liability under this subdivision, a nonresident shall be allowed the same deductions, exemptions and credits that would be allowable if taxpayer were a resident individual, estate or trust, as the case may be, for the entire taxable year, except that no credit shall be allowed under section twenty of this article.
- (2) The amount of tentative tax determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall then be multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is the taxpayer's West Virginia source income, determined in accordance with Part III of this article for the taxable year, and the denominator of which is such taxpayer's "federal adjusted gross income" for the taxable year as defined in section nine of this article.
 - (b) Special rules for estates and trusts. For purposes of subdivision (1) of subsection (a):
 - (1) The "federal adjusted gross income" of an estate or trust shall be determined as if such estate or trust were an individual; and
 - (2) In the case of a trust, "federal adjusted gross income" shall be its "federal adjusted gross income" for the taxable year increased by the amount of any includible gain, reduced by any deductions properly allocable thereto, upon which the tax is imposed for the taxable year pursuant to section 644 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (c) Special rules for part-year residents. (1) For purposes of subdivision (1) of subsection (a), the "federal adjusted gross income" of a part-year resident individual shall be taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year, as defined in section nine of this article, increased or decreased, as the case may be, by the items accrued under subdivision (1), subsection (b), section forty-five of this article, to the extent such items are not otherwise included in federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year, and decreased or increased, as the case may be by the items accrued under subdivision (2), subsection (b) of said section forty-five, to the

- extent such items are included in federal adjusted gross
 income for the taxable year; and
- 52 (2) In computing the tax due as if taxpayer were a 53 resident of this state for the entire tax year, West 54 Virginia adjusted gross income shall include the 55 accruals specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection
- 56 (c), with the applicable modifications described in section forty-five of this article.
- 58 (d) Definitions.
- 59 (1) "Nonresident estate" means an estate of a decedent 60 who was not a resident of this state at the time of his 61 or her death.
- 62 (2) "Nonresident trust" means a trust which is not a resident trust, as defined in section seven.
- 64 (3) "Part-year resident individual" means an individ-65 ual who is not a resident or nonresident of this state for 66 the entire taxable year.
- (e) Effective date. The provisions of this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. As to taxable years beginning prior to that date, the provisions of this article as then in effect shall apply and be controlling, and for that purpose, prior law is fully and completely preserved.

§11-21-32. West Virginia source income of nonresident individual.

- 1 (a) General. The West Virginia source income of a 2 nonresident individual shall be the sum of the net 3 amount of income, gain, loss and deduction entering into 4 his or her federal adjusted gross income additional shall be a sum of the sum of the
- 4 his or her federal adjusted gross income, as defined in 5 the laws of the United States and section nine of this
- 6 article, for the taxable year, derived from or connected
- 7 with West Virginia sources, including:
- 8 (1) His or her distributive share of partnership 9 income, gain, loss and deduction, determined under 10 section thirty-seven; and
- 11 (2) His or her pro rata share of S corporation income,

- 12 loss and deduction, determined under section thirty-
- 13 seven, increased by reductions for taxes described in
- 14 paragraphs (2) and (3), subsection (f), section 1366 of the
- 15 Internal Revenue Code; and

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- (3) His or her share of estate or trust income, gain,
 loss and deduction, determined under section thirty-nine
 of this article.
- 19 (b) Income and deductions from West Virginia 20 sources.
- 21 (1) Items of income, gain, loss and deduction derived 22 from or connected with West Virginia sources shall be 23 those items attributable to:
- 24 (A) The ownership of any interest in real or tangible 25 personal property in this state; or
- 26 (B) A business, trade, profession or occupation 27 carried on in this state; or
- 28 (C) In the case of a shareholder of an S corporation, 29 the ownership of shares issued by such corporation, to 30 the extent determined under section thirty-seven.
- 31 (2) Income from intangible personal property, including annuities, dividends, interest, and gains from the 33 disposition of intangible personal property, shall constitute income derived from West Virginia sources only to the extent that such income is from property employed in a business, trade, profession or occupation carried on in this state.
 - (3) Deductions with respect to capital losses and net operating losses shall be based solely on income, gain, loss and deduction derived from or connected with West Virginia sources, under regulations of the tax commissioner, but otherwise shall be determined in the same manner as the corresponding federal deductions.
- 44 (4) The deduction allowed by section 215 of the
 45 Internal Revenue Code, relating to alimony, shall not
 46 constitute a deduction derived from West Virginia
 47 sources.

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- 48 (c) Income and deductions partly from West Virginia 49 sources. — If a business, trade, profession or occupation 50 is carried on partly within and partly without this state, 51 as determined under regulations of the tax commissioner, the items of income, gain, loss and deduction 52 derived from or connected with West Virginia sources 53 54 shall be determined by apportionment and allocation 55 under such regulations.
- (d) Purchase and sale for own account. A nonresident, other than a dealer holding property for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his or her trade or business, shall not be deemed to carry on a business, trade, profession or occupation in this state solely by reason of the purchase and sale of property for his or her own account.
 - (e) Husband and wife. If a husband and wife determine their federal income tax on a joint return but determine their West Virginia income taxes separately, they shall determine their West Virginia source incomes separately as if their federal adjusted gross incomes had been determined separately.
- (f) Effective date. This section as amended and reenacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. As to prior taxable years, the provisions of this section and of section thirty-one of this article, as then in effect, are fully and completely preserved.

§11-21-37. Nonresident partners and shareholders of S corporations.

- (a) Portion derived from West Virginia sources. —
- 2 (1) In determining the West Virginia source income 3 of a nonresident partner of any partnership, there shall 4 be included only the portion derived from or connected 5 with West Virginia sources of such partner's distribu-6 tive share, for federal income tax purposes, of items of 7 partnership income, gain, loss and deduction, as such 8 portion shall be determined under regulations of the tax

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commissioner consistent with the applicable rules of section thirty-two.

- (2) In determining West Virginia source income of a nonresident shareholder of an S corporation, there shall be included only the portion derived from or connected with West Virginia sources of such shareholder's pro rata share of items of S corporation income, gain, loss and deduction entering into the shareholder's federal adjusted gross income, as defined in section nine, increased by reductions for taxes described in paragraphs (2) and (3), subsection (f), section 1366 of the Internal Revenue Code, as such portion shall be determined under regulations of the tax commissioner consistent with the applicable methods and rules for allocation under article twenty-four of this chapter.
- (b) Special rules as to West Virginia sources. In determining the sources of a nonresident partner's income, no effect shall be given to a provision of the partnership agreement which:
- 28 (1) Characterizes payments to the partner as being 29 for services or for the use of capital; or
 - (2) Allocates to the partner, as income or gain from sources outside West Virginia, a greater proportion of his or her distributive share of partnership income or gain than the ratio of partnership income or gain from sources outside West Virginia to partnership income or gain from all sources, except as authorized in subsection (d); or
 - (3) Allocates to the partner a greater proportion of a partnership item of loss or deduction connected with West Virginia sources than his or her proportionate share, for federal income tax purposes, of partnership loss or deduction generally, except as authorized in subsection (c).
 - (c) Alternative methods. The tax commissioner may, on written application filed on or before the due date of the partner's or S corporation shareholder's return under this article for that taxable year determined without regard to any extension of time for filing,

- authorize the use of such other method or methods of determining the nonresident partner's portion of partnership items, or the nonresident S corporation shareholder's portion of S corporation items, derived from or connected with West Virginia sources, and the modifications related thereto, as may be appropriate and equitable, on such terms and conditions as the commissioner may require.
 - (d) Application of rules for resident partners to nonresident partners and shareholders.
 - (1) For a partner's distributive share of items, see subsection (a) of section seventeen of this article.
 - (2) The character of partnership items for a nonresident partner shall be determined under subsection (b) of section seventeen of this article.
 - (3) The effect of a special provision in a partnership agreement, other than a provision referred to in subsection (b) of this section, having the principal purpose of avoidance or evasion of tax under this article shall be determined under subsection (c) of section seventeen of this article.
 - (e) Application of rules for resident S corporation shareholders to nonresident S corporation shareholders.
 - (1) For an S corporation shareholder's distributive share of S corporation items, see subsection (a) of section seventeen-a of this article.
 - (2) The character of S corporation items for a nonresident shareholder of an S corporation shall be determined under subsection (b) of section seventeen-a of this article.
- (f) Effective date. The amendments to this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. As to prior taxable years the provisions of this section and of section thirty-seven-a of this article, as then in effect, are fully and completely preserved.

§11-21-38. West Virginia source income of nonresident estate or trust.

- 1 (a) General. The West Virginia source income of 2 a nonresident estate or trust shall be determined as 3 follows:
- 4 (1) Items in distributable net income. There shall be determined its share of income, gain, loss and deduction from West Virginia sources under section thirty-nine of this article (relating to items entering into the definition of distributable net income).
- 9 (2) Items not in distributable net income. — There 10 shall be added to or subtracted (as the case may be) the 11 amount derived from or connected with West Virginia 12 sources of any income, gain, loss and deduction which 13 would be included in the determination of federal 14 adjusted gross income if the estate or trust were an 15 individual and which is recognized for federal income 16 tax purposes, but excluded from the definition of federal 17 distributable net income of the estate or trust. The 18 source of such income, gain, loss and deduction shall be 19 determined in accordance with the applicable rules of 20 section thirty-two of this article as in the case of a 21 nonresident individual.
- 22 (b) Special West Virginia source rules. Deductions 23 with respect to capital losses and net operating losses 24 shall be based solely on income, gains, losses and 25 deductions derived from or connected with West 26 Virginia sources, under regulations of the tax commis-27 sioner, but otherwise determined in the same manner as 28 the corresponding federal deductions.
- 29 (c) Effective date. The provisions of this section as amended and reenacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. As to prior taxable years this section, as then in effect, is fully and completely preserved.

§11-21-39. Share of nonresident estate, trust or beneficiary in income from West Virginia sources.

1 (a) General. — The share of a nonresident estate or trust under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section

thirty-eight, and the share of a nonresident beneficiary of any estate or trust under subsection (a) of section thirty-two of this article, in estate or trust income, gain, loss and deduction from West Virginia sources shall be determined as follows:

- (1) Items of distributable net income from West Virginia sources. There shall be determined the items of income, gain, loss and deduction, derived from or connected with West Virginia sources, which would be included in the determination of federal adjusted gross income if the estate or trust were an individual and which enter into the definition of federal distributable net income of the estate or trust for the taxable year including such items from another estate or trust of which the first estate or trust is a beneficiary. Such determination of source shall be made in accordance with the applicable rules of section thirty-two of this article as in the case of a nonresident individual.
- (2) Allocation among estate or trust beneficiaries.
- (A) The amounts determined under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) shall be allocated among the estate or trust and its beneficiaries (including, solely for the purposes of this allocation, resident beneficiaries) in proportion to their respective shares of federal distributable net income.
- (B) The amounts so allocated shall have the same character under this article as for federal income tax purposes. Where an item entering into the computation of such amounts is not characterized for federal income tax purposes, it shall have the same character as if realized directly from the source from which realized by the estate or trust, or incurred in the same manner as incurred by the estate or trust.
 - (b) Alternative methods of determining shares.
- (1) If the estate or trust has no federal distributable net income for the taxable year, the share of each beneficiary (including, solely for the purposes of this allocation, resident beneficiaries) in the net amount determined under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) shall

- be in proportion to the beneficiary's share of the estate or trust income for such year, under local law or the governing instrument, which is required to be distributed currently and any such other amounts of such income distributed in such year. Any balance of such net amounts shall be allocated to the estate or trust.
- 48 (2) The tax commissioner may, on written application 49 filed on or before the due date of the return due under 50 this article for the taxable year from the estate or trust 51 determined without regard to any extension of time for 52 filing such return, authorize use of such other methods 53 of determining the representative shares of the benefi-54 ciaries and of the estate or trust in its income derived 55 from West Virginia sources, and the modifications 56 related thereto, as may be appropriate and equitable, on 57 such terms and conditions as the commissioner may

require.

- 59 (3) The tax commissioner may by regulation establish 60 such other method or methods of determining the 61 respective shares of the beneficiaries and of the estate 62 or trust in its income derived from West Virginia 63 sources as may be appropriate and equitable. Such 64 method may be used by the fiduciary in his or her discretion whenever the allocation of such respective 65 66 shares under subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of 67 subsection (b) would result in an inequity which is 68 substantial in amount.
- 69 (c) Effective date. The amendments to this section 70 enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-71 two shall apply to taxable years beginning after the 72 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 73 ninety-one.

§11-21-44. West Virginia source income of part-year resident individuals.

- 1 (a) Individuals. The West Virginia source income 2 of a part-year resident individual shall be the sum of the 3 following:
- 4 (1) Federal adjusted gross income for the period of residence, computed as if his or her taxable year for

6 federal income tax purposes were limited to the period of residence.

- (2) West Virginia source income for the period of nonresidence determined in accordance with section thirty-two of this article as if his or her taxable year for federal income tax purposes were limited to the period of nonresidence.
- 13 (3) The special accruals required by subsection (b) of this section.
 - (b) Special accruals.

- (1) If an individual changes his or her status from resident to nonresident he or she shall, regardless of his or her method of accounting, accrue to the portion of the taxable year prior to such change in status any items of income, gain, loss or deduction accruing prior to the change of status, if not otherwise properly entering into his or her federal adjusted gross income for such portion of the taxable year or a prior taxable year under his or her method of accounting.
- (2) If an individual changes his or her status from nonresident to resident, he or she shall, regardless of his or her method of accounting, accrue to the portion of the taxable year prior to such change of status any items of income, gain, loss or deduction accruing prior to the change of status, other than items derived from or connected with West Virginia sources, if not otherwise properly entering into his or her federal adjusted gross income for such portion of the taxable year or for a prior taxable year under his or her method of accounting.
- (3) No item of income, gain, loss or deduction which is accrued under this subsection shall be taken into account in determining West Virginia adjusted gross income or West Virginia source income for any subsequent period.
- (4) The accruals under this subsection shall not be required if the individual files with the tax commissioner a bond or other security acceptable to the tax commissioner, conditioned upon the inclusion of amounts accruable under this subsection in West

- Virginia adjusted gross income or West Virginia source income for one or more subsequent taxable years as if the individual had not changed his or her resident status.
- 49 (c) Effective date. — The provisions of this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirty-50 51 first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 52 ninety-one, as amended. For taxable years that began 53 prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine 54 hundred ninety-two, the provisions of section fifty-four, 55 which is repealed by this bill, apply and for that 56 purpose, the provisions of section fifty-four are fully and 57 completely preserved.

§11-21-51a. Composite returns.

- 1 (a) Nonresident individuals who are required by this 2 article to file a return and who are:
- (1) Partners in a partnership deriving income from
 4 a West Virginia source or sources; or
- 5 (2) Shareholders of a corporation having income from a West Virginia source or sources and which made an election under section 1362(a) of the Internal Revenue 8 Code (S corporations) for the taxable year; or
- 9 (3) Beneficiaries who received a distribution (actual 10 or deemed) from an estate or trust having income from 11 a West Virginia source or sources, may, upon payment 12 of a composite return processing fee of fifty dollars, file 13 a composite return in accordance with the provisions of 14 this section.
- 15 (b) In filing a composite return and determining the
 16 tax due thereon, no personal exemptions may be
 17 utilized, and the rate of tax shall be six and one-half
 18 percent. The entity or entities, to which the composite
 19 return relates are responsible for collection and remit20 tance of all income tax due at the time the return is
 21 filed.

a no analysis of the excess of extension and other rates of amounts on the scales of extension of the extension of the

22 (c) The composite return shall be filed in a manner 23 and form acceptable to and in accordance with instruc-24 tions from the commissioner, and need not be signed by

- all nonresident individuals on whose behalf the return is filed: *Provided*, That the return is signed by a partner, in the case of a partnership, a corporate officer, in the case of a corporation, by a trustee, in the case of a trust or by an executor or administrator in the case of an estate.
- 31 (d) For the purposes of this section, a composite 32 return means a return filed on a group basis as though 33 there was one taxpaver, and sets forth the name. 34 address, taxpayer identification number and percent 35 ownership or interest of each nonresident individual who consents to be included in the composite return in 36 37 addition to return information as that term is defined in section five-d, article ten of this chapter; the term 38 includes block filing: Provided, That nothing in this 39 section shall prohibit a nonresident from also filing a 40 separate nonresident personal income tax return for the 41 taxable year and a separate return shall be filed if the 42 nonresident has income from any other West Virginia 43 source. If a separate return is also filed for the taxable 44 year, the nonresident shall be allowed credit for his or 45 her share of the tax remitted with the composite return 46 47 for that taxable year.
- 48 (e) This section, as amended in the year one thousand 49 nine hundred ninety-two, shall apply to composite 50 returns filed after the thirty-first day of December, one 51 thousand nine hundred ninety-two.
- §11-21-71a. Withholding tax on West Virginia source income of nonresident partners, nonresident S corporation shareholders, and nonresident beneficiaries of estates and trusts.
 - 1 (a) General rule. For the privilege of doing 2 business in this state or deriving rents or royalties from 3 real or tangible personal property located in this state, 4 including, but not limited to, natural resources in place and standing timber, a partnership, S corporation, 6 estate or trust, which is treated as a pass-through entity for federal income tax purposes and which has taxable income for the taxable year derived from or connected

with West Virginia sources any portion of which is allocable to a nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, as the case may be, shall pay a withholding tax under this section, except as provided in subsections (c) and (k) of this section.

(b) Amount of withholding tax.

- (1) In general. The amount of withholding tax payable by any partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, under subsection (a) shall be equal to four percent of the effectively connected taxable income of the partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, as the case may be, which may lawfully be taxed by this state and which is allocable to a nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary of a trust or estate.
- (2) Credits against tax. When determining the amount of withholding tax due under this section, the pass-through entity may apply any tax credits allowable under this chapter to the pass-through entity which pass through to the nonresident distributees: Provided, That in no event may the application of any credit or credits reduce the tax liability of the distributee under this article to less than zero.
- (c) When withholding is not required. Withholding shall not be required:
- (1) On distribution to a person, other than a corporation, who is exempt from the tax imposed by this article. For purposes of this subdivision (1), a person is exempt from the tax imposed by this article only if such person is, by reason of such person's purpose or activities, exempt from paying federal income taxes on such person's West Virginia source income. The pass-through entity may rely on the written statement of the person claiming to be exempt from the tax imposed by this article provided the pass-through entity discloses the name and federal taxpayer identification number for all such persons in its return for the taxable year filed under this article or article twenty-four of this chapter; or

- 48 (2) On distributions to a corporation which is exempt 49 from the tax imposed by article twenty-four of this 50 chapter. For purposes of this subdivision (2), a corpora-51 tion is exempt from the tax imposed by article twenty-52 four of this chapter only if the corporation, by reason 53 of its purpose or activities is exempt from paying federal 54 income taxes on the corporation's West Virginia source 55 income. The pass-through entity may rely on the written 56 statement of the person claiming to be exempt from the 57 tax imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter 58 provided the pass-through entity discloses the name and 59 federal taxpayer identification number for all such 60 corporations in its return for the taxable year filed 61 under this article or article twenty-four of this chapter: 62 or
- 63 (3) On distributions when compliance will cause 64 undue hardship on the pass-through entity: Provided. 65 That no pass-through entity shall be exempt under 66 subdivision (3) from complying with the withholding 67 requirements of this section unless the tax commis-68 sioner, in his or her discretion, approves in writing the 69 pass-through entity's written petition for exemption 70 from the withholding requirements of this section based on undue hardship. The tax commissioner may pre-72 scribe the form and contents of such a petition and 73 specify standards for when a pass-through entity will 74 not be required to comply with the withholding requirements of this section due to undue hardship. Such 75 standards shall take into account (among other relevant factors) the ability of a pass-through entity to comply at 78 reasonable cost with the withholding requirements of this section and the cost to this state of collecting the tax directly from a nonresident distributee who does not voluntarily file a return and pay the amount of tax due under this article with respect to such distributions; or

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(4) On distributions by nonpartnership ventures. An unincorporated organization that has elected, under section 761 of the Internal Revenue Code, to not be treated as a partnership for federal income tax, is not treated as a partnership under this article and is not required to withhold under this section. However, such

unincorporated organizations shall make and file with the tax commissioner a true and accurate return of information under subsection (c), section fifty-eight of this article, under such regulations and in such form and manner as the tax commissioner may prescribe, setting forth (A) the amount of fixed or determinable gains, profits and income; (B) the name, address and taxpayer identification number of persons receiving fixed or determinable gains, profits or income from the nonpartnership venture.

(d) Payment of withheld tax.

- (1) General rule. Each partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, required to withhold tax under this section shall pay the amount required to be withheld to the tax commissioner no later than:
- (A) S corporations. The fifteenth day of the third month following the close of the taxable year of the S corporation along with the annual information return due under article twenty-four of this chapter, unless paragraph (C) of this subdivision applies.
- (B) Partnerships, estates and trusts. The fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year of the partnership, estate or trust, with the annual return of the partnership, estate or trust due under this article, unless paragraph (C) of this subdivision applies.
- (C) Composite returns. The fifteenth day of the fourth month of the taxable year with the composite return filed under section fifty-one-a of this article.
- (2) Special rules.
- (A) Where there is extension of time to file return. An extension of time for filing the returns referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection does not extend the time for paying the amount withholding tax due under this section. In this situation, the pass-through entity shall pay, by the date specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection, at least ninety percent of the withholding tax due for the taxable year, or one hundred percent of the tax paid under this section for the prior taxable year, if such taxable year was a taxable year of twelve months

and tax was paid under this section for that taxable year. The remaining portion of the tax due under this section, if any, shall be paid at the time the pass-through entity files the return specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection. If the balance due is paid by the last day of the extension period for filing such return and the amount of tax due with such return is ten percent or less of the tax due under this section for the taxable year, no additions to tax shall be imposed under article ten of this chapter with respect to balance so remitted. If the amount of withholding tax due under this section for the taxable year is less than the estimated withhold-ing taxes paid for the taxable year by the pass-through entity, the excess shall be refunded to the pass-through entity or, at its election, established as a credit against withholding tax due under this section for the then current taxable year.

- (B) Deposit in trust for tax commissioner. The tax commissioner may, if the commissioner believes such action is necessary for the protection of trust fund moneys due this state, require any pass-through entity to pay over to the tax commissioner the tax deducted and withheld under this section, at any earlier time or times.
- (e) Effectively connected taxable income. For purposes of this section, the term "effectively connected taxable income" means the taxable income or portion thereof of a partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, as the case may be, which is derived from or attributable to West Virginia sources as determined under section thirty-two of this article and such regulations as the tax commissioner may prescribe, whether such amount is actually distributed or is deemed to have been distributed for federal income tax purposes.
- (f) Treatment of nonresident partners, S corporation shareholders or beneficiaries of a trust or estate.
- (1) Allowance of credit. Each nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, shall be allowed a credit for such partner's or shareholder's or beneficiary's share of the tax withheld by the partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, under this

section: *Provided*, That when the distribution is to a corporation taxable under article twenty-four of this chapter, the credit allowed by this section shall be applied against the distributee corporation's liability for tax under article twenty-four of this chapter.

- (2) Credit treated as distributed to partner, share-holder or beneficiary. Except as provided in regulations, a nonresident partner's share, a nonresident shareholder's share, or a nonresident beneficiary's share, of any withholding tax paid by the partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, under this section shall be treated as distributed to such partner by such partnership, or to such shareholder by such S corporation, or to such beneficiary by such estate or trust, on the earlier of:
- 185 (A) The day on which such tax was paid to the tax 186 commissioner by the partnership, S corporation, estate, 187 or trust; or
- 188 (B) The last day of the taxable year for which such tax was paid by the partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust.
- 191 (g) Regulations. The tax commissioner shall 192 prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry 193 out the purposes of this section.
 - (h) Information statement.

- (1) Every person required to deduct and withhold tax under this section shall furnish to each nonresident partner, or nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, as the case may be, a written statement, as prescribed by the tax commissioner, showing the amount of West Virginia effectively connected taxable income, whether distributed or not distributed for federal income tax purposes by such partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, to such nonresident partner, or nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, the amount deducted and withheld as tax under this section; and such other information as the tax commissioner may require.
 - (2) A copy of the information statements required by

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this subsection must be filed with the West Virginia 209 210 return filed under this article (or article twenty-four of this chapter in the case of S corporations) by the pass-211 212 through entity for its taxable year to which the 213 distribution relates. This information statement must be 214 furnished to each nonresident distributee on or before 215 the due date of the pass-through entity's return under 216 this article or article twenty-four of this chapter for the 217 taxable year, including extensions of time for filing such 218 return, or such later date as may be allowed by the tax 219 commissioner.

- (i) Liability for withheld tax. Every person required to deduct and withhold tax under this section is hereby made liable for the payment of the tax due under this section for taxable years (of such persons) beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, except as otherwise provided in this section. The amount of tax required to be withheld and paid over to the tax commissioner shall be considered the tax of the partnership, estate, or trust, as the case may be, for purposes of articles nine and ten of this chapter. Any amount of tax withheld under this section shall be held in trust for the tax commissioner. No partner. S corporation shareholder, or beneficiary of a trust or estate, shall have a right of action against the partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, in respect to any moneys withheld from such person's distributive share and paid over to the tax commissioner in compliance with or in intended compliance with this section.
- (j) Failure to withhold. If any partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, fails to deduct and withhold tax as required by this section, and thereafter the tax against which such tax may be credited is paid, the tax so required to be deducted and withheld under this section shall not be collected from the partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, as the case may be, but the partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, shall not be relieved from liability for any penalties or interest on additions to tax otherwise applicable in respect of such failure to withhold.

- (1) The tax commissioner shall permit a nonresident distributee to file with a pass-through entity, on a form prescribed by the tax commissioner, the agreement of such nonresident distributee: (A) To timely file returns and make timely payment of all taxes imposed by this article or article twenty-four of this chapter in the case of a C corporation, on the distributee with respect to the effectively connected taxable income of the pass-through entity; and (B) to be subject to personal jurisdiction in this state for purposes of the collection of any unpaid income tax under this article (or article twenty-four of this chapter in the case of a C corporation), together with related interest, penalties, additional amounts and additions to tax, owed by the nonresident distributee.
- (2) A nonresident distributee electing to execute an agreement under this subsection must file a complete and properly executed agreement with each pass-through entity for which this election is made, on or before the last day of the first taxable year of the pass-through entity in respect of which the agreement applies. The pass-through entity shall file a copy of that agreement with the tax commissioner as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection.
- (3) After an agreement is filed with the pass-through entity, that agreement may be revoked by a distributee only in accordance with regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner.
- (4) Upon receipt of such an agreement properly executed by the nonresident distributee, the pass-through entity shall not withhold tax under this section for the taxable year of the pass-through entity in which the agreement is received by the pass-through entity and for any taxable year subsequent thereto until either the nonresident distributee notifies the pass-through entity, in writing, to begin withholding tax under this section or the tax commissioner directs the pass-through entity, in writing, to begin withholding tax under this section because of the distributee's continuing failure to comply with the terms of such agreement.
 - (5) The pass-through entity shall file with the tax

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290 commissioner a copy of all distributee agreements 291 received by the pass-through entity during any taxable 292 year with this annual information return filed under 293 this article, or article twenty-four of this chapter in the 294 case of S corporations. If the pass-through entity fails 295 to timely file with the tax commissioner a copy of an 296 agreement executed by a distributee and furnished to 297 the pass-through entity in accordance with this section. then the pass-through entity shall remit to the tax 298 299 commissioner an amount equal to the amount that 300 should have been withheld under this section from the 301 nonresident distributee. The pass-through entity may 302 recover payment made pursuant to the preceding 303 sentence from the distributee on whose behalf the 304 payment was made.

- (l) Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) Corporation. The term "corporation" includes associations, joint stock companies and other entities which are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes.
- (A) C Corporation. —The term "C corporation" means a corporation which is not an S corporation for federal income tax purposes.
 - (B) S Corporation. The term "S corporation" means a corporation for which a valid election under section 1362(a) of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect for the taxable period. All other corporations are C corporations.
 - (2) Distributee. The term "distributee" includes any partner of a partnership, any shareholder of an S corporation, and any beneficiary of an estate or trust, that is treated as a pass-through entity for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year of the entity, with respect to all or a portion of its income.
 - (3) Internal Revenue Code. The term "internal revenue code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the date specified in section nine of this article.

329 (4) Nonresident distributee. — The term "nonresident distributee" includes any individual who is treated as a nonresident of this state under this article; and any partnership, estate, trust or corporation, whose commercial domicile is located outside this state.

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- (5) Partner. The term "partner" includes a member of a partnership as that term is defined in this section.
- 337 (6) Partnership. — The term "partnership" includes 338 a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincor-339 porated organization through or by means of which any 340 business, financial operation, or venture is carried on, 341 and which is not a trust or estate, a corporation or a sole proprietorship. "Partnership" does not include an 342 343 unincorporated organization which, under section 761 of 344 the Internal Revenue Code, is not treated as a partner-345 ship for the taxable year for federal income tax 346 purposes.
- 347 (7) Taxable period. The term "taxable period" 348 means, in the case of an S corporation, any taxable year 349 or portion of a taxable year during which a corporation 350 is an S corporation.
- 351 (8) Taxable year of the pass-through entity. The 352 term "taxable year of the pass-through entity" means 353 the taxable year of the pass-through entity for federal 354 income tax purposes. If a pass-through entity does not 355 have a taxable year for federal tax purposes, its tax year 356 for purposes of this article shall be the calendar year.
- 357 (m) Effective date. The provisions of this section 358 shall first apply to taxable years of pass-through entities 359 beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one 360 thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-13b. Information return for corporations electing to be taxed under subchapter S.

Every corporation electing to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall on or before the fifteenth day of the third

- 4 month following the close of the taxable year file an
- 5 information return for each tax year providing such
- 6 information as the tax commissioner may prescribe.
- 7 Corporations failing to file information returns by the
- 8 due date as prescribed in this section shall be subject
- 9 to a penalty of fifty dollars for each failure to file, with
- 10 such penalty being collected as other penalties are
- 11 collected by the tax commissioner: Provided, That for
- 12 tax years beginning on or after the first day of January,
- 13 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the penalty for
- 14 failure to file an information return shall be determined
- 15 under section nineteen-a, article ten of this chapter.

CHAPTER 205

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4055—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections seventy-six, seventy-seven, seventyeight, seventy-nine, eighty, eighty-one, eighty-two, eighty-three, eighty-four, eighty-six, eighty-seven, eighty-eight, eighty-nine, ninety and ninety-one, article twelve, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section fifty-six-a, article one, chapter thirty-one of said code: to amend and reenact section eighty-five, article twelve of said chapter eleven; to further amend said chapter eleven by adding thereto a new article, designated article twelve-c; and to amend and reenact article one, chapter thirty-one of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventy-six-a, all relating to the corporate license tax; eliminating previous provision regarding assessment, card collections of the tax; eliminating the annual report required of corporations qualified to hold property or do business in the state; eliminating the preliminary annual report required for foreign corporations; providing definitions; providing imposition and rate of tax; providing exemptions from tax; providing for the payment and collection

of tax; providing for assessment and collection of annual attorney-in-fact fee; providing for notice to taxpayers; providing for reports by the secretary of state; providing for the application of the West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act and the West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act; providing effective date and preservation of prior law; providing a severability clause; requiring judicial notification of court actions affecting corporation's status; imposing a fine for failure to file annual corporate license tax return; making it a misdemeanor to conduct business without corporate license.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seventy-six, seventy-seven, seventy-eight, seventy-nine, eighty, eighty-one, eighty-two, eighty-three, eighty-four, eighty-six, eighty-seven, eighty-eight, eighty-nine, ninety and ninety-one, article twelve, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section fifty-six-a, article one, chapter thirty-one of said code be repealed; that section eighty-five, article twelve of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said chapter eleven be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twelve-c; and that article one, chapter thirty-one, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventy-six-a, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 31. Corporations.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 12. Business Registration Tax.
- 12C. Corporate License Tax.

ARTICLE 12. BUSINESS REGISTRATION TAX.

§11-12-85. Investigation of corporations' delinquencies.

- 1 The tax commissioner, with the approval of the
- 2 governor, may appoint agents to investigate all viola-
- 3 tions of the provisions of this article concerning
- 4 landholding taxes on corporations, and also for the

- 5 purpose of collecting such taxes from all corporations
- 6 which have not paid the same, whether due from
- 7 domestic or foreign corporations. The compensation of
- 8 all such agents shall be fixed by the tax commissioner.

ARTICLE 12C. CORPORATE LICENSE TAX.

- §11-12C-1. Definitions.
- §11-12C-2. Corporate license required; tax levied; exemption from tax; effective date.
- §11-12C-3. Payment and collection of tax; deposit of money; return required.
- §11-12C-4. Due date of return; payment of tax.
- §11-12C-5. Annual fee of secretary of state as attorney-in-fact.
- §11-12C-6. Notice to corporations taxable; tax as lien.
- §11-12C-7. Monthly report by secretary of state to tax commissioner as to corporations.
- §11-12C-8. Administrative and criminal penalties.
- §11-12C-9. Disposition of corporate license tax collected.
- §11-12C-10. Applicability of tax procedure and administration act and tax crimes and penalties act.
- §11-12C-11. Effective date.
- §11-12C-12. Severability.

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§11-12C-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Business activity" means all activities engaged in 3 or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or 4 economic benefit, direct or indirect, but does not mean 5 any of the activities of foreign corporations enumerated 6 in subsections (b), (c) and (d), section forty-nine, article one, chapter thirty-one of this code.
- 8 (2) "Corporate license tax" or "license tax" or "tax"
 9 means, in addition to the amount of corporate license tax
 10 levied pursuant to this article, all interest, additions to
 11 tax, fines and penalties, unless the intention to give the
 12 term a more limited meaning is clear from the context
 13 in which it is used.
 - (3) "Delegate" in the phrase "or his delegate," when used in reference to the tax commissioner, means any officer or employee of the state tax department duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority, to perform the functions mentioned or described in this article or rules promulgated thereunder.

- 21 (4) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation 22 incorporated under the laws of this state and corpora-23 tions organized under the laws of the state of Virginia 24 before the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight 25 hundred and sixty-three, which have its principal place 26 of business and chief works (if it has chief works) in this 27 state. Every other corporation is a foreign corporation.
- 28 (5) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation which is not a domestic corporation.
- 30 (6) "Nonprofit corporation" means a nonprofit corpor-31 ation as defined by section six, article one, chapter 32 thirty-one of this code.
- 33 (7) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner 34 of the state of West Virginia or his or her delegate.

§11-12C-2. Corporate license required; tax levied; exemption from tax; effective date.

- 1 (a) Corporate license required. No corporation, 2 domestic or foreign, may engage in any business activity 3 in this state without paying the corporate license tax to 4 the tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia, 5 except as provided in subsection (c) of this section.
- 6 (b) Tax levied. Every corporation shall pay an annual corporate license tax for the license year which 8 begins on the first day of July of each year and ends 9 the thirtieth day of the following June. This tax shall be in addition to the annual fee, if any, payable to the secretary of state as attorney-in-fact. The amount of this tax shall be as follows:
- (1) Amount of license tax on domestic corporations. -13 Every domestic corporation shall pay an annual license 14 tax on its charter for the fiscal year beginning on the 15 first day of July of each year, based on its authorized 16 capital stock as follows: If the authorized capital stock 17 be five thousand dollars, or less, twenty dollars; if more 18 than five thousand dollars and not more than ten 19 thousand dollars, thirty dollars; if more than ten 20 thousand dollars and not more than twenty-five thou-21 sand dollars, forty dollars; if more than twenty-five 22 thousand dollars and not more than fifty thousand 23

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24 dollars, fifty dollars; if more than fifty thousand dollars 25 and not more than seventy-five thousand dollars, eighty 26 dollars; if more than seventy-five thousand dollars and 27 not more than one hundred thousand dollars, one 28 hundred dollars; if more than one hundred thousand 29 dollars and not more than one hundred and twenty-five 30 thousand dollars, one hundred and ten dollars; if more 31 than one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars and 32 not more than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. 33 one hundred and twenty dollars: if more than one 34 hundred and fifty thousand dollars and not more than 35 one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, one 36 hundred and forty dollars: if more than one hundred and 37 seventy-five thousand dollars and not more than two 38 hundred thousand dollars, one hundred and fifty dollars: 39 if more than two hundred thousand dollars and not more 40 than one million dollars, one hundred and eighty dollars. 41 and an additional twenty cents on each one thousand 42 dollars, or fraction thereof, in excess of two hundred 43 thousand dollars: if more than one million dollars and 44 not more than fifteen million dollars, three hundred and 45 forty dollars, and an additional fifteen cents on each one 46 thousand dollars, or fraction thereof, in excess of one 47 million dollars: if more than fifteen million dollars. 48 twenty-five hundred dollars. The license tax collected hereunder shall be in addition to the annual fee, if any, 49 50 payable to the secretary of state as statutory attorney-51 in-fact. For the purpose of the assessment of the license 52 tax provided by this section, and for no other purpose, 53 shares of stock having no par value shall be presumed 54 to be of the par value of twenty-five dollars each: 55 Provided, That if such stock was originally issued for a 56 consideration greater than twenty-five dollars per share. 57 such license taxes as are required to be paid to the tax 58 commissioner shall be computed upon the basis of the 59 consideration for which such stock was issued.

(2) Amount of license tax on foreign corporations. — It shall be the duty of the tax commissioner to assess and fix the license tax of each foreign corporation engaging in business activity in this state according to the proportion of its issued and outstanding capital stock which is represented by its property owned and used in

66 this state, which license tax shall be at the rate 67 prescribed in subdivision (1) of this subsection (b), plus seventy-five percent of such tax. In no event shall any 68 69 such foreign corporation pay an annual license tax of 70 less than two hundred fifty dollars, which shall be in 71 addition to the fee of the secretary of state as statutory 72 attorney-in-fact. The tax commissioner may in any case 73 require such additional information as he or she may 74 deem necessary to enable him or her to assess and fix 75 the just amount of license tax of such corporation; it 76 shall be his or her duty to notify every such corporation 77 of the amount so assessed: and it shall be the duty of 78 the corporation to pay the same to the tax commissioner 79 within thirty days thereafter, and if it fail to do so it 80 shall be liable to the penalties prescribed in, or pursuant 81 to, this article.

82 (c) Exemptions. — Nonprofit corporations are exempt
83 from payment of the corporate license tax but must file
84 with the tax commissioner the return required by
85 section three of this article, and pay the annual fee of
86 the secretary of state as attorney-in-fact under section
87 five of this article if applicable.

§11-12C-3. Payment and collection of tax; deposit of money; return required.

1 (a) Payment and collection of tax. — When application is made to the secretary of state for a certificate of 2 incorporation or authority to do business in this state. 3 it shall be the duty of the applicant to pay all taxes and 4 fees due under this article: and it shall be the duty of 5 the secretary of state to collect the corporate license tax 6 for the first year before issuing such certificate. 7 Thereafter, on or before the first day of the license tax 8 vear next following the date of the certificate, and on 9 or before the first day of each succeeding license tax 10 year, such corporation shall pay and the tax commis-11 sioner shall collect such tax for a full license tax year 12 together with the statutory attorney fee: Provided. That 13 if the application is made on or after the first day of 14 the second month preceding the beginning of the next 15 license tax year, and before the first day of such license 16 tax year, the secretary of state shall collect the tax for 17

- the full year beginning on such first day of the next license tax year in addition to the initial tax, together with the statutory attorney fee.
- 21 (b) Deposit of money. The money so received by the 22 secretary of state and the tax commissioner shall be paid 23 by them into the state treasury.
- 24 (c) Returns. — Payment of the tax and statutory 25 attorney fee required under the provisions of this section 26 shall be accompanied by a return on forms provided by 27 the tax commissioner for that purpose. The tax commis-28 sioner shall upon completion of processing such return. 29 forward it to the secretary of state, together with a list 30 of all corporations which have paid such tax. Such 31 return shall contain (1) the address of its principal 32 office; (2) the names and mailing addresses of its officers 33 and directors: (3) the name and mailing address of the 34 person on whom notice of process may be served and 35 such other information as the tax commissioner deems 36 appropriate.

§11-12C-4. Due date of return; payment of tax.

It shall be the duty of every corporation required to pay the tax to file a properly completed return together with payment of tax owed to the tax commissioner by the first day of July of the license year; and if it fails to do so it shall be liable for payment of interest, additions to tax and penalties prescribed in article ten of this chapter and subject to the penalties prescribed in section eight of this article.

§11-12C-5. Annual fee of secretary of state as attorney-in-fact.

1 Every foreign corporation, every foreign limited 2 partnership, every domestic corporation whose principal place of business or chief works is located outside the 3 state, and every domestic limited partnership whose 4 principal place of business is located outside the state, 5 shall nay an annual fee of ten dollars for the services of the secretary of state as attorney-in-fact for such 7 corporation or limited partnership, which fee shall be 8 due and payable at the same time and with the same

- 10 return, collected by the same officers, and accounted for
- 11 in the same way, as the annual license tax imposed on
- 12 corporations under this article. The tax commissioner
- 13 shall pay over to the secretary of state all attorney-in-
- 14 fact fees collected under this section, and such fees shall
- 15 be used to offset the costs of the secretary of state for
- 16 his or her services as attorney-in-fact.

§11-12C-6. Notice to corporations taxable; tax as lien.

- 1 (a) It shall be the duty of the tax commissioner, 2 between April fifteenth and May fifteenth each year, to
- 3 notify every domestic corporation and every foreign
- 4 corporation currently registered to do business in this
- 5 state which is or may be liable for payment of the tax
- 6 imposed by this article of the time of payment of such
- 7 tax and the amount thereof, together with the statutory
- 8 attorney fee, if any. Such notices may be sent through
- 9 the mails, addressed to the corporation at its last known
- O most office addressed to the corporation at its last known
- 10 post office address as shown by the records in the office
- 11 of the secretary of state.

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- 12 (b) The amount of such tax shall be deemed a debt 13 due the state, and shall be a lien as to an innocent 14 purchaser for value, on the property and assets of the 15 corporation prior to all other liens, except the lien for 16 ad valorem property taxes levied on its property, from 17 the time a notice of such lien, specifying the year and 18 the amount for which the lien is claimed, is filed in the 19 office of the clerk of the county commission of the county in which the property subject to such liens is situated. 20 21 Such clerk shall, upon the filing in his or her office of 22 any such notice, record such notice in the docket where 23 general state tax liens are filed and index the same in the name of the corporation against whom the lien is 24 claimed. Upon payment of such lien debt there shall be 25 executed by the tax commissioner and delivered to the 26 clerk of the county commission in whose office notice of 27 such lien is filed a release thereof, which release shall 28
- releases of judgment or tax liens are filed and recorded.
 Such tax shall be a preferred debt in case of insolvency.

be filed and recorded by such clerk in like manner as

§11-12C-7. Monthly report by secretary of state to tax commissioner as to corporations.

1 The secretary of state shall within twenty days after 2 the close of each month make a report to the tax 3 commissioner for the preceding month, in which he or 4 she shall set out the name of every corporation to which 5 he or she issued a certificate of incorporation during the 6 month, as well as the name of each corporation to which 7 he or she issued a certificate of authority, with the 8 amount of license tax paid to him or her by each; also 9 he or she shall set out in such report the names of all 10 corporations to which he or she issued certificates of 11 change of name or of change of location of principal 12 office, dissolution, withdrawal or merger; and a state-13 ment of all moneys received during such preceding 14 month from all sources which are due to the state, and 15 pay the same into the treasury; if he or she fails to do 16 so it shall be the duty of the tax commissioner to report 17 such failure to the governor.

§11-12C-8. Administrative and criminal penalties.

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The following penalties shall be in addition to the penalties and remedies available under articles nine and ten of this chapter of the code:

- (a) Administrative penalty. The commissioner shall impose upon each delinquent corporation a fine in the amount of one hundred dollars per year for each license tax year or portion thereof in which the license tax return which is due is not filed or the license tax which is owed is not paid. This penalty shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as the license tax.
- (b) Criminal penalty. It shall be a misdemeanor for a corporation to conduct business for more than thirty consecutive calendar days without paying in full the amount of corporate license tax which is due. The penalty for any officer, agent or employee convicted of such offense shall be a fine equal to a sum of two and one-half times the annual corporate license tax assessed for said corporation, not to exceed one thousand dollars per conviction.

20 (c) Revocation of certificate of incorporation or 21 certificate of authority. — Upon the establishment of a 22 finalized liability for corporate license taxes, not subject 23 to further administrative or judicial review under 24 article ten of this chapter, the certificate of incorpora-25 tion in the case of a domestic corporation, or the 26 certificate of authority in the case of a foreign corpora-27 tion, shall be revoked. Any corporation whose certificate 28 of incorporation or certificate of authority has been 29 revoked due to nonpayment of its corporate license taxes shall be reinstated to its former rights as if it had not 30 31 been delinquent upon payment to the tax commissioner 32 of all delinquent license taxes, plus any interest, 33 additions or penalties accruing thereon.

§11-12C-9. Disposition of corporate license tax collected.

1 All taxes collected under the provisions of this article

2 shall be paid into the general revenue fund of the state

3 treasury in the manner provided by law.

§11-12C-10. Applicability of tax procedure and administration act and tax crimes and penalties act.

Except when a specific provision of this article 1 2 directly conflicts with a provision of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in 3 4 article ten of this chapter of the code, the provisions of that act are fully applicable to the corporate license tax 5 imposed by this article. In the event of any conflict, the 6 provisions of this article shall have paramount effect, 7 but the two articles shall be construed as complemen-8 tary and harmonious unless so clearly in conflict that 9 they cannot reasonably be reconciled. However, notwith-10 standing any provision of that act, the tax commissioner 11 may lawfully release the names and addresses of the 12 directors and officers of a corporation to anyone upon 13 written request: Provided, That such request provides 14 the correct name of the corporation as reported to the 15 tax commissioner. The tax commissioner may charge a 16 reasonable fee to cover the costs of processing such 17 requests. 18

Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax

- 20 Crimes and Penalties Act" set forth in article nine of
- 21 this chapter shall apply to the tax imposed by this
- 22 article with like effect as if said act were applicable only
- 23 to the tax imposed by this article and were set forth in
- 24 extension in this article.

§11-12C-11. Effective date.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article shall take effect on
- 2 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 3 three, and apply to license tax years beginning the first
- 4 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three and
- 5 thereafter.
- 6 (b) Tax liabilities, if any, arising for taxable years 7 ending prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 8 hundred ninety-three, shall be determined, adminis-
- 9 tered, assessed and collected as if sections seventy-six
- through eighty-four and eighty-six through ninety-one,
- article twelve of this chapter had not been repealed; and
- 12 the rights and duties of the taxpayer and the state of
- West Virginia thereunder shall be fully and completely
- 14 preserved.

§11-12C-12. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application
- 2 thereof to any person or circumstance is for any reason
- 3 adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be
- 4 unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, such judgment
- 5 shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of
- 6 said article, but shall be confined in its operation to the
- 7 provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in
- 8 which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the
- 9 applicability of other provisions shall not be affected
- 10 thereby.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 1. BUSINESS AND NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS.

§31-1-76a. Notification of court action affecting corporate status.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the clerk of every court of this
- 2 state in which any proceedings are had which result in
- 3 the forfeiture of the charter or certificate of incorpora

- tion of any corporation issued under the laws of this 5 state, or result in the dissolution or extinction of any 6 such corporation, or in the revocation of the rights and 7 privileges of any foreign corporation to do business in 8 this state, to notify the secretary of state of any such 9 forfeiture, dissolution, extinction or revocation, in which report he shall state the name of the court, the name
- 10 11 of the corporation, the nature of the actions and the date
- of the order or judgment, and such other pertinent 12
- 13 matter as may be required by the secretary of state; and
- 14 the secretary of state shall file and record such report
- 15 in his or her office, and shall note the same in the
- 16 indexes of corporations kept in his or her office.

CHAPTER 206

(H. B. 4692—By Delegates Flanigan and Bailey)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-d, article thirteen-d, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, reducing to ten million dollars the amount of qualified investment in a new industrial facility producing coalbased liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel to be eligible for credits against business franchise and corporation net income taxes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-d, article thirteen-d, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13D. TAX CREDITS FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION AND REVITALIZATION, RESEARCH AND DE-VELOPMENT PROJECTS, CERTAIN HOUSING DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS, MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SERVICES FACILITIES, AND INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES PRODUCING COAL-BASED LIQUIDS USED TO PRODUCE SYN-THETIC FUELS.

§11-13D-3d. Amount of credit allowed and application of

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credit for qualified investment in a new industrial facility producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel.

- (a) Credit allowed. There shall be allowed to eligible taxpayers which have made qualified investment of at least ten million dollars in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel a credit against the taxes imposed by articles twenty-three and twenty-four of this chapter for qualified investment in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel. The amount of credit shall be determined as hereinafter provided in this section. Taxpavers who have not placed at least ten million dollars of qualified investment in service or use over a period of one year or less in a new industrial facility used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel shall not be entitled to credit under this section.
- (b) Credit amount for qualified investment purchased and placed in service or use in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel, after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. - For property purchased or leased by an eligible taxpayer and placed in service or use after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, as part of a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel the amount of allowable credit shall be equal to one hundred percent of the qualified investment (as determined under section four of this article), and shall reduce that portion of the taxpayer's business franchise tax under article twenty-three of this chapter, which is attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment, and that portion of the taxpayer's corporation net income tax under article twenty-four of this chapter, which is attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment; subject to

37 the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The total amount of credit allowable to all persons claiming credit under this section shall not exceed ten million dollars during any fiscal year of this state. If and to the extent credit is claimed under this section in excess of ten million dollars in any fiscal year of this state the amount in excess of ten million dollars is lost. In determining which taxpayer or taxpayers loses credit under this subdivision (1), the loss of credit shall apply first to qualified investment property most recently placed in service or use, going backwards in time, until the tax commissioner determines that the total amount of credit allowed under this section is not in excess of ten million dollars.
- 51 (2) The qualified investment must result in the 52 creation of at least ten new jobs.
 - (3) If, during any taxable year of the ten year tax credit allowance period, the average number of employees of the taxpayer, for the then current taxable year, employed in positions created because of and directly attributable to the qualified investment property is less than ten, the credit allowance for that taxable year is forfeited.
 - (4) Tax year time limitations for application of credit; credit forfeiture.
 - (A) The amount of this credit allowable shall be applied over a time period of up to ten tax years.
 - (B) This credit shall first be applied against tax liabilities in the manner specified in subdivision (5) of this subsection (b), beginning with the tax year during which the qualified investment was first placed in service or use in this state by the eligible taxpayer.
 - (C) Any amount of this credit remaining after application of this credit against tax as specified in paragraph (A) of subdivision (5) of this subsection (b) shall then be applied against the tax liabilities in the manner specified in paragraph (B), subdivision (5) of this subsection (b) for the tax year immediately succeeding the tax year during which the qualified

76 investment was first placed in service or use in this state 77 and for each succeeding tax year thereafter up through 78 the ninth tax year subsequent to the first tax year in 79 which the qualified investment property was first 80 placed in service or use.

- (D) Any amount of this credit remaining after application of this credit against tax as specified in subdivision (5) of this subsection (b) shall be forfeited and shall not carry forward to any subsequent tax year.
- (E) No carryback of credit to a prior tax year shall 86 be allowed.
 - (5) Tax liability percentage offset limitations.

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- (A) This credit for qualified investment in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel shall first be applied to reduce the annual West Virginia business franchise tax liability imposed under article twenty-three of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit, in combined application with all other applicable credits allowable under articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d and thirteen-e of this chapter and under chapter five-e of this code and all other tax credits provided in this code, shall not reduce the annual business franchise tax liability for such tax year below fifty percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all credits against such tax. except the credits set forth in section seventeen, article twenty-three of this chapter.
- (B) After application of this credit against business franchise tax as provided in paragraph (A) of this subdivision (5), the remaining credit for qualified investment in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel (if any) shall then be applied to reduce the annual West Virginia corporation net income tax liability imposed under article twenty-four of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit in combined application with all other applicable credits allowable under articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d, thirteen-f and thirteen-g of this chapter and

under sections ten, eleven, eleven-a, twelve, twenty-two and twenty-three-a, article twenty-four of this chapter and under chapters five-e and eighteen-b of this code and all other tax credits as provided in this code, shall not reduce the annual corporation net income tax liability for such tax year below fifty percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all other credits against tax, except the credits set forth in sections nine and nine-a, article twenty-four of this chapter.

- (C) After application of this credit against business franchise tax under paragraph (A) of this subdivision (5), and then against corporation net income tax under paragraph (B) of this subdivision (5), the remaining credit for qualified investment in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel (if any) shall then be applied to further reduce the annual West Virginia business franchise tax liability imposed under article twenty-three of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit shall not reduce the annual business franchise tax liability for such tax year below ten percent of the amount of the annual tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all other credits against such tax, except the credits set forth in section seventeen, article twenty-three of this chapter.
- (D) After application of this credit against business franchise tax under paragraph (A) of this subdivision (5) and then against corporation net income tax under paragraph (B) of this subdivision (5), and then against business franchise tax under paragraph (C) of this subdivision (5), the remaining credit for qualified investment in a new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special fuel (if any) shall then be applied to further reduce the annual West Virginia corporation net income tax liability imposed under article twenty-four of this chapter for the tax year by an amount such that this credit shall not reduce the annual corporation

net income tax liability which would otherwise be imposed for such tax year in the absence of this credit and all other credits against such tax, except the credits set forth in sections nine and nine-a, article twenty-four of this chapter.

(c) Application for credit required.

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- 164 (1) Application required. — No credit shall be allowed 165 or applied under this section for any investment in any 166 new industrial facility for producing coal-based liquids 167 used to produce synthetic motor fuel or synthetic special 168 fuel until the person asserting a claim for the allowance 169 of credit under this article makes written application to 170 the tax commissioner for allowance of credit as provided 171 in this section and receives written certification of its 172 claim from the tax commissioner. An application for 173 credit shall be filed, in such form as the tax commis-174 sioner shall prescribe, prior to the date when qualified 175 investment property is first placed in service or use, and 176 all information required by such form shall be provided. 177 No credit shall be taken by a taxpayer applicant or 178 prospective applicant pursuant to this section until 179 certification has been issued by the tax commissioner.
 - (2) Failure to file. The failure to timely apply for certification under this subsection (c) shall result in forfeiture of the credit otherwise allowable under this section.
 - (d) Definitions. For purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Synthetic motor fuel" means any product suitable for use in an internal combustion engine except special fuel as defined in this section, containing at least ten percent coal-based liquids blended to meet specifications.
- 190 (2) "Synthetic special fuel" means special fuel contain-191 ing at least ten percent coal-based liquids blended to 192 meet specifications.
- 193 (e) Report by the governor's office of community and 194 industrial development. The governor's office of community and industrial development shall produce a

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report to the Legislature to be presented during the regular legislative session of one thousand nine hundred ninety-three and annually thereafter. Such report shall state the identity of taxpayers who have received this credit and shall contain an analysis of the expansion and growth of facilities in this state producing coal-based liquids used to produce synthetic fuels, the expansion of commerce resulting from the creation of this credit, and the number of jobs created as a result of this credit. The report of the governor's office of community and industrial development shall not directly or indirectly reveal the amount of credit available to any particular taxpayer or taxpayer return information other than the names and addresses of taxpayers.

CHAPTER 207

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 348—By Senators Spears, Wooton, Wehrle, Wiedebusch, Sharpe, Jones, Claypole, Chernenko, Boley, Blatnik, Burdette, Mr. President, and Whitlow)

[Passed March 7, 1992: in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven, removing nails and fencing from the definition of improvements to real property; exempting health and fitness organizations providing personalized fitness programs from remitting sales tax: exempting sales of services by baby-sitters from remitting sales tax under certain conditions; exempting certain community-based service organizations from collecting and remitting sales tax on specified programs and activities; prohibiting the tax commissioner from taking action against community-based organizations for taxes uncollected prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two; and barring refunds of taxes collected and paid over prior to that date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

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§11-15-11. Exemption for certain organizations.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

- 1 The following sales and services are exempt:
- 2 (a) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to 3 consumers through mains or pipes, and sales of 4 electricity;
- (b) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of the schools of this state or in any institution in this state which qualifies as a nonprofit or educational institution subject to the West Virginia department of education and the arts, board of trustees of the university system of West Virginia, or the board of directors for colleges located in this state;
- 12 (c) Sales of property or services to the state, its 13 institutions or subdivisions, governmental units, institutions or subdivisions of other states: Provided. That the 14 15 law of such other state provides the same exemption to 16 governmental units or subdivisions of this state and to 17 the United States, including agencies of federal, state or 18 local governments for distribution in public welfare or 19 relief work:
 - (d) Sales of vehicles which are titled by the division of motor vehicles and which are subject to the tax imposed by section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code, or like tax;
 - (e) Sales of property or services to churches and bona fide charitable organizations who make no charge whatsoever for the services they render: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies, food for meals and materials directly used or consumed by these organiza-

30 tions, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

- (f) Sales of tangible personal property or services to a corporation or organization which has a current registration certificate issued under article twelve of this chapter is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is:
- (1) A church or a convention or association of churches as defined in Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- (2) An elementary or secondary school which maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and has a regularly enrolled body of pupils or students in attendance at the place in this state where its educational activities are regularly carried on;
- (3) A corporation or organization which annually receives more than one half of its support from any combination of gifts, grants, direct or indirect charitable contributions, or membership fees;
- (4) An organization which has no paid employees and its gross income from fund raisers, less reasonable and necessary expenses incurred to raise such gross income (or the tangible personal property or services purchased with such net income), is donated to an organization which is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended:
- (5) A youth organization, such as the girl scouts of the United States of America, the boy scouts of America or the YMCA Indian guide/princess program and the local affiliates thereof, which is organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and has as its primary purpose the nonsectarian character development and citizenship training of its members;
 - (6) For purposes of this subsection:
- 66 (A) The term "support" includes, but is not limited to:
 - (i) Gifts, grants, contributions or membership fees;
 - (ii) Gross receipts from fund raisers which include

receipts from admissions, sales of merchandise, performance of services or furnishing of facilities in any activity which is not an unrelated trade or business within the meaning of Section 513 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended:

- (iii) Net income from unrelated business activities, whether or not such activities are carried on regularly as a trade or business;
- (iv) Gross investment income as defined in Section 509(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended:
- (v) Tax revenues levied for the benefit of a corporation or organization either paid to or expended on behalf of such organization; and
- (vi) The value of services or facilities (exclusive of services or facilities generally furnished to the public without charge) furnished by a governmental unit referred to in Section 170(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to an organization without charge. This term does not include any gain from the sale or other disposition of property which would be considered as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset, or the value of an exemption from any federal, state or local tax or any similar benefit;
- (B) The term "charitable contribution" means a contribution or gift to or for the use of a corporation or organization, described in Section 170(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- (C) The term "membership fee" does not include any amounts paid for tangible personal property or specific services rendered to members by the corporation or organization; or
- (7) The exemption allowed by this subsection (f) does not apply to sales of gasoline or special fuel or to sales of tangible personal property or services to be used or consumed in the generation of unrelated business income as defined in Section 513 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The provisions of this subsection as amended by this article shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine

hundred eighty-nine: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies and materials used or consumed in the activities for which such organizations qualify as tax exempt organizations under the Internal Revenue Code by these organizations and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel:

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- (g) Sales of property or services to persons engaged in this state in the business of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or in the production of natural resources: Provided, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, machinery, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the businesses or organizations named above, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel: Provided, however. That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the exemption provided in this subsection shall apply only to services. machinery, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources in the businesses or organizations named above and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;
- (h) An isolated transaction in which any taxable service or any tangible personal property is sold, transferred, offered for sale or delivered by the owner thereof or by his representative for the owner's account. such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery not being made in the ordinary course of repeated and successive transactions of like character by such owner or on his account by such representative: Provided, That nothing contained herein may be construed to prevent an owner who sells, transfers or offers for sale tangible personal property in an isolated transaction through an auctioneer from availing himself or herself of the exemption provided herein, regardless where such isolated sale takes place. The tax commissioner may adopt such legislative rule pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code as he deems necessary for the efficient administration of this exemption;

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- (i) Sales of tangible personal property or of any taxable services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the commercial production of an agricultural product the ultimate sale of which will be subject to the tax imposed by this article or which would have been subject to tax under this article: Provided, That sales of tangible personal property and services to be used or consumed in the construction of or permanent improvement to real property and sales of gasoline and special fuel shall not be exempt: Provided, however, That nails and fencing shall not be considered as improvements to real property:
- (j) Sales of tangible personal property to a person for the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal property: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special fuel by distributors and importers shall be taxable except when the sale is to another distributor for resale: Provided, however, That sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to any person engaging in the activity of contracting, as defined in this article, which is to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated by such person or his agent into any real property, building or structure shall not be exempt under this subsection, except that sales of tangible personal property to a person engaging in the activity of contracting pursuant to a written contract with the United States, this state, or with a political subdivision thereof, or with a public corporation created by the Legislature or by another governmental entity pursuant to an act of the Legislature, for a building or structure, or improvement thereto, or other improvement to real property that is or will be owned and used by the governmental entity for a governmental or proprietary purpose, who incorporates such property in such building, structure or improvement shall, with respect to such tangible personal property, nevertheless be deemed to be the vendor of such property to the governmental entity and any person seeking to qualify for and assert this exception must do so pursuant to such legislative rules and regulations as the tax commissioner may promulgate and upon such forms as the tax commissioner may prescribe. A subcontractor who,

192 pursuant to a written subcontract with a prime contrac-193 tor who qualifies for this exception, provides equipment. 194 or materials, and labor to such a prime contractor shall 195 be treated in the same manner as the prime contractor 196 is treated with respect to the prime contract under this 197 exception and the legislative rules and regulations 198 promulgated by the tax commissioner: Provided further. 199 That the exemption for government contractors in the 200 preceding proviso shall expire on the first day of 201 October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, subject to 202 the transition rules set forth in section eight-c of this 203 article:

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- (k) Sales of property or services to nationally chartered fraternal or social organizations for the sole purpose of free distribution in public welfare or relief work: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
- 209 (l) Sales and services, fire fighting or station house 210 equipment, including construction and automotive, 211 made to any volunteer fire department organized and 212 incorporated under the laws of the state of West 213 Virginia: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special 214 fuel shall be taxable;
- 215 (m) Sales of newspapers when delivered to consumers 216 by route carriers;
- 217 (n) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription and 218 sales of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;
 - (o) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time, preprinted advertising circulars and newspaper and outdoor advertising space for the advertisement of goods or services;
 - (p) Sales and services performed by day-care centers;
 - (q) Casual and occasional sales of property or services not conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character by a corporation or organization which is exempt from tax under subsection (f) of this section on its purchases of tangible personal property or services:
 - (1) For purposes of this subsection, the term "casual and occasional sales not conducted in a repeated manner

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or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive 233 transactions of like character" means sales of tangible 234 personal property or services at fund raisers sponsored by a corporation or organization which is exempt, under 236 subsection (f) of this section, from payment of the tax imposed by this article on its purchases, when such fund raisers are of limited duration and are held no more 239 than six times during any twelve-month period and 240 limited duration means no more than eighty-four consecutive hours:

- (2) The provisions of this subsection, as amended by this article, shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine:
- (r) Sales of property or services to a school which has approval from the board of trustees of the university system of West Virginia or the board of directors of the state college system to award degrees, which has its principal campus in this state, and which is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: Provided. That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable:
- (s) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by purchasers as their principal year-round residence and dwelling: Provided. That these mobile homes shall be subject to tax at the three percent rate:
- (t) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed lottery sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by the state lottery commission, under the provisions of article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- (u) Leases of motor vehicles titled pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code to lessees for a period of thirty or more consecutive days. This exemption shall apply to leases executed on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and to payments under long-term leases executed before such date, for months thereof beginning on or after such date:
- (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of this section or any provisions of this article to the

contrary, sales of property and services to persons subject to tax under article thirteen, thirteen-a or thirteen-b of this chapter: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply both to property or services directly or not directly used or consumed in the conduct of privileges which are subject to tax under such articles but shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel:

- (w) Sales of propane to consumers for poultry house heating purposes, with any seller to such consumer who may have prior paid such tax in his price, to not pass on the same to the consumer, but to make application and receive refund of such tax from the tax commissioner, pursuant to rules and regulations which shall be promulgated by the tax commissioner; and notwithstanding the provisions of section eighteen of this article or any other provisions of such article to the contrary;
- (x) Any sales of tangible personal property or services purchased after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and lawfully paid for with food stamps pursuant to the federal food stamp program codified in 7 United States Code, §2011, et seq., as amended, or with drafts issued through the West Virginia special supplemental food program for women, infants and children codified in 42 United States Code, §1786;
- (y) Sales of tickets for activities sponsored by elementary and secondary schools located within this state;
- (z) Sales of electronic data processing services and related software: Provided, That for the purposes of this subsection "electronic data processing services" means: (1) The processing of another's data, including all processes incident to processing of data such as keypunching, keystroke verification, rearranging or sorting of previously documented data for the purpose of data entry or automatic processing, and changing the medium on which data is sorted, whether these processes are done by the same person or several persons; and (2) providing access to computer equipment for the purpose of processing data or examining or acquiring data stored in or accessible to such computer equipment;

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- 313 (aa) Tuition charged for attending educational 314 summer camps;
 - (bb) Sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to an organization qualified under Section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which are to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated by such organization or its agent into real property, or into a building or structure which is or will be used as permanent low-income housing, transitional housing, emergency homeless shelter, domestic violence shelter or emergency children and youth shelter if such shelter is owned, managed, developed or operated by an organization qualified under Section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
 - (cc) Dispensing of services performed by one corporation for another corporation when both corporations are members of the same controlled group. Control means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of a corporation entitled to vote or ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the value of the corporation;
 - (dd) Food for the following shall be exempt:
 - (1) Food purchased or sold by public or private schools, school sponsored student organizations, or school sponsored parent-teacher associations to students enrolled in such school or to employees of such school during normal school hours; but not those sales of food made to the general public;
 - (2) Food purchased or sold by a public or private college or university or by a student organization officially recognized by such college or university to students enrolled at such college or university when such sales are made on a contract basis so that a fixed price is paid for consumption of food products for a specific period of time without respect to the amount of food product actually consumed by the particular individual contracting for the sale and no money is paid at the time the food product is served or consumed;

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- (3) Food purchased or sold by a charitable or private nonprofit organization, a nonprofit organization or a governmental agency under a program to provide food to low-income persons at or below cost:
 - (4) Food sold in an occasional sale by a charitable or nonprofit organization including volunteer fire departments and rescue squads, if the purpose of the sale is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the organization and the revenue so obtained is actually expended for that purpose;
 - (5) Food sold by any religious organization at a social or other gathering conducted by it or under its auspices. if the purpose in selling the food is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the organization and the revenue obtained from selling the food is actually used in carrying on such functions and activities: Provided, That purchases made by such organizations shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale:
 - (ee) Sales of food by little leagues, midget football leagues, youth football or soccer leagues and similar types of organizations, including scouting groups and church youth groups, if the purpose in selling the food is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the organization and the revenues obtained from selling the food is actually used in supporting or carrying on functions and activities of the groups: Provided, That such purchases made by such organizations shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale;
 - (ff) Charges for room and meals by fraternities and sororities to their members: Provided, That such purchases made by a fraternity or sorority shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale;
- (gg) Sales of or charges for the transportation of passengers in interstate commerce:
- (hh) Sales of tangible personal property or services to any person which this state is prohibited from taxing under the laws of the United States or under the constitution of this state:
- (ii) Sales of tangible personal property or services to any person who claims exemption from the tax imposed

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393 by this article or article fifteen-a of this chapter 394 pursuant to the provisions of any other chapter of this 395 code;

- (jj) Charges for the services of opening and closing a burial lot:
- (kk) Sales of livestock, poultry or other farm products in their original state by the producer thereof or a member of the producer's immediate family who is not otherwise engaged in making retail sales of tangible personal property; and sales of livestock sold at public sales sponsored by breeder's or registry associations or livestock auction markets: *Provided*, That the exemptions allowed by this subsection shall apply to sales made on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and may be claimed without presenting or obtaining exemption certificates: *Provided*, *however*, That the farmer shall maintain adequate records;
- (II) Sales of motion picture films to motion picture exhibitors for exhibition if the sale of tickets or the charge for admission to the exhibition of the film is subject to the tax imposed by this article and sales of coin-operated video arcade machines or video arcade games to a person engaged in the business of providing such machines to the public for a charge upon which the tax imposed by this article is remitted to the tax commissioner: *Provided*, That the exemption provided in this subsection shall apply to sales made on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and may be claimed by presenting to the seller a properly executed exemption certificate;
- (mm) Sales of aircraft repair, remodeling and maintenance services when such services are to an aircraft operated by a certified or licensed carrier of persons or property, or by a governmental entity, or to an engine or other component part of an aircraft operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property, or by a governmental entity and sales of tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or permanently attached as a component part of an aircraft owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property, or by a governmental entity, as

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part of the repair, remodeling or maintenance service and sales of machinery, tools, or equipment, directly used or consumed exclusively in the repair, remodeling, or maintenance of aircraft, aircraft engines, or aircraft component parts, for a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property, or for a governmental entity;

(nn) Sales of tangible personal property and services to a person entitled to claim the tax credit for investment in certain management information services facilities allowed under section three-c, article thirteend of this chapter, pursuant to the issuance of a management information services tax credit certification by the tax commissioner in accordance with subsection (e), section three-c, article thirteen-d of this chapter, when such property or services are directly used or consumed by the purchaser in the operation of the management information services facility, as defined in section two of this article for which credit is allowed under section three-c, article thirteen-d of this chapter. Tangible personal property, or services, directly used or consumed in the operation of a management information services facility includes only: (1) Computer processing and telecommunications equipment; (2) data storage and input/output devices; (3) disaster recovery services; (4) supplies; (5) application, telecommunication and operating system software; (6) repair and maintenance of any of the aforesaid items; and (7) other tangible personal property or services directly used or consumed in the operation of a management information services facility: *Provided*, That the property is purchased or leased after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property, or services, that are not directly used or consumed in the operation of a management information services facility, or to gasoline or special fuel: Provided, however, That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit, exclude or preclude the application or availability of any other exemption set forth in this section, or elsewhere in this code, which might otherwise apply to any sale of tangible personal property or services;

(00) Charges for memberships or services provided by

- health and fitness organizations relating to personalized fitness programs;
- 478 (pp) Sales of services by individuals who baby-sit for 479 a profit: *Provided*, That the gross receipts of the 480 individual from the performance of baby sitting services 481 does not exceed \$5,000.00 in a taxable year; and
- (qq) A corporation or organization which is a not-forprofit entity which charges membership dues utilized for and contributing significantly to traffic and pedestrian safety and education programs whether or not the corporation or organization is exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1985, as amended.

§11-15-11. Exemption for certain organizations.

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- 1 (a) Sales of taxable services by a corporation or 2 organization that are exempt from federal income tax 3 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, 4 and that meet the requirements set forth in subsection 5 (b) of this section, are exempt from the tax imposed by this article, except that this exemption shall not apply to sales of taxable services to the extent that income received from the sales of such services is taxable under 9 Section 511 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 10 (b) The exemption set forth in this section applies only 11 to those corporations or organizations meeting the 12 following criteria:
 - (1) The corporation or organization is organized and operated primarily for charitable or educational purposes and its activities and programs contribute importantly to promoting the general welfare of youth, families and the aged, improving health and fitness and providing recreational opportunities to the public;
 - (2) The corporation or organization offers membership or participation in its programs and activities to the general public and charges fees or dues which make its programs and activities accessible by a reasonable crosssection of the community; and
- 24 (3) The corporation or organization offers financial assistance on a regular and on-going basis to individuals

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unable to afford the organization's membership dues or fees.

- (c) The tax commissioner is prohibited from issuing any assessments and from taking any other action under article ten of this chapter after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to collect the tax imposed by this article from an organization described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section that did not collect the tax on transactions occurring before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. The tax commissioner is also prohibited from refunding any tax collected by a qualified organization prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, that was paid over to the tax commissioner.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the term "corporation" and the term "organization" are used interchangeably and mean a corporation or other organization that is exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall affect the application of this article to nonprofit tax-exempt hospitals.

CHAPTER 208

(H. B. 4052—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 21, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article twentyone, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one
thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating
to updating the meaning of certain terms used in the
West Virginia personal income tax act by bringing them
into conformity with their meanings for federal income
tax purposes for taxable years beginning after the
thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred
ninety; preserving prior law; and specifying effective
date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-9. Meaning of terms.

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- (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same 1 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the 3 laws of the United States relating to income taxes, 4 unless a different meaning is clearly required. Any 5 reference in this article to the laws of the United States 6 shall mean the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 7 of 1986, as amended, and such other provisions of the 8 laws of the United States as relate to the determination 9 of income for federal income tax purposes. All amend-10 ments made to the laws of the United States prior to 11 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 12 ninety-two, shall be given effect in determining the taxes imposed by this article for any taxable year 13 beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine 14 hundred ninety-one, or thereafter, but no amendment to 15 the laws of the United States made on or after the first 16 17 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, 18 shall be given effect.
 - (b) Effective date. (1) The amendments to this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one shall be retroactive and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the extent allowable under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable years that begin prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, prior law shall be fully preserved.
 - (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall be retroactive and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to the extent allowable under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable years that begin prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, prior law shall be fully preserved.

CHAPTER 209

(H. B. 4053—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 10, 1992: in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-a, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article twenty-four of said chapter, relating to updating the meaning of certain terms used in the West Virginia business franchise tax act and the West Virginia corporation net income tax act by bringing them into conformity with their meanings for federal income tax purposes for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety; preserving the prior law; and specifying effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-a, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 23. Business Franchise Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

§11-23-3a. Meaning of terms; general rule.

- 1 (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same
- 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the
- 3 laws of the United States relating to federal income
- 4 taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by
- 5 the context or by definition of this article. Any reference
- 6 in this article to the laws of the United States, or to the
- 7 Internal Revenue Code, or to the federal income tax law
- 8 shall mean the provisions of the laws of the United
- 9 States as related to the determination of income for

- 10 federal income tax purposes. All amendments made to
- 11 the laws of the United States prior to the first day of
- 12 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall be
- 13 given effect in determining the taxes imposed by this
- 14 article for the tax period beginning the first day of
- 15 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and
- 16 thereafter, but no amendment to laws of the United
- 17 States made on or after the first day of January, one
- 18 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall be given effect.
- 19 (b) Effective date. (1) The amendments to this section reenacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one shall be retroactive and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the extent allowable under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable
- years that begin prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, prior law shall be fully
- 27 preserved.
- 28 (2) The amendments to this section reenacted in the 29 year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall be 30 retroactive and shall apply to taxable years beginning
- 31 on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine
- hundred ninety-one, to the extent allowable under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable years
- 34 that begin prior to the first day of January, one
- 35 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, prior law shall be
- 36 fully preserved.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-3. Meaning of terms; general rule.

- 1 (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same
 - 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the
 - 3 laws of the United States relating to federal income
 - 4 taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by
 - 5 the context or by definition in this article. Any reference
 - 6 in this article to the laws of the United States shall mean
 - 7 the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
 - 8 amended, and such other provisions of the laws of the
- 9 United States as relate to the determination of income 10 for federal income tax purposes. All amendments made
- for federal income tax purposes. All amendments made to the laws of the United States prior to the first day
- of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall

13 be given effect in determining the taxes imposed by this 14 article for any taxable year beginning the first day of 15 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, and 16 thereafter, but no amendment to the laws of the United 17 States effective on or after the first day of January, one 18 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall be given any

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- 20 (b) The term "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means 21 the Internal Revenue Code of the United States enacted 22 by the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986" and includes 23 the provisions of law formerly known as the Internal 24 Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and in effect when 25 the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986" was enacted, that 26 were not amended or repealed by the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986". Except when inappropriate, any 27 28 references in any law, executive order, or other 29 document:
 - (1) To the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall include reference to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
 - (2) To the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall include a reference to the provisions of law formerly known as the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
 - (c) Effective date. (1) The amendments to this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one shall be retroactive and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to the extent allowable under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable years that begin prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, prior law shall be fully preserved.
 - (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one shall be retroactive and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to the extent allowable under federal income tax law. With respect to taxable years that begin prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, prior law shall be fully preserved.

CHAPTER 210

(H. B. 4677—By Delegates Mezzatesta and L. White)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect July 1, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article one, chapter eleven-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing the sheriff to include notices of taxes and fees owed to the county or a municipality with notices of real or personal property taxes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article one, chapter eleven-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ACCRUAL AND COLLECTION OF TAXES.

§11A-1-8. Notice of time and place for payment; mailing of tax tickets.

The sheriff may give notice by posting at not less than

2 six public places in each magisterial district, for at least

3 ten days before the time appointed, that between July

4 fifteenth and August thirty-first he will attend at one

5 or more of the most public and convenient places in each

6 district, such places to be specified in the notice, for the purpose of receiving taxes due by the people residing or

8 paying taxes in such district. The notice shall also state

9 that those who pay the first installment of their taxes

10 on or before September first will be entitled to a

11 discount of two and one-half percent. Like notice may

12 be given that between January fifteenth and February

13 twenty-eighth he will again appear in each district for

14 the collection of taxes, and that those who pay their

15 second installment on or before March first will be

16 entitled to the same discount. Failure of the sheriff to

17 post such lists shall not impair the right to collect such

18 taxes, the right to collect any interest or penalty

19 imposed as a result of the failure to pay such taxes, or

20 the methods of enforcing the payment of such taxes,

21 interest or penalty.

The county commission of any county may order that the above notice shall also be given by advertisement. Such an order, once entered, shall continue in effect until rescinded by the county commission. Upon entry of such order, the sheriff shall, besides posting as required above, publish the proper notice as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county. Such notice shall be so published within fourteen consecutive days next preceding the fifteenth day of July or the fifteenth day of January as the case may be. For every failure so to advertise, the sheriff shall forfeit one hundred dollars.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the sheriff shall send to every person owing real or personal property taxes a copy of such taxpayers annual tax ticket or tickets showing what tax is due and how such tax may be paid. Such copy shall be sent to the last known address of such taxpayer by first class United States mail.

Failure of the sheriff to send or failure of the taxpayer to receive such copy shall not impair the right to collect such taxes, the right to collect any interest or penalty imposed as a result of the failure to pay such taxes, or the method of enforcing the payment of such taxes, interest or penalty.

At such time as the sheriff prepares the delinquent list for real property, he shall compare such list with a copy of the landbooks most recently delivered by the assessor to the board of review and equalization pursuant to section nineteen, article three of this chapter. The assessor shall make a copy of said landbooks available to the sheriff. If property on the delinquent list should appear as a transfer on said landbooks with the delinquent owner as the transferor, the sheriff shall send to the transferee at his last known address by first class United States mail a copy of the annual tax ticket or tickets showing what taxes are due

- upon the real property of such transferee and how they
 may be paid as prescribed in this section.
- Failure of the sheriff to send or failure of the taxpayer to receive such copy shall not impair the right to collect such taxes, the right to collect any interest or penalty imposed as a result of the failure to pay such taxes, or the method of enforcing the payment of such taxes, interest or penalty.
- In addition to the notice of real or property taxes owed, provided in this section, the county commission of any county may order that the sheriff include in the mailing notice of any taxes or other fees owed to the county or a municipality in the county.

CHAPTER 211

(H. B. 4507—By Delegates Browning and Prezioso)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven and eight, article seven-b, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to participation in teachers' defined contribution retirement system; limiting participation in existing teachers retirement system; permitting withdrawal of benefits from existing system and deposit in defined contribution system.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven and eight, article seven-b, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7B. TEACHERS' DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIRE-MENT SYSTEM.

- §18-7B-7. Participation in teachers' defined contribution retirement system; limiting participation in existing teachers retirement system.
- §18-7B-8. Voluntary participation in system.

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§18-7B-7. Participation in teachers' defined contribution retirement system; limiting participation in existing teachers retirement system.

Beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-one, the teachers' defined contribution 3 retirement system shall be the single retirement 4 program for all new employees whose employment 5 commences on or after that date. No additional new 6 employees except as may be provided herein may be 7 admitted to the existing retirement system. Members of 8 the existing retirement system whose employment 9 continues beyond the first day of July, one thousand nine 10 hundred ninety-one, are not affected by this article and 11 shall continue to contribute and participate in the 12 existing system without change in provisions or benefits.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section twentythree, article seven-a of this chapter, any employee whose employment terminates after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, who is later reemployed by an employer shall be eligible for membership only in the teachers' defined contribution system: Provided, That if such reemployment with an existing employer occurs not more than six months after the employee's previous employment, he or she shall be entitled to readmission to the existing retirement system in which he or she was originally a member: Provided, however. That if such employee has ten or more years of credited service in the existing retirement system, he or she shall be entitled to readmission into the existing retirement system in which he or she was originally a member if said person's employment was suspended or terminated due to reduction-in-force, so long as he or she has not withdrawn his or her contributions from the existing retirement system and if such employee shall apply for readmission before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three: Provided further, That if such employee has withdrawn his or her contribution from the existing retirement system, then readmission shall not be permitted and the employee will be entitled only to the defined contribution system.

An employee whose employment with an employer or

an existing employer is suspended as a result of an approved leave of absence, approved maternity or paternity break in service, or any other approved break in service authorized by the board, is eligible for readmission to the existing retirement system in which he or she was a member.

In all cases where a question exists as to readmission to membership in the existing retirement system, the board shall decide the question.

§18-7B-8. Voluntary participation in system.

1 Any employee who is a member of the existing 2 retirement system may, upon written election, voluntar-3 ily elect membership in the defined contribution system, 4 on a prospective basis, on or after the first day of July, 5 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. All benefits 6 earned by any employee making such voluntary election 7 under the existing retirement system prior to such a 8 voluntary election shall be frozen and made available to 9 that employee upon retirement as provided by the 10 existing retirement system. A member of the existing 11 retirement system who has less than five years of 12 contributing service in the existing retirement system 13 may elect to withdraw his or her contribution plus 14 interest thereon as if such member is terminating 15 employment and upon withdrawal shall deposit such 16 funds in the defined contribution system: Provided, That 17 such member's years of contributing service in the 18 existing system shall be applied toward the years of 19 employment service required under section eleven of 20 this article: Provided, however, That this election shall 21 be allowed on a retroactive basis to the first day of July, 22 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. For the purposes of this section, "frozen" means that the member's salary, 23 vears of service and any other factor to determine 24 25 benefits shall be calculated as of the date that the 26 member elected membership in the defined contribution system and after that date no increase in salary, years 27 of service or any other factor may be used to increase 28 the retirement benefit above that which it would be if 29 a person retired upon the date that the election is made. 30 After having made such election, the employee may not 31

change such election or again become a member of the existing retirement system.

CHAPTER 212

(S. B. 153—By Senator Humphreys)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article six, chapter forty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to uniform commercial code—bulk transfers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- §1. Repeal of article relating to uniform commercial code—Bulk transfers.
 - 1 Article six, chapter forty-six of the code of West
 - 2 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
 - 3 amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 213

(H. B. 4585—By Delegates Houvouras and Burk)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-seven, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to a preference for resident vendors of commodities to the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-seven, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§5A-3-37. Preference for resident vendors; preference for vendors employing state residents; exceptions.

- 1 (a) Other provisions of this article notwithstanding. 2 effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 3 hundred ninety, through the thirtieth day of June, one 4 thousand nine hundred ninety-four, in any instance 5 involving the purchase of construction services or for the 6 construction, repair or improvement of any buildings or 7 portions thereof, where the total aggregate cost thereof. 8 whether one or a series of contracts are awarded in 9 completing the project, is estimated by the director to 10 exceed the sum of fifty thousand dollars, and where the 11 director or any state department is required under the 12 provisions of this article to make such purchase, 13 construction, repair or improvement upon competitive 14 bids, the successful bid shall be determined as provided 15 in this section. Effective beginning the first day of July. 16 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, in any instance 17 that a purchase of commodities or printing by the 18 director or by a state department is required under the 19 provisions of this article to be made upon competitive 20 bids, the successful bid shall be determined as provided 21 in this section. The secretary of the department of tax 22 and revenue shall promulgate such rules and regula-23 tions necessary to (i) determine that vendors have met 24 the residence requirements described in this section; (ii) 25 establish the procedure for vendors to certify such 26 residency requirements at the time of submitting their 27 bids; (iii) establish a procedure to audit bids which make 28 a claim for preference permitted by this section and to 29 reject noncomplying bids; and (iv) otherwise accomplish 30 the objectives of this section. In prescribing such rules and regulations, the secretary shall use a strict construc-31 tion of the residence requirements set forth in this 32 section. For purposes of this section, a successful bid 33 shall be determined and accepted as follows: 34
 - (1) From an individual resident vendor who has resided in West Virginia continuously for the four years immediately preceding the date on which the bid is submitted or from a partnership, association or corpo-

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ration resident vendor which has maintained its 39 40 headquarters or principal place of business within West 41 Virginia continuously for four years immediately 42 preceding the date on which the bid is submitted, if such 43 resident vendor's bid does not exceed the lowest 44 qualified bid from a nonresident vendor by more than 45 two and one-half percent of the latter bid, and if such 46 resident vendor has made written claim for such 47 preference at the time the bid was submitted: Provided. 48 That for purposes of this subparagraph (1), any partner-49 ship, association or corporation resident vendor of this 50 state, which does not meet the requirements of this 51 subparagraph solely because of the continuous four-year 52 residence requirement, shall be deemed to meet such 53 requirement if at least eighty percent of the ownership 54 interest of such resident vendor is held by another 55 individual, partnership, association or corporation 56 resident vendor who otherwise meets the requirements 57 of this subparagraph, including the continuous four-year 58 residency requirement: Provided, however, That the 59 secretary of the department of tax and revenue shall 60 promulgate rules and regulations relating to attribution of ownership among several such resident vendors for 61 62 purposes of determining the eighty percent ownership 63 requirement: or

(2) From a resident or nonresident vendor, if, for purposes of producing or distributing the commodities or completing the project which is the subject of such vendor's bid and continuously over the entire term of such project, on average at least sixty percent of such vendor's employees are residents of West Virginia who have resided in the state continuously for the two immediately preceding years and such vendor's bid does not exceed the lowest qualified bid from a nonresident vendor by more than two and one-half percent of the latter bid, and if such vendor has certified the residency requirements above and made written claim for such preference, at the time the bid was submitted; or

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(3) From a vendor who meets the requirements of both subparagraphs (1) and (2) set forth above, if such bid does not exceed the lowest qualified bid from a

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- nonresident vendor by more than five percent of the latter bid, and if such resident vendor has certified the residency requirements above and made written claim for such preference at the time the bid was submitted.
 - (b) If the secretary of the department of tax and revenue determines under any audit procedure that a vendor who received a preference under this section fails to continue to meet the requirements for such preference at any time during the term of the project for which such preference was received the secretary may: (1) Reject such vendor's bid; or (2) assess a penalty against such vendor of not more than five percent of such vendor's bid on the project.
 - (c) Political subdivisions of the state including county boards of education may grant the same preferences to any vendor of this state who has made a written claim for such preference at the time a bid is submitted, but for the purposes of this subsection, in determining the lowest bid, any political subdivision shall exclude from the bid the amount of business occupation taxes which must be paid by a resident vendor to any municipality within the county comprising or located within such subdivision as a result of being awarded the contract which is the object of the bid; in the case of a bid received by a municipality, the municipality shall exclude only such business and occupation taxes as will be paid to such municipality: Provided. That prior to soliciting any such competitive bids, any such political subdivision may, by majority vote of all its members in a public meeting where all such votes shall be recorded. elect not to exclude from the bid the amount of business and occupation taxes as provided herein.
 - (d) If any of the requirements or provisions set forth in this section jeopardize the receipt of federal funds, then such requirement or provisions shall be void and of no force and effect for that specific project.
 - (e) If any provision or clause of this section or application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this section which can be given effect

- without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section are declared to be
- 122 severable.
- 123 (f) This section may be cited as the "Jobs for West 124 Virginians Act of 1990."

CHAPTER 214

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 280—By Senators Brackenrich and Holliday)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect May 2, 1992. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-three-a, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections twenty-three-b, twenty-three-c and twenty-three-d, relating to creating a whitewater commission within the division of natural resources; powers and duties; providing minimum use allocations for whitewater outfitters; providing civil and criminal penalties for violations; determinations based on prior enactments to remain in effect until amended; creating special revenue accounts; dedicating certain fees for whitewater purposes; bonds; revocation of licenses; and license carrying requirements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-three-a, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections twenty-three-b, twenty-three-c and twenty-three-d, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-23a. Whitewater commission; powers and duties of commission and division of natural resources; allocations; civil and criminal penalties for violations.

\$20-2-23b. Whitewater study and improvement fund.

§20-2-23c. Voluntary contributions to whitewater advertising and promotion fund.

§20-2-23d. Bond; revocation of license; licensing carrying requirement; criminal penalties.

§20-2-23a. Whitewater commission; powers and duties of commission and division of natural resources; allocations; civil and criminal penalties for violations.

1 (a) There is hereby created a whitewater commission 2 within the division of natural resources. The commission 3 shall consist of the director of the division of natural resources or his or her designee; the director of the 4 5 division of parks and tourism or his or her designee; 6 three representatives of private river users who have no 7 affiliation with any commercial river enterprise to be 8 appointed by the governor: Provided. That no more than 9 one representative of the private river users may be 10 from each whitewater zone; and four persons represent-11 ing four different licensed commercial whitewater 12 outfitters currently operating within the state to be 13 appointed by the governor. The superintendent of the 14 New River Gorge national park or his or her designee 15 shall be a nonvoting member of the commission. All appointed members of the commission shall be citizens 16 and residents of West Virginia. Of the four representa-17 tives of commercial outfitters, two persons shall 18 represent the small commercial whitewater outfitters in 19 20 West Virginia who have a single license. The director 21 of the division of natural resources shall serve as 22 chairperson of the commission. Of the seven members of the commission first appointed by the governor, two 23 shall be appointed for a term of one year, two for a term 24 25 of two years and three for a term of three years. 26 Thereafter, the terms of all appointed members of the 27 commission are for three years. Members shall serve 28 until their successors have been appointed and any 29 vacancy in the office of a member shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term. Members repres-30 31 enting commercial outfitters who have served at least two years on the commission are not eligible for 32 33 reappointment to a successive term.

34 (b) The commission has the following powers and 35 duties:

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- (1) To investigate and study commercial whitewater rafting, outfitting and activities related thereto which take place along the rivers or waters of the state;
- (2) To designate any such rivers or waters or any portions thereof as "whitewater zones" for which commercial whitewater rafting, outfitting and activities are to be investigated and studied, and to determine the order and the periods of time within which the investigations and studies are to be conducted. The commission shall first investigate and study those whitewater zones which it finds to present serious problems requiring immediate regulation, including, without limitation, safety hazards and problems of overcrowding or environmental misuse:
- (3) To restrict, deny or postpone the issuance of licenses to additional commercial whitewater outfitters seeking to operate in areas and portions of rivers and waters in this state designated whitewater zones by action of the director of the division of natural resources as authorized under prior enactment of this section and so designated by the filing of a written notice entered upon the records of the division containing the designation and reasonable description of the whitewater zone;
- (4) To commission a three-year study to determine the physical carrying capacity for the New, Gauley, Cheat, Shenandoah and Tygart rivers and how each relates to the overall economic impact of the state and the safety of the general public: *Provided*, That if, during the three-year study period, the commission deems that overcrowding is not a problem on any whitewater zone, then it may issue a license;
- (5) Based on the findings of the three-year study of carrying capacity, to formulate rational criteria for an allocation methodology including, but not limited to, a minimum allocation for each river studied;
- (6) To implement the allocation methodology, which shall be implemented by the commission at the conclusion of the three-year study period and not later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, by rules promulgated pursuant to chapter twenty-

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76 nine-a of this code;

- (7) To determine administrative policies relating to regulation of the whitewater industry and to administer such policies, except that the commission shall delegate to the director of the division of natural resources or his or her designee the authority to administer the day-to-day responsibilities of the commission pursuant to this section and may vest in the director of the division of natural resources or his or her designee the authority to make determinations with respect to which it is not practicable to convene or to poll the commission, within guidelines established by the commission;
 - (8) To review all contracts or agreements with governmental agencies related to whitewater studies or regulation, and any negotiations related thereto;
 - (9) To verify reports by outfitters of numbers of river users and guides and to establish a system for reporting, prior to the departure of any craft, the number of river users and guides on each whitewater expedition;
 - (10) To regulate the issuance, transfer, and renewal of licenses. However, licenses issued to commercial whitewater outfitters or use allocations or other privileges conferred by a license may be transferred, sold, offered as security to financial institutions or otherwise encumbered, upon notice in writing to the commission and the director of the division of natural resources, subject to the following limitations: (i) The commission may refuse a transfer upon a finding that there is reasonable cause to believe that the safety of members of the public may be adversely affected by the transfer; and (ii) the commission shall require that taxes, workers' compensation and other obligations due the state be paid prior to any transfer;
 - (11) To collect, for the study period established in subdivision (4) of this subsection, an annual license fee of five hundred dollars for each river on which a commercial whitewater outfitter operates. The annual per river license fee is limited to the Cheat, Gauley, New, Shenandoah and Tygart rivers. The annual license fee for a commercial whitewater outfitter operating on

a river not so designated is five hundred dollars regardless of the number of rivers operated on. A commercial whitewater outfitter who is operating on a river designated in this subdivision and who has paid the annual per river license fee may not be required to pay an additional annual license fee to operate on a nondesignated river. The commercial whitewater outfitter license shall be issued by the commission and is for a period of ten years: Provided, That an outfitter pays the required annual license fee. If an outfitter fails to pay the license fee, then the license shall be suspended until the license fee is paid. Licenses are subject to the bonding provisions set forth in section twenty-three-d of this article and the revocation provisions set forth in the rules promulgated by the director of the division of natural resources. License fees shall be used by the division of natural resources for the purpose of enforcing and administering the provisions of this section:

- (12) To establish a special study and improvement fee to be paid by outfitters and to establish procedures for the collection and enforcement of the special study and improvement fee;
- (13) To establish a procedure for hearings on violations of this section and rules promulgated thereunder and to establish civil penalties for violations of this section and rules promulgated thereunder; and
- (14) To approve rules promulgated by the director of the division of natural resources pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, with respect to commercial whitewater outfitters operating upon the waters of the state, whether or not such waters have been designated whitewater zones, which relate to: (i) Minimum safety requirements for equipment; (ii) standards for the size of rafts and number of persons which may be transported in any one raft; (iii) qualifications of commercial whitewater guides; and, with respect to waters designated whitewater zones, (iv) standards for the number of rafts and number of persons transported in rafts.
- (c) The commission shall meet upon the call of the chairperson or a majority of the members of the

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156 commission. However, the commission shall meet at 157 least quarterly and shall conduct business when a 158 majority of the members are present. At the meetings. 159 the commission shall review all data, materials and 160 relevant findings compiled relating to any investigation 161 and study then under consideration and, as soon as 162 practicable thereafter, the commission shall recommend 163 rules to govern and apply to the designated whitewater 164 zone(s). At least annually, the commission shall meet for 165 the purpose of considering and adjusting allocations. At 166 least annually, the commission shall review fees and 167 proposed expenditures. The commission may not limit 168 the number of commercial whitewater outfitters oper-169 ating on rivers not designated as whitewater zones, nor 170 may the commission limit the number of rafts or total 171 number of persons transported in rafts by commercial 172 whitewater outfitters on rivers not designated as 173 whitewater zones. Commission members shall be 174 reimbursed all reasonable and necessary expenses 175 incurred in the exercise of their duties.

- (d) For the portions of the Gauley and New rivers designated as whitewater zones, the minimum use allocation conferred by a license, for the study period established pursuant to subdivision (4), subsection (b) of this section, is one hundred twenty for the Gauley and one hundred fifty for the New, or an increased minimum allocation established by the board. The commission may permit additional allocations or licenses for whitewater outfitters which are nonprofit entities operating upon the waters of the state upon the effective date of this section. For other waters designated whitewater zones, the commission may increase but not decrease allocations from those in effect on the effective date of this section.
- (e) Violation of this section or any rule promulgated pursuant to this section constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by the penalties set forth in section twenty-three-d of this article.
- 194 (f) The director of the division of natural resources 195 shall promulgate, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 196 twenty-nine-a of this code, all rules necessary to

- effectuate the purposes of this section and these rules must be approved by the commission. The division of natural resources shall enforce the provisions of this section and rules promulgated pursuant to this section, and shall provide necessary staff and support services to the commission to effectuate the purposes of this section.
- 204 (g) All orders, determinations, rules, permits, grants, 205 contracts, certificates, licenses, waivers, bonds, author-206 izations and privileges which have been issued, made, 207 granted or allowed to become effective pursuant to any 208 prior enactments of this section by the governor, the 209 secretary of the department of commerce, labor and 210 environmental resources, the director of the division of 211 natural resources, the whitewater advisory board or by 212 a court of competent jurisdiction, and which are in effect 213 on the effective date of this section, shall continue in 214 effect according to their terms until modified, termi-215 nated, superseded, set aside or revoked by the governor, 216 secretary, director or commission pursuant to this 217 section, by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by 218 operation of law.

§20-2-23b. Whitewater study and improvement fund.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special revenue account, which shall be an appropriated, interest-bearing account, designated as the whitewater study and improvement fund. All proceeds from this fund shall be used exclusively for the purposes of the administration, regulation, promotion and study of the whitewater industry.

The special study and assessment fee collected by the commission pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-three-a of this article shall be deposited, within fifteen days after receipt, to the whitewater study and improvement fund and dedicated to the purposes of this section.

ment fund and dedicated to the purposes of this section.

§20-2-23c. Voluntary contributions to whitewater advertising and promotion fund.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special revenue account, which shall be an appropriated,

- 3 interest-bearing account designated as the "whitewater
- 4 advertising and promotion fund". Each whitewater
- 5 license holder may contribute any sum desired to this
- 6 fund, which fund shall be used for the purpose of
- 7 advertising and promoting whitewater in West Virgi-
- 8 nia.

§20-2-23d. Bond; revocation of license; licensing carrying requirement; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) Immediately upon the issuance of a whitewater
- 2 outfitter's license and before any whitewater outfitter's
- 3 services are offered or rendered thereunder, the licensee
- 4 shall execute a surety bond in the penal sum of one
- 5 thousand dollars payable to the state of West Virginia
- 6 and conditioned upon the faithful and reliable discharge
- 7 of his or her services under and pursuant to the license.
- 8 The bond shall be approved as to form by the attorney
- 9 general and as to surety by the director, and when so
- 10 executed and approved, shall be filed in the office of the
- director of the division of natural resources. The bond
- 12 shall be for the life of the license.
- 13 (b) The whitewater commission is hereby authorized
- 14 to revoke and cancel any whitewater outfitter's license
- 15 for failure of the licensee to give the bond required by
- 16 this section, for a licensee's violation or disregard of any
- 17 of the provisions of this chapter, upon a licensee's
- 18 conviction of a crime, or for any other reason or cause
- 19 justifying refusal of the whitewater outfitter's license to
- 20 the licenses upon a new application therefor The
- 20 the licensee upon a new application therefor. The
- 21 commission shall afford a licensee an opportunity to be
- 22 heard upon the revocation and cancellation of the
- 23 license.
- 24 (c) No person shall act or serve as a whitewater 25 outfitter, as defined in this article, without procuring
- 26 and having on his or her person at the time a valid
- 27 whitewater outfitter's license from the commission
- 28 authorizing them to do so.
- 29 (d) Any person who violates any of the provisions of
- 30 this section or of section twenty-three-a of this article,
- 31 or any rule promulgated by the director of the division

32 of natural resources or who misrepresents any material 33 fact in an application, record, report or other document 34 filed or required to be maintained under the provisions of this article, or any rules promulgated hereunder by 35 the director of the division of natural resources, is guilty 36 37 of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be 38 punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars 39 per violation not to exceed a total penalty of seventy-five 40 hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail 41 not exceeding six months, or both fined and imprisoned.

CHAPTER 215

(H. B. 4760—By Delegates Lane and Douglas)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eight, nine, ten and eleven, article three, chapter forty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to testamentary additions to trusts; and the uniform testamentary additions to trusts act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eight, nine, ten and eleven, article three, chapter forty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. PROVISIONS AS TO CONSTRUCTION.

§41-3-8. Testamentary additions to trusts.

§41-3-9. Effect on existing wills.

§41-3-10. Uniformity of application and construction.

§41-3-11. Short title.

§41-3-8. Testamentary additions to trusts.

- 1 (a) A will may validly devise or bequeath property to the trustee of a trust established or to be established:
- 3 (i) During the testator's lifetime by the testator, by the
- testator and some other person, or by some other person including a funded or unfunded life insurance trust.
- 6 although the trustor has reserved any or all rights of
- 7 ownership of the insurance contracts; or (ii) at the

- 8 testator's death by the testator's devise to the trustee, if
- 9 the trust is identified in the testator's will and its terms
- 10 are set forth in a written instrument, other than a will,
- 11 executed before or concurrently with the execution of
- 12 the testator's will or in another individual's will if that
- 13 other individual has predeceased the testator, regardless
- 14 of the existence, size, or character of the corpus of the
- 15 trust. The devise or bequest is not invalid because the
- 16 trust is amendable or revocable, or because the trust
- 17 was amended after the execution of the will or the
- 18 testator's death.
- 19 (b) Unless the testator's will provides otherwise, 20 property devised or bequeathed to a trust described in 21 subsection (a) is not held under a testamentary trust of 22 the testator but it becomes a part of the trust to which 23 it is devised or bequeathed, and must be administered 24 and disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the 25 governing instrument setting forth the terms of the
- trust, including any amendments thereto made before or
- 27 after the testator's death.
- 28 (c) Unless the testator's will provides otherwise, a revocation or termination of the trust before the.
- 30 testator's death causes the devise or bequest to lapse.

§41-3-9. Effect on existing wills.

- 1 Sections eight, nine, ten and eleven of this article
- 2 apply to a will of a testator who dies after the effective
- 3 date of this legislation.

§41-3-10. Uniformity of application and construction.

- 1 Sections eight through eleven of this article shall be
- 2 applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose
- 3 to make uniform the law with respect to the subject of
- this legislation among states enacting it.

§41-3-11. Short title.

- 1 Sections eight through eleven of this article may be
- 2 cited as the "Uniform Testamentary Additions to
- 3 Trusts-Uniform Act (1991)".

CHAPTER 216

(H. B. 4720—By Delegates Phillips and P. White)

[Passed March 7, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to extend the time for the county commission of Mason County, West Virginia, to meet as a levying body for the purpose of presenting to the voters of the county an election to consider an excess levy for the fire departments in Mason County, from the third Tuesday of April until the last Thursday in May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- MASON COUNTY COMMISSION MEETING AS LEVYING BODY EXTENDED TO CONSIDER AN EXCESS LEVY FOR FIRE DEPARTMENTS.
- §1. Extending time for Mason County Commission to meet as levying body for election to consider an excess levy for fire departments.
 - Notwithstanding the provisions of article eight,
 - 2 chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one
 - 3 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to the
 - 4 contrary, the county commission of Mason County is 5 hereby authorized to extend the time for its meeting as
 - 6 a levying body, setting the levy rate and certifying its
 - 7 actions to the state tax commissioner from the third
 - 8 Tuesday in April, until the last Thursday in May, one
 - 9 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, for the purpose of
 - 10 submitting to the voters of Mason County the consider-
 - 11 ation of an excess levy for fire departments.

RESOLUTIONS

(Only resolutions of general interest are included herein.)

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 21

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegates Rowe and P. White)

[Adopted March 6, 1992]

Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to make a study of current child welfare statutes to determine how those statutes are affecting children and families.

WHEREAS, Children and the families who nurture them must be West Virginia's number one priority; and

WHEREAS, Parents have the primary responsibility for meeting the needs and addressing the development of their children; and

WHEREAS. The responsibility for the children of West Virginia and their families must be a shared partnership of all citizens, community organizations, business, labor and the religious community; and

WHEREAS. The state has a primary responsibility to protect children and to help strengthen and unify the family in situations where crisis in families leave them unable to meet their responsibility; and

WHEREAS, Significant progress has been made in the ability to assess family functioning and to provide home and community based services; and

WHEREAS, Major efforts are under way to protect persons from all types of family violence; and

WHEREAS, Recent administrative and legislative actions and judicial decisions have recognized the need for a comprehensive, coordinated, integrated, effective system to serve families; and

WHEREAS, The most recent major revision to the child welfare code was accomplished in 1977; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is hereby requested to review, examine and study the current statutes affecting families and children including, but not limited to, chapter forty-nine and chapter twenty-seven of the West Virginia code and to prepare a comprehensive revision of these statutes to assist children and families to be healthy, productive and responsible; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is also requested to appoint a subcommittee composed of five members of the Senate, five members of the House of Delegates and ten citizen members, five appointed by the President the of Senate and five appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates. Child and family advocates, the Department of Health and Human Resources, the Juvenile Justice Committee, the Supreme Court and the Judicial Association should be represented by the President and Speaker appointments; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance report to the regular session of the Legislature, 1993, on its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any legislation necessary to effectuate its recommendations; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct this study, to prepare a report and to draft necessary legislation be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 28

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegates Anderson and Houvouras, on behalf of the entire membership.]

[Adopted February 11, 1991]

In Memory of Walter "Lefty" Rollins, former member of the House of Delegates, the State Senate and Majority Leader of the House of Delegates.

WHEREAS, The host of friends of Walter Rollins throughout West Virginia were deeply saddened by his death on February 9, 1992, despite the fact that many of them were aware that

he had been bearing the tortures of a serious malady for several years.

Walter Rollins was born on Monday, January 2, 1922, in Catlettsburg, Kentucky, the son of Walter F. Rollins, Sr., and Nellie (Hatfield) Rollins.

He was educated in the public schools of Wayne County, was graduated from Ceredo-Kenova High School, and attended West Virginia University and in 1942 was a member of the national championship basketball squad at WVU.

A veteran of World War II, he served from 1942 until 1946 in the U. S. Army Air Force, where he attained the rank of Staff Sergeant and received the World War II Victory Medal, American Theatre Service Ribbon and Good Conduct Medal. His military specialty was that of investigator.

During and after his military service, he pursued a career in the field of close-up magic, until he returned to West Virginia to work in the family business. He continued to use his talent as a magician while touring the Nation from the east coast to the west coast entertaining thousands of adults and children, always encouraging them to seek excellence in their pursuits.

In the spring of 1943, he was married to Martha Lacock. They had two sons, Walter Franklin Rollins III, who succumbed to cancer at the age of five years, and John Allen, who, with his mother, survives.

He was active in civic affairs, and was a member of Beta Theta Pi, the American Legion, VFW and the Masons.

A Democrat politically, his views and recommendations were sought and delivered forthrightly, whether those seeking them had his agreement or his opposition.

Satisfying a personal goal to serve the public of his State of West Virginia, he was elected to the House of Delegates in 1970, 1972 and 1974. He moved to the west side of the Capitol to serve in the State Senate in 1976. In 1984, he returned to the House of Delegates where he served until his death. Appointed Majority Whip of the 61st and 62nd Legislatures, he was subsequently appointed Majority Leader of the 70th Legislature.

An avid student of the legislative process and the rules of procedure, he accepted what may be called the rule of the democratic process. As a legislator, he was competent and informed, possessing a keen knowledge and understanding of the legislative process and legislative programs and problems. He was thoroughly informed as to the purpose and effect of proposed legislation. During his legislative service, he strove for the enactment of laws which would contribute to West Virginia's being a happier and more prosperous state.

The earthly, physical life of Walter "Lefty" Rollins has come to its close, but his memory will not soon be forgotten; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, in Joint Assembly convoked:

That this Legislature deplores the demise of Walter "Lefty" Rollins, notes his distinguished public service, lauds his high character and principles, recognizes the terrific grief being suffered by his family as a result of the loss of a beloved husband and father, and hereby conveys to the family the genuine sympathy of the individual members of the 70th Legislature.

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 41

(By Delegate Compton, et al.)

[Adopted March 7, 1992]

Relating to the expression of the sense of the Legislature as to the proposal to construct a 765kv high voltage transmission line from Wyoming Station, Wyoming County, West Virginia, to Cloverdale Station, Botetourt County, Virginia, and to authorization for formation of a legislative committee.

WHEREAS, Appalachian Power Company and its parent company, American Electric Power, have proposed the construction of a 765kv high voltage transmission line from Wyoming Station, Wyoming County, West Virginia, to Cloverdale Station, Botetourt County, Virginia, of which line approximately 79 miles would be located in West Virginia

within Wyoming, Mercer, Summers and Monroe Counties; and

Whereas, Through letters and petitions directed to all branches of the state government, many governmental and private organizations, as well as thousands of individual West Virginians have asserted that the proposed transmission line is not needed or in the public interest, that the transmission line will have a negative impact on the economy, the communities and the environment of the State and the counties affected, that the proposed corridors cause unacceptable environmental degradation to the southeastern West Virginia region, and that the proposal should therefore be rejected by the Public Service Commission; and

Whereas, The 765kv transmission line proposal has created serious concerns among the people of the State as to the health and other environmental risks to the lands, waters and people of southeastern West Virginia presented by the proposed power line and its operation and maintenance, including exposure to herbicides through aerial application for right-of-way maintenance, exposure to electromagnetic fields, ground-water contamination, and other potential threats to the quality of life in that region of the State; and

Whereas, The right-of-way for the proposed transmission line is to be located in an area of the State notable for its scenic beauty and recognized as having a substantial and growing recreation and tourism industry, will occupy more than 1,900 acres of West Virginia agricultural lands, current or future residential areas, and recreation areas, including crossing the New River in an unspoiled, free-flowing area within the Bluestone Wildlife Management Area as well as crossing the proposed New River and Shawnee Parkways and the Appalachian National Scenic Trail, and could further adversely affect many thousands of additional acres through visual degradation to surrounding areas which are now noted for the unspoiled rural landscape characteristic of much of that said area impacted by the proposed transmission line route; and

Whereas, The Public Service Commission has indicated that it shall not require Appalachian Power Company to include a map or detailed description of the proposed corridors for the transmission line in its public notice of its application and has indicated that the transmission line may be located by the

Commission in a corridor not included in the said public notice of the application, thereby imposing the transmission line by eminent domain on property without specific notice to owners and the general public of such proposed corridor through the application and public notice thereof; and

Whereas, The proposed transmission line will enhance American Electric Power's capacity to transmit to the east coast electric power generated in the midwest by use of western coal or nuclear energy, and such enhancement may threaten that said market for West Virginia coal and electricity while decreasing the need to transport coal by rail to eastern power generating facilities, thereby threatening future employment in and tax revenues from the said industries by replacing "coal by rail" with "coal by wire"; and

Whereas, It has become a major point of contention as to whether or not the proposed 765kv transmission line will result in significant numbers of permanent jobs or other economic advantage to the State; and

Whereas, The statutes of this State authorize and require the Public Service Commission to determine whether the proposed transmission line or its location is against the public interest, including full and independent consideration of the environmental impact of the proposed transmission line; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Legislature hereby finds that the aforesaid concerns are all legitimate concerns relating to the public interest within the meaning of the applicable statutes; and, be it

Further Resolved, That a legislative committee is hereby authorized and directed to study economic, environmental and other issues of public interest relating to high voltage and other electric transmission lines within this State, including a review of the Public Service Commission as to its regulation of utilities planning or proposing such facilities and as to the policies, practices and scope of inquiry of the Commission in consideration of applications for such facilities, with such committee directed to report to the Legislature its findings

and recommendations on or before January 1, 1993; and, be it

Further Resolved, That in view of the scale of the 765kv transmission line proposal, its potential impacts on the lands, waters, people and economy of West Virginia, and the concerns expressed by the citizens of this State as to the said proposal, the Legislature requests that filing of an application to the Public Service Commission for the proposed transmission line be delayed until a date at least ninety days after submission of the report of that said committee; and, be it

Further Resolved, That in anticipation that such an application may nevertheless be filed before that date, the Legislature finds that the statutes of this State require that the Public Service Commission not approve any application for the aforesaid transmission line unless and until it is shown that the line and its proposed location meets all statutory requirements, including being found to be in the public interest within a broad scope of inquiry and with the process of evaluation of any such application including independent verification and analysis of all supporting data and argument submitted to show the need within this State for the line and independent professional evaluation utilizing the best technology available of both the methodology utilized and the data processed and submitted to fulfill the statutory requirement for an environmental impact statement relating to the transmission line; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Legislature finds that both statutory and constitutional due process rights of citizens and property owners of this State require specific notice upon application of all potential corridors for such a transmission line and further finds the Public Service Commission's authority to modify a high voltage transmission line application does not extend to location of any such transmission line upon any property not subject to such specific notice; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Legislature is opposed to approval of the proposed transmission line unless the proceeding used to consider the said application affords the property owners and citizens of this State the full and specific notice and the generous opportunity to be heard intended by statute

and required by the constitution, and unless it is shown that the project as proposed is consistent with the public interest, including documented economic advantage to the people of the State from construction of the proposed line sufficient to offset the negative economic impacts, and unless it is shown that the proposal avoids environmental impacts within this State which are neither necessary nor justified by the benefits of the proposed line.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 49

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegates Anderson, Ashcraft, Murensky, Mezzatesta, J. Martin, Rowe, P. White, Burk and Faircloth)

[Adopted March 5, 1992]

Relating to creating a joint committee of members of the Senate and House of Delegates to investigate the labor-management dispute existing at Ravenswood Aluminum Corporation.

WHEREAS, There presently exists a labor-management dispute at the Ravenswood Aluminum Corporation production facility located at Ravenswood, Jackson County, West Virginia: and

WHEREAS, The management of such facility has granted the status of permanent employment to persons performing bargaining unit work in the place of employees not presently working on account of either a stoppage of work by employees or a cessation or withholding of work by the employer; and

WHEREAS, A proceeding to determine the legality of such employment practice is presently pending before the National Labor Relations Board who has exclusive jurisdiction to consider whether such practice is lawful; and

WHEREAS, The legality of the actions notwithstanding, the Legislature finds and declares that offering or granting the status of permanent employment to persons performing bargaining unit work for an employer during a stoppage of work by employees or a cessation or withholding of work by

the employer is disruptive to the labor and business community in the State of West Virginia and is costly to the treasury of the State and, therefore, has an ultimate adverse impact upon all of the citizens of this State; and

Whereas, The conduct of employers offering or granting permanent employment status to persons performing bargaining unit work in the place of employees not presently working fosters an atmosphere of hopelessness and despair which is conducive to violence and other harmful acts, thus endangering the health and safety of the citizens of this State and necessitating the need for additional protection by law-enforcement officers and officials; and

Whereas, Such conduct by employers further results in the economic deprivation of the basic fundamentals of human survival for the replaced workers which must, therefore, be provided or subsidized by the State, through its social agencies and programs to assure the healthy existence of these citizens; and

WHEREAS, As a result of such economic and safety needs, the funds of all citizens of this State are diminished and unavailable for other legitimate public purposes; and

WHEREAS. The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that, in light of the adverse impact and economic loss to the State of West Virginia, the state has a duty, which does not impinge upon the jurisdiction of the National Labor Relations Board, to investigate the nature and cause and to consider the feasibility of recovering all funds so expended by the State in the event such conduct on behalf of employers is declared unlawful; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That there is hereby created a Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Delegates consisting of five members of the Senate, to be designated by the President of the Senate, and five members of the House of Delegates, to be designated by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, who shall receive fifty dollars per diem for each day performing duties hereunder and actual expenses not to exceed seventy dollars per day plus mileage, and who shall be empowered (1) to investigate and determine the nature and cause of the said labor-management

dispute; (2) to ascertain the actual and potential costs to the State by reason of the payment of unemployment compensation, aid to families with dependent children, overtime payments to the division of public safety or other lawenforcement officials and any other public costs attributable to such labor-management dispute; (3) to hold hearings thereon; (4) to make findings of fact and conclusions based upon such investigations and hearings which shall include a determination of the feasibility of recovering the funds so expended, recommendations concerning the recoupment of these funds and a determination of the impact of such labormanagement dispute upon the community of Ravenswood, its neighboring communities and, ultimately, upon the State of West Virginia; (5) to determine and make recommendations as to legislation prohibiting replacement workers and whether such legislation would conflict with federal law; and (6) to report, on or before the second Wednesday of January, 1993, to the Governor and Legislature on its findings and any recommendations which the committee may deem proper; and, be it

Further Resolved, That in carrying out its duties pursuant to this resolution, the committee is authorized:

- (1) To examine witnesses, to send for persons and papers, documents and other physical evidence, to order the attendance of any witness, or the production of any paper, document and other physical evidence, and to exercise all other powers described under the provisions of section five, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia;
- (2) To issue summonses, subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum and to enforce obedience to its summonses and subpoenas in accordance with the provisions of section five, article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia or by invoking the aid of the courts of this State;
- (3) To administer oaths or affirmations in accordance with the provisions of section six, article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia; and
- (4) To determine whether all or any portion of a meeting or hearing should be held in an executive session, notwithstanding the provisions of any rule of the Senate or of the House of Delegates.

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 9

(By Senators Claypole, Craigo, M. Manchin, Heck, Humphreys, Burdette, Mr. President, Tomblin, Wehrle, Wagner, Blatnik, Holliday, Wiedebusch, Jones, Lucht, Hawse, Withers, Chafin, Pritt, Bailey, Macnaughtan, Wooton, J. Manchin, Anderson, Whitlow, Chernenko, Dalton, Dittmar, Sharpe, Spears, Felton, Minard, Brackenrich and Helmick)

[Adopted February 7, 1992]

Urging the Congress of the United States to enact the provisions of S. 1989 and H.R. 4013 to ensure continued health care benefits for retired coal miners.

WHEREAS, A federal commission established by U.S. Secretary of Labor Elizabeth Dole recommended that Congress adopt legislation to ensure the continued provision of health benefits to retired coal miners who receive such benefits from the United Mine Workers of America health and retirement funds; and

WHEREAS. This legislation, introduced by Senator Jay Rockefeller of West Virginia (S. 1989) and Congressman John Murtha of Pennsylvania (H.R. 4013), would require all companies to pay a fair share of the cost of providing health benefits to their former employees and place an equitable fee on the entire coal industry to pay for the cost of "orphan" retirees who have no company to pay for benefits; and

WHEREAS, Thirty-three thousand seven hundred seventythree citizens of this state receive their health care from the UMWA funds; and

WHEREAS, The UMWA funds currently are experiencing serious financial difficulties; and

WHEREAS, The Rockefeller/Murtha legislation has been endorsed by both labor and management in the coal industry; and

WHEREAS, Among those in the United States Congress who are supporting the legislation are the following: Senators

Byrd, Dixon, Riegle, Rockefeller, Simon, Spector and Wofford; and Congressmen Browder, Bruce, Callahan, Clay, Costello, Durbin, Erdreich, Evans, Wise, Gaydos, McCloskey, Mollohan, Mrazek, Murphy, Murtha, Owens, Rahall, Staggers and Volkmer; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Legislature hereby expresses its support for and strongly urges the Congress of the United States to enact S. 1989 and H.R. 4013 into law; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to each member of the state congressional delegation, the governor and the legislative bodies of every coal-producing state with a recommendation that those legislatures adopt similar resolutions of support for S. 1989 and H.R. 4013.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 40

(By Senators Wehrle, Craigo and Bailey)

[Adopted March 6, 1992]

Directing the Public Service Commission to study the feasibility of implementing a telecommunication device for the deaf (TDD) program for eligible residents of this state.

WHEREAS, Many citizens of this state are unable to communicate with others by telephone due to hearing and speech deficits; and

WHEREAS, Modern technology has developed a telecommunication device for the deaf (TDD) which is an electrical device that uses a keyboard, acoustic coupler, display screen or braille display to transmit and receive messages by telephone; and

WHEREAS, Telephone companies have the expertise and equipment necessary to provide eligible West Virginians with these devices to enable them to live more independent and productive lives; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Public Service Commission is hereby directed to undertake a study of the feasibility of implementing a telecommunication device for the deaf (TDD) program for eligible residents of this state and report to the regular session of the Legislature, 1993, on its findings, recommendations and conclusions; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Public Service Commission.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 10

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Gallagher, et al.)

[Adopted February 7, 1992]

Recognizing West Virginia University on the occasion of its one hundred twenty-fifth birthday.

WHEREAS, West Virginia was founded as the thirty-fifth state of the Union in 1863 amid the tumultuous period of the war between the states; and

WHEREAS, In the preceding year the Morrill Land Grant College Act of 1862 became law; and

WHEREAS, That Act was extended to the new State of West Virginia to assist in establishing an Agricultural College; and

WHEREAS, The Federal government deeded to West Virginia 150,000 acres of Iowa and Minnesota farmland—30,000 acres for each of the two United States Senators and the three Representatives from West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, Governor Arthur I. Boreman proceeded to liquidate the real estate at fifty-three cents per acre, yielding the West Virginia college fund \$79,000; and

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Legislatures of 1866 and 1867 struggled to make provisions for carrying out the intent of the Morrill Land Grant College Act, deciding where to locate the college, what words and in what order should make up the name, how the new institution would be governed, and what would be the source of funds to put the project in operation; and

WHEREAS, Many members of both the West Virginia Senate and House of Delegates played important roles in the proceedings resulting in heated arguments for locating the new college in any number of the State's counties, taking two years to reach a decision of location and name; and

WHEREAS, The Monongalia County delegation to the Legislature conveyed an offer of two school properties worth \$51,000 and other assets of cash, bonds, bank stock and bills receivable of \$10,000 of the Monongalia Academy and the Woodburn Female Seminary, both schools in Morgantown; and

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Legislature requested but failed to secure from the federal government another 300,000 acres of surplus land to sell for cash to support starting the college; and

WHEREAS, On February 7, 1867, in Wheeling, the West Virginia Legislature established the Agricultural College of West Virginia at the chosen location of Morgantown, vesting control in a Board of Visitors, composed of one member from each of the eleven senatorial districts; and

WHEREAS, One year later, at the request of the first president of the new college, the Reverend Alexander Martin, the West Virginia Legislature changed the name of the Agricultural College of West Virginia to West Virginia University to more nearly reflect the broader mandate given it in its charter; and

WHEREAS, When the Legislature established West Virginia University as the Agricultural College of West Virginia, it ensured that the new State of West Virginia had a public institution of higher learning that "would live through the ages"; and

Whereas, During these past one hundred twenty-five years, West Virginia University, which began with two donated buildings and only a handful of students and faculty, has grown into a first class institution with a national reputation, diverse curriculum, over twenty-two thousand students, one thousand acre campus, and two regional campuses—Potomac State College at Keyser and West Virginia University at Parkersburg, plus the over five hundred acre campus of Jackson's Mill, the State 4-H Camp and Conference Center at Weston; and

Whereas, West Virginia University's accomplishments are many and varied in teaching, research and public service, more recently establishing the Mary Babb Randolph Cancer Center, the National Research Center for Coal and Energy, the Center for Concurrent Engineering, and the NASA software facility, to name just a few; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia University has excelled in academics, producing twenty-three Rhodes Scholars, one British Marshall scholarship recipient, and twelve Truman Scholars; and

Whereas, West Virginia University student John Unger of Martinsburg was among 20 students picked from across the nation to appear in Time Magazine's College Achievement Award 1990 issue, and the January 31, 1992 issue of USA Today, which recognized Unger as one of the nation's top 20 undergraduates from a field of 1,253 who are academic and community leaders; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia University ensures that the human potential of West Virginia sons and daughters is fulfilled, establishing the WVU Scholars program to attract the brightest youths, annually granting 1.8 million dollars in scholarships to 1,800 deserving students; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That on this the seventh day of February, 1992, the West Virginia House of Delegates recognizes West Virginia University on the occasion of its one hundred twenty-fifth birthday, the quasquicentennial year of service to the State of West Virginia, to these United States and to the world.

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE RESOLUTION 18

(By Delegates Houvouras, Anderson, Stemple and Burk)
[Adopted March 4, 1992]

Amending House Rule No. 94, relating to number of sponsors on a bill.

Resolved by the House of Delegates:

That House Rule No. 94 be amended to read as follows:

Joint Sponsors of Bill

94. A bill may be introduced bearing the names of not more than seven members as joint sponsors of the bill.

SENATE RESOLUTION 3

(By Senator Chafin)

[Adopted January 16, 1992]

Amending Senate Rule No. 54, relating to guests and privilege of the floor.

Resolved by the Senate:

That Senate Rule No. 54 be amended to read as follows:

Guests and Privilege of the Floor

54. No person except members of the House of Delegates, former members of the West Virginia Legislature who are not lobbyists, duly accredited representatives of the press, radio and television and legislative officers and employees engaged in the proper discharge of their duties shall be admitted within the Senate Chamber while the Senate is in session. The rear or east balcony of the Senate Chamber shall be reserved for guests of the members of the Senate, and admission thereto shall be by pass signed by the President and the member seeking admission of the guest.

SENATE RESOLUTION 8

(By Senators Chafin, Wagner, Bailey, Sharpe, Hawse, Anderson, Humphreys, Boley, J. Manchin, Blatnik, Wiedebusch, Brackenrich, Burdette, Mr. President, Chernenko, Claypole, Craigo, Dalton, Dittmar, Felton, Heck, Helmick, Holliday, Jones, Lucht, M. Manchin, Minard, Pritt, Spears, Tomblin, Wehrle, Whitlow, Withers and Wooton)

[Adopted January 16, 1992]

Requesting the public employees insurance board to reconsider its action imposing a significant premium increase on retired public employees.

WHEREAS, The PEIA has by prior action imposed a signif-

icant premium increase on the retired public employees of the State of West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, Retired public employees are generally on a fixed income and, as a group, least financially able to bear such increased expense; and

WHEREAS, Retired public employees are older West Virginians; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate:

That the public employees insurance board do reconsider and rescind its prior action to significantly increase the premiums paid by retired public employees in the State of West Virginia.

ENROLLED HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 109

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate J. Martin)
[Adopted February 29, 1992.]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia, authorizing appropriations and/or the issuance and sale of additional state bonds in an amount not exceeding four million dollars for the purpose of paying bonuses to certain veterans or to relatives of certain veterans; numbering and designating such proposed amendment; and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of the members elected to each House agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at the next general election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, or at any special election held prior thereto, for the purpose of presenting to the voters of the State the question of ratification or rejection of one or more constitutional amendments, which proposed amendment is as follows:

VETERANS BONUS AMENDMENT

(Persian Gulf, Lebanon, Grenada and Panama)

The Legislature shall provide by law, either for the appropriation from the general revenues of the State, or for the issuance and sale of state bonds, which shall be in addition to all other state bonds heretofore issued, or a combination of both as the Legislature may determine, for the purpose of paying a cash bonus to veterans of the armed forces of the United States who (1) served on active duty, or who were members of reserve components called to active duty by the President of the United States under Title 10. United States Code section 782(D), 783, or 783(B), during the Persian Gulf conflict, Operation Desert Shield/Desert Storm, between the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety and the date determined by the president or congress of the United States as the end of the involvement of the United States armed forces in the Persian Gulf conflict, both dates inclusive; or (2) veterans, active service members, or members of reserve components, of the armed forces of the United States, who served on active duty in one of the military operations for which he or she received a campaign badge or expeditionary medal during the periods hereinafter described. For purposes of this amendment, periods of active duty in a campaign or expedition are designated as: The conflict in Panama, between the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, through the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, both dates inclusive; the conflict in Grenada, between the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, and the twenty-first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, both dates inclusive; and the conflict in Lebanon, between the twenty-fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eightytwo, and the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, both dates inclusive. For purposes of this amendment not more than one bonus shall be paid to or on behalf of the service of any one veteran. In order to be eligible to receive a bonus, such persons must have been bona fide residents of the State of West Virginia at the time of their entry into such active service and for a period of at least six months immediately prior thereto, who have not been separated from such service under conditions other than honorable. Such bonus shall also be paid to any veteran, otherwise qualified under the two sentences next preceding, who was discharged within ninety days after entering the armed forces because of a service-connected disability. The amount of such bonus shall be five hundred dollars per eligible person who was in active service, inside the combat zone designated by the President or Congress of the United States at anytime during the dates specified hereinabove. In the case of the Persian Gulf conflict, the amount of bonus shall be three hundred dollars per eligible person who was in active service outside of the combat zone designated by the President or Congress of the United States during the dates specified hereinabove. The bonus to which any deceased veteran would have been entitled, if living, shall be paid to the following surviving relatives of such veterans, if such relatives are residents of the State when such application is made and if such relatives are living at the time payment is made: Any unremarried widow or widower, or, if none, all children, stepchildren and adopted children under the age of eighteen. or, if none, any parent, stepparent, adoptive parent or person standing in loco parentis. The categories of persons listed shall be treated as separate categories listed in order of entitlement and where there be more than one member of a class. the bonus shall be paid to each member according to his proportional share. Where a deceased veteran's death was connected with such service and resulted from such service during the time period specified, however, the surviving relatives shall be paid, in accordance with the same order of entitlement, the sum of one thousand dollars in lieu of any bonus to which the deceased might have been entitled if living.

The principal amount of any bonds issued for the purpose of paying the bonuses provided for in this amendment shall not exceed the principal amount of four million dollars, but may be funded or refunded either on the maturity dates of said bonds or on any date on which said bonds are callable prior to maturity, and if any of said bonds have not matured or are not then callable prior to maturity, the Legislature may nevertheless provide at any time for the issuance of refunding bonds to fund or refund such bonds on the dates when said bonds mature or on any date on which said bonds are callable prior to maturity and for the investment or reinvestment of the proceeds of such refunding bonds in direct obligations of

the United States of America until the date or dates upon which such bonds mature or are callable prior to maturity. The principal amount of any refunding bonds issued under the provisions of this paragraph shall not exceed the principal amount of the bonds to be funded or refunded thereby.

The bonds may be issued from time to time for the purposes authorized by this amendment as separate issues or as combined issues.

Whenever the Legislature shall provide for the issuance of any bonds under the authority of this amendment, it shall at the same time provide for the levy, collection and dedication of an additional tax, or enhancement to such other tax as the Legislature may determine, in such amount as may be required to pay annually the interest on such bonds and the principal thereof within and not exceeding fifteen years, and all such taxes or charges so levied shall be irrevocably dedicated for the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds until such principal of and interest on such bonds are finally paid and discharged and any of the covenants, agreements or provisions in the acts of the Legislature levying such taxes or charges shall be enforceable in any court of competent jurisdiction by any of the holders of said bonds. Any revenue generated in excess of that which is required to pay the bonuses provided herein and to pay any administrative cost associated with such payment shall be used to pay the principal and interest on any bonds issued as soon as is economically practicable.

The Legislature shall have the power to enact legislation necessary and proper to implement the provisions of this amendment.

Resolved further, That in accordance with the provisions of article eleven, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, such proposed amendment is hereby numbered "Amendment No. 2" and designated as the "Veterans Bonus Amendment," and the purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as follows: "To permit the appropriation of general revenues or the sale of state bonds for the payment of bonuses and death benefits to veterans of the conflicts in the Persian Gulf, Lebanon, Panama and Grenada or to their relatives."

ENROLLED HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 113

(By Delegates Mann and Brum)

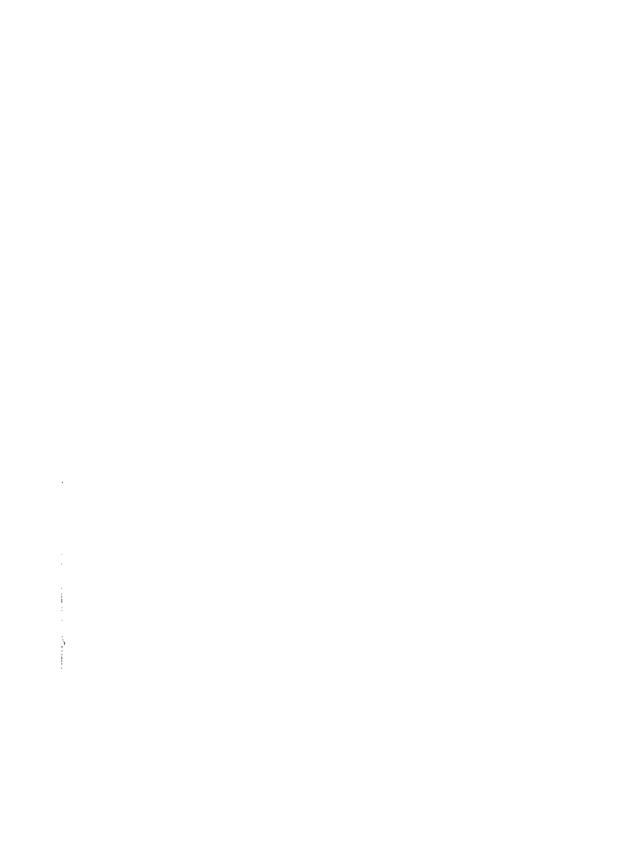
[Adopted March 7, 1992.]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia, repealing sections three, four, five and six, article thirteen thereof, relating to the transfer of title to real estate obtained by the State of West Virginia by way of forfeiture, nonpayment of taxes or designation of the same as waste, unappropriated or escheated lands; the establishment of said State's title to said property until sold as part of judicial proceedings; the disposition of surplus receipts for the sale of such land; the forfeiture of real estate to said State for failure by the owner thereof to have the same entered on county land books; numbering and designating such proposed amendment; and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of the members elected to each House agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at the next general election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, which proposed amendment is that sections three, four, five and six, article thirteen, be repealed and that such amendment do take effect on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

Resolved further, That in accordance with the provisions of article eleven, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, such proposed amendment is hereby numbered "Amendment Number 3" and is designated as the "Landowners Protection Amendment." The purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as follows: "To amend the state constitution by repealing outdated provisions related to tax-delinquent property. Repeal of these sections will allow for the implementation of laws to protect landowner interests and to simplify the redemption or purchase of tax-delinquent property."



LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ACTS

FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION, 1992

CHAPTER 1

(H. B. 1—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 14, 1992; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing, expiring and transferring specified unexpended amounts from account no. 8009-99, abandoned and unclaimed property: account no. 8121-06, social security contributions: account no. 7840-20I. Barboursville veterans' home; account no. 8079-06I. West Virginia radiologic technologist board of examiners; account no. 8090-07I restoration tax rec. Mingo county; account no. 8090-08I, county tax fund; account no. 8102-15I. West Virginia board of dental examiners; account no. 8105-30I, board of pharmacy; account no. 8106-35I, board of practical nurses: account no. 8110-55I, board of examiners for registered nurses; account no. 8130-051, board of chiropractic examiners; account no. 8148-55I, gilding the dome program; account no. 8216-19I, health facility licensure certification; account no. 8222-05I, West Virginia prison industries: account no. 8240-201. Stonewall Jackson memorial: account no. 8240-21I, Stonewall Jackson memorial fund: account no. 8241-241, adult literacy education program; account no. 8245-07I, department of education - West Virginia FFA/FHA camp; account no. 8245-12I, department of education -

cedar lakes improvement; account no. 8250-08I, department of employment security; account no. 8260-11I, department of veterans' affairs; account no. 8260-13I, department of veterans' affairs; account no. 8265-06I. public employees insurance board expense fund; account no. 8275-09I, state board of risk and insurance management: account no. 8275-10I, state board of risk and insurance management; account no. 8350-12I. public safety motor vehicle fund; account no. 8351-29I, department of public safety criminal investigations; account no. 8352-12I. department of public safety barracks replacement and construction: account no. 8355-10I. drunk driving prevention fund; account no. 8392-06I, department of banking revolving fund; account no. 8395-08I. department of banking: account no. 8412-23I, court of claims - crime victims reparation: account no. 8418-10I, attorney general - antitrust enforcement fund: account no. 8418-13I, pre-need burial contract regulation fund: account no. 8500-30I. West Virginia department of health: account no 8554-06I. Blennerhassett historical park commission; account no. 8595-07I. WPBY-TV grant expense; account no. 8597-23I. West Virginia public radio - mountain stage; account no. 9500-08I, parking lot operations; account no. 9500-12I, cafeteria: account no. 9500-15I, state building commission; account no. 9500-31I, department of finance and administration - debt service pass through, and transferring as provided herein, such specified amounts for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to account no. 4050, department of health and human resources, division of human services. all amending chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session. one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the amount of seven hundred fifty-six thousand five hundred fourteen dollars and fifty-eight cents from account no. 8009-99, abandoned and unclaimed property; the amount of three hundred twenty-one thousand five hundred seventy-one dollars and seventy-three cents from account no. 8121-06,

social security contributions; the amount of two thousand nine hundred sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents from account no. 7840-20I, Barboursville veterans' home: the amount of two hundred thirty-five dollars and eighty-seven cents from account no. 8079-06I. West Virginia radiologic technologists board of examiners: the amount of two thousand six hundred seven dollars and sixty-three cents from account no. 8090-071. restoration tax rec. Mingo county: the amount of two thousand six hundred sixty-two dollars and sixty-six cents from account no. 8090-08I, county tax fund: the amount of two thousand one hundred twenty-eight dollars and thirty cents from account no. 8102-15I, West Virginia board of dental examiners; the amount of twenty-one thousand ninety-four dollars and sixtytwo cents from account no. 8105-30I, board of pharmacy; the amount of one thousand nine hundred eight dollars and eightyeight cents from account no. 8106-35I, board of practical nurses: the amount of twelve thousand thirty-five dollars and twenty cents from account no. 8110-55I, board of examinersregistered nurses; the amount of two hundred eleven dollars from account no. 8130-05I, board of chiropractic examiners: the amount of six dollars and forty-seven cents from account no. 8148-55I, gilding the dome program; the amount of one thousand one hundred thirty-three dollars and sixty cents from account no. 8216-19I, health facilities licensure certification; the amount of two thousand six hundred forty-six dollars and seventy-nine cents from account no. 8222-05I, West Virginia prison industries; the amount of one thousand sixty-one dollars and two cents from account no. 8240-201. Stonewall Jackson memorial; the amount of eight hundred thirty-three dollars and forty cents from account no. 8240-21I. Stonewall Jackson memorial fund; the amount of ninety-four dollars and sixtytwo cents from account no. 8241-24I, adult literacy education program; the amount of seven dollars and seventy cents from account no. 8245-07I, department of education - West Virginia FFA/FHA camp; the amount of three thousand two hundred ninety-nine dollars and six cents from account no. 8245-12I, department of education - cedar lakes improvement; the amount of eighteen thousand six dollars and twenty-six cents from account no. 8250-08I, department of employment security; the amount of forty-two thousand ninety-three dollars and sixty-seven cents from account no. 8260-11I, department of veterans' affairs; the amount of sixty-one thousand six

hundred eighty-two dollars and twenty-one cents from account no. 8260-13I, department of veterans' affairs; the amount of forty-nine thousand three hundred eighty-two dollars and eight cents from account no. 8265-06I, public employees insurance board expense fund; the amount of seven hundred eleven dollars and forty-nine cents from account no. 8275-09I. state board of risk and insurance management; the amount of one hundred fourteen dollars and seventy-seven cents from account no. 8275-10I, state board of risk and insurance management; the amount of eleven thousand nine hundred thirteen dollars and sixty-six cents from account no. 8350-12I, public safety motor vehicle fund; the amount of nine thousand seven hundred twenty-nine dollars and one cent from account no. 8351-29I, department of public safety criminal investigations; the amount of twenty-seven thousand two hundred sixtythree dollars and four cents from account no. 8352-12I, department of public safety barracks replacement and construction; the amount of forty-two thousand eight hundred nine dollars and eighty-eight cents from account no. 8355-10I, drunk driving prevention fund; the amount of four thousand eight hundred twenty dollars and eleven cents from account no. 8392-06I, department of banking revolving fund; the amount of fourteen thousand eight hundred ninety-nine dollars and sixty-seven cents from account no. 8395-08I, department of banking; the amount of fourteen dollars and eighty-six cents from account no. 8412-23I, court of claims - crime victims reparation; the amount of three thousand ninety-two dollars and eighty-nine cents from account no. 8418-10I, attorney general - antitrust enforcement fund; the amount of five hundred fifty dollars and thirty-six cents from account no. 8418-13I, pre-need burial contract regulation fund; the amount of five hundred seventy-four thousand fifty-eight dollars and sixty-one cents from account no. 8500-30I, West Virginia department of health; the amount of four hundred sixty-seven dollars and one cent from account no. 8554-06I. Blennerhassett historical park commission; the amount of two dollars and fourteen cents from account no. 8595-07I, WPBY-TV grant expense; the amount of twelve dollars and sixteen cents from account no. 8597-23I, West Virginia public radio - mountain stage; the amount of one thousand six hundred twenty dollars and ninety-one cents from account no. 9500-08I, parking lot operations; the amount of one thousand four hundred eightynine dollars and forty-eight cents from account no. 9500-12I, cafeteria; the amount of sixty-six dollars and two cents from account no. 9500-15I, state building commission; the amount of two thousand one hundred seventy-nine dollars and eight cents from account no. 9500-31I, department of finance and administration - debt service pass through, be transferred and added to account no. 4050, as set forth in chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, to be added to said account no. 4050 as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
5	64—Division of Human Services
6	(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)
7	Acct. No. 4050
8 9 10 11 12 13	General Federal Revenue Funds Fund Fiscal Fiscal Year Year 1991-92 1991-92
14	6 Medical Services \$ - \$ 2,000,000
15 16 17 18	The purpose of this supplementary appropriations bill is to transfer two million dollars from the accounts specified herein to supplement account no. 4050 as set forth herein.

CHAPTER 2

(H. B. 2—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 14, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring specified unexpended amounts from account no. 8121-06, social security contributions, and transferring. as provided herein, such specified amounts for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, to the governor's office, civil contingent fund, account no. 1240, and to the department of public safety, division of corrections, account no. 3770, all amending chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the amounts collected in account no. 8121-06, social security contributions, exceed the amounts necessary to effectuate the purposes of the fund and should be redesignated; therefore:

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the amount of one million two hundred thousand dollars be transferred from account no. 8121-06, social security contributions, to be added to account no. 1240, governor's office, civil contingent fund, and to be added to account no. 3770, department of public safety, division of corrections, as set forth in chapter thirteen, acts of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3 4	7Governor's Office Civil Contingent Fund
5	(WV Code Chapter 5)
6	Acct. No. 1240
7 8 9 10	General Federal Revenue Funds Fund Fiscal Fiscal Year Year
11 12	1991-92 1991-92
13 14	1 Civil Contingent Fund—Total \$ - \$ 600,000

CHAPTER 3

(H. B. 3—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 14, 1992: in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article nine-d, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen, relating to the issuance of revenue bonds by the school building authority; providing for the transfer of unencumbered interest from trustees to the general revenue fund of the state; and setting forth the purpose of such transfer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article nine-d, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9D. SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY.

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§18-9D-17. Transfer of unencumbered interest from trustees to general revenue fund; purpose of transfer.

1 On or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-two, the authority shall transfer to the 3 general revenue fund of the state, from accounts held 4 by any trust company or companies or any bank or 5 banks empowered to act as trustee for the holders of 6 bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this article. 7 the amount of one million dollars held by such institu-8 tions as interest accumulated from investments made by 9 such institutions while acting as custodians or safe-10 guards of funds of the authority or the proceeds of bonds 11 issued in accordance with the provisions of this article: 12 Provided. That such transfer shall be effected only to the 13 extent that the accumulated interest to be transferred 14 is wholly unencumbered and is not otherwise committed 15 for the payment of bonds or the completion of authorized 16 projects, designated for transfer to any existing special 17 funds, sinking funds, reserve funds or any other moneys 18 or funds, or in any other manner required to be held 19 so as to protect the rights and remedies of a trust 20 company or bank as trustee or the rights and remedies 21 of the bondholders.

The purpose of the transfer of funds required by this section is to facilitate the appropriation of a like amount to the school building capital improvements fund, within the state budget for the fiscal year commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. to be used as debt service for revenue bonds to be issued by the authority pursuant to the provisions of section eight of this article to finance needs projects to be selected by the authority which have not heretofore been funded because of the unavailability of necessary funding, and to pay the costs and reserves of such bond issues. The proceeds of any revenue bonds issued by the authority for additional projects authorized pursuant to this section shall not be deemed available for distribution by the authority within the meaning of section fifteen of this article. The proceeds of such revenue

- 38 bonds shall be allocated and expended solely on the basis
- 39 of need and efficient use of resources, such basis being
- 40 determined by the authority in accordance with the
- 41 provisions of section fifteen of this article.

CHAPTER 4

(S. B. 1-By Senator Burdette, Mr. President)

[Passed March 14, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five and seven, article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; to amend and reenact sections two, four and eight, article three of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fourteen and fifteen: to amend and reenact sections two, three and eight, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section four, article six of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, five and six, article seven of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; to amend and reenact section two, article eight of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections one, five, eight, nine, sixteen, seventeen, twenty, twenty-three and twenty-four, article nine of said chapter; and to further amend said article by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two and thirty-three, all relating generally to the promulgation of administrative rules and regulations by the various executive or administrative agencies and the procedures relating thereto; the legislative mandate or authorization for the promulgation of certain legislative rules by various executive and administrative agencies of the state: authorizing certain of the agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules in the form that the rules were filed in the state register; authorizing certain of the agencies to promulgate legislative rules as

amended by the Legislature: authorizing certain of the agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules with various modifications presented to and recommended by the legislative rule-making review committee: directing and authorizing certain of the agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules on file in the office of the secretary of state during the first extraordinary session of the Legislature held in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two; authorizing the board of risk and insurance management to promulgate legislative rules relating to the discontinuation of the professional malpractice program, as modified; authorizing the secretary of the department of administration to promulgate legislative rules relating to the reporting of state assets by financial institutions, as modified: authorizing the ethics commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to contributions, as modified and amended: authorizing the ethics commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to gifts, as modified and amended: authorizing the ethics commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to interests in public contracts, as modified and amended; authorizing the ethics commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to lobbying, as modified and amended: authorizing the ethics commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to private gain, as modified and amended: authorizing the ethics commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to voting, as modified and amended: authorizing the ethics commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to employment, as modified and amended; authorizing the division of banking to promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia consumer credit and protection act, as modified; authorizing the division of banking to promulgate legislative rules relating to lease financing transactions, as modified: authorizing the division of banking to promulgate legislative rules relating to the operation of state-chartered financial institutions in West Virginia, as modified; authorizing the division of banking to promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia industrial bank and industrial loan company act, as modified; authorizing the division of banking to promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia consumer credit and protection act and the money and interest article of chapter forty-seven, as modified; authorizing the division of banking to promulgate legislative rules relating to permissible additional charges in connection with a consumer credit sale, as modified; authorizing the division of energy to promulgate legislative rules relating to the standards for certification of blasters for surface coal mines and surface areas of underground coal mines, as modified; authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to special motorboating, as modified; authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to special fishing, as modified and amended: authorizing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to hoating as modified; authorizing and directing the division of natural resources to promulgate legislative rules relating to water pollution control permit fee schedules, as amended; authorizing the division of tourism and parks to promulgate legislative rules relating to the public use of West Virginia state parks, state forests and state hunting and fishing areas under the division of tourism and parks, as modified and amended: authorizing the public energy authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to the establishment of rules and procedure for the exercise of the power of eminent domain for qualified projects, as modified; authorizing the public energy authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to the establishment of a fee schedule and cost allocations to the issuance of bonds by the West Virginia public energy authority, as modified; authorizing the division of health to promulgate legislative rules relating to specialized health procedures, as modified; authorizing the division of health to promulgate legislative rules relating to emergency medical services, as modified; authorizing and directing the division of health to promulgate legislative rules relating to swimming pools and bathing beaches, as amended: authorizing the secretary of the department of health and human resources to promul-

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gate legislative rules relating to retail food store sanitation, as modified; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to health services offered by health professionals, as modified; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to the review for automatic rate changes, as modified; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to certificates of need, as modified; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to exemptions for shared services, as modified and amended; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to the development of life care retirement centers, as modified: authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to the conversion of acute care beds to skilled nursing care beds, as modified; authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate legislative rules relating to financial disclosure, as modified and amended; authorizing the human rights commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to sexual harassment, as modified; authorizing the human rights commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the exemption of private clubs, as modified; authorizing the human rights commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to religious discrimination, as modified: authorizing the human rights commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to waiver of rights; authorizing the division of public safety to promulgate legislative rules relating to contracted police or security services, as modified; authorizing the division of public safety to promulgate legislative rules relating to the carrying of handguns by retired or medically discharged members. as modified; authorizing the division of public safety to promulgate legislative rules relating to modified vehicle inspections, as amended; authorizing the alcohol beverage control commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the retail sale of wine in grocery stores, wine specialty shops and private wine restaurants; authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legisla-

tive rules relating to guaranteed loss ratios as applied to individual sickness and accident insurance policies, as modified; authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to examiners' compensation, qualifications and classification, as modified; authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to permanent regulations on medicare supplement insurance, as modified; authorizing the insurance commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to "tail" malpractice insurance covering certain medical and allied health care providers, as modified; authorizing the board of investments to promulgate legislative rules relating to the establishment of imprest funds, as modified; authorizing the board of investments to promulgate legislative rules relating to the administration of the consolidated pension fund by the West Virginia board of investments, as modified; authorizing the board of investments to promulgate legislative rules relating to the procedures for processing payments from the state treasury, as modified; authorizing the board of investments to promulgate legislative rules relating to the selection of state depositories for disbursement accounts through competitive bidding, as modified; authorizing the board of investments to promulgate legislative rules relating to the administration of the consolidated fund by the West Virginia board of investments, as modified; authorizing the board of investments to promulgate legislative rules relating to the selection of state depositories for receipt accounts. as modified and amended; authorizing the board of investments to promulgate legislative rules relating to the procedures for the deposit of moneys with the board of investments and the treasurer's office by state agencies, as modified; authorizing the racing commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to thoroughbred racing, as modified; authorizing the racing commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to greyhound racing; authorizing the state tax commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to the valuation of timberland and managed timberland, as modified: authorizing the state tax commissioner to

promulgate legislative rules relating to bingo, as modified; authorizing the state tax commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to the property transfer tax, as modified; authorizing the division of tax to promulgate legislative rules relating to the municipal business and occupation tax, as modified and amended: authorizing the division of tax to promulgate legislative rules relating to the soft drinks tax, as modified and amended: authorizing the division of tax to promulgate legislative rules relating to the corporation net income tax, as modified and amended; authorizing the state tax commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to the appraisal of producing and reserve oil and natural gas property for periodic statewide reappraisals for ad valorem property tax purposes, as modified; authorizing the state tax commissioner to promulgate legislative rules relating to the severance tax, as modified; authorizing the division of tax to promulgate legislative rules relating to the business franchise tax, as modified: authorizing the division of tax to promulgate legislative rules relating to exceptions to confidentiality of taxpaver information and disclosure of certain taxpaver information, as modified; authorizing the division of tax to promulgate legislative rules relating to the consumers sales and service tax and use tax, as modified and amended; authorizing the property valuation training and procedures commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to tax map sales, as modified; authorizing the division of motor vehicles to promulgate legislative rules relating to the denial, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of driving privileges, as modified and amended: authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to commercial feed, as modified and amended; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to wood destroying insect treatment standards. as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to the fee structure for the pesticide control act of 1990, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to animal disease control, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of

agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia plant pest act, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to the licensing of pesticide businesses, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to certified pesticide applicators, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to the assessment of civil penalties and the procedures for consent agreements and negotiated settlements, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to the aerial application of herbicides to rightsof-way, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to frozen desserts and imitation frozen desserts, as modified and amended; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia apiary law of 1991, as modified; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to the disposal of dead poultry, as modified and amended; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate legislative rules relating to the licensing of livestock dealers, as modified; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to the procedures, criteria and curricula for the examination and licensure of barbers, beauticians and manicurists. as modified; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to a fee schedule, as modified and amended; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to licensing schools of barbering and beauty culture; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to the operation of barber shops, beauty shops and schools of barbering and beauty culture; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to operational standards for schools of barbering and beauty culture, as modified; authorizing the board of barbers and beauticians to promulgate legislative rules relating to the qualifications, training,

examination and licensing of instructors in barbering and beauty culture, as modified; authorizing the board of examiners in counseling to promulgate legislative rules relating to licensing, as modified; authorizing the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and correction to promulgate legislative rules relating to protocol for law enforcement response to domestic violence, as modified and amended; authorizing the board of medicine to promulgate legislative rules relating to continuing education for physicians and podiatrists, as modified; authorizing the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to promulgate legislative rules relating to the policies and procedures for the development and maintenance of educational programs in practical nursing, as modified; authorizing the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to promulgate legislative rules relating to policies regulating licensure of the licensed practical nurse, as modified; authorizing the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to promulgate legislative rules relating to legal standards of nursing practice for the licensed practical nurse, as modified; authorizing the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to promulgate legislative rules relating to fees for services rendered by the board, as modified; authorizing the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to promulgate legislative rules relating to continuing competence, as modified; authorizing the board of pharmacy to promulgate legislative rules relating to computers, as modified; authorizing the board of pharmacy to promulgate legislative rules relating to the licensure of wholesale drug distributors, as modified; authorizing the board of pharmacy to promulgate legislative rules relating to mail order houses, as modified; authorizing the real estate commission to promulgate legislative rules relating to the requirements in licensing real estate brokers and salesmen and the conduct of brokerage businesses, as modified; authorizing the secretary of state to promulgate legislative rules relating to absentee voting by military voters who are members of reserve units called to active duty; authorizing the board of

accountancy to promulgate legislative rules relating to professional conduct, as modified; authorizing the board of architects to promulgate legislative rules relating to the board, as modified; authorizing the real estate appraiser licensing and certification board to promulgate legislative rules relating to the board, as modified: authorizing the real estate appraiser licensing and certification board to promulgate legislative rules relating to requirements of licensure and certification. as modified; authorizing the real estate appraiser licensing and certification board to promulgate legislative rules relating to the renewal of licensure or certification, as modified; authorizing the board of veterinary medicine to promulgate legislative rules relating to the organization and operation of the board. as modified; authorizing the board of veterinary medicine to promulgate legislative rules relating to a schedule of fees, as modified; authorizing the board of veterinary medicine to promulgate legislative rules relating to standards of practice, as modified and amended; authorizing the board of veterinary medicine to promulgate legislative rules relating to the registration of veterinary technicians, as modified; and authorizing the contractor licensing board to promulgate legislative rules relating to the West Virginia contractor's licensing act, as modified and amended.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five and seven, article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; that sections two, four and eight, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fourteen and fifteen; that sections two, three and eight, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section four, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three, five and six, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; that section two, article eight

of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that sections one. five, eight, nine, sixteen, seventeen, twenty, twenty-three and twenty-four, article nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections twenty-nine. thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two and thirty-three, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Authorization for Department of Administration to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 3. Authorization for Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 5. Authorization for Department of Health and Human Resources to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 6. Authorization for Department of Public Safety to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 7. Authorization for Department of Tax and Revenue to Promulgate Legislative Rules.
- 8. Authorization for Department of Transportation to Proumlgate Legislative Rules.
- 9. Authorization for Miscellaneous Agencies and Boards to Promulgate Legislative Rules.

ARTICLE 2. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF ADMINIS-TRATION TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-2-5. Board of risk and insurance management.
- Secretary of the department of administration. \$64-2-7.
- §64-2-8. Ethics commission.

§64-2-5. Board of risk and insurance management.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1
- the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine 2
- hundred eighty-three, relating to the board of risk and 3
- insurance management (mine subsidence), 4
- authorized. 5
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6
- the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine 7
- hundred eighty-five, modified by the state board of risk 8
- and insurance management to meet the objections of the 9
- legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 10
- the state register on the eighth day of December, one 11
- thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state
- 12 board of risk and insurance management (mine subsi-
- 13 dence insurance program), are authorized.
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- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 15 16 the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the board of risk and 17 18 insurance management to meet the objections of the 19 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 20 the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one 21 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 22 board of risk and insurance management (West Virginia 23 board of risk and insurance management), are 24 authorized.
- 25 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 26 the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine 27 hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of risk and 28 insurance management to meet the objections of the 29 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 30 the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one 31 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the board 32 of risk and insurance management (discontinuation of 33 professional malpractice program), are authorized.

§64-2-7. Secretary of the department of administration.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the secretary of the department of administration to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the secretary of the department of administration (plan of operation for the information and communication services division), are authorized.
- 11 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine 12 hundred ninety, modified by the secretary of the 13 department of administration to meet the objections of 14 the legislative rule-making review committee and 15 refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of 16 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating 17 18 to the secretary of the department of administration (parking), are authorized. 19
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- 21 the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine 22 hundred ninety, modified by the secretary of the 23 department of administration to meet the objections of 24 the legislative rule-making review committee and 25 refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of 26 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating 27 to the secretary of the department of administration 28 (leasing space on behalf of state spending units), are 29 authorized.
- 30 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 31 the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 32 ninety-one, modified by the secretary of the department 33 of administration to meet the objections of the legislative 34 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 35 register on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the secretary of the 36 37 department of administration (reporting of state assets 38 by financial institutions), are authorized.

§64-2-8. Ethics commission.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine 2 3 hundred ninety-one, modified by the ethics commission 4 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 5 6 thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the ethics commission (contribu-7 8 tions), are authorized, with the amendment set forth below: 9
 - On page one, subsection 3.4, by striking out the words "use their official title or position in the endorsement or support of" and inserting in lieu thereof "endorse".
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 13 the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine 14 hundred ninety-one, modified by the ethics commission 15 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 16 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 17 thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred 18 ninety-one, relating to the ethics commission (gifts), are 19 authorized, with the amendments set forth below: 20

- On page two, subsection 3.1, by striking out the word "significant";
- On page two, section four, subsection 4.1, by striking out "\$20" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$25";
- On page three, subsection 4.2, after the words "hotel room" by inserting a period and striking out the remainder of the sentence:
- On page three, subsection 5.1, by striking out the word "unlawful" and inserting in lieu thereof "improper";
- On page three, subsection 5.1, after the words "health club fees" by striking out the period and adding ", unless such expenses are offered to all of the panelists or speakers.";
- On page four, subsection 6.2, by striking out the word "unlawful" and inserting in lieu thereof "improper".
- 36 And,

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- On page four, section 7, at the end of the section by striking out the period and adding the following: ": Provided, That public officials and public employees may accept complimentary tickets to sporting events, if the tickets are incidental to the conduct of their official or ceremonial duties."
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the ethics commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the ethics commission (interest in public contracts), are authorized, with the amendment set forth below:
 - On page two, subsection 6.2, by striking out the words "complete in every particular and including the exact" and inserting in lieu thereof "including the".
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the ethics commission

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to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the ethics commission (lobbying), are authorized, with the amendment set forth below:

On page three, subsection 4.3, after the words "copies of forms" by inserting a period and striking out the remainder of the sentence.

66 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 67 the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine 68 hundred ninety-one, modified by the ethics commission 69 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 70 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 71 seventeenth day of December, one thousand nine 72 hundred ninety-one, relating to the ethics commission 73 (private gain), are authorized, with the amendments set forth below: 74

On page one, subsection 2.2, after the words "A public official" by inserting "acting in his or her capacity as a public official";

On page one, subsection 2.2, after the words "the public official." by adding a new sentence to read as follows: "The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a public official acting in his or her private capacity.";

On pages one and two, by striking out all of section three;

On pages two through four, by renumbering the remaining sections;

On page two, subsection 4.1, by striking out the words "persons in high office" and inserting in lieu thereof "a public official or public employee";

On page two, subsection 4.1, by striking out the words "close friends" and inserting in lieu thereof "cohabitating sexual partners";

On page two, subsection 4.2, after the word "sister" by striking out the remainder of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "or spouse.";

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- On page two, subsection 4.3, by striking out the words "close friend" and inserting in lieu thereof "cohabitating sexual partner";
- 98 On page three, subdivision 4.3.b, by striking out the 99 words "close friend" and inserting in lieu thereof 100 "cohabitating sexual partner";
- On page three, by striking out all of paragraph 4.3.b.2 and inserting in lieu thereof a new paragraph 4.3.b.2 to read as follows:
- "A public official or public employee should at least have some independent person take part in the selection. He or she should avoid using a subordinate for the independent person.";
- On page three, by striking out all of subsection 4.4 and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection to read as follows:
- "4.4 All hiring by public officials and public employees of relatives prior to the twenty-ninth day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two is not subject to review under the ethics act, in Chapter 6B of the W. Va. Code.":
- On page three, subsection 4.5, by striking out the words "close friend" and inserting in lieu thereof cohabitating sexual partner";
- On page three, after subsection 4.5, by adding thereto a new subsection, designated subsection 4.6, to read as follows:
- "4.6 It is improper for a public official or public employee to terminate the employment of a person without sufficient cause for the purpose of hiring a relative, friend or political supporter.";
- On page three, subsection 5.2, after the words "supervisor during work hours.", by adding the following sentence: "This subsection does not apply to de minimus work or services.";
- On page four, by striking out all of subsection 6.2 and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection 6.2, to read

- 132 as follows:
- 133 "6.2 Improper Use Public officials and public
- employees shall not use government property for personal projects or activities that result in private gain.
- 136 This subsection does not apply to the de minimus use
- 137 of government property.";
- 138 And.
- On page four, by striking out all of section 9 and inserting in lieu thereof a new section 9 to read as
- 141 follows:
- "Full-time appointed public officials and part-time
- 143 and full-time public employees may not receive private
- 144 compensation for performing private work during
- 145 public work hours. This section shall not apply to de
- 146 minimus private work."
- 147 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 148 the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine
- 149 hundred ninety-one, modified by the ethics commission
- 150 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making
- 151 review committee and refiled in the state register on the
- 152 seventeenth day of December, one thousand nine
- 153 hundred ninety-one, relating to the ethics commission
- 154 (voting), are authorized, with the amendments set forth
- 155 below:
- On page one, subsection 2.2, by striking out the second
- and third paragraphs of subsection 2.2;
- 158 And,
- On page one, after subsection 2.3, by adding a new
- subsection, designated subsection 2.4 to read as follows:
- 161 "2.4 In any case where a Senator or Delegate is voting as part of their official duties of office, the members of
- as part of their official duties of office, the members of the Senate and the members of the House of Delegates
- are governed by the rules of their respective houses. The
- provisions of subsection 2.3 of this rule shall not apply
- 166 to members of the Legislature when acting as a member
- 167 thereof."
- 168 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- 169 the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine
- 170 hundred ninety-one, modified by the ethics commission
- 171 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making
- 172 review committee and refiled in the state register on the
- 173 seventeenth day of December, one thousand nine
- 174 hundred ninety-one, relating to the ethics commission
- 175 (employment), are authorized, with the amendments set
- 176 forth below:
- On page two, subsection 3.3, by striking out the words
- 178 "if there is a reasonable probability that the person will
- 179 be regulated. There must be" and inserting in lieu
- 180 thereof "upon";
- 181 On page two, subdivision 4.2.c, after the word
- 182 "prohibition" by inserting the words "for all practical
- 183 purposes";
- On page three, by striking out all of subsections 4.5,
- 185 4.6 and 4.7;
- 186 And.
- On page three, by renumbering the remaining sub-
- 188 sections.

ARTICLE 3. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF COM-MERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RE-SOURCES TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- \$64-3-2. Division of banking.
- §64-3-4. Division of energy.
- §64-3-8. Division of natural resources.
- §64-3-14. Division of tourism and parks.
- §64-3-15. Public energy authority.

§64-3-2. Division of banking.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-two, relating to commissioner of banking (com-
- 4 munication terminals and interchange systems), are
- 5 authorized.
- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 7 the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine
- 8 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of
- 9 banking (consumer credit sales), are authorized.

- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the nineteenth day of August, one thousand nine 12 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of 13 banking (legal lending limit), are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of banking (implementing the West Virginia community reinvestment act), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of banking (subsidiary bank holding the stock of its parent company as collateral), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of banking (West Virginia consumer credit and protection act), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of banking (lease financing transactions), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- 50 the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 51 ninety-one, modified by the division of banking to meet 52 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 53 committee and refiled in the state register on the 54 fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 55 ninety-one, relating to the division of banking (operation 56 of state-chartered financial institutions in West Virgi-57 nia), are authorized.
- 58 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 59 the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 60 ninety-one, modified by the division of banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 61 62 committee and refiled in the state register on the 63 fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 64 ninety-one, relating to the division of banking (West 65 Virginia industrial bank and industrial loan company 66 act), are authorized.
- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 67 the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 68 69 ninety-one, modified by the division of banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 70 71 committee and refiled in the state register on the 72 fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of banking (West 73 Virginia consumer credit and protection act and the 74 money and interest article of chapter forty-seven), are 75 76 authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 77 78 the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 79 ninety-one, modified by the division of banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 80 81 committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 82 ninety-one, relating to the division of banking (permiss-83 ible additional charges in connection with a consumer 84 credit sale), are authorized. 85

§64-3-4. Division of energy.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred

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- eighty-two, relating to the department of mines (energy)
 (mine safety program), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of 8 energy (governing the safety of those employed in and 9 around surface mines), are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the office of oil and gas, department of mines (energy), (oil and gas and other wells), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page viii, place an * in front of section 32.02.
- 17 Page ix, after section 35.04 add the following:
- 18 "*35.05 Extra Powers of the Administrator 64."
- Page 1, section 1.03 in the list of additional regulations, add 35.05; in the list of revised regulations, add 32.02, 32.03 and 33.00.
- Page 52, section 32.04 and section 32.05 add at the end of (ii) the words "and (iii) definition of proration unit."
 - Page 53, section 33 after the word "definitions" add the following sentence: "The following definitions are applicable to these regulations used for purposes of implementing the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and are not intended to be used in any other context."
- Page 55, section 33.02 (b)(16) after the word "formations" in the third lines of (i) and (ii), add the words "for which a well has been."
- 32 Page 64, after section 35.04 add the following section:
- 33 "35.05 Extra Powers of the Administrator.
 - The administrator may also certify or provide a waiver for a well located within a proration unit as defined in 32.02 (b)(16) or any other well sought to be certified under these regulations after notice and hearing."

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- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-tee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (oil and gas wells and other wells), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the oil and gas division of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (certification of gas wells), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (underground injection control), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.

(h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (standards for certification of coal mine electricians), are autho-rized with the following amendments:

Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), following the second word, "electrician" by striking the colon and inserting the following: "under the supervision required by section 4.1(d) of these rules" and a colon.

Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of subdivision (6) and renumbering the subsequent subdivisions.

Page two, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of subdivision (9).

Page two, §2.1, subsection (b), by deleting all of subdivision (14) and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (14) to read as follows: "(14) Replace blown fuses on trolley poles and nips.";

103 And,

Page five, §4.1, subsection (d), line three, following the words "certified electrician prior" by inserting the words "to any work being performed and again prior."

(i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (safety training program for prospective underground coal miners in West Virginia), are authorized.

(j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the depart-ment of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (miscellaneous water pollution control), are authorized
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (dam control), are authorized.
 - (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (solid waste management), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (roof control), are authorized.
- 156 (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 157 the third day of April, one thousand nine hundred

- eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy (standards for certification of underground belt examiners for underground coal mines), are authorized.
- (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (performance standards for blasting on surface mines), are authorized.
- 166 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 167 the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 168 eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the 169 department of energy to meet the objections of the 170 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 171 the state register on the twentieth day of February, one 172 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 173 commissioner of the department of energy (state 174 national pollutant discharge elimination system 175 (NPDES) for mines and minerals), are authorized.
- (r) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the department of energy to promulgate the procedural rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy (requests for information) with the amendments set forth below:
- On page two, subsection 3.1, by striking subdivision (d) and renumbering the remaining subdivisions.
- 184 And,

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- On page three, section 6, by striking all of subsection 6.1 and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:
 - "6.1 The department shall establish fixed rate fees for reproduction of documents, records, and files on the basis of the actual cost of such reproduction and shall document such costs: *Provided*, That where total costs are less than five dollars, no fee shall be charged."
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the

- legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (blasters certification for surface coal mines and surface areas of coal mines), are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (abandoned mine reclamation), are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and modified to meet the objections of the West Virginia Legislature and refiled in the state register on the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (West Virginia surface mining reclamation regulations (repealer), are authorized.
 - (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the department of energy (submission and approval of a comprehensive mine safety program for coal mining operations in the state of West Virginia), are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred

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ninety, relating to the division of energy (surface mining reclamation), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 64, section 3.25(a)(2), after the words "section 18 of the Act and paragraph" by deleting the "(c)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(a), (b), (c), (d), (i), (i) and (k)."

243 And.

On page 148, section 12.4(d)(2), by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 246 "(2) In the event the Commissioner is unable to collect 247 the costs from the permittee, the Commissioner shall in 248 a timely manner but not later than one hundred eighty 249 days after forfeiture of the site-specific bond utilize 250 moneys in the Special Reclamation Fund created by 251 Subsection (g), Section 11 of the Act, to accomplish the 252 completion of reclamation, including the requirements 253 of Section 23 of the Act and Subsection 14.5 of these 254 regulations governing water quality."
 - (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of energy (miscellaneous water pollution control), are authorized.
 - (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of energy (West Virginia surface mining and reclamation regulations), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page one hundred fifty-three, section 12.2(c)(4), after the number "(4)", by inserting the words "For permits issued after the effective date of these

275 regulations,".

276 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 277 the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred 278 ninety-one, modified by the division of energy to meet 279 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 280 committee and refiled in the state register on the 281 twenty-second day of October, one thousand nine 282 hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of energy 283 (standards for certification of blasters for surface coal 284 mines and surface areas of underground coal mines), are 285 authorized

§64-3-8. Division of natural resources.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the department of natural 4 resources (surface mining), are authorized with the 5 amendments set forth below:
- Page 3-4, §3E.01 by adding after the word "engineer" the words "or licensed land surveyor."
- Page 3-5, §3E.02, subsection (a), by adding after the word "mining" the words "or civil."
- 10 And,
- Page 3-5, §3E.02, subsection (b), by adding after the first sentence "Those persons who have been approved to date need not make said demonstration."
- 14 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 15 the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine 16 hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of 17 natural resources (solid waste management), are 18 authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 9, section 4.04, line five, add the following paragraph:
- "Upon request of any applicant, the division shall meet with the applicant for prefiling review of the application. The division, with the cooperation of the solid waste authority, shall assist the applicant in preparing a complete and proper application."

26 would not be rejected as incomplete."

On page 15, section 6.03(c)(1) in the first full sentence, after the word "cease", strike the remainder of the sentence and insert in lieu thereof the words "within fifteen (15) days of receipt of an order of suspension" and in the second sentence strike the word "recommence" and insert the words "continue beyond fifteen (15) days"; (c)(2) in the first full sentence, after the word "cease" by striking out the remainder of the sentence and insert in lieu thereof the words "immediately upon receipt of an order of revocation."

- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (public use of state parks, forests, hunting and fishing areas), are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (surface mining reclamation), are authorized.
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (coal refuse disposal), are authorized.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (transfer of the state national pollutant discharge elimination system program), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

Page 10-5, by striking §10B.19 and inserting in lieu thereof a new §10B.19, to read as follows: "'Effluent limitations guidelines' means a regulation published by the Administrator under Section 304(b) or Section 301(b)(1)(B) of the CWA to adopt or revise effluent limitations or levels of effluent quality attainable through the application of secondary or equivalent treatment. For the coal industry these regulations are

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- 65 published at 40 C.F.R. Parts 434 and 133. (See: Appendix G and H)."
- 67 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 68 the twenty-eighth day of August, one thousand nine 69 hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of 70 natural resources (small arms hunting), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management: Small quantity generators and waste minimization certification), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - On page 1, §3.1.4b, delete the word "or" in the reference to "paragraph (g) or (j)" and insert in lieu thereof the words "and, if applicable."
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (WV/NPDES regulations for the coal mining point source category and related sewage facilities), are authorized.
 - (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand hundred eighty-five, modified by the depart natural resources to meet the objections of the

ARTICLE 9D. SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY.

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§18-9D-17. Transfer of unencumbered interest from trustees to general revenue fund; purpose of transfer.

1 On or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-two, the authority shall transfer to the 3 general revenue fund of the state, from accounts held 4 by any trust company or companies or any bank or 5 banks empowered to act as trustee for the holders of 6 bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this article, 7 the amount of one million dollars held by such institu-8 tions as interest accumulated from investments made by 9 such institutions while acting as custodians or safe-10 guards of funds of the authority or the proceeds of bonds 11 issued in accordance with the provisions of this article: 12 Provided. That such transfer shall be effected only to the 13 extent that the accumulated interest to be transferred 14 is wholly unencumbered and is not otherwise committed 15 for the payment of bonds or the completion of authorized 16 projects, designated for transfer to any existing special 17 funds, sinking funds, reserve funds or any other moneys 18 or funds, or in any other manner required to be held 19 so as to protect the rights and remedies of a trust 20 company or bank as trustee or the rights and remedies 21 of the bondholders.

The purpose of the transfer of funds required by this section is to facilitate the appropriation of a like amount to the school building capital improvements fund, within the state budget for the fiscal year commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. to be used as debt service for revenue bonds to be issued by the authority pursuant to the provisions of section eight of this article to finance needs projects to be selected by the authority which have not heretofore been funded because of the unavailability of necessary funding, and to pay the costs and reserves of such bond issues. The proceeds of any revenue bonds issued by the authority for additional projects authorized pursuant to this section shall not be deemed available for distribution by the authority within the meaning of section fifteen of this article. The proceeds of such revenue

- 38 bonds shall be allocated and expended solely on the basis
- 39 of need and efficient use of resources, such basis being
- 40 determined by the authority in accordance with the
- 41 provisions of section fifteen of this article.

CHAPTER 4

(S. B. 1-By Senator Burdette, Mr. President)

[Passed March 14, 1992; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five and seven, article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; to amend and reenact sections two, four and eight, article three of said chapter: to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fourteen and fifteen: to amend and reenact sections two, three and eight, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section four, article six of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, five and six, article seven of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; to amend and reenact section two, article eight of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections one, five, eight, nine, sixteen, seventeen, twenty, twenty-three and twenty-four, article nine of said chapter; and to further amend said article by adding thereto five new sections, designated sections twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two and thirty-three, all relating generally to the promulgation of administrative rules and regulations by the various executive or administrative agencies and the procedures relating thereto; the legislative mandate or authorization for the promulgation of certain legislative rules by various executive and administrative agencies of the state; authorizing certain of the agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules in the form that the rules were filed in the state register; authorizing certain of the agencies to promulgate legislative rules

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- 181 refiled in the state register on the seventh day of 182 August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, 183 relating to the director of the department of natural resources (boating regulations), are authorized with the 184 185 amendment set forth below:
 - On page 16, section 6.2, line 3 by inserting following the period "This regulation does not apply to licensed outfitters and guides." These rules were proposed by the director of the department of natural resources pursuant to section seven, article one and section twenty-two. article seven, chapter twenty of this code.
 - (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (boating), are authorized.
 - (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (commercial sale of wildlife), are authorized.
 - (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (catching and selling bait fish), are authorized.

- 220 (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 221 the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand nine 222 hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the 223 department of natural resources (West Virginia public 224 hunting and fishing areas), are authorized with the 225 following amendment:
- On page three, section 3.8.4, by inserting after the word "vehicle" the following: ", all terrain vehicle (ATV)."
- 229 (cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 230 the seventeenth day of March, one thousand nine 231 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of natural 232 resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-233 making review committee and refiled in the state 234 register on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand 235 nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (solid waste management), are authorized 236 237 with the amendments set forth below:
- On page 13, Section 3.2.6, by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 240 "3.2.6. Within two hundred (200) feet of faults that 241 have had displacement in Holocene time (i.e., during the 242 last eleven thousand years);"
- On page 64, Section 3.14.25, by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu thereof the following language:
- 246 "3.14.25. Environmental Compliance History. The chief or the director may refuse to grant any permit if 247 248 he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by 249 documented evidence, that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager, thereof, or shareholder owning 250 251 twenty percent (20%) or more of its capital stock, 252 beneficial or otherwise, or other person conducting or 253 managing the affairs of the applicant or of the proposed 254 permitted premises, in whole or part, has exhibited a 255 pattern of violation of the environmental statutes or 256 regulations of this State, any other state, or the federal 257 government."
 - On page 104, section 4.5.4.a, by inserting after the

259 words "at that landfill" the following:

"Nothing within these regulations shall be construed to allow the installations of any liner or system on areas not lined as of November 30, 1989, that is not in conformance with section 4.5.4.a.E or 4.5.4.a.G of these regulations. Landfills that do have an article 5f permit and a liner installed as of November 30, 1989, may install a liner as approved by the chief."

267 And.

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On pages 147 through 151, sections 4.11.5 and 4.11.6, by deleting the current language and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"4.11.5. Corrective Action Program.

Whenever a statistically significant increase is found in a Phase II or Phase III monitoring parameter, or when groundwater contamination is otherwise identified by the Chief at sites without monitoring programs. which is determined by the Chief to have resulted in a significant adverse effect on an aquifer, and which is attributable to a solid waste facility, the Chief may require appropriate corrective or remedial action pursuant to W. Va. Code Chapter 20, article 5A, and Chapter 20, article 5F to abate, remediate or correct such pollution. Any such corrective or remedial action order shall take into account any applicable groundwater quality protection standards, the existing use of such waters, the reasonable uses of such waters, background water quality, and the protection of human health and the environment."

(dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (underground storage tanks), are authorized.

(ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (transporting and selling wildlife pelts), are authorized.

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(ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of August. one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (under-ground storage tank fee assessments), are authorized.

(gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (public hunting and fishing areas), are authorized.

(hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of natural resources (water pollution control permit fee schedules), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page five, section 3.3, by deleting the following: "Submitted fees are not refundable."

On page two, after section 2.6, by inserting the following:

"Customer" means any person that purchases waste disposal services from a facility permitted under article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. For the purposes of these regulations, commercial and other non-single family dwelling customers shall be translated into customer equivalents by dividing the total daily estimated volume of waste water by three hundred and fifty gallons per day." and renumbering the remaining subsections.

On page nine, section 7.2, by striking out the words "seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750)." and inserting in

1668	Legislative Rules	[Ch. 4	
337	lieu thereof the following:		
338 339	"determined using Table D, but in no case shall be less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)."		
340	And,		
341 342 343 344	On page thirteen, by striking out all of Table D, Schedule of Annual Permit Fees, and inserting in lieu thereof a new Table D, designated "Schedule of Annual Permit Fees", to read as follows:		
345	"TABLE D		
346	SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL PERMIT FEES		
347	SEWAGE FACILITIES		
348	Number of Customers	Annual Permit Fee	
349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361	less than 1000 1000 to 1499 1500 to 1999 2000 to 2499 2500 to 2999 3000 to 3499 3500 to 3999 4000 to 4499 4500 to 4999 greater than 5000 INDUSTRIAL OR OTHER WA	\$ 250 \$ 500 \$ 750 \$ 1000 \$ 1250 \$ 1500 \$ 1750 \$ 2000 \$ 2250 \$ 2500 \$ 2500 ASTE FACILITIES Annual Permit Fee	
362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369	less than 1,000 1,001 to 10,000 10,001 to 50,000 greater than 50,000 (ii) The legislative rules filed in the twenty-fifth day of July, one the eighty-nine, modified by the direct of natural resources to meet the eighty-rule-making review contactions.	housand nine hundred tor of the department he objections of the	

legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the

- director of the department of natural resources (revocation of hunting and fishing licenses), are authorized.
 - (jj) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (state water pollution control revolving fund program), are authorized.
 - (kk) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (assessment of civil administrative penalties), are authorized.
 - (ll) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (water pollution control permit fee schedules), are authorized.
 - (mm) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (underground storage tank insurance trust fund), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page four, after subsection 5.1, by inserting a new subdivision 5.1.1 to read as follows:
- 410 "5.1.1 The fee shall be one hundred dollars per tank 411 per year (\$100/tank/year) for a period of not less than

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- one (1) year and not more than three (3) years. Second and third year capitalization fees may be levied if there is an inadequate surplus of funds, as determined by the Board of Risk and Insurance Management, the Division of Natural Resources and the Underground Storage
- 417 Tank Advisory Committee pursuant to W. Va. Code,
- 418 §20-5H-7."
- 419 (nn) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 420 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 421 ninety, modified by the division of natural resources to 422 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 423 committee and refiled in the state register on the second 424 day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety. 425 relating to the division of natural resources (under-426 ground storage tanks), are authorized with the amend-427 ment set forth below:
- On page four, section five, subsection 5.1, after the word "requirements" by striking out the remainder of the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:
- "of Title 47, Series 37 (Underground Storage Tank Fee Assessments); Title 47, Series 36, Section 4 (Notification Requirements); and Title 47, Series 37A, Section 5 (Capitalization Fees) of the Code of State Regulations and the owner or operator presents proof of the certification to the carrier."
 - (00) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (dam safety), are authorized.
 - (pp) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.

- (qq) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of natural resources (special motorboating regulations), are authorized
 - (rr) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of natural resources (special fishing regulations), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page one, by striking out subsection 2.1 and inserting in lieu thereof, a new subsection 2.1, to read as follows:
 - "2.1 "Daylight hours" means the time period between sixty minutes before sunrise and sixty minutes after sunset."
 - (ss) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of natural resources (boating regulations), are authorized.
 - (tt) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the division of natural resources to promulgate the legislative rule relating to water pollution control permit fee schedules, 47 CSR 26, effective the twenty-second day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, with the amendment set forth below:
- On page eight, subdivision 7.4.1, at the end of the

- 490 subdivision by striking the period and adding the 491 following:
- ": Provided, That if the chief determines that a facility is in substantial compliance with its existing permit, the fee is one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1.250.00)."

§64-3-14. Division of tourism and parks.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 2 3 ninety-one, modified by the division of tourism and 4 parks to meet the objections of the legislative rule-5 making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the twenty-seventh day of September, one 7 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of tourism and parks (public use of West 8 9 Virginia state parks, state forests and state hunting and 10 fishing areas under the division of tourism and parks). 11 are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page five, subsection 2.21 by striking out the words "and Tomlinson Run".

§64-3-15. Public energy authority.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety, modified by the public energy authority 3 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 4 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 5 twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 6 ninety-one, relating to the public energy authority 7 (establishment of rules and procedure for the exercise 8 of the powers of eminent domain for qualified projects), 9 are authorized. 10
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine 12 hundred ninety, modified by the public energy authority 13 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 14 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 15 twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 16 ninety-one, relating to the public energy authority 17 (establishment of a fee schedule and cost allocations to 18

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the issuance of bonds by the West Virginia public energy authority), are authorized.

ARTICLE 5. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-5-2. State board of health; division of health.
- §64-5-3. Health care cost review authority.
- §64-5-8. Human rights commission.

§64-5-2. State board of health; division of health.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (waste 4 water treatment works operations), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred 7 eighty-two, relating to the state board of health 8 (laboratory reporting of syphilis and gonorrhea), are 9 authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (public water supply operators) with the modification of §11.02 as presented to the legislative rule-making review committee on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (sewage systems) with the modification presented to the legislative rule-making review committee on the sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, are authorized except lines ten through seventeen, page eight of the rules shall be stricken in their entirety and the remaining paragraphs renumbered.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (approval of laboratories), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (permit fees), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightytwo, relating to the state board of health (certificate of need), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (eyes of newborn children), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and filed with amendments on the eleventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (nursing home licensure), are authorized with the amendment of §5.15.02 of those rules as set forth below:

By striking the word "and" at the end of subdivision (f), by changing the period at the end of subdivision (g) to a semicolon, and by adding the following after subdivision (g): "(h) One (1) member who represents social work services."

- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (guardianship service), are authorized with the exception of section 9.3 of those rules which may not be promulgated.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightytwo, relating to the state board of health (controlled substances research program and certification), are authorized.
- (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (chemical test for intoxication), are authorized.

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- 69 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 70 the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine 71 hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of 72 health (birthing center licensure), are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - Page 45, §12.8.2. In the first sentence delete the words "without delay" and insert in lieu thereof the words "within twenty-four hours after receiving a report of a complaint."
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (procedures for recovery of corneal tissue for transplant), are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (well water regulations), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- 92 §4.1. In the first sentence delete the word "obtaining" 93 and insert in lieu thereof the words "applying for". In 94 the second sentence after "4.3" add "and 4.5."
 - §4.2. At the end of the second sentence, strike the period and add the words "unless emergency conditions prevail as noted under §4.3."

With the balance of §4.2 and create a new §4.3 with the following changes: In the first sentence delete the word "deadline" and insert in lieu thereof the word "requirements." Add after the first sentence the sentence, "Emergency conditions and unavoidable circumstances are those conditions involving acts of God, water outages or disruption of water service, unsatisfactory water quality or quantity or public health threats." In the third sentence delete the word "exceed" and insert

107 in lieu thereof the words "be made in excess of."

- Renumber §4.3 as §4.4 and add the following two sentences at the end of the section: "Such standards shall constitute the minimum standards for the installation,
- the alteration or the deepening of water wells. Any plans
- approved by the director pursuant to these regulations
- shall be in substantial compliance with the heretofore mentioned standards."
- Renumber §4.4 as §4.5, §4.5 as §4.6, §4.6 as §4.7, §4.7 as §4.8 and §4.8 as §4.9.
- 117 And,

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- \$5.2. Delete the words "four (4)" and insert in lieu thereof the words "two (2)" and delete the words "active, continuous."
- (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (trauma center or facility designation), are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (reportable diseases), are authorized.
- (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (licensure of medical adult day care centers), are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (retail food store sanitation), are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the director of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of health (adult group home licensure), are authorized.

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- 146 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 147 the twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand nine 148 hundred eighty-five, modified by the state board of 149 health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-150 making review committee and refiled in the state 151 register on the twenty-seventh day of December, one 152 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state 153 board of health (licensure of hospice care programs), are 154 authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the director of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the director of health (rules governing emergency medical services), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- On page 3, §3.9 shall read as follows:
- 165 "3.9 Quorum — When applied to the EMSAC, a 166 majority of the members thereof, except in the instance 167 when at any meeting of the EMSAC, where a quorum is not present and the director causes to be deposited in 168 the United States mail, postage prepaid, return receipt 169 requested, to each member of the EMSAC within three 170 171 days, a notice calling a meeting of the EMSAC at some 172 convenient place in the state of West Virginia two weeks 173 after the meeting at which no quorum was present. Quorum means any number of members of the EMSAC 174 who attend such subsequent meeting. Any member 175 176 missing two consecutive meetings shall be removed from 177 the EMSAC."
- On page 6, §4.7.1 shall be deleted in its entirety;
- 179 And,
- On page 7, §4.10.1 shall read as follows:
- "4.10.1 every applicant for certification as an EMSP
 prior to such certification, shall demonstrate his or her
 knowledge and ability by undergoing a written examination and a demonstration of skills, and by attaining

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- a passing score on the same. Passing score shall be the same for all testing programs."
- 187 (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 188 the fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 189 eighty-five, relating to the state department of health 190 (revising the list of hazardous substances), are 191 authorized.
- 192 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 193 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the department 194 195 of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 196 197 register on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand 198 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the 199 department of health (hazardous material treatment 200 information repository), are authorized.
- 201 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 202 the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 203 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 204 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 205 committee and refiled in the state register on the 206 sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 207 eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (methods 208 and standards for chemical tests for intoxication), are 209 authorized.
 - (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are authorized.
 - (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred

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eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (hospital licensure), are authorized.

- 227 (cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 228 the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 229 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet 230 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 231 committee and refiled in the state register on the 232 twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine 233 hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health 234 (hospital licensure and allowing hospitals to have 235 licensed hospital professionals, other than licensed 236 physicians, on their medical staff), are authorized.
- 237 (dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 238 239 eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 240 241 committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine 242 243 hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health 244 (vital statistics), are authorized.
 - (ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (immunization criteria for transfer students), are authorized.
 - (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (hazardous substances), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - Page 33, section 8, line 8 (unnumbered), by adding at the end of section 8 the following proviso: "Provided, That the owner's or operator's submissions are based on the threshold reporting requirements contained in section 5, article 31, chapter 16."
 - (gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (trauma center or facility desig-

264 nation), are authorized.

(hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (licensure of hospice care programs), are authorized.

(ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the third day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (water wells), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page 2, §3.8, shall read as follows:

"3.8 Water Well — Any excavation or penetration in the ground, whether drilled, bored, cored, driven or jetted that enters or passes through an aquifer for purposes that may include, but are not limited to: A water supply, exploration for water, dewatering or heat pump wells, except that this definition shall not include ground water monitoring activities and all activities for the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of coal, oil and gas and other mineral resources which are regulated under chapter 22, 22a or 22b of the code."

(jj) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (plumbing requirements), are authorized.

(kk) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (public water supply operators), are authorized.

(ll) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (volatile synthetic organic chemicals), are authorized.

(mm) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of health (asbestos abatement licensing), are authorized.

- (nn) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the division of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the division of public health (AIDS-related medical testing and confidentiality), are authorized.
- (00) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one

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thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the state board of health (nursing home licensure), are authorized.

- (pp) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state board of health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are authorized.
- 351 (qq) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 352 the twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand nine 353 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state board of 354 health (methods and standards for chemical test for 355 intoxication), are authorized.
 - (rr) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of health (fees for permits), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- On page two, subsection 3.6, by striking out all of the subsection and renumbering the subsequent subsections.
- On page four, subsection 5.4, by striking out all of the subsection and renumbering the subsequent subsections.
- 368 And,
- On page six, Table 64-30c, by striking out Table 64-370 30c and inserting in lieu thereof a new table, to read as follows:

372 TABLE 64-30C.

373 Individual On-Site and Innovative Alternative Type

374 Sewage System Permit Fees

374	Sewage System Permit Pees	
375	Type of System	Fees for Permit
376 377 378	Class I (New or Modified) Class II (New or Modified) Home Aeration Unit	\$100 \$100 \$100

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- 379 (ss) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 380 the seventh day of December, one thousand nine 381 hundred ninety, modified by the board of health to meet 382 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 383 committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine 384 hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of health 385 386 (public water systems, bottled water and laboratory 387 certification), are authorized.
 - (tt) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of health (vital statistics), are authorized.
 - (uu) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of health (fees for services), are authorized.
 - (vv) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of health (specialized health procedures), are authorized.
 - (ww) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred nine yone, relating to the division of health (emergence)

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419 medical services), are authorized.

420 (xx) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 421 the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 422 ninety-one, modified by the secretary of the department 423 of health and human resources to meet the objections of 424 the legislative rule-making review committee and 425 refiled in the state register on the third day of January, 426 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the 427 secretary of the department of health and human 428 resources (retail food store sanitation), are authorized.

(yy) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the division of health to promulgate the legislative rule relating to swimming pools and bathing beaches, 64 CSR 16, effective the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty, with the amendment set forth below:

434 On page five, section 11.3 by striking out the period 435 following the word "beach" and adding the following: 436 "Provided, That at hotels, motels, apartment complexes, 437 or condominiums which have swimming pools of five 438 feet or less in depth at the deepest point, employment 439 of lifeguards is recommended but not mandatory, 440 whether or not the establishment charges an admission fee (gate receipt, annual pass or membership dues). If 441 442 no lifeguards are employed, the management shall post a sign in a prominent location near the swimming pool 443 stating "SWIM AT YOUR OWN RISK - ALL PER-444 SONS UNDER THE AGE OF 14 MUST BE ACCOM-445 PANIED BY AN ADULT." 446

§64-5-3. Health care cost review authority.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the health care cost 4 review authority (limitation on hospital gross patient 5 revenue), are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the health care cost review authority (freeze on hospital rates and granting temporary rate increases), are authorized.

- 11 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 12 the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine 13 hundred eighty-four, relating to the health care cost 14 review authority (implementation of the utilization 15 review and quality assurance program), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the health care cost review authority (hospital cost containment methodology), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia health care cost review authority (interim standards for lithotripsy services), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia health care cost review authority (exemptions from certificate of need review), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the health care cost review authority (financial disclosure), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register and the fourteenth day of August, one thousand to

- 51 hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia 52 health care cost review authority to meet the objections 53 of the legislative rule-making review committee and 54 refiled in the state register on the fifth day of December, 55 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 56 West Virginia health care cost review authority (expe-57 dited review for rate changes), are authorized with the 58 amendments set forth below:
- 59 On page 5, Section 4.1, after the words: "affected by 60 the increase." by inserting the following language: "The hospital shall also reconcile any excesses in gross 61 62 revenue, gross patient revenue, gross inpatient revenue 63 or charges per discharge. Within fifteen days of 64 submission the Authority shall inform the hospital if it 65 accepts the justification for excesses provided by the 66 hospital."
- 67 And,

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- On page 6, section 4.2, after the words "the excess in gross outpatient revenue" by striking the period and inserting the following:
- "or if any excesses in the above categories (1 through 4) have been sufficiently justified to the Authority as required in Section 4.1 of this rule."
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia health care cost review authority (exemption for conversion of acute care beds to skilled nursing care beds), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine

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- 90 hundred ninety, relating to the health care cost review 91 authority (exemption for shared services), are 92 authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the health care cost review authority (health services offered by health professionals), are authorized.
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia health care cost review authority (conversion of acute care beds to one hundred skilled nursing care beds), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the health care cost review authority (health services offered by health professionals), are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the health care cost review authority (review for automatic rate changes), are authorized.

- 130 (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 131 the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 132 ninety-one, modified by the health care cost review 133 authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-134 making review committee and refiled in the state 135 register on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand 136 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the health care cost 137 review authority (certificate of need), are authorized.
- 138 (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 139 the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 140 ninety-one, modified by the health care cost review 141 authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-142 making review committee and refiled in the state 143 register on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand 144 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the health care cost 145 review authority (exemption for shared services), are authorized with the amendments set forth below: 146
- On page six, subsection 4.4, after the words "Charleston newspapers", by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof a comma;
- On page six, subsection 4.4, after the words "State Register" by adding the words "and a newspaper of general circulation within the area of the facility.";
- On page seven, subsection 4.5, after the words "notice in the Saturday Charleston newspapers", by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof a comma;
 - On page seven, subsection 4,5, before the words "the state agency shall within ten", by striking out the comma and inserting the words "and a newspaper of general circulation within the area of the facility";
- 160 And,

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- On page seven, subsection 4.5, after the words "decision in the Saturday Charleston newspapers", by striking out the remainder of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: ", the state register and a newspaper of general circulation within the area of the facility.".
 - (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the health care cost review authority (development of life care retirement centers), are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the health care cost review authority (conversion of acute care beds to skilled nursing care beds), are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the health care cost review authority (financial disclosure), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page eighteen, after subsection 5.3, by adding thereto a new subsection, designated subsection 5.4, to read as follows:
- "5.4 A covered facility which is a nonprofit, community-based primary care center providing primary care services without regard to ability to pay which provides the board with a year-end audited financial statement prepared in accordance with generally accepted audit-ing standards and with governmental auditing stand-ards issued by the comptroller general of the United States shall be considered to have complied with the disclosure requirements of sections 3 and 4 of this rule."

§64-5-8. Human rights commission.

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- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 3 ninety, modified by the human rights commission to 4 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 5 committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth 6 day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety. 7 relating to the human rights commission (discrimination 8 against the handicapped), are authorized.
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the twenty-second day of March, one thousand nine 11 hundred ninety-one, modified by the human rights commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-12 13 making review committee and refiled in the state 14 register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand 15 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the human rights 16 commission (sexual harassment), are authorized.
- 17 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 18 the twenty-second day of March, one thousand nine 19 hundred ninety-one, modified by the human rights 20 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-21 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of November, one 22 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the 23 human rights commission (exemption of private clubs), 24 25 are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the human rights commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the human rights commission (religious discrimination), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register as an emergency rule on the twenty-second day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the human rights commission (waiver of rights under the human rights act), are authorized.

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ARTICLE 6. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

§64-6-4. Division of public safety.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of 4 public safety (general orders), are authorized with the 5 amendment set forth below:
- Page 23, §9.10, remove the period at the end of the sentence and add the words "or municipalities."
- 8 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 9 the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine 10 hundred eighty-four, modified by the department of 11 public safety to meet the objections of the legislative 12 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 13 register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of public safety (commission on drunk driving), are 15 16 authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the division of public safety to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the division of public safety (West Virginia state police career progression system), are authorized.
 - (d) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the division of public safety to promulgate legislative rules relating to the requirements and qualifications for official inspection stations and the issuance of permits for the stations. Such legislative rules, in establishing requirements and qualifications for official inspection stations shall not require bay doors at such stations to be greater than eight feet in height.
- 34 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 35 the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred

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- 36 ninety-one, modified by the division of public safety to 37 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 38 committee and refiled in the state register on the 39 nineteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 40 ninety-one, relating to the division of public safety 41 (contracted police or security services), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of public safety to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the nineteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of public safety (carrying of handguns by retired or medically discharged members), are authorized.
- 51 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 52 the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 53 ninety-two, relating to the division of public safety 54 (modified vehicle inspections), are authorized with the 55 amendments set forth below:
- 56 On page two, paragraph 2.2.3.3, by striking out the words "two licensed inspector mechanics" and inserting 57 in lieu thereof "one licensed inspector mechanic": 58
- 59 And.
- On page two, paragraph 2.2.3.4, by striking out the 60 word "two-car" and inserting in lieu thereof "one-car". 61

ARTICLE 7. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- **\$**64-7-1. Office of alcohol beverage control commissioner.
- Agency of insurance commissioner. 864-7-2.
- Board of investments. §64-7-3.
- Racing commission. §64-7-5.
- Tax department. §64-7-6.
- Property valuation training and procedures commission. 864-7-8.

Office of alcohol beverage control commissioner. 864-7-1.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1
- the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine 2
- hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage 3

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- control commission (transportation of alcoholic beverages), are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (lighting of licensed premises), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (kitchen and dining facilities), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (refusal to license private clubs), are authorized with the exception of subsection (a) of the rules which shall be promulgated as set forth below in this section as follows:
 - "(a) For purposes of this regulation, the commissioner may refuse to grant any license if he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence, that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other person conducting or managing the affairs of the applicant or of the proposed licensed premises, in whole or part:
 - Is not a person of good moral character or repute;
 - (2) Has maintained a noisy, loud, disorderly or unsanitary establishment;
 - (3) Has demonstrated, either by his police record or by his record as former licensee under chapter sixty or chapter eleven, article sixteen of the West Virginia code, a lack of respect for law and order, generally, or for the laws and rules governing the sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages or nonintoxicating beer;
- 41 (4) Has the general reputation of drinking alcoholic

- beverages to excess, or is addicted to the use of anarcotics; or
- 44 (5) Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the commissioner for a license.
 - (b) For purposes of this regulation, the commissioner shall refuse to grant any license if he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other person conducting or managing the affairs of the applicant or of the proposed licensed premises, in whole or part:
 - (1) Is not eighteen years of age or older;
 - (2) Has been convicted of a felony or other crime involving moral turpitude, and, upon such conviction, the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure within five years next preceding successful completion of all conditions of probation, discharge from parole supervision or expiration of sentence;
 - (3) Has been convicted of violating the liquor laws of any state or the United States, and, upon such conviction, the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure within five years next preceding successful completion of all conditions of probation, discharge from parole supervision or expiration of sentence;
 - (4) Has had any license revoked under the liquor laws of any state or the United States within five years next preceding the filing date of the application;
- 71 (5) Is not the legitimate owner of the business 72 proposed to be licensed, or other persons have ownership 73 interests in the business which have not been disclosed;
 - (6) Is a person to whom alcoholic beverages may not be sold under the provisions of chapter sixty of the West Virginia code;
- 77 (7) Has been adjudicated an incompetent;
- 78 (8) Is an officer or employee of the alcohol beverage

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79 control commissioner of West Virginia; or

- (9) Is violating or allowing the violation of any provision of chapter sixty, chapter sixty-one or chapter eleven, article sixteen of the code in its establishment at the time its application for a license is pending."
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (retail licensee operations), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page twelve, section four, subsection 4.8.1, after the word "stored" by changing the period to a colon and adding the following: "Provided, That the commissioner may, for good cause shown, permit a retail licensee holding three or more private club licenses to receive and store alcoholic liquors at warehouses or sites off premises."

- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (licensing of retail liquor stores), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (private club licenses), are authorized.

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- 118 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 119 the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred 120 ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control 121 commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative 122 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 123 register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand 124 nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage 125 control commissioner (bailment policies and proce-126 dures), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (farm wineries), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the alcohol beverage control commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (retail sale of wine in grocery stores, wine specialty shops and private wine restaurants), are authorized.
- 145 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 146 the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 147 ninety-one, relating to the alcohol beverage control 148 commission (retail sale of wine in grocery stores, wine 149 specialty shops and private wine restaurants), are autho-150 rized.

§64-7-2. Agency of insurance commissioner.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the insurance commis-
- 4 sioner (excess line brokers), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the insurance commis-sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the insurance commissioner (examiners' compensation, qualification and classification), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner (West Virginia essential property insurance association), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner (medical malpractice annual reporting requirements), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner (medical malpractice loss experience and loss expense reporting requirements), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the insurance commissioner (transitional requirements for the conversion of Medicare supplement insurance benefits and premiums to conform to Medicare program revisions), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred

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- 46 eighty-nine, modified by the insurance commissioner to 47 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 48 committee and refiled in the state register on the 49 twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine 50 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the insurance commissioner (insurance adjusters), are authorized. 51
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 58 ninety, relating to the insurance commissioner (accident 59 and sickness rate filing), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the insurance commissioner (group coordination of benefits), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the insurance commissioner (AIDS regulations), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the insurance commissioner (health insurance benefits for temporomandibular and craniomandibular disorders), are authorized.
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the

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- 86 thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 87 ninety-two, relating to the insurance commissioner 88 (guaranteed loss ratios as applied to individual sickness 89 and accident insurance policies), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the insurance commissioner (examiners' compensation, qualifications and classification), are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the insurance commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the insurance commissioner (permanent regulations on Medicare supplement insurance), are authorized.
- (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 108 the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 109 ninety-one, modified by the insurance commissioner to 110 111 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 112 thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 113 114 ninety-two, relating to the insurance commissioner ("tail" malpractice insurance covering certain medical 115 and allied health care providers), are authorized. 116

§64-7-3. Board of investments.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 2 3 eighty-four, relating to the state board of investments 4 (selection of state depositories for disbursement accounts through competitive bidding), are authorized.
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- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 7

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- 8 eighty-four, relating to the state board of investments 9 (administration of the consolidated fund), are 10 authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the state board of investments (administration of the consolidated fund), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the state board of investments (administration of the consolidated pension fund), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state board of investments (establishment of imprest funds), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state board of investments (administration of the consolidated pension fund by the West Virginia state board of investments), are authorized.

- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state board of investments (procedures for processing payments from the state treasury), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state board of investments (selection of state depositories for disbursement accounts through competitive bidding), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state board of investments (administration of the consolidated fund by the West Virginia state board of investments), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state board of investments (selection of state depositories for receipt accounts), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - On page three, section four, by striking out the period

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- after the word "agency" and adding the words "but shall select a depository in the same community or geographical area as the agency."
- 91 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine 92 93 hundred ninety, modified by the state board of investments to meet the objections of the legislative rule-94 making review committee and refiled in the state 95 register on the seventeenth day of May, one thousand 96 97 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state board of investments (procedures for deposit of moneys with the 98 board of investments and treasurer's office by state 99 100 agencies), are authorized.

§64-7-5. Racing commission.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 4 racing commission (Rule 795), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 8 racing commission (Rule 819), are authorized.
- 9 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 11 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 12 racing commission (Rule 107), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed with the legislative rule-making review committee on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 471), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 526), are authorized.
- 22 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 23 the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine 24 hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia

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25 racing commission (Rule 107) greyhound racing, are 26 authorized.

(g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 108) greyhound racing, are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike the remainder of the sentence.

(h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginiaracing commission (Rule 108) thoroughbred racing, are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike the remainder of the sentence.

- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 392) greyhound racing, are authorized.
- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 455) greyhound racing, are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 609A) greyhound racing, are authorized.
- (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 627) greyhound racing, are authorized.
- 61 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 62 the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine

- hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 845) thoroughbred racing, are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing Rule 628), are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing Rule 672), are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing Rule 808), are authorized.
 - (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing Rule 843), are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing Rule 845-I), are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.
- 100 (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 101 the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred

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102 eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia racing 103 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-104 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of December, one 105 106 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 107 West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred rac-108 ing), are authorized with the amendment set forth 109 below:

On page fifty-five, Section 61.3(f), by striking all of subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the existing provisions of subsection (f) as contained in 178 CSR 1, which reads as follows:

"All moneys held by any licensee for the payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if not claimed within ninety (90) days after the close of the horse race meeting in connection with which the tickets were issued, shall be turned over by the licensee to the Racing Commission within fifteen (15) days after the expiration of such ninety (90) day period and the licensee shall give such information as the Racing Commission may require concerning such outstanding and unredeemed tickets; viz. The outs ledger enumerating all outstanding tickets at the close of each meeting. to contain a record of all tickets redeemed in the ninety (90) day period following, together with all redeemed tickets which shall bear the stamp of the cashier(s) making redemption: A stamp indicating "Outs Ticket". In addition, a statement to accompany said ledger and tickets, setting forth the quantity and amount of each denomination redeemed in the ninety (90) day period, with a grand total indicating the sum paid in "Outs". This sum subtracted from the outs on the closing day to equal the remittance of the Association in settlement of the "Out" account for the meeting."

- (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.
- 140 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 141 the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine

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- hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.
 - (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.
 - (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing), are authorized.
 - (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On pages seventy-four-a through seventy-eight, section forty-five, by striking out all of subsection 45.38.

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- 181 (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 182 the twenty-ninth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 183 ninety-one, modified by the racing commission to meet 184 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 185 committee and refiled in the state register on the 186 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 187 ninety-one, relating to the racing commission (tho-188 roughbred racing), are authorized.
- (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing), are authorized.

§64-7-6. Tax department.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner 4 (appraisal of property for periodic statewide reapprai-5 sals for ad valorem property tax purposes), are autho-6 rized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 8, section 11.04(b)(2), definition of "Active Mining Property," at the end of the first paragraph following the period, by adding the following: "In the application of the herein provided valuation formula on 'active mining property,' the appropriate formula calculation will be based upon the actual market to which the coal from that tract and seam is currently being sold, whether it is 'metallurgical' or 'steam'."

On page 9, section 11.04(b)(3), definition of "Active Reserves," at the end of the subsection, following the period, by adding the following: "In the application of the herein provided valuation formula on 'active reserves,' the appropriate formula calculation will be based upon the actual market to which the coal from that tract and seam is currently being sold, whether it is 'metallurgical' or 'steam'."

On page 11, section 11.04(b)(11), definition of "Mineable Coal," by striking the subsection and substituting in lieu thereof the following: "(11) Mineable Coal. Coal which can be mined under present day mining technology and economics."

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- 28 On page 25, section 11.04(c)(2)(C), entitled "Property Tax Component," by striking the subsection and 29 inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(C) Property Tax 30 Component — This component will be derived by 31 32 multiplying the assessment rate by the statewide
- 33 average of tax rates on Class III property."
- 34 On page 30, section 11.04(c)(4), entitled "Valuation of 35 Mined-Out/Unmineable/Barren Coal Properties," by striking the numbers "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu 36 37 thereof the following: "\$1.00."
- 38 On page 31, section 11.04(c)(5)(B), by striking the words and numbers "Five Dollars (\$5.00)" and inserting 39 in lieu thereof the following: "One Dollar (\$1.00)." 40
- 41 On page 53, section 11.05(h) by striking the symbol 42 and figures "(\$5.00)" and inserting in lieu the following: 43 "(\$1.00)."
- 44 On page 73, section 11.06(h) by striking the symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu the following: 45 46 "\$1.00."
 - On page 81, section 11.07(e)(15)(B)(4) at the end of the second sentence remove the period after the word "property" and insert the words "unless the land is used for some other purpose in which case it will be taxed according to its actual use."
- 52 On page 86, section 11.07(k) delete all of subsection 53 (k).
- On page 110, section 11.08(c)(4) by striking the symbol 54 and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the 55 following: "\$1.00." 56
 - On page 111, section 11.08(c)(5)(B) by striking the symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "\$1.00."
- 60 And.
- On page 115, section 11.09(a)(3) in the first sentence. 61 insert after the word "land" the words "excluding 62 farmland." 63
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 64

- the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner (estimated personal income tax), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- 55.02(a)(2)(on page 182.2) line 18, after the word "profession" strike the words "on his own account" and the comma(,).
- 55.12(b)(1)(page 182.35) at the end of the section, change the period to a comma, and add the following language: "and in the case of a court appointed agent, a copy of the court order of appointment is sufficient."
- 76 And,

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- 77 55.12(c)(page 182.36) after the word "for," strike the word "erroneous."
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and on the twenty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (estimated corporation net income tax), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (identification and appraisal of farmland subsequent to the base year of statewide reappraisal), are authorized and directed to be promulgated with the following amendments:
 - Title page, Subject; following the word "Farmland," insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page i, Subject; following the word "Farmland," insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page i, TABLE OF CONTENTS, Section 10; following the words "Valuation of Farmland" add the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon."

- Page 10.1, Title; following the word "FARMLAND"
- insert the words "AND STRUCTURES SITUATED
- 105 THEREON."
- 106 Page 10.1, Section 10, Title; following the word
- 107 "Farmland" add the words "and Structures Situated
- 108 Thereon."
- 109 Page 10.1, Section 10.01(b); following the word
- 110 "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated
- 111 thereon."
- 112 Page 10.2, Section 10.02(a), first sentence; following
- 113 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures
- 114 situated thereon."
- Page 10.3, Section 10.02(b), first sentence; following
- 116 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures
- 117 situated thereon." Delete the words "for purposes of the
- 118 statewide reappraisal."
- 119 Page 10.3, Section 10.02(b), last sentence; following
- 120 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures
- 121 situated thereon."
- Page 10.8, Section 10.04(5)(B), last sentence; delete the
- 123 period and add "or the incapability to be adapted to
- 124 alternative uses."
- Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), first sentence; following
- 126 the words "land currently being used" insert the words
- 127 "as part of a farming operation."
- Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), following the last sent-
- 129 ence; add the sentence "For the purposes of this
- 130 definition, 'contiguous tracts' are farmlands which are
- 131 in close proximity, but not necessarily adjacent: Pro-
- 132 vided, That all such contiguous tracts are operated as
- 133 part of the same farm management plan."
- Page 10.10, Section 10.04(8), is amended to read in its
- 135 entirety as follows:
- 136 "(8) Farm buildings. The term 'farm buildings'
- shall mean structures which directly contribute to the operation of the farm, and shall include tenant houses
- operation of the farm, and shall include tenant houses and quarters furnished farm employees without rent as

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140 a part of the terms of their employment."

Page 10.11, Section 10.04; delete the word "November" and insert in lieu thereof the word "September." Delete the period following the word "valuation" and add the words, "for the assessment year beginning July first of each year."

Page 10.11, Section 10.04, insert the following subdivision: "(12) Application Form: The application form required to be filed with the assessor on or before September first of each year shall require certification that the farm complies with criteria set forth in Section 10.05(c) of these regulations, and renewal applications from year to year shall be sufficient upon statement certifying that no change has been made in the use of farm property which would disqualify 'farm use' classification for assessment purposes." Renumber the subdivisions of Section 10.04 following the new 10.04(12); formerly 10.04(12) through 10.04(28), to 10.04(13) through 10.04(29), respectively.

Page 10.14, Section 10.04(28) (formerly 10.04(27)); following the words "woodland products" insert a comma and the words "such as nuts or fruits harvested" and add a comma following the words "human consumption" on Page 10.15.

Page 10.16, Section 10.05, subsection (a), following the words "land is used for farm purposes" by striking the period and inserting in lieu thereof a colon and the following: "Provided. That the true and actual value of all farm used, occupied and cultivated by their owners or bona fide tenants shall be arrived at according to the fair and reasonable value of the property for the purpose for which it is actually used regardless of what the value of the property would be if used for some other purpose: and that the true and actual value shall be arrived at by giving consideration to the fair and reasonable income which the same might be expected to earn under normal conditions in the locality wherein situated, if rented: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall alter the method of assessment of lands or minerals owned by domestic or foreign corporations."

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- Page 10.16, Section 10.05(b), first clause; following the words "following factors shall be" insert the words
- 182 "indicative of but not conclusive" and delete the word 183 "considered."
- Page 10.16, Section 10.05(b)(2); delete the period and add the words "such as soil conservation, farmland preservation or federal farm lending agencies."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(7); delete the section and insert in lieu thereof the words "(7) Whether or not the farmer practices 'custom farming' on the land in question."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(9); following the word "type" add a comma and insert the word "utility."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(11), first sentence; following the word "sales" insert the words "for nonfarm uses."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(12)(A); following the words "part of" insert the words "or appurtenant to."
- Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(12)(B); following the words "contiguous to" insert the words "or operated in common with."
 - Page 10.18, Section 10.05, subsection (c), the first sentence of which is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "Qualifying farmland and the structures situated thereon shall be subject to farm use valuation, with primary consideration being given to the income which the property might be expected to earn, in the locality wherein situate, if rented."
- Page 10.18, Section 10.05(b)(12)(B); delete the semicolons and the words "it was purchased at the same time as the tract so used." Delete the period following the word "purposes" and add the words "or any nonfarm use."
- Page 10.19, Section 10.05(c)(2); following the words "Provided, That no" delete the word "reason" and insert in lieu thereof the words "individual event."
- 216 Page 10.20, Section 10.05(c)(4)(C); following the words

- 217 "(1,000) minimum production value" insert the words 218 "or the small farm five hundred dollars (\$500) minimum 219 production and sale."
- Page 10.23, Section 10.05(d)(3)(B), third sentence; following the word "If" insert the words "timber from."
 Delete the period following the word "purpose" and add the words "or is being converted to farm production uses."
- Page 10.26, Section 10.05(f)(2) is amended in its entirety to read as follows:
- 227 "(2) Farm buildings. — Rental value of farm buildings 228 and other improvements on the farmland shall be valued 229 by determining the replacement cost of the building or 230 structure by usual farm construction practices, and 231 farm labor standards and subtracting therefrom 232 depreciation. Both of these determinations shall be 233 made in accordance with the tax department's real 234 property appraisal manual² as filed in the state register 235 in accordance with chapter 29A of the code of West 236 Virginia, 1931, as amended, and as it relates to 237 agricultural buildings and structures. One (1) acre of 238 land shall be assigned to all buildings as a unit situate on the property, regardless of the actual acreage 239 240 occupied by such buildings and shall be appraised at its 241 farm-use valuation based on the highest class of 242 farmland present on the farm."
- Page 10.28, Section 10.05(f)(3)(B)(1); following the words "or more of the" insert the word "usual."
- Page 10.28, Section 10.05(f)(3)(B)(2); following the words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual."
- Page 10.29, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(1)(a); following the words "(50%) or more of the" insert the word "usual."
- 249 Page 10.29, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(1)(b); following the words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual."
- Page 10.31, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(2)(b); following the last sentence insert the sentence "An individual employed other than in farming is not an unincorporated business."

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Page 10.35, Section 10.07, Title; following the word "Farmland" insert the words "and Structures Situated Thereon."

Page 10.35, Section 10.07(a), first sentence; following the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated thereon."

261 And,

Page 10.46, Subject; following the word "Farmland" insert the words "and Structures Situated Thereon."

- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (rules governing the operation of a statewide electronic data processing system network, to facilitate administration of the ad valorem property tax on real and personal property), are authorized.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (listing of interests in natural resources for the first statewide reappraisal; provision for penalties), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (review of appraisals by county commissions sitting as administrative appraisal review boards), are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax

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commissioner (review of appraisals by a circuit court on certiorari), are authorized with the following amendment:

On page 3, §18.3.1 is stricken in its entirety and a new \$18.3.1 is inserted in lieu thereof to read as follows:

- "18.3.1 Who May Request Review. The property owner, Tax Commissioner, protestor or intervenor may request the county commission to certify the evidence and remove and return the record to the circuit court of the county on a writ of certiorari. Parties to the proceeding wherein review by the circuit court is sought shall pay costs and fees as they are incurred: *Provided*, That the circuit court upon rendering judgment or making any order may award costs to any party in accordance with the provisions of W. Va. Code §53-3-5."
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (administrative review of appraisals by the state tax commissioner), are authorized.
- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (additional review and implementation of property appraisals), are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (guidelines for assessors to assure fair and uniform personal property values), are authorized.
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commis-sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (registration of transient vendors), are authorized

- (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (business and occupation tax), are authorized.
- (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (telecommunications tax), are authorized.
- (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (business franchise tax), are authorized.
- (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (consumers sales and service tax and use tax), are authorized.
- (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commis-

- sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (appraisal of property for periodic statewide reappraisals for ad valorem property tax purposes), are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (severance tax), are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax commissioner (solid waste assessment fee), are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (electronic data processing system network for property tax administration), are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state

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- tax commissioner (exemption of property from ad valorem property taxation), are authorized.
- 415 (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 416 the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine 417 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commis-418 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-419 making review committee and refiled in the state 420 register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand 421 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax 422 commissioner (consumers sales and service tax and use 423 tax), are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department (personal income tax), are authorized.
 - (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department (severance tax), are authorized.
 - (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the state tax department to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax department (solid waste assessment fee), are authorized.
 - (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (business franchise tax), are authorized.
 - (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-

- making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (business and occupation tax), are authorized.
- 457 (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 458 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax 459 460 and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative 461 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 462 register on the nineteenth day of January, one thousand 463 nine hundred ninety, relating to the department of tax and revenue (consumers sales and service tax and use 464 465 tax), are authorized with the amendments set forth 466 below:
- On page eight, Section 2.28, after the word "as" by inserting the words "art, science,".
- On pages eight and nine, Section 2.28.1, after the word "intellectual" by deleting the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "physical and".
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2, by deleting the words "or instruction."
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2, after the word "training" by adding the word "or".
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2, by deleting the words "or any portion of a school curriculum classified as physical education."
- 479 On page nine, by deleting all of Section 2.28.2.1.
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, by deleting the section number.
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, by deleting the words "or instruction."
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, after the word "training" by adding the word "or".
- On page nine, Section 2.28.2.2, after the word "conditioning" by inserting a period and striking the remainder of the sentence.

On page one hundred twelve, Section 59.2, after the words "sales of the service of cremation" by adding the words "sales on perpetual care trust fund deposits."

492 And,

On page one hundred twenty-eight, Section 91.2, after the words "include food" by inserting the following: ", as defined in section 2.30 of this rule.".

- (cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (motor carrier road tax), are authorized.
- (dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (gasoline and special fuel excise tax), are authorized.
 - (ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (corporation net income tax), are authorized.
 - (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the department of tax and revenue to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

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register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the department of tax and revenue (soft drinks tax), are authorized.

- (gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state tax commissioner (business investment and jobs expansion tax credit, corporations headquarters relocation tax credit, and small business tax credit), are authorized.
- (hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state tax commissioner (valuation of timberland and managed timberland), are authorized.
- (ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state tax commissioner (bingo rules and regulations), are authorized.
- (jj) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the state tax commissioner (property transfer tax), are authorized.
- (kk) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of tax to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review commutee and refiled in the state register on the several

of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the division of tax (municipal business and occupation tax), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page forty-six, section 2g, by striking out all of subsection 2g.3;

574 And,

On pages forty-six and forty-seven, by renumbering the remaining subsections.

577 (II) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 578 the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 579 ninety-one, modified by the division of tax to meet the 580 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-581 tee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of 582 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relat-583 ing to the division of tax (soft drinks tax), are authorized 584 with the amendments set forth below:

On page six, subsection 5.2, in the section heading, by striking out the word "breakfast" and inserting in lieu thereof "certain bottled";

588 And,

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On page six, subsection 5.2, after the word "mixes" by inserting the words "low-alcoholic brewed beverages such as near beer."

(mm) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of tax to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the division of tax (corporation net income tax), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page twelve, subdivision 6.4.3, by striking out all of subdivision 6.4.3.

(nn) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the state tax commissioner to

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meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the state tax commissioner (appraisal of producing and reserve oil and natural gas property for periodic statewide reappraisals for ad valorem property tax purposes), are authorized.

(00) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the state tax commissioner (severance tax), are authorized.

(pp) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of tax to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the division of tax (business franchise tax), are authorized.

(qq) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of tax to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the division of tax (exceptions to confidentiality of taxpayer information and disclosure of certain taxpayer information), are authorized.

(rr) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the division of tax to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the division of tax (consumers sales and service tax and use tax), are authorized with the

- 645 amendments set forth below:
- On page six, by deleting all of subdivisions 2.25.2 and 2.25.4:
- On page six, subsection 2.25 by renumbering the remaining subdivisions;
- On page forty-five, paragraph 8.1.1.1, after the words "licensed social workers", by inserting "enrolled agents, professional foresters.":
- On page forty-five, paragraph 8.1.1.1, after the word 654 "electricians", by striking out the words "enrolled 655 agents":
- On page forty-five, paragraph 8.1.1.1, after the word "musicians" by striking out the word "auctioneers,";
- 658 On page fifty-six, subdivision 9.2.19, after the word "laws" by striking out the colon and inserting the 659 660 following ", such as, for example, sales by credit unions 661 under W. Va. Code §31-10-33 the sale of services by 662 owners, trainers or jockeys which are essential to the 663 effective conduct of a horse or dog racing meeting under W. Va. Code §19-23-12, or the commission of an 664 665 auctioneer licensed under W. Va. Code §19-2C-1 et seq.:"; 666
- On page one hundred five, subsection 33.5, by striking out the words "child care";
- On page one hundred ten, subsection 38.1 after the words "daily charge.", by inserting the following sentence: "The daily charge subject to the consumers sales and service tax does not include complimentary items such as shampoo, coffee and newspapers given to guests by hotels and motels.";
- On page one hundred forty-three, subsection 86.1, after the word "auctioneer" by inserting the following "licensed under W. Va. Code §19-2C-1 et seq.";
- On page one hundred forty-three, subsection 86.1, after the word "is" by inserting the word "not";
- On page one hundred forty-three, subsection 86.2 after the word "tax" by inserting the following "on the full

- 682 sales price of the sales":
- 683 On page one hundred forty-three, subsection 86.3, in
- the last sentence after the word "services" by inserting 684
- 685 the following "by an auctioneer not licensed in accor-
- 686 dance with the W. Va. Code §19-2C-1 et. seq.":
- 687 On page one hundred forty-three, subsection 86.3, in
- 688 the last sentence after the word "sold" by striking out 689
- the period and adding the following ": Provided, That 690 an auctioneer licensed in accordance with W. Va. Code
- 691 §19-2C-1 et seg, is not required to collect sales tax on
- 692 such fees or commissioners.":
- 693 And.
- 694 On page one hundred forty-three, subsection 86.4, by
- 695 striking out the first sentence and inserting, in lieu
- thereof, the following sentence: "An auctioneer is 696
- 697 taxable on all of his or her purchases except purchases
- 698 for resale."

§**64**-7-8. Property valuation training and procedures commission.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 seventeenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 ninety-one, modified by the property valuation training
- and procedures commission to meet the objections of the 4
- legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 5
- the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one 6
- thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the 7
- property valuation training and procedures commission 8
- (tax map sales), are authorized. 9

ARTICLE 8. AUTHORIZATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF TRANS-PORTATION TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

§64-8-2. Division of motor vehicles.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1
- the second day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the commissioner of motor 2
- vehicles (denial of driving privileges), are authorized 3
- with the amendments set forth below: 4
- By inserting the words "licensed in the United States" 5 6

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- after the phrase "physician of the applicant's choice," on page five, line two, and page seven, line one; and by striking out the words "licensed vision specialist" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "an optometrist or ophthalmologist licensed in the United States," on page five, line three, and on page seven, line two.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (driving under the influence, driver's license revocation administrative hearings), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of motor vehicles (safety and treatment program), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (compulsory insurance), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (titling a vehicle), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (compulsory motor vehicle liability insurance), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourth day of October, one thousand nine

- hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (eligibility for reinstatement following suspension or revocation of driving privileges), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (the administration and enforcement of motor vehicle inspections), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (seizure of a driver's license and issuance of a temporary driver's license), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (federal safety standards inspection program), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-second day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (denial, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of driving privileges), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 7, section 7.2 after the words "75 m.p.h.", add the words "except on highways where the establishmal speed limit is 65 m.p.h., and conviction was in except

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- 86 of 80 m.p.h.,"
- 87 And,
- On page 14, section 8.1 by inserting the words "not to exceed fifteen hours" after the word "course" and in section 8.2 by inserting the words "not to exceed fifteen hours" after the word "course".
 - (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (denial, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of driving privileges), are authorized.
- 101 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 102 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 103 ninety-one, modified by the division of motor vehicles to 104 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 105 committee and refiled in the state register on the 106 twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine 107 hundred ninety-one, relating to the division of motor 108 vehicles (denial, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of 109 driving privileges), are authorized with the amendment 110 set forth below:
- "On page nine, after the words "Following too closely", by striking out the number "3" and inserting in lieu
- 113 thereof the number "2".

ARTICLE 9. AUTHORIZATION FOR MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES AND BOARDS TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

Commissioner of agriculture. §64-9-1. Board of barbers and beauticians. §64-9-5. West Virginia board of examiners in counseling. \$64-9-8. Governor's committee on crime, delinquency and corrections. §64-9-9. Board of medicine. **§**64-9-16. West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses. §64-9-17. Board of pharmacy. §64-9-20. Real estate commission. **\$**64-9-23. Secretary of state. **§**64-9-24. Board of accountancy. 864-9-29.

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- §64-9-30. Board of architects.
- §64-9-31. Real estate appraiser licensing and certification board.
- §64-9-32. Board of veterinary medicine.
- §64-9-33. Contractor licensing board.

§64-9-1. Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 4 (schedule of charges for inspection services: fruit), are 5 authorized.
- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 9 (licensing of auctioneers), are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 13 (conduct of beef industry self-improvement assessment 14 program referendum), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (feeding untreated garbage to swine), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (registration, taxation and control of dogs), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (public markets), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (noxious weed rules), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred

- eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (use of certain picloram products), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (increasing certain fees by rules and regulations), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (licensing of livestock dealers), are authorized.
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (West Virginia pesticide use and application act), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of forestry of the department of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the division of forestry of the department of agriculture (ginseng), are authorized.

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- 73 (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 74 the tenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 75 eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 76 (schedule of charges for inspection services: fruit), are 77 authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (sale and distribution of commercial fertilizer), are authorized.
 - (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (production of milk and cream for manufacturing purposes), are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making

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- review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
- 117 (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 118 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 119 ninety, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to 120 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 121 committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth 122 day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, 123 relating to the commissioner of agriculture (meat 124 inspection), are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (agricultural liming materials), are authorized.
 - (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (public markets), are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
 - (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making

- review committee and refiled in the state register on the
- twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine
- 155 hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of
- 156 agriculture (commercial feed), are authorized with the
- 157 amendments set forth below:
- On page two, after subsection 3.3., by adding a new subsection, designated subsection 3.4., to read as follows:
- "3.4. The commissioner will not assess a tonnage fee
 on any commercial feed or feed ingredients used in the
 manufacture of poultry contract feed.";
- On page five, after subsection 4.3.m., by adding a new subsection, designated subsection 4.3.n., to read as follows:
- 166 "4.3.n. The commissioner will consider poultry contract feed to be customer-formula feed.";
- 168 And.

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- On page eight, after subsection 5.5., by adding a new subsection, designated subsection 5.6., to read as follows:
- 171 "5.6. Poultry contract feed labels shall conform to the 172 requirements of West Virginia Code §19-14-8(d), except 173 that:
- 5.6.a. the name of the grower or feeder will substitute for the requirements for the name of the purchaser; and,
- 5.6.b. the net weight (avoir dupois) of the commercial feed and each feed ingredient used in the feed shall not be required to be listed."
 - (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the second day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (wood destroying insect treatment standards), are authorized.
- 188 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 189 the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine

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- hundred ninety, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (fee structure for the pesticide control act of 1990), are authorized.
 - (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control), are authorized.
 - (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (West Virginia plant pest act), are authorized.
 - (cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (licensing of pesticide businesses), are authorized.
 - (dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the second day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (certified pesticide applicators), are authorized.
 - (ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (assessment of civil penalties and procedures for consent agreements and negotiated settlements), are authorized.
 - (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (aerial application of herbicides to rights-of-way), are authorized.
 - (gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (frozen desserts and imitation frozen desserts), are authorized, with the amendment set forth below:
- On page twelve, by striking out all of section 15 and substituting a new section 15, to read as follows:

§61-4B-15. Enforcement policy.

- 15.1. The commissioner may assess a violation of W. Va. Code §19-11B-1 et seq. or of these rules against the manufacturer of product and/or the distributor of the mix used to manufacture the product.
- 15.2. The commissioner will assess any violations of W. Va. Code §19-11B-1 et seq. or of this rule to the distributor for mix sampled from unopened containers. The company will not be assessed additional curra.

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- notices of violations until the commissioner has determined that the firm has had adequate notice of the previous notice, generally 10 days from the mailing of the notice of violation.
 - 15.3. Whenever one of the last five consecutive official product sample(s) taken on separate days within a one year period are found to be adulterated or misbranded, the commissioner shall send a written "First Notice" to the manufacturer or distributor whichever is appropriate. This notice shall notify the manufacturer or distributor of the violation of W. Va. Code §19-11B-1 et seq. or of these rules and the enforcement policy established by this section of the rule.
 - 15.4. Whenever two of the last five consecutive official product sample(s) taken on separate days within a one year period are found to be adulterated or misbranded the commissioner shall send a written "Second Notice" to the manufacturer or distributor whichever is appropriate.
 - 15.4.a. The commissioner shall collect additional official product sample(s) within 21 days of the sending of a Second Notice to the manufacturer or distributor, but shall not collect product samples before the lapse of 7 days from the sending of a Second Notice.
 - 15.5. Whenever three of the last five consecutive official product sample(s) taken on separate days within a one year period are found to be adulterated or misbranded the commissioner shall send a written "Third Notice" to the manufacturer or distributor whichever is appropriate.
 - 15.5.a. The commissioner shall collect additional official product sample(s) within 21 days of the sending of the Third Notice to the manufacturer or distributor, but shall not collect additional product samples before the lapse of 7 days from the date of sending of the notice.
 - 15.6. The commissioner will issue a "Shut-down Order" for a period of 24 hours to a manufacturer or distributor when the record of the firm indicates that effective action has not been taken to correct the causes

of the violations, for instance when three out of the last five samples from the same machine are violative. The "Shut-down Order" will normally be issued with the "Third Notice". The "Shut-down Order" will give the reasons for the order, state the portion of the manufac-turing or distributing operation that is prohibited from operating while the order is in effect, give conditions of the order, state the length of time that the Shut-down Order will be in effect and specify a time and place for a hearing to be held in this matter. Except that in the case where the public health, safety or welfare is at risk. the commissioner will issue an immediate Shut-down Order and give notice to the manufacturer or distributor under the provisions of subdivision 15.6.a. of this rule.

15.6.a. The commissioner will issue an immediate Shut-down Order without giving the manufacturer or distributor the opportunity to be heard where there is a hazard to the public health, safety or welfare. In these cases, the manufacturer or distributor will be given the opportunity to request a hearing before the commissioner after the notification of the order is received by the manufacturer or distributor. All Shut-down Orders issued due to noncompliance with subdivisions 8.1.c., 8.1.d. or 8.1.g. of this rule are considered to involve a risk to the public health, safety or welfare.

15.6.b. The manufacturer or distributor will be responsible for causing all operations covered by the Shut-down Order to cease and follow all other conditions of the order. At the end of the period of the order, the manufacturer or distributor may resume operations without further action by the commissioner.

15.7. If after a Shut-down Order has been issued the commissioner finds that effective corrective action has not been taken, he may issue a suspension of the Frozen Desserts Manufacturer Permit. The suspension shall state the time that the suspension will become effective, give the reasons for the suspension and specify a time and place for a hearing to be held in this matter. Except that in the case of a summary suspension the commissioner will give the manufacturer the opportunity to request a hearing in this matter subsequent to the

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- 349 notification of the suspension.
- 350 15.7.a. All suspensions due to nonconformance to 351 subdivisions 8.1.c., 8.1.d. or 8.1.g. of this rule are 352 summary suspensions.
 - 15.7.b. A suspension of the Frozen Desserts Manufacturer Permit remains in effect until the manufacturer submits and the commissioner accepts a written plan of correction and a request for a reinstatement of the permit.
 - 15.7.c. The commissioner has seven days from the date of receipt of this application to respond to a suspension in the case of violations of subdivisions 8.1.c., 8.1.d. or 8.1.g. of this rule and fourteen days to respond for all other violations of W. Va. Code \$19-11B-1 et seg. or these rules. The commissioner will accept or deny the application for a reinstatement of the permit and will give the terms and conditions under which the permit will be reinstated.
- 367 15.8. If the commissioner finds that after the firm has resumed production following a suspension of their 368 369 Frozen Desserts Manufacturer Permit that effective 370 corrective action has not been taken, then the commis-371 sioner will hold a hearing to determine if the Frozen 372 Desserts Manufacturer Permit should be revoked.
- 373 15.9. Persons who manufacture a product on an 374 intermittent or infrequent basis, so that the standard enforcement policy cannot apply, will enter into a 375 consent agreement with the commissioner for correction of all items found to be not in conformance with W. Va. Code §19-11B-1 et seg. or these rules. 378
 - 15.10. Whenever an antibiotic or pesticide residue test is found to be above tolerance, the commissioner shall notify the manufacturer and/or distributor immediately of this fact and shall begin an investigation to determine the cause of the residue. The commissioner shall require that any person found to be responsible for the residue shall correct the cause of the residue prior to the resumption of the manufacturing or distribution of the product.

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- 388 15.11. A person who performs a recall by voluntarily 389 removing product from sale and distribution in an 390 effective manner so as to limit the potential harm to the 391 health and well-being of the public may be eligible for 392 exemptions from the normal enforcement policy. The 393 commissioner shall consider the facts of each case when 394 making a decision on an exemption.
- 395 15.12. The commissioner may apply the enforcement 396 policy in a liberal manner in cases where all official 397 product sample results that involve a product in the 398 form actually sold to the public have been found to be 399 in conformance with W. Va. Code §19-11B-1 et seq. or 400 these rules.
 - 15.13. The commissioner may suspend the standard enforcement policy in cases where such action is necessary to protect the public health, safety or welfare.
 - 15.14. Resamples will only be taken from machines that were shown to be producing violative product the previous visit, except for resamples needed to check that the nonviolative status is being maintained according to the following schedule:
- 409 15.14.a. After a first notice and one nonviolative 410 sample, resamples will be taken between 5 to 6 months 411 after the nonviolative sample.
- 412 15.14.b. After a second notice and one nonviolative 413 sample, resamples will be taken between 3-4 months 414 after the nonviolative sample.
- 415 15.14.c. Other resamples may be considered necessary 416 to determine that the nonviolative status is being 417 maintained."
 - (hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (West Virginia apiary law of 1991), a authorized.

- 427 (ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 428 the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 429 ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture 430 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 431 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 432 twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine 433 hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of 434 agriculture (disposal of dead poultry), are authorized 435 with the amendments set forth below:
- On page two, section two, by adding a new subsection to read as follows:
- 438 "2.8 "Disposal pit" means an opening dug in the ground to a minimum depth of six feet, containing a 439 440 minimum capacity of 150 cubic fee, covered with a 441 minimum of 12 inches of dirt, and provided with one or 442 more openings for the introduction of poultry. The 443 openings shall be a minimum size of eight inches square 444 and equipped with tight lids. A disposal pit shall be 445 located in a site which will prevent contamination of the 446 groundwater or the surface water. This site should 447 conform to the standards established in this rule."
- On page two, subsection 3.1 after the word "incinerator," by adding the words "disposal pit,"
- 450 And.
- On page two, by adding a new section, designated section 4, to read as follows:
- 453 "§61-1C-4. Standards for Site Location for Dis-454 posal Pits.
- 4.1 No part of a disposal pit system shall be located 456 in a poorly drained or filled area, or in any area where 457 seasonal flooding occurs.
- 458 4.2 No part of a disposal pit system shall be located within 10 feet of a building, foundation or property line.
- 4.3 No part of a disposal pit system shall be located within 50 feet of a public water supply line or within 10 feet of a private water supply system.
- 4.4 A disposal pit shall be located at least 50 feet from

- a private well or groundwater supply.
- 465 4.5 There shall be a minimum of three feet between 466 the bottom of a disposal pit and seasonal groundwater 467 or rock, shale or any other impermeable layer.
- 468 4.6 The evaluation of the site for installation of a 469 disposal pit shall be based upon percolation test results. 470 Percolation tests shall be performed in the following 471 manner:
 - 4.6.1 Location At least two holes shall be placed over the selected site. The results of these two test holes will be averaged.
 - 4.6.2 Holes shall be dug or bored from six to eight inches in diameter at the site where the disposal pit will be installed. The holes should be at least 24 inches in depth.
 - 4.6.3 The bottom and sides of the holes shall be scratched with a sharp pointed instrument or wire brush to remove any smeared soil surfaces which interfere with the absorption of water into the soil.
 - 4.6.4 Loose dirt shall be removed from the bottom of the test holes and two inches of coarse sand or fine gravel shall be placed into the holes to prevent sealing.
 - 4.6.5 An eight or ten penny nail shall be placed in the wall of each hole exactly six inches above the level of sand or gravel.
 - 4.6.6 The test hole shall be completely filled with water to ground level. Water in the hole shall be kept to a depth of at least 12 inches for a minimum period of four hours before beginning the percolation rate measurement.
 - 4.7 Percolation rate measurement Upon completion of the above, the water depth in the holes shall be adjusted to the level of the nail. The number of minutes it takes for this six inches of water (all the water) to be absorbed into the soil shall be accurately determined. This time in minutes, divided by six, gives the rate of fall per inch. The average rate of fall must be between five minutes and 60 minutes."

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502 (ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 503 504 ninety-one, modified by the commissioner of agriculture 505 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 506 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 507 twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine 508 hundred ninety-one, relating to the commissioner of 509 agriculture (licensing of livestock dealers), are autho-510 rized.

§64-9-5. Board of barbers and beauticians.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 4 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-5 making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 7 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 8 barbers and beauticians (minimum curriculum for 9 schools of barbering), are authorized with the amend-10 ment set forth below:
- On page 9, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-6-14, to read as follows:
- "§3-6-14. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 16 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 17 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 18 19 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 20 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 21 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 22 barbers and beauticians (qualifications, training, 23 examination and registration of instructors in barbering 24 and beauty culture), are authorized with the amendment 25 set forth below: 26
 - On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-2-9, to read as follows:
 - "§3-2-9. Repeal of rule This rule will automati-

cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior
 to that date by an act of the Legislature."

- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (operation of barber shops and schools of barbering), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page 5, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-3-6, to read as follows:
 - "§3-3-6. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (curriculum and minimum requirements, subjects and hour schedule, rules and regulations for schools of beauty culture operation in West Virginia: joint barbers and beauticians license), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - On page 7, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-1-11, to read as follows:
 - "§3-1-11. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

- 69 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand
- 70 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of
- 71 barbers and beauticians (operation of beauty shops and
- 72 schools of beauty culture), are authorized with the
- 73 amendments set forth below:
- On page 4, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-4-6, to read as follows:
- 76 "\$3-4-6. Repeal of rule This rule will automati-77 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 78 to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 79 And,
- On page 4, by inserting a new subsection, designated subsection 3.25, to read as follows:
- 82 "3.25 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary or 83 interpretation of law to the contrary, any licensed 84 beautician may trim beards or mustaches."
- 85 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 86 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 87 88 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-89 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 90 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 91 barbers and beauticians (licensing schools of barbering 92 93 or beauty culture), are authorized with the amendments set forth below: 94
- On page 2, subsection 4.1, by deleting subdivision (b) and relettering the remaining subdivisions.
- 97 And,
- On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-5-8, to read as follows:
- 100 "\$3-5-8. Repeal of rule This rule will automati-101 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 102 to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 103 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 104 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 105 ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians

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- to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (licensing of schools of barbering and beauty culture), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-5-8, to read as follows:
- "§3-5-8. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 117 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 118 ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians 119 120 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 121 review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred 122 ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians 123 (qualifications, training, examination and registration of 124 instructors in barbering and beauty culture), are 125 authorized with the amendment set forth below: 126
- On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-2-9, to read as follows:
 - "§3-2-9. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (minimum curriculum for schools of barbering), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page 7, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-6-14, to read as follows:
- 143 "§3-6-14. Repeal of rule This rule will automat-

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- ically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 146 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 147 the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 148 ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians 149 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the 150 seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred 151 152 ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians 153 (curriculum and minimum requirements, subjects and 154 hour schedule, rules and regulations for schools of beauty culture operation in West Virginia; joint barbers 155 156 and beauticians license), are authorized with the 157 amendment set forth below:
- On page 7, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-1-11, to read as follows:
- "§3-1-11. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (operation of barber and beauty shops and schools of barbering and beauty culture), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- On page 4, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-3-6, to read as follows:
 - "§3-3-6. Repeal of rule This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1992, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state

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- register on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (procedures, criteria and curricula for examination and licensure of barbers, beauticians and manicurists), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (fee schedule), are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - On page one, subsection 2.14. by striking out "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$10.00".
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (licensing schools of barbering and beauty culture), are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (operation of barber, beauty shops and schools of barbering and beauty culture), are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (operational standards for schools of barbering and beauty culture), are authorized.
 - (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-

- 222 making review committee and refiled in the state
- 223 register on the thirty-first day of December, one
- 224 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board
- 225 of barbers and beauticians (qualifications, training,
- 226 examination and licensing of instructors in barbering
- 227 and beauty culture), are authorized.

§64-9-8. West Virginia board of examiners in counseling.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the twentieth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia board of
- examiners in counseling to meet the objections of the
- 4 5 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
- 6 the state register on the twelfth day of September, one
- 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West
- 8 Virginia board of examiners in counseling (licensing),
- 9 are authorized.
- 10 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 11 the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 12 ninety-one, modified by the board of examiners in 13
- counseling to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 14
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- register on the sixth day of December, one thousand
- 16 nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of
- examiners in counseling (licensing), are authorized. 17

§64-9-9. Governor's committee on crime, delinquency and corrections.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and corrections to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight. relating to the governor's committee on crime. delin-
- 8 quency and corrections (basic training academy, annual 9
- in-service and biennial in-service training standards). 10
- are authorized. 11

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(b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 12 the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 13

- 14 ninety-one, modified by the governor's committee on
- 15 crime, delinquency and corrections to meet the objec-
- 16 tions of the legislative rule-making review committee
- 17 and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of
- 18 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relat-
- 19 ing to the governor's committee on crime, delinquency
- 20 and corrections (protocol for law-enforcement response
- 21 to domestic violence), are authorized with the amend-
- 22 ments set forth below:
- On page 1, section 2.1 by striking out the words "member of the Department of Natural Resources,":
- On page 1, by striking out subsection 2.2.4;
- On page 1, by striking out section 3;
- On page 4, section 6.2.1 after the word "home" by adding "or business";
- On page 6, section 6.4.6 by striking out the word 30 "abuse";
- On page 6, section 7.2.3 after the words "protective order" by adding "and the officer has actual knowledge that a valid protective order exists.";
- On page 6, by striking out sections 7.2.4 and 7.2.5;
- 35 On page 7, by striking out section 7.3.5;
- On page 8, section 7.5, following the word "prosecution", by striking out the period and by adding the following proviso: ": *Provided*, That this section does not authorize a search of the premises unless a search warrant has been obtained or consent was given by the occupant of the premises.";
- 42 On page 8, by striking out sections 7.6 and 7.7;
- On page 8, section 8.1 by striking out the words "the officer determines that a warrantless arrest is appropriate or that";
- On page 8, section 8.1 by striking out the words "in the event that a warrantless arrest for a misdemeanor is authorized";
- 49 On page 8, section 8.1 by striking out the word "If"

- 50 from the sentence "If a warrant is necessary";
- On page 9, by adding the following:
- 52 "9.1.4 Advise the victim or victims that upon request 53 of the victim or victims the officer will provide 54 transportation for, or facilitate transportation of the 55 victim or victims to a shelter or the appropriate court 56 where there is reasonable cause to believe that such 57 victim or victims have suffered or are likely to suffer 58 physical injury.
- 9.1.5 Provide transportation for or facilitate transportation of the victim or victims upon the request of such victim or victims to a shelter or the appropriate court where there is reasonable cause to believe that such victim or victims have suffered or are likely to suffer physical injury.":
- On page 10, section 10.7.1 by striking out the words "should arrest the assailant upon probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed" and inserting in lieu thereof the following "should arrest the assailant if the officer observes the commission of a crime":
- On page 11, section 11.3 by striking out the word "advise" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "inform";
- 72 And,
- On page 11, section 11.3 by striking out the remainder of section 11.3 beginning with the words "the condition may include".

§64-9-16. Board of medicine.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the board of medicine (licens-4 ing, disciplinary and complaint procedures; podiatry; 5 physicians assistants), are authorized with the modifica-6 tions set forth below:
- 7 "§24.12.
- 8 (b) It shall be the responsibility of the supervising 9 physician to obtain consent in writing from the patient 10 before Type A physician assistants employed in a

- satellite clinic may render general medical or surgical services, except in emergencies.
- 13 §24.16.
- 14 (a) No physician assistant shall render nonemergency 15 outpatient medical services until the patient has been 16 informed that the individual providing care is a 17 physician assistant."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the board of medicine (licensing, disciplinary and complaint procedures; podiatry; physicians assistants), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the West Virginia board of medicine (rules governing the approval of medical schools not accredited by the liaison committee on medical education), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, relating to the board of medicine (fees for services rendered by the board of medicine), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the board of medicine (dispensing of legend drugs by physicians and podiatrists), are authorized with the following amendments:

Section 2.6 to read as follows: "Dispense means to deliver a legend drug to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a physician or podiatrist, including the prescribing, packaging, labeling, administering or compounding necessary to prepare the drug for that delivery."

56 And,

Section 3.3 to read as follows: "Physicians or podiatrists who are not registered with the Board as dispensing physicians may not dispense legend drugs. However, the following activities by a physician or podiatrist shall be exempt from the requirements of sections 3 through 8 applicable to dispensing physicians:

- a. Legend drugs administered to the patient, which are not controlled substances when an appropriate record is made in the patient's chart;
- b. Professional samples distributed free of charge by a physician or podiatrist or certified physician assistant under his or her supervision to the patient when an appropriate record is made in the patient's chart; or
- c. Legend drugs which are not controlled substances provided by free clinics or under West Virginia state authorized programs, including the Medicaid, family planning, maternal and child health, and early and periodic screening and diagnosis and treatment programs: *Provided*, That all labeling provisions of section 8 shall be applicable except the requirements of section 8.3 (a)."
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of medicine (fees for services rendered by the board of medicine), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of medicine to meet the

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- 89 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-90 tee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day 91 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. 92 relating to the board of medicine (licensing and 93 disciplinary and complaint procedures: physicians; 94 podiatrists), are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eleventh day 100 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of medicine (certification, discipli-102 nary and complaint procedures: physician assistants), 103 are authorized.
- 104 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 105 the tenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-106 one, modified by the board of medicine to meet the 107 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-108 tee and refiled in the state register on the third day of 109 September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of medicine (continuing education 110 for physicians and podiatrists), are authorized. 111

§64-9-17. West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses (policies relating to licensure of the licensed practical nurse), are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses (legal standards of nursing practice for the licensed practical nurse), are

16 authorized.

- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses (fees for services rendered by the board), are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses (policies and procedures for development and maintenance of educational programs in practical nursing), are authorized.
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses (policies regulating licensure of the licensed practical nurse), are authorized.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses (legal standards of nursing practice for the licensed practical nurse), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred

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- 56 ninety-one, modified by the West Virginia board of 57 examiners for licensed practical nurses to meet the 58 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-59 tee and refiled in the state register on the nineteenth day 60 of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for 61 62 licensed practical nurses (fees for services rendered by 63 the board), are authorized.
- 64 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 65 the eleventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred 66 ninety-one, modified by the West Virginia board of 67 examiners for licensed practical nurses to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-68 69 tee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth 70 day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-71 one, relating to the West Virginia board of examiners 72 for licensed practical nurses (continuing competence). are authorized. 73

§64-9-20. Board of pharmacy.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 the second day of October, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-four, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet 3 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 4 committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth 5 6 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the board of pharmacy (parenteral/enteral 7 compounding), are authorized. 8
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the board of pharmacy (board of pharmacy), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of June,

- one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the board of pharmacy (continuing education for the licensure of pharmacists), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the board of pharmacy (computer regulations), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the board of pharmacy (licensure of wholesale drug distributors), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, relating to the board of pharmacy (mail order house), are authorized.

§64-9-23. Real estate commission.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the real estate commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, relating to the real estate commission (renewal of license continuing education), are authorized.
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, modified by the real estate commission to

- 12 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review
- 13 committee and refiled in the state register on the
- 14 twenty-first day of November, one thousand nine
- 15 hundred ninety-one. relating to the real estate commis-
- 16 sion (requirements in licensing real estate brokers and
- 17 salesmen and the conduct of brokerage businesses), are
- 18 authorized.

§64-9-24. Secretary of state.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the fifteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-five, modified by the secretary of state to meet
- 4 the objections of the legislative rule-making review
- 5 committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth
- 6 day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five,
- relating to the secretary of state (standard size and 7
- format for rules and related documents filed in the 8
- 9 secretary of state's office), are authorized.
- 10 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 11
- 12 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the secretary of state to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 13
- review committee and refiled in the state register on the
- 14 15 twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine
- 16 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the secretary of state
- 17 (standard size and format for rules and procedures for
- 18 publication of the state register or parts of the state
- 19 register), are authorized.
- 20 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 21 the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the secretary of state to meet 22 the objections of the legislative rule-making review 23 committee and refiled in the state register on the 24
- twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 25 eighty-nine, relating to the secretary of state (West
- 26 Virginia farm product lien central filing system), are 27
- 28 authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 29 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 30
- ninety, relating to the secretary of state (guidelines for 31
- 32 the use of nicknames and other designations on the

- 33 ballot), are authorized.
- 34 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 35 the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine
- 36 hundred ninety, relating to the secretary of state
- 37 (absentee voting by military voters who are members of
- 38 reserve units called to active duty), are authorized.

§64-9-29. Board of accountancy.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 ninety, modified by the board of accountancy to meet the
- 3 ninety, modified by the board of accountancy to meet the 4 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-
- 5 tee and refiled in the state register on the fourth day
- 6 of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating
- of June, one thousand fine hundred finety-one, relating
- 7 to the board of accountancy (professional conduct), are
- 8 authorized.

§64-9-30. Board of architects.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of architects
- 4 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making
- 5 review committee and refiled in the state register on the
- 6 twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 7 ninety-one, relating to the board of architects (rules of
- 8 the West Virginia board of architects), are authorized.

§64-9-31. Real estate appraiser licensing and certification board.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 ninety-one, modified by the real estate appraiser
- 4 licensing and certification board to meet the objections
- 5 of the legislative rule-making review committee and
- 6 refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of
- November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, relating to the real estate appraiser licensing and
- 8 relating to the real estate appraiser licensing and 9 certification board (rules and regulations of the real
- 9 certification board (rules and regulations of the real 10 estate appraiser licensing and certification board), are
- estate appraiser licensing and certification board), are authorized.
- 12 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- 13 the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 14 ninety-one, modified by the real estate appraiser
- 15 licensing and certification board to meet the objections
- 16 of the legislative rule-making review committee and
- 17 refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of
- 18 November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.
- relating to the real estate appraiser licensing and 19
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- certification board (requirements of licensure and
- 21 certification), are authorized.
- 22 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 23 the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- ninety-one, modified by the real estate appraiser 24
- 25 licensing and certification board to meet the objections
- 26 of the legislative rule-making review committee and
- refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of 27
- November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, 28
- relating to the real estate appraiser licensing and 29
- certification board (renewal of licensure or certifica-30
- 31 tion), are authorized.

§64-9-32. Board of veterinary medicine.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the nineteenth day of August, one thousand nine
- hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of veterinary 3
- medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-4
- making review committee and refiled in the state 5
- register on the second day of January, one thousand nine 6
- hundred ninety-two, relating to the board of veterinary 7
- medicine (organization and operation of the board), are 8
- 9 authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10
- the nineteenth day of August, one thousand nine 11
- hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of veterinary 12
- medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-13
- making review committee and refiled in the state 14
- register on the second day of January, one thousand nine 15
- hundred ninety-two, relating to the board of veterinary 16
- medicine (schedule of fees), are authorized. 17
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 18
- the nineteenth day of August, one thousand nine 19
- hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of veterinary 20

- 21 medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-
- 22 making review committee and refiled in the state
- 23 register on the second day of January, one thousand nine
- 24 hundred ninety-two, relating to the board of veterinary
- 25 medicine (standards of practice), are authorized with
- 26 the amendments set forth below:
- On page eight, section 3.8., by adding a new subdivision, designated subdivision 2, to read as follows:
- 29 "2) All dental surgery shall be carried out by a 30 licensed veterinarian or a veterinary assistant under the 31 supervision of a licensed veterinarian."
- 32 And,
- On page eight by renumbering the remaining subdivision.
- 35 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 36 the nineteenth day of August, one thousand nine 37 hundred ninety-one, modified by the board of veterinary 38 medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-39 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the second day of January, one thousand nine 40 hundred ninety-two, relating to the board of veterinary 41 42 medicine (registration of veterinary technicians), are
- 43 authorized.

§64-9-33. Contractor licensing board.

- The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 fourth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 2 ninety-one, modified by the contractor licensing board 3 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 4 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 5 twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 6 ninety-two, relating to the contractor licensing board 7 (West Virginia contractor's licensing act), are autho-8 rized with the amendment set forth below: 9
- On page nine, subsection 5.3, by striking out the words "of \$100.00" and inserting in lieu thereof "as established by the board".

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